U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

FINISHED CARBON STEEL FLANGES

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by July 14, 2016

See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its countervailing and antidumping duty investigations concerning finished carbon steel flanges ("flanges") from India, Italy, and Spain (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-563 and 731-TA-1331-1333 (Preliminary)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

Name of firm

City	State	Zip Code	
Website			
Has your firm importe	ed flanges (as defined on next page) from an	y country at any time since January 1, 20	13?
NO (Sign th	he certification below and promptly return only th	his page of the questionnaire to the Commiss	ion)
YES (Compl	lete all parts of the questionnaire, and return the	entire questionnaire to the Commission)	
tollowing link:			

PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.-- This proceeding was instituted in response to a petition filed on June 30, 2016, by Weldbend Corporation ("Weldbend"), Argo, Illinois and Boltex Mfg. Co., L.P. ("Boltex"), Houston, Texas. Countervailing and/or antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce makes an affirmative determination of subsidization and/or dumping. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at: https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/title_7/2016/finished_carbon_steel_flanges_india_italy_and/preliminary.htm.

<u>Carbon steel flanges</u>.--The scope of these investigations covers finished carbon steel flanges. Finished carbon steel flanges differ from unfinished carbon steel flanges (also known as carbon steel flange forgings) in that they have undergone further processing after forging, which can include beveling, bore threading, center or step boring, face machining, recoining or resizing, taper boring, machining ends or surfaces other than a gasket face, drilling bolt holes, and/or burring or shot blasting. Any one of these post-forging processes suffices to render the forging into a finished carbon steel flange for purposes of these petitions. However, mere heat treatment of a carbon steel flange forging (without any other further processing after forging) does not render the forging into a finished carbon steel flange for purposes of these petitions.

While these finished carbon steel flanges are generally manufactured to specification ASME B16.5 or ASME B16.47 series A or series B, the scope is not limited to flanges produced under those specifications. All types of finished carbon steel flanges are included in the scope, regardless of pipe size (usually expressed in inches of nominal pipe size), pressure class (usually expressed in pounds of pressure, e.g., 150, 300, 400, 600, 900, 1500, 2500, etc.), type of face (e.g., flat face, full face, raised face, etc.), configuration (e.g., weld neck, slip on, socket weld, lap joint, threaded, etc.), wall thickness (usually expressed in inches), and normalization or heat treatment (which may not always be used). The carbon steel used to produce finished carbon steel flanges includes, but is not limited to, carbon steel produced to ASTM A105 and ASTM A694 standards.

Finished carbon steel flanges are currently imported under statistical reporting numbers 7307.91.5010 and 7307.91.5050 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). They may also be imported under HTSUS statistical reporting numbers 7307.91.5030 and 7307.91.5070. The HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes; the written description of the scope is dispositive.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing flanges (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Reporting of information.-- If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.-- The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

I-1. <u>OMB statistics</u>.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

	facility of a firm involved in the imperior in	
radinales operated in ex	mjunction with (whether or not phys	
OwnershipIs your fir	m owned, in whole or in part, by any	y other firm?
☐ No ☐ Yes	sList the following information	
		Extent of
Firm name	Address	ownership
_ Firm name	Address	(percent)
_		
-	portersDoes your firm have any rel ed in importing flanges from India, It	
States or that are enga	ged in exporting flanges from India,	
States?		
□ No □ Yes	List the following information.	
		Affiliation
Firm name	Address	
	Address	

П	ς	Importers	' Ouestio	nnaire -	Flanges
U.		importers	COUESTIO	ımane -	LIGHTER

engaged in the product	tion of flanges?		ic or foreign, tha
☐ No ☐ Yes	:List the following inforn	nation.	
Firm name	Address		Affiliation
Importer of record	Takes title to the imported product(s)	Consignee of the imported products(s)	Customs broke freight forwar
	•	of flanges but is not the o	consignee, pleasedual to contact).
the consignees below (firm name, address, telep	•	consignee, pleasedual to contact). Contact personand phone
the consignees below (firm name, address, telep	•	consignee, pleasedual to contact). Contact personand phone
the consignees below (firm name, address, telep	•	consignee, pleasedual to contact). Contact personand phone

I-8. <u>FTZ, TIB, or bonded warehouses</u>.--Please indicate whether your firm enters flanges into, or withdraws such merchandise from, foreign trade zones or bonded warehouses. Also indicate whether your firm imports flanges under the TIB (temporary importation under bond) program.

"Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise, as well as other savings. A foreign trade zone must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.

"Bonded warehouse" is a secured facility supervised by U.S. customs, where dutiable landed imports are stored pending their re-export, or release after payment of import duties, taxes, and other charges. A bonded warehouse must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in 19 U.S.C. § 1555.

"Temporary Importation under Bond ("TIB") program" is a procedure whereby imported merchandise may be entered under certain conditions for a limited time into the United States free of duty. Under the program, an importer posts a bond for twice the amount of duty, taxes, etc. that would otherwise be owed on the importation and agrees to export or destroy the merchandise within a specified time or pay liquidated damages. This program is restricted to certain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States(HTS).

	No	Yes
Foreign trade zones		
Bonded warehouses		
Temporary importation under bond		

I-9.	<u>Third-country trade activities</u> To your knowledge, have the products subject to this proceeding been the subject of any other import relief proceedings in the United States or in any other countries?				
	No	Yes-Please specify.			

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Amy Sherman (202-205-3289, amy.sherman@usitc.gov). Supply all data requested on a calendar-year basis.

II-1.		nation Please identify the responsible raff may contact that individual regarding	e individual and the manner by which ng the confidential information submitted
	Name		
	Title		
	Email		
	Telephone		
	Fax		

II-2. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the importation of flanges since January 1, 2013.

(check as many as appropriate)		(If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable)
	Office/warehouse openings	
	Office/warehouse closings	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Prolonged shutdowns or importation curtailments	
	Revised labor agreements	
	Other (e.g., technology)	

I.S. Im	porters' Questionnaire	- Flanges			Page 8				
-3.	<u>Arranged imports</u> Has your firm imported or arranged for the importation of flanges for delivery after March 31, 2016?								
	"Arranged imports" are imports for which your firm has placed an order with a foreign supplier for subject merchandise, but delivery of those imports is not scheduled to occur until after the date listed above. No Yes–Fill out the table below.								
		Qua	ntity (<i>in 1,000 pound</i>	ds)					
	Period/Source	Apr-Jun 2016	Jul-Sept 2016	Oct-Dec 2016	Jan-Mar 2017				
	India								
	Italy								
	Spain								
	Other sources ¹								
	¹ Identify your other	¹ Identify your other sources:							
-4.	Reasons for importing please indicate the reaplease elaborate.								

Definitions

"Imports" –Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty) or consignee (i.e., to which the merchandise was first delivered).

"Import quantities" –Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values" — Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"U.S. commercial shipments"— Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" - Product consumed internally by your firm.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related domestic firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owns, manages, or otherwise controls. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Export shipments"— Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5. <u>IMPORTS FROM INDIA</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of flanges imported from India by your firm during the specified periods.

India

Quantity (<i>in 1,000 pounds</i>), value (<i>in \$1,000</i>)						
	Calendar years			January	_/ -March	
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)						
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)						
Value (C)						
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)						
Value (E)						
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)						
Value ² (G)						
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)						
Value (I)						
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)						
Channels of distribution:						
Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)						
To end users (quantity) (L)						
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Sales to related firms (including interuses a different basis for valuing these saprovide value data using that basis for each of the same o	rnal consumptio ales within your ach of the period	company, please	specify that basis			

II-5. IMPORTS FROM INDIA.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-March		
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero						
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0	

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. commercial shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-March		
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
K + L - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	

II-6. <u>IMPORTS FROM ITALY</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of flanges imported from India by your firm during the specified periods.

Italy

Qı	antity (<i>in 1,000</i>	<i>pounds</i>), valu	e (<i>in \$1,000</i>)		
		Calendar years	January	-March	
ltem	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users (quantity) (L)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Sales to related firms (including interuses a different basis for valuing these suprovide value data using that basis for each identify your firm's principal export	rnal consumption ales within your c ach of the period	n) must be valued company, please	specify that basis		

II-6. IMPORTS FROM ITALY.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-March	
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. commercial shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-March		
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
K + L - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	

II-7. <u>IMPORTS FROM SPAIN</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of flanges imported from India by your firm during the specified periods.

Spain

Qu	antity (<i>in 1,00</i>	0 pounds), valu	e (<i>in \$1,000</i>)	T	
		Calendar years	;	January	-March
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users (quantity) (L)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Sales to related firms (including interuses a different basis for valuing these saprovide value data using that basis for each of the sale o	rnal consumption ales within your ach of the period	n) must be valued company, please	specify that basis		

II-7. <u>IMPORTS FROM SPAIN</u>.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-March	
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. commercial shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-March		
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
K + L - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	

IMPORTS FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments II-8. and inventories of flanges imported from all other sources combined by your firm during the specified periods.

ALL OTHER SOURCES COMBINED

(list sources:)
1	,,

		O pounds), valu Calendar years		January	-March
		_		•	I
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users (quantity) (L)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, ² Sales to related firms (including interruses a different basis for valuing these salprovide value data using that basis for each	nal consumptio les within your	n) must be valued company, please	specify that basis		

³ Identify your firm's principal export markets:

II-8. IMPORTS FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-March	
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0
1 m at a construction of the attention			/	"(O)"\	

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. commercial shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-March		
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
K + L - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	

II-9.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part II
	that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the
	explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your
	firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with
	the MS Word questionnaire.

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Tana Farrington (202-205-2389, Tana.Farrington@usitc.gov).

III-1. Contact information. -- Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

PRICE DATA

III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2013 of the following products your firm imported from India, Italy, and Spain (all subject sources), and from China (nonsubject source):

Product 1.--3 inch, 150 class, Raised Face, Weld neck standard flange (3 150 RF WN STD)

Product 2.-- 4 inch, 150 class, Raised Face, Weld neck standard flange (4 150 RF WN STD)

Product 3.-- 6 inch, 150 class, Raised Face, Weld neck standard flange (6 150 RF WN STD)

Product 4.--16 inch, 150 class, Raised Face, Weld neck standard flange (16 150 RF WN STD)

Product 5.--6 inch, 150 class, Raised Face, Slip on standard flange (6 150 RF Slip on)

Product 6.--2 inch, 150 class, Raised Face, Threaded standard flange (2 150 RF THD)

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> <u>point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

During January 2013-March 2016, did your firm import from India, Italy, and Spain (all subject sources), and from China (nonsubject source) and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products (or any products that were competitive with these products)?

YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2(a). <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from India and sold by your firm.

INDIA

Report data in actual pieces (not 1,000s of pounds) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

		Quantity in pie	ces, value in dolla	rs)		
	Produ	Product 1		Product 2		uct 3
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (i.e., gross	sales values less all	discounts, allo	wances, rebates, p	repaid freight,	and the value of re	eturned
goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S ² Pricing product definit	5. point of shipment	t.				
Pricing product definit NoteIf your firm's product provide a description of you	does not exactly m	neet the produc	ct specifications bu			

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:

Product 2:

Product 3:

Product 5: Product 6:

III-2(a). <u>Price data (continued)</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from India and sold by your firm.

INDIA

Report data in actual pieces (not 1,000s of pounds) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity in pied	ces, value in dolla	rs)		
	Product 4		Product 5		Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (<i>i.e.</i> , gross s goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. ² Pricing product definit	point of shipmen	t.		orepaid freight,	and the value of r	eturned
NoteIf your firm's product provide a description of your	•	•	•	•	•	•
Product 4:						

III-2(b). Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data for pricing products imported from Italy and sold by your firm.

ITALY

Report data in actual pieces (not 1,000s of pounds) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	((Quantity in pie	ces, value in dolla	rs)		
	Product 1		Produ	ıct 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (<i>i.e.</i> , gross s			wances, rebates, p	repaid freight,	and the value of re	eturned
goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S.	point of shipment					
² Pricing product definit	ions are provided o	on the first page	e of Part III.			

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product	ct,
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	

Product 1:

Product 2:

Product 3:

III-2(b). Price data (continued).--Report below the quarterly price data for pricing products imported from Italy and sold by your firm.

ITALY

Report data in actual pieces (not 1,000s of pounds) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	Product 4		Product 5		Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (<i>i.e.</i> , gross s	sales values less all	discounts, allo	wances, rebates, p	repaid freight,	and the value of re	eturned
goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S.	point of shipment	t.				
² Pricing product definit	ions are provided	on the first page	e of Part III.			

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4: Product 5:

Product 6:

Product 1: Product 2: Product 3:

III-2(c). <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Spain and sold by your firm.

SPAIN

Report data in actual pieces (not 1,000s of pounds) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(1	Quantity in pie	ces, value in dolla	rs)		
	Product 1		Produ	uct 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (<i>i.e.</i> , gross s	ales values less all	discounts, allo	wances, rebates, p	repaid freight,	and the value of re	eturned
goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S.						
		on the first page	o of Dort III			

Product 4: Product 5: Product 6:

III-2(c). <u>Price data (continued)</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Spain and sold by your firm.

SPAIN

Report data in actual pieces (not 1,000s of pounds) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity in pie	ces, value in dolla	rs)		
	Product 4		Product 5		Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (<i>i.e.</i> , gross s goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S ² Pricing product definit	. point of shipmen	t.		orepaid freight,	and the value of r	eturned
Note -If your firm's product provide a description of your	•	•	•	•	•	•

III-2(d). <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China and sold by your firm.

CHINA

Report data in actual pieces (not 1,000s of pounds) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in pieces, value in dollars)							
	Produ	ıct 1	Product 2		Product 3		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
¹ Net values (i.e., gross s	sales values less all	discounts, allo	wances, rebates, p	repaid freight,	and the value of r	eturned	
	. point of shipment						

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly	γ meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of your firm's product.	Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1: Product 2:

Product 3:

III-2(d). <u>Price data (continued)</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China and sold by your firm.

CHINA

Report data in actual pieces (not 1,000s of pounds) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity in pie	ces, value in dolla	ars)		
	Prod	uct 4	Prod	luct 5	Prod	luct 6
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (<i>i.e.</i> , gross s goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. ² Pricing product definit	point of shipmen	t.		prepaid freight,	and the value of	returned
Note -If your firm's product provide a description of your						
Product 4:						
Product 5:						
Product 6:						

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

that were used to compile your price data.

Pricing data methodology.—Please describe the method and the kinds of documents/records

III-3. **Price setting.--** How does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of flanges (*check all that apply*)? If your firm issues price lists, please submit sample pages of a recent list.

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

III-4. <u>Discount policy.--</u> Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

III-5. Pricing terms.--

(a) What are your firm's typical sales terms for flanges imported from India, Italy, and Spain?

Net 30 days	Net 60 days	2/10 net 30 days	Other	Other (specify)

(b) On what basis are your firm's prices of imported flanges from India, Italy, and Spain usually quoted *(check one)*?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

III-6. Contract versus spot.--Approximately what share of your firm's sales of flanges imported from India, Italy, and Spain in 2015 was on a (1) long-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) short-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

	Type of sale						
Share of 2015 sales by source	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (should sum to 100.0%)		
India	%	%	%	%	0.0	%	
Italy	%	%	%	%	0.0	%	
Spain	%	%	%	%	0.0	%	

III-7. <u>Contract provisions.</u>— Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for flanges from India, Italy, and Spain (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a long-term, short-term and/or annual contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	ltem	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
, c. pc	Both			
Meet or release	Yes			
provision	No			
Not applicab	le			

III-8. <u>Lead times.</u>—What is your firm's share of sales of flanges imported from India, Italy, and Spain from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of flanges?

	India		Italy		Spain	
Source	Share of 2015 sales (%)	Lead time (average number of days)	Share of 2015 sales (%)	Lead time (average number of days)	Share of 2015 sales (%)	Lead time (average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory						
From foreign manufacturers' inventory						
Produced to order						
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0		0.0		0.0	

0.0

U.S. Importers' Questionnaire - Flanges

Over 1,000 miles

Total (should sum to 100.0%)

II-9.	Shipping information.—(a) What is the approximate percentage of the total delivered cost of flanges imported							
		India, Italy, and Spain that is accour percent.			•			
	(b)	Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations? Your firm Purchaser (check one)						
	(c)	When your firm sells flanges imported from India, Italy, and Spain, from where is it shipped? Point of importation Storage facility (check one)						
	(d)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of flanges imported from India, Italy, and Spain that are delivered the following distances from your firm's U.S. point of shipment.						
	Dis	tance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Share (%): India	Share (%): Italy	Share (%): Spain			
	Wit	hin 100 miles						
	101	to 1,000 miles						

III-10. <u>Geographical shipments.</u>—In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold flanges imported from subject countries since January 1, 2013 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	India	Italy	Spain
NortheastCT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.			
Midwest.–IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.			
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.			
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.			
Mountains.—AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.			
Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.			
Other .—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.			

0.0

0.0

III-11. <u>End uses.</u>--List the end uses of the flanges that your firm imports from India, Italy, and Spain. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by flanges and other inputs?

	Share of total cost	Total	
			(should sum to
End use product	Flanges	Other inputs	100.0% across)
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

□ N	0	YesP	lease fill ou	t the ta	ble.		
	E	nd use in v	which this	Н		nges in the pri ected the price	ce of this substitu e for flanges?
Substitute		substitute		No	Yes	Ex	olanation
. Demand tren	nds Indica	ate how de	emand with	in the U	Jnited S	tates and outsi	de of the United
States (if kno the principal	wn) for flar factors tha Overall	nges has ch t have affe No	nanged sincected these Overall	e Janua change Fluctu	ary 1, 20 s in den	13. Explain an nand.	y trends and desc
States (if kno	wn) for flar factors tha	nges has ch t have affe	nanged sincected these	e Janua change Fluctu	ry 1, 20 s in den	13. Explain an nand.	

U.S. Im	porters' Qu	porters' Questionnaire - Flanges Page					
III-14.			ave there been ar since January 1, 2	ny significant changes in the product range, product 2013?	t mix or		
	No	Yes	If yes, please des	cribe.			
III-15.		langes ma	irket subject to bu	usiness cycles (other than general economy-widens of competition distinctive to flanges?			
	Check all	that apply	•	Please describe.			
		No		Skip to question III-16.			
		Yes-Busin seasonal l	ess cycles (e.g. ousiness)				
			distinctive s of competition				
			e been any change uary 1, 2013?	es in the business cycles or conditions of competition	on for		
	No	Yes	If yes, describe	e.			
III-16.	January 1, declining to	2013 (exa o accept n	mples include place ew customers or	used, declined, or been unable to supply flanges sir cing customers on allocation or "controlled order e renew existing customers, delivering less than the			

If yes, please describe.

No

Yes

III-17. Raw materials.-- How have flanges raw material prices changed since January 1, 2013?

Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for flanges.

III-18. <u>Interchangeability.</u>--Are flanges produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (*i.e.*, can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable

F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable

S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable

N = the products are *never* interchangeable

0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	India	Italy	Spain	China	Other countries
United States					
India					
Italy					
Spain					
China					
		-	sometimes or ne mit or preclude i	_	•

III-19. <u>Factors other than price</u>.--Are differences other than price (*e.g.*, quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between flanges produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	India	Italy	Spain	China	Other countries
United States					
India					
Italy					
Spain					
China					

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's sales of flanges, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-20. <u>Customer identification</u>.--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for flanges since January 1, 2013. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's total shipments of flanges that each of these customers accounted for in 2015.

	Customer's name	Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2015 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

III-21.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with
	the MS Word questionnaire.

HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/title 7/2016/finished carbon steel flanges india italy and/preliminary.htm.

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: FCSF

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to amy.sherman@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm did not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

Parties to this proceeding.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.