#### **U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE**

#### **CERTAIN EMULSION STYRENE-BUTADIENE RUBBER**

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by May 4, 2017

See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its antidumping investigations concerning certain emulsion styrene-butadiene rubber ("ESBR") from Brazil, Korea, Mexico, and Poland (Inv. Nos. 731-TA-1334-1337 (Final)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

Name of firm

City	State	Zip Code				
Website						
Has your firm imported ESBR (as defined on next page) from <u>any country</u> at <u>any time</u> since January 1, 2014?						
NO (Sign the certification below and promptly return <b>only</b> this page of the questionnaire to the Commission)						
YES (Comple	ete all parts of the questionnaire, and return the enti	re questionnaire to the Commission)				
•	re via the U.S. International Trade Commiss s://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/. (PIN: ESBR)	· · · ·				
	CERTIFICATION					
lge and belief and under of this certification I als	nerein supplied in response to this question estand that the information submitted is subje so grant consent for the Commission, and it	ct to audit and verification by the Commis s employees and contract personnel, to	ssion. E use th			
lge and belief and under of this certification I als	nerein supplied in response to this question estand that the information submitted is subje so grant consent for the Commission, and it estionnaire and throughout this proceeding in	ct to audit and verification by the Commis s employees and contract personnel, to	ssion. B use th			
lge and belief and under of this certification I also tion provided in this question on the same or subject of the control of	nerein supplied in response to this question estand that the information submitted is subje so grant consent for the Commission, and it estionnaire and throughout this proceeding in	ct to audit and verification by the Commission of the Commission of the Commission of the Commission of the Commission, its employees and Offices, and roceeding, or (b) in internal investigations ons of the Commission including under	use the ucted be nout the contract, audit:			
lge and belief and under of this certification I also tion provided in this question on the same or subject of the control of	nerein supplied in response to this questions is stand that the information submitted is subject of grant consent for the Commission, and it estionnaire and throughout this proceeding in similar merchandise.  The that information submitted in response to g may be disclosed to and used: (i) by the Committed in the records of this or a related part of the programs, personnel, and operation of the programs, personnel, and operation of the programs, sole	ct to audit and verification by the Commission of the Commission of the Commission of the Commission of the Commission, its employees and Offices, and roceeding, or (b) in internal investigations ons of the Commission including under	use the ucted be nout the contract, audit:			
lge and belief and under of this certification I also tion provided in this question on the same or substitution or other proceeding of all of the control o	nerein supplied in response to this questions is stand that the information submitted is subject of grant consent for the Commission, and it estionnaire and throughout this proceeding in similar merchandise.  The that information submitted in response to g may be disclosed to and used: (i) by the Commistaining the records of this or a related plang to the programs, personnel, and operationment employees and contract personnel, sole opriate nondisclosure agreements.	ct to audit and verification by the Commiss employees and contract personnel, to any other import-injury proceedings conditions this request for information and through mmission, its employees and Offices, and roceeding, or (b) in internal investigations ons of the Commission including under ly for cybersecurity purposes. I understance	use the ucted be nout the contract, audit:			

#### PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

**Background.** This proceeding was instituted in response to petitions filed on July 21, 2016, by Lion Elastomers LLC (Port Neches, TX) and East West Copolymer, LLC (Baton Rouge, LA). Antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce makes an affirmative determination of dumping. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2017/emulsion\_styrene\_butadiene\_rubber\_brazil\_korea/final.htm

<u>Certain emulsion styrene-butadiene rubber ("ESBR").</u> The product covered by these investigations is cold-polymerized emulsion styrene-butadiene rubber. The scope of the investigation includes, but is not limited to, ESBR in primary forms, bales, granules, crumbs, pellets, powders, plates, sheets, strip, etc. ESBR consists of non-pigmented rubbers and oil-extended non-pigmented rubbers, both of which contain at least one percent of organic acids from the emulsion polymerization process.

ESBR is produced and sold in accordance with a generally accepted set of product specifications issued by the International Institute of Synthetic Rubber Producers ("IISRP"). The scope of the investigation covers grades of ESB rubber included in the IISRP 1500 and 1700 series of synthetic rubbers. The 1500 grades are light in color and are often described as "Clear" or "White Rubber." The 1700 grades are oilextended and thus darker in color, and are often called "Brown Rubber."

Specifically excluded from the scope of this investigation are products which are manufactured by blending ESBR with other polymers, high styrene resin master batch, carbon black master batch (i.e., IISRP 1600 series and 1800 series) and latex (an intermediate product).

The products subject to these investigations are currently imported under the following Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS") provisions: 4002.19.0015 and 4002.19.0019. ESBR is described by Chemical Abstract Services ("CAS") Registry No. 9003-55-8. This CAS number also refers to other types of styrene butadiene rubber. Although the HTSUS subheadings and CAS registry number are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of these investigations is dispositive.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing ESBR (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

<u>Reporting of information</u>.-- If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.-- The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

**Release of information**.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages.</u>—If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Nathanael Comly (nathanael.comly@usitc.gov).

U.S. Importers'	Questionnaire -	- FSBR	(Final
U.J. IIIIpultus	Questionnane	LJUIN	(ı ıııaı

I-1.	OMB statisticsPlease report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your
	firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

	Washington, DC 20430.					
I-2.	<b>Establishments covered</b> Provide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this questionnaire. If your firm is publicly traded, please specify the stock exchange and trading symbol.					
		" <u>Establishment</u> "Each facility of a firm involved in the <u>importation</u> of ESBR, including auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such facilities.				
I-3.	OwnershipIs your firm owned	, in whole or in part, by any other firm?				
	☐ No ☐ YesList the following information					
			Extent of ownership			
	Firm name	Address	(percent)			

Related producersDoes your firm have any related firms, either domest engaged in the production of ESBR?  No YesList the following information.  Firm name Address  Importing operationsPlease indicate the nature of your firm's importing More than one answer may be applicable.  Takes title to the imported product(s) imported products(s)	Affiliation
engaged in the production of ESBR?  No YesList the following information.  Firm name Address  Importing operationsPlease indicate the nature of your firm's importing More than one answer may be applicable.  Takes title to the Consignee of the	Affiliation  g operations or  Customs bro
engaged in the production of ESBR?  No YesList the following information.  Firm name Address  Importing operationsPlease indicate the nature of your firm's importing	Affiliation
engaged in the production of ESBR?  No YesList the following information.	
engaged in the production of ESBR?  No YesList the following information.	
engaged in the production of ESBR?  No YesList the following information.	
engaged in the production of ESBR?  No YesList the following information.	
engaged in the production of ESBR?	ic or Toreign, t
Related producersDoes your firm have any related firms, either domest	ac or foreign, t
	is or foreign +
Firm name Address	Affiliation
No YesList the following information.	
United States or that are engaged in exporting ESBR from Brazil, Korea, M to the United States?	exico, and/or I

I-8. <u>FTZ, TIB, or bonded warehouses</u>.--Please indicate whether your firm enters ESBR into, or withdraws such merchandise from, foreign trade zones or bonded warehouses. Also indicate whether your firm imports ESBR under the TIB (temporary importation under bond) program.

"Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise, as well as other savings. A foreign trade zone must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.

"Bonded warehouse" is a secured facility supervised by U.S. customs, where dutiable landed imports are stored pending their re-export, or release after payment of import duties, taxes, and other charges. A bonded warehouse must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in 19 U.S.C. § 1555.

"Temporary Importation under Bond ("TIB") program" is a procedure whereby imported merchandise may be entered under certain conditions for a limited time into the United States free of duty. Under the program, an importer posts a bond for twice the amount of duty, taxes, etc. that would otherwise be owed on the importation and agrees to export or destroy the merchandise within a specified time or pay liquidated damages. This program is restricted to certain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS).

	No	Yes
Foreign trade zones		
Bonded warehouses		
Temporary importation under bond		

I-9.	Other trade actionsTo your knowledge, have the products subject to this proceeding been the subject of any other import relief proceedings in the United States or in any other countries?			
	☐ No	Yes-Please specify.		

### PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Consolidations

Prolonged shutdowns or importation curtailments

Other (e.g., technology)

Revised labor agreements

		•	ionnaire can be obtained from Nathanael Comly  . Supply all data requested on a <u>calendar-year</u> basis.
II-1.		nission staff may contact that in	fy the responsible individual and the manner by which ndividual regarding the confidential information submitted
	Name		
	Title		
	Email		
	Telepl	none	
	Fax		
II-2.	chang	es in relation to the importation	ate whether your firm has experienced any of the following in of ESBR since January 1, 2014.
	(che	ck as many as appropriate)	(If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable)
		Office/warehouse openings	
		Office/warehouse closings	
		Relocations	
		Expansions	
		Acquisitions	

<u>Arranged imports</u> Has your firm imported or arranged for the importation of ESBR for delivery after March 31, 2017?						
"Arranged imports" a for subject merchandidate listed above.	•	nose imports is not s				
	Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)					
Period/Source	Apr-Jun 2017	Jul-Sept 2017	Oct-Dec 2017	Jan-Mar 20		
Brazil		-				
Korea						
Mexico						
D. L I						
Poland						

#### **Definitions**

"Imports" –Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty) or consignee (i.e., to which the merchandise was first delivered).

"Import quantities" –Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values" — Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

**"U.S. commercial shipments"**— Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related domestic firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owns, manages, or otherwise controls.

**"Export shipments"**— Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5. <u>IMPORTS FROM BRAZIL</u>.—Report imports and shipments and inventories of ESBR imported from Brazil by your firm during the specified periods.

### **BRAZIL**

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds), value (in \$1,000)						
		Calendar years	January	-March		
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity)						
(A)						
Imports:1						
Imports under HTS 4002.19.0015						
Quantity (B)						
Value (C)						
Imports under HTS other than						
4002.19.0015 <sup>2</sup>						
Quantity (D)						
Value (E)						
U.S. shipments:						
Commercial shipments:						
Quantity (F)						
Value (G)						
Internal consumption/ company						
transfers:						
Quantity (H)						
Value³ (I)						
Export shipments: <sup>4</sup>						
Quantity (J)						
Value (K)						
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)						
Channels of distribution:						
U.S. shipments:						
To distributors ( <i>quantity</i> ) (M)						
To tire manufacturers (quantity) (N)						
To other end users (quantity) (O)						
<ul> <li>Please identify the foreign producers, if known</li> <li>Please identify the HTS numbers under which your find a sales to related firms (including internal consumptions) for valuing these sales within your constitutions.</li> </ul>	irm imported thi mption) must b	e valued at fair m		•		
using that basis for each of the periods noted abov <sup>4</sup> Identify your firm's principal export markets: _	e:					

#### II-5. IMPORTS FROM BRAZIL.—Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.</u>--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-March		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017	
A + B + D - F - H - J - L= should equal						
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: \_\_\_\_\_.

		Calendar years	January	-March	
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-6. <u>U.S. shipments by product type</u>.—Report U.S. shipments during 2016 of imports of ESBR imported from Brazil by your firm, by type.

## **BRAZIL**

Item	Calendar year 2016 Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)
U.S. shipments:	
Commercial shipments:	
1500-series ESBR (P)	
1700-series ESBR (Q)	
Total commercial shipments (R)	0
Internal consumption and transfers to related firms:	
1500-series ESBR (S)	
1700-series ESBR (T)	
Total internal consumption or transfers to related firms (U)	0

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for shipments by grade (i.e., lines P through U) in 2016 reconcile with their related data point in the prior grid, commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line F) and internal consumption or transfers to related firms (i.e., line H). If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
<b>Commercial shipments</b> : $P + Q - F = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
<b>Internal consumption and transfers to related firms</b> : S + T – H = zero ("0"),	
if not revise.	0

II-7. Monthly U.S. imports.—Report the quantities your firm's monthly U.S. imports from Brazil of ESBR from January 2014 through March 2017.

### **BRAZIL**

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)						
	Calendar years					
Month of importation	2014	2015	2016	2017		
January (V)						
February (W)						
March (X)						
April (Y)						
May (Z)						
June (AA)						
July (AB)						
August (AC)						
September (AD)						
October (AE)						
November (AF)						
December (AG)						
Total (AH)	0	0	0	0		

<u>RECONCILIATION OF MONTHLY IMPORTS</u>.--The data reported for the monthly U.S. imports in a year (i.e., lines V through AG) should be equal the U.S. imports reported the previous question (i.e., lines B and D) for that same year. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-March	
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
V +W + X + Y + Z + AA + AB + AC + AD					
+ AE + AF + AG - B - D = should equal					
zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-8. <u>IMPORTS FROM KOREA</u>.—Report imports and shipments and inventories of ESBR imported from Korea by your firm during the specified periods.

## **KOREA**

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds), value (in \$1,000)						
		Calendar years		January	-March	
ltem	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity)						
(A)						
Imports:1						
Imports under HTS 4002.19.0015						
Quantity (B)						
Value (C)						
Imports under HTS other than						
4002.19.0015 <sup>2</sup>						
Quantity (D)						
Value (E)						
U.S. shipments:						
Commercial shipments:						
Quantity (F)						
Value (G)						
Internal consumption/ company						
transfers:						
Quantity (H)						
Value³ (I)						
Export shipments: <sup>4</sup>						
Quantity (J)						
Value (K)						
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)						
Channels of distribution:						
U.S. shipments:						
To distributors ( <i>quantity</i> ) (M)						
To tire manufacturers (quantity) (N)						
To other end users (quantity) (O)						
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the foreign producers, if known <sup>2</sup> Please identify the HTS numbers under which your <sup>3</sup> Sales to related firms (including internal consudifferent basis for valuing these sales within your using that basis for each of the periods noted above. <sup>4</sup> Identify your firm's principal export markets:	firm imported this imption) must be company, please	e valued at fair m		-		

#### II-8. IMPORTS FROM KOREA.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	(	Calendar years	Januar	y-March	
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L= should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: \_\_\_\_\_.

		Calendar years	January	-March	
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-9. <u>U.S. shipments by product type</u>.—Report U.S. shipments during 2016 of imports of ESBR imported from Korea by your firm, by type.

### **KOREA**

Item	Calendar year 2016 Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)
U.S. shipments:	
Commercial shipments:	
1500-series ESBR (P)	
1700-series ESBR (Q)	
Total commercial shipments (R)	0
Internal consumption and transfers to related firms:	
1500-series ESBR (S)	
1700-series ESBR (T)	
Total internal consumption or transfers to related firms (U)	0

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for shipments by grade (i.e., lines P through U) in 2016 reconcile with their related data point in the prior grid, commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line F) and internal consumption or transfers to related firms (i.e., line H). If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
<b>Commercial shipments</b> : $P + Q - F = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
<b>Internal consumption and transfers to related firms</b> : S + T – H = zero ("0"),	
if not revise.	0

II-10a. Monthly U.S. imports.—Report the quantities your firm's monthly U.S. imports from Korea of ESBR from January 2014 through March 2017.

## **KOREA**

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)						
	Calendar years					
Month of importation	2014	2015	2016	2017		
January (V)						
February (W)						
March (X)						
April (Y)						
May (Z)						
June (AA)						
July (AB)						
August (AC)						
September (AD)						
October (AE)						
November (AF)						
December (AG)						
Total (AH)	0	0	0	0		

<u>RECONCILIATION OF MONTHLY IMPORTS</u>.--The data reported for the monthly U.S. imports in a year (i.e., lines V through AG) should be equal the U.S. imports reported the previous question (i.e., lines B and D) for that same year. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-March	
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
V +W + X + Y + Z + AA + AB + AC + AD					
+ AE + AF + AG - B - D = should equal					
zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-10b. Monthly U.S. imports subject to Commerce's preliminary affirmative critical circumstance determinations.—Report the quantities your firm's monthly U.S. imports of ESBR from Daewoo and Kumho in Korea January 2016 through March 2017.

### **KOREA – CRITICAL CIRCUMSTANCES**

Include imports from the following Korean manufacturers/exporters.—

- Daewoo International Corporation (Daewoo).
- Kumho Petrochemical Co, Ltd (Kumho)).

Exclude imports from the following Korean manufacturers/exporters.--

- LG Chem, Ltd. (LG Chem)
- All-other exporters/producers

	Quantity (in 1,000 pc	ounds)				
		Calendar years				
Month of importation	2014	2015	2016	2017		
January (V)						
February (W)						
March (X)						
April (Y)						
May (Z)						
June (AA)						
July (AB)						
August (AC)						
September (AD)						
October (AE)						
November (AF)						
December (AG)						

II-11. <u>IMPORTS FROM MEXICO</u>.—Report imports and shipments and inventories of ESBR imported from Mexico by your firm during the specified periods.

# **MEXICO**

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds), value (in \$1,000)					
		Calendar years		January	-March
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity)					
(A)					
Imports: <sup>1</sup>					
Imports under HTS 4002.19.0015					
Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
Imports under HTS other than					
4002.19.0015 <sup>2</sup>					
Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
U.S. shipments:					
Commercial shipments:					
Quantity (F)					
Value (G)					
Internal consumption/ company					
transfers:					
Quantity (H)					
Value³ (I)					
Export shipments: <sup>4</sup>					
Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
Channels of distribution:					
U.S. shipments:					
To distributors ( <i>quantity</i> ) (M)					
To tire manufacturers (quantity) (N)					
To other end users (quantity) (O)					
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the foreign producers, if known <sup>2</sup> Please identify the HTS numbers under which your fi <sup>3</sup> Sales to related firms (including internal consultifierent basis for valuing these sales within your cusing that basis for each of the periods noted above <sup>4</sup> Identify your firm's principal export markets:	rm imported this mption) must be ompany, please	e valued at fair m		-	

#### II-11. IMPORTS FROM MEXICO.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			Januar	y-March
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L= should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: \_\_\_\_\_.

	Calendar years			January	-March
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-12. <u>U.S. shipments by product type</u>.—Report U.S. shipments during 2016 of imports of ESBR imported from Mexico by your firm, by type.

### **MEXICO**

Item	Calendar year 2016 Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)
U.S. shipments:	
Commercial shipments:	
1500-series ESBR (P)	
1700-series ESBR (Q)	
Total commercial shipments (R)	0
Internal consumption and transfers to related firms:	
1500-series ESBR (S)	
1700-series ESBR (T)	
Total internal consumption or transfers to related firms (U)	0

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for shipments by grade (i.e., lines P through U) in 2016 reconcile with their related data point in the prior grid, commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line F) and internal consumption or transfers to related firms (i.e., line H). If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
<b>Commercial shipments</b> : $P + Q - F = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
<b>Internal consumption and transfers to related firms</b> : S + T – H = zero ("0"),	
if not revise.	0

II-13. Monthly U.S. imports.—Report the quantities your firm's monthly U.S. imports from Mexico of ESBR from January 2014 through March 2017.

### **MEXICO**

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)					
	Calendar years				
Month of importation	2014	2015	2016	2017	
January (V)					
February (W)					
March (X)					
April (Y)					
May (Z)					
June (AA)					
July (AB)					
August (AC)					
September (AD)					
October (AE)					
November (AF)					
December (AG)					
Total (AH)	0	0	0	0	

<u>RECONCILIATION OF MONTHLY IMPORTS</u>.--The data reported for the monthly U.S. imports in a year (i.e., lines V through AG) should be equal the U.S. imports reported the previous question (i.e., lines B and D) for that same year. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January	-March
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
V +W + X + Y + Z + AA + AB + AC + AD					
+ AE + AF + AG - B - D = should equal					
zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-14. <u>IMPORTS FROM POLAND</u>.—Report imports and shipments and inventories of ESBR imported from Poland by your firm during the specified periods.

# **POLAND**

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds), value (in \$1,000)					
		Calendar years		January	-March
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity)					
(A)					
Imports: <sup>1</sup>					
Imports under HTS 4002.19.0015					
Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
Imports under HTS other than					
4002.19.0015 <sup>2</sup>					
Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
U.S. shipments:					
Commercial shipments:					
Quantity (F)					
Value (G)					
Internal consumption/ company					
transfers:					
Quantity (H)					
Value³ (I)					
Export shipments: <sup>4</sup>					
Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
Channels of distribution:					
U.S. shipments:					
To distributors ( <i>quantity</i> ) (M)					
To tire manufacturers (quantity) (N)					
To other end users (quantity) (O)					
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the foreign producers, if known <sup>2</sup> Please identify the HTS numbers under which your fi <sup>3</sup> Sales to related firms (including internal consultifierent basis for valuing these sales within your cusing that basis for each of the periods noted above <sup>4</sup> Identify your firm's principal export markets:	rm imported this mption) must be ompany, please	e valued at fair m		-	

#### II-14. IMPORTS FROM POLAND.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			Januar	y-March
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L= should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: \_\_\_\_\_.

	Calendar years			January	-March
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-15. <u>U.S. shipments by product type</u>.—Report U.S. shipments during 2016 of imports of ESBR imported from Poland by your firm, by type.

### **POLAND**

Item	Calendar year 2016 Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)
U.S. shipments:	
Commercial shipments:	
1500-series ESBR (P)	
1700-series ESBR (Q)	
Total commercial shipments (R)	0
Internal consumption and transfers to related firms:	
1500-series ESBR (S)	
1700-series ESBR (T)	
Total internal consumption or transfers to related firms (U)	0

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for shipments by grade (i.e., lines P through U) in 2016 reconcile with their related data point in the prior grid, commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line F) and internal consumption or transfers to related firms (i.e., line H). If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
<b>Commercial shipments</b> : $P + Q - F = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
<b>Internal consumption and transfers to related firms</b> : S + T – H = zero ("0"),	
if not revise.	0

II-16. Monthly U.S. imports.—Report the quantities your firm's monthly U.S. imports from Poland of ESBR from January 2014 through March 2017.

### **POLAND**

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)							
	Calendar years						
Month of importation	2014	2015	2016	2017			
January (V)							
February (W)							
March (X)							
April (Y)							
May (Z)							
June (AA)							
July (AB)							
August (AC)							
September (AD)							
October (AE)							
November (AF)							
December (AG)							
Total (AH)	0	0	0	0			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF MONTHLY IMPORTS</u>.--The data reported for the monthly U.S. imports in a year (i.e., lines V through AG) should be equal the U.S. imports reported the previous question (i.e., lines B and D) for that same year. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January	-March
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
V +W + X + Y + Z + AA + AB + AC + AD					
+ AE + AF + AG - B - D = should equal					
zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-17. <u>IMPORTS FROM CHINA</u>.—Report imports and shipments and inventories of ESBR imported from China (a nonsubject source) by your firm during the specified periods.

## **CHINA**

Quanti	ty (in 1,000 po	unds), value (in	\$1,000)		
		Calendar years			-March
ltem	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity)					
(A)					
Imports:1					
Imports under HTS 4002.19.0015					
Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
Imports under HTS other than					
4002.19.0015 <sup>2</sup>					
Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
U.S. shipments:					
Commercial shipments:					
Quantity (F)					
Value (G)					
Internal consumption/ company					
transfers:					
Quantity (H)					
Value³ (I)					
Export shipments: <sup>4</sup>					
Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
Channels of distribution:					
U.S. shipments:					
To distributors ( <i>quantity</i> ) (M)					
To tire manufacturers (quantity) (N)					
To other end users (quantity) (O)					
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the foreign producers, if known <sup>2</sup> Please identify the HTS numbers under which your <sup>3</sup> Sales to related firms (including internal consudifferent basis for valuing these sales within your using that basis for each of the periods noted above. <sup>4</sup> Identify your firm's principal export markets:	firm imported this imption) must be company, please	e valued at fair m		-	

#### II-17. IMPORTS FROM CHINA.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			Januar	ry-March
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L = should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: \_\_\_\_\_.

		Calendar years	January	-March	
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-18. <u>U.S. shipments by product type</u>.—Report U.S. shipments during 2016 of imports of ESBR imported from China by your firm, by type.

### **CHINA**

Item	Calendar year 2016 Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)
U.S. shipments:	
Commercial shipments:	
1500-series ESBR (P)	
1700-series ESBR (Q)	
Total commercial shipments (R)	0
Internal consumption and transfers to related firms:	
1500-series ESBR (S)	
1700-series ESBR (T)	
Total internal consumption or transfers to related firms (U)	0

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for shipments by grade (i.e., lines P through U) in 2016 reconcile with their related data point in the prior grid, commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line F) and internal consumption or transfers to related firms (i.e., line H). If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
<b>Commercial shipments</b> : $P + Q - F = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
<b>Internal consumption and transfers to related firms</b> : S + T – H = zero ("0"),	
if not revise.	0

II-19. Monthly U.S. imports.—Report the quantities your firm's monthly U.S. imports from China of ESBR from January 2014 through March 2017.

### **CHINA**

	Quantity (in 1,000 po	unds)					
	Calendar years						
Month of importation	2014	2015	2016	2017			
January (V)							
February (W)							
March (X)							
April (Y)							
May (Z)							
June (AA)							
July (AB)							
August (AC)							
September (AD)							
October (AE)							
November (AF)							
December (AG)							
Total (AH)	0	0	0	(			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF MONTHLY IMPORTS</u>.--The data reported for the monthly U.S. imports in a year (i.e., lines V through AG) should be equal the U.S. imports reported the previous question (i.e., lines B and D) for that same year. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January	-March
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
V +W + X + Y + Z + AA + AB + AC + AD					
+ AE + AF + AG - B - D = should equal					
zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-20 <u>IMPORTS FROM GERMANY</u>.—Report imports and shipments and inventories of ESBR imported from Germany (a nonsubject source) by your firm during the specified periods.

## **GERMANY**

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds), value (in \$1,000)						
		Calendar years		January	-March	
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity)						
(A)						
Imports:1						
Imports under HTS 4002.19.0015						
Quantity (B)						
Value (C)						
Imports under HTS other than						
4002.19.0015 <sup>2</sup>						
Quantity (D)						
Value (E)						
U.S. shipments:						
Commercial shipments:						
Quantity (F)						
Value (G)						
Internal consumption/ company						
transfers:						
Quantity (H)						
Value³ (I)						
Export shipments: <sup>4</sup>						
Quantity (J)						
Value (K)						
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)						
Channels of distribution:						
U.S. shipments:						
To distributors ( <i>quantity</i> ) (M)						
To tire manufacturers (quantity) (N)						
To other end users (quantity) (O)						
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the foreign producers, if known <sup>2</sup> Please identify the HTS numbers under which your fi <sup>3</sup> Sales to related firms (including internal consumplifier to the prior of the periods noted above the periods n	irm imported this mption) must be ompany, please	e valued at fair m				

#### II-20. IMPORTS FROM GERMANY.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			Januar	ry-March
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L = should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: \_\_\_\_\_.

		Calendar years	January-March		
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-21. <u>U.S. shipments by product type</u>.—Report U.S. shipments during 2016 of imports of ESBR imported from Germany by your firm, by type.

### **GERMANY**

Item	Calendar year 2016 Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)
U.S. shipments:	
Commercial shipments:	
1500-series ESBR (P)	
1700-series ESBR (Q)	
Total commercial shipments (R)	0
Internal consumption and transfers to related firms:	
1500-series ESBR (S)	
1700-series ESBR (T)	
Total internal consumption or transfers to related firms (U)	0

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for shipments by grade (i.e., lines P through U) in 2016 reconcile with their related data point in the prior grid, commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line F) and internal consumption or transfers to related firms (i.e., line H). If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
<b>Commercial shipments</b> : $P + Q - F = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
<b>Internal consumption and transfers to related firms</b> : S + T – H = zero ("0"),	
if not revise.	0

II-22. Monthly U.S. imports.—Report the quantities your firm's monthly U.S. imports from Germany of ESBR from January 2014 through March 2017.

### **GERMANY**

Qua	ntity ( <i>in 1,000 po</i>	unds)					
	Calendar years						
Month of importation	2014	2015	2016	2017			
January (V)							
February (W)							
March (X)							
April (Y)							
May (Z)							
June (AA)							
July (AB)							
August (AC)							
September (AD)							
October (AE)							
November (AF)							
December (AG)							
Total (AH)	0	0	0	0			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF MONTHLY IMPORTS</u>.--The data reported for the monthly U.S. imports in a year (i.e., lines V through AG) should be equal the U.S. imports reported the previous question (i.e., lines B and D) for that same year. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-March		
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
V +W + X + Y + Z + AA + AB + AC + AD					
+ AE + AF + AG - B - D = should equal					
zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-23. <u>IMPORTS FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES</u>.—Report imports and shipments and inventories of ESBR imported from **all other sources** combined by your firm during the specified periods.

# **ALL OTHER SOURCES**

(list sources:	1
•	_

Quantit	y (in 1,000 po	unds), value (in	\$1,000)		
		Calendar years	January-March		
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports:1					
Imports under HTS 4002.19.0015					
Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
Imports under HTS <u>other than</u> 4002.19.0015 <sup>2</sup> Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
U.S. shipments:					
Commercial shipments:  Quantity (F)					
Value (G)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers:  Quantity (H)					
Value³ (I)					
Export shipments: <sup>4</sup> Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (M)					
To tire manufacturers (quantity) (N)					
To other end users (quantity) (O)					
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the foreign producers, if known <sup>2</sup> Please identify the HTS numbers under which your f <sup>3</sup> Sales to related firms (including internal consu different basis for valuing these sales within your cusing that basis for each of the periods noted above didentify your firm's principal export markets:	irm imported this mption) must b ompany, please	e valued at fair m		-	

#### II-23. IMPORTS FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES COMBINED.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	(	Calendar years	January-March		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L= should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: \_\_\_\_\_.

		Calendar years	January-March		
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-24. <u>U.S. shipments by product type</u>.—Report U.S. shipments during 2016 of imports of ESBR imported from all other sources combined by your firm, by type.

#### **ALL OTHER SOURCES**

Item	Calendar year 2016 Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)
U.S. shipments:	
Commercial shipments:	
1500-series ESBR (P)	
1700-series ESBR (Q)	
Total commercial shipments (R)	0
Internal consumption and transfers to related firms:	
1500-series ESBR (S)	
1700-series ESBR (T)	
Total internal consumption or transfers to related firms (U)	0

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for shipments by grade (i.e., lines P through U) in 2016 reconcile with their related data point in the prior grid, commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line F) and internal consumption or transfers to related firms (i.e., line H). If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
<b>Commercial shipments</b> : $P + Q - F = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
<b>Internal consumption and transfers to related firms</b> : S + T – H = zero ("0"),	
if not revise.	0

II-25. Monthly U.S. imports.—Report the quantities your firm's monthly U.S. imports from all other sources of ESBR from January 2014 through March 2017.

### **ALL OTHER SOURCES**

	Quantity (in 1,000 po	unds)			
	Calendar years				
Month of importation	2014	2015	2016	2017	
January (V)					
February (W)					
March (X)					
April (Y)					
May (Z)					
June (AA)					
July (AB)					
August (AC)					
September (AD)					
October (AE)					
November (AF)					
December (AG)					
Total (AH)	0	0	0		

<u>RECONCILIATION OF MONTHLY IMPORTS</u>.--The data reported for the monthly U.S. imports in a year (i.e., lines V through AG) should be equal the U.S. imports reported the previous question (i.e., lines B and D) for that same year. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January	-March
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
V +W + X + Y + Z + AA + AB + AC + AD					
+ AE + AF + AG - B - D = should equal					
zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-26.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part II that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below (e.g. timing or trends in U.S. imports, swaps or similar arrangements).
	Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

#### PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Emily Burke (202-205-3191, <a href="maily.Burke@usitc.gov">Emily.Burke@usitc.gov</a>).

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>-- Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in Part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

#### PRICE DATA

III-2a. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2014 of the following products your firm imported from subject countries Brazil, Korea, Mexico, and Poland and nonsubject countries China and Germany:

<u>Product 1</u>.--IISRP 1502 grade of ESBR in all forms, <u>sold under annual contracts</u>

Product 2.-- IISRP 1502 grade of ESBR in all forms, sold as spot sales

Product 3.--IISRP 1507 grade of ESBR in all forms

Product 4.--IISRP 1500 grade of ESBR in all forms

Product 5.--IISRP 1712 grade of ESBR in all forms

<u>Product 6</u>.--IISRP 1783 grade of ESBR in all forms

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> <u>point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

During January 2014-March 2017, did your firm import from subject countries Brazil, Korea, Mexico, and Poland and/or nonsubject countries China and Germany and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products (or any products that were competitive with these products)?

YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2b. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Brazil and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

### **Brazil**

		(Quantity in	pounds, value in do	llars)		
	Produ	ıct 1	Product 2		Produ	ıct 3
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2b. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Brazil and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

### **Brazil**

		(Quantity in	pounds, value in do	llars)		
	Produ	ıct 4	Product 5		Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						
<sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sa	les values less all di	scounts, allowance	s, rebates, prepaid fre	ight, and the value	of returned goods), f.	o h vour firm's

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:	
Product 3:	
Product 6:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2c. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Korea and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

#### Korea

		(Quantity in	pounds, value in do	llars)		
	Produ	ıct 1	Product 2		Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2c. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Brazil and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

### Korea

(Quantity <i>in pounds,</i> value <i>in dollars</i> )						
	Produ	ıct 4	Produ	uct 5	Produ	ıct 6
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with tl	he specified product
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported	l pricing data.

Product 1:	
Product 2:	
Product 3:	
Product 4:	
Product 6:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2d. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Mexico and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

## Mexico

		(Quantity in	pounds, value in do	llars)		
	Produ	ıct 1	Produ	ıct 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2d. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Brazil and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

## Mexico

(Quantity <i>in pounds,</i> value <i>in dollars</i> )						
	Produ	ıct 4	Produ	uct 5	Produ	ıct 6
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with tl	he specified product
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported	l pricing data.

Product 1:	
Product 2:	
Product 3:	
Product 4:	
Product 6:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2e. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Poland and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

## **Poland**

		(Quantity in	pounds, value in do	llars)		
	Produ	ıct 1	Produ	ıct 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2e. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Brazil and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

## **Poland**

Prod	luct 6
Quantity	Value
of r	eturned goods). 1

NoteIf your firm	's product does n	ot exactly meet t	he product spec	ifications but is	competitive with the	ne specified product
provide a descripti	ion of your firm's	product. Also, p	lease explain an	y anomalies in y	our firm's reported	pricing data.

Product 1:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2f. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from China (non-subject) and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

## **China (nonsubject)**

		(Quantity in	pounds, value in do	llars)		
	Product 1		Produ	ıct 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2f. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Brazil and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

# **China (nonsubject)**

(Quantity <i>in pounds,</i> value <i>in dollars</i> )					
Prod	luct 6				
Quantity	Value				
of r	eturned goods). 1				

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:	
Product 3:	
Product 6:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2g. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Germany (non-subject) and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

## **Germany (nonsubject)**

		(Quantity in	pounds, value in do	llars)		
	Product 1		Produ	ıct 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2g. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Brazil and sold by your firm. Please indicate what physical form each pricing product takes in the 'Note' section.

# **Germany (nonsubject)**

(Quantity in pounds, value in dollars)						
	Product 4		Produ	uct 5	Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						
<sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sa	lles values less all di	scounts, allowance	s, rebates, prepaid fre	ight, and the value	of returned goods), f.	o.b. your firm

NoteIf your firm's product do	es not exactly meet the pro	oduct specifications but is	competitive with the	specified product,
provide a description of your fir	m's product. Also, please	explain any anomalies in y	our firm's reported p	oricing data.

Product 1:	
Product 3:	
Product 6:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

U.S. Im	J.S. Importers' Questionnaire - ESBR (Final) Page 53							
III-2h.	<u>Pricing data methodology.</u> —Please describe the method and the kinds of documents/records that were used to compile your price data.							
the pre price de	Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.							
III-3.	Price set	ting						
			•		•		charges for sales of ESBR (check all that mit sample pages of a recent list.	
	Transac by transac		Contracts	Set price lists	Other		If other, describe	
	E		f yes, plea	se describe	your mos		or transaction by transaction sales of nly used formula.	
	No	Ye	s If yes	, please de	scribe.			
			]					
III-4.	Discount apply).	policy	Please i	ndicate and	d describe	your firm	's discount policies ( <i>check all that</i>	
			Annual total	No				
	Quanti	tv	volume	discount				
	discour	-	liscounts	policy	Other		Describe	
III-5.	Pricing te	erms						
		What ar and Pola	•	n's typical s	sales term	s for ESBF	R imported from Brazil, Korea, Mexico,	
		Net 3		_	0 net 30 days	Other	Other (specify)	
				]				

U.S.	Importers'	Questionnaire - ESBR	(Final)
U.J.	IIIIporters	Questionnanc Esbit	(i iiiai

(b)	On what basis are your firm's prices of imported ESBR from Brazil, Korea, Mexic	o, and
	oland usually quoted (check one)?	

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

#### III-6. <u>Contract versus spot</u>.—

(a) Approximately what share of your firm's sales of ESBR imported from Brazil, Korea, Mexico, and Poland in 2016 was on a (1) long-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) short-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

	Calendar year				
	2014	2015	2016		
Type of sale	Share of sales (percent)				
Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)					
Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)					
Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)					
Spot sales (for a single delivery)					
<b>Total</b> (each column should sum to 100.0%)	0.0	0.0	0.0		

(b) If your firm experienced large shifts in types of sales, please explain the reasons for the shifts.

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

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#### III-7. Contract provisions.--

(a) Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for ESBR from Brazil, Korea, Mexico, and Poland (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a long-term, short-term and/or annual contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
and, or price	Both			
Meet or release	Yes			
provision	No			
Not applicable				
(b) If your firm allows price renegotiations during a contract period, how often do they occur during the contract?				
N/A If y	N/A If yes, please describe.			

(c)	Please	se describe any pricing mechanisms used during price renegotiations.	

III-8. <u>Lead times.</u>—What is your firm's share of sales of ESBR imported from Brazil, Korea, Mexico, and Poland from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of ESBR?

Source	Share of 2016 sales	Lead time (average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

III-9.	<b>Shipping</b>	informa	tion.—
III J.	JIIIPPIIIE	1111011114	

(a)	What is the approximate percentage of the total delivered cost of ESBR imported from Brazil, Korea, Mexico, and Poland that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs? percent.
(b)	Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations?  Your firm Purchaser (check one)
(c)	When your firm sells ESBR imported from Brazil, Korea, Mexico, and Poland, from where is it shipped?  Point of importation Storage facility (check one)
(d)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of ESBR imported from Brazil, Korea, Mexico, and Poland that are delivered the following distances from your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Distance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Share
Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

III-10.	Geographical shipmentsIn which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold ESBR
	imported from subject countries since January 1, 2014 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	Brazil	Korea	Mexico	Poland
Northeast.–CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.				
<b>Midwest</b> .—IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.				
<b>Southeast</b> .—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.				
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.				
Mountains.–AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.				
Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.				
<b>Other</b> .—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.				

III-11. <u>End uses.</u>--List the end uses of the ESBR that your firm imports from Brazil, Korea, Mexico, and Poland. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by ESBR and other inputs?

	Share of total cost account	Total	
End use product	ESBR	Other inputs	(should sum to 100.0% across)
Tires	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

III-12. Substit	2. <u>Substitutes</u> Can other products be substituted for ESBR?						
No YesPlease fill out the table.							
		End use in which this	На		anges in the price of this substitute affected the price for ESBR?		
Substitu	ıte	substitute is used	No	Yes	Explanation		

	End use in which this	affected the price for ESBR?				
Substitute	substitute is used	No	Yes	Explanation		

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III-13.	<b>Demand trends.</b> Indicate how demand within the United States and outside of the United
	States (if known) for ESBR has changed since January 1, 2014. Explain any trends and describe
	the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand.

the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand.								
Mark	Market			Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explanation and factors		
Within the Ur	nited States							
Outside the U								
III-14.		_	lave there bee nce January 1		ficant changes in t	the product range, product mix or		
	No Yes If yes, please describe.							
III-15.		SBR mark	ket subject to	-	cles (other than goistinctive to ESBR´	eneral economy-wide conditions) ?		
	Check all t	hat apply	<b>/.</b>	Please	Please describe.			
		No		Skip to	question III-16.			
			ess cycles (e.¿ business)	g.				
			r distinctive s of competit	ion				
	(b) If yes, have there been any changes in the business cycles or conditions of competition for ESBR since January 1, 2014?							
	No Yes If yes, describ			cribe.				

U.S. In	nporters'	Question	naire -	<b>FSBR</b>	(Final)

III-16.	<u>Supply constraints.</u> Has your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply ESBR since
	January 1, 2014 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order entry,"
	declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the
	quantity promised, been unable to meet timely shipment commitments, etc.)?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-17. Raw materials.-- How have ESBR raw material prices changed since January 1, 2014?

Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for ESBR.

III-18. <u>Interchangeability</u>.--Is ESBR produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country- pair	Brazil	Korea	Mexico	Poland	China	Germany	Other countries
United States							
Brazil							
Korea		$\times$					
Mexico			$\times$				
Poland				><			
China					$\times$		
Germany							

For any country-pair producing ESBR that is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude interchangeable use:

III-19. <u>Factors other than price</u>.--Are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between ESBR produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country- pair	Brazil	Korea	Mexico	Poland	China	Germany	Other countries
United States							
Brazil							
Korea							
Mexico		$\times$	$\times$				
Poland				$\times$			
China					$\times$		
Germany					$\times$		

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's sales of ESBR, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-20. <u>Interchangeability of products.</u>-- Are certain grades of ESBR interchangeable with each other and/or interchangeable with certain out-of-scope related products (e.g., do oil-extended grades, types of polymers used, and/or manufacturing techniques affect ESBR being used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = the products are *always* interchangeable

F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable

S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable

N = the products are *never* interchangeable

0 = *no familiarity* with products

Product-pair	1700 series ESBR	All other out- of-scope cold ESBR	Solution styrene- butadiene rubber ("SSBR")	Carbon black master batch ("CBMB")	Hot polymerized styrene- butadiene rubber
1500 series ESBR					
1700 series ESBR					
All other out-of- scope cold ESBR					
SSBR					
СВМВ					

For any product-pair that is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, identify the product-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude interchangeable use:

III-21. <u>Customer identification.</u>--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for ESBR since January 1, 2014. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's total shipments of ESBR that each of these customers accounted for in 2016.

	Customer's name	Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2016 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

#### III-22. Competition from U.S. producers

(a) <u>Lost revenue</u>.--Since January 1, 2014: To avoid losing sales to domestically produced ESBR, did your firm:

	No	Yes
Reduce prices		
Roll back announced price increases		

(b) <u>Lost sales.</u>—Since January 1, 2014: Did your firm lose sales of ESBR to domestic producers?

No	Yes	

III-23.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

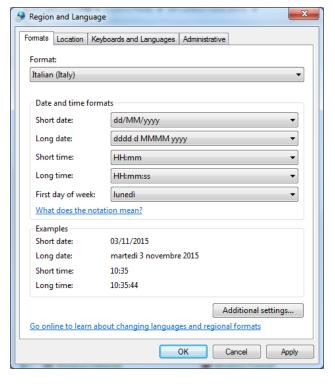
Correcting Valid number error messages. -- If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The US International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

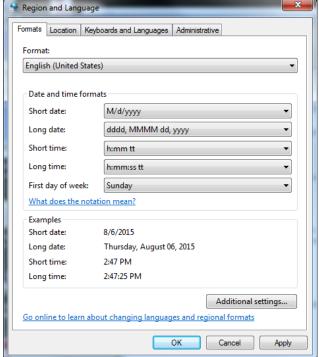
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the USITC foreign producer questionnaire form. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





## **HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE**

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2017/emulsion\_styrene\_butadiene\_rubber\_brazil\_korea/final.

**Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document**. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: <a href="https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/">https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/</a> Pin: ESBR

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to <a href="mathanael.comly@usitc.gov">nathanael.comly@usitc.gov</a>; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

**If your firm** did not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.