### FOREIGN PRODUCERS'/EXPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

### STAINLESS STEEL SHEET AND STRIP FROM JAPAN, KOREA, AND TAIWAN

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by May 12, 2017

See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its reviews of the countervailing duty order concerning stainless steel sheet and strip from Korea and the antidumping duty orders concerning stainless steel sheet and strip from Japan, Korea, and Taiwan (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-382 and 731-TA-800, 801, and 803 (Third Review)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII.

Name of firm \_\_\_\_\_

Address											-
Website											_
Has your firm January 1, 20	•	exported stai	inless steel sheet	and strip (as	define	d on n	ext page	) at an	/ time	since	
□NO	(Sign the cer	tification below	w and promptly ret	urn <b>only</b> this pa	age of	he ques	tionnair	e to the	Comm	ission)	
☐ YES	(Complete a	l parts of the q	questionnaire, and	return the entir	re ques	tionnaiı	e to the	Commis	sion)		
Data reporte	ed in this qu	estionnaire r	relate to (Check	one):							
	Japan		Korea			Taiwa	1				
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dge and belief and of this certification provided inted by the Commundersigned, ack ding or other properties, and evaluation in the control of the control o	nd understantion I also gonthis question is in the ission on the inceeding mains relating to S. governme	d that the ingrant consent nnaire and to same or similar information be disclosed taining the root temployees	in response to the formation submit	his questionnitted is subjectission, and its proceeding in response to fill by the Contract of and operations of the contract	ct to description any this remaissance consolution and the consolu	udit and oloyees other equest on, its ling, or f the (	d verific and co import- for info employ (b) in i	cation ontract injury ormatio ees an nterna sion in	by the perso proced on and d Offi I inves	e Comi onnel, edings d thro ces, a stigati g una	to u to u or r ugho nd co ons, ler 5
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#### PART I.--GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.-- On July 27, 1999, the Department of Commerce ("Commerce") issued the antidumping duty orders on imports of stainless steel sheet and strip from Japan, Korea, and Taiwan (64 FR 40565 and 64 FR 40555) and on August 6, 1999, Commerce issued the countervailing duty order on imports of stainless steel sheet and strip Korea (64 FR 42923). Following five-year reviews by Commerce and the Commission, effective August 4, 2005, Commerce issued a continuation of the countervailing duty order on imports of stainless steel sheet and strip Korea and the antidumping duty orders on imports of stainless steel sheet and strip from Japan, Korea, and Taiwan (70 FR 44886). Following second five-year reviews by Commerce and the Commission, effective August 11, 2011, Commerce issued a second continuation of the countervailing duty order on imports of stainless steel sheet and strip Korea and the antidumping duty orders on imports of stainless steel sheet and strip from Japan, Korea, and Taiwan and (76 FR 49726). On July 1, 2016, the Commission instituted a review pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1675(c)) (the Act) to determine whether revocation of the orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the domestic industry within a reasonably foreseeable time. Each order for which the Commission and Commerce make affirmative determinations will remain in place. If the Commission makes a negative determination on a particular order, the Department of Commerce will revoke that order. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2016/stainless steel sheet and strip japan korea and/third review full.htm.

Stainless steel sheet and strip ("SSSS").-- The merchandise covered by these AD and CVD orders is stainless steel sheet and strip in coils. Stainless steel is an alloy steel containing, by weight, 1.2 percent or less of carbon and 10.5 percent or more of chromium, with or without other elements. The subject sheet and strip is a flat-rolled product in coils that is greater than 9.5 mm in width and less than 4.75 mm in thickness, and that is annealed or otherwise heat treated and pickled or otherwise descaled. The subject sheet and strip may also be further processed (e.g., cold-rolled, polished, aluminized, coated, etc.) provided that it maintains the specific dimensions of sheet and strip following such processing.

The merchandise subject to these orders is classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) at subheadings: 7219.13.00.31, 7219.13.00.51, 7219.13.00.71, 7219.13.00.81, 7219.14.00.30, 7219.14.00.65, 7219.14.00.90, 7219.32.00.05, 7219.32.00.20, 7219.32.00.25, 7219.32.00.35, 7219.32.00.36, 7219.32.00.38, 7219.32.00.42, 7219.32.00.44, 7219.33.00.05, 7219.33.00.20, 7219.33.00.25, 7219.33.00.35, 7219.33.00.36, 7219.33.00.38, 7219.33.00.38, 7219.33.00.42, 7219.33.00.44, 7219.34.00.05, 7219.34.00.20, 7219.34.00.25, 7219.34.00.30, 7219.34.00.35, 7219.35.00.05, 7219.35.00.15, 7219.35.00.30, 7219.35.00.35, 7219.90.00.10, 7219.90.00.20, 7219.90.00.25, 7219.90.00.60, 7219.90.00.80, 7220.12.10.00, 7220.12.50.00, 7220.20.10.10, 7220.20.10.15, 7220.20.10.60, 7220.20.10.80, 7220.20.60.05, 7220.20.60.10, 7220.20.60.15, 7220.20.60.60, 7220.20.60.80, 7220.20.70.05, 7220.20.70.10, 7220.20.70.15, 7220.20.70.60, 7220.20.70.80, 7220.20.90.00.80. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the Department's written description of the merchandise subject to these orders is dispositive.

Excluded from the scope of these orders are the following: (1) Sheet and strip that is not annealed or otherwise heat treated and pickled or otherwise descaled, (2) sheet and strip that is cut to length, (3) plate (*i.e.*, flat-rolled stainless steel products of a thickness of 4.75 mm or more), (4) flat wire (*i.e.*, cold-rolled sections, with a prepared edge, rectangular in shape, of a width of not more than 9.5 mm), and (5)

razor blade steel, (6) flapper valve steel, (7) suspension foil, (8) certain stainless steel foil for automotive catalytic converters, (9) permanent magnet iron-chromium-cobalt alloy stainless strip, (10) certain electrical resistance ally steel, (11) certain martensitic precipitation-hardenable stainless steel, and (12) three specialty stainless steels typically used in certain industrial blades and surgical and medication instruments. Items 5 through 12 are further described below.

Razor blade steel is a flat-rolled product of stainless steel, not further worked than cold-rolled (cold-reduced), in coils, of a width of not more than 23 mm and a thickness of 0.266 mm or less, containing, by weight, 12.5 to 14.5 percent chromium, and certified at the time of entry to be used in the manufacture of razor blades. See Chapter 72 of the HTSUS, "Additional U.S. Note" 1(d).

Flapper valve steel is also excluded from the scope. This product is defined as stainless steel strip in coils containing, by weight, between 0.37 and 0.43 percent carbon, between 1.15 and 1.35 percent molybdenum, and between 0.20 and 0.80 percent manganese. This steel also contains, by weight, phosphorus of 0.025 percent or less, silicon of between 0.20 and 0.50 percent, and sulfur of 0.020 percent or less. The product is manufactured by means of vacuum arc remelting, with inclusion controls for sulphide of no more than 0.04 percent and for oxide of no more than 0.05 percent. Flapper valve steel has a tensile strength of between 210 and 300 ksi, yield strength of between 170 and 270 ksi, plus or minus 8 ksi, and a hardness (Hv) of between 460 and 590. Flapper valve steel is most commonly used to produce specialty flapper valves in compressors.

Suspension foil excluded from the scope is a specialty steel product used in the manufacture of suspension assemblies for computer disk drives. Suspension foil is described as 302/304 grade or 202 grade stainless steel of a thickness between 14 and 127 microns, with a thickness tolerance of plus-orminus 2.01 microns, and surface glossiness of 200 to 700 percent Gs. Suspension foil must be supplied in coilwidths of not more than 407 mm, and with a mass of 225 kg or less. Roll marks may only be visible on one side, with no scratches of measurable depth. The material must exhibit residual stresses of 2 mm maximum deflection, and flatness of 1.6 mm over 685 mm length.

Certain stainless steel foil for automotive catalytic converters is also excluded from the scope. This stainless steel strip in coils is a specialty foil with a thickness of between 20 and 110 microns used to produce a metallic substrate with a honeycomb structure for use in automotive catalytic converters. The steel contains, by weight, carbon of no more than 0.030 percent, silicon of no more than 1.0 percent, manganese of no more than 1.0 percent, chromium of between 19 and 22 percent, aluminum of no less than 5.0 percent, phosphorus of no more than 0.045 percent, sulfur of no more than 0.03 percent, lanthanum of less than 0.002 or greater than 0.05 percent, and total rare earth elements of more than 0.06 percent, with the balance iron.

Permanent magnet iron-chromium-cobalt alloy stainless strip is also excluded from the scope. This ductile stainless steel strip contains, by weight, 26 to 30 percent chromium, and 7 to 10 percent cobalt, with the remainder of iron, in widths 228.6 mm or less, and a thickness between 0.127 and 1.270 mm. It exhibits magnetic remanence between 9,000 and 12,000 gauss, and a coercivity of between 50 and 300 oersteds. This product is most commonly used in electronic sensors and is currently available under proprietary trade names such as "Arnokrome III." 1

Certain electrical resistance alloy steel is also excluded from the scope. This product is defined as a non-magnetic stainless steel manufactured to American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) specification B344 and containing, by weight, 36 percent nickel, 18 percent chromium, and 46 percent iron, and is most notable for its resistance to high temperature corrosion. It has a melting point of 1390

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Arnokrome III" is a trademark of the Arnold Engineering Company.

degrees Celsius and displays a creep rupture limit of 4 kilograms per square millimeter at 1000 degrees Celsius. This steel is most commonly used in the production of heating ribbons for circuit breakers and industrial furnaces, and in rheostats for railway locomotives. The product is currently available under proprietary trade names such as "Gilphy 36."<sup>2</sup>

Certain martensitic precipitation-hardenable stainless steel is also excluded from the scope. This high-strength, ductile stainless steel product is designated under the Unified Numbering System (UNS) as S45500-grade steel, and contains, by weight, 11 to 13 percent chromium, and 7 to 10 percent nickel. Carbon, manganese, silicon and molybdenum each comprise, by weight, 0.05 percent or less, with phosphorus and sulfur each comprising, by weight, 0.03 percent or less. This steel has copper, niobium, and titanium added to achieve aging, and will exhibit yield strengths as high as 1700 Mpa and ultimate tensile strengths as high as 1750 Mpa after aging, with elongation percentages of 3 percent or less in 50 mm. It is generally provided in thicknesses between 0.635 and 0.787 mm, and in widths of 25.4 mm. This product is most commonly used in the manufacture of television tubes and is currently available under proprietary trade names such as "Durphynox 17."<sup>3</sup>

Three specialty stainless steels typically used in certain industrial blades and surgical and medical instruments are also excluded from the scope. These include stainless steel strip in coils used in the production of textile cutting tools (e.q., carpet knives). <sup>4</sup> This steel is similar to AISI grade 420 but containing, by weight, 0.5 to 0.7 percent of molybdenum. The steel also contains, by weight, carbon of between 1.0 and 1.1 percent, sulfur of 0.020 percent or less, and includes between 0.20 and 0.30 percent copper and between 0.20 and 0.50 percent cobalt. This steel is sold under proprietary names such as "GIN4 Mo." The second excluded stainless steel strip in coils is similar to AISI 420-J2 and contains, by weight, carbon of between 0.62 and 0.70 percent, silicon of between 0.20 and 0.50 percent, manganese of between 0.45 and 0.80 percent, phosphorus of no more than 0.025 percent and sulfur of no more than 0.020 percent. This steel has a carbide density on average of 100 carbide particles per 100 square microns. An example of this product is "GIN5" steel. The third specialty steel has a chemical composition similar to AISI 420 F, with carbon of between 0.37 and 0.43 percent, molybdenum of between 1.15 and 1.35 percent, but lower manganese of between 0.20 and 0.80 percent, phosphorus of no more than 0.025 percent, silicon of between 0.20 and 0.50 percent, and sulfur of no more than 0.020 percent. This product is supplied with a hardness of more than Hv 500 guaranteed after customer processing, and is supplied as, for example, "GIN6".5

In addition, as a result of changed circumstances reviews, the Department has revoked, in part, the Japanese AD order with respect to imports of the following products:<sup>6</sup>

- Stainless steel welding electrode strips that are manufactured in accordance with American Welding Society (AWS) specifications ANSI/AWS A5.9-93
- Certain stainless steel used for razor blades, medical surgical blades, and industrial blades that are sold under proprietary names such as DSRIK7, DSRIKA, and DSRIK9;
- Certain stainless steel lithographic sheet that is made of 304-grade stainless steel; and
- Certain nickel clad stainless steel sheet.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Gilphy 36" is a trademark of Imphy, S.A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "Durphynox 17" is a trademark of Imphy, S.A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This list of uses is illustrative and provided for descriptive purposes only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> "GIN4 Mo," "GIN5" and "GIN6" are the proprietary grades of Hitachi Metals America, Ltd.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See the following Federal Register notices entitled Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip in Coils From Japan: Final Results of Changed Circumstance Antidumping Duty Review, and Determination To Revoke Order in Part: 65 FR 17856, April 5, 2000; 65 FR 54841, September 11, 2000; 65 FR 64423, October 27, 2000; and 65 FR 77578, December 12, 2000.

**Reporting of information**.-- If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, purchaser and/or foreign producer questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

**Release of information**.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages.</u>—If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Michael Szustakowksi (202-205-3169, mgs@usitc.gov).

I-1.	OMB statisticsPlease report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to you
	firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 30 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

I-2. <u>Establishments covered.</u>-- Provide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this questionnaire. If your firm is publicly traded, please specify the stock exchange and trading symbol.

"Establishment" Each facility of a firm in Japan, Korea, or Taiwan involved in the production or
export of stainless steel sheet and strip, including auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with
(whether or not physically separate from) such facilities. Firms operating more than one
establishment in Japan, Korea, or Taiwan should combine the data for all establishments into a
single report.

I-3. <u>U.S. importers</u>.--Please provide the names, contacts, email addresses, and telephone numbers of the <u>FIVE</u> largest U.S. importers of your firm's stainless steel sheet and strip in 2016.

No.	Importer's name	Contact person	Email address	Area code and telephone number	Share of your firm's 2016 U.S. exports (%)
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					

capability t	er country productionDoes your firm or any related firm produce, have the o produce, or have any plans to produce stainless steel sheet and strip in the United ther countries?
No	YesPlease name the firm(s) and country(ies) below and, if U.S. producer(s), ensure that they complete the Commission's producer questionnaire.

No	YesPlease name the firm(s) below and ensure that they complete the Commission's importer questionnaire.
business p	planIn Parts II and III of this questionnaire we request a copy of your company's clan. Does your company or any related firm have a business plan or any internal ts that describe, discuss, or analyze expected future market conditions for stainless et and strip?

### PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Michael Szustakowski (202-205-3169, <a href="mailto:mgs@usitc.gov">mgs@usitc.gov</a>). Supply all data requested on a <a href="mailto:calendar-year">calendar-year</a> basis.

II-1.	<u>Contact information</u> Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which
	Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted
	in part II.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

II-2. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the production of stainless steel sheet and strip since January 1, 2011.

Chec	k as many as appropriate.	If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable.
	Plant openings	
	Plant closings	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Prolonged shutdowns or production curtailments	
	Revised labor agreements	
	Other (e.g., technology)	

No	Yes—Supply details as to the time, nature, and significance of such cha and provide underlying assumptions, along with relevant portion business plans or other supporting documentation that address issue. Include in your response a specific projection of your fire capacity to produce stainless steel sheet and strip (in short ton 2017 and 2018.
	I changes in operations in the event the order is revokedWould your firm inv changes in the character of its operations or organization (as noted above)
anticipate a relating to duty order orders cond	I changes in operations in the event the order is revoked.—Would your firm any changes in the character of its operations or organization (as noted above) the production of stainless steel sheet and strip in the future if the countervailing concerning stainless steel sheet and strip from Korea and the antidumping duty terning stainless steel sheet and strip from Japan, Korea, and Taiwan on stainlest and strip from Japan, Korea, and Taiwan were to be revoked?

II-5a. **Production using same HRAP machinery.**-- Please report your firm's production of products made on the same equipment and machinery used to produce stainless steel sheet and strip, and the combined production capacity on this shared equipment and machinery in the periods indicated.

"Overall production capacity" or "capacity" – The level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the specified periods. Assume normal operating conditions (i.e., using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate; normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year) and time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup).

"Production" – All production in your U.S. establishment(s), including production consumed internally within your firm and production for another firm under a toll agreement.

Quantity (in short tons)					
Calendar year					y-March
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Hot-rolled annealed and pickled (HRAP) steel: Overall production capacity (A)					
Production HRAP In-scope SSSS to be further processed/CR (B)					
In-scope SSSS to be sold as HRAP (C)					
All in-scope HRAP SSSS (D)	0	0	0	0	0
All out-of-scope other products (E)					
Total production on same machinery (F)	0	0	0	0	0
Your firm's allocation of overall HRAP capacity to all in-scope HRAP SSSS (G)					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data reported in line G should represent the portion of overall HRAP capacity reported in line A that covers all SSSS production in line E, and should exclude any portion of the overall production capacity used for the production of out-of-scope products.

- II-5b. <a href="HRAP operating parameters">HRAP operating parameters</a>.--The production capacity reported is based on operating hours per week, weeks per year. Report any date-specific periods when the establishments were not operating (i.e., not actually producing product) at the reported parameters.
- II-5c. <u>HRAP capacity calculations.</u>--Please describe the methodology used to calculate overall production capacity in line A as well as allocate overall capacity to all in-scope HRAP stainless steel sheet and strip in line G, and explain any changes in reported capacity.
- II-5d. <u>HRAP production constraints</u>.--Please describe the constraint(s) that set the limit(s) on your firm's stainless steel sheet and strip hot-rolled production capacity.

II-6a. Production using same CR machinery.—Please report your firm's production of products made on the same equipment and machinery used to produce stainless steel sheet and strip, and the combined production capacity on this shared equipment and machinery in the periods indicated.

Quantity (in short tons)					
		Calendar year		Januar	y-March
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Cold rolled (CR) steel: Overall production capacity (H)					
Production CR In-scope CR SSSS (I)					
Out-of-scope other products (J)					
Total production on same machinery (K)	0	0	0	0	0
Your firm's allocation of overall CR capacity to in-scope CR SSSS $\left(L\right)^1$					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data reported in line L should represent the portion of overall CR capacity reported in line H that covers all SSSS production in line I, and should exclude any portion of the overall production capacity used for the production of out-of-scope products.

- II-6b. <u>CR operating parameters.</u>—The production capacity reported is based on operating \_\_\_\_\_ hours per week, \_\_\_\_\_ weeks per year. Report any date-specific periods when the establishments were not operating (i.e., not actually producing product) at the reported parameters.
- II-6c. <u>CR capacity calculations.</u>--Please describe the methodology used to calculate overall production capacity in line H as well as allocate overall capacity to all in-scope CR stainless steel sheet and strip in line L, and explain any changes in reported capacity.
- II-6d. **CR production constraints**.--Please describe the constraint(s) that set the limit(s) on your firm's stainless steel sheet and strip hot-rolled production capacity.

I-7.	Produ	uct shifting.							
	(a)		Is your firm able to switch production (capacity) between stainless steel sheet and strip a other products using the same equipment and/or labor?						
		☐ No	Yes (i.e., have produced other proproducts). Please identify other actual of	•					
	(b)	between prod	e the factors that affect your firm's ability ucts (e.g., time, cost, relative price change enhance or constrain such shifts.						
-8. -9.	repre	sented by sales o	percentage of your firm's total sales in its of stainless steel sheet and strip? p	ercent.					
-9.	produ	uction of stainles	e of production in countryPlease estims steel sheet and strip in the country spectirm's production in 2016 percent	ified on the certification page					
-10.	the U	nited States of st	e of country's exportsPlease estimate trainless steel sheet and strip from the couryour firm's exports in 2016 perce	ntry specified on the certification					
-11.	stainl		ted StatesHas your firm, since 2014, mand strip in the United States (not including I-3)?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	"Inve	<i>ntories"</i> Finishe	d goods inventory, not raw materials or w	ork in progress.					
	□ N	o Ye	sReport the quantity of such end-of-per	iod inventories below.					
			Quantity (in short tons)						
			Calendar year	January-March					

	Quantity (in short tons)					
	Calendar year January-March					
Item	2014	2015	2016	2017		
Inventory						

II-12.	<u>Third country trade actions</u> Is the stainless steel sheet and strip exported by your firm subject to antidumping/countervailing duty/safeguard findings, remedies, or proceedings?
	No YesList the products(s), countries affected, and the date of such findings/remedies/proceedings.
II-13.	Other export marketsIdentify export markets (other than the United States) that your firm has developed or where it has increased its sales of stainless steel sheet and strip since 2011. Please identify and discuss below.
II-14.	Significance of countervailing duty/antidumping duty ordersDescribe the significance of the countervailing duty order concerning stainless steel sheet and strip from Korea and the antidumping duty orders concerning stainless steel sheet and strip from Japan, Korea, and Taiwan in terms of their effect on your firm's production capacity, production, home market shipments, exports to the United States and other markets, and inventories. You may wish to compare your firm's operations before and after the imposition of the order.
II-15.	Anticipated changes if order revokedWould your firm anticipate any changes in its production capacity, production, home market shipments, exports to the United States and other markets, or inventories relating to the production of stainless steel sheet and strip in the future if the countervailing duty order concerning stainless steel sheet and strip from Korea and the antidumping duty orders concerning stainless steel sheet and strip from Japan, Korea, and Taiwan were to be revoked?
	No Yes–Supply details as to the time, nature, and significance of such changes and provide underlying assumptions, along with relevant portions of business plans or other supporting documentation for any trends or projections you may provide.

II-16. <u>Trade data</u>.--Report your firm's production capacity, production, shipments, and inventories related to the production of stainless steel sheet and strip in your establishment(s) in Japan, Korea, or Taiwan during the specified periods. Do not include resales of stainless steel sheet and strip that your firm did not produce in this question; those data to the degree they are exported to the United States should only be reported in question II-18.

<u>Do not submit data by manufacturing facility if they are in the same country.</u> If your firm has multiple manufacturing establishments within one country, you are required to combine data for those establishments within one foreign producer questionnaire response.

<u>Do not submit data on multiple countries combined</u>. The establishments reported here should all be located in the country of the firm's address reported on the certification page. Multinational companies with production in multiple subject countries should submit separate foreign producer questionnaire responses for each subject country.

"Average production capacity" or "capacity" –The level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the specified periods for all products manufactured in that establishment using the same manufacturing equipment. Assume normal operating conditions (i.e., using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate; normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year) and time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup; and a typical or representative product mix).

"Production" -- All production in your establishment(s) in Japan, Korea, or Taiwan, including production consumed internally within your firm.

"Shipments"--Shipments of products produced in your establishment(s) in Japan, Korea, or Taiwan. Quantities reported should be net of returns. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment in Japan, Korea, or Taiwan.

"Home market commercial shipments"--Shipments, other than internal consumption and transfers to related firms, within Japan, Korea, or Taiwan.

"Home market internal consumption/transfers to related firms"--Shipments made to related firms in Japan, Korea, or Taiwan, including product consumed internally by your firm.

"Export shipments" -- Shipments to destinations outside Japan, Korea, or Taiwan, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories"--Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work-in-progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

# II-16. <u>Trade data</u>.--*Continued*.

Qua	antity (in short to	ons) and Value (ir	1,000 dollars)				
		Calendar year Janua					
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017		
Average production capacity (M)							
Beginning-of-period inventories (N)							
Production (O) <sup>2</sup>	0	0	0	0	0		
Home market shipments: Internal consumption/ transfers quantity (P)							
value (Q)							
Commercial shipments quantity (R)							
value (S)							
Export shipments: to the United States: quantity (T)							
value (U)							
to the European Union: <sup>3</sup> quantity (V)							
value (W)							
to Asia:⁴ quantity (X)							
value (Y)							
to all other markets: <sup>5</sup> quantity (Z)							
value (AA)							
Total exports (quantity) (AB)	0	0	0	0	0		
Total shipments (quantity) (AC)	0	0	0	0	0		
End-of-period inventories (AD)							
<sup>1</sup> The production capacity reported describe the methodology used to calc <sup>2</sup> Production of all in-scope SSSS is t will auto populate into this question or <sup>3</sup> Identify your firm's principal <i>Euro</i> <sup>4</sup> Identify your firm's principal <i>Asian</i> <sup>5</sup> Identify your firm's principal <i>other</i>	ulate production the sum of data nce entered into pean Union expo n export markets	n capacity, and expreported in line C the aforemention ort markets:	in question II-5a ned lines.		acity:		

#### II-16. <u>Trade data</u>.—*Continued*.

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, PRODUCTION, AND INVENTORY.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line AD) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line N), plus production (i.e., line O), less total shipments (i.e., lines P, R, T, V, X, and Z). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		Calendar year	January-March		
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
N + O - P - R - T - V - X - Z - AD = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0
<sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:					

### II-17. Shipments by product grade.--Report your firm's total shipments by grade of stainless steel.

	2016				
Item	Quantity (short tons)	Value (in \$1,000)			
Total shipments:					
Grade 201 (AE)					
Grade 304 (AF)					
Grade 316 (AG)					
Grade 409 (AH)					
Grade 430 (AI)					
All others <sup>1</sup> (AJ)					
Total (AK)	0	0			
<sup>1</sup> Please identify these products:					

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS BY GRADE</u>-- Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for total shipments by grade (i.e., lines AK) is equal the quantity and value reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line AG) in 2016 reported in question II-16. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Item	Quantity (short tons)	Value (in \$1,000)
Reconciliation with question II-16, should =		
zero ("0"), if not revise prior to submission.	0	0

II-18. Exports to the United States not produced by your firm.--Report your firm's exports to the United States of stainless steel sheet and strip that was produced in Japan, Korea, or Taiwan but not by your firm during the specified periods. Note these data should <u>not</u> be included in question II-16.

Quantity (in short tons) and Value (in 1,000 dollars)						
		Calendar year		January-March		
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017	
Exports of stainless steel sheet and strip to the United States not produced by your firm <sup>1</sup> .—  Quantity <sup>1</sup>						
Value						
<sup>1</sup> List the producer(s).	•				<u>.</u>	

II-19.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part II that did not provide a narrative box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

### PART III.--MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Cindy Cohen (202-205-3230, <a href="mailto:cindy.cohen@usitc.gov">cindy.cohen@usitc.gov</a>).

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>-- Please identify the responsible individual and how Commission staff may contact the individual regarding the confidential information submitted in part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

III-2. Contract versus spot.--Approximately what share of your firm's sales of stainless steel sheet and strip to U.S. customers in 2016 was on a (1) long-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) short-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum t 100.0%	ld o
Share of your 2016 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

III-3. <u>Contract provisions.</u>— Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts with U.S. customers for stainless steel sheet and strip (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a long-term, short-term and/or annual contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	ltem	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
	Both			
Meet or release	Yes			
provision	No			
Not applicab	le			

III-4. <u>Lead times.</u>—What is your firm's share of sales from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of stainless steel sheet and strip?

Source	Share of 2016 sales	Lead time (average number of days)
From inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

III-5. **Raw materials.**--Indicate how stainless steel sheet and strip raw materials prices have changed since January 1, 2011, and how you expect they will change in the future.

Raw materials prices	Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for stainless steel sheet and strip.
Changes since January 1, 2011					
Anticipated changes					

III-6. Changes in factors affecting supply.--Have any changes occurred in any other factors affecting supply (e.g., changes in availability or prices of energy or labor; transportation conditions; production capacity and/or methods of production; technology; export markets; or alternative production opportunities) that affected the availability of Japan, Korea, and Taiwan-produced stainless steel sheet and strip in the U.S. market since January 1, 2011?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-7.		y of Japa								
	Increase	No change	Decrease	If you anticipate changes in supply, please identify the changes, including the time period and the impact of such changes on shipment volumes and prices.						
III-8.	Product shiftingDescribe how easily your firm can shift its sales of stainless steel sheet and strip between the U.S. market and alternative country markets. In your discussion, please describe any contracts, other sales arrangements, or other constraints (including any third-country trade barriers such as tariffs, quotas, or other non-tariff barriers) that would prevent or retard your firm from shifting stainless steel sheet and strip between the U.S. and alternative country markets within a 12-month period.									
III-9.	in your fir	m's hom	e market (	act range, product mix, or marketing of stainless steel sheet and strip different from that of stainless steel sheet and strip for export to the untry markets?						
	No	Yes	If yes, ple	ase explain.						
III-10.	or marke	ting of sta ates, or f	ainless ste or export	re been any significant changes in the product range, product mix, el sheet and strip in your firm's home market, for export to the to third-country markets since January 1, 2011? Do you anticipate						
	Chang product product mark	range, mix, or	No Yes	Explain						
	Changes January 1									
	Anticipat changes	ed								

III-11.	Substitu	<u>ıtes</u>									
	(a)	Can other	prod	products be substituted for stainless steel sheet and strip?							
		☐ No	YesPlease fill out the table.								
		End use in which this				Have changes in the price of this substitute affected the price for stainless steel sheet and strip?					
1	Substitu	substitute is used			No	Yes	Explanation				
1.											
2.											
3.											
		nges in titutes	No	Yes				Explain			
	Changes since		110								
	January										
	Anticipa change	1, 2011 ated									
III-12.	Anticipa change Intercha	t 1, 2011 ated s angeabilit	rcha	ngeabl	e ( <i>i.e.</i> , can be used	in the	e sam	roduced by your firm and sold in its be applications) with your firm's d/or to third-country markets?			
III-12.	Anticipa change Intercha	t 1, 2011 ated s angeabilit	erchar	ngeabl d strip	e ( <i>i.e.</i> , can be used sold to the United	in the State	e sam es and	roduced by your firm and sold in its e applications) with your firm's			

Other markets

End uses.—									
and	sell to y I sheet a	our fi	rm's hor	ne market.	If these end i	and strip that your firm manufactuuses differ from those of the stainle ket or to third-country markets,			
(b) Have	there I	oeen	any char	nges in the e	end uses of st	ainless steel sheet and strip since			
(b) Have there been any changes in the end uses of stainless steel sheet and strip since January 1, 2011? Do you anticipate any future changes?									
Changes in uses	end	No	Yes			Explain			
Changes sind January 1, 2									
Anticipated changes	Anticipated								
	ain any f	trend , the	s and de	scribe the p	rincipal facto nd.	cipate demand will change in the rs that have affected, and that yo			
	Demand since January 1, 2011								
Home market		ise	change	Overall decrease  Demand s	Fluctuate with no clear trend since January	Explanation and factors			
United		ise	change	decrease	with no clear trend	·			
States		ase	change	decrease	with no clear trend	·			
States Other markets		ase	change	decrease	with no clear trend	·			
Other		ase	change	Demand s	with no clear trend	1, 2011			
Other		ase	change	Demand s	with no clear trend since January	1, 2011			

III-15.			Please compare market prices of stainless steel sheet and strip in your firm's United States, and third-country markets.				
III-16.	-		me marketDescribe briefly your firm's home market for stainless steel sheet g the number of, and competition between, producers.				
III-17.	<u>Import competition.</u> Does your firm face competition from imports of stainless steel sheet and strip in your firm's home market?						
	No	Yes	If yes, please identify the country sources of these imports.				
III-18.	etc. that supply (ir States, (2 Taiwan, a	you are ancluding place of the second (3) the secon	Please provide as a separate attachment to this request any studies, surveys, tware of that quantify and/or otherwise discuss stainless steel sheet and strip production capacity and capacity utilization) and demand in (1) the United the other major producing/consuming countries, including Japan, Korea, and e world as a whole. Of particular interest is such data from 2011 to the asts for the future.				
III-19.	that did r explanati firm had	not provio ion in the in provid	nsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III de a narrative response box, please note the question number and the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your ing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with stionnaire.				

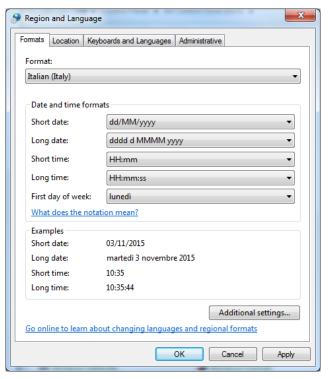
Correcting Valid number error messages.—If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The US International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

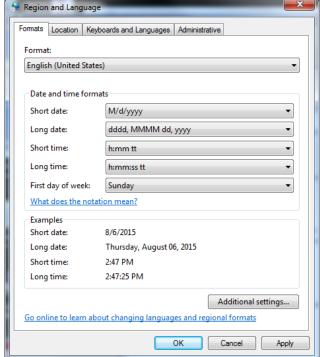
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the USITC foreign producer questionnaire form. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





# **HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE**

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2016/stainless steel sheet and strip ja pan korea and/third review full.htm

**Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document**. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: STS3

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to mgs@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

**If your firm** did not produce or export this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.