U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

CERTAIN CARBON AND ALLOY STEEL CUT-TO-LENGTH PLATE ("CTL PLATE") FROM AUSTRIA, BELGIUM, BRAZIL, CHINA, FRANCE, GERMANY, ITALY, JAPAN, KOREA, SOUTH AFRICA, TAIWAN, AND TURKEY

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by October 24, 2016

See last page for filing instructions.

NO EXTENSIONS WILL BE GIVEN. LATE QUESTIONNAIRES MAY NOT BE INCORPORATED.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its countervailing duty and antidumping investigations concerning CTL plate from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa, Taiwan, and Turkey (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-560-561 and 731-TA-1317-1328 (Final)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. *This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).*

City	State	Zip Code		
Website				
Has your firm importe	d CTL plate (as defined on next page) from	any country at a	any time since January 1, 2013?	
	e certification below and promptly return only tete all parts of the questionnaire, and return the			
-	re via the U.S. International Trade Coms://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/. (PIN: CTLF	-	Box by clicking on the	
	CERTIFICATION			
vledge and belief and under	nerein supplied in response to this ques	ubject to audit	and verification by the Comm	ission. By
vledge and belief and under ns of this certification I als	stand that the information submitted is so so grant consent for the Commission, a sstionnaire and throughout this proceedin	ubject to audit nd its employe	and verification by the Commes and contract personnel, to	ission. By use the
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PART I.--GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.--This proceeding was instituted in response to petitions filed on April 8, 2016, by ArcelorMittal USA LLC (Chicago, Illinois), Nucor Corporation (Charlotte, North Carolina), and SSAB Enterprises, LLC (Lisle, Illinois). Countervailing and/or antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes affirmative determinations of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce makes affirmative determinations of subsidization and/or dumping. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at

https://usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2016/carbon and alloy steel cut to length plate austria/fin al.htm

CTL plate covered by these investigations is certain carbon and alloy steel hot-rolled or forged flat plate products not in coils, whether or not painted, varnished, or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances (cut-to-length plate). Subject merchandise includes plate that is produced by being cut-to-length from coils or from other discrete length plate and plate that is rolled or forged into a discrete length. The products covered include (1) Universal mill plates (i.e., flat-rolled products rolled on four faces or in a closed box pass, of a width exceeding 150 mm but not exceeding 1250 mm, and of a thickness of not less than 4 mm, which are not in coils and without patterns in relief), and (2) hot-rolled or forged flat steel products of a thickness of 4.75 mm or more and of a width which exceeds 150 mm and measures at least twice the thickness, and which are not in coils, whether or not with patterns in relief. The covered products described above may be rectangular, square, circular or other shapes and include products of either rectangular or non-rectangular cross-section where such non-rectangular cross-section is achieved subsequent to the rolling process, i.e., products which have been "worked after rolling", (e.g., products which have been beveled or rounded at the edges).

For purposes of the width and thickness requirements referenced above, the following rules apply:

- (1) except where otherwise stated where the nominal and actual thickness or width measurements vary, a product from a given subject country is within the scope if application of either the nominal or actual measurement would place it within the scope based on the definitions set forth above unless the product is already covered by an order existing on that specific country (e.g., orders on hot-rolled flat-rolled steel); and
- (2) where the width and thickness vary for a specific product (e.g., the thickness of certain products with non-rectangular cross-section, the width of certain products with non-rectangular shape, etc.), the measurement at its greatest width or thickness applies.

Steel products included in the scope of these investigations are products in which: (1) iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; and (2) the carbon content is 2 percent or less by weight.

Subject merchandise includes cut-to-length plate that has been further processed in the subject country or a third country, including but not limited to pickling, oiling, levelling, annealing, tempering, temper rolling, skin passing, painting, varnishing, trimming, cutting, punching, beveling, and/or slitting, or any other processing that would not otherwise remove the merchandise from the scope of the investigations if performed in the country of manufacture of the cut-to-length plate.

All products that meet the written physical description, are within the scope of these investigations unless specifically excluded or covered by the scope of an existing order. The following products are outside of, and/or specifically excluded from, the scope of these investigations:

- (1) products clad, plated, or coated with metal, whether or not painted, varnished or coated with plastic or other non-metallic substances;
- (2) military grade armor plate certified to one of the following specifications or to a specification that references and incorporates one of the following specifications:
 - MIL-A-12560,
 - MIL-DTL-12560H,
 - MIL-DTL-12560J,
 - MIL- DTL-12560K,
 - MIL-DTL-32332,
 - MIL-A-46100D,
 - MIL-DTL-46100-E,
 - MIL-46177C,
 - MIL-S-16216K Grade HY80,
 - MIL-S-16216K Grade HY100,
 - MIL-S-246245A HSLA-80,
 - MIL-S-24645A HSLA-100,
 - T9074-BD-GIB-010/0300 Grade HY80,
 - T9074-BD-GIB-010/0300 Grade HY100,
 - T9074-BD-GIB-010/0300 Grade HSLA80,
 - T9074-BD-GIB-010/0300 Grade HSLA100, and
 - T9074-BD-GIB-010/0300 Mod. Grade HSLA115,

Except that any cut-to-length plate certified to one of the above specifications, or to a military grade armor specification that references and incorporate one of the above specifications, will not be excluded from the scope if I is also dual- or multiple-certified to any other non-armor specification that otherwise would fall within the scope of this order;

- (3) stainless steel plate, containing 10.5 percent or more of chromium by weight;
- (4) CTL plate meeting the requirements of ASTM A-829, Grade E 4340 that are over 305 mm in actual thickness.

- (5) Alloy forged and rolled CTL plate greater than or equal to 152.4 mm in actual thickness meeting each of the following requirements:
 - (a) Electric Furnace melted, ladle refined & vacuum degassed and having a chemical composition (expressed in weight percentages):
 - Carbon 0.23-0.28,
 - Silicon 0.05-0.20,
 - Manganese 1.20-1.60,
 - Nickel not greater than 1.0,
 - Sulfur not greater than 0.007,
 - Phosphorus not greater than 0.020,
 - Chromium 1.0-2.5,
 - Molybdenum 0.35-0.8,
 - Boron 0.002-0.004,
 - Oxygen not greater than 20 ppm,
 - Hydrogen not greater than 2 ppm,
 - Nitrogen not greater than 60 ppm;
 - (b) With a Brinell hardness measured in all parts of the product including mid thickness falling within one of the following ranges:
 - (i) 270-300 HBW,
 - (ii) 290-320 HBW, or
 - (iii) 320-350 HBW;
 - (c) Having cleanliness in accordance with ASTM E45 method A (Thin and Heavy): A not exceeding 1.5, B not exceeding 1.0, C not exceeding 0.5, D not exceeding 1.5; and
 - (d) Conforming to ASTM A578-S9 ultrasonic testing requirements with acceptance criteria 2 mm flat bottom hole;

- (6) Alloy forged and rolled steel CTL plate over 407 mm in actual thickness and meeting the following requirements:
 - (a) Made from Electric Arc Furnace melted, Ladle refined & vacuum degassed, alloy steel with the following chemical composition (expressed in weight percentages):
 - Carbon 0.23-0.28,
 - Silicon 0.05-0.15,
 - Manganese 1.20-1.50,
 - Nickel not greater than 0.4,
 - Sulfur not greater than 0.010,
 - Phosphorus not greater than 0.020,
 - Chromium 1.2-1.5,
 - Molybdenum 0.35-0.55,
 - Boron 0.002-0.004,
 - Oxygen not greater than 20 ppm,
 - Hydrogen not greater than 2 ppm, and
 - Nitrogen not greater than 60 ppm;
 - (b) Having cleanliness in accordance with ASTM E45 method A (Thin and Heavy): A not exceeding 1.5, B not exceeding 1.5, C not exceeding 1.0, D not exceeding 1.5;
 - (c) Having the following mechanical properties:
 - (i) With a Brinell hardness not more than 237 HBW measured in all parts of the product including mid thickness; and having a Yield Strength of 75ksi min and UTS 95ksi or more, Elongation of 18% or more and Reduction of area 35% or more; having charpy V at -75 degrees F in the longitudinal direction equal or greater than 15 ft. lbs (single value) and equal or greater than 20 ft. lbs (average of 3 specimens) and conforming to the requirements of NACE MR01-75; or
 - (ii) With a Brinell hardness not less than 240 HBW measured in all parts of the product including mid thickness; and having a Yield Strength of 90 ksi min and UTS 110 ksi or more, Elongation of 15% or more and Reduction of area 30% or more; having charpy V at -40 degrees F in the longitudinal direction equal or greater than 21 ft. lbs (single value) and equal or greater than 31 ft. lbs (average of 3 specimens);
 - (d) Conforming to ASTM A578-S9 ultrasonic testing requirements with acceptance criteria 3.2 mm flat bottom hole; and
 - (e) Conforming to magnetic particle inspection in accordance with AMS 2301;

- (7) Alloy forged and rolled steel CTL plate over 407 mm in actual thickness and meeting the following requirements:
 - (a) Made from Electric Arc Furnace melted, ladle refined & vacuum degassed, alloy steel with the following chemical composition (expressed in weight percentages):
 - Carbon 0.25-0.30,
 - Silicon not greater than 0.25,
 - Manganese not greater than 0.50,
 - Nickel 3.0-3.5,
 - Sulfur not greater than 0.010,
 - Phosphorus not greater than 0.020,
 - Chromium 1.0-1.5,
 - Molybdenum 0.6-0.9,
 - Vanadium 0.08 to 0.12
 - Boron 0.002-0.004,
 - Oxygen not greater than 20 ppm,
 - Hydrogen not greater than 2 ppm, and
 - Nitrogen not greater than 60 ppm.
 - (b) Having cleanliness in accordance with ASTM E45 method A (Thin and Heavy): A not exceeding 1.0(t) and 0.5(h), B not exceeding 1.5(t) and 1.0(h), C not exceeding 1.0(t) and 0.5(h), and D not exceeding 1.5(t) and 1.0(h);
 - (c) Having the following mechanical properties: A Brinell hardness not less than 350 HBW measured in all parts of the product including mid thickness; and having a Yield Strength of 145ksi or more and UTS 160ksi or more, Elongation of 15% or more and Reduction of area 35% or more; having charpy V at -40 degrees F in the transverse direction equal or greater than 20 ft. lbs (single value) and equal or greater than 25 ft. lbs (average of 3 specimens);
 - (d) Conforming to ASTM A578-S9 ultrasonic testing requirements with acceptance criteria 3.2 mm flat bottom hole; and
 - (e) Conforming to magnetic particle inspection in accordance with AMS 2301.

At the time of the filing of the petition, there was an existing antidumping duty order on certain cut-to-length carbon-quality steel plate products from Korea. See Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Cut-To-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate Products from Korea, 64 FR 73196 (Dep't Commerce Dec. 29, 1999), as amended, 65 FR 6585 (Dep't Commerce Feb 10, 2000) (1999 Korea AD Order). The scope of the antidumping duty investigation with regard to cut-to-length plate from Korea covers only (1) subject cut-to-length plate not within the physical description of cut-to-length carbon quality steel plate in the 1999 Korea AD Order, regardless of producer or exporter; and (2) cut-to-length plate produced and/or exported by those companies that were excluded or revoked from the 1999 Korea AD Order as of April 8, 2016. The only revoked or excluded company is Pohang Iron and Steel Company, also known as POSCO.

At the time of the filing of the petition, there was an existing countervailing duty order on certain cut-to-length carbon-quality steel plate from Korea. See Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination: Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate From the Republic of Korea, 64 FR 73176 (Dep't Commerce Dec. 29, 1999), as amended, 65 FR 6587 (Dep't Commerce Feb. 10, 2000) (1999 Korea CVD Order). The scope of the countervailing duty investigation with regard to cut-to-length plate from Korea covers only (1) subject cut-to-length plate not within the physical description of cut-to-length carbon quality steel plate in the 1999 Korea CVD Order regardless of producer or exporter, and (2) cut-to-length plate produced and/or exported by those companies that were excluded or revoked from the 1999 Korea CVD Order as of April 8, 2016. The only revoked or excluded company is Pohang Iron and Steel Company, also known as POSCO.

Excluded from the scope of the antidumping duty investigation on cut-to-length plate from China are any products covered by the existing antidumping duty order on certain cut-to-length carbon steel plate from the People's Republic of China. See Suspension Agreement on Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate From the People's Republic of China; Termination of Suspension Agreement and Notice of Antidumping Duty Order, 68 FR 60081 (Dep't Commerce Oct. 21, 2003), as amended, Affirmative Final Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Duty Order on Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate From the People's Republic of China, 76 FR 50996, 50996-97 (Dep't of Commerce Aug. 17, 2011). On August 17, 2011, the U.S. Department of Commerce found that the order covered all imports of certain cut-to-length carbon steel plate products with 0.0008 percent or more boron, by weight, from China not meeting all of the following requirements: aluminum level of 0.02 percent or greater, by weight; a ratio of 3.4 to 1 or greater, by weight, of titanium to nitrogen; and a hardenability test (i.e., Jominy test) result indicating a boron factor of 1.8 or greater.

The products subject to the investigations are currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under item numbers: 7208.40.3030, 7208.40.3060, 7208.51.0030, 7208.51.0045, 7208.51.0060, 7208.52.0000, 7211.13.0000, 7211.14.0030, 7211.14.0045, 7225.40.1110, 7225.40.1180, 7225.40.3005, 7225.40.3050, 7226.20.0000, and 7226.91.5000.

The products subject to the investigations may also enter under the following HTSUS item numbers: 7208.40.6060, 7208.53.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7210.90.9000, 7211.19.1500, 7211.19.2000, 7211.19.4500, 7211.19.6000, 7211.19.7590, 7211.90.0000, 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, 7212.50.0000, 7214.10.000, 7214.30.0010, 7214.30.0080, 7214.91.0015, 7214.91.0060, 7214.91.0090, 7225.11.0000, 7225.19.0000, 7225.40.5110, 7225.40.5130, 7225.40.5160, 7225.40.7000, 7225.99.0010, 7225.99.0090, 7226.11.1000, 7226.11.9060, 7226.19.1000, 7226.19.9000, 7226.91.0500, 7226.91.1530, 7226.91.1560, 7226.91.2530, 7226.91.2560, 7226.91.7000, 7226.91.8000, and 7226.99.0180.

The HTSUS subheadings above are provided for convenience and customs purposes only. The written description of the scope of the investigations is dispositive.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing CTL plate (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

<u>Reporting of information</u>.—If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

I-1.	OMB statisticsPlease report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your
	firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

I-2.	<u>Establishments coveredProvide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this</u>
	questionnaire. If your firm is publicly traded, please specify the stock exchange and trading
	symbol.

OwnershipIs your firm owned, in whole or in part, by any other firm? No YesList the following information	auxiliary facil	<u>nt</u> " – Each facility of a firm involved in the <u>im</u> ities operated in conjunction with (whether o	•
□ No □ YesList the following information	facilities.		
□ No □ YesList the following information			
□ No □ YesList the following information			
	Ownership	Is your firm owned, in whole or in part, by an	y other firm?
	☐ No	YesList the following information	
			Extent of
ownership			

U.S. Importer	s' Questionnaire	- CTL plate
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		•	lave any related firms, eit from Austria, Belgium, B	
Germany, Italy, Japare engaged in exp	oan, Korea, So orting CTL pla	outh Africa, Taiw ate from Austria	an, and/or Turkey into th , Belgium, Brazil, China, F ey to the United States?	e United States or
No	_	following inform	•	
		T		A CC:1: .:
Firm name		Address		Affiliation
engaged in the pro	duction of CT		lated firms, either domes nation.	
Firm name		Address		Affiliation
Importing operation plate. More than o			re of your firm's importin	g operations on C
		es title to the	Consignee of the	Customs broke
Importer of recor	a impor	ted product(s)	imported products(s)	treight forward
the consignees bel	r firm is an im	e, address, telep	imported products(s) of CTL plate but is not the phone number, and indivi	Contact pers
Firm name		Address		number

I-8.	FTZ, TIB, or bonded warehousesPlease indicate whether your firm enters CTL plate into, or
	withdraws such merchandise from, foreign trade zones or bonded warehouses. Also indicate
	whether your firm imports CTL plate under the TIB (temporary importation under bond)
	program.

"Foreign trade zone" – a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise, as well as other savings. A foreign trade zone must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.

"Bonded warehouse" – a secured facility supervised by U.S. customs, where dutiable landed imports are stored pending their re-export, or release after payment of import duties, taxes, and other charges. A bonded warehouse must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in 19 U.S.C. § 1555.

"Temporary Importation under Bond ("TIB") program" – a procedure whereby imported merchandise may be entered under certain conditions for a limited time into the United States free of duty. Under the program, an importer posts a bond for twice the amount of duty, taxes, etc. that would otherwise be owed on the importation and agrees to export or destroy the merchandise within a specified time or pay liquidated damages. This program is restricted to certain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS).

Item	No	Yes
Foreign trade zones		
Bonded warehouses		
Temporary importation under bond		

I-9.	<u>Third-country trade activities</u> To your knowledge, have the products subject to this proceeding been the subject of any other import relief proceedings in the United States or in any other countries?			
	☐ No	Yes-Please specify.		

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from **Carolyn Carlson** (202-205-3002, <u>Carolyn.Carlson@usitc.gov</u>). **Supply all data requested on a <u>calendar-year</u> basis**.

Commission s	taff may contact that individual regardi	ng the confidential information submitted
in part II.		
		_
Name		
Title		
Email		
Telephone		
Fax		

II-2. <u>Changes in operations.</u>--Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the importation of CTL plate since January 1, 2013.

(ched	ck as many as appropriate)	(If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable)
	Office/warehouse openings	
	Office/warehouse closings	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Prolonged shutdowns or importation curtailments	
	Revised labor agreements	
	Other (e.g., technology)	

	for subject merchandidate listed above.	se, but delivery of the second		cheduled to occur u	ntil after the
				<u> </u>	
	Period/source	Oct-Dec 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Apr-Jun 2017	July-Sep 2017
	Austria	Oct-Dec 2016	Jan-Ivial 2017	Api-Juli 2017	July-3ep 2017
	Belgium				
	Brazil				
	China				
	France				
	Germany				
	Italy				
	Japan				
	Korea (POSCO)				
	Korea (other than POSCO)				
	South Africa				
	Taiwan				
	Turkey				
	Other sources ¹				
	¹ Identify your oth	er sources:	l	1	1
I-4a.	Has your firm purchas	ed CTL plate from a	·	•	
I-4b.	Has your firm produce	ed CTL plate in the U	nited States since Ja	nuary 1, 2013?	
	□ No □ Ye	es–Please complete t	he U.S. producer qu	estionnaire	
I-4c.	Reasons for importing please indicate the replease elaborate.	= -			

Definitions

"Imports" – Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty) or consignee (i.e., to which the merchandise was first delivered).

"Import quantities" – Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values" – Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"U.S. commercial shipments" – Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (*i.e.*, gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related domestic firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" – A firm that your firm solely or jointly owns, manages, or otherwise controls. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Export shipments" – Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" – Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

"Tool steel" – Alloy steels which contain the following combinations of elements in the quantity by weight respectively indicated: (i) more than 1.2 percent carbon and more than 10.5 percent chromium; or (ii) not less than 0.3 percent carbon and 1.25 percent or more but less than 10.5 percent chromium; or (iii) not less than 0.85 percent carbon and 1 percent to 1.8 percent, inclusive, manganese; or (iv) 0.9 percent to 1.2 percent, inclusive, chromium and 0.9 percent to 1.4 percent, inclusive, molybdenum; or (v) not less than 0.5 percent carbon and not less than 3.5 percent molybdenum, or (vi) not less than 0.5 percent carbon and not less than 5.5 percent tungsten.

"High Speed Steel" – Alloy steel containing, with or without other elements, at least two of the three elements molybdenum, tungsten and vanadium with a combined content by weight of 7 percent or more, 0.6 percent or more of carbon amd 3 to 6 percent of chromium.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5. <u>IMPORTS FROM AUSTRIA</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>Austria</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

AUSTRIA

Qua	ntity (in short	tons), value (i	n \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	5	January-S	eptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
Other (quantity) (M)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your co of the periods i	mpany, please sp	pecify that basis (

II-5. IMPORTS FROM AUSTRIA.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-September	
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

	Calendar years			Calendar years January-Septem		eptember
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	

II-6. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high-speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from Austria during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-5*).

AUSTRIA

Quanti	ity (in short to	ns) and value (i	in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years		January-Se	eptember
ltem	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity					
Value					

II-7. <u>IMPORTS FROM BELGIUM</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>Belgium</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

BELGIUM

Qua	ntity (in short	tons), value (i	n \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	5	January-S	eptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
Other (quantity) (M)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your co of the periods i	mpany, please sp	pecify that basis (

II-7. IMPORTS FROM BELGIUM.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-September	
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

Calendar years January-Sep		Calendar years			eptember
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-8. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from Belgium during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-7*).

BELGIUM

Quanti	ity (in short to	ns) and value (i	in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years		January-Se	eptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity					
Value					

II-9. <u>IMPORTS FROM BRAZIL</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>Brazil</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

<u>BRAZIL</u>

Qua	ntity (in short	tons), value (i	n \$1,000)			
		Calendar years	3	January-September		
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)						
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)						
Value (C)						
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)						
Value (E)						
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)						
Value ² (G)						
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)						
Value (I)						
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)						
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)						
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)						
Other (quantity) (M)						
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your colof the periods i	mpany, please sp	ecify that basis (

II-9. IMPORTS FROM BRAZIL.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-September	
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

Calendar years January-Sep		Calendar years			eptember
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-10. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from Brazil during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-9*).

BRAZIL

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)								
		Calendar years	}	January-S	eptember			
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016			
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity								
Value								
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity								
Value								
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity								
Value								

II-11. <u>IMPORTS FROM CHINA</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>China</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

CHINA

Qua	ntity (in shor	t tons), value (i	in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	s	January-S	eptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D) Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F) Value ² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
Other (quantity) (M)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your co of the periods	must be valued a mpany, please sp	pecify that basis (ue. In the event e.g., cost, cost pl	that your firm us, etc.) and

II-11. IMPORTS FROM CHINA.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-	September
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

	Calendar years			January-Se	eptember
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-12. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from China during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-11*).

CHINA

Quanti	ity (in short to	ns) and value (i	in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years		January-Se	eptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity					
Value					

II-13. <u>IMPORTS FROM FRANCE</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>France</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

FRANCE

Qua	ntity (in short	tons), value (i	n \$1,000)	,		
		Calendar years	i	January-September		
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)						
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)						
Value (C)						
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)						
Value (E)						
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)						
Value² (G)						
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)						
Value (I)						
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)						
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)						
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)						
Other (quantity) (M)						
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your colof the periods i	must be valued a mpany, please sp	ecify that basis (

II-13. IMPORTS FROM FRANCE.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-	September
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

	Calendar years			January-Se	eptember
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-14. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from France during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-13*).

FRANCE

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)								
		Calendar years	}	January-S	eptember			
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016			
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity								
Value								
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity								
Value								
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity								
Value								

II-15. <u>IMPORTS FROM GERMANY</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>Germany</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

GERMANY

Qua	ntity (in short	tons), value (i	n \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	5	January-S	eptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
Other (quantity) (M)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your co of the periods i	mpany, please sp	pecify that basis (

II-15. IMPORTS FROM GERMANY.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-	September
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

	Calendar years			January-Se	eptember
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-16. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from Germany during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-15*).

GERMANY

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)						
	Calendar years			January-September		
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity						
Value						
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity						
Value						
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity						
Value						

II-17. <u>IMPORTS FROM ITALY</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>Italy</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

ITALY

	Calendar years		1 C	_
			January-S	eptember
2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
	own:			

II-17. IMPORTS FROM ITALY.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-September		
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0	

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:

	Calendar years			January-September		
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	

II-18. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from Italy during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-17*).

ITALY

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)						
	Calendar years			January-September		
ltem	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity						
Value						
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity						
Value						
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity						
Value						

II-19. <u>IMPORTS FROM JAPAN</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>Japan</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

JAPAN

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)							
ltem	Calendar years			January-September			
	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016		
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)							
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)							
Value (C)							
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)							
Value (E)							
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)							
Value ² (G)							
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)							
Value (I)							
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)							
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)							
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)							
Other (quantity) (M)							
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your colof the periods i	mpany, please sp	ecify that basis (

II-19. IMPORTS FROM JAPAN.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-September	
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	endar years January-September		
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-20. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from Japan during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-19*).

JAPAN

Quanti	ty (in short to	ns) and value (i	in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years		January-Se	ptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity					
Value					

II-21. <u>IMPORTS FROM KOREA (POSCO)</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from the <u>Korean firm POSCO</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

KOREA – POSCO

Qua	ntity (in short	t tons), value (i	n \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	3	January-S	eptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)					
Value ² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
Other (quantity) (M)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your coof the periods i	mpany, please sp	ecify that basis (

II-21. IMPORTS FROM KOREA (POSCO).--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-September	
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-September		
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-22. U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate.—Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from Korea POSCO during the specified periods. (Note.—Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-21).

KOREA POSCO

Quanti	ity (in short to	ns) and value (i	in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years		January-Se	ptember
ltem	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity					
Value					

II-23. <u>IMPORTS FROM KOREA OTHER THAN POSCO</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>all other Korean firms</u> (*i.e.*, excluding POSCO) by your firm during the specified periods.

KOREA – OTHER THAN POSCO

013	2014	2015	2015	2016
				1
	/n:	/n:	/n: umption) must be valued at fair market valued	/n:

II-23. IMPORTS FROM KOREA OTHER THAN POSCO.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

Calendar years			January-September	
2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
0	0	0	0	0
		<u> </u>	,	, ,

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	ears January-September		
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-24. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from Korea other than POSCO during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-23*).

KOREA – OTHER THAN POSCO

Quanti	ity (in short to	ns) and value (i	in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years		January-Se	ptember
ltem	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity					
Value					

II-25. <u>IMPORTS FROM SOUTH AFRICA</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>South Africa</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

SOUTH AFRICA

Qua	ntity (in shor	t tons), value (i	n \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	5	January-S	eptember
ltem	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
Other (quantity) (M)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your co of the periods	mpany, please sp	pecify that basis (

II-25. IMPORTS FROM SOUTH AFRICA.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-September	
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-Se	eptember	
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-26. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from South Africa during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-25*).

SOUTH AFRICA

Quanti	ity (in short to	ns) and value (in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years		January-S	eptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity					
Value					

II-27. <u>IMPORTS FROM TAIWAN</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>Taiwan</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

TAIWAN

Qua	ntity (in short	tons), value (i	n \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	5	January-S	eptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
Other (quantity) (M)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your col of the periods i	mpany, please sp			

II-27. IMPORTS FROM TAIWAN.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-September	
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-September		
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-28. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from Taiwan during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-27*).

TAIWAN

Quanti	ity (in short to	ns) and value (i	în \$1,000)		
		Calendar years		January-Se	ptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity					
Value					

II-29. <u>IMPORTS FROM TURKEY</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from <u>Turkey</u> by your firm during the specified periods.

TURKEY

Qua	ntity (<i>in shor</i> t	tons), value (i	n \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	January-S	eptember	
ltem	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)					
Value ² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users Construction (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
Other (quantity) (M)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each ³ Identify your firm's principal export mar	consumption) within your co of the periods i	mpany, please sp	pecify that basis (

II-29. IMPORTS FROM TURKEY.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

Calendar years			January-September	
2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
0	0	0	0	0
		<u> </u>	,	, ,

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-Se	eptember	
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-30. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from Turkey during the specified periods. (*Note.--Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-29*).

TURKEY

Quant	ity (in short to	ns) and value (i	n \$1,000)		
		Calendar years		January-Se	ptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity					
Value					
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity					
Value					

II-31. <u>IMPORTS FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from all other sources combined by your firm during the specified periods.

ALL OTHER SOURCES COMBINED

(list sources:)
•			

Qua	ntity (in short	tons), value (i	n \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	3	January-S	eptember
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F) Value ² (G) Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H) Value (I) End-of-period inventories (quantity)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users Construction (quantity) (L)					
Other (quantity) (M)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Sales to related firms (including internal uses a different basis for valuing these sales provide value data using that basis for each	consumption) within your con	mpany, please sp	ecify that basis (

³ Identify your firm's principal export markets: ______.

II-31. IMPORTS FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years January-September		September		
Reconciliation	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: ______.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years January-Septembe		eptember		
Reconciliation item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-32. <u>U.S. shipments of X-70, tool steel, and high speed steel plate</u>.--Report the quantity and value of your firm's U.S. shipments (commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of CTL plate imported from all other sources during the specified periods. (*Note.-- Please report data that in inclusive of the data reported in question II-31*).

ALL OTHER SOURCES

		Calendar years	:	January-Septembe		
Item	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016	
U.S. shipments of X-70 plate Quantity ¹						
Value						
U.S. shipments of tool steel plate Quantity ²						
Value						
U.S. shipments of high speed steel plate Quantity ³						
Value						

³ Please list which countries your firm imported high speed steel CTL plate from: _____

II-33. **Product type.**--Please indicate the type of CTL plate your firm imported in 2015.

Type of CTL plate	Austria	Belgium	Brazil	China	France	Germany	Italy	Japan	Korea ¹	South Africa	Taiwan	Turkey	Canada	Mexico	Other
Carbon structural steel plate															
CrMo pressure vessel plate															
Ni pressure vessel plate															
Other pressure vessel plate															
Tool steel plate															
Mold steel plate															
Wear/resistant/abrasion resistant plate															
Oil-drilling platform plate															
Shipbuilding plate															
X-70 (or higher) plate for line pipe having a width not exceeding 120 inches															
X-70 (or higher) plate for line pipe having a width greater than 120 inches ²															
Other plate for line pipe															
Sour service plate															
High-speed steel plate															
Heat-resisting steel plate															
Ultra high strength steel (UHSS) or advanced high strength steel (AHSS) plate															
Forged alloy steel plate															
¹ Korea include product from POSCO producers other than POSCO for pro	ducts o	ther tl	nan hig	gh allo	y plate	es.				s, Oth	er cou	intries	includ	les Kor	ean.

II-34. <u>Imports of excluded plate products</u>.--Please report the quantity and value of your firm's imports, if any, of military grade armor plate or ASTM A-829 Grad E4340 plate or specified alloy plate <u>excluded</u> from the definition of this product (*i.e.*, exclusions 2, 4, 5, 6, or 7 on pages 3-5 of this questionnaire).

	Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)							
		Calendar years		January-September				
Source	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016			
Austria								
Quantity								
Value								
Belgium Quantity								
Value								
Brazil Quantity								
Value								
China Quantity								
Value								
France Quantity								
Value								
Germany Quantity								
Value								
Italy Quantity								
Value								
Japan Quantity								
Value								
Korea (POSCO) Quantity								
Value								
Korea (other than POSCO) Quantity								
Value								

Table continued on next page.

II-34. Imports of excluded plate products.--Continued

		Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)								
		Calendar years								
Source	2013	2014	2015	2015	2016					
South Africa Quantity										
Value										
Taiwan <i>Quantity</i>										
Value										
Turkey Quantity										
Value										
Other sources ¹ Quantity										
Value										
¹ Identify your other sources	5:	1	1	1						

II-35.	Other explanations If your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part II that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from **Craig Thomsen** (202-205-3226, <u>Craig.Thomsen@usitc.gov</u>).

III-1. <u>Contact information</u>.--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information in part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

PRICE DATA

- III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2013 of the following products your firm imported from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa, Taiwan, and/or Turkey to the United States, as well as nonsubject countries Canada and Mexico:
 - <u>Product 1</u>.--Hot-rolled CTL carbon steel plate, ASTM A-36 or equivalent as rolled, mill edge, not heat treated, not cleaned or oiled, in cut lengths, 72" through 96" in width, 0.250" thick.
 - <u>Product 2</u>.--Hot-rolled CTL carbon steel plate, ASTM A-36 or equivalent as rolled, mill edge, not heat treated, not cleaned or oiled, in cut lengths, 72" through 96" in width, 0.3125" thick.
 - <u>Product 3</u>.--Hot-rolled CTL carbon steel plate, ASTM A-36 or equivalent as rolled, mill edge, not heat treated, not cleaned or oiled, in cut lengths, 72" through 120" in width, 0.375" through 3.00" in thickness.
 - <u>Product 4</u>.--Hot-rolled CTL carbon steel plate, high strength low alloy (HSLA), ASTM A-572, Grade 50, mill edge, not cleaned or oiled, in cut lengths, 72" through 120" in width, 0.5" through 1.5" in thickness.
 - <u>Product 5.--Hot-rolled CTL carbon steel plate, API X-70 or equivalent as rolled, mill or cut edge, not heat treated, not cleaned or oiled, in cut lengths, 72" through 152" in width, 0.375" through 1.0" thick.</u>
 - <u>Product 6</u>.--Hot-rolled CTL plate, AISI A2 or equivalent as rolled, mill edge, annealed, descaled, in random lengths from 73"-144", 20"-41" in width and from 0.187" through 3.5" thick.

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> point of shipment and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (*i.e.*, should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

During January 2013-September 2016, did your firm import from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China,
France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa, Taiwan and Turkey (and nonsubject countries
Canada and Mexico) and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products (or
any products that were competitive with these products)?

YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-3.

Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Austria III-2. and sold by your firm.

Austria

	Produ	ct 1	Produ	uct 2	Product 3		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:	-		·				
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-							
December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-							
December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-							
December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:
Product 2:
Product 3:

Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Austria III-2. and sold by your firm.

Austria

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
	Product 4		Product 5		Product 6		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

<u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Belgium III-2. and sold by your firm.

Belgium

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity in s		Produ	•	Product 3	
			1		-	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Product 3:

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, prov	⁄ide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 1:
Product 2:

- U.S. Importers' Questionnaire CTL plate
- **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Belgium III-2. and sold by your firm.

Belgium

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
	Product 4		Prod	uct 5	Product 6		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

o. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Note If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Brazil III-2. and sold by your firm.

Brazil

	(Quantity in s Product 1		Produ	ıct 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity Value		Quantity	Value	Quantity Value	
2013:	Qualitity	value	Quantity	value	Qualitity	value
January-March						
					+	
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:
Product 2:
Product 3:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

<u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Brazil III-2. and sold by your firm.

Brazil

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
	Product 4		Product 5		Product 6		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June		<u> </u>					
July-September							

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Note If your firm'	s product does no	t exactly meet the prod	uct specificatio	ns but is competitive	with the specified	product, provid
a description of you	ur firm's product.	Also, please explain any	, anomalies in y	our firm's reported p	oricing data.	

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your fir	in steported pricing data.
Product 4:	
Product 5:	
Product 6:	

<u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China III-2. and sold by your firm.

China

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)								
	Product 1		Produ	ict 2	Product 3			
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2013:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-								
December								
2014:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-								
December								
2015:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-								
December								
2016:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	
Product 1:	
Product 2:	
Product 3:	

- U.S. Importers' Questionnaire CTL plate
- **<u>Price data</u>**.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China and sold by your firm.

China

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
	Product 4		Prod	Product 5		Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from France III-2. and sold by your firm.

France

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)								
	Produ	ct 1	Produ	uct 2	Prod	uct 3		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2013:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-								
December								
2014:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-								
December								
2015:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-								
December								
2016:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								

o. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:
Product 2:
Product 3:

<u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from France III-2. and sold by your firm.

France

		(Quantity in sn	ort tons, value in d	onarsj		
	Product 4		Product 5		Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:			1			
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Note If your firm'	s product does no	t exactly meet the prod	uct specificatio	ns but is competitive	with the specified	product, provid
a description of you	ur firm's product.	Also, please explain any	, anomalies in y	our firm's reported p	oricing data.	

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

Product 1: Product 2: Product 3:

III-2. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Germany and sold by your firm.

Germany

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)						
	Produ	ıct 1	Product 2		Pro	duct 3
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
¹ Net values (<i>i.e.</i> , gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. ² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.						
Note -If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.						

- U.S. Importers' Questionnaire **CTL plate**
- **<u>Price data</u>**.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from III-2. Germany and sold by your firm.

Germany

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars) Product 4 Product 5 Product 6							
<u>_</u>	Produ	ict 4	Product 5		Product 6		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June						-	
July-September							
¹ Net values (<i>i.e.</i> , gross	s sales values less a	all discounts, allo	wances, rebates, p	repaid freight, ai	nd the value of retu	rned good	
f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point ² Pricing product defin				- '		-	

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

<u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Italy and III-2. sold by your firm.

Italy

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
	Produ	ct 1	Produ	ıct 2	Product 3		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October- December							
2014:					+		
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-							
December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-							
December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product,	provide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	

Product 1: Product 2:

Product 3:

<u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Italy and III-2. sold by your firm.

Italy

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
Product 4 Product 5 Prod							
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June						-	
July-September						•	

Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Japan III-2. and sold by your firm.

Japan

Period of shipment	Produ	ct 1	Produ		D		
Period of shipment			FIOU	uct 2	Prod	duct 3	
-	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-							
December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-							
December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-							
December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified produ	ct, provide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data	

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 1:
Product 2:
Product 3:

<u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Japan III-2. and sold by your firm.

Japan

Product 4 Product 5 Product							
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:	-		1				
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:						•	
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Note If your firn	n's product does no	t exactly meet the prod	uct specificatio	ns but is competitive	with the specified	product, provid	de
a description of y	our firm's product.	Also, please explain any	, anomalies in y	our firm's reported p	oricing data.		

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in you	ir firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:	
Product 5:	
Product 6:	

Product 2: Product 3:

III-2. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Korea (POSCO) and sold by your firm.

Korea (POSCO only)

		(Quantity in s	hort tons, value in	dollars)		
	Produ	ict 1	Product 2		Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
f.o.b. your firm's U.S. p	gross sales values le oint of shipment. Jefinitions are provi			, prepaid freight, ar	nd the value of re	turned goods),
Note -If your firm's pro a description of your fir Product 1:						product, provide

Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Korea III-2. (POSCO) and sold by your firm.

Korea (POSCO only)

		(Quantity in sh	ort tons, value in d	ollars)		
	Product 4		Prod	uct 5	Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
¹ Net values (<i>i.e.</i> , gross f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point ² Pricing product defin	of shipment.			repaid freight, a	nd the value of retu	rned goods),

Note -If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, pro	ovide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

III-2. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from South Africa and sold by your firm.

South Africa

		(Quantity in s	hort tons, value in	dollars)		
Product 1			Product 2		Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
f.o.b. your firm's U.S. p ² Pricing product of	definitions are prov	ided on the first pa	age of Part III.			
NoteIf your firm's pr						product, provide

Note -If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 1:
Product 2:
Product 3:

<u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from South III-2. Africa and sold by your firm.

South Africa

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)						
	Produ	Product 4		uct 5	Prod	uct 6
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Note If your firm	n's product does no	t exactly meet the prod	uct specificatio	ns but is competitive	with the specified	product, provide
a description of yo	our firm's product.	Also, please explain any	, anomalies in y	your firm's reported p	oricing data.	

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

<u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Taiwan III-2. and sold by your firm.

Taiwan

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	Produ	ct 1	Produ	ıct 2	Prod	uct 3
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:	•					
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September			llowances, rebates,			

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, prov	vide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	

Product 1:	
Product 1: Product 2:	

Product 3:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Taiwan III-2. and sold by your firm.

Taiwan

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
Product 4 Product 5 Product 5							
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June						•	
July-September				<u> </u>			

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

your firm \$ 0.5. point of snipment.
 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Turkey III-2. and sold by your firm.

Turkey

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	Produ	ct 1	Produ	uct 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-						
December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						

Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Product 3:

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, pro	ovide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	•	
Product 1:		
Product 2:		

<u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Turkey III-2. and sold by your firm.

Turkey

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)								
Product 4 Product 5 Product 6								
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2013:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2014:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2015:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2016:								
January-March								
April-June		_						
July-September		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm's	product does not	exactly meet the prod	uct specificatio	ns but is competitive	with the specified	product, provi	de
a description of your	firm's product.	Also, please explain any	, anomalies in y	our firm's reported p	oricing data.		

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

- U.S. Importers' Questionnaire CTL plate
- **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Canada and sold by your firm.

Canada

Report data in actual short tons and actual

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)								
	Produ	ct 1	Produ	uct 2	Prod	luct 3		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2013:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-								
December								
2014:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-								
December								
2015:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-								
December								
2016:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, prov	/ide
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 1:
Product 2:
Product 3:

Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Canada and sold by your firm.

Canada

		(Quantity III SII	ort tons, value in d	onars)	1	
Product 4 Product 5 Product 6						
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2013:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						•

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm	's product does no	t exactly meet the prod	uct specificatio	ns but is competitive	with the specified	product, provid	de
a description of yo	ur firm's product.	Also, please explain any	y anomalies in y	our firm's reported p	oricing data.		

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Mexico III-2. and sold by your firm.

Mexico

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars) Product 1 Product 2 Product 3						
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity Value	
2013:	Quarter		- Carana,		Quantity	
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October- December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Product 3:

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid
a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data					
	Product 1:				
	Product 2:				

III-2. **Price data**.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Mexico and sold by your firm.

Mexico

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
	Produ	ıct 4	Product 5		Pro	oduct 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
¹ Net values (<i>i.e.</i> , gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. ² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.							
Note -If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.							
Product 4:							
Product 5:							
Product 6:							

<u>Pricing data methodology</u>.—Please describe the method and the kinds of documents/records that were used to compile your price data.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

III-2a.	6 from	ts for own use During January 2012-September 2016, did your firm import product 5 or Austria, France, Germany, Japan, and/or Korea (POSCO) for your firm's own use (or any cts that were competitive with this product).
		YesPlease complete the cost table below as appropriate.
		NoSkip question III-3.

Report below the quarterly landed duty-paid cost data¹ for pricing product 5² imported from Austria, France, Germany, Japan, and/or Korea (POSCO) by your firm for your own use in the United States.

Please note that values should be <u>landed</u>, <u>duty-paid</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid by your firm (i.e., should be net of all returns, discounts, allowances, and rebates).

III-2a. Imports for own use.--Continued

Austria

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s of dollars).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
	Product 5		Proc	luct 6			
		Landed, duty-paid		Landed, duty-paid			
Period of shipment	Quantity	value ¹	Quantity	value ¹			
2013:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September			_				
¹ Not values (i.e. lar	adad duty paid value	e not all discounts, roturns	allowaneos robatos	proposed froight, and			

Note.-- If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported cost data.

^{&#}x27;Net values (*i.e.*, landed duty-paid values net all discounts, returns, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods). Moreover, please note that landed duty-paid values are NOT the sales prices at which your firm sells products you produce from CTL plate to consumers.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2a. Imports for own use.--Continued

France

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s of dollars).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)				
	Pr	oduct 5	Pr	oduct 6
Period of shipment	Quantity	Landed, duty-paid value ¹	Quantity	Landed, duty-paid value ¹
2013:			-	
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2014:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2015:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2016:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
1 Net values (i.e., lande	ed duty-paid value	es net all discounts, returns,	allowances, rebate	es, prepaid freight, and

^{&#}x27;Net values (*i.e.*, landed duty-paid values net all discounts, returns, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods). Moreover, please note that landed duty-paid values are NOT the sales prices at which your firm sells products you produce from CTL plate to consumers.

Note.-- If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported cost data.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2a. Imports for own use.--Continued

Germany

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s of dollars).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)				
	Pro	oduct 5	Proc	luct 6
		Landed, duty-paid		Landed, duty-paid
Period of shipment	Quantity	value ¹	Quantity	value ¹
2013:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2014:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2015:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2016:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
1 Not values (i.e. la	adad duty paid value	e not all discounts, returns	allowaneos robatos	propoid froight and

Note.-- If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported cost data.

Р	ro	au	ıct	5:

^{&#}x27;Net values (*i.e.*, landed duty-paid values net all discounts, returns, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods). Moreover, please note that landed duty-paid values are NOT the sales prices at which your firm sells products you produce from CTL plate to consumers.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2a. Imports for own use.--Continued

Japan

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s of dollars).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)				
	Pro	oduct 5	Pro	oduct 6
Period of shipment	Quantity	Landed, duty-paid value ¹	Quantity	Landed, duty-paid value ¹
2013:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2014:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2015:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2016:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
¹ Net values (i.e., la	nded duty-paid value	s net all discounts, return	s allowances rehate	s prepaid freight and

Note.-- If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported cost data.

Ρ	rod	uct	5:

^{&#}x27;Net values (*i.e.*, landed duty-paid values net all discounts, returns, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods). Moreover, please note that landed duty-paid values are NOT the sales prices at which your firm sells products you produce from CTL plate to consumers.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2a. Imports for own use.--Continued

Korea (POSCO)

Report data in actual short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s of dollars).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)				
	Pro	oduct 5	Pr	oduct 6
Period of shipment	Quantity	Landed, duty-paid value ¹	Quantity	Landed, duty-paid value ¹
2013:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2014:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2015:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2016:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
¹ Net values (i.e., lar	nded duty-naid value	e net all discounts returns	allowances rehate	s prepaid freight and

Note.-- If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported cost data.

М	roa	uct	5:

^{&#}x27;Net values (*i.e.*, landed duty-paid values net all discounts, returns, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods). Moreover, please note that landed duty-paid values are NOT the sales prices at which your firm sells products you produce from CTL plate to consumers.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2b. Additional costs for your direct imports of CTL plate for your firm's production of downstream products.

(i)	If your firm reported direct import costs above (question III-2a), please identify the
	factors that add to your cost of importing directly since January 1, 2013, estimate the
	share of the cost of the landed duty paid value, and explain the specific costs associated
	with each category.

Factors	Estimated share of landed duty paid value	Explanation
Logistical or supply chain costs		
Warehousing costs		
Insurance costs		
Currency conversion costs		
Other		
Other		

U.S. importers	U.S. producers	Both	Neither
directly importing	•	•	priefly identify the be plate from a U.S. im
	CTL plate instead o	•	
directly importing	CTL plate instead o	•	

(iv)	What is the approximate percentage of the total cost of CTL plate you directly imported
	from Austria, France, Germany, Japan, and/or Korea (POSCO) that is accounted for by
	U.S. inland transportation or other logistics costs from the port of importation to your
	distribution network or retail store? percent.

(c) Explain any variation in the margin saved since January 1, 2013.

		-	
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III-2b.	Addition product	nal costs for your direct imports of CTL plate for your firm's production of downstream s.							
		Korea (plate n	your firm directly imported CTL plate from Austria, France, Germany, Japan, and/or orea (POSCO) for your firm use in the United States, did your firm ALSO purchase CTL late manufactured in the United States from U.S. producers? If so, please contact Craig homsen (Craig.Thomsen@usitc.gov) to obtain a purchaser questionnaire.						
		☐ No		Yes					
<u>Additic</u>	onal costs product		ur direct ir	nports (of CTL p	olate fo	or your fir	m's productio	n of downstream
III-3.				•			•	_	for sales of CTL plate ple pages of a recent list.
	Transa by transa	/	Contract	pri	Set price lists Other			If other, describe	
]]				
III-4.	Discoun	t policy	y. Please i	ndicate	and de	scribe	your firm'	s discount pol	icies (<i>check all that apply</i>).
	Quant discou	-	Annual total volume discounts	No disco poli	unt	Other		D	escribe
]				
III-5.	I-5. Pricing terms (a) What are your firm's typical sales terms for CTL plate imported from Austria, Belgiu Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa, Taiwan, and Turke								
Net 30 Net 60 2/10 net days days					Other	C	Other (specify)		
		China,		rmany,	•		•	•	n Austria, Belgium, Brazil, an, and Turkey usually
			Delivered		F.o.b.	ŀ	f f.o.b., sp	ecify point	

III-6. <u>Contract versus spot.</u>--Approximately what share of your firm's sales of CTL plate imported from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa, Taiwan, and Turkey in 2015 was on a (1) long-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) short-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

	Type of sale							
	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (should sum to 100.0%)			
Share of 2015 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%		

III-7. <u>Contract provisions.</u>--Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for CTL plate from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa, Taiwan, and Turkey (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a long-term, short-term and/or annual contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
	Both			
Meet or release	Yes			
provision	No			
Not applicab	le			

III-8.	Global s	Global supplier relationship						
	(a)	(a) Does your firm or an affiliate of your firm have operations in multiple countries?						
	Yes		Please continue to question III-8 (b) and (c).					
	No		Please skip to question III-9.					
	(b) Does your firm purchase CTL plate on a consolidated basis for multiple markets including the United States?							
	No	Yes	If yes, please explain this process and identify the supplier(s) from whom you are purchasing on this basis.					
	(c) Does your firm direct any firm in its supply chain to purchase CTL plate from any inside or outside the United States?							
	No	Yes	Please explain the details of this relationship.					

III-9. <u>Lead times.</u>--What is your firm's share of sales of CTL plate imported from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa, Taiwan, and Turkey from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of CTL plate?

Source	Share of 2015 sales	Lead time (average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

III-10. Shipping information.--

(b)

(a)	What is the approximate percentage of the total delivered cost of CTL plate imported
	from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa,
	Taiwan, and Turkey that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs?
	percent.

Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations?

(~)	Your firm Purchaser (check one)
(c)	When your firm sells CTL plate imported from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa, Taiwan, and Turkey, from where is it shipped?
	Point of importation Storage facility (check one)

(d) Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of CTL plate imported from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa, Taiwan, and Turkey that are delivered the following distances from your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Distance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Share
Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

III-11. <u>Geographical shipments.</u>--In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold CTL plate imported from subject countries since January 1, 2013 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	Austria	Belgium	Brazil	China	France	Germany	Italy	Japan	Korea	South Africa	Taiwan	Turkey
Northeast.—CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.												
Midwest.–IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.												
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.												
Central Southwest .—AR, LA, OK, and TX.												
Mountains .–AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.												
Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.												
Other.—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.												

III-12. <u>End uses.</u>--List the end uses of the CTL plate that your firm imports from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, South Africa, Taiwan, and Turkey. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by CTL plate and other inputs?

	Share of total cost account	Total	
End use product	CTL plate	Other inputs	(should sum to 100.0% across)
Liiu use product	•	•	•
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

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-1	-13. <u>Substitutes</u> Can other products be substituted for CTL plate?										
			No	YesPlease fill out th	ne ta	ble.					
				End use in which this	На	nanges in the price of this substitute fected the price for CTL plate?					
		Substitut	е	substitute is used	No	Explanation					
1.											
2.											
3.											
-1	II-14. Availability of merchandiseAre certain grades/types/sizes of CTL plate only available from certain sources?										
		No	Yes	If yes, please identify the sources, firms, the grade/type/size, and approximate cost per short ton in 2015 of these grades/types/sizes.							

III-15. **Demand trends.**—

(a) Indicate how demand within the United States and outside of the United States (if known) for CTL plate has changed since January 1, 2013. Explain any trends and describe the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand. If not known for a particular sector, please leave that row blank.

	January 1,	2013-Decemb	er 31, 2014	Since January 1, 2015						
	Overall		Overall	Overall		Overall				
Market	increase	No change	decrease	increase	No change	decrease				
Within the United States										
Within the United States for the following sectors: Agricultural and electrical equipment										
Automotive										
Construction										
Machinery, tools & industrial equipment										
Oil and gas industry										
Rail transportation										
Shipbuilding and marine equipment										
Wind towers										
Other ¹										
Outside the United States										
¹ Please describe the "oth	er" sectors:									
(b) Please expl	ain any princi	pal factors cor	ntributing to t	hese trends.						

U.S. Imp	porters' Qu	iestionnaii	re – CTL plate	Page 104						
III-16.			lave there been ar ate since January 1	ny significant changes in the product range, product mix or , 2013?						
	No	Yes	If yes, please des	cribe.						
III-17.	 Conditions of competition. — (a) Is the CTL plate market subject to business cycles (other than general economy-wide conditions) and/or other conditions of competition distinctive to CTL plate? 									
	Check all	that apply	<i>j</i> .	Please describe.						
		No		Skip to question III-16.						
			ness cycles (e.g. business)							
			r distinctive is of competition							
			e been any change anuary 1, 2013?	es in the business cycles or conditions of competition for						
	No	Yes	If yes, describe	е.						
III-18. Supply constraints. —Has your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply CTL plate singularly 1, 2013 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order entrapedeclining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the quantity promised, been unable to meet timely shipment commitments, etc.)?										
	No	Yes	If yes, please des	cribe.						

III-19. Raw material prices.	orices.—
------------------------------	----------

(a)	If known, how have prices for raw material used to produce CTL plate changed since
	January 1, 2013?

Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Don't know

(b)	Have any changes in raw material costs affected your firm's price negotiations and/or
	prices paid (including surcharges) with your CTL plate suppliers since January 1, 2013? If
	there are relevant surcharges, please identify them specifically.

No	Yes	Please explain.

(c) Are your firm's imports of CTL plate indexed to raw material costs?

No	Yes	Please explain, identifying the particular index or indices, and how frequently prices are adjusted based on the index or indices.

III-20. <u>Interchangeability.--</u>ls CTL plate produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (*i.e.*, can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Austria	Belgium	Brazil	China	France	Germany	ltaly	Japan	Korea ¹	South Africa	Taiwan	Turkey	Canada	Mexico	Other sources ¹
United States															
Austria	\times														
Belgium	\times	\times													
Brazil	\times	\times	\times												
China	\times	\times	\times	X											
France	\times	\times	\times	X	X										
Germany	X	X	\times	\times	\times	\times									
Italy	X	X	X	\times	\times	\times	X								
Japan	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X							
Korea ¹	X	X	X	\times	\times	\times	X	X	X						
South Africa	X	X	X	\times	\times	\times	X	X	X	\times					
Taiwan	X	X	\times	\times	\times	\times	X	X	\times	X	X				
Turkey	X	X	X	\times	\times	X	X	X	X	X	X	\times			
Canada	X	X	X	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	X	\times	\times	\times	\times		
Mexico	\times	X	X	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	$\overline{\times}$	$\overline{\times}$	\times	\times	\times	\times	

For any country-pair producing CTL plate that is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude interchangeable use:

¹ Korea include product from POSCO for all products, and other producers for high alloy plates; Other sources includes Korean producers other than POSCO for products other than high alloy plates.

III-21. <u>Factors other than price.</u>--Are differences other than price (*e.g.*, quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between CTL plate produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Austria	Belgium	Brazil	China	France	Germany	Italy	Japan	Korea ¹	South Africa	Taiwan	Turkey	Canada	Mexico	Other sources ¹
United States															
Austria	\times														
Belgium	\times	\times													
Brazil	\times	\bowtie	\times												
China	\times	\times	\times	X											
France	\times	\times	\times	X	\times										
Germany	X	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times									
Italy	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	X								
Japan	X	X	X	X	\times	X	X	X							
Korea ¹	X	X	X	\times	\times	\times	X	X	X						
South Africa	X	X	X	\times	\times	\times	X	X	X	X					
Taiwan		X	X	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times				
Turkey		X	X	\times	\geq	\times		X	X	X	\times	\times			
Canada		X	X	$\overline{\times}$	$\overline{\times}$	$\overline{\times}$	X			X	\times	\times	\times		
Mexico		\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	$\overline{}$	$\overline{\times}$	$\overline{\times}$	\times	\times	$\overline{\mathbb{X}}$	

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's sales of CTL plate, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

¹ Korea includes product from POSCO for all products, and other producers for high alloy plates, Other sources includes Korean producers other than POSCO for products other than high alloy plates.

III-22. <u>Customer identification</u>.--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for CTL plate since January 1, 2013. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's total shipments of CTL plate that each of these customers accounted for in 2015.

	Customer's name	City	State	Share of 2015 sales (%)
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

III-23.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2016/carbon and alloy steel cut to length p late austria/final.htm

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box.</u>--Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: CTLP

• E-mail.--E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to Carolyn.Carlson@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm did not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.--If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.