

^SUPPORTING STATEMENT

A. Justification:

1. Explain the circumstances that make the collection of information necessary. Identify any legal or administrative requirements that necessitate the collection. Attach a copy of the appropriate section of each statute and regulation mandating or authorizing the collection of information.

On November 14, 2008, the Federal Communications Commission (“Commission”) adopted a Second Report and Order and Memorandum Opinion and Order, FCC 08-260, ET Docket No. 04-186 that established rules to allow new and unlicensed wireless devices to operate in the broadcast television spectrum at locations where that spectrum is not being used by licensed services (this unused TV spectrum is often termed television “white spaces”). The rules will allow for the use of unlicensed TV bands devices in the unused spectrum to provide broadband data and other services for consumers and businesses.

Subsequently on September 23, 2010, the Commission adopted a Second Memorandum Opinion and Order, ET Docket No. 04-186; ET Docket No. 02-380; FCC 10-174, finalizing the rules to make the unused spectrum in the TV bands available for unlicensed broadband wireless devices. This action resolved on reconsideration certain legal and technical issues in order to provide certainty concerning the rules for operation of unlicensed transmitting devices in the television broadcast frequency bands (unlicensed TV bands devices or “TVBDs”). Resolution of these issues will now allow manufacturers to begin marketing unlicensed communications devices and systems that operate on frequencies in the TV bands in areas where they are not used by licensed services (“TV white spaces”).

In the Second Report and Order the Commission decided to designate one or more database administrator from the private sector to create and operate TV bands databases. The TV band database administrators will act on behalf of the FCC, but will offer a privately owned and operated service. Each database administrator will be responsible for operation of their database and coordination of the overall functioning of the database with other administrators, and will provide database access to TVBDs.

Each database administrator shall:

- (a) Maintain a database that contains the information described in Section 15.713 of the rules;
- (b) Establish a process for acquiring and storing in the database necessary and appropriate information from the Commission’s databases and synchronizing the database with the current Commission databases at least once a week to include newly licensed facilities or any changes to licensed facilities;

- (c) Establish a process for registering fixed Television Bands Devices and registering and including in the database those facilities entitled to protection but not contained in a Commission database, including Multi-channel Video Programming Distributor (“MVPD”) and TV translator receiver sites;
- (d) Establish a process for registering facilities where Part 74 low power auxiliary devices are used on a regular basis;
- (e) Provide accurate automated information regarding available channels to fixed and personal/portable TVBDs that submit to the database the information required under Section 15.713(e), (f) and (g) based on the geographic location of the device; and provide accurate automated information regarding available channels to fixed and Mode II devices requesting information regarding available channels for Mode I devices. Database administrators may allow prospective operators of TV bands devices to query the database and determine if there are vacant channels at a particular location;
- (f) Establish protocols and procedures to ensure that all automated communications and interactions between the TV bands database and TVBDs are accurate and secure and that unauthorized parties cannot access or alter the database or the information regarding available channels sent to a TVBD consistent with the provisions of Section 15.713(i);
- (g) Make database services available to all unlicensed TV bands device users on a non-discriminatory basis;
- (h) Provide service for a five-year term. This term can be renewed at the Commission’s discretion;
- (i) Respond in a timely manner to verify, correct and/or remove, as appropriate, data in the event that the Commission or a party brings a claim of inaccuracies in the database to the attention of the administrator. This requirement applies only to information that the Commission requires to be stored in the database;
- (j) Transfer the database, along with the IP addresses and URLs used to access the database and data for registered fixed and personal/portable TVBDs, to another designated entity in the event it does not continue as the database administrator at the end of its term;
- (k) The database must have functionality such that upon request from the Commission it can indicate that no channels are available when queried by a specific TVBD or model of TVBDs;

(l) If more than one database is developed, the database administrators must cooperate to develop a standardized process for providing on a daily basis or more often, as appropriate the data collected for the facilities listed in section 15.713(b)(2) to all other TV bands databases to ensure consistency in the records of protected facilities.

The Commission also decided that operators of venues using unlicensed wireless microphones will be required to register their sites with the Commission which will transmit the information to the database administrators. The registration request must be filed at least 30 days in advance and the requests will be made public to provide an opportunity for public comment or objections.

Section 15.713(h)(9) states the following:

Unlicensed wireless microphones at venues of events and productions/shows that use large numbers of wireless microphones that cannot be accommodated in the two reserved channels and other channels that are not available for use by TVBDs at that location. Such sites of large events and productions/shows with significant wireless microphone use at well-defined times and locations may be registered in the database. Entities responsible for eligible event venues registering their site with a TV bands data base are required to first make use of the two reserved channels and other channels that are not available for use by TVBDs at that location. As a benchmark, at least 6–8 wireless microphones should be operating in each channel used at such venues (both licensed and unlicensed wireless microphones used at the event may be counted to comply with this benchmark). Multiple registrations that specify more than one point in the facility may be entered for very large sites. Sites of eligible event venues using unlicensed wireless microphones must be registered with the Commission at least 30 days in advance and the Commission will provide this information to the data base managers. Parties responsible for eligible event venues filing registration requests must certify that they are making use of all TV channels not available to TV bands devices and on which wireless microphones can practicably be used, including channels 7–51 (except channel 37). The Commission will make requests for registration of sites that use unlicensed wireless microphones public and will provide an opportunity for public comment or objections. Registrations will be valid for one year, after which they may be renewed. The Commission will take actions against parties that file inaccurate or incomplete information, such as denial of registration in the database, removal of information from the database pursuant to paragraph (i) of this section, or other sanctions as appropriate to ensure compliance with the rules. Registrations must include the following information:

- (i) Name of the individual or business that owns the unlicensed wireless microphones;
- (ii) An address for the contact person;
- (iii) An e-mail address for the contact person (optional);
- (iv) A phone number for the contact person;
- (v) Coordinates where the device(s) are used (latitude and longitude in NAD 83, accurate to \pm /- 50 m);

- (vi) Channels used by the wireless microphones operated at the site and the number of wireless microphones used in each channel. As a benchmark, least 6–8 wireless microphones must be used in each channel. Registration requests that do not meet these criteria will not be registered in the TV bands data bases;
- (vii) Specific months, weeks, days of the week and times when the device(s) are used (on dates when microphones are not used the site will not be protected); and
- (viii) The name of the venue.

This collection of information is authorized under Sections 4(i), 302, 303(e), 303(f), and 307 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. Sections 154(i), 302, 303(c), 303(f), and 307.

This information collection does not affect individuals or households – respondents are limited to applicants, protected entities and licensees using the subject radio frequency (RF) spectrum. Thus, there are no impacts under the Privacy Act and a Privacy Impact Assessment is not required.

2. Indicate how, by whom and for what purpose the information is to be used. Except for a new collection, indicate the actual use the agency has made of the information received from the current collection.

The Commission’s Office of Engineering and Technology will designate a third party or parties to collect information from TVBDs and to administer the databases of authorized services in the TV bands, in order to maximize the use of the TV white space spectrum.

Protected entities (see 1 (c) and (d) above) shall submit information to the TV bands database as follows:

- (a) Parties operating services in the TV bands that are either not listed in the Commission’s databases or are not licensed by specific coordinates shall voluntarily submit information to the TV bands database in order to seek protection from potential interference.
- (b) These services include Broadcast Auxiliary Service (BAS) links authorized on a temporary basis, receive sites for TV translators and cable TV systems, and sites where wireless microphones are used regularly and predictably, such as major sporting events.
- (c) The purpose of this information is to prevent TV bands devices from causing interference to services that do not appear in the Commission’s databases. The submission of such information is strictly voluntary, but services operated by parties that do not submit this information may not be protected against interference from TV bands devices.

In addition to the protected entities, TVBDs shall submit information as follows:

(a) A fixed or Mode II TVBD shall submit location and operational information to the database in order to determine and provide the available TV channels at the TVBD's location. Available channels are determined based on the interference protection requirements in Section 15.712.

(b) The TVBD must submit an automated re-check contact and the database shall provide fixed and Mode II personal portable TVBDs with channel availability information that includes scheduled changes in channel availability over the course of the either 24 or 48 hour periods, as appropriate for the type of device, beginning at the time the TVBDs make a re-check contact.

(c) The above collections of information from TVBDs are automated functions of TV bands devices as approved under the Commission's equipment authorization program. The transfer of information to the TV bands database is therefore an operational characteristic of the device, and the burden for collection of this information from the TVBD user is insignificant.

The Wireless Telecommunications Bureau will collect requests to register sites from unlicensed wireless microphone users operating at major events or large venues. The registration request must be filed at least 30 days in advance and the requests will be made public to provide an opportunity for public comment or objections. Once approved, the information will be sent to the database administrators. Submittal of the information will be voluntarily in order to seek protection from potential interference. Services operated by parties that do not submit this information may not be protected against interference from TV bands devices.

3. Describe whether, and to what extent, the collection of information involves the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses, and the basis for the decision for adopting this means of collection. Also describe any consideration of using information technology to reduce burden.

The information submitted for the TV bands databases shall be collected via electronic means. Information that is not contained in the Commission's databases, such as the location of receive sites and wireless microphones, shall be submitted electronically by the party requesting registration directly to the TV bands database administrators. Requests for unlicensed wireless microphone registration will be submitted electronically to the Commission.

4. Describe efforts to identify duplication. Show specifically why any similar information already available cannot be used or modified for use for the purposes described in item 2 above.

The FCC is the only agency believed to require or possess the subject information. Therefore, this is no duplication of effort.

5. If the collection of information impacts small businesses or other small entities, describe any methods used to minimize burden.

The information that will be submitted to the TV bands database is necessary to ensure that TV bands devices operate only on unoccupied channels and do not cause harmful interference to authorized services in the TV bands. Thus, the same information must be submitted by both large and small businesses. The Commission will work with the database administrators and other interested parties to ensure that information is collected in the least burdensome manner to all businesses, both large and small. For unlicensed wireless microphone registrations, the Commission will limit the information requirements to those absolutely necessary for evaluating and processing each request.

6. Describe the consequence to Federal program or policy activities if the collection is not conducted or is conducted less frequently, as well as any technical or legal obstacles to reducing burden.

The Commission provides for the operation of unlicensed radio transmitters in Part 15 of its rules. Operation under Part 15 is subject to the condition that a device does not cause harmful interference to authorized services, and that it must accept any interference received. The rules adopted in the Second Report and Order permit unlicensed devices to operate on TV channels that are not in use in their vicinity, subject to specific technical requirements that are intended to prevent interference to TV broadcasting and other authorized users of the TV bands. If the required information is not collected from operating TVBDs significant interference could result to broadcast television and other important licensed radio services.

Similarly, if the needed information on registered licensed low power broadcast auxiliary devices, unlicensed wireless microphones operated at large event facilities and headend receive sites of multiple video program distributors, low power TV stations and TV translator stations is not obtained, those facilities may receive interference.

7. Explain any special circumstances that cause an information collection to be conducted in a manner: requiring respondents to report information to the agency more often than quarterly; requiring respondents to prepare a written response to a collection of information in fewer than 30 days after receipt of it; requiring respondents to submit more than an original and two copies of any document; requiring respondents to submit proprietary trade secrets, or other confidential information unless the agency can demonstrate that it has instituted procedures to protect the information's confidentiality to the extent permitted by law.

Fixed and Mode II TVBD respondents shall be required to electronically resubmit their location and operating parameters at least every 48 or 24 hours in order to determine channel availability information that includes scheduled changes in channel availability over the course of the recheck period. This shall be an automated process and the burden for submission of information is insignificant.

8. If applicable, provide a copy and identify the date and page number of publication in the Federal Register of the agency's notice, required by 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on the information prior to submission to OMB.

-Describe efforts to consult with persons outside the agency to obtain their views on the availability of data, frequency of collection, the clarity of instructions and recordkeeping, disclosure, or reporting format (if any), and on the data elements to be recorded, disclosed, or reported.

The Commission published a Federal Register notice on October 23, 2014 (79 FR 63395), soliciting comments from the public on the information collection requirements contained in this supporting statement. No PRA comments were received from the public.

9. Explain any decision to provide any payment or gift to respondents, other than remuneration of contractors or grantees.

No payments or gifts are given to respondents.

10. Describe any assurance of confidentiality provided to respondents and the basis for the assurance in statute, regulation or agency policy.

The Commission is not requesting respondents to submit confidential information to the Commission. Applicants may request that portions of their applications remain confidential in accordance with Section 0.459 of the Commission's rules.

11. Provide additional justification for any questions of a sensitive nature.

No sensitive information is required for this collection of information

12. Provide estimates of the hour burden of the collection of information. The statement should: indicate the number of respondents, frequency of response, annual hour burden, and an explanation of how the burden was estimated. If the hour burden on respondents is expected to vary widely because of differences in activity, size, or complexity, show the range of estimated hour burden, and explain the reasons for the variance.

It is estimated that approximately 1,500 respondents (applicants/licensees) will file registrations with the database administrators for licensed low power broadcast auxiliary devices (wireless microphones), headend receive sites of multiple video program distributors, low power TV stations and TV translator stations. It is estimated that approximately 500 respondents (applicants/licensees) will file registrations with the Commission for unlicensed wireless microphones operated at large event facilities. The Commission is considering a proposal to allow licensees of low power broadcast auxiliary devices (wireless microphones) to voluntarily file registration with the Commission rather than filing with the databases administrators. There will be no change in the overall burden if the Commission adopts the proposal.

As noted above in Question 2, the burden for automated submission of information by TVBDs is a function of the device and is therefore insignificant.

Total Number of Respondents: $1,500 + 500 = 2,000$ (respondents).

Total Number of Responses Annually: 2,000 registrations.

The respondents are expected to register once annually and the Commission estimates the burden of registration for both the database administrators and the Commission will be 2 hours for each registration. We expect that respondents will fulfill the requirements of this collection with in-house clerical staff.

Total Annual Burden Hours: $2,000 \text{ responses} \times 2 \text{ hours/response}^1 = 4,000 \text{ hours}$.

In-House Costs: The Commission estimates at clerical staff paid at \$10.00 per hour will fulfill the requirements. Therefore, the in-house costs are: $\$10.00 \text{ per hour} \times 4,000 \text{ hours} = \$40,000$.

¹ This time period also accounts for the applicants/licensees (respondents) keeping copies/records of their registrations.

13. Provide estimates for the total annual cost burden to respondents or recordkeepers resulting from the collection of information. (Do not include the cost of any hour burden shown in items 12 and 14).

(a) The capital and start-up costs for manufacturers of TVBDs is part of the design, development and manufacture of these devices. As such, this cost is included in the capital and start-up costs for equipment authorization as reported in OMB 3060-0057 (Form 731 Application for Equipment Authorization), OMB 3060-0329 (Equipment Authorization – Verification), and OMB 3060-0636 (Equipment Authorization – Declaration of Conformity). For protected entities, the capital and start-up costs are insignificant as these entities are already doing business, and there would be no preparation costs for reporting of their location and operating parameters to the TV bands database administrators.

(b) Operation and maintenance costs for TVBDs are likewise included in the above mentioned OMB approvals. Operation and maintenance costs for protected entities is estimated to be \$50 for the reporting of required information to the TV bands database administrators. Therefore:

Capital and start-up costs:	2,000 respondents X \$ 0	\$ 0
Operation/Maintenance:	2,000 respondents X \$50	<u>\$ 100,000</u>
Total Respondent Cost Estimate:		\$ 100,000

14. Provide estimates of annualized costs to the Federal government. Also provide a description of the method used to estimate cost, which should include quantification of hours, operational expenses (such as equipment, overhead, printing, and support staff) and any other expenses that would not have been incurred without this collection of information.

There is no cost to the Federal government for the database administrator collection of information. Protected entities will deal directly with the TV bands administrators, and the cost for TVBD information collection has been included in the noted equipment authorization collections.

The total annualized cost to the Federal government associated with the collection of information for unlicensed wireless microphone registrations is \$6,680.

It is estimated that a GS-11, Step 5 industry analyst (\$34.26 per hour) spends approximately 15

minutes reviewing each of the estimated 500 requests for registration. The total annualized cost to the Federal Government for these reviews is $(\$34.26 \times 500 \times .25 =)$ **\$4,282.50**.

The Commission estimates that approximately 10% of the 500 requests for registration will require additional review to justify the need for channels, for a total of 50 applications. Review of this information requires a higher grade level engineer and requires more time. For this purpose, it is estimated that a GS-13, Step 5, electronics engineer (\$48.83 per hour) spends approximately one hour in reviewing these applications. The total annualized cost to the Federal government for these reviews is $(\$48.83 \times 50 =)$ **\$2,441.50**.

Therefore, the cost to the Federal Government is $\$4,282.50 + \$2,441.50 =$ **\$6,724.00**.

15. Explain the reasons for any program changes or adjustments to this information collection.

There are no program changes or adjustments to this information collection.

16. For collections of information whose results will be published, outline plans for tabulation and publication.

The information and data will not be published.

17. If seeking approval to not display the expiration date for OMB approval of the information collection, explain the reasons that display would be inappropriate.

The Commission is seeking OMB approval to request a waiver of displaying the OMB expiration date on the on-line forms. This will alleviate the Commission from having to update the OMB expiration date each time this collection is submitted for OMB review and approval.

The Commission will use an edition date in lieu of an OMB expiration date.

18. Explain any exceptions to the Certification Statement.

There are no exceptions to the certification statement

B. Collection of Information Employing Statistical Methods:

This collection of information does not employ statistical methods.