OMB No. 0920-0572

Expiration Date: 03/31/2018

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The results of this survey will help us learn about people's response to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC), Prescription Drug Overdose (PDO) campaign messages and materials. You will complete all or some of the survey depending on if you have seen or heard messages from the CDC about prescription opioids. The survey should take no longer than 20 minutes to complete. It is your choice to answer the questions, and you can stop at any time. All respondents who complete and submit the entire survey, will be credited with points.

- 1. May we ask you some questions to see if you are a good match to take this survey?
- □ Yes
- □ No

Click the "continue" button below to begin.

#### 1. DEMOGRAPHICS

- □ Male

	Female
5.	How do you describe your gender identity?
	Male Female Male-to-female transgender (MTF) Female-to-male transgender (FTM) Other gender identity (specify)
6. □	Are you Hispanic or Latino? (Please select only one) Yes No
7. 	Please indicate your race? (Choose all answers that apply) White Black or African American Asian Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
	American Indian or Alaska Native

# 2. CAMPAIGN CHANNELS

8. In an average month, how often do you...

	Daily	2 -5 Times a Week	Once a Week	2-3 Times a Month	Once a Month	Less than Once a Month	Never	Prefer not to answer
Pay attention to billboards								
Listen to the <b>radio</b>								
Use the <b>internet in general</b>								
Use the internet to search for information								
Watch <b>videos</b> on the internet								

	Daily	2 -5 Times a Week	Once a Week	2-3 Times a Month	Once a Month	Less than Once a Month	Never	Prefer not to answer
Other [Pease specify]								

ELF	REPOR	TED CAMPAIGN EXPOSURE
v w	e have s	ome questions about PDO campaign ads that you may have seen in your community over the past 2 months.
9.	In the popioids	past 2 months have you <b>seen a billboard</b> with a message from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) about prescription 5?
		Yes
		No
		I don't know
10	In the	past 2 months have you heard a <b>radio ad</b> with a message from CDC about prescription opioids?
	a.	Yes
	b.	No
	c.	I don't know
11	In the	past 2 months have you seen any online/digital media on the Internet with a message from CDC about prescription opioids?
		Yes (IF SELECTED GO TO ITEMS 11A AND 11B)
	b.	No (IF SELECTED, SKIP ITEMS 11A AND 11B)
	c.	I don't know (IF SELECTED, SKIP ITEMS 11A AND11B)
		ave you seen an <b>online banner ad</b> (e.g., an online ad linking to a CDC website) with a message from CDC about prescription opioids in the months?
	d.	Yes
	e.	No
	f.	I don't know
	month	
	g.	Yes

- h. No
- i. I don't know

- 12. You said that you have seen or heard an ad with a message from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention about prescription opioids in the past 2 months. What was the message about prescription opioids in that ad?
  - a. Taking prescription opioids will lead to overdose
  - b. It only takes a little to lose a lot
  - c. Does your family know the risks
  - d. Don't take the risk. Ask for alternatives
  - e. Tell a friend about dangers of using opioids
  - f. I don't know

#### 3a. Overall Campaign Effectiveness and Ad Receptivity

1. You said that you have seen or heard a **billboard**, **radio and/or online**, **digital media** in the past 2 months with a message from CDC about prescription opioids. On a scale from 0 to 5, how effective do you think the campaign message "**prescription opioids are addictive and dangerous**" is in:

opiolas. On a scale from 0 to 3, now effective do you trink the campaign message prescription op	iolus al c au	aicti	vc ai	iu u	inge	ous 15 111.	
	Not	1	2	3	4	Very	Prefer
	effective					effective	not to
	0					5	answer
Making people more aware of the risks of prescription opioids							
Improving knowledge that prescription opioids can be addictive and dangerous							
Helping people understand that using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to overdose							

2. You said that you have seen or heard a **billboard**, **radio or online/digital media** in the past 2 months with a message from CDC about prescription opioids. On a scale from 0 to 5, how effective do you think the phrase "**It only takes a little to lose a lot**" is in:

					Not ective 0	1	2	3	4	Very effective 5	Prefer not to answer
Making people more aware of the <b>risks</b> of prescription opioids					]						
Improving knowledge that prescription opioids can be addictive an	d dangerous				]						
Helping people understand that using prescription opioids the wro	ng way can le	ead to over	dose		]						
3. Think about the PDO campaign overall and indicate your level of following statements about the <b>messages from CDC about prescrip</b> have seen or heard by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree' somewhat agree' or 'strongly agree'.	tion opioids t	hat you	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Nei Hra	5	Somewhat agree		Strongly agree	Not Applicable (I	hear this part of the PDO campaign)
Reaction Items											
The ads are <b>memorable</b> .											
The ads were <b>interesting</b> .											
The ads were <b>believable</b> .											
Perceived Effectiveness Items											
The ads were worth <b>remembering</b> .											
The ads grabbed my attention.											
The ads were <b>powerful</b> .											
The ads were <b>informative</b> .											
The ads were <b>meaningful</b> .											
The ads were <b>convincing</b> .											
3b. Billboards											
1. You said you saw a <u>billboard</u> with a message from CDC about prescription opioids. On a scale of 0 to 5, where 0 means 'not effective' and 5 means 'very effective', how effective do you	Not effective 0	1	2	3		4		Ver	y effe 5		fer not to answer
think this <u>billboard</u> is for helping improve knowledge and awareness about the risks of prescription opioids?											

2.	How often have you seen billboards with a message from CDC about prescription opioids?	Rarely	Sometimes	O	ften	Very Often		lone of e above	I dor knov	
3.	What do you think was the purpose of message from CDC a. about prescription opioids displayed on the billboard? Check all that apply.	Preventing a. misuse of prescription opioid pain medications	Improving the a. way that opioid pain medications are prescribed	Providi treatmon prescrip opioid predica addiction	ent for otion pain tion	Preventin deaths from prescripti n opioid pain medicatio overdose	th o	one of b. e above	I dor knov	
4.	Did seeing the billboard from CDC motivate you to search for more information about prescription opioids (e.g., on the CDC website)		Yes □		No -			I don'	t know	/
5.	BILLBOARDS POST - Think about the messages on the billboard about the billboard as 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree'					th each of	the fol	lowing sta	ateme	nts
				Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat	Strongly	agree	
	There are risks to taking prescription opioids.								1	
	Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous.								]	
	Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction a	and/or overdose							1	

6.	BILLBOARDS PRE - Think back to <u>BEFORE</u> you saw a billboard wi agreement <u>THEN</u> with each of the following statements about 'strongly agree'.	_		-	•	•		-			ee' or
					Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat	agree	Strongly agree	
	There are risks to taking prescription opioids.										
L	Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous.										
L	Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction a	nd/or overdos	e.								
3c.	Radio										
1.	prescription opioids. On a scale of 0 to 5, where 0 means 'not effective' and 5 means 'very effective', how effective do you	Not effective 0	1	2	3		4	Very eff 5	ective		r not to swer
	think the <b>radio ad</b> is in helping improve knowledge and awareness about the risks of prescription opioids?				Е				1		
_			_						_		
2.	How often have you heard <b>radio ads</b> with a message from CDC about prescription opioids?	Rarely	Som	etimes	C	Often	Ve	ery Often	t	ne of the pove	l don't know

3.	What do you think was the purpose of the radio ads with c. the message from CDC about prescription opioids?	Preventing b. misuse of prescription opioid pain medications	Improving the back way that opioid pain medications are prescribed	treatm	ent for ption pain ation	Preventir deaths fro prescripti opioid pa medicatio overdose	om ion iin on	None <b>of</b> . the above	don't
4.	Did hearing the <b>radio ads</b> from CDC motivate you to search		Yes		N	0		I don'	know
	for more information about prescription opioids? (e.g., on the CDC website)				С	1			]
5.	RADIO POST - Think about the message on the radio ad that you as 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somew		•	greement	. <u>NOW</u> wit	h each of tl	he follo	wing state	ments
				Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat	Strongly	agi ce
	There are risks to taking prescription opioids.								
	Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous.								i
	Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction	and/or overdose							

6. RADIO PRE - Think back to <u>BEFORE</u> you heard a radio ad with a message from CDC about prescription opioids. Please indicate your level of agreement <u>THEN</u> with each of the following statements as 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree' or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
There are risks to taking prescription opioids.					
Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous.					
Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction and/or overdose.					

# 3d. Banners

1.	You said you have seen an <u>online banner ad</u> from CDC about prescription opioids. On a scale of 0 to 5, where 0 means 'not effective' and 5 means 'very effective', how effective do you	Not effective 0	1	2	3	4		Very effect 5		fer not to answer
	think the <u>online banner ad</u> is in helping improve knowledge and awareness about the risks of prescription opioids?					[				
2.	How often have you seen <b>online banner ads</b> with a message from CDC about prescription opioids?	Rarely	Som	netimes	Often		Ve	ery Often	None of the above	l don't know
			-						_	
3.	What do you think was the purpose of the <b>online banner</b> e. <b>ads</b> with the message from CDC about prescription opioids?	Preventing c. misuse of prescription opioid pain medications	way that	ing the c. at opioid edications scribed	Providing treatment for prescription opioid pain medication addiction		deat pres opio med	renting c. ths from scription oid pain lication rdoses	None of the above	don't know
			-				·	·		
4.	Did seeing the <b>online banner ads</b> from CDC motivate you to		Yes			No	)		I don	't know
	search for more information about prescription opioids? (e.g., on the CDC website)									

statements about the online banner ad as 'strongly disagree', 's	•				_				ne following
				Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral		Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
There are risks to taking prescription opioids.									
Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous.									
Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction a	nd/or overdos	se.							
								Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
				Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral		Somev	Stro
There are risks to taking prescription opioids.						ı			
Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous.									
Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction a	nd/or overdos	se.							
3e. Videos									
1. You said you have seen a <b>short online video</b> from CDC about	Not	1	2	3		4	Very	y effective	Prefer not
prescription opioids. On a scale of 0 to 5, where 0 means 'not effective' and 5 means 'very effective', how effective do you	effective 0							5	answer
think the <b>short online video</b> is in helping improve knowledge and awareness about the risks of prescription opioids?									

2.	How often have you seen <b>short online videos</b> with a message from CDC about prescription opioids?	Rarely	Sometimes	Often	Very Often	None of the above	l don't know
3.	What do you think was the purpose of the <b>short online</b> g. <b>videos</b> with the message from CDC about prescription opioids? (Check all that apply)	Preventing d. misuse of prescription opioid pain medications	Improving the d. way that opioid pain medications are prescribed	Providing d. treatment for prescription opioid pain medication addiction	Preventing d. deaths from prescription opioid pain medication overdoses	None df. the above	l don't know
				_			
4.	Did seeing the <b>short online videos</b> from CDC motivate you		Yes No		)	I don't	know
	to search for more information about prescription opioids? (e.g., on the CDC website)?						
5.	VIDEOS POST - Think about message in the short online video statements about the short online video as 'strongly disagree'	•	•			e following	

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
There are risks to taking prescription opioids.					
Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous.					
Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction and/or overdose.					

6.	VIDEOS PRE - Think back to <b>BEFORE</b> you saw a <b>short online video</b> with a message from CDC about prescription opioids. Please indicate your level of
	agreement THEN with each of the following statements as 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree' or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
There are risks to taking prescription opioids.					
Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous.					
Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction and/or overdose.					

7. On a scale from 0 to 5 how effective do you think the following types of **video storylines** are?

VIDEO ADS	0 Not effective	1	2	3	4	5 Very effective	Prefer not to answer
Personal story from a recovered prescription opioid addict							
Personal story from a mother who lost a son to prescription drug overdose							
Personal story from a sister who lost her older brother to prescription drug overdose							
Personal story from an adult son who lost his father to prescription drug overdose							

SKIP TO SECTION 5

# 4. UNEXPOSED PARTICIPANT QUESTIONS

The following are a series of messages about prescription opioids. To get your opinions about these messages, please indicate your agreement or disagreement with each of the statements on the 5-point scale provided.

Awareness of prescription opioids and PDO (non-exposed)

1. Please indicate your level of agreement/disagreement with the following statements by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree' or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
Awareness about prescription opioids (in general)					
There are risks to taking prescription opioids					
Awareness of the risks of using prescription opioids					
Using prescription opioids can lead to nausea, vomiting, dry mouth, sleepiness, dizziness, confusion and depression					
Using prescription opioids can lead to needing to take more of the medication for the same pain relief, and increased sensitivity to pain and constipation					
Taking too many prescription opioids can lead to addiction, overdose or death					
Mixing prescription opioids with benzodiazepines can lead to overdose and death					
Awareness about opioid pain medications in the US and community					
I am aware of prescription drug overdose in the United States					
I am aware of prescription drug overdose in my community					
Prescription opioid overdoses are a problem in the United States					
Prescription opioid overdoses are a problem in my community					
There are non-opioid alternatives to prescription opioids for pain					

# 4b Knowledge of prescription opioids and PDO (non-exposed)

2. Please indicate your level of agreement/disagreement with the following statements by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree' or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat	Strongly agree
Knowledge of prescription opioids (in general)	07 0	07 0		<b>37</b> "	07 10
Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous					
Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction and/or overdose					
Knowledge of risk factors related to using prescription opioids					
Getting overlapping prescriptions from multiple providers and pharmacies can make a person vulnerable to opioid misuse and overdose					
Taking high daily dosages of prescription pain relievers can make a person vulnerable to opioid misuse and overdose					
Having mental illness or history of alcohol/substance misuse can make a person vulnerable to prescription opioid misuse and overdose					
Living in rural areas and having a low income can make people vulnerable to prescription opioid misuse and overdose					
Knowledge of mitigating risks related to misuse of prescription opioids					
Prescribed opioids should only be used as instructed by one's doctor					
People should talk with their doctor about all side effects and concerns before taking prescribed opioids					
People who are prescribed opioids, should avoid benzodiazepines (such as Xanax and Valium), muscle relaxants (such as Soma or Flexeril), and hypnotics (such as Ambien or Lunesta), unless advised otherwise by their doctor					
People should avoid alcohol when using prescription opioids					
Knowledge about handling prescription opioids to avoid misuse					
Prescription opioids should be stored in a safe place and out of reach of others					
People should avoid selling or sharing prescription opioids					
People should never use another person's prescription opioids					
Community drug take-back program or pharmacies can help safely dispose of unused prescription opioids					

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat	Strongly agree
Knowledge about PDO in the United States					
As many as 78 Americans die every day from an opioid overdose					
In 2014, nearly two million Americans either misused or were dependent on prescription opioids					

# 4c - Attitudes towards PDO (non-exposed)

3. Please indicate your level of agreement/disagreement with the following statements by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree' or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
Attitudes toward prescription opioids use and addiction (in general)					
Prescription opioids can help with some types of pain in the short term					
Prescription opioids are necessary to deal with extreme pain					
It is OK for people to take prescription opioids if directed by their doctor					
Anyone can become addicted to prescription opioids					
People with addictive personalities are more likely to become addicted to prescription opioids					
Attitudes toward taking prescription opioids not as prescribed (misusing opioids)					
It is OK to take more prescription opioids than prescribed for severe pain					
It is OK to share prescription opioids with friends or family members					
It is OK to take prescription opioids for fun because they are safer than illegal drugs					
Taking prescription opioids that are not prescribed to you should be illegal					
People who misuse prescription opioids deserve to be addicted					
Attitudes about prescription opioids misuse in the US and community					_

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
Prescription opioid misuse is a big problem in the U.S.					
Prescription opioid misuse is a big problem in my community					
Misusing prescription opioids can lead to problems at home and/or work					

## 4d - Behavioral Intentions (non-exposed)

4. Please indicate your level of agreement/disagreement with the following statements by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree' or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree						
Intentions related to prescription opioids (in general)											
I plan to seek more information about prescription opioid use											
I plan to talk to with friends and family about the risks of using prescription opioids											
I plan to talk to my doctor about the risks of using prescription opioids											
I plan to ask my doctor for alternatives to prescription opioids if needed											
I plan to avoid prescription opioids recreationally and/or medically											

GO TO SECTION 6 "Additional Questions"

### 5. EXPOSED PARTICIPANT QUESTIONS

The following are a series of statements to get your opinions on potential messages about prescription opioids. Please indicate your agreement or disagreement with each of the statements on the 5-point scale provided.

## 5a - Awareness of PDO (exposed)

1. NOW, after you saw or heard a message from CDC about prescription opioids, to what extent do you agree with the following statements? Please indicate your level of agreement by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree' or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewha t disagree	Neutral	Somewha t agree	Strongly agree
Awareness about prescription opioids (in general)					
There are risks to taking prescription opioids					
Awareness of the risks of using prescription opioids					
Using prescription opioids can lead to nausea, vomiting, dry mouth, sleepiness, dizziness, confusion and depression					
Using prescription opioids can lead to needing to take more of the medication for the same pain relief, and increased sensitivity to pain and constipation					
Taking too many prescription opioids can lead to addiction, overdose or death					
Mixing prescription opioids with benzodiazepines can lead to overdose and death					
Awareness about opioid pain medications in the US and community					
I am aware of prescription drug overdose in the United States					
I am aware of prescription drug overdose in my community					
Prescription opioid overdoses are a problem in the United States					
Prescription opioid overdoses are a problem in my community					
There are non-opioid alternatives to prescription opioids for pain					

2.	<b>BEFORE</b> you saw or heard a message from CDC about prescription opioids, to what extent would you have agreed with the following statements?
	Please indicate your level of agreement with the following statements by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat
	agree' or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly aeree				
Awareness about prescription opioids (in general)									
There are risks to taking prescription opioids									
Awareness of the risks of using prescription opioids									
Using prescription opioids can lead to nausea, vomiting, dry mouth, sleepiness, dizziness, confusion and depression									
Using prescription opioids can lead to needing to take more of the medication for the same pain relief, and increased sensitivity to pain and constipation									
Taking too many prescription opioids can lead to addiction, overdose or death									
Mixing prescription opioids with benzodiazepines can lead to overdose and death									
Awareness about opioid pain medications in the US and community									
I am aware of prescription drug overdose in the United States									
I am aware of prescription drug overdose in my community									
Prescription opioid overdoses are a problem in the United States									
Prescription opioid overdoses are a problem in my community									
There are non-opioid alternatives to prescription opioids for pain									

3. Which parts of the PDO campaign have had the greatest impact on your <u>awareness of:</u> (Check all that apply only for campaign components that you were exposed to)	Billboard ads	Radio ads	Online banner ads	Short online	CDC Website (http://ww w.cdc.gov/	Unknown
The <b>risks</b> of prescription opioid use						
Prescription opioids as highly addictive, inherently dangerous						
That misuse can lead to <b>overdose</b>						

# 5b - Knowledge of PDO (Exposed)

**4. NOW,** after you saw or heard a message from CDC about prescription opioids, to what extent do you agree with the following statements? Please indicate your level of agreement using with the following statements by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree' or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat	Strongly agree
Knowledge of prescription opioids (in general)					
Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous					
Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction and/or overdose					
Knowledge of risk factors related to using prescription opioids					
Getting overlapping prescriptions from multiple providers and pharmacies can make a person vulnerable to opioid misuse and overdose					
Taking high daily dosages of prescription pain relievers can make a person vulnerable to opioid misuse and overdose					
Having mental illness or history of alcohol/substance misuse can make a person vulnerable to prescription opioid misuse and overdose					
Living in rural areas and having a low income can make people vulnerable to prescription opioid misuse and overdose					
Knowledge of mitigating risks related to misuse of prescription opioids					
Prescribed opioids should only be used as instructed by one's doctor					
People should talk with their doctor about all side effects and concerns before taking prescribed opioids					
People who are prescribed opioids, should avoid benzodiazepines (such as Xanax and Valium), muscle relaxants (such as Soma or Flexeril), and hypnotics (such as Ambien or Lunesta), unless advised otherwise by their doctor					
People should avoid alcohol when using prescription opioids					
Knowledge about handling prescription opioids to avoid misuse					
Prescription opioids should be stored in a safe place and out of reach of others					
People should avoid selling or sharing prescription opioids					

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat	Strongly agree
People should never use another person's prescription opioids					
Community drug take-back program or pharmacies can help safely dispose of unused prescription opioids					
Knowledge about PDO in the United States					
As many as 78 Americans die every day from an opioid overdose.					
In 2014, nearly two million Americans either misused or were dependent on prescription opioids					

5. **BEFORE** you saw or heard a message from CDC about prescription opioids, to what extent would you have agreed with the following statements? Please indicate your level of agreement by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree' or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly aeree
Knowledge of prescription opioids (in general)					
Prescription opioids can be highly addictive and dangerous					
Using prescription opioids the wrong way can lead to addiction and/or overdose					
Knowledge of risk factors related to using prescription opioids					
Getting overlapping prescriptions from multiple providers and pharmacies can make a person vulnerable to opioid misuse and overdose					
Taking high daily dosages of prescription pain relievers can make a person vulnerable to opioid misuse and overdose					
Having mental illness or history of alcohol/substance misuse can make a person vulnerable to prescription opioid misuse and overdose					
Living in rural areas and having a low income can make people vulnerable to prescription opioid misuse and overdose					

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree			
Knowledge of mitigating risks related to misuse of prescription opioids	-							
Prescribed opioids should only be used as instructed by one's doctor								
People should talk with their doctor about all side effects and concerns before taking prescribed opioids								
People who are prescribed opioids, should avoid benzodiazepines (such as Xanax and Valium), muscle relaxants (such as Soma or Flexeril), and hypnotics (such as Ambien or Lunesta), unless advised otherwise by their doctor								
People should avoid alcohol when using prescription opioids								
Knowledge about handling prescription opioids to avoid misuse								
Prescription opioids should be stored in a safe place and out of reach of others								
People should avoid selling or sharing prescription opioids								
People should never use another person's prescription opioids								
Community drug take-back program or pharmacies can help safely dispose of unused prescription opioids								
Knowledge about PDO in the United States								
As many as 78 Americans die every day from an opioid overdose								
In 2014, nearly two million Americans either misused or were dependent on prescription opioids								

6. Which parts of the PDO campaign have had the greatest impact on your knowledge of: (Check all that apply for only for campaign components you were exposed to)	Billboard ads	Radio ads	Online banner ads	Short online video ads	CDC Website (http://www_ .cdc.gov/dru	Unknown
The <b>risks</b> of prescription opioid use						
Prescription opioids as highly addictive, inherently dangerous						
That misuse can lead to <b>overdose</b>						

# 5c - Attitudes towards PDO (EXPOSED)

**7. NOW**, after you saw or heard a message from CDC about prescription opioids, to what extent do you agree with the following statements? Please indicate your level of agreement by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree', or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
Attitudes toward prescription opioids use and addiction (in general)					
Prescription opioids can help with some types of pain in the short term					
Prescription opioids are necessary to deal with extreme pain					
It is OK for people to take prescription opioids if directed by their doctor					
Anyone can become addicted to prescription opioids					
People with addictive personalities are more likely to become addicted to prescription opioids					
Attitudes toward taking prescription opioids not as prescribed (misusing opioids)					
It is OK to take more prescription opioids than prescribed for severe pain					
It is OK to share prescription opioids with friends or family members					
It is OK to take prescription opioids for fun because they are safer than illegal drugs					
Taking prescription opioids that are not prescribed to you should be illegal					
People who misuse prescription opioids deserve to be addicted					
Attitudes about prescription opioids misuse in the US and community					
Prescription opioid misuse is a big problem in the U.S.					
Prescription opioid misuse is a big problem in my community					
Misusing prescription opioids can lead to problems at home and/or work					

8.	BEFORE you saw or heard a message from CDC about prescription opioids, to what extent would you have agreed with the following
	statements? Please indicate your level of agreement by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree', or 'strongly
	agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
Attitudes toward prescription opioids use and addiction (in general)					
Prescription opioids can help with some types of pain in the short term					
Prescription opioids are necessary to deal with extreme pain					
It is OK for people to take prescription opioids if directed by their doctor					
Anyone can become addicted to prescription opioids					
People with addictive personalities are more likely to become addicted to prescription opioids					
Attitudes toward taking prescription opioids not as prescribed (misusing opioids)					
It is OK to take more prescription opioids than prescribed for severe pain					
It is OK to share prescription opioids with friends or family members					
It is OK to take prescription opioids for fun because they are safer than illegal drugs					
Taking prescription opioids that are not prescribed to you should be illegal					
People who misuse prescription opioids deserve to be addicted					
Attitudes about prescription opioids misuse in the US and community					
Prescription opioid misuse is a big problem in the U.S.					
Prescription opioid misuse is a big problem in my community					
Misusing prescription opioids can lead to problems at home and/or work					

9. Which parts of the PDO campaign have had the greatest impact on your attitudes about: (Check all that apply for only for campaign components you were exposed to)	Billboard ads	Radio ads	Online banner ads	Short online video ads	CDC Website (http://www.cdc.gov/drug	Unknown
The <b>risks</b> of prescription opioid use						
Prescription opioids as highly addictive, inherently dangerous						

9. Which parts of the PDO campaign have had the greatest impact on your attitudes about: (Check all that apply for only for campaign components you were exposed to)	Billboard ads	Radio ads	Online banner ads	Short online video ads	CDC Website (http://www.cdc.gov/drug	Unknown
That misuse can lead to <b>overdose</b>						

**10. NOW**, after you saw or heard a message from CDC about prescription opioids, to what extent do you agree with the following statements? Please indicate your level of agreement by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree', or 'strongly agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree	
Intentions related to prescription opioids (in general)						
I plan to seek more information about prescription opioid use						
I plan to talk to with friends and family about the risks of using prescription opioids						
I plan to talk to my doctor about the risks of using prescription opioids						
I plan to ask my doctor for alternatives to prescription opioids if needed						
I plan to avoid prescription opioids recreationally and/or medically						

11.	. BEFORE you saw or heard a message from CDC about prescription opioids, to what extent would you have agreed with the following
	statements? Please indicate your level of agreement by marking 'strongly disagree', 'somewhat disagree', 'neutral', 'somewhat agree', or 'strongly
	agree'.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
Intentions related to prescription opioids (in general)					
I plan to seek more information about prescription opioid use					
I plan to talk to with friends and family about the risks of using prescription opioids					
I plan to talk to my doctor about the risks of using prescription opioids					
I plan to ask my doctor for alternatives to prescription opioids if needed					
I plan to avoid prescription opioids recreationally and/or medically					

12. Which parts of the PDO campaign have had the greatest impact on your <u>intentions to talk</u> to your doctor about: (Check all that apply for only for campaign components you were exposed to)	Billboard ads	Radio ads	Online banner ads	Short online video ads	CDC Website (http://www. .cdc.gov/dru	Unknown
The <b>risks</b> of prescription opioid use						
rescription opioids as highly addictive, inherently dangerous						
That misuse can lead to <b>overdose</b>						

# ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS

1.	what is	s the highest grade of school you have completed, or the highest degree you have received?
		No schooling completed, or less than 1 year
		Grade school completed (grades 1-8)
		High school attended (grades 9-12, no degree)
		High school graduate (or equivalent)
		Some college (1-4 years, no degree)
		Associate's degree (including occupational or academic degrees)
		Bachelor's degree (BA, BS, AS, etc.)
		Master's degree (MA, MS, MSW, etc.)
		Medical degree (MD, DDS, etc.)
		Doctorate degree (PhD, EdD, etc.)
2.	What w	vas your total household <b>income</b> before taxes during the past 12 months? (Please select only one)  Less than \$25,000  \$25,000 to \$34,999  \$35,000 to \$49,999  \$50,000 to \$74,999  \$75,000 to \$99,999  \$100,000 to \$149,999  \$150,000 or more  I prefer not to say.
CLC	SING	
Tha	nk vou	for completing this survey - your answers to this survey will be kept private and secure to the extent permitted by law.

To show appreciation for your participation you will receive "points" to redeem for a gift.