

**Chart B**  
**Standardized Core Performance Indicators' Calculations**

Performance Indicator (Measured at 12 and 24 Months Unless Otherwise Stated)	Calculation
1. Entered employment rate for participants	$\frac{COUNT[Employment Status Code in(1), Employment Status Code in (2,3) @ first data collection]}{COUNT[Employment Status Code in (2,3)@ first data collection]}$
2. Average quarterly earnings for participants	$\frac{SUM[Monthly Paid Earnings] * 3}{Number of Participants reporting paid earnings}$
3. Number of households receiving supportive services	(COUNT[Unique Household Identifier in current period])
4. Utilization rate of services/programs by homeless individuals (market penetration rate)	$\frac{Count[Homeless Status Code in (1,2)and any service in (1,2,3)]}{Current calendar year HUD Point in Time Homeless Count}$
5. Average time from homelessness at program start to permanent placement	If Permanent Housing Placement Service Code in (1,2,3) then AVERAGE(Placement Date – Service Begin Date)
6. Percent of chronically homeless population at program entry that is permanently housed	$\frac{COUNT[Chronically Homeless Status Code = 2 and Permanent Housing Placement Service Code in(1,2,3), Chronically Homeless Status Code in (1)@ first data collection ]}{COUNT[Chronically Homeless Status Code in(1) @ first data collection]}$
7. Participation rate in Head Start or Pre-K household	$\frac{COUNT[3 to 5 Years Child Care Service Code in(1,2)]}{COUNT[3 to 5 Years Child Care Service Code in (1,2,3)]}$
8. Participation rate in high school or GED preparation for those without a high school degree or GED at service initiation	$\frac{COUNT[High School/GED Preparation Service Code in (1)]}{COUNT[Highest Education Level in (0,1,12)]}$
9. Percent attainment of a degree for those in educational services	$\frac{COUNT[Degree Attainment Code in (1,2,3,4)]}{COUNT[High School/GED Preparation Service Code in (1,2,3), Post – Secondary/College Education Service Code in (1,2,3)]}$
10. Percent attainment of a vocational/occupational license or certificate for those participating in educational services	$\frac{COUNT[License or Certificate Attainment Code in (1,2,3)]}{COUNT[Post – Secondary/College Education Service Code in (1,2,3)]}$
11. Percentage of households living in neighborhood of opportunity	$\frac{COUNT[Opportunity Area Census Tract = 1]}{COUNT[Opportunity Area Census Tract in (1,2)]}$
12. Percentage of participants with a personal primary health care provider (a general doctor, a specialist doctor, nurse practitioner or physician's assist.)	$\frac{COUNT[Primary Health Care Provider Code = 1]}{COUNT[Person Identifier]where no service end date}$
13. Percentage of participants who received routine medical examination in the last 12 months	$\frac{COUNT[Medical Examination Status Code = 1]}{COUNT[Person Identifier]where no service end date}$
14. Percentage of participants with health plan coverage	$\frac{COUNT[Health Coverage Code in (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8), Health Coverage Code in (9)@first data collection ]}{COUNT[Health Coverage Code in (9)@first data collection]}$
15. Percentage of persons with asthma who have asthma-related emergency room visits	$\frac{COUNT[Asthma – related ED visit Code in(1) @ last collection]}{COUNT[Asthma Condition Code in(1) @ current collection]}$
16. Percentage of children under age 6 with elevated blood-lead results (>= 5 µg/dL)	$\frac{COUNT[Blood – Lead Test Result in (1)]}{COUNT[Blood – Lead Test Code in(1,2)]}$
17. Percentage of income spent on housing and transportation	Average by Household Identifier: $\frac{SUM[Household Housing Cost Amount, Household Transportation Cost Amount]}{SUM[Household Annual Gross Income Amount]}$
18. Percentage of households that improved their living situation through one of the following: 1. Obtain housing 2. Avoid eviction from rental property 3. Purchase a residential property 4. Obtain a Home Equity Conversion Mort. 5. Prevented/resolved a mortgage default	$\frac{COUNT[Intermediate Housing Status Code in (1,2,3), Housing Status Code in (1,2,3,4,5,6)]}{COUNT[Pre – Housing Counseling Service Code (1,2,3), Post – Housing Counseling Service Code(1,2,3)]}$

Performance Indicator (Measured at 12 and 24 Months Unless Otherwise Stated)	Calculation
19. Total number of newly constructed, rehabilitated or replaced units completed as a percentage of the total number of households with low, very low and extremely low income in the geographic area	Calculate @ AMI in (30%,50%,80%): Affordable, available and adequate housing units per 100 renters <sup>1</sup> with addition of SUM[Completed Unit Count]
20. Total number of multi-family housing unit conversions to assisted living facilities and service enriched housing units completed as a percentage of the total number of low income elderly and/or disabled households	Calculate @ AMI in (30%,50%,80%): Affordable, available and adequate housing units per 100 elderly and disabled renters <sup>2</sup> with addition of SUM[Completed Unit Count]
21. School Proficiency Index	<a href="http://egis.hud.gov/ArcGIS/rest/services/oshc/Fhea/MapServer">http://egis.hud.gov/ArcGIS/rest/services/oshc/Fhea/MapServer</a>
22. Transit Index	<a href="http://egis.hud.gov/ArcGIS/rest/services/oshc/Fhea/MapServer">http://egis.hud.gov/ArcGIS/rest/services/oshc/Fhea/MapServer</a>
23. Job Access Index	<a href="http://egis.hud.gov/ArcGIS/rest/services/oshc/Fhea/MapServer">http://egis.hud.gov/ArcGIS/rest/services/oshc/Fhea/MapServer</a>

<sup>1</sup> Based on availability of PD&R data from Worst Case Housing Needs Report

<sup>2</sup> Based on availability of PD&R data from Worst Case Housing Needs Report