U.S. PURCHASERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

HOT-ROLLED STEEL FLAT PRODUCTS

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by June 9, 2016

See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its antidumping and countervailing duty investigations concerning hot-rolled steel flat products from Australia, Brazil, Japan, Korea, the Netherlands, Turkey, and the United Kingdom (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-545-547 and 731-TA-1291-1297 (Final)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)). Further information on this questionnaire can be obtained from John Benedetto (202-205-3270, john.benedetto@usitc.gov).

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			7in Code	
		State	Lip code	
	urchased hot-rolled steel (a	es defined on next page) fro	om <u>any</u> source (domestic or foreign) a	t any
□ NO	(Sign the certification below as	nd promptly return only this p	page of the questionnaire to the Commissi	ion)
☐ YES	(Complete all parts of the ques	stionnaire, and return the ent	ire questionnaire to the Commission)	
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Fax _

Email address

Signature

PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.--This proceeding was instituted in response to a petition filed on August 11, 2015, by AK Steel Corporation (West Chester, Ohio), ArcelorMittal USA LLC (Chicago, Illinois), Nucor Corporation (Charlotte, North Carolina), SSAB Enterprises, LLC (Lisle, Illinois), Steel Dynamics, Inc. (Fort Wayne, Indiana), and United States Steel Corporation (Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania). Antidumping and countervailing duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce makes an affirmative determination of subsidization and/or dumping. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at http://wwwadmin.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2016/hot_rolled_steel_flat_products_australia_braz_il/final.htm

Hot-Rolled Steel. -- The products covered by these investigations are certain hot-rolled, flat-rolled steel products, with or without patterns in relief, and whether or not annealed, painted, varnished, or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances. The products covered do not include those that are clad, plated, or coated with metal. The products covered include coils that have a width or other lateral measurement ("width") of 12.7 mm or greater, regardless of thickness, and regardless of form of coil e.g., in successively superimposed layers, spirally oscillating, etc.). The products covered also include products not in coils (e.g., in straight lengths) of a thickness of less than 4.75 mm and a width that is 12.7 mm or greater and that measures at least 10 times the thickness. The products described above may be rectangular, square, circular, or other shape and include products of either rectangular or non-rectangular cross-section where such cross-section is achieve subsequent to the rolling process, i.e., products which have been "worked after rolling" (e.g., products which have been beveled or rounded at the edges).

For purposes of the width and thickness requirements referenced above:

- (1) Where the nominal and actual measurements vary, a product is within the scope if application of either the nominal or actual measurement would place it within the scope based on the definitions set forth above unless the resulting measurement makes the product covered by the existing antidumping or countervailing duty² orders on Certain Cut-To-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate Products From the Republic of Korea (A–580–836; C–580–837), and
- (2) where the width and thickness vary for a specific product (e.g., the thickness of certain products with non-rectangular crosssection, the width of certain products with non-rectangular shape, etc.), the measurement at its greatest width or thickness applies.

Steel products included in the scope of this investigation are products in which: (1) Iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; (2) the carbon content is 2 percent or less, by

¹ Notice of Amendment of Final Determinations of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Orders: Certain Cut-To-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate Products From France, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan and the Republic of Korea, 65 FR 6585 (February 10, 2000).

² Notice of Amended Final Determinations: Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate From India and the Republic of Korea; and Notice of Countervailing Duty Orders: Certain Cut-To-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate From France, India, Indonesia, Italy, and the Republic of Korea, 65 FR 6587 (February 10, 2000).

weight; and (3) none of the elements listed below exceeds the quantity, by weight, respectively indicated:

- 2.50 percent of manganese, or
- 3.30 percent of silicon, or
- 1.50 percent of copper, or
- 1.50 percent of aluminum, or
- 1.25 percent of chromium, or
- 0.30 percent of cobalt, or
- 0.40 percent of lead, or
- 2.00 percent of nickel, or
- 0.30 percent of tungsten, or
- 0.80 percent of molybdenum, or
- 0.10 percent of niobium, or
- 0.30 percent of vanadium, or
- 0.30 percent of zirconium.

Unless specifically excluded, products are included in this scope regardless of levels of boron and titanium.

For example, specifically included in this scope are vacuum degassed, fully stabilized (commonly referred to as interstitial-free (IF)) steels, high strength low alloy (HSLA) steels, the substrate for motor lamination steels, Advanced High Strength Steels (AHSS), and Ultra High Strength Steels (UHSS). IF steels are recognized as low carbon steels with micro-alloying levels of elements such as titanium and/or niobium added to stabilize carbon and nitrogen elements. HSLA steels are recognized as steels with micro-alloying levels of elements such as chromium, copper, niobium, titanium, vanadium, and molybdenum. The substrate for motor lamination steels contains micro-alloying levels of elements such as silicon and aluminum. AHSS and UHSS are considered high tensile strength and high elongation steels, although AHSS and UHSS are covered whether or not they are high tensile strength or high elongation steels.

Subject merchandise includes hot-rolled steel that has been further processed in a third country, including but not limited to pickling, oiling, levelling, annealing, tempering, temper rolling, skin passing, painting, varnishing, trimming, cutting, punching, and/or slitting, or any other processing that would not otherwise remove the merchandise from the scope of the investigation if performed in the country of manufacture of the hot-rolled steel.

All products that meet the written physical description, and in which the chemistry quantities do not exceed any one of the noted element levels listed above, are within the scope of this investigation unless specifically excluded. The following products are outside of and/or specifically excluded from the scope of this investigation:

The following products are outside of and/or specifically excluded from the scope of these investigations:

• Universal mill plates (i.e., hot-rolled, flat-rolled products not in coils that have been rolled on four faces or in a closed box pass, of a width exceeding 150 mm but not exceeding 1250 mm, of a thickness not less than 4.0 mm, and without patterns in relief);

- Products that have been cold-rolled (cold-reduced) after hot-rolling;³
- Ball bearing steels;⁴
- Tool steels;⁵ and
- Silico-manganese steels;⁶

The products subject to this investigation are currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under item numbers: 7208.10.1500, 7208.10.3000, 7208.10.6000, 7208.25.3000, 7208.25.6000, 7208.26.0030, 7208.26.0060, 7208.27.0030, 7208.27.0060, 7208.36.0030, 7208.36.0060, 7208.37.0030, 7208.37.0060, 7208.38.0015, 7208.38.0030, 7208.38.0090, 7208.39.0015, 7208.39.0030, 7208.39.0090, 7208.40.6030, 7208.40.6060, 7208.53.0000, 7208.54.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7211.14.0030, 7211.14.0090, 7211.19.1500, 7211.19.2000, 7211.19.3000, 7211.19.4500, 7211.19.6000, 7211.19.7530, 7211.19.7560, 7211.19.7590, 7225.11.0000, 7225.19.0000, 7225.30.3050, 7225.30.7000, 7225.40.7000, 7225.99.0090, 7226.11.1000, 7226.11.9030, 7226.11.9060, 7226.19.1000, 7226.19.9000, 7226.91.5000, 7226.91.7000, and 7226.91.8000. The products subject to the investigation may also enter under the following HTSUS numbers: 7210.90.9000, 7211.90.0000, 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, 7212.50.0000, 7214.91.0015, 7214.91.0060, 7214.91.0090, 7214.99.0060, 7214.99.0075, 7214.99.0090, 7215.90.5000, 7226.99.0180, and 7228.60.6000.The HTSUS subheadings above are provided for convenience and U.S. Customs purposes only. The written description of the scope of the investigation is dispositive.

Certain alloy hot-rolled steel products ("Alloy hot-rolled steel" or "Alloy within scope hot-rolled steel").--Alloy hot-rolled steel, a <u>subset of hot-rolled steel</u>, in which: (1) iron predominates by weight, over each of the other contained elements; (2) the carbon content is 2 percent or less, by weight; and (3) one or more of the elements listed below is present in the quantity, by weight, respectively indicated:

- 0.30 1.50 percent of aluminum,
- 0.0008 unlimited percent of boron,
- 0.40 1.50 percent of copper,
- 0.30 1.25 percent of chromium,
- 1.65 2.50 percent of manganese,
- 0.08 0.80 percent of molybdenum,
- 0.30 2.00 percent of nickel,

percent of silicon.

³ For purposes of this scope exclusion, rolling operations such as a skin pass, levelling, temper rolling or other minor rolling operations after the hot-rolling process for purposes of surface finish, flatness, shape control, or gauge control do not constitute cold-rolling sufficient to meet this exclusion.

⁴ Ball bearing steels are defined as steels which contain, in addition to iron, each of the following elements by

weight in the amount specified: (i) Not less than 0.95 nor more than 1.13 percent of carbon; (ii) not less than 0.22 nor more than 0.48 percent of manganese; (iii) none, or not more than 0.03 percent of sulfur; (iv) none, or not more than 0.03 percent of phosphorus; (v) not less than 0.18 nor more than 0.37 percent of silicon; (vi) not less than 1.25 nor more than 1.65 percent of chromium; (vii) none, or not more than 0.28 percent of nickel; (viii) none, or not more than 0.38 percent of copper; and (ix) none, or not more than 0.09 percent of molybdenum.

5 Tool steels are defined as steels which contain the following combinations of elements in the quantity by weight respectively indicated: (i) More than 1.2 percent carbon and more than 10.5 percent chromium; or (ii) not less than 0.3 percent carbon and 1.25 percent or more but less than 10.5 percent chromium; or (iii) not less than 0.85 percent carbon and 1 percent to 1.8 percent, inclusive, manganese; or (iv) 0.9 percent to 1.2 percent, inclusive, chromium and 0.9 percent to 1.4 percent, inclusive, molybdenum; or (v) not less than 0.5 percent carbon and not less than 5.5 percent tungsten.

6 Silico-manganese steel is defined as steels containing by weight: (i) Not more than 0.7 percent of carbon; (ii) 0.5 percent or more but not more than 1.9 percent of manganese, and (iii) 0.6 percent or more but not more than 2.3

- 0.06 0.10 percent of niobium (also called columbium),
- 0.60 3.30 percent of silicon,
- 0.05 unlimited percent of titanium,
- 0.10 0.30 percent of vanadium,
- 0.05 0.30 percent of zirconium.

<u>Purchaser</u>.--Any firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in purchasing hot-rolled steel from another firm that produces, imports, or otherwise distributes hot-rolled steel.

Reporting of information.-- If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.-- The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

<u>Release of information</u>.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

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OMB statistics		
	Please report the actual number of hours req	uired and the cost to your firm of
completing this q		
Hours	Dollars	
issues of concern and as limited as 25 hours per re	this questionnaire have been reviewed with a are adequately addressed and that data repossible. Public reporting burden for this quesponse, including the time for reviewing eviewing the questionnaire.	equests are sufficient, meaningful, estionnaire is estimated to average
reducing the bur	nmments regarding the accuracy of this bedden, and any suggestions for improving this ur response or send to the Office of Inverse.	questionnaire. Please attach such
	overed Provide the name and address of yo	our U.S. establishment(s) covered
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I-4.	or foreign, which import hot- Turkey or United Kingdom int countries to the United States	_						
	Firm name	Address	Affiliation					
	Japan, Korea, Netherlands, Tu hot-rolled steel from countrie	pport hot-rolled steel from countries ourkey and United Kingdom into the United Standom into the United that the United that the United Standom information.	ited States or which export					
	Firm name and country	Address	Affiliation					
I-6.	produce hot-rolled steel?	ur firm have any related firms, either on the following information.	domestic or foreign, which					
	Firm name	Address	Affiliation					

PART II.--PURCHASES

<u>Contact information.</u>-- Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in this questionnaire.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

II-1. Purchases and inventories. —

(a) <u>Purchases</u>.--Report your firm's total U.S. purchases of hot-rolled steel. (Do not include imports for which your firm was the importer of record; such imports should be reported in your U.S. importer's questionnaire).

Item	2013	2014	2015
Purchases of hot-rolled steel produced in	Quantity (in short tons)		
United States			
Australia			
Brazil			
Japan			
Korea			
Netherlands			
Turkey			
United Kingdom			
Canada (nonsubject)			
All other countries ¹			
Sources unknown			
Total purchases	0.0	0.0	0.0
¹ Please identify these countries:			

II-1. (b) <u>Inventories</u>.—Report your firm's end-of-period (EOP) inventories of hot-rolled steel.

Item	2013	2014	2015
Ending inventories of cold-rolled steel produced in:	Quantity (in short tons)		
United States			
Australia			
Brazil			
Japan			
Korea			
Netherlands			
Turkey			
United Kingdom			
Canada (nonsubject)			
All other countries			
Sources unknown			
Total EOP inventories	0.0	0.0	0.0

II-2.	Changes in purchasing patternsPlease indicate how the shares of your firm's purchases of
	hot-rolled steel from different sources have changed since January 1, 2013. If you answer
	fluctuated, please describe the changes in each year.

	Source of purchases	Did not purchase	Decreased	Increased	Constant	Fluctuated	Explanation for trend
	United States						
	Australia						
	Brazil						
•	Japan						
•	Korea						
•	Netherlands						
	Turkey						
	United Kingdom						
	Canada						
	All other countries						
	Sources unknown						
II-3.			ne country plain the r	-	-	-	sed hot-rolled steel from only one

II-4. <u>Supplier identification.</u>--Please list your firm's <u>FIVE</u> largest suppliers for hot-rolled steel since January 1, 2013. Also, provide the share of the quantity of your firm's total purchases of hot-rolled steel that each of these suppliers accounted for in 2015.

No.	Supplier's name	City and state	Share of quantity of 2015 purchases
1			%
2			%
3			%
4			%
5			%

PART III.--MARKET CHARACTERISTICS AND PURCHASING PRACTICES

				En	d user	
	Tub	ular	Auto/			
Distribu	or go	ods	transport	Construction	Other	Describe other
<u>Competi</u>	tion for s	<u>ales</u>	-Does your t	•	or sales to	cions III-2 and III-3. In customers with the manual el?
No	Yes	If yes	s, please de	scribe.		
Types of	<u>custome</u>	<u>rs</u> .—				
(b) Are y	our firm'	s purc		t-rolled steel in		irm sells hot-rolled steel? or your firm's general inve
	Gei	neral i	inventory			Specific customers
		il Ciuii	,		•	specific custofficis

If your firm is an end user of hot-rolled steel, please answer questions III-4 and III-5.

III-4. <u>End uses.</u>--List the top 3 products your firm makes using hot-rolled steel and estimate the percent of your <u>total production cost</u> that is accounted for by hot-rolled steel and by other inputs (such as labor, energy, and other raw materials).

	Share of total cost in each of the product(s) your firm produces accounted for by				Total (should		
Product(s) your firm produces	Hot-rolled steel		Other inputs		sum to 100.0% across)		
	%	+	%	Ш	0.0 %		
	%	+	%	Ш	0.0 %		
	%	+	%	=	0.0 %		

in-5. Demana ioi ena ase products.	III-5.	Demand for end use products
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(a) Has the demand for your firm's final products incorporating hot-rolled steel changed since January 1, 2013?

Increased	No change	Decreased	Fluctuated

(b) Has this had any effect on your firm's demand for hot-rolled steel?

No	Yes	Explain

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III-6. <u>Substitutes</u> Can other products be substituted for hot-rolled steel?							
	No YesPlease fill out the table.						
	Have changes in the price of this substitute affected the price for hot-rolled steel?						
	Substitute		substitute		No	Yes	Explanation
1.							
2.							
3.							
(a)	 (a) Indicate how demand within the United States and outside of the United States (if known) for hot-rolled steel has changed since January 1, 2013. Explain any trends and describe the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand. 						
N	Over Market incre		No change	Overall decrease	witl	tuate h no trend	Explanation and factors
	the United States						
	e the United States						
(b) Describe any changes in downstream product demand that have affected changes in demand for hot-rolled steel in the U.S. market since January 1, 2013.							
	Market			Explanation and factors			on and factors
	Change in demand for oil-country tubular goods						
	Change in demand for other downstream products						

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III-8.	Importance of purchasing domestic productPlease fill out the table below, estimating the				
	percentage of your firm's total 2015 purchases of hot-rolled steel that required hot-rolled steel				
	produced in the United States.				

	Estimated percentage of your firm's total 2015 purchases of hot-rolled steel
Purchases that did not require domestic product	%
Purchases that were required by law or regulation to be domestic product (e.g., government purchases under "Buy American" provisions)	%
Purchases that were not required by law or regulation, but were required by your customers to be domestic product	%
Purchases that were required to be domestic product for other reasons (explain:)	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

III-9. Conditions of competition.--

(a) Is the hot-rolled steel market subject to business cycles (other than general economy-wide conditions) and/or other conditions of competition distinctive to hot-rolled steel?

Check all that apply.		Please describe.
	No	Skip to question III-10.
	Yes-Business cycles (e.g. seasonal business)	
	Yes-Other distinctive conditions of competition	

(b) Have there been any changes in the business cycles or conditions of competition for hot-rolled steel since January 1, 2013?

No	Yes	If yes, describe.

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III-10.	Decisions based on producer and country-of-originHow often does your firm, and if known,
	do your customers, make purchasing decisions involving hot-rolled steel based on its producer
	or country of origin?

	Always	Usually	Sometimes	Never	If at least sometimes, explain.	
Decision based on producer						
Your firm						
Your customers						
Decision based on country of origin						
Your firm						
Your customers						

III-11. **Availability of supply.--**Has the availability of hot-rolled steel in the U.S. market changed since January 1, 2013?

Availability in the U.S. market	No	Yes	Please explain, noting the countries and reasons for the changes.
U.Sproduced product			
Subject imports			
Nonsubject imports			

III-12. <u>Supply constraints.</u>--Has any firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply your firm with hot-rolled steel since January 1, 2013 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order entry," declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the quantity promised, been unable to meet timely shipment commitments, weather-related effects, extended delivery times on quoted prices, etc.)?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-13.	<u>Purcha</u> :	asing frequency									
	(a)	How frequently does your firm make purchases of hot-rolled steel (check one)?									
		Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Monthly Quarterly Annually Other If other, specify						
	(b)	Has this	purchas	ing frequency	changed sinc	e January 1,	2013?				
		No	Yes	If yes, please	describe.						
III-14.				ntactedHow ween aı			r firm ger	nerally contact before			
III-15.	<u>Supplie</u>	er negotia	ations.—								
	(a)		firm's po and pur		t-rolled steel	usually invo	lve negot	ciations between			
		No	Yes				-	egotiates and note ring negotiations.			
	(b)	Do changes in raw material costs affect your firm's price negotiations with your hot-rolled steel suppliers?									
		No	Yes	Please explain	n.						
	(c)	Are your firm's purchases of hot-rolled steel indexed to raw material costs?									
		No	Yes	Please explain	n.						

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III-16.	Change i	n supplie	<u>rs</u> Has yo	our firm changed suppliers since January 1, 2013?	
	No	Yes		ease list the supplier(s), whether the firm was added or drop easons for the change.	ped,
III-17. New suppliersAre you aware of any new suppliers, either foreign or domestic, that entered the market since January 1, 2013?					'e
	No	Yes	If yes, ple	ease identify the firms.	
III-18.	to sell ho	ovide the The numb Speneral Speneral	following er of days description	you require your suppliers to be or to become certified or qualify information. to qualify a new supplier. n of the certification or qualification process. Also, a brief ctors that you consider when qualifying a new supplier (e.g., y of supplier, etc.).	
	No	Yes	Number of days	Process and factors	
III-19.		to certif	y or qualif	uary 1, 2013, have any domestic or foreign producers failed i y their hot-rolled steel with your firm or have any producers I	
	No	Yes		ease identify these firms, the countries where they are locat easons why they failed the certification/qualification.	ed,

II-20.	con	or purchasing factorsPlease list, in order of their importance, the main factors your firm siders in deciding from whom to purchase hot-rolled steel (examples include availability, ension of credit, contracts, price, quality, range of supplier's product line, traditional supplier,).						
	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	Ple	Please list any other factors that are very important in your purchase decisions:						

III-21. <u>Purchasing factors.</u>—Please rate the importance of the following factors in your firm's purchasing decisions for hot-rolled steel.

Factor	Very important	Somewhat important	Not important
Availability			
Delivery terms			
Delivery time			
Discounts offered			
Extension of credit			
Minimum quantity requirements			
Packaging			
Price			
Prior experience with supplier			
Product consistency			
Product range			
Quality meets industry standards			
Quality exceeds industry standards			
Reliability of supply			
Supplier certification			
Technical support/service			
U.S. transportation costs			

J.S. Pu	urchasers' Questic	nnaire	e – Hot-Rolled Steel (Final)			Page 1
II-22.	Quality character quality of hot-ro		What characteristics deel?	oes you	ur firm conside	r when determining	ર the
II-23.	that is offered a		s based on priceHow o owest price?	ften do	es your firm p	urchase the hot-rol	ed stee
	Always		Usually	So	metimes	Never	
II-24.	either upward or downward, that is followed by other firms, or (2) one or more firms the significant impact on prices. A price leader is not necessarily the lowest-priced supplier.					at have	
	Please list the names of any firms you considered price leaders in the hot-rolled steel market since January 1, 2013.						
	Firm(s)	Descr	ibe how the firm(s) exhil	bited p	rice leadership)	-
I-25.			ports rather than domes 2013, did your firm purch			lled steel from subj	ect
	countrie	es inste	ead of U.Sproduced hot-	rolled :	steel? Respon	d for each subject c	ountry.
	Source		Yes (also respond to parts and (c))	s (b)	(If "No" for a	No all countries, skip to question)	o next
	Australia						
	Brazil						
	Japan						
	Korea						
	Netherland	ls					
	Turkey						
	United Kingd	om					

domesti	•	ed Tes to part (a), was the impo act?	rteu pro	duct priced lower than the
Source		Yes		No
Australia	a			
Brazil				
Japan				
Korea				
Netherlan	ıds			
Turkey				
United King	dom			
(c) If you re	esponde	ed "Yes" to part (a) above, was pr If Yes, estimate the quantity of purchases that your firm	ice a pri	mary reason for the shift? If No, please indicate the
Source	Yes	shifted to imports since January 2013 because of price (in short tons)	No	reason for the shift
Australia				
Brazil				
Japan				
Korea				
Netherlands				
Turkey				
United Kingdom				

III-26. U.S. producers and import competition.—

(a) Since January 1, 2013, in connection with a sale or offer to sell hot-rolled steel to your firm, did U.S. producers reduce their prices of domestically produced hot-rolled steel in order to compete with lower-priced imports of hot-rolled steel from subject countries? Respond for each subject country.

Source	Yes (also respond to question part (b))	No (If "No" for all countries, skip to next question)	Don't know
Australia			
Brazil			
Japan			
Korea			
Netherlands			
Turkey			
United Kingdom			

(b) If your firm responded "yes" to any of the above countries, please provide an estimate of the reduction in U.S. producers' prices, and any additional explanations, such as timing (e.g., months/years), frequency of price reductions, or other market/competitive factors.

Source	Estimated reduction in U.S. prices (percent)	Additional explanation, including such information as timing (e.g., months/years), frequency of price reductions, or other market/competitive factors
Australia	%	
Brazil	%	
Japan	%	
Korea	%	
Netherlands	%	
Turkey	%	
United Kingdom	%	

III-27.	Transportation	network -
111-2/.	i i alisportation	network.—

(a)	Has your firm had any difficulty and/or additional costs with transporting hot-rolled steel to
	your facility (e.g., railcar availability)?

No	Yes	Please explain.

(b) If your firm is based on the West Coast, have freight costs or logistics impacted your purchasing decisions?

No	Yes	Please explain.

(c) Since January 1, 2013, have you purchased imported hot-rolled steel due to transport costs or lack of availability of railcar transport for product from U.S. suppliers?

No	Yes	If yes, identify the countries of those imports and explain.

PART IV.—PRODUCT COMPARISONS

IV-1. <u>Country knowledge.</u>--Please indicate the countries of origin for hot-rolled steel for which your firm has actual marketing/pricing knowledge.

United States	Australia	Brazil	Japan	Korea	Nether -lands	Turkey	UK	Other countries	Other countries (specify)

IV-2. <u>Interchangeability</u>.--Is hot-rolled steel produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (*i.e.*, can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Aus- tralia	Brazil	Japan	Korea	Nether- lands	Turkey	UK	Canada	Other countries
U.S.									
Australia	\times								
Brazil	\times	\times							
Japan	\times	\times	\times						
Korea	\times	\times	\times	\times					
Netherlands		X	X	\times	\times				
Turkey	X	X	X			\times			
UK	X	X	X				\times		
Canada	X	X	X	\times			\times	\times	
For any count please identify use:			_						_

IV-3. **Factors other than price.**--Are differences other than price (*e.g.*, quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between hot-rolled steel produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's purchases of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Aus- tralia	Brazil	Japan	Korea	Nether- lands	Turkey	UK	Canada	Other countries
U.S.									
Australia	X								
Brazil	\times	\times							
Japan		\times	\times						
Korea		\times	\times	X					
Netherlands	\times	\times	\times	X	\times				
Turkey		\times	\times	\times	\times	\times			
UK		\times	\times	\times		\times	\times		
Canada		\times	\times		\searrow		\times	$\overline{}$	

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's purchases of hot-rolled steel, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

No	Yes	If yes, please identify the countries and the grade/type/si	ze.
Availabil	ity of sp	ecific products from domestic sources.—Since January 1, 20	13. did vou
		foreign supplier any of the products listed below after no U.S	
•		ct to you? Check the box(es) that apply, and please check at	
1. Gra	de X-70	hot-rolled coil in thicknesses over 0.625"	
_		hot-rolled coil, with a tensile strength of 585 Mega Pascal a Pascal, used for automotive parts	
_		hot-rolled coil, with a tensile strength of 780 Mega Pascal ed for automotive parts	
gre wic	ater thar e	th Low Alloy Steel with minimum 50 ksi yield strength, n 0.500 inches in thickness and/or greater than 72 inches	
gre	ater thar	00 ksi yield strength, greater than 65 inches wide and/orn 0.375 inches thickness	
thic	kness w	00 ksi yield strength, up to and including 0.375 inches ith Charpy impact value of at least 20 ft/lb at minus 40 transverse test direction	
incl	nes) mee	th Low Alloy grade 70 steel, thin gauge (maximum 0.078 eting gauge tolerances not greater than 0.004 inches total entire coil (head to tail)	
8. Bat coil bat nor and (0.0 hydroxer)	tery Qua suitable tery cans -metalli clusters 000197 in rochlorie atches, p	ality Hot Band – Hot-rolled, continuously cast steel sheet in a for further processing and the ultimate manufacture of s. The steel shall be ultra-clean, with individual particles of c inclusions not greater than 1 micron (0.000039 inches) s or groups of non-metallics not exceeding 5 microns inches) in length. Scale shall be completely removable by c acid pickling, the resulting surfaces being free of digs, its, gouges and slivers. The steel shall have a low crown, metrical profile of 0.0020 inches maximum.	
My firm	purcha	sed none of the above products since January 1, 2013.	
•	•	sed one or more of the above products from domestic January 1, 2013. Please indicate which product(s) (by	

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IV-5.			<u>ces</u> Do you or your customers ever specifically order hot-rolled stee rticular over other possible sources of supply?	el from
	No	Yes	If yes, identify the countries and explain.	
IV-6.	(d) If you	u purchas available	enot based on price.— sed hot-rolled steel from one country source although a comparable from another country source at a lower price, please explain your rese specify by country).	-
			illing to pay more for U.Sproduced hot-rolled steel than for hot-rollen subject countries?	ed steel

If yes, identify the countries and explain.

No

Yes

IV-7. <u>Factor country comparisons.</u>--For the factors listed below, please rate how hot-rolled steel produced in each foreign country you identified in your response to the first question in Part IV compares with hot-rolled steel produced in the United States.

If you are unfamiliar with the product from a particular country, please leave the boxes for those country comparisons blank.

	Uni coi pro	oduct frited State of the state	ates I to om	<u>Uni</u> coi	oduct frited State mparecoduct from Brazil	ites I to	<u>Uni</u> cor	Compared House Compar	ites I to
Factor	Su	ပိ	<u>lu</u>	Su	ပိ	Inf	Su	ဝ	<u>n</u>
Availability									
Delivery terms									
Delivery time									
Discounts offered									
Extension of credit									
Minimum quantity requirements									
Packaging									
Price ¹									
Prior experience with supplier									
Product consistency									
Product range									
Quality meets industry standards									
Quality exceeds industry standards									
Reliability of supply									
Supplier certification									
Technical support/service									
U.S. transportation costs ¹									
1 4			-l:+	<u> </u>	finat		nn arall:		

¹ A rating of superior on price and U.S. transportation costs indicates that the first country generally has lower prices/U.S. transportation costs than the second country.

IV-7. **Continued.**

If you are unfamiliar with the product from a particular country, please leave the boxes for those country comparisons blank.

	Product from United States compared to product from Korea			Uni cor pro <u>Ne</u>	duct frited Standard mpared duct fritherlar	ites I to om ids	Product from United States compared to product from Turkey		
Factor	Superior	Comparable	Inferior	Superior	Comparable	Inferior	Superior	Comparable	Inferior
Availability									
Delivery terms									
Delivery time									
Discounts offered									
Extension of credit									
Minimum quantity requirements									
Packaging									
Price ¹									
Prior experience with supplier									
Product consistency									
Product range									
Quality meets industry standards									
Quality exceeds industry standards									
Reliability of supply									
Supplier certification									
Technical support/service									
U.S. transportation costs ¹									

¹ A rating of superior on price and U.S. transportation costs indicates that the first country generally has lower prices/U.S. transportation costs than the second country.

IV-7. **Continued.**

If you are unfamiliar with the product from a particular country, please leave the boxes for those country comparisons blank.

	Product from <u>United States</u> compared to product from <u>United Kingdom</u>			<u>Uni</u> cor pro	duct fr ted Sta npared duct fr Canada	ites I to om	Product from United States compared to product from Nonsubject countries other than Canada		
Factor	Superior	Comparable	Inferior	Superior	Comparable	Inferior	Superior	Comparable	Inferior
Availability									
Delivery terms									
Delivery time									
Discounts offered									
Extension of credit									
Minimum quantity requirements									
Packaging									
Price ¹									
Prior experience with supplier									
Product consistency									
Product range									
Quality meets industry standards									
Quality exceeds industry standards									
Reliability of supply									
Supplier certification									
Technical support/service									
U.S. transportation costs ¹		П							

¹ A rating of superior on price and U.S. transportation costs indicates that the first country generally has lower prices/U.S. transportation costs than the second country.

IV-9.

IV-8. <u>Minimum quality.</u>--How often does hot-rolled steel from the following countries meet minimum quality specifications for your uses or your customers' uses?

Source	Always	Usually	Sometimes	Rarely or never	Don't know
United States					
Australia					
Brazil					
Japan					
Korea					
Netherlands					
Turkey					
United Kingdom					
Canada					
Other:					
Other explanationsIf your did not provide a narrative re in the space provided below.					

HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

http://wwwadmin.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2016/hot_rolled_steel_flat_products_a_ustralia_brazil/final.htm

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: HRS

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to john.benedetto@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm <u>does not </u>**purchase this product**, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire your firm submits (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.