## Agricultural Research Service (ARS), Animal Health National Program Assessment Evaluation Form

Welcome to the ARS Animal Health National Program Assessment Survey. We really appreciate you taking the time to take this survey. ARS conducts National Program Assessments every five-years, so your input is extremely important to our program's accountability. ARS is charged with extending the Nation's scientific knowledge with research projects in agriculture, human nutrition, food safety, natural resources, the environment, and other topics affecting the Nation. Research projects at the ARS are managed within 19 national programs. Animal Health is one of those national programs. Your response to this survey will allow ARS to assess the progress and impact of our animal health research program and provide input for future modifications as we prepare for the next 5-year cycle of research. If you would like more information on our other national programs, please visit our web site at http://www.ars.usda.gov/research/programs.htm.

For the purpose of this assessment, impact is defined as research that has or will significantly influence the field of science (e.g., animal health), create economic opportunities for producers and farmers, or enable action and regulatory agencies to formulate policies and regulations to support American agriculture.

The results of this survey will be used and incorporated in the input phase of our national program planning cycle for National Program 103 Animal Health.

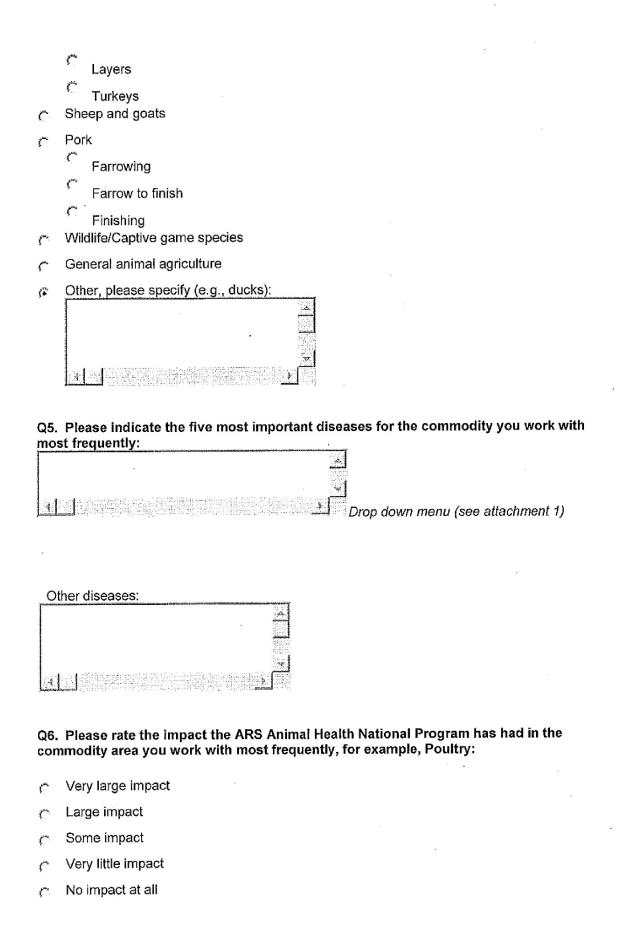
There are 14 questions and the survey should take about 15 minutes to complete. The information you provide will be kept strictly confidential by our Office of the Chief Information Officer by separating the data from any identifying characteristics. Please note there are required fields on this survey. In order for the results to provide targeted information, the survey will remind you to fill in these fields, if you skip them. At the end of the survey you will have a chance to add comments on matters of concern to you that may not be asked specifically in the survey.

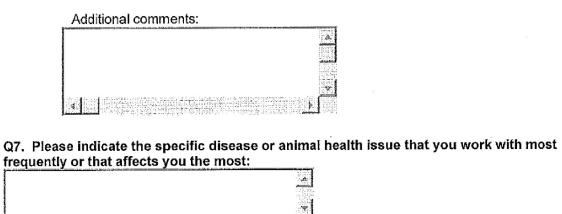
According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0518-0042. The time required to complete this information is estimated at 15 minutes per response due to the averaging of check boxes and test fields.

## Q1. Please indicate your primary affiliation:

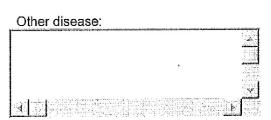
Producer or Farmer

C	Private sector; e.g., Pharmaceutical	
<u>(</u> ^	Trade association	
~	Scientific association	
C	Federal government agency	
1	State government agency	
C	University	
C	Consultant	
(	Other	
Q2,	Please identify your organization (e.g., U. of Minnesota)	
T	ype your answer below:	
	Sec. And a second secon	
Janair	Balanda Bark Bark per penggangan penggangan penggangan penggangan penggan peng	
Q3. How would you rate the overall impact the ARS Animal Health National		
(3.)	How would you rate the overall impact tite ANS Amiliai iteatin ivational	
	ogram has had in the last five years?	
Pro	ogram has had in the last five years?	
Pro	ogram has had in the last five years?  Very large impact	
Pro	Very large impact  Large impact	
Pro	Very large impact Large impact Some impact	
Pro	Very large impact Large impact Some impact Very little impact	
Pro	Very large impact Large impact Some impact Very little impact No impact at all	
Pro	Very large impact Large impact Some impact Very little impact No impact at all	
Pro	Very large impact Large impact Some impact Very little impact No impact at all  Please indicate the commodity you work with most frequently:	
Pro	Very large impact Large impact Some impact Very little impact No impact at all  Please indicate the commodity you work with most frequently:  Beef	
Pro	Very large impact Large impact Some impact Very little impact No impact at all  Please indicate the commodity you work with most frequently:  Beef Feedlot	
Pro	Very large impact Large impact Some impact Very little impact No impact at all  Please indicate the commodity you work with most frequently:  Beef Feedlot Cow-calf	
Pro C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Very large impact Large impact Some impact Very little impact No impact at all  Please indicate the commodity you work with most frequently:  Beef Feedlot Cow-calf Stocker	





Drop down menu (see attachment 1)



Q8. Please rate the impact the ARS Animal Health National Program has had in the specific disease area that you work with most frequently; for example, Avian Influenza Virus:

- Very large impact
- C Large impact
- Some impact
- Very little impact
- No impact at all



Q9. As we plan the future direction of our research program for the next 5 years, what are our strengths and what activities or research should ARS continue to have maximum impact? Please write your answer here:
Q10. What activities or research programs should ARS discontinue that have little or no impact? Please write your answer here:
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Q11. Are there any research areas or problems of high national priority that the ARS Animal Health National Program is not currently working on but should be. Please write them in here:
Q12. Would you recommend to young scientists a career in the ARS Animal Health National Program?
c Yes
√ No
Additional comments:
Q13. How do you use the ARS Animal Health National Program web site, www.ars.usda.gov/research/programs/programs.htm?NP_CODE=103?

For scientific program information

Γ	For specific animal disease updates
Γ.	For information on an ARS laboratory
r	Did not use
r	Unaware of it
New	screen if any of the first three selected: Did you find what you were looking for? Yes, no.
Addi	tional comments:
Q14 expe	Please add any additional comments that you feel will be useful to us regarding your erience with the ARS Animal Health National Program here:
Sub	mit Clear

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## Attachment 1

Anaplasmosis

Avian Influenza (AI)

Avian Leukosis Virus (ALV)

Avian Pneumovirus (APV)

Bordetella avium

Bovine Viral Diarrhea Virus (BVDV)

Brucellosis

Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD)

Classical Swine Fever Virus (CSFV)

Coccidiosis

Foot-and-Mouth Disease Virus (FMDV)

Genetic Diversity Panel

Immune Modulators

Immunological Reagents

Johne's Disease(Mycobacterium paratuberculosis)

Leptospirosis

Listeria monocytogenes

Ornithobacterium rhinotracheale (ORT)

Pasteuralla (Mannheimia) haemolityca

Pasteurella multicida

Mastitis

Mycobacterium paratuberculosis (Johne's Disease)

Mycoplasma gallisepticum (MG)

Malignant Catarrhal Fever (MCF)

Marek's Disease Virus (MDV)

Newcastle Disease

Milk Fever

Neosporosis

Pine Needle Abortion

Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome (PRRS)

Poult Enteritis Mortality Syndrome (PEMS)

Pox viruses

Reticuloendotheliosis virus (REV)

Scrapie

Swine Influenza Virus (SIV)

**Toxoplasmosis** 

Trichinellosis

**Tuberculosis** 

Vesicular Stomatitis Virus (VSV)