

Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Plan

for

State/Territory

FFY 2016-2018

This Plan describes the CCDF program to be administered by the State/Territory for the period 6/1/2016 – 9/30/2018. As provided for in the applicable statutes and regulations, the Lead Agency has the flexibility to modify this program at any time, including amending the options selected or described.

For purposes of simplicity and clarity, the specific provisions of applicable laws printed herein are sometimes paraphrases of, or excerpts and incomplete quotations from, the full text. The Lead Agency acknowledges its responsibility to adhere to them regardless of these modifications.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 162.5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and reviewing the collection of information.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

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Introduction and How to Approach Plan Development

those changes.

Access to stable, high quality child care and early learning experiences improves the odds of success for two generations – parents and children - who rely on child care across the country. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) provides resources to State, Territory, and Tribal grantees that enable low-income parents to work or pursue education and training so that they may better support their families while at the same time promoting the learning and development of their children. The CCDF also provides funding to enhance the quality of child care for all children.

On November 19, 2014, President Obama signed the bipartisan-supported Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014 into law (Pub. L. 113-186) (https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/occ/child care and development block grant mark up.pdf). The law reauthorizes and significantly revises the purposes of the CCDF program and requirements for State and Territory grantees. The law establishes minimum child care assistance eligibility periods, health and safety standards and training requirements for providers, monitoring, consumer information and other components that when fully implemented will strengthen child care in this country and support child and family success.

Grant (CCDBG) Act, as revised by reauthorization. The Office of Child Care (OCC) has provided interpretive guidance on the new requirements of the law through Program Instructions or responses to Frequently Asked Questions, which are available at: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/ccdf-reauthorization. Pending the issuance of implementing regulations, States and Territories are to comply with the law based on their reasonable interpretation of the requirements in the revised CCDBG statute. Further Federal clarification through guidance and regulation is forthcoming. Once final rules are issued, any States and Territories that do not fully meet the requirements of the regulations will need to revise their

policies and procedures to come into compliance, and file appropriate Plan amendments related to

States and Territories must comply with the provisions of the Child Care and Development Block

CCDF Plan Overview. The Administration for Children and Families (ACF) re-designed the CCDF Plan to assist State and Territory grantees to plan for full implementation of the law. We recognize that the CCDBG Act of 2014 includes a significant number of changes, some of which are straightforward to implement, while others are complex and will be phased-in over several years. The level of effort needed for implementation will vary across the country depending on the number of changes a State or Territory needs to make. We encourage all States and Territories to take time to think systematically and consider large-scale changes to advance a coherent vision for their child care programs and achieve the goals of the reauthorization – that is, to improve the health, safety, and quality of child care and to improve low-income working families' access to child care assistance and care that promotes child development. Some States and Territories will need time to enact changes through their legislatures or rulemaking processes. In addition, some requirements will take time to fully operationalize. ACF will work with States and Territories to ensure that adoption and implementation of these important changes are done in a thoughtful and comprehensive manner.

The Plan process continues to be the primary mechanism by which ACF will determine State and Territory compliance with requirements in the new law. The CCDBG Act of 2014 changed the Plan cycle from a biennial to a triennial Plan period; thus, this Plan will cover a 3-year period. (658E(b)) States and Territories are required to submit their FY 2016-2018 CCDF Plans by March 1, 2016, and approved Plans will become effective June 1, 2016. This Pre-Print will provide a tool for States and Territories to describe to ACF their implementation plans to:

- 1. Define CCDF Leadership and Coordination with Relevant Systems
- 2. Promote Family Engagement through Outreach and Consumer Education
- 3. Provide Stable Child Care Financial Assistance to Families
- 4. Ensure Equal Access to High Quality Child Care for Low-Income Children
- 5. Establish Standards and Monitoring Processes to Ensure the Health and Safety of Child Care Settings
- 6. Recruit and Retain a Qualified and Effective Child Care Workforce
- 7. Support Continuous Quality Improvement
- 8. Ensure Grantee Accountability

These organizational categories reflect key functions of an integrated system of high quality care for low-income working families. Although the Plan is divided into sections for reporting and accountability purposes, ACF encourages Lead Agencies to approach the Plan in a cross-cutting, integrated manner. The intention is that grantees and the federal government will be able to use this information to track and assess progress, determine need for technical assistance and CCDF Plan amendments, and ultimately determine compliance with specific requirements and deadlines.

For purposes of simplicity and clarity, the specific provisions of applicable laws printed herein are sometimes paraphrases of, or excerpts and incomplete quotations from, the full text. The State/Territory acknowledges its responsibility to adhere to them regardless of these modifications. The Plan contains definitions where provided by law. For terminology not defined in the law, some illustrative examples may be provided. These should only be considered examples, and not requirements, for purposes of responding. If no definitions are provided, States/Territories should respond based on their own definitions for those terms.

CCDBG Implementation Deadlines. In some cases, the CCDBG Act of 2014 specifies a particular date when a provision is effective. Where the law does not specify a date, the new requirements became effective upon the date of enactment and States/Territories have until September 30, 2016 to implement the new statutory requirement(s). ACF has determined that when a State or Territory cannot certify compliance with a specific requirement at the time of CCDF plan submission (March 1, 2016), the grantee must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with such provision(s). The implementation plan must provide sufficient information to support approval of the Plan for funding.

Specifically, as part of its implementation plan, States/Territories will be asked to describe:

Overall target completion date (no later than appropriate effective date deadline)

- Current overall status for this section (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially
 implemented, other) including describing progress to date for any requirements already
 implemented and listing any unmet requirements that are not yet fully implemented
- Specific steps (activities) you will take to complete implementation of the unmet requirement(s) (e.g., secure legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.)
- Timeline for implementation including projected start date and end date for each step
- Agency/entity responsible for completing implementation of the goal/objective, and partners who will work with the responsible agency to complete implementation of the goal/objective.

We recognize that it will take multiple steps and interim activities toward complete implementation of the requirement. We have included spaces to allow respondents to outline those interim steps and associated timelines (projected start and end dates) for those interim steps to be outlined. A comprehensive summary of the topical implementation plans across sections will be generated electronically to facilitate monitoring of progress towards completion.

ACF will work with States and Territories to monitor progress towards achievement of these requirements and will conduct ongoing reviews of implementation plans until fulfillment of the requirement. Upon completion of the implementation plan, the State/Territory will submit a Plan amendment to certify fulfillment of the requirement(s). These updates and amendments can be submitted at any time prior to the effective date of the requirement. For example, States and Territories may, and are encouraged to, submit amendments to certify compliance with requirements upon completion, but no later than the effective date of the requirements (refer to the Program Instruction on Effective Dates for these deadlines https://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/pi-2015-02 and corresponding timeline of effective dates https://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/pi-2015-02-attachment-timeline-page 1.5.

Lead Agencies can access a variety of federal technical assistance resources to support implementation of the new requirements at: https://childcareta.acf.hhs.gov/ccdf-reauthorization In addition to these materials, States and Territories will continue to receive support through the Office of Child Care's Technical Assistance Network (CCTAN) to assist with implementation of the new law. ACF recommends reviewing these resources prior to starting and completing each section of the Plan.

of-effective-dates-for-States-and-Territories-ccdbg-act-of-2014).

CCDF Plan Submission. States and Territories will submit their Plans electronically through the ACF-118 electronic submission site. The ACF-118 site will include all language and questions included in the final CCDF Plan Preprint template approved by the Office of Management and Budget. Please note that the format of the questions in the ACF-118 site may be modified from the Word version of the document to ensure compliance with Section 508 policies regarding accessibility to electronic and information technology for individuals with disabilities (see http://www.section508.gov/ for more information). Until the final draft is approved, States and Territories may use the draft CCDF Plan preprint templates as they work to implement the new law.

In responding to questions, States and Territories are asked to provide brief, specific summary text and/or bullet points only. Do not use tables or copy and paste charts, attachments or manuals into the Plan.

All information and materials developed to support CCDF implementation and information reported in the CCDF Plan are subject to review by ACF as part of ongoing CCDBG compliance monitoring efforts. In cases where the CCDBG Act of 2014 did not change CCDF regulatory requirements (e.g., Public Hearing requirements), the CCDF regulations are still in effect and relevant questions are included in this Plan.

The CCDF Plan does not contain the Quality Performance Report (QPR) appendix included in previous Plans. The CCDBG Act of 2014 requires ongoing collection of some information that was included in the QPR. ACF will issue a separate information collection tool for public comment and approval linked to the CCDF Plan and updated based on the new requirements in the law.

1 Define CCDF Leadership and Coordination with Relevant Systems

Implementation of the requirements of the CCDBG Act of 2014 will require leadership and coordination between the child care assistance program and other child- and family-serving agencies, services, and supports at the state and local levels. ACF recognizes that each grantee must identify the most appropriate entities and individuals to lead and participate in implementation based on the context within that State or Territory. This will include those that manage various components of CCDF-funded activities and requirements (fiscal, subsidy, health and safety monitoring, and continuous quality improvement) as well as other public and private partners.

This section collects information to help ACF understand the stakeholders convened and consulted to develop the Plan, where authority lies to make policy decisions and program changes, and who is responsible for implementing the blueprint for action the Plan describes. For example, the law requires that, at the option of the Tribes, State/Territory Lead Agencies must collaborate and coordinate with Indian tribes or tribal organizations in the State in a timely manner in the development of the CCDF Plan. ACF expects that new requirements in the law will necessitate that grantees build partnerships with other agencies and organizations to better link the children and families receiving financial assistance to information, services and resources regarding other programs for which they may be eligible, including developmental screenings for children, and other resources (also in section 2). In addition, States and Territories must describe how public-private partnerships are being used to increase the supply and quality of child care services.

1.1 CCDF Leadership

The Governor of a State or Territory shall designate an agency (which may be an appropriate collaborative agency), or establish a joint inter-agency office, to represent the State (or Territory) as the Lead Agency. The Lead Agency agrees to administer the program in accordance

with applicable Federal laws and regulations and the provisions of this Plan, including the assurances and certifications appended hereto. (658D, 658E(c)(1))

1.1.1 Which Lead Agency is designated to administer the CCDF program?

Identify the Lead Agency or joint inter-agency office designated by the State/Territory. ACF will send official grant correspondence such as grant awards, grant adjustments, Plan approvals, and disallowance notifications to the designated contact identified here. (658D(a))

	Name of Lead Agency
	Address of Lead Agency
	Name and Title of the Lead Agency Official
	Phone Number
	E-Mail Address
	Web Address for Lead Agency (if any)
1.1.2	Who is the CCDF administrator?
	Identify the CCDF administrator designated by the Lead Agency, the day-to-day contact, or the person with responsibility for administering the State/Territory's CCDF program. ACF will send programmatic communications such as program announcements, program instructions, and data collection instructions to the designated contact identified here. If there is more than one designated contact with equal or shared responsibility for administering the CCDF program, please identify the co-administrator or entity with administrative responsibilities and include contact information.
	a) Contact Information for CCDF Administrator:
	Name of CCDF Administrator
	Title of CCDF Administrator
	Address of CCDF Administrator
	Phone Number
	E-Mail Address
	b) Contact Information for CCDF Co-Administrator (if applicable):
	Name of CCDF Co-Administrator
	Title of CCDF Co-Administrator
	Phone Number
	E-Mail Address
	Description of the role of the Co-Administrator

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c) Primary Contact Information for the CCDF Program:

		Phone	Number for CCDF program information (for the public) (if any)
		Web A	ddress for CCDF program (for the public) (if any)
		Web A	ddress for CCDF program policy manual (if any)
		Web A	address for CCDF program administrative rules (if any)
1.1.3		-	ency/department/entity that is responsible for each of the major parts of CCDF and the name of the lead contact responsible for managing this portion of the
		0	ach and Consumer Education (section 2): Agency/Department/Entity Name of Lead Contact
		0	y/Financial Assistance (section 3 and section 4) Agency/Department/Entity Name of Lead Contact
		Licensi 0	ing/Monitoring (section 5): Agency/Department/Entity Name of Lead Contact
		Child (Care Workforce (section 6): Agency/Department/Entity
		Quality 0	Name of Lead Contact y Improvement (section 7): Agency/Department/Entity Name of Lead Contact
			ee Accountability/Program Integrity (section 8): Agency/Department/Entity Name of Lead Contact
1.2	CCDF Po	licy Dec	ision Authority
	implen other p	nent act oublic or	cy has broad authority to administer (i.e., establish rules) and operate (i.e., ivities) the CCDF program through other governmental, non-governmental, or private local agencies as long as it retains overall responsibility for the of the program. (658D(b))
1.2.1	State/T policies wheth	Territory s are est er the C	ollowing CCDF program rules and policies are set or established at the versus the local level? In other words, identify whether CCDF program rules and tablished by the State or Territory (even if administered or operated locally) or CDF policies or rules are established by local entities (such as counties or rds) setting those policies. Check one.
		All	program rules and policies are set or established at the State/Territory level.

Some or all program rules and policies are set or established by local entities. If checked, indicate which entities establish the following policies. Check all that apply.
Eligibility rules and policies (e.g., income limits) are set by the:
State/Territory
County. If checked, describe the type of eligibility policies the county can set
Other local entity (e.g., workforce boards, early learning coalitions). If checked, identify the entity (e.g. workforce board) and describe the type of eligibility policies the local entity(ies) can set
Other. Describe
Sliding fee scale is set by the:
State/Territory
County. If checked, describe the type of sliding fee scale policies the county can set
Other local entity (e.g., workforce boards, early learning coalitions). If checked, identify the entity (e.g. workforce board) and describe the type of sliding fee scale policies the local entity(ies) can set
Other. Describe
Payment rates are set by the:
State/Territory
County. If checked, describe the type of payment rate policies the county can set
Other local entity (e.g., workforce boards, early learning coalitions). If checked, identify the entity (e.g. workforce board) and describe the type of payment rate policies the local entity(ies) can set
Other. Describe
Other. List and describe (e.g., quality improvement systems, payment practices)
How is the CCDF program operated in your State/Territory? In other words, which agency(ies) implement or perform these CCDF services and activities and how will the State/Territory ensure that Federal CCDF requirements are fully implemented by other governmental or

nongovernmental agencies. ACF recommends minimizing differences in eligibility or other

policies across counties or other jurisdictions to ease family burden and confusion. Check all that

apply and describe the services performed by the entity and how the State/Territory ensures accountability that federal requirements are fully implemented by other agency(ies).

a) Who determines eligibility?		
CCDF Lead Agency		
TANF agency. Describe		
Other State/Territory agency. Describe		
Local government agencies such as county welfare or social services departments. Describe		
Child care resource and referral agencies. Describe		
Community-based organizations. Describe		
Other. Describe		
b) Who assists parents in locating child care (consumer education)?		
CCDF Lead Agency		
TANF agency. Describe		
Other State/Territory agency. Describe		
Local government agencies such as county welfare or social services departments. Describe		
Child care resource and referral agencies. Describe		
Community-based organizations. Describe		
Other. Describe		
c) Who issues payments?		
CCDF Lead Agency		
TANF agency. Describe		
Other State/Territory agency. Describe		
Local government agencies such as county welfare or social services departments. Describe		
Child care resource and referral agencies. Describe		
Community-based organizations. Describe		
Other. Describe		

1.3 Consultation in the Development of the CCDF Plan

The Lead Agency is responsible for developing the CCDF plan which serves as the application for a three-year implementation period. In the development of the CCDF plan, the Lead Agency shall consult with appropriate representatives of units of general purpose local government. (658D(b)(2)) General purpose local governments is defined by the U.S. Census at https://www.census.gov/newsroom/cspan/govts/20120301 cspan govts def 3.pdf

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a requirement that States consult with the State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care (pursuant to 642B(b)(I)(A)(i) of the Head Start Act). 658E(c)(2)(R) In addition, States shall, at the option of an Indian tribe or tribal organization in the State, collaborate and coordinate with such Indian tribe or tribal organization in the development of the State plan in a timely manner. (658D (b)(1)(E))

1.3.1 Check who and describe how the Lead Agency consulted with these entities in the development of the CCDF Plan (check all that apply). For example, did the entity participate in a drafting committee, review drafts, sign off on the final version, or develop a memorandum of understanding with the Lead Agency to meet requirements to share information or services for CCDF subsidy families, or other manner of participation? This list includes entities required by law along with a list of optional CCDF Plan consultation partners that Lead Agencies potentially would consult with in their developing their CCDF Plan.

	[REQUIRED] Appropriate representatives of general purpose local government, which			
	can incl	ude counties, municipalities or townships/towns Describe		
	[REQUIRED, IF APPLICABLE] State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and			
	Care (p	ursuant to 642B(b)(I)(A)(i) of the Head Start Act). Describe		
	0	If checked, does the Lead Agency have official representation and a decision-		
		making role in the State Advisory Council?		
		□ Yes		
		□ No.		
	0	If no State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care (pursuant to		
		642B(b)(I)(A)(i) of the Head Start Act) exists in your State/Territory, describe		
		how you consulted with any other state- or state-designated cross-agency body		
		such as an advisory council, cross-agency commission, or council or cabinet		
		related to child and family planning and policy		
	[REQUIRED] Indian tribe(s) and/or tribal organization(s), at the option of individual			
	Tribes. Describe, including which Tribe(s) you consulted with Check N/A if no			
	Indian 1	Fribes and/or Tribal organizations in the State		
	State/T	erritory agency responsible for public education. Describe		
	State/Territory agency/agencies responsible for programs for children with special			
	needs, including early intervention programs authorized under the Individuals with			
	Disabilities Education Act (Part C for infants and toddlers and Section 619 for preschool)			
	Describe			

	State/Territory institutions for higher education, including community colleges. Describe
	State/Territory agency responsible for child care licensing. Describe
	State/Territory office/director for Head Start State collaboration. Describe
	State/Territory/local agencies with Early Head Start-Child Care Partnerships grants.
	Describe
	State/Territory agency responsible for Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP).
_	Describe
	State/Territory agency responsible for WIC, nutrition (including breast-feeding support),
	and childhood obesity prevention. Describe
	Other Federal, State, local and/or private agencies providing early childhood and school-
	age/youth serving developmental services. Describe
	State/Territory agency responsible for implementing the Maternal and Child Home
	Visitation programs grant. Describe
	Agency responsible for Medicaid/Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and
	Treatment (EPSDT). Describe
	McKinney-Vento State coordinators for Homeless Education. Describe
	State/Territory agency responsible for public health. Describe
	State/Territory agency responsible for mental health. Describe
	State/Territory agency responsible for child welfare. Describe
	State/Territory liaison for military child care programs. Describe
	State/Territory agency responsible for employment services/workforce development.
	Describe
	State/Territory agency responsible for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF).
	Describe
	State/community agencies serving refugee or immigrant families. Describe
	Child care resource and referral agencies. Describe
	Provider groups or associations. Describe
	Worker organizations. Describe
	Parent groups or organizations. Describe
	Other. Describe
opport Lead A	be the Statewide/Territory-wide public hearing process held to provide the public an unity to comment on the provision of child care services under this Plan (658D(b)(1)(C)). gencies are required to hold at least one public hearing in the State/Territory with nt State/Territory-wide distribution of notice prior to such hearing to provide the public
an opp	ortunity to comment on the provision of child care services under the CCDF Plan. At a um, this description must include:
a)	Date(s) of notice of public hearing Reminder - Must be at least 20 calendar days prior to the date of the public hearing.

1.3.2

	b)	How was the public notified about the public hearing, including how notice was accessible for people with disabilities? Please include website links if utilized to provide notice
	c)	Date(s) of public hearing(s) Reminder - Must be no earlier than September 1, 2015 which is 9 months prior to the June 1, 2016 effective date of the Plan.
	d)	Hearing site(s) or method(s), including how geographic regions of the State/Territory were addressed
	e)	Describe how the content of the Plan was made available to the public in advance of the public hearing(s)
	f)	How will the information provided by the public be taken into consideration in the provision of child care services under this Plan?
L.3.3	availab	be the strategies used by the Lead Agency to make the CCDF Plan and Plan Amendments le to the public. Check all that apply and describe the strategies below, including any at links as examples.
		Working with advisory committees. Describe
		Working with child care resource and referral agencies. Describe
		Providing translation in other languages. Describe
		Making available on the Lead Agency website. List the website
		Sharing through social media (Twitter, Facebook, Instagram, email, etc.). Describe
		Providing notification to stakeholders (e.g., provider groups, parent groups). Describe
		
		Other. Describe
l.4	Coordina	ation with Partners to Expand Accessibility and Continuity of Care
	The CC	DBG Act of 2014 added a requirement that the Plan describe how the State/Territory will

efficiently, and to the extent practicable, coordinate child care services supported by CCDF with programs operating at the Federal, State/Territory, and local levels for children in the programs listed below.

1.4.1 Check who and describe how your State/Territory coordinates or plans to efficiently coordinate child care services with the following programs to expand accessibility and continuity of care, and assist children enrolled in early childhood programs to receive full-day services that meet the needs of working families. (658E(c)(2)(O)) Please describe the goals of this coordination, such as extending the day or year of services for families; smoothing transitions for children between programs or as they age into school, enhancing and aligning quality of services, linking comprehensive services to children in child care settings or developing supply of quality care for vulnerable populations. NOTE that this list appears similar to the list provided in 1.3.1 which focused on consultation for purposes of developing the CCDF Plan, however, this list includes

continuity of care, and assist children enrolled in early childhood programs to receive full-day services. Check and describe all that apply. ☐ [REQUIRED] Programs operating at the Federal, State and local levels for children in preschool programs (e.g., state-or locally-funded pre-k, Head Start, school-based programs, public and private preschools, programs serving preschool children receiving special education services, etc.). Describe _ ☐ [REQUIRED, IF APPLICABLE] Tribal early childhood programs. Describe, including which Tribe(s) coordinating with _ ☐ Check N/A if no Indian Tribes and/or Tribal organizations or programs in the State. ☐ [REQUIRED] Other Federal, State, local early childhood programs serving infants and toddlers with disabilities. Describe ☐ [REQUIRED] Early childhood programs serving homeless children (as defined by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Assistance Act). Describe __ ☐ [REQUIRED] Early childhood programs serving children in foster care. Describe _____ ☐ State/Territory agency responsible for child care licensing. Describe _____ ☐ State/Territory agency with Head Start State collaboration grant. Describe _____ ☐ State Advisory Council authorized by the Head Start Act. Describe __ ☐ State/Territory/local agencies with Early Head Start-Child Care Partnerships grants. Describe ☐ McKinney-Vento State coordinators for Homeless Education or local educational agency McKinney-Vento liaisons. Describe _ ☐ Child care resource and referral agencies. Describe _ ☐ State/Territory agency responsible for public education. Describe _____ ☐ State/Territory institutions for higher education, including community colleges. Describe ☐ State/Territory agency responsible for Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP). Describe ☐ State/Territory agency responsible for WIC, nutrition (including breast-feeding support), and childhood obesity prevention. Describe ____ ☐ Other Federal, State, local and/or private agencies providing early childhood and schoolage/youth serving developmental services. Describe ____ ☐ State/Territory agency responsible for implementing the Maternal and Childhood Home Visitation programs grant. Describe ____ ☐ Agency responsible for Medicaid/Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT). Describe ☐ State/Territory agency responsible for public health. Describe ___ ☐ State/Territory agency responsible for mental health. Describe ☐ State/Territory agency responsible for child welfare. Describe ____

entities required by law, along with a list of optional CCDF Plan coordination partners that Lead Agencies potentially would coordinate with over the next 3 years to expand accessibility and

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☐ State/Territory liaison for military child care programs. Describe _____

	☐ State/Territory agency responsible for employment services/workforce development. Describe
	☐ State/Territory agency responsible for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF).
	Describe
	□ State/Territory community agencies serving refugee or immigrant families. Describe
	☐ Provider groups or associations. Describe
	☐ Worker organizations. Describe
	☐ Parent groups or organizations. Describe
	☐ Other. Describe
0	optional Use of Combined Funds
	The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a provision that States and Territories have the option to combine funding for CCDF child care services with funding for any of the required programs listed in 1.4.1. These include programs operating at the Federal, State and local levels for children in preschool programs, tribal early childhood programs, and other early childhood programs, including those serving infants and toddlers with disabilities, homeless children, and children in foster care. (658E(c)(2)(O))(ii)) Combining funds could include blending multiple funding streams, pooling funds, or layering funds together from multiple funding streams in an effort to expand and/or enhance services for children and families to allow for delivery of comprehensive high quality care that meets the needs of children and families. For example, State/Territory agencies may use multiple funding sources to offer grants or contracts to programs to deliver services; a State/Territory may allow county/local government to use coordinated funding streams; or policies may be in place that allow local programs to layer CCDF funds with additional funding sources to pay for full-day, full-year child care that meets Early Head Start/Head Start or State/Territory pre-kindergarten requirements in addition to State/Territory child care licensing requirements. As a reminder, per the OMB Compliance Supplement governing audits (https://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars/a133 compliance supplement 2014), CCDF funds may be used in collaborative efforts with Head Start (CFDA 93.600) programs to provide comprehensive child care and development services for children who are eligible for both programs. In fact, the coordination and collaboration between Head Start and the CCDF is mandated by sections 640(g)(2)(D) and (E), and 642(c) of the Head Start Act (42 USC 9835(g)(2) (D) and (E); 42 USC 9837(c)) in the provision of full working day, full calendar year comprehensive services (42 USC 9835(a)(5)(v)). In order to implement such collaborative programs, which
	funding streams so that seamless services are provided.
	Will you combine CCDF funds with the funds for any program with which you coordinate (described in 1.4.1)?
	☐ Yes. If yes, describe at a minimum:
	O How do you define "combine"
	o Which funds will you combine

1.5

1.5.1

0	Goal(s) of combining funds (why?) and expected outcomes, such as extending the
	day or year of services available (i.e., full-day, full-year programming for working
	families), smoothing transitions for children, enhancing and aligning quality of
	services, linking comprehensive services to children in child care or developing the
	supply of child care for vulnerable populations
0	Method of fund allocation (how you will be combining multiple sets of funding, such
	as at the State/Territory level, local level, program level?)
0	How are the funds tracked and method of oversight

Public-Private Partnerships

☐ No

1.6

The CCDBG Act of 2014 adds a new provision that requires States and Territories to describe in the Plan how the State/Territory encourages partnerships among State/Territory and public agencies, tribal organizations, private entities, faith based organizations and/or community-based organizations to leverage existing service delivery systems for child care and development services and to increase the supply and quality of child care services for children through age 12, such as by implementing voluntary shared services alliance models (i.e., cooperative agreement among providers to pool resources to pay for shared fixed costs and operation). (658E(c)(2)(P)) ACF expects these types of partnerships to leverage public and private resources to further the goals of reauthorization.

1.6.1 Describe the entities with whom and the levels at which the State/Territory is partnering (level – State/Territory, county/local, and/or programs), the goals of the partnerships, method of partnering. Include in your description examples of activities that have resulted from partnerships with other State/Territory and public agencies, tribal organizations, private entities, faith based organizations or community-based organizations, and how the partnerships are expected to leverage existing service delivery systems for child care and development services and to increase the supply and quality of child care services. _____

1.7 Coordination with Local or Regional Child Care Resource and Referral Systems

States and Territories may use funds to establish or support a system of local or regional child care resource and referral organizations (CCR&R) that is coordinated, to the extent determined by the State/Territory, by a statewide public or private non-profit, community-based or regionally based, lead child care resource and referral organization (also see section 7.4). If they do, the law identifies specific requirements for that entity or system receiving CCDF funds. (658E(c)(3)(B)(iii)) These include:

- Provide families with information on a full range of child care options (including faith-based, community-based child care centers and family child care homes, nontraditional hours and emergency child care centers) in their local area or region
- To the extent practicable, work directly with families who receive child care assistance to offer the families support and assistance in making an informed

decision about child care options in an effort to ensure families are enrolling their children in the most appropriate child care setting to suit their needs and that is of high quality as determined by the State/Territory

- Collect data and provide information on the coordination of services and supports, including services provided through the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act for children with disabilities
- Collect data and provide information on the supply of and demand for child care services in local areas or regions of the State/Territory and submit such information to the State/Territory
- Work to establish partnerships with public agencies and private entities, including faith- based and community-based child care centers and family child care homes providers, to increase the supply and quality of child care services in the State/Territory
- As appropriate, coordinate their activities with the activities of the Lead Agency and/or local agencies that administer CCDF.

Nothing in statute prohibits States from using CCR&R agencies to conduct or provide additional services beyond those required by statute above.

1.7.1	Does the State/Territory fund a system of local or regional CCR&R organizations?
	☐ Yes. The State/Territory funds a CCR&R system. See also related follow-up questions in Section 7.1 and 7.4. If yes,
	Describe the State/Territory's written agreement or contract with the CCR&R, what services are provided through the CCR&R, and any other activities for which the State partners with the CCR&Rs
	☐ No. The State/Territory does not fund a CCR&R system and has no plans to establish.

Use section 7.4 to describe plans, if any, to establish a CCR&R system.

1.8 Disaster Preparedness and Response Plan

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a requirement that States and Territories must include a <u>Statewide Child Care Disaster Plan</u> for coordination of activities with the State/Territory human services agency, emergency management agency, child care licensing agency, State/Territory local resource and referral agencies, and the State Advisory Council (SAC) or other state-designated cross-agency body if there is no SAC. (658E(c)(2)(U)) The Statewide Child Care Disaster Plan must include:

- Guidelines for continuing CCDF assistance and child care services after a disaster, which may include provision of temporary child care, and temporary operating standards for child care after a disaster.
- Requirements that child care providers receiving CCDF have in place procedures for evacuation, relocation, shelter-in-place, lock-down, communication and reunification

- with families, continuity of operations, accommodation of infants and toddlers, children with disabilities, and children with chronic medical conditions.
- Requirements that child care providers receiving CCDF have in place procedures for staff and volunteer emergency preparedness training and practice drills.

1.8.1

Descri	be the status of State/Territory's Statewide Child Care Disaster Plan.
	Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above by March 1, 2016. If applicable, describe additional ways the State/Territory addresses the needs of children receiving CCDF before, during and after a disaster or emergency, not already incorporated into the Statewide Child Care Disaster Plan. If available, please provide a link to the disaster plan
	Not implemented. The State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses here will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.
	 Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to

2 Promote Family Engagement through Outreach and Consumer Education

Parents are their children's most important teacher and advocate. State and Territory child care systems interact with parents in multiple ways, therefore presenting many opportunities to engage and inform families. Child care providers can serve as convenient and trusted sources of information for parents and family members on child development and community supports and services. State/Territory and local child care assistance systems should be designed to promote seamless linkages to useful information and other child- and family-services, such as during subsidy

complete implementation of this activity _____

intake and redetermination processes and when parents utilize child care resource and referral or QRIS agencies. Outreach and consumer education is an ongoing process and is expected to cover the entire age span covered by CCDF from birth through age 12.

The CCDBG Act of 2014 includes key purposes that address the role of parents as child care consumers who need information to make informed choices regarding the services that best suit their needs. A new purpose of CCDBG is to "promote involvement by parents and family members in the development of their children in child care settings." States and Territories have the opportunity to consider how information can be provided to parents through the child care assistance system, partner agencies, and child care sites that will support their role as their children's teacher and advocate. Key new provisions include:

- The plan must certify that States and Territories will collect and disseminate consumer and provider education information to CCDF parents, providers, and the general public, including information about:
 - a) the availability of child care assistance,
 - b) the quality of child care providers (if available),
 - c) Other programs (specifically Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Head Start and Early Head Start, Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Women, Infants and Children (WIC) program, Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), Medicaid and State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP)) for which families may also qualify.
 - d) Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) programs and services,
 - e) Research and best practices in child development, and
 - f) State/Territory policies regarding social- emotional/behavioral and early childhood mental health of young children, which may include positive behavioral intervention and support models, and policies on the expulsion of preschool-aged children (children from birth to five for purposes of this requirement) from early childhood programs receiving CCDF.
- 2. Information related to the health and safety of children in child care settings. The plan must certify that the State/Territory will make public certain information about the results of health and safety monitoring (described in section 5) using a website that is consumer-friendly and in an easily accessible format, including:
 - a) Provider-specific information: 1) results of monitoring and inspection reports, including those due to major substantiated complaints; 2) last date of inspection; and 3) information on corrective actions taken (if applicable).
 - b) Information about: 1) the annual number of deaths; 2) the annual number of serious injuries; and 3) annual number of incidences of substantiated child abuse in child care settings.
 - c) State/Territory processes for: 1) licensing child care providers; 2) conducting background checks and the offenses that would keep a provider from being allowed to care for children; and 3) conducting monitoring and inspections of child care providers.

Information about Child Care Financial Assistance Program Availability and Application Process Lead Agencies must inform parents of eligible children and the general public of the process by which they can apply for and potentially receive child care assistance services. (658E(c)(2)(E)(i) (1))2.1.1 Describe how the State/Territory informs families of availability of services. a) How does the State/Territory identify populations and areas of potentially eligible families (e.g., using available federal, State/Territory and local needs assessments to identify potentially eligible families?) _ b) What partners help with outreach? For example, child care resource and referral agencies, home visitors, pediatricians, faith-based services, State/Territory or local agencies and organizations or other familiar and safe access points serving vulnerable or low-income populations. ___ c) What outreach strategies does the Lead Agency use (e.g., media campaigns, State/Territory website, or other electronic outreach? 2.1.2 How can parents apply for services? Check all that apply. ☐ Electronically via online application, mobile app or email. Provide link _____ ☐ In-person interview or orientation. Describe agencies where these may occur _____ ☐ Phone ☐ Mail ☐ At the child care site ☐ At a child care resource and referral agency ☐ Through kiosks or online portals at related State/Territory/local agency or organization serving low-income populations. Describe __ ☐ Through a coordinated application process (e.g., application is linked to other benefits program to allow parents to apply for several programs at one time). Describe _____ ☐ Other strategies. Describe __ **Consumer and Provider Education Information** 2.2 The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a purpose of the child care program "to promote involvement by parents and family members in the development of their children in child care settings." (658A(b) (3)) The consumer education requirements address multiple topics that parents and family members need in order to make informed choices and act as their most important teacher and advocate. Lead agencies must certify that they will collect and disseminate the following

2.2.1 The State/Territory certifies that it collects and disseminates the following information to parents, providers and the general public:

information through resource and referral agencies or other means. (658E(c)(2)(E))

- Information about the availability of the full diversity of child care services that will promote informed child care choices,
- Availability of child care assistance,

2.1

• Quality of child care providers (if available),

- Other programs (specifically Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Head Start and Early Head Start, Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Women, Infants and Children (WIC) program, Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), Medicaid and State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP)) for which families may also qualify,
- Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) programs and services,
- Research and best practices in child development, including all domains of early childhood development, including social and emotional development, cognitive, and physical health and development (particularly healthy eating and physical activity), and meaningful parent and family engagement,
- State/Territory policies regarding the social-emotional/behavioral and early childhood
 mental health of young children, which may include positive behavioral intervention
 and support models, and policies on expulsion of preschool-aged children (children
 from birth to five for purposes of this requirement)) in early childhood programs
 receiving CCDF.

Yes. The State/Territory certifies as of March 1, 2016 that it collects and

	tes the above information to parents, providers and the general public. sing 2.2.2 through 2.2.7 below.
planned accompletion responses	No. If no, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific ration plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including stivities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target in date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary
Overal impler	I Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) I Status – Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete nentation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, ntially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) – Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable
0	Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented O Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) O Projected start date for each activity O Projected end date for each activity

	 Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity
2.2.2	Describe how the State/Territory makes information available about the full diversity of child care services that will promote informed child care choices, including consumer-friendly strategies such as materials that are culturally responsive and in multiple languages as needed that reflect the literacy levels of consumers, and are easy to access, including accessible to persons with disabilities.
	a) Describe how the State/Territory makes information about the full diversity of child care services available to 1) parents of eligible children, 2) providers and 3) the general public
	b) Describe what you provide and how (i.e., methods such as written materials, direct communication, etc.)
	c) Describe who you partner with to make information about the full diversity of child care choices available
2.2.3	Describe how the State/Territory makes information about the quality (such as through a quality rating and improvement system, if available, nationally-recognized accreditation, or other means) of child care services available to the public, including consumer-friendly strategies such as messages that are designed to engage intended audiences and are easy to understand
	 a) Describe how the State/Territory makes information about child care quality available to 1) parents of eligible children, 2) providers and 3) the general public b) Describe what you provide and how (i.e., methods such as written materials, direct communication, etc.) c) Describe who you partner with to make information about child care quality available
2.2.4	Describe how the State/Territory shares information with eligible parents about other available human service programs. For example, does the State/Territory share information about these other programs through linkages from the online application, universal applications, through intake process/front line workers, providers, child care resource and referral agencies or other trusted advisors such as home visitors, pediatricians, faith-based services, etc.? At a minimum, include in your description how you provide information to eligible parents, what you provide and by what methods, and which partners you work with to provide information about other available service programs.
	a) Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
	b) Head Start and Early Head Start Programs
	c) Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)
	d) Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Programs (SNAP- formerly known as Food Stamps)

	e) Women, Infants, and Children Program (WIC)
	f) Child and Adult Care Food Program(CACFP)
	g) Medicaid
	h) Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
	i) Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)
	j) Other State/Federally Funded Child Care Programs (e.g., state pre-kindergarten)
	k) Other early childhood programs (e.g., Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting program)
2.2.5	Describe how the State/Territory shares information with providers (where applicable) to link families to these other available human service programs. For example, does the State/Territory provide information to providers through CCR&R outreach, as a condition of their contract or voucher agreement, through community-based hub agencies that partner with subsidy providers, county/local collaboration, through quality rating and improvements systems, etc.?
	a) Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
	b) Head Start and Early Head Start Programs
	c) Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)
	d) Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Programs (SNAP- formerly known as Food Stamps)
	e) Women, Infants, and Children Program (WIC)
	f) Child and Adult Care Food Program(CACFP)
	g) Medicaid
	h) Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
	i) Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)
	j) Other State/Federally Funded Child Care Programs (example-State Pre-K)
	k) Other early childhood programs (e.g., Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting program)
2.2.6	Describe how the State/Territory makes available information to parents of eligible children, the general public, and where applicable, providers (see also section 6) about research and best practices in child development, including all domains of early childhood development, including social and emotional development, cognitive, and physical health and development (particularly healthy eating and physical activity), and meaningful parent and family engagement. (658E(c)(2) (E)(VI))
	a) Describe how the State/Territory makes information about research and best practices in child development available to 1) parents of eligible children, 2) providers and 3) the general

public _____

	b) Describe what you provide and now (i.e., methods such as written materials, direct
	communication, etc.) c) Describe who you partner with to make information about research and best practices in child development available
2.2.7	Describe how information on the State/Territory's policies regarding the social-emotional/behavioral and early childhood mental health of young children, which may include positive behavioral intervention and support models, and policies on expulsion of preschool-aged children (from birth to five for purposes of this requirement), in early childhood programs receiving CCDF is collected and disseminated to 1) parents, 2) providers and 3) the general public. (658E(c)(2)(E)(i)(VII))
	 a) Describe how the State/Territory makes information regarding social-emotional/behavioral and early childhood mental health of young children, which may include positive behavioral intervention support models, available to parents of eligible children, providers and the general public. At minimum, describe what you provide (e.g., early childhood mental health consultation services to child care programs) and how (i.e., methods such as written materials, direct communication, etc.) for each group: i. Parents ii. Providers iii. General public b) Describe any partners used to make information regarding social-emotional/behavioral and early childhood mental health of young children available c) Does the State have a written policy regarding preventing expulsion of:
	 Preschool-aged children (from birth to five) in early childhood programs receiving child care assistance?
	Yes. If yes, describe how the State/Territory makes information about that policy available to parents, providers and the general public (what you provide, how you provide and any partners used) and provide a link
	□ No.
	 School-age children from programs receiving child care assistance?
	Yes. If yes, describe how the State/Territory makes information about that policy available to 1) parents, 2) providers and 3) the general public (what you provide, how you provide and any partners used) and provide a link
	□ No.
2.2.8	Coordination with Other Partners to Increase Access to Developmental Screenings
	The State/Territory must develop and describe procedures for providing information on and

referring families to existing developmental screening resources and services. (658E(c)(2)E(ii)) At

a minimum, the State/Territory must establish procedures to provide information to families and child care providers on: (1) Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment program under the Medicaid program carried out under Title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) and developmental screening services available under section 619 and part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1419, 1431 et seq.); and (2) a description of how a family or child care provider receiving CCDF may utilize the resources and services to obtain developmental screenings for children receiving CCDF who may be at risk for cognitive or other developmental delays, which may include social, emotional, physical, or linguistic delays. Describe the status of the State/Territory's procedures for providing information on and referring families to existing developmental screening services.

□ by March 1	Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above , 2016. List the Lead Agency policy citation(s)and:
	procedures, including timelines for when infants, toddlers and rs should be screened
resources a	how CCDF families or child care providers receiving CCDF may utilize the ind services to obtain developmental screenings for CCDF children at risk e or other developmental delays
requiremento completo provide brid tables here	Not implemented. If not implemented, the State/Territory must provide ritory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this at, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps e, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please ef text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or . Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an ation Plan summary report.
 Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented substantially implemented, other) O Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable 	
0	Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
	 Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity Projected end date for each activity

		 Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity
2.2.9		ow the State/Territory meets the requirement to maintain a record of substantiated omplaints. (658E(c)(2)(C))
	a)	How does the State/Territory define substantiated parental complaint
	b)	How does the State/Territory maintain a record of substantiated parental complaints about providers (e.g., how long are records maintained and in what format)
	c)	How does the State/Territory make substantiated parental complaints available to the public on request
	d)	Describe how the State/Territory defines and maintains complaints from others about providers
2.2.10		e Lead Agency or partners provide outreach and services to eligible families for ish is not their first language?
	Ch	eck the strategies, if any, that your State/Territory has chosen to implement.
		Application in other languages (application document, brochures, provider notices)
		Informational materials in non-English languages
		Training and technical assistance in non-English languages
		Website in non-English languages
		Lead Agency accepts applications at local community-based locations
		Bilingual caseworkers or translators available
		Bilingual outreach workers
		Partnerships with community-based organizations
		Other
		None
2.2.11	other non-	Agency checked any option above related to providing information or services in English languages, please list the primary languages offered (top 3) or specify that the tory has the ability to have translation/interpretation in all primary and secondary
2.2.12	Describe ho	ow the Lead Agency or partners provide outreach and services to eligible persons lities

2.3 Website for Consumer Education

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a requirement that States and Territories have a website describing the State/Territory processes for licensing and monitoring child care providers, processes for conducting criminal background checks as required by law (see section 5.3), and offenses that prevent individuals from being child care providers, and aggregate information on the number of deaths, serious injuries and child abuse in child care settings.

The State/Territory also must make public certain information about the results of such monitoring as required by law for both licensed and unlicensed providers receiving CCDF (see section 5.2) on a website in a way that is consumer-friendly and in an easily accessible format. (658E(c)(2)(D)) In order for a website to be a useful tool for parents, it should be easy to navigate, with a minimum number of clicks, and in plain language. States and Territories must post the results of the monitoring and inspection reports on the website no later than November 19, 2017. All other components of the website must be completed no later than September 30, 2016.

2.3.1	Describe the st	atus of State/	Territory's	consumer	education ^a	website.

Fully i	mplemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above by March			
1, 2016. Provide the link to the website and describe how the consumer				
educa	ation website meets the requirements to:			
a)	Share provider-specific information about health and safety, licensing or regulatory requirements met by the provider (including the last date of			
	inspection, and any history of violations). Describe			
b)	Include a description of health and safety requirements and licensing or regulatory requirements for child care providers. Describe			
c)	Include a description of the processes for licensing, background checks,			
	monitoring, and offenses that prevent individuals from being providers.			
	Describe			
d)	Provide information about the number of deaths, number of serious injuries			
	as defined by the State/Territory and the number of incidences of			
	substantiated child abuse in child care settings. Describe			
e)	Describe how the website is consumer-friendly, for example, allowing multiple			
	ways to search for providers, defining terms such as exempt care and			
	corrective action plans, presents the results of monitoring inspections in plain			
	language, providing frequently asked questions, is accessible in multiple			
	languages upon request and to persons with disabilities through multiple			
	formats, differentiating between violations based on risk to children, and easy			
	to locate and navigate. Describe			
	nplemented. If not implemented, the State/Territory must provide a			
State	Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this			

requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps

to complete, and target completion date. Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.

•	Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016 for all components of the website except posting the results of the monitoring on the website which is November 19, 2017)				
•	Overall Status – Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, in progress, partially completed, substantially completed, other)				
	0	-	nented requirement(s) – Identify any requirement(s) nented to date if applicable		
	0	Unme	: Requirement(s) - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented		
		0	Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) • Projected start date for each activity • Projected end date for each activity • Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity • Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity		

3 Provide Stable Child Care Financial Assistance to Families

The expanded purposes of CCDBG highlight the opportunities States and Territories have to "deliver high-quality, coordinated early childhood care and education services to maximize parents' options and support parents trying to achieve independence from public assistance"; and "to improve child care and development of participating children." (658A(b)) Young children learn in the context of their relationships with adults, including their child care teacher or provider. The unintentional consequence of child care assistance that is linked to adult work and school obligation is that child care arrangements – and the opportunity for children to form trusting relationships with teachers – are often interrupted and unstable. Child care financial assistance policies that make it easier to get and keep assistance support continuity of care and relationships between the child and child care provider and enable parents to stay employed or complete training/education. Child care support that extends until families are able to pay the full cost of care themselves promotes longer lasting economic stability for families. CCDF funds may support families until they reach 85% of State Median Income (SMI).

The CCDBG Act of 2014 included requirements to establish minimum 12-month eligibility and redetermination periods, requiring that States and Territories have a process to account for

irregular fluctuations in earnings, a policy ensuring that families' work schedules are not disrupted by program requirements, policies to provide for job search of not less than three (3) months, and to describe policies for graduated phase- out of assistance. The definition of an eligible child includes that a family's assets may not exceed \$1,000,000 (as certified by a member of such family). Procedures for enrollment of homeless children and children in foster care if served pending completion of documentation are also now required. There is nothing in statute to prohibit States from establishing policies that extend eligibility beyond 12 months or establish other similar policies to align program requirements that allow children enrolled in Head Start, Early Head Start, state or local pre-kindergarten and other collaborative programs to finish the program year and to promote continuity for families receiving services through multiple benefits programs.

3.1 Eligible Children and Families

At the point in time when eligibility is determined, children must (1) be under the age of 13, (2) reside with a family whose income does not exceed 85 percent of the State's median income for a family of the same size, and whose family assets do not exceed \$1,000,000 (as certified by a member of such family); and who (3)(a) resides with a parent or parents who are working or attending a job training or educational program; or (b) is receiving, or needs to receive, protective services and resides with a parent or parents not described in (3a.). (658P(4))

	services and resides with a parent or parents not described in (3a.). (658P(4))
3.1.1	Eligibility Criteria Based upon Child's Age
	a) The CCDF program serves children from (weeks/months/years) to years (through age 12).
	b) Does the Lead Agency allow CCDF-funded child care for children age 13 and above but below age 19 years who are physically and/or mentally incapable of self-care? (658E(c)(3)(B)), 658P(3))
	Yes, and the upper age is (may not equal or exceed age 19). Provide the Lead Agency definition of physical or mental incapacity
	No.
	c) Does the Lead Agency allow CCDF-funded child care for children age 13 and above but below age 19 years who are under court supervision? (658P(3), 658E(c)(3)(B))
	Yes, and the upper age is (may not equal or exceed age 19)
	No.
3.1.2	How does the Lead Agency define the following eligibility terms?
	a) residing with –
	b) in loco parentis –
3.1.3	Eligibility Criteria Based on Reason for Care

the purposes of eligibilit	ncy define "working, attending job training and education" for y at the point of determination? Provide a brief description ble activities and if a minimum number of hours is required by deral requirement).
	 b training ducation
b) Does the Lead Agency al	low parents to qualify for CCDF assistance on the basis of participation alone (without additional minimum work
Yes.	
No. If no, de	scribe additional requirements
c) Does the Lead Agency p	rovide child care to children in protective services?
Yes. If yes, how does the Lead Agency define "protective services" for the pu of eligibility? Provide a brief description below.	
1) Definition of p	protective services
requirements fo	A Agency waive the co-payment and income eligibility r cases in which children receive, or need to receive, protective se-by-case basis? (658E(c)(5))
Yes.	
No.	
in foster care wh education/traini	ad Agency elects to provide CCDF-funded child care to children nose foster care parents are <u>not</u> working, or who are <u>not</u> in ng activities for purposes of CCDF these children are considered <u>ve services</u> and should be included in the protective services.
No	
Eligibility Criteria Based on Famil	y Income
a) How does the Lead Agency de determination?	fine "income" for the purposes of eligibility at the point of
• Definition of income	
based upon maximum eligibility (d) ONLY IF the Lead Agency is u Complete columns (e) and (f) with	ibility limits in the table below. Complete columns (a) and (b) initial entry into the CCDF program. Complete columns (c) and sing income eligibility limits lower than 85% of the current SMI. the maximum "exit" eligibility level if applicable and below at SMI. Note – If the income eligibility limits are not statewide,

3.1.4

check here . Describe how many jurisdictions set their own income eligibility limits _____. Fill in the chart based on the most populous area of the state.

Family	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
Size						
	100% of	85% of State	(IF APPLICABLE)	(IF APPLICABLE)	(IF APPLICABLE)	(IF APPLICABLE)
	State	Median	\$/month	% of SMI	\$/month	% of SMI
	Median	Income	Maximum	[Divide (c) by (a),	Maximum "Exit"	[Divide (e) by (a),
	Income	(SMI)	"Entry" Income	multiply by 100]	Income Level if	multiply by 100]
	(SMI)	(\$/month)	Level if lower	Income Level if	lower than 85%	Income Level if
	(\$/month)	[Multiply (a)	than 85%	lower than 85%	Current SMI	lower than 85%
		by 0.85]	Current SMI	Current SMI		Current SMI
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						

Reminder - Income limits must be provided in terms of current State Median Income (SMI) (or
Territory Median Income) even if federal poverty level is used in implementing the program. Federal
poverty guidelines are available at http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/index.cfm .

c) SMI Source and y	year
---------------------	------

d) These eligibility limits in column (c) became or will become effective on _	
--	--

3.1.5 Graduated Phase-Out of Assistance

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a provision that requires States and Territories to provide for a graduated phase-out of <u>assistance for families whose income has increased at the time of redetermination</u>, but remains below the federal threshold of 85% of State median income. Providing a graduated phase-out supports long-term family economic stability by allowing for wage growth and a tapered transition out of the child care subsidy program. (658E (c)(2)(N)(iv)) This might be achieved through policies such as establishing a second income eligibility threshold at redetermination (e.g., establishing a different eligibility threshold for families first applying for assistance and those already receiving assistance, sometimes called and "exit threshold") or by granting a sustained period of continued assistance to the family before termination.

Describe the status of the State/Territory's policy regarding graduated phase-out of assistance.

Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above by March 1, 2016. List the Lead Agency's policy citation(s) and describe the policies and procedures for graduated phase-out
Not implemented. The State must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and

e) Provide the link to the income eligibility limits _____

descriptions only. Do not cut and paste tables here. Your responses here will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report. Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable _____ O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented _____ Tasks/Activities - What steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity Projected end date for each activity _____ • Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity ___ Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity

3.1.6 Fluctuation in Earnings

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a requirement that the Plan shall demonstrate how the State/Territory's (or designated local entity) processes for initial determination and redetermination take into account irregular fluctuations in earnings. (658E(c)(2)(N)(i)(II))

Note – this change requires that States and Territories have policies to account for the fact that some parents with seasonal or other types of work schedules may have irregular earnings over the course of a year, including changes that temporarily exceed 85% of SMI. States and Territories should have procedures to guide how eligibility and copayments are set in a manner to take such circumstances into account. For example, averaging family income over a period of time to broaden the scope of income verification to be more reflective of annual income rather than tied to a limited time frame that may have seasonal irregularities.

Describe the status of the State/Territory's policy related to the fluctuation in earnings requirement.

	Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above by
March 1,	2016. List the Lead Agency's policy citation(s) and describe the circumstances
that cove	r irregular fluctuations of earnings pursuant to this requirement
	Not implemented. If not implemented, the State/Territory must provide a
State/Ter	ritory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this

complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report. Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable _____ Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented _____ Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity _____ Projected end date for each activity ____ Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity _____ Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity _____ 3.1.7 Describe how the Lead Agency documents, verifies and maintains applicant information. Check the information that the Lead Agency documents and include in the description what information is required and how often. There are no federal requirements for specific documentation or verification procedures. ☐ Applicant identity. Describe _____ ☐ Applicant's relationship to the child. Describe _____ ☐ Child's information for determining eligibility (e.g., identity, age, etc.). Describe _____ ☐ Work. Describe ☐ Job training or Educational program. Describe

requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to

Reminder – Lead Agencies are reminded that, for purposes of implementing the citizenship verification requirements mandated by title IV of Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act, <u>only the citizenship and immigration status of the child</u>, who is the primary beneficiary of the child care benefit, is relevant for eligibility purposes (ACYF-PI-CC-98-08). States may not deny child care benefits to an eligible child because the parent(s),

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☐ Family income. Describe ____

☐ Other. Describe _____

☐ Household composition. Describe _____☐ Applicant residence. Describe _____

legal guardians, persons standing in loco parentis, or other household members have not provided information regarding their immigration status. In addition, verification of child citizen status is not required when the child is served in a program meeting Early Head Start/Head Start standards, such as in Early Head Start – Child Care Partnerships, or public educational standards which may include pre-k settings

(http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/pi-2008-01).

(http://www.acr.nns.gov/programs/occ/resource/pr-2006-01).
3.1.8 Which strategies, if any, will the Lead Agency use to assure the timeliness of eligibility determinations upon receipt of applications?
Time limit for making eligibility determinations. Describe length of time
Track and monitor the eligibility determination process
Other. Describe
None
3.1.9 Informing parents who receive TANF benefits about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the TANF work requirement
Per CCDF regulations, Lead Agencies are required to inform parents who receive TANF benefits about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the work requirement for any single custodia parent who has a demonstrated inability to obtain needed child care for a child under 6 years of age (98.16(9) and 98.33(b)). This requirement did not change under the reauthorization, however Lead Agencies may wish to re-examine those definitions in light of new purposes articulated in Reauthorization and to promote alignment across programs. Lead Agencies must coordinate with TANF programs to ensure, pursuant that TANF families with young children will be informed of their right not to be sanctioned if they meet the criteria set forth by the State/Territory TANF agency in accordance with section 407(e)(2) of the Social Security Act.
In fulfilling this requirement, the following criteria or definitions are applied by the TANF agency to determine whether the parent has a demonstrated inability to obtain needed child care. NOTE : The TANF agency, not the CCDF Lead Agency, is responsible for establishing the following criteria or definitions. These criteria or definitions are offered in this Plan as a matter of public record.
a) Identify the TANF agency that established these criteria or definitions:
State/Territory TANF Agency
b) Provide the following definitions established by the TANF agency.
"appropriate child care"
"reasonable distance"
"unsuitability of informal child care"

"affordable child care arrangements"
c) How are parents who receive TANF benefits informed about the exception to individual penalties associated with the TANF work requirements?
In writing
Verbally
Other. Describe
List the citation to this TANF policy
3.1.10The Lead Agency certifies that it will require a family member to certify that the family assets do not exceed \$1,000,000. A check-off on the application is sufficient.
Yes. The Lead Agency certifies that it will require families to certify that the family assets do not exceed \$1,000,000 no later than September 30, 2016
3.2 Increasing Access for Vulnerable Children and Families
At a minimum, CCDF requires Lead Agencies to give priority for child care assistance to children with special needs, or in families with very low incomes. This did not change under reauthorization. Prioritization of CCDF assistance services is not limited to eligibility determination (i.e., establishment of a waiting list or ranking of eligible families in priority order to be served). Lead Agencies may fulfill priority requirements in other ways such as higher payment rates for providers caring for children with special needs or waiving co-payments for families with very low incomes (at or below the federal poverty level). (658E(c)(3)(B))
3.2.1 Describe how the Lead Agency will prioritize or target child care services for the following children and families (658E(c)(3)(B)), including definitions, any time limits, grace periods or priority rules in the description:
 a. Provide definition of "Children with special needs" and describe how services are prioritized
 Provide definition of "Families with very low incomes" and describe how services are prioritized
c. Describe how services for families receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), those attempting to transition off TANF through work activities, and those at risk of becoming dependent on TANF are prioritized (Section 418(b)(2) of the Social Security Act)
3.2.2 Improving Access for Homeless Children and Families.
The CCDBG Act of 2014 places greater emphasis on serving homeless children and families. Stable access to high-quality child care provides tremendous benefits to all children, especially our most vulnerable children. Children and families who experience homelessness face many challenges.

Improving access to child care can buffer children and families from the challenges and risks associated

with homelessness by supporting children's learning and development in safe, stable and nurturing environments. Under the new law, States and Territories are required to use CCDF funds to 1) allow homeless children to receive CCDF assistance after an initial eligibility determination but before providing required documentation (including documentation related to immunizations); 2) providing training and technical assistance to child care providers on identifying and serving homeless children and families (addressed in Section 6); and 3) conduct specific outreach to homeless families. (658E(c) (3))

States and Territories also must establish a grace period that allows homeless children and children in foster care (if served by the Lead Agency) to receive CCDF assistance while their families are taking the necessary actions to comply with immunization and other health and safety requirements as described in Section 5. This flexibility will make it significantly easier for these vulnerable families to access child care services. This language is consistent with current requirements established through CCDF regulations in 1998, which required a grace period in which children can receive services while families take the necessary actions to comply with the immunization requirements. (658E(c)(2)I)(i)(I)) ACF recommends States and Territories consult the definition of homeless in the McKinney-Vento Act (section 725 of subtitle VII-B) as you implement the requirements of this section as that definition is consistent with the required CCDF administrative data reporting requirements.

Describe the status of the State/Territory's procedures to enroll and provide outreach to homeless families and establish a grace period for children in foster care, if served, for meeting immunization requirements

☐ Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above by March 1 2016. Describe the following:					
	a.	Procedures to increase access to CCDF subsidies for homeless children and families, including the grace period to comply with immunization and health and safety requirements			
	b.	Procedures to conduct outreach to homeless families to improve access to child care services			
	c.	Procedures to provide a grace period to comply with immunization and other health and safety requirements to expedite enrollment for children who are in foster care if served by the Lead Agency to improve access to child care services			
		Not implemented. If not implemented, the State/Territory must provide a			
Sta	te/T	erritory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement,			
		ng planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target			
cor	nple	etion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and			
des	scrip	tions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated			
ele	ctro	nically into an Implementation Plan summary report.			
	_				
•	Ove	erall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016)			

•			State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation ret started, partially implemented, substantially implemented,
	other)		
	0	Implemented r	requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to
		date if applicat	ple
	0	Unmet require	ment - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
		o Tasks/	Activities – What specific steps will you take to implement the
		unmet	requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements
		with co	pordinating agencies, etc.)
		0	Projected start date for each activity
		0	Projected end date for each activity
		0	Agency – Who is responsible for complete implementation of
			this activity
		0	Partners – Who is the responsible agency partnering with to
			complete implementation of this activity

3.3 Protection for Working Parents

3.3.1 Twelve-Month Eligibility

The CCDBG Act of 2014 establishes a minimum 12-month eligibility and redetermination period for CCDF families. States and Territories are required to demonstrate in the Plan that no later than September 30, 2016 each child who receives assistance will be considered to meet all eligibility requirements for such assistance and will receive such assistance, for a minimum of 12 months before the State/Territory redetermines the eligibility of the child, regardless of changes in income (as long as income does not exceed the federal threshold of 85% of State median income) or temporary changes in participation in work, training, or education activities. (658E(c)(2)(N)(i) & (ii))

Note that this change means a State/Territory <u>may not</u> terminate CCDF assistance during the 12-month period if a family has an increase in income that exceeds the State's income eligibility threshold, but not the federal threshold of 85% SMI.

In addition, this change means the State/Territory <u>may not</u> terminate assistance prior to the end of the 12-month period if family experiences a temporary job loss or temporary change in participation in a training or education activity. Examples of temporary changes include but are not limited to: absence from employment due to maternity or extended medical leave, changes in seasonal work schedule, or if a parent enrolled in training or educational program is temporarily not attending class between semesters.

Describe the status of the State/Territory's establishment of 12-month eligibility and redetermination periods for CCDF families.

2016. List the Lead Agency's policy citation(s) and describe circumstances considered temporary changes in work, education or training that are not subject to termination
Not implemented. If not implemented, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.
 Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) O Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date
O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented O Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) O Projected start date for each activity O Projected end date for each activity O Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity
 Partners – Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity

3.3.2 State and Territory option to terminate assistance prior to 12 months

The CCDBG Act of 2014 provides States and Territories the option – but does not require them – to terminate assistance prior to re-determination at 12 months if a parent loses employment or if he or she stops attending a job training or education program (i.e., if the parent experiences a non-temporary change in their status as working, or participating in a training or education program). However, prior to terminating the subsidy, the State/Territory must provide a period of continued child care assistance of at least 3 months to allow parents to engage in job search, resume work, or to attend an education or training program as soon as possible. (658E(c)(2)(N) (iii)) Nothing in the statute prohibits the State/Territory from starting a new 12-month eligibility and redetermination period if families are eligible at the end of their job search, training or education attendance period.

Note that unless the State allows a minimum 3-month job search period – the State/Territory may not exercise the option to terminate assistance based on a parent's non-temporary job loss or cessation of attendance at a job training or educational program prior to the end of the minimum 12-month eligibility and re-determination period. The statute does not specify any documentation that States/Territories must require parents to submit regarding activities during periods of job search or finding training or education program requirements for this period.

Does the State/Territory terminate assistance prior to 12 months due to a parent's non-temporary loss of work or cessation of attendance at a job training or education program?

Yes, the State/Territory terminates assistance prior to 12 months due to parent's loss of
work or cessation of attendance at a job training or education program ONLY. List the Lead
Agency's policy citation(s) and describe the circumstances considered to be non-
temporary job, education or training loss and provide the duration allowed for job search
or resuming attendance in training or education programs

☐ No, the State/Territory does not allow this option.

3.3.3 **Prevent Disruption of Work**

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a requirement that States and Territories must describe in the Plan the procedures and policies in place to ensure that parents (especially parents in families receiving assistance under TANF) are not required to unduly disrupt their employment, education or job training activities in order to comply with the State/Territory's or designated local entity's requirements for redetermination of eligibility for assistance. (658E(c)(2)(N)(ii)) Examples include implementing re-determination strategies to verify income and employment electronically as opposed to more onerous practices such as asking parents and families to come to the subsidy office for an in-person visit, or aligning eligibility with other early care and education or public benefits programs to collect information centrally. The process by which States and Territories collect eligibility documentation represents a potential barrier to services, particularly when documentation can only be provided in-person during standard work hours. States and Territories can offer a variety of family-friendly mechanisms for submitting documentation for eligibility determinations and/or re-determination.

Describe the status of the State/Territory's redetermination procedures and policies to ensure that parents (especially parents receiving TANF) do not have their employment, education or job training unduly disrupted in order to comply with the State/Territory's or designated local entity's requirements for redetermination of eligibility.

 ,
Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above by March 1, 2016
List the Lead Agency's policy citation(s) and describe the policies and procedures for not
unduly disrupting employment
Not implemented. If not implemented, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-
specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including
planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target

completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.

 Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable 	ı
O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented	-
O Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreen with coordinating agencies, etc.) O Projected start date for each activity O Projected end date for each activity O Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation this activity O Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity	nent: of
The statute requires Lead Agencies to establish a sliding fee scale that varies based on incorand the size of the family to be used in determining each family's contribution (i.e., co-payment to the cost of child care that is not a barrier to families receiving CCDF. (658E(c)(5) In additional income and size of the family, the Lead Agency may use other factors when determining fan contributions/co-payments. The sliding fee scale is subject to review by ACF as part of ongoin monitoring efforts to CCDBG compliance. Provide the CCDF copayments in the chart below according to family size for one child in carandote – If the sliding fee scale is not statewide, check here and describe how many jurisdictions set their own sliding fee scale Fill in the chart based on the most populo area of the State.	nent on to nily ing

3.4

3.4.1

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
Family Size	Lowest "Entry" Income Level Where Copayment First Applied	monthly copayment for a family of this	·	•	What is the monthly copayment for a family of this size upon initial entry into CCDF?	What is the percent of income for (e)?
1						
2						
3					_	
4						
5						

	a) What is the effective date of the sliding fee scale(s)?
	b) Provide the link to the sliding fee scale
3.4.2	How will the family's contribution be calculated and to whom will it be applied? Check all that apply.
	Fee is a dollar amount and
	Fee is per child with the same fee for each child
	Fee is per child and discounted fee for two or more children
	Fee is per child up to a maximum per family
	No additional fee charged after certain number of children
	Fee is per family
	Fee is a percent of income and
	Fee is per child with the same percentage applied for each child
	Fee is per child and discounted percentage applied for two or more children
	Fee is per child up to a maximum per family
	No additional percentage applied charged after certain number of children
	Fee is per family
	Contribution schedule varies because it is set locally/regionally (as indicated in 1.2.1). Describe
	Other, Describe

3.4.3	family's copayment? (658E(c)(3)(B))
	Yes, and describe those additional factors using the checkboxes below.
	Number of hours the child is in care
	Lower copayments for higher quality of care as defined by the State/Territory
	Other. Describe other factors
	No.
3.4.4	The Lead Agency may waive contributions/co-payments from families whose incomes are at or below the poverty level for a family of the same size (98.42(c)). Will the Lead Agency waive family contributions/co-payments for families whose incomes are at or below the poverty level?
	Yes, the Lead Agency waives family contributions/co-payments for families with income at or below the poverty level for families of the same size. The poverty level used by the Lead Agency for a family size of 3 is \$
	No, the Lead Agency does not waive family contributions/co-payments.
3.4.5	How will the Lead Agency ensure the family contribution/co-payment, based on a sliding fee scale, is affordable and not a barrier to families receiving CCDF? Check all that apply.
	Limits the maximum co-payment per family. Describe
	Limits combined amount of copayment for all children to a percentage of family income. List the percentage of the copayment limit and describe
	Minimizes the abrupt termination of assistance before a family can afford the full cost of care ("the cliff effect") as part of the graduated phase-out of assistance discussed in 3.1.5. Describe
	Does not allow providers to charge families the difference between the maximum payment rate (addressed in section 4) and their private pay rate in addition to the copayment they are paying. Describe
	Covers all fees (such as registration, supplies, field trips) to minimize the additional fees charged to the families by the provider. Describe
	Other. Describe
4 E	nsure Equal Access to High Quality Child Care for Low-Income Children
т.	h - 2014 was the wind in a fith - CCDDC Anti- designed to be by Chates and Tamitavian advance

The 2014 reauthorization of the CCDBG Act is designed to help States and Territories advance improvements to the quality of child care in order to promote the healthy social-emotional, cognitive and physical development of participating children. Ensuring that low-income and vulnerable children can access high-quality care (and remain enrolled to school entry and beyond)

is an equally important purpose of CCDBG. Payment levels and policies have a major impact on access.

The CCDBG Act of 2014 revises the requirement for a market rate survey (MRS) so that: (1) it must be statistically valid and reliable; and (2) it must reflect variations in the cost of child care services by geographic area, type of provider, and age of child. Also, a State/Territory may develop and conduct an alternative methodology for setting payment rates, such as a cost estimation model, to take into account the cost of meeting quality requirements.

To provide stability of funding and encourage more child care providers to participate in the subsidy program, the State/Territory's payment practices for CCDF child care providers must reflect generally accepted payment practices of non-CCDF child care providers in the State/Territory, such as paying for supplies, field trips, registration fees. In addition, to the extent practicable, the State/Territory must implement enrollment and eligibility policies that support the fixed costs of providing child care services by delinking provider payments from a child's occasional absence due to holidays or unforeseen circumstances such as illness or closures due to emergency.

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a provision that the State/Territory must also develop and implement strategies to increase the supply and improve the quality of child care services for: (1) children in underserved areas; (2) infants and toddlers; (3) children with disabilities (the CCDBG Act of 2014 added a new definition of child with disability (658(P)(3)); and (4) children who receive care during non-traditional hours. With respect to investments to increase access to programs providing high-quality child care and development services, the State/Territory must give priority to children of families in areas that have significant concentrations of poverty and unemployment and that do not have such programs. (658 E(c)(2)(M))

4.1 Parental Choice In Relation to Certificates, Grants or Contracts

4.1.1

The parent(s) of each eligible child who receive(s) or is offered financial assistance for child care services has the option of either enrolling such child with a provider that has a grant or contract for the provision of service or receiving a child care certificate. (658E(c)(2)(A)) This did not change under the CCDBG Act of 2014.

Describe how the parent of each eligible child is advised that the Lead Agency offers the option

	of selecting (A)(i), 658P	g a provider that has a grant or contract or receiving a child care certificate (658E(c)(2 (2))
4.1.2	categories	ow the parent is informed of the option to choose from a variety of child care – such as private, not-for-profit, faith-based providers (if using a certificate), centers, I care homes, or in-home providers. (658E(c)(2)(A)(i), 658P(2), 658Q)) Check all that
		Certificate form provides information about the choice of providers, including high quality providers
		Certificate is not linked to a specific provider so parents can choose provider of choice
		Consumer education materials on choosing child care

			Co-loca Verbal Comm	al to child care resource and referral agencies ated resource and referral in eligibility offices communication at the time of application unity outreach, workshops or other in-person activities Describe
1.1.3	Child	Care S	Services	Available through Grants or Contracts
	t 8	grants	or contr er is sim	offering certificates, does the Lead Agency provide child care services through acts for child care slots? (658A(b)(1)))) Note : Do not check "yes" if every ply required to sign an agreement in order to be paid in the certificate
			Ye	s. If yes, describe:
			0	the type(s) of child care services available through grants or contracts
			0	the entities who receive contracts (e.g., shared services alliances, child care resource and referral agencies, family child care networks, community
				based agencies, child care providers, etc.)
			0	the process for accessing grants or contracts
			0	the range of providers available through grants or contracts
			0	how rates for contracted slots are set through grants and contracts how the State/Territory determines which entities to contract with for increasing supply and/or improving quality
			0	if contracts are offered statewide and/or locally
			No	o. If no, skip to 4.1.4.
				gency use grants or contracts for child care services to achieve any of the k all that apply):
			Increas	se the supply of specific types of care with grants or contracts for:
				Programs to serve children with disabilities
				Programs to serve infants and toddlers
				Programs to serve school-age children
				Programs to serve children needing non-traditional hour care
				Programs to serve homeless children
				Programs to serve children in underserved areas
				Programs that serve children with diverse linguistic or cultural backgrounds
				Programs that serve specific geographic areas

	Urban
	Rural
	Other. Describe
	Improve the quality of child care programs with grants or contracts for:
	Programs providing comprehensive services, such as integrated child care in Head Start, Early Head Start, summer or other programs
	Programs meeting higher quality standards, such as higher rated QRIS programs, accreditation or state pre-k programs that meet higher quality standards
	Programs that provide financial incentives to teaching staff linked to higher education and qualifications link increased education requirements to higher compensation
	Programs to serve children with disabilities or special needs
	Programs to serve infants and toddlers
	Programs to serve school-age children
	Programs to serve children needing non-traditional hour care
	Programs to serve homeless children
	Programs to serve children in underserved areas
	Programs that serve children with diverse linguistic or cultural backgrounds
	Programs that serve specific geographic areas
	Urban
	Rural
	Other. Describe
1.1.4	The Lead Agency certifies policies and procedures are in place that afford parents unlimited access to their children whenever their children are in the care of a provider who receives CCDF funds. (658E(c)(2)(B)) This requirement did not change under the CCDBG Act of 2014. Describe the policies and procedures for unlimited access
1.1.5	The Lead Agency must allow for in-home care (i.e., care provided in the child's own home) but may limit its use. Will the Lead Agency limit the use of in-home care in any way?
	Yes. If checked, what limits will the Lead Agency set on the use of in-home care? Check all that apply.

	Restricted based on minimum number of children in the care of the provider to meet minimum wage law or Fair Labor Standards Act. Describe
	Restricted based on provider meeting a minimum age requirement. Describe
	Restricted based on hours of care (certain number of hours, non-traditional work hours). Describe
	Restricted to care by relatives. Describe
	Restricted to care for children with special needs or medical condition. Describe
	Restricted to in-home providers that meet some basic health and safety requirements. Describe
	Other. Describe
No	

4.2 Assessing Market Rates and Child Care Costs

The new law revises the provisions for a market rate survey (MRS) so that: (1) it must be statistically valid and reliable; and (2) it must reflect variations in the price to parents of child care services by geographic area, type of provider, and age of child (658E(c)(4)(B)). A State/Territory has the option to develop and use a statistically valid and reliable alternative methodology for setting payment rates, such as a cost estimation model. Any payment rates established using an alternative methodology or market rate survey must be reviewed and approved by ACF as part of the CCDF Plan review process. Because the alternative methodology is a new basis for setting payment rates, we highly recommend any State or Territory considering an alternative methodology to submit a description of its proposed approach to the ACF Regional Office in advance of the Plan submittal in order to avoid delays with Plan approval (see http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/ccdf-reauthorization-faq).

The MRS or alternative methodology must be developed and conducted no earlier than two years before the date of submission of the Plan (instead of two years before the effective date of the Plan, as previously required for the MRS).

The State must consult with the State Advisory Council (SAC) or other state- or state-designated cross-agency body if there is no SAC, local child care program administrators, local child care resource and referral agencies, and other appropriate entities prior to developing and conducting the MRS or alternative methodology.

The State/Territory must prepare a detailed report containing the results of the MRS or alternative methodology. The State must make the report with these results widely available no later than 30 days after completion of the report, including posting the results on the Internet in an easily interpretable and understandable form.

The State/Territory must set CCDF subsidy payment rates in accordance with the results of the current MRS or alternative methodology. When setting payment rates, the law requires States and Territories to

take into consideration the cost of providing higher quality child care services than were provided prior to November 2014 (e.g., tiered reimbursement or other methods) and without, **to the extent practicable**, reducing the number of families receiving CCDF relative to the number served as of November 2014. In taking the cost of providing quality into consideration, it is important to consider such key factors as what it takes to support increased stability and reduced provider turnover when setting payment rates.

4.2.1	Developing and Conducting a Market Rate Survey (MRS) and/or an Alternative Methodology. Did the State/Territory conduct a statistically and valid and reliable MRS, alternative methodology or both between July 1, 2013 and March 1, 2016?
	□ MRS
	☐ Alternative Methodology. Describe
	☐ Both. Describe
	☐ Other. Describe
4.2.2	Describe how the State consulted with the State Advisory Council (SAC) or other state- or state-designated cross-agency body if there is no SAC, local child care program administrators, local child care resource and referral agencies, and other appropriate entities which could include worker organizations prior to developing and conducting the MRS or alternative methodology.
4.2.3	Describe how the market rate survey or alternative methodology is statistically valid and reliable. To be considered valid and reliable, the MRS or alternative methodology must represent the child care market, provide complete and current data, use rigorous data collection procedures, reflect geographic variation, and analyze data in a manner that captures other relevant differences. For example, market rate surveys can use administrative data such as child care resource and referral data if they are representative of the market. If an alternative methodology such as cost modeling is used, demonstrate that the methodology used reliable models that estimated the cost of delivering services in center- and home-based settings at each level of quality defined by the State/Territory
4.2.4	Describe how the market rate survey reflects variations in the price of child care services by:
	a) Geographic area (e.g., statewide or local markets)
	b) Type of provider
	c) Age of child
	d) Describe any other key variations examined by the market rate survey, such as quality level

4.2.5	Describe the process used by the State/Territory to prepare a detailed report containing the results and make the report widely available to the public.				
	a)	Date of completion of the market rate survey or alternative methodology (must be no earlier than July 1, 2013 and no later than March 1, 2016)			
	b)	Date report containing results was made widely available, no later than 30 days after the completion of the report			
	c)	How the report containing results was made widely available and provide the link where the report is posted if available			
4.3	Setting Payn	nent Rates			
4.3.1	methodolo provide a s compreher that your S region (ser	e base payment rates and percentiles (based on current MRS or alternative gy) for the following categories. The ages and types of care listed below are meant to napshot of categories on which rates may be based and are not intended to be asive of all categories that may exist in your State/Territory or reflective of the terms tate/Territory may use for particular ages. Please use the most populous geographic ving highest number of children). Note – If the payment rates are not set by the tory, check here . Describe how many jurisdictions set their own payment			
	a)	Infant (6 months), full-time licensed center care in most populous geographic region Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, etc.) Percentile			
	b) c)	Infant (6 months), full-time licensed FCC care in most populous geographic region • Rate \$per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, etc.) • Percentile Toddler (18 months), full-time licensed center care in most populous geographic			
		 Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, etc.) Percentile 			
	d)	 Toddler (18 months), full-time licensed FCC care in most populous geographic region Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, etc.) Percentile 			
	e)	Preschooler (4 years), full-time licensed center care in most populous geographic region • Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly,			
		etc.)			

		Percentile
	f)	Preschooler (4 years), full-time licensed FCC care in most populous geographic
		region
		 Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly,
		etc.)
		Percentile
	g)	School-age child (6 years), full-time licensed center care in most populous
		geographic region
		 Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, etc.)
		Percentile
	h)	
	11)	region
		• Rate \$ unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly,
		etc.)
		Percentile
	i)	Describe the calculation/definition of full-time care
	j)	Provide the effective date of the payment rates
	k)	Provide the link to the payment rates
4.3.2	consideration needs, prowords, base cost of prothat differ tiered rate for targete to serve characters.	Territories may choose to set base payment rates that differ because they take into ion such factors as 1) geographic location, 2) age of child, 3) needs of children (special tective services, etc.), 4) non-traditional hours of care, or 5) quality of care. In other se rates for infants may be set at a higher level than for school-age care because the viding infant care tends to be higher than school-age care. In addition to these rates tied to market variations in prices, States and Territories can choose to establish s or add-ons on top of these variable base rates as a way to increase payment rates d needs (i.e., higher rate for special needs children as both an incentive for providers sildren with special needs and as a way to cover the higher costs to the provider to the for special needs children).
	implement for determ	ch types of tiered payment or rate add-on, if any, the Lead Agency has chosen to c. In the description of any tiered rates or add-ons, indicate the process and basis used ining the tiered rates, amount or percentage of the tiered rate/add-on, and indicate if were set based on the MRS or another process.
	☐ Tie	ered rate/rate add-on for non-traditional hours. Describe
	☐ Tie	ered rate/rate add-on for children with special needs as defined by the
		ate/Territory. Describe
		ered rate/rate add-on for infants and toddlers (do not check if you have a different se rate for infants/toddlers with no separate bonus or add-on). Describe

		Tiered rate/rate add-on for programs meeting higher quality as defined by the State/Territory. Describe		
		Tiered rate/rate add-on for programs serving homeless children. Describe		
		Other tiered rate/rate add-on beyond the base rate. Describe		
		None.		
4.3.3		e how the State/Territory set payment rates for child care services in accordance with ults of the most recent market rate survey or alternative methodology		
4.3.4	In setting payment rates, how did the State/Territory take into consideration the cost of providing higher quality child care services than were provided prior to November 2014 (e.g., tiered payment or other methods) and without, to the extent practicable, reducing the number of families receiving CCDF relative to the number of families served as of November 2014. For example, providing tiered payment with a sufficient differential to support higher quality, considering the cost of quality using a cost estimation model or other method, or examining the participation rate of high-quality providers in the subsidy system (e.g., using indicators from a quality rating system, accreditation or other state-defined indicators of quality) and adjusting payment rates if necessary			
4.4	Summar	y of Facts Used to Determine that Payments Rates Are Sufficient to Ensure Equal Access		
	that pay limited t offer chi	Figure plan shall provide a summary of data and facts relied on by the State/Territory to certify ment rates are sufficient to ensure equal access. (658E (c)(4)(A)) Equal access is not to a single percentile alone but is inclusive of various metrics or benchmarks that would dren receiving CCDF access to the same services (type of care, quality of care) as children ving CCDF.		
4.4.1	benchr	ata and facts did the State use to determine equal access (i.e., what is your metric or nark of equal access – such as percentile that rates cover or proportion of costs covered)? all that apply and describe.		
		Payment rates are set at the 75th percentile or higher of the most recent survey. Describe		
		☐ Using tiered rates/differential rates as described in 4.3.3 to increase access for targeted needs.		
		Rates based on data on the cost to the provider of providing care meeting certain standards. Describe		
		Data on the size of the difference (in terms of dollars) between payment rates and the 75th percentile in the most recent survey, if rates are below the 75th percentile. Describe		
		☐ Data on the proportion of children receiving subsidy being served by high-quality providers. Describe		

	□ range of pr	Data on where children are being served showing access to the full oviders. Describe
	☐ access to th	Data on how rates set below the 75 th percentile allow CCDF families ne same quality of care as families not receiving CCDF. Describe
	□ Describe	Feedback from parents, including parent survey or parent complaints.
		Other. Describe
1.4.2		y certify that payment rates are sufficient to ensure equal access either IRS or alternative methodology?
	-	Yes. The State/Territory certifies that payment rates are sufficient to al access by March 1, 2016. Provide the State/Territory definition of how t rates are sufficient to ensure equal access
	planned ac completion responses a	No. If no, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific ation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including tivities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary
	Overall implem	Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete nentation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, ntially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
		 Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity Projected end date for each activity Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity

4.5 Payment Practices and Timeliness of Payments

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a provision that requires States and Territories to describe in the Plan how the State/Territory's payment practices for CCDF child care providers reflect generally accepted payment practices of non-CCDF child care providers in the State/Territory —so as to provide stability of funding and encourage more child care providers to participate in the subsidy program. To the extent practicable, the State/Territory must implement enrollment and eligibility policies that support the fixed costs of providing child care services by delinking provider payments from a child's occasional absences due to holidays or unforeseen circumstances such as illness. (658E(c)(2)(S))

	circumstances such as illness. (658E(c)(2)(S))				
4.5.1	Describe the status of State/Territory's payment practices for CCDF child care providers that reflect generally accepted payment practices of non-CCDF child care providers in the State/Territory.				
	Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above by March 1, 2016. Describe using 4.5.2 through 4.5.3 below.				
	Not implemented. If not implemented, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.				
	 Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) O Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable 				
	O Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity Projected end date for each activity Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering				
	with to complete implementation of this activity				

4.5.2		• •	ted payment practices of other child care providers in the State/Territory			
	_		unding to encourage more child care providers to serve children who			
		receive CCDF assistance. Check all that apply and describe. The Lead Agency				
	_					
			pectively prior to the delivery of services. Describe			
		-	n no more than 21 days of billing for services. Describe			
	Ц		ixed costs of providing child care services by delinking provider payments			
			ld's occasional absences by paying based on enrollment instead of e. Describe including the State/Territory's definition of occasional			
		absences _	 ixed costs of providing child care services by delinking provider payments			
	_		ld's occasional absences by providing full payment if a child attends at			
			tain percent of authorized time. Specify percent and describe			
			ixed costs of providing child care services by delinking provider payments			
			ld's occasional absences by providing full payment if a child is absent for a			
			mber of days in a month. Specify the number of absence days allowed and			
		paid for ar	nd describe			
		Pays on a full-time or part-time basis (rather than smaller increments such as				
		hourly)				
		Pays for st	andard and customary fees that the provider charges private-paying			
		parents (e	.g., registration fees, deposits, supplies, field trips, etc.)			
		Provides p	rompt notice to providers regarding any changes to the family's eligibility			
		status that	may impact payment			
		Has a time	ly appeal and resolution process for payment inaccuracies and disputes.			
		Describe _	<u></u>			
		Other. Des	scribe			
			options not checked above, explain why these options are not generally			
		accepted p	payment practices in your State/Territory			
4.5.3	Check and	describe the	e strategies the State/Territory will use to ensure the timeliness of			
	payments.					
			Policy on length of time for making payments. Describe length of time			
	_					
			Track and monitor the payment process			
			Use of electronic tools (e.g., automated billing, direct deposit, etc.)			
	Γ	escribe				
	Цα	Other. Desci	ine			

4.6 Supply Building Strategies to Meet the Needs of Certain Populations

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a provision that the State/Territory will develop and implement strategies to increase the supply and improve the quality of child care services for children in underserved areas, infants and toddlers, children with disabilities, and children who receive care during non-traditional hours. (658 E(c)(2)(M))

4.6.1	Has the Sta	ite/Ter	ritory conducted data analysis of existing and growing supply needs?
			Yes. Describe data sources
		need:	No. If no, how does the State/Territory determine most critical supply s?
4.6.2	Describe w	hat me	ethod(s) is used to increase supply and improve quality for:
	a)	Infan	ts and toddlers (check all that apply)
			Grants and contracts (as discussed in 4.1.3)
			Family child care networks
			Start-up funding
			Technical assistance support
			Recruitment of providers
			Tiered payment rates (as discussed in 4.4.1)
			Other. Describe
	b)	Child	ren with disabilities (check all that apply)
			Grants and contracts (as discussed in 4.1.3)
			Family child care networks
			Start-up funding
			Technical assistance support
			Recruitment of providers
			Tiered payment rates (as discussed in 4.4.1)
			Other. Describe
	c)	Child	ren who receive care during non-traditional hours (check all that apply)
			Grants and contracts (as discussed in 4.1.3)
			Family child care networks
			Start-up funding
			Technical assistance support

		Recruitment of providers
		Tiered payment rates (as discussed in 4.4.1)
		Other. Describe
	d) Ho	eless children (check all that apply)
	E	Grants and contracts (as discussed in 4.1.3)
		Family child care networks
		Start-up funding
		Technical assistance support
		Recruitment of providers
		Tiered payment rates (as discussed in 4.4.1)
		Other. Describe
4.6.3	of the investme development se have significant quality program procedures to g concentrations	2014 requires States to describe the procedures and process it uses, in terms is made to increase access to programs providing high quality child care and ices, to give priority for those investments to children in families in areas that procentrations of poverty and unemployment and that do not have such high-(658E(c)(2)(Q)) Describe the status of State/Territory's process and a priority for investments to children and families from areas with high poverty and unemployment that do not have high-quality programs. Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above each 1, 2016. Describe
	req to c pro tabl	Not implemented. If not implemented, the State/Territory must provide e/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this rement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps implete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please de brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or shere. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an imentation Plan summary report.
	•	verall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) verall Status – Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete inplementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, ibstantially implemented, other) O Implemented requirement(s) – Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable
		O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented

0	Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implemen			
	the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify			
	agreem	nents with coordinating agencies, etc.)		
	•	Projected start date for each activity		
	•	Projected end date for each activity		
	•	Agency - Who is responsible for complete		
		implementation of this activity		
	•	Partners – Who is the responsible agency partnering		
		with to complete implementation of this activity		

5 Establish Standards and Monitoring Processes to Ensure the Health and Safety of Child Care Settings

The CCDBG Act of 2014 makes child care safer by defining minimum health and safety requirements for child care providers. This includes both the standards that must be established and the preservice/orientation and ongoing minimum training required. States and Territories must also explain why exemptions to any of the licensing standards do not endanger the health and safety of CCDF children in license-exempt care. States and Territories are required to have standards for CCDF providers regarding group size limits and appropriate child-to-provider ratios based on the age of children in child care.

Pre-licensure and annual unannounced inspections of licensed CCDF providers and annual inspections of license-exempt CCDF providers are now required. The CCDBG Act of 2014 requires States and Territories to establish qualifications and training for licensing inspectors and appropriate inspector-to-provider ratios. It also requires States and Territories to conduct criminal background checks for all child care staff members, including staff members who don't care directly for children but have unsupervised access to children and lists specific disqualifying crimes. States and Territories must certify that all child care providers comply with child abuse reporting requirements of Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (CAPTA), mandatory reporting of known and suspected instances of child abuse and neglect).

5.1 Licensing Requirements and Standards

Each State/Territory is required to certify it has in effect licensing requirements applicable to all child care services provided within the State/Territory (not restricted to providers receiving CCDF), and to provide a detailed description of such requirements and how such requirements are effectively enforced. (658E(c)(2)(F) Nothing in the statute prohibits the State/Territory from exempting child care providers from licensing requirements. But, if the State/Territory exempts any child care providers from State/Territory licensing requirements, the CCDBG Act of 2014 requires States and Territories to describe how such licensing exemptions do not endanger the health, safety, and development of children receiving CCDF who are cared for by the license-exempt providers. (658E(c)(2)(F)(ii))

5.1.1	The State/Territory certifies that it has licensing requirements applicable to all child care services provided within the State. (658(c)(2)(F)) This requirement did not change under the CCDBG Act of 2014. List the categories of care that your State/Territory licenses and provide your definition of each licensed category of care
5.1.2	Does your State/Territory exempt any child care providers that can receive CCDF from its licensing requirements?
	Yes. Describe which types of providers that can receive CCDF are exempt from licensing and how such exemptions do not endanger children who receive CCDF services from license-exempt providers
	□ No
5.1.3	Describe the status of the State/Territory's development and implementation of child care standards for providers receiving CCDF that address appropriate ratios between the number of children and the number of providers and group size, in terms of the age of the children for each type of setting. (658E(c)(2)(H))
	Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above by March 1, 2016. Describe using 5.1.4 and 5.1.5 below.
	Not implemented. If not implemented, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.
	 Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) O Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable
	O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
	 Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity Projected end date for each activity

	 Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering
	with to complete implementation of this activity
5.1.4	Describe how the State/Territory child care standards for providers receiving CCDF address appropriate ratios between the number of children and the number of providers and group size in terms of the age of the children for each type of setting. (658E(c)(2)(H))
	a) Licensed Center-Based Care
	1. Infant
	State/Territory age definition
	• Ratio
	• Group size
	2. Toddler
	State/Territory age definition
	• Ratio
	Group size
	3. Preschool
	State/Territory age definition
	• Ratio
	Group size4. School-Age
	State/Territory age definition
	Ratio
	Group size
	5. If any of the responses above are different for exempt child care centers, describe
	6. Describe, if applicable, ratios and group sizes for centers with mixed age groups
	b) Licensed Group Child Care Homes:
	1. Infant
	State/Territory age definition
	• Ratio
	Group size
	2. Toddler
	State/Territory age definition
	• Ratio
	• Group size
	3. Preschool

State/Territory age definition			
RatioGroup size			
4. School-Age			
 State/Territory age definition Ratio Group size 			
5. Describe the maximum number of children that are allowed in the home at any one time, if the State/Territory requires related children to be included in the child-to-provider ratio or group size, or the limits on infants and toddlers or additional school-age children that are allowed for part of the day			
 If any of the responses above are different for exempt group child care homes, describe 			
N/A. State/Territory does not have group child care homes.			
c) Licensed Family Child Care:			
1. Describe the ratios, group size, the threshold for when licensing is required, maximum number of children that are allowed in the home at any one time, if the State/Territory requires related children to be included in the Childto-Provider ratio or group size, or the limits on infants and toddlers or additional school-age children that are allowed for part of the day			
2. If any of the responses above are different for exempt family child care home providers, describe			
d) Any other eligible CCDF provider categories:			
Describe the ratios, group size, the threshold for when licensing is required, maximum number of children that are allowed in the home at any one time, if the State/Territory requires related children to be included in the child-to-provider ratio or group size, or the limits on infants and toddlers or additional school-age children that are allowed for part of the day			
Describe how the State/Territory child care standards address required qualifications for providers appropriate to each type of setting, including the minimum age allowed, minimum education level, any specific content required related to the age of children. (658E(c)(2)(H))			
a) Licensed Center-Based Care:			
Infant lead teacher and assistant teacher qualifications			
2. Toddler lead teacher and assistant teacher qualifications			
3. Preschool lead teacher and assistant teacher qualifications			
4. School-Age lead teacher and assistant teacher qualifications			
5. Director qualifications			

5.1.5

b) Licensed Group Child Care Homes:

1.	Infant lead teacher	and assistant qualifications	
2.	Toddler lead teacher	and assistant qualifications	
3.	Preschool lead teacher	and assistant qualifications	
4.	School-Age lead teacher	and assistant qualifications	
	N/A. State/Territory does	not have group child care homes.	
c) Licensed Family Child Care home provider qualifications			
d) Other eligible CCDF provider qualifications			

- 5.1.6 The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a new provision specifying that States and Territories must 1) establish health and safety requirements for providers serving children receiving CCDF assistance relating to matters included in the topics listed below, and 2) have pre-service or orientation training requirements, appropriate to the provider setting, that address these health and safety topics. (658E(c)(2)(I)(i)) This requirement is applicable to all child care providers receiving CCDF regardless of licensing status (licensed or license-exempt). The only exception to this requirement is for providers who are caring for their own relatives, as States have the option of exempting relatives from some or all CCDF health and safety requirements. When establishing these requirements, States are encouraged to consider the age of children and type of child care setting to ensure that they are appropriate to the health and safety needs of the children from birth through age 12 and the providers who care for them.
 - a) The State/Territory certifies that it has health and safety requirements for providers receiving CCDF in the following areas:
 - Prevention and control of infectious diseases (including immunization)
 - Prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices
 - Administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent
 - Prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions
 - Building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic
 - Prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma
 - Emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event (such as violence at a child care facility), within the meaning of those terms under section 602(a) (1) of the Robert T.
 Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5195a(a)(1))
 - Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants
 - Precautions in transporting children (if applicable)
 - First aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) certification

	Yes. Th	he Sta	te/Territory	certifies that it has health and safety
requireme	ents for 0	CCDF p	providers in	these areas as of March 1, 2016. Provide a
citation an	nd a link	if avai	lable	
planned ac completion responses	tation pl ctivities, n date (r and des	lan for neces no late scriptio	r achieving of ssary legislater than Septons only. Do	ritory must provide a State/Territory-specific compliance with this requirement, including tive or regulatory steps to complete, and target tember 30, 2016). Please provide brief text o not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your tronically into an Implementation Plan summary
• Ov	verall Sta omplete i oplemen O Im im	atus – implei ted, si npleme	Describe th mentation f ubstantially ented requi ented to da	Date (no later than September 30, 2016) e State/Territory's overall status toward or this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, other) rement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) te if applicable t - Identify the requirement(s) to be
	im	plem	ented	_
			implement	ities – What specific steps will you take to the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule odify agreements with coordinating agencies,
			0	Projected start date for each activity
			0	Projected end date for each activity
			0	Agency - Who is responsible for complete
				implementation of this activity
			0	Partners – Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity
The State/	Territor	y certi	fies that it h	nas pre-service (prior to initial service) or

b) The State/Territory certifies that it has pre-service (prior to initial service) or orientation (period from when service started) and ongoing training requirements, appropriate to the provider setting that address each of the requirements relating to the topic areas listed above. ACF expects these trainings will be part of a broader systematic approach and progression of professional development (as described in Section 6) within a State/Territory that will result in opportunities for child care providers to accumulate knowledge, competencies and credits toward eventual completion of a professional certification or higher education. The law does not specify a specific number of training or education hours but States and Territories

recommended time needed to address these training requirements. ☐ Yes. The State/Territory certifies that it has pre-service or orientation and ongoing training requirements appropriate to the provider setting that address each of the requirements relating to the topics listed above as of March 1, 2016. Describe, including at a minimum 1) how the state/territory defines preservice or orientation period, 2) the minimum number of annual preservice or orientation hours required to meet these health, and safety requirements, and 3) ongoing training or education hours required to meet these health and safety requirements ____ □ No. If no, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report. O Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) partially or substantially implemented ___ Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented O Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity ____ O Projected end date for each activity _____ O Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity _____ Does the State/Territory have health and safety requirements for any of the following optional

are encouraged to consult with Caring for our Children Basics for best practices and

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5.1.7

areas?

	 □ Nutrition (including age appropriate feeding). Describe □ Access to physical activity. Describe □ Screen time. Describe □ Caring for children with special needs. Describe □ Recognition and reporting of child abuse and neglect. Describe □ Other subject areas determined by the State/Territory to be necessary to promote child development or to protect children's health and safety. Describe
5.1.8	States and Territories have the option to exempt relatives (as defined in CCDF regulations as grandparents, great-grandparents, siblings if living in a separate residence, aunts, and uncles, (98.41(A)(ii)(A)) from CCDF health and safety training requirements. Does the State/Territory exempt relatives from the requirement to receive pre-service or orientation health and safety training on any or all of the listed topics? Note this exception applies if the individual cares ONLY for relative children.
	Yes, all relatives are exempt from all health and safety training requirements. If the State/Territory exempts all relatives from the CCDF health and safety training requirements, describe how the State ensures the health and safety of children in relative care
	Yes, some relatives are exempt from health and safety training requirements. If the State/Territory exempts some relatives from the CCDF health and safety training requirements, describe which relatives are exempt from which requirements (all or some) and include how the State/Territory ensures the health and safety of children in relative care.
	\square No, relatives are not exempt from CCDF health and safety training requirements.
5.2	Monitoring and Enforcement Policies and Practices
5.2.1	The State/Territory certifies that the State/Territory has in effect policies and practices to ensure that providers for children receiving assistance and their facilities comply with applicable State or local licensing and health and safety requirements. (658E(c)(2)(J))
	Yes. The State/Territory certifies that it has policies and practices to ensure compliance with applicable licensing and health and safety requirements for providers receiving CCDF and their facilities as of March 1, 2016. List the policy citation
	□ No. If no, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.

	implemented, substantially implemented, other)
	 Implemented requirement(s) – Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable
	O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
	O Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) O Projected start date for each activity O Projected end date for each activity O Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity O Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity
5.2.2	The CCDBG Act of 2014 added the following provisions for enforcement of licensing which must be in effect no later than November 19, 2016 for all providers who serve children receiving CCDF (with the option to exempt relatives). While the law does not specify strategies to meet these requirements, States and Territories could consider implementing a differential monitoring approach as long as the full complement of licensing and CCDF health and safety standards was representative and the frequency was at least annually.
	a) Licensing Inspectors - It will have policies and practices that ensure that individuals who are hired as licensing inspectors in the State/Territory are qualified to inspect those child care providers and facilities and have received training in related health and safety requirements, and are trained in all aspects of the State's licensure requirements. (658E(c)(2)(K)(i)(I))
	Yes. The State/Territory certifies that as of March 1, 2016 it has policies and practices that ensure that individuals who are hired as licensing inspectors in the State/Territory are qualified to inspect those child care providers and facilities and have received training in related health and safety requirements, and are trained in all aspects of the State's licensure requirements. List the policy citation and describe the qualifications, including at a minimum how inspector qualifications address training related to the language and cultural diversity of the providers, and how qualifications address being appropriate to the age of children in care and type of provider setting:

Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) _____

complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially

• Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward

	No. If no, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than November 19, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.
	Overall Target Completion Date (no later than November 19, 2016)
	 Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable
	O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
	 Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity Projected end date for each activity Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity
pe with in the and with con	rpections for Licensed CCDF Providers - It will require licensing inspectors to rform inspections, with not less than <u>one prelicensure inspection</u> , for compliance th health, safety, and fire standards, of each such child care provider and facility the State/Territory. It will require licensing inspectors to perform not less than nually, <u>one unannounced inspection</u> of licensed CCDF providers for compliance th all child care licensing standards, which shall include an inspection for mpliance with health, safety, and fire standards (inspectors may inspect for mpliance with all 3 standards at the same time. (658E(c)(2)(K)(i)(II))
	☐ Yes. The State/Territory certifies that as of March 1, 2016 it has policies and practices regarding inspections for licensed CCDF providers. List the policy citation and describe the inspection requirements including the frequency of announced and unannounced visits

b)

ir p ta to Y	Io. If no, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including lanned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and arget completion date (no later than November 19, 2016). Please provide brief ext responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here our responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan lummary report.
	Overall Target Completion Date (no later than November 19, 2016)
	 Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable
	O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
_	Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) O Projected start date for each activity O Projected end date for each activity O Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity O Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity tions for License-Exempt CCDF Providers (except those serving relatives) - It policies and practices that require licensing inspectors (or qualified monitors
designate annual m	ed by the lead agency) of child care providers and facilities to perform an onitoring visit of each license-exempt CCDF provider (unless the provider is in section (658P(6)(B)). (658E(c)(2)(K)(ii)(IV))
	☐ Yes. The State/Territory certifies that as of March 1, 2016 it has policies nd practices regarding inspections for license-exempt CCDF providers. List the olicy citation and describe the annual monitoring visit requirements:
ir p	Io. If no, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific mplementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including lanned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and arget completion date (no later than November 19, 2016). Please provide brief

text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.

	• Overall Target Completion Date (no later than November 19, 2016)	
	 Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable 	
	 Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented 	
	 Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) 	
	O Projected start date for each activity O Projected end date for each activity O Agency – Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity	
	O Partners – Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity	
d) Ratio of Licensing Inspectors – It will have policies and practices that require the ralicensing inspectors to such child care providers and facilities in the State/Territory maintained at a level sufficient to enable the State to conduct inspections of such c providers and facilities on a timely basis in accordance with Federal, State, and loca (658E(c)(2)(K)(i)(III))		
	☐ Yes. The State/Territory certifies that as of March 1, 2016 it has policies and practices regarding the ratio of licensing inspectors to such child care providers and facilities in the State/Territory. List the policy citation and list the State/Territory ratio of licensing inspectors:	
	□ No. If no, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than November 19, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.	

	Overall Target Completion Date (no later than November 19, 2016)			
	 Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable 			
	O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented			
	 Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.)			
	O Partners – Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity			
place ar	Abuse and Neglect Reporting - That child abuse reporting requirements are indicomply with section of the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (42, 106a(b)(2)(B)(i)) (658E(c)(2)(L))			
	Yes. Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above by March 1, 2016. List the Lead Agency's policy citation(s)			
1	No. If no, the State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than November 19, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.			
	 Overall Target Completion Date (no later than November 19, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable 			

	O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented.
	implemented
	Tasks/Activities – What specific steps will you take to
	implement the requirement (e.g., legislative or rule
	changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.)
	o Projected start date for each activity
	O Projected end date for each activity
	0 Agency – Who is responsible for complete
	implementation of this activity
	0 Partners - Who is the responsible agency
	partnering with to complete implementation of
	this activity
	grandparents, great-grandparents, siblings if living in a separate residence, aunts, and uncles, (98.41(A)(ii)(A)) from inspection requirements. Note this exception only applies if the individual cares ONLY for relative children. Does the State/Territory exempt relatives from inspection requirements listed in 5.2.2? Yes, all relatives are exempt from all inspection requirements. If the State/Territory exempts all relatives from the inspection requirements, describe how the State ensures the health and safety of children in relative care.
	Yes, some relatives are exempt from inspection requirements. If the State/Territory exempts some relatives from the inspection requirements, describe
	which relatives are exempt from which requirements (all or some) and include how
	the State/Territory ensures the health and safety of children in relative care.
	\square No, relatives are not exempt from inspection requirements.
5.3	Criminal Background Checks

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added new requirements for States and Territories receiving CCDF funds to conduct criminal background checks on child care staff members and prospective staff members of child care providers. States and Territories must have requirements, policies, and procedures in place to conduct criminal background checks for staff members of child care providers (other than relatives) that are licensed, regulated or registered under State/Territory law or receive CCDF funds. Background check requirements apply to any staff member who is employed by a child care provider for compensation or whose activities involve the care or supervision of children or unsupervised access to children. For family child care homes, this includes the caregiver requesting a check of him/herself, as well as other adults in the household that may have unsupervised access to children. These provisions must be in place no later than September 30, 2017.

The CCDBG Act of 2014 specifies what a comprehensive criminal background check includes and a child care provider must submit a request to the appropriate State/Territory agency for a criminal background check for each child care staff member, including prospective child care staff members at least once every 5 years. A criminal background check must include a search of: State criminal and sex offender registry in the State where the staff member resides and each State where the staff member has resided over the past 5 years; State child abuse and neglect registry in the State where the staff member resides and each State where the staff member has resided over the past 5 years, National Crime Information Center (run by the FBI); FBI fingerprint check using Next Generation Identification; and National Sex Offender Registry.

Child care staff members cannot be employed by a provider receiving CCDF if they refuse a background check; make materially false statements in connection with the background check; are registered or required to be registered on the State or National Sex Offender Registry; have been convicted of a felony consisting of: murder, child abuse or neglect, crimes against children, spousal abuse, crime involving rape or sexual assault, kidnapping, arson, physical assault or battery, or subject to an individual review, at the State's option, a drug-related offense committed during the preceding 5 years; or have been convicted of a violent misdemeanor committed as an adult against a child.

Timeliness of background checks - The State/Territory must conduct the background checks as quickly as possible and shall not exceed 45 days after the child care provider submitted the request. The State/Territory shall provide the results of the background check in a statement that indicates whether the staff member is eligible or ineligible, without revealing specific disqualifying information. If the staff member is ineligible, the State/Territory will provide information about each disqualifying crime to the staff member.

Fees for background checks – Fees that a State/Territory may charge for the costs of processing applications and administering a criminal background check may not exceed actual costs to the State/Territory for processing and administration.

Transparency – The State/Territory must ensure that policies and procedures for conducting criminal background checks are published on the State/Territory's consumer education website (also see section 2.3) or other publicly available venue.

Appeals process - The State/Territory shall have a process for a child care staff member to appeal the results of their background check to challenge the accuracy and completeness.

Privacy considerations - Lead Agency may not publicly release the results of individual background checks. They may release aggregated data by crime as long as the data does not include personally identifiable information.

5.3.1	Describe the status of the State/Territory's requirements, policies, and procedures for criminal			
	background checks for child care staff members and child care providers.			
		Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above		

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by March 1, 2016. List the policy citation within the Lead Agency's rules _____ and

	through 5.3.9 below.
	□ Not implemented. The State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2017). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.
	 Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2017) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) O Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be
	 O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
	 Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity Projected end date for each activity Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity
5.3.2	Describe the process and procedures for conducting background checks in a timely manner, including which agency/entity is responsible and how the Lead Agency ensures that background checks performed by a 3 rd party meet the requirements, protecting the privacy of child care staff members, and providing opportunities for applicants to appeal the results of background checks
5.3.3	Describe how the State/Territory is assisting other States process background checks, including any agencies/entities responsible for responding to requests from other states

describe the policies and procedures for criminal background checks using 5.3.2

5.3.4			that individual is still eligible for employment?
]	Yes. Describe
]	No
5.3.5	Does the State/Te crimes not specific	-	y disqualify child care staff members based on their conviction for other sted in 5.3?
]	Yes. Describe
]	No
5.3.6	grandparents, great (98.41(A)(ii)(A)) fro	at-gra om ba NLY fo	ave the option to exempt relatives (as defined in CCDF regulations as indparents, siblings if living in a separate residence, aunts, and uncles, ackground check requirements. Note this exception only applies if the or relative children. Does your State State/Territory exempt relatives s?
]	Yes, all relatives are exempt from all background check requirements.
	· ·	remen remen	Yes, some relatives are exempt from the background check its. If the State/Territory exempts some relatives from background check its, describe which relatives are exempt from which requirements (some
]	No, relatives are not exempt from background checks.
5.3.7	checks do not exce conducted by the	eed th State/	Territory ensures that fees charged for completing the background ne actual cost of processing and administration, regardless of whether Territory or a 3 rd party vendor or contractor. Lead Agencies can report d if applicable.
5.3.8			nd check policies and procedures are published on the State/Territory ebsite or made publicly available on another venue
5.3.9	Does the Lead Age	ency re	elease aggregated data by crime?
]	Yes. List types of crime included in the aggregated data
]	No

6 Recruit and Retain a Qualified and Effective Child Care Workforce

Teacher-child interactions and relationships, intentional strategies to engage children and their parents, and use of curriculum and assessment to inform practices with children are key components of high quality child care. These require a competent, skilled, and stable workforce. Research has shown that specialized training and education, positive and well-organized work environments and adequate compensation promote teacher recruitment, stability, diversity of the early childhood workforce, and effectiveness with young children in child care. In addition, professional development strategies that

emphasize on-site mentoring and coaching of teachers have emerged as promising to change practices with children and families. Professional development, whether training, on-site coaching and mentoring, registered apprenticeship, or higher education coursework, should reflect the research and best practices of child development in all domains and cultural competence.

The CCDBG Act of 2014 requires States and Territories to establish professional development and training requirements in key areas such as health and safety, early learning guidelines, responding to challenging behavior and engaging families. States and Territories are required to offer ongoing annual training and to establish a progression of professional development opportunities to improve knowledge and skills of CCDF providers. (658E(c)(2)(G)) An example of how a State/Territory might address this is to establish a system or framework of professional development that includes professional standards, a "career ladder" that allows an individual to build knowledge and skills in a cumulative manner from introductory training to advance level education, including obtaining credentials and post-secondary degrees. Professional development should be designed in a manner that aligns to competencies and qualifications that reflect working with children of different ages, English language learners, children with disabilities and the differentiated roles in all settings, such as teachers, teacher assistants, and directors. Training and education supporting professional development is also one of the options States and Territories have for investing their CCDF quality funds. (658G(b)(1)) ACF encourages States and Territories to collaborate and coordinate with other early childhood educator professional development resources, such as Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge grants, quality funds available through the Preschool Development grants, and funds available through Head Start and Early Head Start, to the extent practicable. Responsive, well-qualified adult caregivers are one of the most important factors in children's development and learning in child care settings. ACF strongly encourages States and Territories to link CCDF health and safety trainings (see Section 5) and child development trainings and education to this broader professional development framework as the foundation for building a knowledgeable early childhood education workforce. Questions related to requirements for recruiting and retaining a qualified and effective child care workforce have been consolidated into Section 6.

6.1 Training and Professional Development Requirements

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a requirement that the State/Territory develop training and professional development requirements designed to enable child care providers to promote the social, emotional, physical and cognitive development of children and to improve the knowledge and skills of the child care workforce. Such requirements shall be applicable to child care providers caring for children receiving CCDF across the entire age span from birth through age 12. (658E(c)(2)(G)) Training and professional development should be accessible and appropriate across settings and types of providers, including family child care home providers and child care center staff.

The State/Territory also must develop and implement strategies to strengthen the business practices of child care providers to expand the supply and improve the quality of child care services. (658E(c)(2)(V))

For purposes of this section, the term professional development is inclusive of credit bearing coursework, postsecondary degree programs, and technical assistance (targeted assistance such

- as mentoring, coaching or consultation) activities. Health and safety topics that require renewal of a credential or certification should be considered continuing education unit trainings.
- 6.1.1 Describe the status of the State/Territory's professional development system or framework, including training and professional development requirements to enable child care providers to promote the social, emotional, physical, and cognitive development of children and to improve the knowledge and skills of the child care workforce.

The Lead Agency assures that the State/Territory's training and professional development requirements:

- a) Provide ongoing training and professional development that is accessible for the diversity of providers in the State/Territory; provide for a progression of professional development reflecting research and best practice to meet the developmental needs of participating infants, toddlers, preschool, and school-age children and that is aligned to foundational and specialized competencies (including different ages of children, English language learners, and children with disabilities); and improve the quality and stability of the child care workforce (such as supports an individual to build on entry- and midlevel training and education (which may include higher education) to attain a higher level credential or professional certification and retention in the child care program).
- b) Are developed in consultation with the State Advisory Council (SAC) on Early Childhood Education and Care or other state or state-designated cross-agency body if there is no SAC that addresses training, professional development and education of child care providers and staff.
- c) Incorporate knowledge and application of the State/Territory's early learning and developmental guidelines (where applicable), the State/Territory's health and safety standards (as described in section 5), and incorporate social-emotional/behavioral and early childhood mental health intervention models, which may include positive behavior intervention and support models (as described in Section 2)
- d) Are accessible to providers supported through Indian tribes or tribal organizations receiving CCDF
- e) Appropriate, to the extent practicable, for child care providers caring for children receiving child care subsidies, including children of different age groups, English language learners, children with disabilities, and Native Americans, including Indians and Native Hawaiians.

Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above by March 1, 2016. Describe using 6.1.2 through 6.1.6 below.
Not implemented. The State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific
implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including
planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target
completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text

responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.

Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) _____

	 Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
	 Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity Projected end date for each activity Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity
is accessib profession needs of p foundation language lo	ow the State/Territory provides ongoing training and professional development that le for the diversity of providers in the State/Territory, provides for a progression of all development reflecting research and best practice to meet the developmental articipating infants, toddlers, preschool and school-age children and that is aligned to hal and specialized competencies (including different ages of children, English earners, and children with disabilities) and improves the quality and stability of the workforce. Use the checkboxes below to identify and describe the elements of the nof professional development. Check all that apply. State/Territory professional standards and competencies. Describe Career ladder or lattice. Describe Articulation agreements between two- and four-year postsecondary early childhood education or degree programs. Describe Community-based training approved by a state regulatory body to meet licensing or regulatory requirements. Describe Workforce data, including recruitment, retention, registries or other documentation, and compensation information. Describe

	 Advisory structure that provides recommendations for the development, revision, and implementation of the professional development system or framework. Describe 			
	Continuing education unit trainings and credit-bearing professional development. Describe			
	☐ State-approved trainings. Describe			
	Inclusion in state and/or regional workforce and economic development plans.DescribeOther. Describe			
6.1.3	Describe how the State/Territory developed its training and professional development			
	requirements in consultation with the State Advisory Council (SAC) on Early Childhood Education and Care (if applicable) or other state or state-designated cross-agency body if there is no SAC			
6.1.4	Describe how the State/Territory incorporates knowledge and application of the State's early learning and developmental guidelines (where applicable), the State/Territory's health and safety standards (as described in section 5), and incorporates social-emotional/behavioral and early childhood mental health intervention models, which may include positive behavior intervention and support models (as described in Section 2) into its training and professional development requirements (see Information Memorandum on Children's Social Emotional and Behavioral Health http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/im-2015-01)			
6.1.5	Describe how the State's training and professional development requirements are accessible to providers supported through Indian tribes or tribal organizations receiving CCDF (as applicable)			
6.1.6	Describe how the State/Territory's training and professional development requirements are appropriate, to the extent practicable, for child care providers caring for children receiving child care subsidies, including children of different age groups (such as specialized credentials for providers who care for infants and/or school-age children), English language learners, children with disabilities, and Native Americans, including Indians and Native Hawaiians			
6.1.7	Describe the strategies the State/Territory uses to recruit and retain providers who will serve eligible children. Check all that apply and describe.			
	□ Financial assistance for attaining credentials and post-secondary degrees. Describe □ Financial incentives linked to education attainment and retention. Describe □ Registered apprenticeship programs. Describe □ Outreach to high school (including career and technical) students. Describe □ Policies for paid sick leave. Describe □ Policies for paid annual leave. Describe □ Policies for health care benefits. Describe			

	reduction techniques, health and mental health consultation services). Describe
6.1.8	Describe how the State/Territory will recruit providers for whom English is not their first language, or who will serve and be available for families for whom English is not their first language
6.1.9	How will the Lead Agency overcome language barriers to serve providers for whom English is not their first language? Check the strategies, if any, that your State/Territory has chosen to implement.
	Informational materials in non-English languages
	Training and technical assistance in non-English languages
	CCDF health and safety requirements in non-English languages
	Provider contracts or agreements in non-English languages
	Website in non-English languages
	Bilingual caseworkers or translators available
	Collect information to evaluate on-going need, recruit, or train a culturally or linguistically diverse workforce
	Other
	None
English	ead Agency checked any option above related to providing information or services in other non- languages, please list the primary languages offered (top 3) or specify that the State has the to have translation/interpretation in all primary and secondary languages
6.1.10	The State/Territory must use CCDF for activities to improve the quality or availability of child care, including training and technical assistance to providers on identifying and serving homeless children and families. (658E(c)(3)(B)(i) Describe the status of the State/Territory's training and technical assistance to providers on identifying and serving homeless children and their families (connects to Section 3.2.2).
	Yes. The State certifies that no later than March 1, 2016 it will provide training and technical assistance to providers on identifying and serving homeless children and their families. Describe that training and technical assistance for providers

	fo ne (n de	The State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, sessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and scriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be asolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report. Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) O Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s)
		implemented to date if applicable
		O Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
6.2	Supporting Trai Quality Funds	Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) O Projected start date for each activity O Projected end date for each activity O Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity O Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity with to complete implementation of this activity ing and Professional Development of the Child Care Workforce with CCDF
		ories may use the quality set-aside discussed in detail in section 7 to support the essional development of the child care workforce.
6.2.1		Territory fund the training and professional development of the child care
		☐ Yes. If yes,
	a)	Describe the measures relevant to this use of funds that the State/Territory will use to evaluate the State/Territory's progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services in the State/Territory
	b)	Indicate which funds will be used for this activity (check all that apply)

		CCDF funds. Describe					
	Г	Other funds. Describe					
c)		Check which content is included in training and professional development activities. Check all that apply.					
		Promoting the social, emotional, physical, and cognitive development of children, including those related to nutrition and physical activity, using scientifically-based, developmentally-appropriate and age-appropriate strategies as required in 6.1.1c. Describe					
		Implementing behavior management strategies, including positive behavior interventions and support models that promote positive social -emotional development and early childhood mental health and reduce challenging behaviors, including reducing expulsions of preschool-aged children from birth to five for such behaviors (see also Section 2). Describe					
		Engaging parents and families in culturally and linguistically appropriate ways to expand their knowledge, skills, and capacity to become meaningful partners in supporting their children's positive development. Describe					
		Developmentally appropriate, culturally and linguistically responsive instruction and evidence-based curricula, and learning environments that are aligned with the State/Territory Early Learning and Development Standards. Describe					
		On-site or accessible comprehensive services for children and community partnerships that promote families' access to services that support their children's learning and development. Describe					
		Using data to guide program evaluation to ensure continuous improvement. Describe					
		Caring for children of families in geographic areas with significant concentrations of poverty and unemployment. Describe					
		Caring for and supporting the development of children with disabilities and developmental delays. Describe					
		Supporting positive development of school-age children. Describe					
		Other. Describe					
d)		now the State/Territory connects child care providers with available and State/Territory financial aid, or other resources for pursuing					

			condary education relevant for the early childhood and school-age rce. Check all that apply.
			Coaches, mentors, consultants, or other specialists available to support access to postsecondary training including financial aid and academic counseling
			State/Territory-wide, coordinated, and easily accessible clearinghouse (i.e. online calendar or listing of opportunities) of relevant postsecondary education opportunities
			Financial awards (such as scholarships, grants, loans, reimbursement for expenses) from State/Territory for completion of postsecondary education
			Other. Describe
	□ No		
6.2.2	providers caring for and Territories are	or chil e encc	y require a specific number of annual training hours for child care dren receiving CCDF subsidies and in particular content areas? States buraged to consult with <i>Caring for our Children</i> for best practices and eded to address training hour requirements.
	□ Ye	es. If y	ves, describe:
	a) Licens	sed Ce	enter-Based Care
	1)	Nui	mber of pre-service or orientation hours and any required areas/content
	2)	Nui	mber of on-going hours and any required areas/content
	b) Licens	sed Gr	oup Child Care Homes
	1)	Nui	mber of pre-service or orientation hours and any required areas/content
	2)	Nui	mber of on-going hours and any required areas/content
	c) Licens	sed Fa	mily Child Care Provider
	1)	Nui	mber of pre-service or orientation hours and any required areas/content
	2)	Nui	mber of on-going hours and any required areas/content
	d) Any oth	ner eli	gible CCDF provider
	1)	Nui	mber of pre-service or orientation hours and any required areas/content
	2)	Nui	 mber of on-going hours and any required areas/content

	Γ	□ No
6.2.3	Describe the	ne status of the State/Territory's policies and practices to strengthen provider's ractices.
		Fully implemented as of March 1, 2016. Describe the State strategies including training, education, and technical assistance to strengthen provider's business practices. This may include, but is not limited to, such practices related to fiscal management, budgeting, record-keeping, hiring, developing, and retaining qualified staff, risk management, community relationships, marketing and public relations, and parent-provider communications, including who delivers the training, education and/or technical assistance
		Not implemented. The State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.
		 Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) O Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable
		 Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
		 Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) Projected start date for each activity Projected end date for each activity Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implementation of this activity

6.3 Early Learning and Developmental Guidelines

The CCDBG Act of 2014 added a requirement that the State/Territory will develop, maintain, or implement early learning and developmental guidelines that are appropriate for children in a forward progression from birth to kindergarten entry (i.e., birth-to-three, three-to-five, or birth-to-five), describing what such children should know and be able to do, and covering the essential domains of early childhood development for use State/Territory wide by child care providers. (658E(c)(2)(T)) At the option of the State/Territory, early learning and development guidelines for out-of-school time may be developed. States and Territories may use the quality set-aside as discussed in section 7 to improve on the development or implementation of early learning and development guidelines.

	development guidelines.
6.3.1	Describe the status of the State/Territory's early learning and development guidelines appropriate for children from birth to kindergarten entry.
	The State/Territory assures that the early learning and development guidelines are:
	 Research-based, developmentally appropriate, culturally and linguistically appropriate, and aligned with entry to kindergarten
	 Implemented in consultation with the State educational agency and the State Advisory Council (SAC) or other state or state-designated cross-agency body if there is no SAC
	Updated as determined by the State. List the date or frequency
	☐ Fully implemented and meeting all Federal requirements outlined above as of March 1, 2016. List the Lead Agency's policy citation(s) and describe using 6.3.2 through 6.3.4 below
	□ Not implemented. The State/Territory must provide a State/Territory-specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with this requirement, including planned activities, necessary legislative or regulatory steps to complete, and target completion date (no later than September 30, 2016). Please provide brief text responses and descriptions only. Do not cut and paste charts or tables here. Your responses will be consolidated electronically into an Implementation Plan summary report.
	 Overall Target Completion Date (no later than September 30, 2016) Overall Status - Describe the State/Territory's overall status toward complete implementation for this requirement(s) (not yet started, partially implemented, substantially implemented, other) Implemented requirement(s) - Identify any requirement(s) implemented to date if applicable

	 Unmet requirement - Identify the requirement(s) to be implemented
	 Tasks/Activities - What specific steps will you take to implement the unmet requirement (e.g., legislative or rule changes, modify agreements with coordinating agencies, etc.) O Projected start date for each activity O Projected end date for each activity O Agency - Who is responsible for complete implementation of this activity O Partners - Who is the responsible agency partnering with to complete implement this activity
development g	
Birth-to-th	ree. Provide a link
Three-to-F	ive. Provide a link
Birth-to-Fiv	ve. Provide a link
academic but	der (check if State/Territory has standards for five and older that complement cover child development areas not covered by k-12 academic standards). Describe link
Other. Des	cribe
implementation to child care p	/Territory use CCDF quality funds to improve on the development or on of early learning and development guidelines by providing technical assistance roviders to enhance children's cognitive, physical, social and emotional and support children's overall well-being?
□ <u>State/Te</u>	Yes, the State/Territory has a system of technical assistance <u>operating</u> rritory-wide
□ or in a fe	Yes, the State/Territory has a system of technical assistance <u>operating as a pilot</u> <u>ew localities</u> but not State/Territory-wide
	No, but the State/Territory is in the development phase
	No, the State/Territory has no plans for development
	Birth-to-th Three-to-F Birth-to-Fiv Five and ol academic but of and provide a limit of and provide a limit of the child care produced by the child care p

	a) If yes,	check all that apply to the technical assistance and describe.
		Child care providers are supported in developing and implementing iculum/learning activities based on the State's/Territory's early learning and elopment guidelines. Describe
	and	☐ The technical assistance is linked to the State's/Territory's quality rating improvement system. Describe
		☐ Child care providers working with <u>infants and/or toddlers</u> have access to technical assistance for implementing early learning and development lelines. Describe
		☐ Child care providers working with <u>preschool-age children</u> have access to technical assistance for implementing early learning and development lelines. Describe
		Child care providers working with <u>school-age children</u> have access to the nical assistance for implementing early learning and development guidelines.
	b) Indica	te which funds are used for this activity (check all that apply)
		F funds. Describe CCDF funds (e.g., quality set-aside, infant-toddler set aside,
		er funds. Describe other funding sources (e.g., Race to the Top Early Learning llenge, state or local funds, etc.)
5.3.4		to demonstrate that State/Territory assures that CCDF funds will not be used to ement an assessment for children that: (658E(c)(2)(T)(ii)(I))
		the primary or sole basis to determine a child care provider ineligible to ate in the CCDF program
		used as the primary or sole basis to provide a reward or sanction for an all provider
	Will be progran	used as the primary or sole method for assessing effectiveness of child care

7 Support Continuous Quality Improvement

Lead Agencies are required to reserve and use a portion of their Child Care and Development Block Grant funds for activities designed to improve the quality of child care services and increase parental options for, and access to, high-quality child care. Support for continuous quality improvement is expected to cover the entire age span of children supported by CCDF, from birth through age 12. States/Territories may provide these quality improvement activities

Will be used to deny children eligibility to participate in the CCDF program

directly, or through grants or contracts with local child care resource and referral organizations or other appropriate entities. The activities should be in alignment with a State/Territory-wide assessment of the State's/Territory's needs to carry out such services and care. These quality investments can align with, support and help sustain additional quality efforts developed under Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge grants, Early Head Start/Head Start partnerships and other funding efforts.

States and Territories will report on these quality improvement investments through CCDF in three ways: 1) ACF will collect annual data on how much CCDF funding is spent on quality activities using the expenditure report (ACF-696); 2) In the Plan, States and Territories will describe the types of activities supported by quality investments over the three-year period; and 3) For each three-year Plan period, States and Territories will submit a separate annual report that will show the measures used by the State/Territory to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services in the State/Territory.

The CCDBG Act of 2014 requires States and Territories to use the quality set-aside to fund at least one of the following 10 activities:

- 1) Supporting the training and professional development of the child care workforce (as described in Section 6)
- 2) Improving on the development or implementation of early learning and development guidelines (as described in Section 6)
- 3) Developing, implementing, or enhancing a tiered quality rating system for child care providers and services
- 4) Improving the supply and quality of child care programs and services for infants and toddlers
- 5) Establishing or expanding a Statewide system of child care resource and referral services (as described Section 1)
- 6) Supporting compliance with State/Territory requirements for licensing, inspection, monitoring, training, and health and safety (as described in Section 5)
- 7) Evaluating the quality of child care programs in the State/Territory, including evaluating how programs positively impact children
- 8) Supporting providers in the voluntary pursuit of accreditation
- 9) Supporting the development or adoption of high-quality program standards related to health, mental health, nutrition, physical activity, and physical development
- 10) Other activities to improve the quality of child care services as long as outcome measures relating to improved provider preparedness, child safety, child well-being, or kindergarten-entry are possible.

Throughout this Plan, States and Territories will describe the types of quality improvement activities where CCDF investments are being made, including but not limited to, the quality set-

aside funds. We recognize that for some areas, States and Territories may leverage other funds to support the quality improvement goals, which we encourage and support. For example, activities related to early learning and development guidelines may be supported by a combination of CCDF and education funding. States and Territories continue to have such flexibility.

7.1 Activities to Improve the Quality of Child Care Services

7.1.1	State/Territory selected the	goals for quality improvement? Please describe how the se goals, including any data or the State/Territory-wide assessment needs for quality improvement services
7.1.2	Check and describe which o State/Territory is investing i	f the following specified quality improvement activities the n:
	☐ Dev checked, respon	veloping, implementing or enhancing a tiered quality rating system. It nd to 7.2.
	□ apply)	Indicate which funds will be used for this activity (check all that
		CCDF funds. Describe CCDF funds (e.g., quality set-aside, infant-toddler set aside, etc.)
		Other funds. Describe other funding sources (e.g., Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge, state or local funds, etc.)
	•	proving the supply and quality of child care services for infants and cked, respond to 7.3.
	□ apply)	Indicate which funds will be used for this activity (check all that
		CCDF funds. Describe CCDF funds (e.g., quality set-aside,, including whether designated infant- and toddler set aside, etc.)funds are being used along with other CCDF funds
		Other funds. Describe other funding sources (e.g., Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge, state or local funds, etc.)
		ablishing or expanding a statewide system of CCR&R services as . If checked, respond to 7.4.
	□ apply)	Indicate which funds will be used for this activity (check all that
		CCDF funds. Describe CCDF funds (e.g., quality set-aside, infant-toddler set aside, etc.)

		Other funds. Describe other funding sources (e.g., Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge, state or local funds, etc.)
	ring, trai	ilitating compliance with State/Territory requirements for inspection, ining, and health and safety standards (as described in Section 5). If nd to 7.5.
	□ apply)	Indicate which funds will be used for this activity (check all that
		CCDF funds. Describe CCDF funds (e.g., quality set-aside, infant-toddler set aside, etc.)
		Other funds. Describe other funding sources (e.g., Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge, state or local funds, etc.)
□ service:		luating and assessing the quality and effectiveness of child care the State/Territory. If checked, respond to 7.6.
	□ apply)	Indicate which funds will be used for this activity (check all that
		CCDF funds. Describe CCDF funds (e.g., quality set-aside, infant-toddler set aside, etc.)
		Other funds. Describe other funding sources (e.g., Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge, state or local funds, etc.)
	Sup	porting accreditation. If checked, respond to 7.7.
	□ apply)	Indicate which funds will be used for this activity (check all that
		CCDF funds. Describe CCDF funds (e.g., quality set-aside, infant-toddler set aside, etc.)
		Other funds. Describe other funding sources (e.g., Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge, state or local funds, etc.)
	n standa	pporting State/Territory or local efforts to develop high-quality ards relating to health, mental health, nutrition, physical activity, and pment. If checked, respond to 7.8.
	□ apply)	Indicate which funds will be used for this activity (check all that

		CCDF funds. Describe CCDF funds (e.g., quality set-aside, infant-toddler set aside, etc.)
		Other funds. Describe other funding sources (e.g., Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge, state or local funds, etc.)
improved p	child o	er activities determined by the State/Territory to improve the care services, and for which measurement of outcomes related to der preparedness, child safety, child well-being, or entry into possible. If checked, respond to 7.9.
ap	□ ply)	Indicate which funds will be used for this activity (check all that
		CCDF funds. Describe CCDF funds (e.g., quality set-aside, infant-toddler set aside, etc.)
		Other funds. Describe other funding sources (e.g., Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge, state or local funds, etc.)
7.2 Quality Rating and Impr	ovem	ent System
7.2.1 Does your State/Territo	ory ha	ave a quality rating and improvement system (QRIS)?
	nister	te/Territory has a QRIS <u>operating State/Territory-wide</u> . Describe how ed (e.g., state or locally administered such as through CCR&Rs) and ble
		te/Territory has a QRIS <u>operating as a pilot, in a few localities, or</u> not fully operating State/Territory-wide. Provide a link, if available
□ No, bu	t the	State/Territory is in the development phase
□ No, the	e Stat	e/Territory has no plans for development
a) If yes, check all tha	at app	oly to your QRIS.
☐ Participation	is vo	luntary
describe the	relati	andatory for providers serving children receiving subsidy. If checked, onship between QRIS participation and subsidy (minimum rating ation at any level, etc.)
☐ Participation	is re	quired for all providers
☐ Includes nati levels	onall	y-recognized accreditation as a way to meet/achieve QRIS rating

	Supports and assesses the quality of child care providers in the State/Territory				
	Builds on State/Territory licensing standards and other State/Territory regulatory standards for such providers				
	Embeds licensing into the QRIS. Describe				
	Designed to i	mprove the quality of different types of child care providers and services			
	Describes the	e safety of child care facilities			
	Addresses th	e business practices of programs			
	Builds the capacity of State/Territory early childhood programs and communities to promote parents' and families' understanding of the State/Territory's early childhood system and the ratings of the programs in which the child is enrolled				
	Provides, to the maximum extent practicable, financial incentives and other supports designed to expand the full diversity of child care options and help child care providers improve the quality of services. If checked, please describe how these financial options link to responses in Section 4.3 related to higher payment rates tied to quality				
	Can be used to track trends in whether children receiving subsidy are utilizing rated care settings and level of rating				
-		of settings or distinctive approaches to early childhood education and the State's/Territory's QRIS? Check all that apply.			
		Licensed child care centers			
		Licensed family child care homes			
		License-exempt providers			
		Early Head Start programs			
		Head Start programs			
		State pre-kindergarten or preschool program			
		Local district supported pre-kindergarten programs			
		Programs serving infants and toddlers			
		Programs serving school-age children			
		Faith-based settings			
		Other. Describe			

		/Territory's progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services in the /Territory
7.3	Improv	ring the Supply and Quality of Child Care Programs and Services for Infants and Toddlers
	toddle quality enhan workfo	CDBG Act of 2014 included changes targeted at improving the supply and quality of infant- er care. Lead Agencies are encouraged to systematically assess and improve the overall of care infants and toddlers receive, the systems in place or needed to support and ce the quality of infant and toddler providers and the capacity of the infant and toddler proce to meet the unique needs of very young children, and the methods in place to increase opportion of infants and toddlers in higher quality care.
7.3.1	section	activities are being implemented by the State/Territory to improve the supply (see also on 4) and quality of child care programs and services for infants and toddlers? Check all that and describe.
		Establishing or expanding high-quality community or neighborhood-based family and child development centers, which may serve as resources to child care providers in order to improve the quality of early childhood services provided to infants and toddlers from low-income families and to help eligible child care providers improve their capacity to offer high-quality, age-appropriate care to infants and toddlers from low-income families. Describe
		☐ Establishing or expanding the operation of community or neighborhood-based family child care networks. Describe
		☐ Providing training and professional development to promote and expand child care providers' ability to provide developmentally appropriate services for infants and toddlers. Describe
		☐ Providing financial incentives (including the use of grants and contracts as discussed in section 4) to increase the supply and quality of infant-toddler care. Describe
		☐ Providing coaching and/or technical assistance on this age group's unique needs from Statewide networks of qualified infant-toddler specialists. Describe
		☐ Coordinating with early intervention specialists who provide services for infants and toddlers with disabilities under part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) Describe
		☐ Developing infant and toddler components within the State's/Territory's QRIS. Describe
		Developing infant and toddler components within the State/Territory's child care licensing regulations. Describe

7.2.2 Describe the measures relevant to this activity that the State/Territory will use to evaluate the

	developing infant and toddler components within the early learning and development guidelines. Describe	
	☐ Improving the ability of parents to access transparent and easy to understand consumer information about high-quality infant and toddler care. Describe	
	Carrying out other activities determined by the State/Territory to improve the quality of infant and toddler care provided in the State/Territory, and for which there is evidence that the activities will lead to improved infant and toddler health and safety, infant and toddler cognitive and physical development, or infant and toddler well-being. Describe	
	Other. Describe	
7.3.2	Describe the measures relevant to this activity that the State/Territory will use to evaluate the State's progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services in the State/Territory	
7.4	Child Care Resource & Referral	
7.4.1	Describe the status of the child care resource and referral system (as discussed in Section 1.7)	
	State/Territory has a CCR&R system <u>operating State/Territory-wide</u> . Describe how the CCR&R system is operated, including how many agencies and if there is a statewide network and how the system is coordinated and if it is voluntary	
	☐ State/Territory has a CCR&R system <u>operating in a few localities</u> but not fully operating State/Territory-wide. Describe	
	☐ State/Territory is in the development phase	
7.4.2	Describe the measures relevant to this activity that the State/Territory will use to evaluate the State/Territory's progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services in the State/Territory	
7.5	Facilitating Compliance with State Standards	
7.5.1	What strategies does your State/Territory fund with CCDF quality funds to facilitate child care providers' compliance with State/Territory requirements for inspection, monitoring, training, and health and safety, and with State/Territory licensing standards? Describe	
7.5.2	Describe the measures relevant to this activity that the State will use to evaluate the State/Territory's progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services in the State/Territory	
7.6	Evaluating and Assessing the Quality and Effectiveness of Child Care Programs and Services	
761	One of the number and percentage of lov	

income children in high-quality child care settings. Describe how the State/Territory measures

	the quality and effectiveness of child care programs and services offered in the State/Territory, including any tools used to measure child, family, teacher, classroom, or provider improvements, and how the State/Territory evaluates that such programs positively impact children				
7.6.2	Describe the measures relevant to this activity that the State/Territory will use to evaluate the State/Territory's progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services in the State/Territory				
7.7	Accreditation Support				
7.7.1	Does the State/Territory support child care providers in the voluntary pursuit of accreditation by a national accrediting body with demonstrated, valid, and reliable program standards of high quality?				
	Yes, the State/Territory has supports <u>operating State/Territory-wide</u> . Describe the supports for all types of accreditation the State/Territory provides to child care centers and family child care homes to achieve accreditation				
	Yes, the State/Territory has supports operating as a pilot or in a few localities but not State/Territory-wide. Describe				
	☐ No, but the State/Territory is in the development phase				
	☐ No, the State/Territory has no plans for development				
7.7.2	Describe the measures relevant to this activity that the State/Territory will use to evaluate the State/Territory's progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services in the State/Territory				
7.8	Program Standards				
7.8.1	What other State/Territory or local efforts, if any, is the State/Territory supporting to develop or adopt high-quality program standards relating to health, mental health, nutrition, physical activity, and physical development? Please describe				
7.8.2	Describe the measures relevant to this activity that the State/Territory will use to evaluate the State/Territory's progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services in the State/Territory				
7.9	Other Quality Improvement Activities				
7.9.1	List and describe any other activities the State/Territory provides to improve the quality of child care services and describe the measures relevant to this activity that the State/Territory will use to evaluate the State/Territory's progress in improving provider preparedness, child safety, child well-being, or entry into kindergarten				

Ensure Grantee Program Integrity and Accountability

Under CCDF, program integrity and accountability activities are grounded in the State/Territory's policies for implementing the CCDF program. For error rate activities, reviews are based on the State/Territory's own CCDF policies. The CCDBG Act of 2014 made sweeping changes to the program requirements. With these changes, the State/Territory has an opportunity to change their own policies to reduce the burden for participants and staff as they build in safeguards to maintain program integrity. For example, the new law focuses on eligibility requirements at the time of eligibility determination and allows for a minimum 12-month period of eligibility before redetermination, which lessens the need for participants to continually provide documentation. This, in turn, relieves the State/Territory from the burden of constantly "checking" on participants which can open the door for miscalculations, lost paperwork, and other errors.

Lead Agencies are required to have accountability measures in place to ensure integrity and to identify fraud or other program violations. These accountability measures should address administrative error, including unintentional agency error, as well as program violations, both unintentional and intentional. Violations may or may not result in further action by the Lead Agency, including those cases suspected of and/or prosecuted for fraud.

8.1 I	Program	Integr	ity
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8.1.1	Describe how the State/Territory ensures that their definitions for violations have been modified, and program integrity procedures revised to reflect new requirements				
8.1.2	Describe how the State/Territory ensures that all staff are informed and trained regarding changes made to its policies and procedures to reflect new CCDF requirements. Check all that apply.				
	 □ Issue policy change notices □ Issue new policy manual □ Staff training □ Orientations □ Onsite training □ Online training □ Regular check-ins to monitor implementation of the new policies. Describe □ Other. Describe 				

8.1.3 Describe the processes the Lead Agency will use to monitor all sub-recipients, including those described in Section 1, such as licensing agencies, child care resource and referral agencies, and others with a role in administering CCDF. The Lead Agency is responsible for ensuring effective internal controls over the administration of CCDF funds. Lead Agencies that use other governmental or non-governmental sub-recipients to administer the program must have written agreements in place outlining roles and responsibilities for meeting CCDF requirements. _____

Definition: "Subrecipient means a non-Federal entity that receives a subaward from a pass-through entity to carry out part of a Federal program; but does not include an individual that is a beneficiary of such program. A subrecipient may also be a recipient of other Federal awards directly from a Federal awarding agency (2 CFR 200.93). Two

CFR Part 200, Subpart A provides additional information on contractors (which may be referred to as "vendors"). The description of monitoring must include, but is not limited to, a description of the written agreements used, a schedule for completing the tasks, a budget which itemizes categorical expenditures consistent with CCDF requirements and indicators or measures to assess performance. Additional items for discussion may include: fiscal management, review of policies and procedures to ensure compliance with CCDF regulations, and monitoring/auditing contractors or grantees to ensure that eligible children are served and eligibility documentation is verified."

8.1.4	Describe the activities the Lead Agency has in place to identify program violations and administrative error to ensure program integrity using the series of questions below. Program violations may include intentional and unintentional client and/or provider violations as defined by the Lead Agency. Administrative error refers to areas identified through the Error Rate Review process. Lead Agencies are required to have processes in place to identify fraud or other program violations.					
	a)		Check which activities the Lead Agency has chosen to conduct to identify unintentional or ntentional program violations.			
			Share/match data from other programs (e.g., TANF, Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), Medicaid) or other databases (e.g., State Directory of New Hires, Social Security Administration, Public Assistance Reporting Information System (PARIS))			
			Run system reports that flag errors (include types). Describe			
			Review of enrollment documents, attendance or billing records			
			Conduct supervisory staff reviews or quality assurance reviews Audit provider records Train staff on policy and/or audits Other. Describe None. Describe what measures the Lead Agency plans to put in place to address program integrity along with action steps and completion timelines			
	b) Check which activities the Lead Agency has chosen to conduct to identify administrative e					
			Share/match data from other programs (e.g. TANF, Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), Medicaid) or other databases (e.g., State Directory of New Hires, Social Security Administration, Public Assistance Reporting Information System (PARIS))			
			Run system reports that flag errors (include types). Describe			
			Review of enrollment documents, attendance or billing records			

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☐ Conduct supervisory staff reviews or quality assurance reviews

☐ Audit provider records

		Train staff on policy and/or audits Other. Describe None. Describe what measures the Lead Agency plans to put in place to address program integrity along with action steps and completion timelines
8.1.5	improp State/T	activities (or describe under "Other") the Lead Agency will use to investigate and collect per payments due to program violations or administrative error as defined in your Territory? The Lead Agency has the flexibility to recover misspent funds as a result of The Lead Agency is required to recover misspent funds as a result of fraud.
a)		which activities (or describe under "Other") the Lead Agency will use for unintentional m violations?
		Require recovery after a minimum dollar amount in improper payment. Identify the minimum dollar amount
		Coordinate with and refer to other State/Territory agency (e.g., State/Territory collection agency, law enforcement)
		Recover through repayment plans
		Reduce payments in subsequent months
		Recover through State/Territory tax intercepts
		Recover through other means
		Establish a unit to investigate and collect improper payments. Describe
		Other. Describe
		None. Describe what measures the Lead Agency plans to put in place to address the investigation and recovery of misspent funds due to unintentional program violations,
		including action steps and completion timelines
b)	Check	which activities the Lead Agency will use for intentional program violations or fraud?
		Require recovery after a minimum dollar amount in improper payment. Identify the minimum dollar amount
		Coordinate with and refer to other State/Territory agency (e.g. State/Territory collection agency, law enforcement)
		Recover through repayment plans
		Reduce payments in subsequent months
		Recover through State/Territory tax intercepts
		Recover through other means
		Establish a unit to investigate and collect improper payments. Describe composition of unit below
		Other. Describe
		None. Describe what measures the Lead Agency plans to put in place to address the
		investigation and recovery of misspent funds due to fraud, including action steps and
		completion timelines
c)	Check	which activities the Lead Agency will use for administrative error?
		Require recovery after a minimum dollar amount in improper payment. Identify the minimum dollar amount

		Coordinate wit	h and refer to other State/Territory agency (e.g. State/Territory collection
		agency, law en	forcement)
		Recover through	gh repayment plans
		Reduce payme	nts in subsequent months
		Recover through	gh State/Territory tax intercepts
		Recover throug	gh other means
		Establish a unit	to investigate and collect improper payments. Describe composition of
		unit below	
		Other. Describe	e
		None. Describe	what measures the Lead Agency plans to put in place to address the
		investigation a	nd recovery of misspent funds due to administrative error, including
		action steps an	d completion timelines
8.1.6	What t	ype of sanction	will the Lead Agency place on clients and providers to help reduce
	improp	er payments du	e to program violations? The Lead Agency is required to impose sanctions
	on clier	nts and provider	s in response to fraud.
		_	
		🗆 .	Disqualify client. If checked, please describe, including a description of
		the appeal	process for clients who are disqualified
			Disqualify provider. If checked, please describe, including a description
		of the appe	eal process for providers who are disqualified
			Prosecute criminally
			Other. Describe
		_	