Paperwork Reduction Act Submission

Please read the instruction before completing this form. For additional forms or assistance in completing this forms, contact your agency's Paperwork Reduction Officer. Send two copies of this form, the collection instrument to be reviewed, the Supporting Statement, and any additional documentation to: Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Docket Library, Room 10102, 725 Seventeenth St. NW, Washington, DC 20503.

Agency/Subagency Originating Request: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	2. OMB Control Number: b. None
Office of Public and Indian Housing	a. 2577-0232
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 3. Type of information collection: (check one) a. New Collection b. Revision of a currently approved collection c. Extension of a currently approved collection d. Reinstatement, without change, of previously approved collection for which approval has expired e. Reinstatement, with change, of previously approved collection which approval has expired f. Existing collection in use without an OMB control number g. 3a. Public Comments Has the agency received public comments on this information collection? 7. Title: Screening for Drug Abuse and Criminal Activity in Public House 	6. Requested expiration date: a. Three years from approval date b. Other (specify)
8. Agency form number(s): (if applicable)	
N/A 9. Keywords:	
Housing, screening, eviction, termination, drug abuse, crimin	al activity, criminal records
enforcement agencies to prevent admission of criminals into	screening requirements to obtain criminal conviction records from law the public housing and Section 8 programs and to assist in lease/program the public housing and Section 8 programs who engage in criminal activity.
 11. Affected public: (mark primary with "P" and all others that apply with "X") a. X Individuals or households b. Business or other for-profit c. Not-for-profit institutions g. X State, Local or Tribal Government 	12. Obligation to respond: (mark primary with "P" and all others that apply with "X") a. Voluntary b. P Required to obtain or retain benefits c. Mandatory
13. Annual reporting and recordkeeping hour burden: a. Number of respondents 5,497,83 b. Total annual responses 1. Percentage of these responses collected electronically 5. Total annual hours requested 2,118,81 d. Current OMB inventory e. Difference (+,-) f. Explanation of difference: 1. 2. Adjustment:	a. Total annualized capital/startup costs b. Total annual costs (O&M) c. Total annualized cost requested
15. Purpose of Information collection: (mark primary with "P" and all others that with "X") a. P Application for benefits e. Program planning or manage b. Program evaluation f. Research c. General purpose statistics g. X Regulatory or compliance d. X Audit	a. Recordkeeping b. Third party disclosure
17. Statistical methods: Does this information collection employ statistical methods? Yes No	18. Agency contact: (person who can best answer questions regarding the content of this submission) Name: Sheba Cousins Phone: (202) 402-2986

19. Certification for Paperwork Reduction Act Submissions

On behalf of this Federal Agency, I certify that the collection of information encompassed by this request complies with 5 CFR 1320.9.

Note: The text of 5 CFR 1320.9, and the related provisions of 5 CFR 1320/8(b)(3). Appear at the end of the instructions. The certification is to be made with reference to those regulatory provisions as set forth in the instructions.

The following is a summary of the topics, regarding the proposed collections of information that the certification covers:

- (a) It is necessary for the proper performance of agency functions;
- (b) It avoids unnecessary duplication;
- (c) It reduces burden on small entities;
- (d) It uses plain, coherent, and unambiguous terminology that is understandable to respondents;
- (e) Its implementation will be consistent and compatible with current reporting and recordkeeping practices;
- (f) It indicates the retention periods for recordkeeping requirements;
- (g) It informs respondents of the information called for under 5 CFR 1320.8(b)(3):
 - (i) Why the information is being collected;
 - (ii) Use of the information;
 - (iii) burden estimate;
 - (iv) Nature of response (voluntary, required for a benefit, or mandatory);
 - (v) Nature and extent of confidentiality; and
 - (vi) Need to display currently valid OMB control number;
- (h) It was developed by an office that has planned and allocated resources for the efficient and effective management and use of the information to collected (see note in item 19 of the instructions);
- (i) It uses effective and efficient statistical survey methodology; and
- (j) It makes appropriate use of information technology.

If you are unable to certify compliance with any of these provisions, identify the item below and explain the reason in item 18 of the Supporting Statement.

Signature of Program Official:	Date:
X Milan Ozdinec, Deputy Assistant Secretary	
Signature of Senior Officer or Designee:	Date:
Colette Pollard, Departmental Reports Management Officer	
X Office of Chief Information Officer	

Supporting Statement for Paperwork Reduction Act Submissions

A. Justification

1. Explain the circumstances that make the collection of information necessary. Identify any legal or administrative requirements that necessitate the collection. Attach a copy of the appropriate section of each statute and regulation mandating or authorizing the collection of information.

PHAs that administer the public housing and Section 8 programs are authorized under 42 USC 1437d(q) to obtain criminal conviction records from law enforcement agencies to prevent admission of criminals to public housing and Section 8 and to assist in lease/program enforcement and eviction/termination of those individuals in the public housing and Section 8 programs who engage in criminal activity. The aforementioned statutory authority is codified at 24 CFR 960.204 and 24 CFR 982.553, for the public housing and Section 8 programs, respectively.

(q) AVAILABILITY OF RECORDS

(1) IN GENERAL

(A) Provision of information

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except as provided in subparagraph (C), the National Crime Information Center, police departments, and other law enforcement agencies shall, upon request, provide information to public housing agencies regarding the criminal conviction records of adult applicants for, or tenants of, covered housing assistance for purposes of applicant screening, lease enforcement, and eviction.

(B) Requests by owners of project-based section 8 [42 U.S.C. 1437f] housing

A public housing agency may make a request under subparagraph (A) for information regarding applicants for, or tenants of, housing that is provided project-based assistance under <u>section 1437f of this title</u> only if the housing is located within the jurisdiction of the agency and the owner of such housing has requested that the agency obtain such information on behalf of the owner. Upon such a request by the owner, the agency shall make a request under subparagraph (A) for the information. The agency may not make such information available to the owner but shall perform determinations for the owner regarding screening, lease enforcement, and eviction based on criteria supplied by the owner.

(C) Exception

A law enforcement agency described in subparagraph (A) shall provide information under this paragraph relating to any criminal conviction of a juvenile only to the extent that the release of such information is authorized under the law of the applicable State, tribe, or locality.

(2) OPPORTUNITY TO DISPUTE

Before an adverse action is taken with regard to assistance under this subchapter on the basis of a criminal record, the public housing agency shall provide the tenant or applicant with a copy of the criminal record and an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record.

(3) FEES

A public housing agency may be charged a reasonable fee for information provided under paragraph (1). In the case of a public housing agency obtaining information pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) for another owner of housing, the agency may pass such fee on to the owner initiating the request and may charge additional reasonable fees for making the request on behalf of the owner and taking other actions for owners under this subsection.

- (4) RECORDS MANAGEMENT Each public housing agency shall establish and implement a system of records management that ensures that any criminal record received by the public housing agency is—
 - (A) maintained confidentially;
 - (B) not misused or improperly disseminated; and
 - (C) destroyed, once the purpose for which the record was requested has been accomplished.

§ 960,204 Denial of admission for criminal activity or drug abuse by household members.

- (a) Required denial of admission—
 - (1) Persons evicted for drug-related criminal activity. The PHA standards must prohibit admission of an applicant to the PHA's public housing program for three years from the date of the eviction if any household member has been evicted from federally assisted housing for drug-related criminal activity. However, the PHA may admit the household if the PHA determines:
 - (i) The evicted household member who engaged in drug-related criminal activity has successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program approved by the PHA; or
 - (ii) The circumstances leading to the eviction no longer exist (for example, the criminal household member has died or is imprisoned).
 - (2) Persons engaging in illegal use of a drug. The PHA must establish standards that prohibit admission of a household to the PHA's public housing program if:
 - (i) The PHA determines that any household member is currently engaging in illegal use of a drug (For purposes of this section, a household member is "currently engaged in" the criminal activity if the person has engaged in the behavior recently enough to justify a reasonable belief that the behavior is current); or
 - (ii) The PHA determines that it has reasonable cause to believe that a household member's illegal use or pattern of illegal use of a drug may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.
 - (3) Persons convicted of methamphetamine production. The PHA must establish standards that permanently prohibit admission to the PHA's public housing program if any household member has ever been convicted of drug-related criminal activity for manufacture or production of methamphetamine of the premises of federally assisted housing.
 - (4) Persons subject to sex offender registration requirement. The PHA must establish standards that prohibit admission to the PHA's public housing program if any member of the household is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State sex offender registration program. In the screening of applicants, the PHA must perform necessary criminal history background checks in the State where the housing is located and in other States where household members are known to have resided. (See part 5, subpart J of this title for provisions concerning access to sex offender registration records.)
- (b) Persons that abuse or show a pattern of abuse of alcohol. The PHA must establish standards that prohibit admission to the PHA's public housing program if the PHA determines that it has reasonable cause to believe that a household member's abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.
- (c) Use of criminal records. Before a PHA denies admission to the PHAs public housing program on the basis of a criminal record, the PHA must notify the household of the proposed action to be based on the information and must provide the subject of the record and the applicant with a copy of the criminal record and an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record. (See part 5, subpart J of this title for provisions concerning access to criminal records.)
- (d) Cost of obtaining criminal record. The PHA may not pass along to the applicant the costs of a criminal records check.

§ 982.553 Denial of admission and termination of assistance for criminals and alcohol abusers

(a) Denial of admission-

(1) Prohibiting admission of drug criminals.

- (i) The PHA must prohibit admission to the program of an applicant for three years from the date of eviction if a household member has been evicted from federally assisted housing for drug-related criminal activity. However, the PHA may admit the household if the PHA determines:
 - (A) That the evicted household member who engaged in drug-related criminal activity has successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program approved by the PHA; or
 - (B) That the circumstances leading to eviction no longer exist (for example, the criminal household member has died or is imprisoned).
 - (ii) The PHA must establish standards that prohibit admission if:
 - (A) The PHA determines that any household member is currently engaging in illegal use of a drug;
 - (B) The PHA determines that it has reasonable cause to believe that a household member's illegal drug use or a pattern of illegal drug use may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents; or
 - (C) Any household member has ever been convicted of drug-related criminal activity for manufacture or production of methamphetamine on the premises of federally assisted housing.
 - (2) Prohibiting admission of other criminals—(i) Mandatory prohibition. The PHA must establish standards that prohibit admission to the program if any member of the household is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State sex offender registration program. In this screening of applicants, the PHA must perform criminal history background checks necessary to determine whether any household member is subject to a lifetime sex offender registration requirement in the State where the housing is located and in other States where the household members are known to have resided.

(ii) Permissive prohibitions.

- (A) The PHA may prohibit admission of a household to the program if the PHA determines that any household member is currently engaged in, or has engaged in during a reasonabl time before the admission:
- (1) Drug-related criminal activity;
- (2) Violent criminal activity;
- (3) Other criminal activity which may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents or persons residing in the immediate vicinity; o
- (4) Other criminal activity which may threaten the health or safety of the owner, property management staff, or persons performing a contract administration function or responsibility on behalf of the PHA (including a PHA employee or a PHA contractor, subcontractor or agent).
 - (B) The PHA may establish a period before the admission decision during which an applicant must not to have engaged in the activities specified in paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section ("reasonable time").
 - (C) If the PHA previously denied admission to an applicant because a member of the household engaged in criminal activity, the PHA may reconsider the applicant if the PHA has sufficient evidence that the members of the household are not currently engaged in, and have not engaged in, such criminal activity during a reasonable period, as determined by the PHA. before the admission decision.
- (1) The PHA would have "sufficient evidence" if the household member submitted a certification that she or he is not currently engaged in and has not engaged in such criminal activity during the specified period and provided supporting information from such sources as a probation officer, a landlord, neighbors, social service agency workers and criminal records, which the PHA verified.
- (2) For purposes of this section, a household member is "currently engaged in" criminal activity if the person has engaged in the behavior recently enough to justify a reasonable belief that the behavior is current.
- (3) Prohibiting admission of alcohol abusers. The PHA must establish standards that prohibit admission to the program if the PHA determines that it has reasonable cause to believe that a household member's abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

(b) Terminating assistance—

- (1) Terminating assistance for drug criminals.
- (i) The PHA must establish standards that allow the PHA to terminate assistance for a family under the program if the PHA determines that:
 - (A) Any household member is currently engaged in any illegal use of a drug; or
 - (B) A pattern of illegal use of a drug by any household member interferes with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.
 - (ii) The PHA must immediately terminate assistance for a family under the program if the PHA determines that any member of the household has ever been convicted of drug-related criminal activity for manufacture or production of methamphetamine on the premises of federally assisted housing.
 - (iii) The PHA must establish standards that allow the PHA to terminate assistance under the program for a family if the PHA determines that any family member has violated the family's obligation under § 982.551 not to engage in any drug-related criminal activity.
 - (2) Terminating assistance for other criminals. The PHA must establish standards that allow the PHA to terminate assistance under the program for a family if the PHA determines that any household member has violated the family's obligation under § 982.551 not to engage in violent criminal activity.
 - (3) Terminating assistance for alcohol abusers. The PHA must establish standards that allow termination of assistance for a family if the PHA determines that a household member's abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.
- (c) Evidence of criminal activity. The PHA may terminate assistance for criminal activity by a household member as authorized in this section if the PHA determines, based on a preponderance of the evidence, that the household member has engaged in the activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted for such activity.

(d) Use of criminal record—

- (1) Denial. If a PHA proposes to deny admission for criminal activity as shown by a criminal record, the PHA must provide the subject of the record and the applicant with a copy of the criminal record. The PHA must give the family an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record, in the informal review process in accordance with § 982.554. (See part 5, subpart 3 for provision concerning access to criminal records.)
- (2) Termination of assistance. If a PHA proposes to terminate assistance for criminal activity as shown by a criminal record, the PHA must notify the household of the proposed action to be based on the information and must provide the subject of the record and the tenant with a copy of the criminal record. The PHA must give the family an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record in accordance with § 982.555.
- (3) Cost of obtaining criminal record. The PHA may not pass along to the tenant the costs of a criminal records check
- (e) In cases of criminal activity related to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, the victim protections of 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, apply.

[66 FR 28805, May 24, 2001, as amended at 73 FR 72345, Nov. 28, 2008; 75 FR 66264, Oct. 27, 2010]

Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) **must** establish standards to prohibit the admission of Public Housing program applicants under the following circumstances:

- if the PHA determines that any household member is currently engaging in illegal use of a drug;
- if the housing agency believes there is illegal use or pattern of illegal drug use may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents;
- if any member of the household is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State sex offender registration program; and
- if any household member has ever been convicted of drug-related criminal activity for manufacture or production of methamphetamine on the premises of federally assisted housing.

The collection of criminal conviction records of applicant and participant families of the public housing and Section 8 programs is also necessary to assist in the lease/program enforcement and evictions/terminations. Utilizing this information as part of program/lease enforcement emphasizes the importance of promoting safe and decent communities, as well improving program integrity by ensuring that limited affordable rental housing is provided to families who will comply with lease/program requirements.

2. Indicate how, by whom, and for what purpose the information is to be used. Except for a new collection, indicate the actual use the agency has made of the information received from the current collection.

To ensure eligibility, PHAs obtain criminal record information either manually or electronically through webbased applications (where available) prior to admission of an applicant family (only adult household members age 18 and over) to the Public Housing or Section 8 program. (This will be done all at once for members of applicant families). PHAs may also obtain criminal record information at any time during the participant family's tenancy, especially when there is an allegation of a lease/program violation related to criminal activity. Criminal record information is a tool that PHAs may use if there is a question regarding whether a household member committed an act that would result in eviction/termination under Department regulations.

3. Describe whether, and to what extent, the collection of information involves the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses, and the basis for the decision for adopting this means of collection. Also describe any consideration of using information technology to reduce burden.

The information to be collected by PHAs is available via the National Criminal Information Center (NCIC) system, an automated and electronic database owned and managed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). NCIC is a computerized index of criminal justice information; it is available to Federal, state, and local law enforcement and other criminal justice agencies and is operational 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. Data contained in NCIC is provided by the FBI, federal, state, local and foreign criminal justice agencies, and authorized courts. Many PHAs work through their local law enforcement agencies to obtain criminal records electronically from the NCIC system of applicant and participants in the public housing and Section 8 programs.

4. Describe efforts to identify duplication. Show specifically why any similar information already available cannot be used or modified for use for the purposes described in Item 2 above.

The criminal record information collection is applicant/participant-specific. The collection of criminal records only occurs once during the application process. The collection is performed again if a PHA needs to determine whether a participant is complying with the lease or program requirements, and may occur multiple times as needed as this information is subject to change. It should be noted that once the purpose of the criminal record use has been obtained, the record must be destroyed as prescribed by HUD requirements. As such, criminal records cannot be maintained for extended periods of time. Thus there is no duplication of information collection related to criminal records.

5. If the collection of information impacts small businesses or other small entities (Item 5 of OMB Form 83-I), describe any methods used to minimize burden.

This collection of information does not impact small businesses or other small entities. However, it should be noted that the PHA's burden in collecting criminal records is minimized through electronic and automated collection of the information as described in item 3 above.

6. Describe the consequence to Federal program or policy activities if the collection is not conducted or is conducted less frequently, as well as any technical or legal obstacles to reducing burden.

If criminal records are not collected by the PHA, it is possible that the PHA may admit a non-permissible criminal into the Public Housing or Section 8 program; it may also continue to allow a criminal to illegally occupy a unit subsidized by the Federal government. This will result in program non-compliance, decreased program integrity; decrease the availability of rental assistance to a needy and eligible low-income family, and misuse of Federal funds.

- 7. Explain any special circumstances that would cause an information collection to be conducted in a manner:
- * Requiring respondents to report information to the agency more often than quarterly;

Information is collected at the PHA level on an individual, as-needed basis. Once the purpose for the criminal record has been fulfilled, the housing agency must destroy it. Respondents do not report information to the agency more often than quarterly.

* Requiring respondents to prepare a written response to a collection of information in fewer than 30 days after receipt of it;

Respondents are not required to prepare a written response related to the collection of criminal records. The PHA uses this information only for admission screening and eviction/termination purposes.

* Requiring respondents to submit more than an original and two copies of any document;

Respondents are not required to submit original or copies of the information collected. The PHA uses this information only for admission screening and eviction/termination purposes.

* Requiring respondents to retain records, other than health, medical, government contract, grant-in-aid, or tax records, for more than three years;

Respondents are not required to maintain the criminal records for more than three years.

* In connection with a statistical survey, that is not designed to produce valid and reliable results that can be generalized to the universe of study;

This collection of information is not in connection with a statistical survey.

* Requiring the use of a statistical data classification that has not been reviewed and approved by OMB;

This collection of information does not require the use of a statistical data classification that has not been reviewed and approved by OMB.

*That includes a pledge of confidentiality that is not supported by authority established in statute or regulation, that is not supported by disclosure and data security policies that are consistent with the pledge, or which unnecessarily impedes sharing of data with other agencies for compatible confidential use; or

A pledge of confidentiality is supported by the statutory authority established at 42 USC 1437d(q)(5).

* Requiring respondents to submit proprietary trade secrets, or other confidential information unless the agency can demonstrate that it has instituted procedures to protect the information's confidentiality to the extent permitted by law.

PHAs are not required to submit proprietary trade secrets or other confidential information.

8. If applicable, provide a copy and identify the date and page number of publication in the Federal Register of the agency's notice, required by 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on the information collection prior to submission to OMB. Summarize public comments received in response to that notice and describe actions taken by the agency in response to these comments.

Describe efforts to consult with persons outside the agency to obtain their views on the availability of data, frequency of collection, the clarity of instructions and recordkeeping, disclosure, or reporting format (if any), and on the data elements to be recorded, disclosed, or reported. Consultation with representatives of those from whom information is to be obtained or those who must compile records should occur at least once every 3 years - even if the collection of information activity is the same as in prior periods. There may be circumstances that may preclude consultation in a specific situation. These circumstances should be explained.

HUD published a Notice of Proposed Information Collection for Public Comments in the *Federal Register*, Volume 81; No. 25; Page 6535 on February 8, 2016. The public was given until April 8, 2016 to submit comments on the proposed information collection.

9. Explain any decision to provide any payment or gift to respondents, other than re-enumeration of contractors or grantees.

No payment or gift will be provided to respondents.

10. Describe any assurance of confidentiality provided to respondents and the basis for the assurance in statute, regulation, or agency policy.

Respondents are not required to provide HUD with the collected information. The requested information is destroyed after the screening process is complete.

11. Provide additional justification for any questions of a sensitive nature, such as sexual behavior and attitudes, religious beliefs, and other matters that are commonly considered private. This justification should include the reasons why the agency considers the questions necessary, the specific uses to be made of the information, the explanation to be given to persons from whom the information is requested, and any steps to be taken to obtain their consent.

HUD does not require the asking of private or sensitive questions of the respondents or third parties.

- 12. Provide estimates of the hour burden of the collection of information. The statement should:
- * Indicate the number of respondents, frequency of response, annual hour burden, and an explanation of how the burden was estimated. Unless directed to do so, agencies should not conduct special surveys to obtain information on which to base hour burden estimates. Consultation with a sample (fewer than 10) of potential respondents is desirable. If the hour burden on respondents is expected to vary widely because of differences in activity, size, or complexity, show the range of estimated hour burden, and explain the reasons for the variance. Generally, estimates should not include burden hours for customary and usual business practices.

Burden Hours for Admission Screening and Eviction/Termination of Public Housing and Section 8 Participants:

Burden Hours	Burden Hours	Burden Hours	Burden Hours	Total
for Public	for Public	for Section 8	for Section 8	Admission
housing New	Housing	New Admissions	terminations	Screening and
Admissions	evictions			evictions/
				terminations
				Burden hours
93,289	616,296	124,821	1,284,408	2,118,814

3946	1,805,222	3,692,210	5,497,832
	Responses		
	Housing	Responses	
Respondents	Public	blic Voucher	
Number of	Number of	Number of	Total

Methodology for Calculations:

The burden hours were determined by adding together the following totals"

Screening of New Admissions, Public Housing (PH) Program = 93,289 (new admits) x 1 = 93,289 (burden hours)

Evictions of Public Housing participants = 1,711,933 (adults +50% children evicted) x .04 (per cent evicted) = 68,477 (annual evictions) x 9 (hrs. per response) = 616,296 burden hours

Screening of New Admissions, Voucher (PH) Program = 124,821 (new admits) x 1 = **124,821** (burden hours)

Terminations of Voucher participants = 3,567,789 (adults +50% children evicted) x .04 (per cent evicted) = 142,712 (annual terminations) x 9 (hrs. per response) = 1,284,408

The calculation for the total burden hours is below:

Total Public Housing Burden Hours for admission & eviction screening (**709,585 hours**) + Total Voucher Burden Hours for admission & termination screening of Voucher participants (**1,409,229 hours**) = **2,118,814**

<u>Calculation of Annualized Costs to Respondents for Cost of Burden Hours</u>: 2,118,814 total hours x \$17.11 per hour = \$36,252,908. The hourly rate represents an average rate of pay earned by a housing specialist in a PHA responsible for collecting criminal information records as part of applicant screenings, activities associated with tenant evictions/terminations, etc.

13. Provide an estimate for the total annual cost burden to respondents or recordkeepers resulting from the collection of information. (Do not include the cost of any hour burden shown in Items 12 and 14).

There are no other costs associated with this collection of information other that what is reported in Item 12 above.

14. Provide estimates of annualized costs to the Federal government. Also, provide a description of the method used to estimate cost, which should include quantification of hours, operational expenses (such as equipment, overhead, printing, and support staff), and any other expense that would not have been incurred without this collection of information. Agencies may also aggregate cost estimates from Items 12, 13, and 14 in a single table.

There is no additional cost to HUD for the collection of this information.

15. Explain the reasons for any program changes or adjustments reported in Items 13 or 14 of the OMB Form 83-I.

The Number of Public Housing Authorities has decreased since the 2012 submission.

16. For collections of information whose results will be published, outline plans for tabulation and publication. Address any complex analytical techniques that will be used. Provide the time schedule for the entire project, including beginning and ending dates of the collection of information, completion of report, publication dates, and other actions.

The information collected by PHAs will not be published.

17. If seeking approval to not display the expiration date for OMB approval of the information collection, explain the reasons that display would be inappropriate.

PHAs will obtain criminal records from the National Criminal Information Center (NCIC). The collection of information will not be recorded on any HUD form. As such, it is not necessary to display the assigned OMB number and expiration date.

18. Explain each exception to the certification statement identified in Item 19, "Certification for Paperwork Reduction Act Submissions," of OMB Form 83-I.

There are no exceptions to the certification statement.

B. Collections of Information Employing Statistical Methods - [NOT APPLICABLE]

The agency should be prepared to justify its decision not to use statistical methods in any case where such methods might reduce burden or improve accuracy of results. When Item 17 on the Form OMB 83-I is checked, "Yes," the following documentation should be included in the Supporting Statement to the extent that it applies to the methods proposed:

- 1. Describe (including a numerical estimate) the potential respondent universe and any sampling or other respondent selection methods to be used. Data on the number of entities (e.g., establishments, State and local government units, households, or persons) in the universe covered by the collection and in the corresponding sample are to be provided in tabular form for the universe as a whole and for each of the strata in the proposed sample. Indicate expected response rates for the collection as a whole. If the collection had been conducted previously, include the actual response rate achieved during the last collection.
- 2. Describe the procedures for the collection of information including:
- * Statistical methodology for stratification and sample selection,
- * Estimation procedure,
- * Degree of accuracy needed for the purpose described in the justification,
- * Unusual problems requiring specialized sampling procedures, and
- * Any use of periodic (less frequent than annual) data collection cycles to reduce burden.
- 3. Describe methods to maximize response rates and to deal with issues of non-response. The accuracy and reliability of information collected must be shown to be adequate for intended uses. For collections based

on sampling, a special justification must be provided for any collection that will not yield "reliable" data that can be generalized to the universe studied.

- 4. Describe any tests of procedures or methods to be undertaken. Testing is encouraged as an effective means of refining collections of information to minimize burden and improve utility. Tests must be approved if they call for answers to identical questions from 10 or more respondents. A proposed test or set of test may be submitted for approval separately or in combination with the main collection of information.
- 5. Provide the name and telephone number of individuals consulted on statistical aspects of the design and the name of the agency unit, contractor(s), grantee(s), or other person(s) who will actually collect and/or analyze the information for the agency.