

**Name:**  
**Institution:**  
**Address:**  
**E-mail:**  
**Title:**

*This 5-page document should outline the scientific nature and rationale of the proposed project. For additional information, please refer to the Solicitation Instructions. Additional material can be uploaded as appendices described in the instructions.*

### **Background**

*Replace text with the requested information...*

### **Therapeutic Hypothesis**

*Replace text with the requested information...*

### **Current State of Project**

*Replace text with the requested information...*

### **Proposed Development Strategy**

*Replace text with requested information...*

### **Justification**

*Replace text with requested information...*

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average one hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to: NIH, Project Clearance Branch, 6705 Rockledge Drive, MSC 7974, Bethesda, MD 20892-7974, ATTN: PRA (0925-0658). Do not return the completed form to this address.

Applicant's last name, first initial

Abbreviated title

Submission deadline

## **Timeline and Milestones**

*Replace text with requested information...*

**Appendix 1:**

Provide data on the proposed lead compound using the following tables:

**I. Compound Properties Profile:**

<p><b>5.1</b></p> <p><i>5.2 Lead Compound</i></p> <p><i>5.3 Structure or</i></p>
--

Calculated Properties	Value	Goal
Compound ID	<i>Provide data</i>	N/A
MW	<i>Provide data</i>	< 500
Log D7.4, cLog P	<i>Provide data</i>	1-3, 1-4.5
TPSA	<i>Provide data</i>	< 140 (oral), < 90 (CNS)
Ligand Efficiency (LE, LELP)	<i>Provide data</i>	> 0.29, <10
Rotatable Bonds	<i>Provide data</i>	≤ 10
N + O (HBA)	<i>Provide data</i>	≤ 10
NH + OH (HBD)	<i>Provide data</i>	≤ 5

<i>In Vitro</i> Properties	Units	Value & Class	Goal
Compound ID	N/A	<i>Provide data</i>	N/A
Solubility (pH, media )	( $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )	<i>Provide data</i>	> 60
Stability - Microsomes (species)	$t_{1/2}$ (min)	<i>Provide data</i>	> 30
	$CL_{\text{int}}$ (mL/min/mg)	<i>Provide data</i>	< 10
Stability – Hepatocytes (species)	$t_{1/2}$ (min)	<i>Provide data</i>	> 120
	$CL_{\text{int}}$ , $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}/10^6$ cells	<i>Provide data</i>	< 5
Stability – Plasma (species)	% Remaining at 3 hr	<i>Provide data</i>	> 80%
Stability – Solution (media)	% Remaining at 24 hr	<i>Provide data</i>	> 80%
CYP450 Inhibition (isozymes)	% Inhibition at 3 $\mu\text{M}$	<i>Provide data</i>	< 15%
	$IC_{50}$ ( $\mu\text{M}$ )	<i>Provide data</i>	> 10
	$C_{\text{max}}$ at MED / $K_i$	<i>Provide data</i>	< 0.1
Plasma Protein & Tissue Binding (species)	$F_u$ , plasma (%)	<i>Provide data</i>	
	$F_u$ , tissue (%)	<i>Provide data</i>	
Permeability - PAMPA	$P_e$ ( $10^{-6}$ cm/s)	<i>Provide data</i>	> 1
Permeability - PAMPA-BBB	$P_e$ ( $10^{-6}$ cm/s)	<i>Provide data</i>	> 4
Permeability - Caco-2	$P_{\text{app}}$ (a-b, $10^{-6}$ cm/s)	<i>Provide data</i>	> 10
	Efflux Ratio	<i>Provide data</i>	< 3
Permeability - MDR1-MDCKII	$P_{\text{app}}$ (a-b, $10^{-6}$ cm/s)	<i>Provide data</i>	> 20
	Pgp Efflux Ratio	<i>Provide data</i>	< 2
hERG - (method)	$IC_{50}$ ( $\mu\text{M}$ )	<i>Provide data</i>	> 10
	$IC_{50}$ / Free $C_{\text{max}}$	<i>Provide data</i>	> 30
Free $C_{\text{max}}$ - Plasma	Total $C_{\text{max}}$ ( $\mu\text{M}$ ) * $F_u$ , plasma	<i>Provide data</i>	
Free $C_{\text{max}}$ - Tissue	Total $C_{\text{max}}$ ( $\mu\text{M}$ ) * $F_u$ , plasma	<i>Provide data</i>	
Screening Ames	Positive / Negative	<i>Provide data</i>	Negative

## II. Compound Efficacy Profile:

<i>In Vitro</i> Biology	Units	Value & Class	Goal
Compound ID	N/A		N/A
Activity			
(Assay 1) - IC50	nM	<i>Provide data</i>	< 1000
(Assay 1) - Ki	nM	<i>Provide data</i>	< 1000
(Assay 2) - IC50	nM	<i>Provide data</i>	< 1000
(Assay 2) - Ki	nM	<i>Provide data</i>	< 1000
Selectivity			
(Assay 1) - IC50 / Fold selectivity	nM	<i>Provide data</i>	> 100

<i>In Vivo</i> Biology	Units	Value & Class	Goal
Compound ID	N/A		
(Species, dose, route) - MED	nM	<i>Provide data</i>	
(Species, dose, route) - MED	nM	<i>Provide data</i>	
(Species, dose, route) - MED	nM	<i>Provide data</i>	

Other Biology	Units	Value & Class	Goal

Applicant's last name, first initial

Abbreviated title

Submission deadline

PK Properties	Units	Dose (mpk), Route, Species	Dose (mpk), Route, Species	Goal
Compound ID	N/A			N/A
t <sub>1/2</sub>	hr	<i>Provide data</i>	<i>Provide data</i>	> 3
AUC <sub>0-∞</sub> , total, unbound	hr*ng/mL	<i>Provide data</i>	<i>Provide data</i>	> 500 (PO)
CL	mL/min/kg	<i>Provide data</i>	<i>Provide data</i>	< 25% HBF
C <sub>max</sub> , total, unbound	ng/mL (nM)	<i>Provide data</i>	<i>Provide data</i>	
T <sub>max</sub>	hr	<i>Provide data</i>	<i>Provide data</i>	
V <sub>d</sub>	L/kg	<i>Provide data</i>	<i>Provide data</i>	
F	%	<i>Provide data</i>	<i>Provide data</i>	> 20%

## **Appendix 2: References for *In Vitro* ADME Assays and *In Vivo* Pharmacokinetics**

### General References

1. "Drug-Like Properties: Concepts, Structure Design and Methods: from ADME to Toxicity Optimization", E. H. Kerns, L. Di (2008), Elsevier.
2. "Pharmacokinetics and Metabolism in Drug Design", Smith, D.A., et al., (2001), Wiley-VCH
3. "Experimental and computational approaches to estimate solubility and permeability in drug disc. and development settings." Lipinski, C.A., et al., (1997), *Adv. Drug Delivery Rev.* 23, 3-25.
4. "Application of pharmaceutical profiling assays for optimization of drug-like properties." Di, Li; et al., *Current Opinion in Drug Discovery & Development* (2005), 8(4), 495-504.
5. "High Throughput Physicochemical Profiling for Drug Discovery", E.H. Kerns; *J. Pharm. Sci.* (2001) 90, 1838-1858.

### Solubility

1. "Solution Stability – Plasma, Gastrointestinal, Bioassay", Li Di, et al., *Current Drug Metabolism* (2008), 9(9), 860-868.
2. "In Vitro Solubility Assays in Drug Discovery", Edward H. Kerns, et al., *Current Drug Metabolism* (2008), 9(9), 879-885.

### Stability – Microsomes, Hepatocytes, Plasma, Solution

1. "High Throughput Microsomal Stability Assay for Insoluble Compounds"; L. Di, et al., *International Journal of Pharmaceutics* (2006) 317(1), 54-60.
2. "Metabolic Stability: Main Enzymes Involved and Best Tools to Assess It", R. Laine, *Current Drug Metabolism* (2008), 9(9), 9210-927.
3. "Development and Application of High Throughput Plasma Stability Assay for Drug Discovery", L. Di, et al., *International Journal of Pharmaceutics* (2005) 297(1-2) 110-119.
4. "Development and Application of an Automated Solution Stability Assay for Drug Discovery", L. Di, et al., *Journal of Biomolecular Screening* (2006) 11(1), 40-47.

### CYP450 Inhibition

1. "Comparison of Cytochrome P450 Inhibition Assays for Drug Discovery Using Human Liver Microsomes with LC-MS, rhCYP450 Isozymes with Fluorescence, and Double Cocktail with LC-MS"; L. Di, et al., *International Journal of Pharmaceutics* (2007), 335(1-2), 1-11.
2. "In Vitro Cytochrome P450 Inhibition and Induction", R.L. Walsky, et al., *Current Drug Metabolism* (2008), 9(9), 928-939.

### Plasma Protein, Tissue Binding, and Free C<sub>max</sub> – Plasma, Tissue

1. "Plasma / Serum Protein Binding Determinations", M.J. Banker, et al., *Current Drug Metabolism* (2008), 9(9), 854-859.
2. "The effect of plasma protein binding on in vivo efficacy: misconceptions in drug discovery", Dennis A. Smith, Li Di, Edward H. Kerns, *Nature Reviews Drug Discovery* (2010), 9(12), 929-39.

### Permeability – PAMPA

1. "Physicochemical high throughput screening: Parallel artificial membrane permeability assay in the desc. of passive absorp. processes", Kansy, M., et al., (1998), *J. Med. Chem.* 41, 1007-1010.
2. "High-throughput permeability pH profile and high-throughput alkane/water log P with artificial membranes." Wohnsland, F.; Faller, B. (2001), *J. Med. Chem.* 44, 923-930.

### Permeability – PAMPA-BBB

1. "High Throughput Artificial Membrane Permeability Assay for Blood-Brain Barrier", L. Di, *et al.*, *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* (2003) 38, 223-232.
2. "Comparison of blood-brain barrier permeability assays: in situ brain perfusion, MDR1-MDCKII and PAMPA-BBB", Li Di, *et al.*, *Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences* (2009) 98(6):1980-1991.

#### Permeability – Caco-2

1. "Caco-2 monolayers in experimental and theoretical predictions of drug transport", Artursson, P., *et al.*, (2001) *Adv. Drug Deliv. Rev.*, 46, 27-43.
2. "Assessing the absorption of new pharmaceuticals", Hidalgo, I.J., (2001), *Curr. Topics Med. Chem.*, 1, 385-401.

#### Permeability – MDR1-MDCKII

1. "Rational use of in vitro P-glycoprotein assays in drug discovery", Polli JW, *et al.* (2001), *J Pharmacol. Exper. Therapeutics* 299, 620-628.
2. "Disruption of the mouse *mdr1a* P-glycoprotein gene leads to a deficiency in the blood-brain barrier and to increased sensitivity to drugs", Schinkel, A.H., *et al.*, (1994), *Cell* 77, 491-502.

#### hERG

1. "Relationship between preclinical cardiac electrophysiology, clinical QT interval prolongation and torsade de pointes for a broad range of drugs: evidence for a provisional safety margin in drug development", Redfern, W.S. (2003), *Cardiovascular Res.* 58, 32-45.
2. "Patch clamping by the numbers", Wood, C., *et al.*, (2004), *Drug Discovery Today*, 9, 434-441.

#### Ames Test

1. "Methods for detecting carcinogens and mutagens with the salmonella/mammalian-microscope mutagenicity test", Ames, B.N., *et al.*, (1975), *Mutation Research* 31, 347-363.
2. "Improvement of the Ames test using human liver S9 preparation", In: Yan, Z. and Caldwell, G.W. (eds.), *Optimization in Drug Discovery: In vitro Methods*, Totowa, Humana Press, pp. 325-336.

#### In vivo Pharmacokinetics

1. "Rapid determination of pharmacokinetic properties of new chemical entities: *in vivo* approaches", Cox, K.A., *et al.*, (2002), *Combinatorial Chem. and H.T.S.*, 5, 29-37.
2. The simultaneous determ. of mixtures of drug candidates by liquid chrom./APCI mass spectrum. as an *in vivo* drug screening procedure", (1997), *Rapid Comm. Mass Spectrom.*, 11, 17-23.