Purpose of the questionnaire

The purpose of this questionnaire is to identify worker and workplace safety and health topics and issues that you believe are the highest priority for safety and health research in the next 10 years in the U.S. Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing sector. The results will be used to facilitate discussions of these priorities, towards the creation of a new NORA Agriculture Forestry and Fishing Research Agenda.

The questions have been organized into three main sections. Within each section, there are questions that address agriculture, forestry and fishing as subsectors. You may skip sections or particular questions for which you do not want to give your feedback. Your responses are confidential and will be reported at the upcoming NORA Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Sector Council meeting as part of the aggregate results of every person who responds to this survey. Your responses will not be connected back to you as an individual.

Please click Next to start the questionnaire.

Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to CDC/ATSDR Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS D-74, Atlanta, Georgia 30333; ATTN: PRA (0920-0953).

Section 1: Research Priorities for the Agriculture Subsector

Questions in this section ask you to identify and prioritize the topics and issues that you believe are the highest priority to improve the safety and health of farmworkers and their families. You have the option to skip this section.

1. Would you like to...

Section 1:Research Priorities for the Agriculture subsector

2. For each agriculture **safety hazard** listed below, select the level of priority with which the hazard needs to be addressed by safety and health research and/or research to practice activities (e.g., providing education, training and resources). Please consider that although is important to address all the hazards, some may have a higher priority because of the magnitude of risk, the population affected, a pressing need for new information, or some other reason.

	Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority
Machinery (e.g., balers, mowers, augers, and combines)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Industrial vehicles (e.g., farm tractors and forklifts)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
All-Terrain Vehicles (ATVs)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Unmanned aerial vehicles (drones)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Automated, semi- autonomous, and autonomously operated ground based agricultural vehicles	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Working surface (related to trips and falls)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Livestock	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Grain bins and silos	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify hazard and	l level of priority)		

3. For each agriculture **health hazard** listed below, select the level of priority with which the hazard needs to be addressed by safety and health research and/or research to practice activities (e.g., providing education, training and resources).Please consider that although is important to address all the hazards, some may have a higher priority because of the magnitude of risk, the population affected, a pressing need for new information, or some other reason.

	Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority		
Ergonomic hazards	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Respiratory hazards	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Pesticides and other agrochemicals	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Noise	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Heat	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Other physical hazards (e.g., ultraviolet radiation, cold)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Zoonotic infections and other animal exposures	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Violence in the workplace	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Other stressful agricultural working conditions (e.g., economic forces, weather, isolation)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Stress and mental health	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Other (please specify hazard and level of priority)					

	Low Priority	Moderate Priority	High Priority
Exploration of new occupational injury, Iness, hazard, and exposure data collection upproaches		0	
mproving worker lemographic information at the national and state evel (e.g., enhancing existing employment lemographic data creating new systems to better characterize the workforce)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Analysis of existing aurveillance data to the evel of detail possible e.g., type of outcome, ause, demographic aharacteristics, ncidence and/or prevalence)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
her (please specify)			

5. For each vulnerable group, please indicate whether agriculture safety and health research focusing specifically on that group is of low, moderate, or high priority.

	Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority
Foreign-born workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Recent immigrants	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Women farmers and workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Young workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Older workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Physically and Cognitively-disabled Workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Unpaid family workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify group and	d level of priority)		

6. What other agricultural safety or health issues should be a research priority or area for collaboration?

Section 2: Research Priorities for the Fishing subsector

Questions in this section ask you to identify and prioritize the topics and issues that you believe are the highest priority to improve the safety and health of commercial fishing workers and their families. You have the option to skip this section.

7. Would you like to...

Section 2: Research Priorities for the Fishing subsector

8. For each **cause of injuries** (fatal and non-fatal) among commercial fishing workers listed below, select the level of priority with which it needs to be addressed by safety and health research and/or research to practice activities (e.g., providing education, training and resources). Please consider that although is important to address all the causes, some may have a higher priority because of the magnitude of risk, the population affected, a pressing need for new information, or some other reason.

	Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority
Falls overboard	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Injuries related to vessels disasters	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
On-board injuries	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
On-shore injuries	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Diving injuries	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify)			

9. For each **safety hazard related to on-board injuries** (fatal and non-fatal) among commercial fishing workers listed below, select the level of priority with which it needs to be addressed by safety and health research and/or research to practice activities (e.g., providing education, training and resources). Please consider that although is important to address all the causes, some may have a higher priority because of the magnitude of risk, the population affected, a pressing need for new information, or some other reason.

	Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority
Deck winch entanglement	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Slips, trips and falls	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Struck by fishing gear or other equipment	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Fish processing factory hazards	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Fires	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify)			

10. For each **health hazard** among commercial fishing workers listed below, select the level of priority with which the hazard needs to be addressed by safety and health research and/or research to practice activities (e.g., providing education, training and resources). Please consider that although is important to address all the causes, some may have a higher priority because of the magnitude of risk, the population affected, a pressing need for new information, or some other reason.

	Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority
Ergonomic hazards	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Noise	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Stress and mental health	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Environmental conditions (wet,cold, wind and sun)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Biological organisms,chemicals (e.g., Freon, Ammonia) or particulate matter (e.g., diesel exhaust)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify)			

11. For each vulnerable group, please indicate whether fishing safety and health research focusing specifically on that group is of low, moderate, or high priority.

	Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority
Foreign-born workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Recent immigrants	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Women workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Young workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Older workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Physically and cognitively-disabled workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify group and	level of priority)		

12. What other fishing safety or health issues should be a research priority or area for collaboration?

Section 3:Research Priorities for the Forestry subsector

Questions in this section ask you to identify the topics and issues that you believe are the highest priority to improve the safety and health of logging and forestry workers and their families.

13. Would you like to...

Section 3: Research priorities for the Forestry subsector

14. For each cause of injuries among forestry and logging workers listed below, select the level of priority with which it needs to be addressed by safety and health research and/or research to practice activities (e.g., providing education, training and resources). Please consider that although is important to address all the causes, some may have a higher priority because of the magnitude of risk, the population affected, a pressing need for new information, or some other reason.

	Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority
Heavy equipment/ machinery (e.g., skidders, loaders)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Tools (e.g., chainsaws)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Uneven ground, forest debris and other obstructions	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Pipelines	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Electric lines	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Fire hazards	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Bites, stings and other animal exposures	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
Hazards associated with loading and transporting	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify)			

15. For each **health hazard** among forestry and logging workers listed below, select the level of priority with which it needs to be addressed by safety and health research and/or research to practice activities (e.g., providing education, training and resources). Please consider that although is important to address all the causes, some may have a higher priority because of the magnitude of risk, the population affected, a pressing need for new information, or some other reason.

	Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority
Ergonomic hazards	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Noise	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Vibration	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Environmental conditions (wet,cold, wind and sun)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Toxic chemicals	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Drug and alcohol use	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Chronic diseases	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Stress and mental health	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify)			

factors that limit the adoption of safe logging practices and medical tteatment of logging related injuriesImprove the comparisonImprove comparisonImprove the quality and availability of protective equipment Equipment ProtectionImprove comparisonImprove comparisonImprove comparisonImprove the quality and availability of protective equipment Equipment Equipment protectionImprove comparison comparisonImprove comparison comparisonImprove comparison comparison comparisonEvaluate preventive interventions for the use of alachohi and lifeit interventions for the use of alachohi and lifeit it advanced comparisonImprove the comparison comparisonBuild future cospective in in safety and health for the cospective in in safety and health for the cospective in safety and health for the cospective in saf	Identify factors that init the adoption of safe logging predices and medical treatment of logging related injuries	6. Select the level	of priority for each rese	arch need below to improve the sa	fety of forestry workers.
factors that limit the aadoption of sale logging practices and medical treatment of loggingimprove the quality and availability of protective equipment Protection)Improve the quality and availability of protective equipment Protection)Improve the quality and availability of protective equipment Protection)Evaluate proventive interventions for the use of alachobil and lilicit user of sale operation safety and health for the prostry saccesDevelopments in safety and restry userDevelopments in safety and restry userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments user	factors that limit the aadoption of sale logging practices and medical treatment of loggingimprove the quality and availability of protective equipment Protection)Improve the quality and availability of protective equipment Protection)Improve the quality and availability of protective equipment Protection)Evaluate proventive interventions for the use of alachobil and lilicit user of sale operation safety and health for the prostry saccesDevelopments in safety and restry userDevelopments in safety and restry userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments in userDevelopments user		Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority
Developments in safety technology to prevent injuries	quality and availability of protective equipment Protection)Image: Construction Image: Construction of Image: Construction of of the use of alcohol and alcohol and alcohol and rescription or other drugs, 	Identify factors that limit the adoption of safe logging practices and medical treatment of logging related injuries	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
preventive interventions for the use of alcohol and illicit prescription or other drugs, by forestry workers Build future capacity in safety and health for the forestry sector via advanced training programs Developments in safety technology to prevent	preventive interventions for the use of alcohol and illicit prescription or other drugs, by forestry workers Build future capacity in safety and health for the forestry sector via advanced training programs Developments in safety technology to prevent	quality and availability of protective equipment (PPE and Equipment	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
capacity in safety and health for the forestry sector via advanced training programs	capacity in safety and health for the forestry sector via advanced training programs	preventive interventions for the use of alcohol and illicit prescription or other drugs, by forestry	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
in safety technology to prevent injuries	in safety technology to prevent injuries	capacity in safety and health for the forestry sector via advanced training	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify)	Other (please specify)	in safety technology to prevent	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
		Other (please specify)			

17. For each vulnerable group, please indicate whether forestry safety and health research focusing specifically on that group is of low, moderate, or high priority.

	Low priority	Moderate priority	High priority
Recent immigrants	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Seasonal workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Women workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Young workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Older workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Physically and Cognitively-disabled Workers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify)			

18. What other forestry safety or health issues should be a research priority or area for collaboration?

NORA Agriculture Forestry and Fishing Sector Council Questionnaire				
Additional Questions				
* 19. From the selections below, please select the best representation of your organization or group.				
NIOSH				
Other Governmental Agency				
Non-Profit Organization				
Professional Association				
Trade Association				
Insurance Company				
Manufacturer of Equipment and Exposure Controls				
Agriculture, Forestry or Fishing Employer				
Academic Researcher				
Other (please specify	/)			
* 20. Please indicate the length of experience (in years) in occupational safety and health that you have in				
each subsector.				
	0 to 1 year	2-5 years	6-15 years	More than 15 years
Agriculture	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
Forestry	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Fishing	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

THANK YOU!

We appreciate the time you have taken and thank you for helping shape the next decade of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing safety and health research through NORA.

Please click Done to submit your survey.