Attachment I

Form Approved OMB No.: 0920-xxxx Expiration Date: XX/XX/XXXX

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Seat Belt Fit and anthropometric Measurements

Thank you for coming in today. Your child is being asked to participate in a study to update the rules for booster seat and seat belt use in children ages 6-12. If you agree to allow your child to participate, I will ask you to sign an Informed Consent Form that we will go over in a moment. I will also ask your child if he/she would like to participate in the study as well. If he/she also agrees to participate, I will review the Informed Assent Form with your child and have him/her sign the form as well.

During the study, the following measurements will be collected from your child:

- Standing and sitting height,
- Upper and lower leg length,
- Shoulder height and width,
- Chest circumference,
- Waist circumference,
- Hip width, and
- His or her weight.

We will also be taking measurements while your child sits in different seating positions in three different vehicles to help us see how well the seat belt fits. In order to take the measurements, our researchers will have physical contact with your child. For example, to measure the seat belt fit we will need to measure the location of the hipbone and the shoulder, which will require a researcher to feel for the appropriate locations. All child participants will be measured in front of their parents.

To better help collect these measurements your child has been provided a uniform consisting of a cotton t-shirt and pants. The clothing items provided will help us to get a more accurate measurement.

You will be asked to be present at all times. The entire session will take up to 2 hours to complete. We will be videotaping and taking photographs to help with writing a report of our findings. As part of the informed consent process you will also need to give us permission to videotape and photograph your child while they are participating in this study.

Is it O.K. if we proceed to reviewing the Informed Consent/Assent forms?

Wait for parent to indicate that it is OK to proceed, and then move on to reading the Informed Consent to them.

Anthropometric Measures Anthropometric Measures

ltem	Variable Name	Label	Format	Description	Body Position During	Units of Measurement	Crosswalk Page #
1	ChildID	Child ID	Format	Unique ID assigned to the child participant.	Measurement NA	NA	3
2	CollectionDate	Collection Date		The date when the participant was measured.	NA	M/DD/YYYY	3
				Measurement of the child participants' weight while			
				standing using a digital scale. See Weight protocol for			
3	antWeight	Measured Weight	Decimal	specifics.	Standing	kg	3
				A measure of total skeletal length obtained when the			
				child participant is standing. See Standing Height			
4	antStandingHeight	Standing Height	Decimal	protocol for measurement specifics.	Standing	mm	3
				A calculation of body fat based on height and weight			
5	BMI	Body Mass Index	Decimal	(from 12-36). See BMI protocol for specifics.	Standing	kg/m ²	3
						Underweight,	
				A categorization of the BMI value. Categories		Normal,	
				correspond to < 18.5, 18.5 - 24.9, 25-29.9, and >30,		Overweight,	
6	BMICategory	Body Mass Category	Text	respectively.	NA	or Obese	3
				Chest circumference will be measured using a flexible			
				ruler circumnavigating the chest just below the			
				armpits with the arms hanging downward along the			
7	ChestCircum	Chest Circumference	Decimal	abdomen.	Standing	mm	3
				Waist circumference will be measured using a flexible			
8	HipCircum	Waist Circumference	Decimal	ruler circumnavigating the waist just above the ASIS.	Standing	mm	3
				A measure of the child participants' sitting height			
				measured from the crown of the head to the base			
				upon which the participant is sitting. See Sitting			
9	ESittingHeight	Erect Sitting Height	Decimal	Height protocol for specifics.	Sitting	mm	4
				A measure of the distance from the seating surface to			
10	SittingShoulderHeight	Sitting Shoulder Height	Decimal	the most level spot on the top of the shoulder.	Sitting	mm	4
				Measurement of the child participants' lower leg,			
				from the popliteal fossa behind the knee to the			
				bottom of the heel. During this measurement the			
				participants' legs are fully extended with feet resting			
				on the floor and the knees and ankles at a 90 degree			
11	SittingKneeHeight	Sitting Knee Height	Decimal	angles. See Knee Height protocol for specifics. Baseline value is calculated as the distance between	Sitting	mm	4
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
				the head CG and the hip CG when in an erect sitting			
				position (Reed, 2008; Reed, 2006). Slouch is measured			
12	LumbarSpineFlex	Lumbar Spine Flexion	Decimal	as the shift in this distance.	Sitting	mm	4
				Measurement of the widest part of the child			
				participants' shoulder width when in the seating			
				position. During this measurement the child will sit			
				with their back to a flat and vertical surface. See			
13	SittingShoulderWidth	Sitting Shoulder Width	Decimal	Sitting Shoulder Width protocol for specifics.	Sitting	mm	4
				Measurement of the widest part of the child participants hip width when in the seating position.			
14	SittingHipWidth	Sitting Hip Width	Decimal	See Sitting Hip Width protocol for specifics.	Sitting	mm	4
14	Sittinginpwidth		Deciliai	Measured horizontally from a vertical plane tangent to	Jillig		4
				buttocks to the popliteal fossa behind the knee with			
				child in a standardized erect sitting position (see			
15	BPL	Buttock-popliteal length	Decimal	Bilston, 2007; Huang, 2006).	Sitting	mm	4
10		Sattook popilical length	Beama	A field populated automatically by MS Access with an	Sitting		т
				unique sequential number associated with each			
16	ID	ID	Text	record.	NA	1- n	N/A
10			3D	The 3-dimensional coordinate that estimates the			
17	HeadCG	Head CG	Coordinate	center of gravity of the subject's head (Reed, 2006).	Sitting	mm	4
			3D	The 3-dimensional coordinate that estimates the	-		
10	HipCG	Hip CG	Coordinate	center of gravity of the subject's hips (Reed, 2008;	Sitting	mm	4

Variable Name	Label	Format	Description	Units of Measurement	Crosswalk Page #
			A field populated automatically by MS Access with an unique sequential		
ID	ID	Integer	number associated with each record.	1 - n	N/A
VehicleID	Vehicle ID	Text	A unique ID assigned to the vehicle.		11
ChildID	Child ID		Unique ID assigned to the child participant.	NA	11
			A unique ID assigned to the booster seat. In addition to the boosters, a None		
			value will be used to identify the measures associated with having no booster		
BoosterID	Booster ID	Text	in the ChildVehicleBoosterFit table.		11
UpperLegAngle	Upper Leg Angle	Decimal	The angle of the thigh relative to horizontal. Measured with an inclinometer.	Degrees	11
LowerLegAngle	Lower Leg Angle	Decimal	The angle of the shin relative to horizontal. Measured with an inclinometer.	Degrees	11
		3D	The location of the bottom center of the heel bone.* This can be used in		
HeelLocation	Heel Location	Coordinate	conjunction with FloorLocation to calculate an offset distance.	mm	11
		3D			
HipCG	HipCG	Coordinate	Digitized location of the center of gravity of the hips.* (Reed, 2008; Reed, 2006).	mm	11
		3D	Digitized location of the point approximating the center of gravity of the head.*		
HeadCG	Head CG	Coordinate	(Reed, 2006)	mm	11
			Distance from the Head CG to the Hip CG.* (Reed, 2008; Reed, 2006) The child's		
			posture in the seat, usually judged from the pelvis angle and the space between		
			the [booster] seat back and the child's buttocks. This measure would be		
			compared to the similar measure (Lumbar Spine Flexion) made during the		
Slouch	Slouch	Decimal	anthropometry measurements as a baseline.	mm	11
			Digitized location of the inboard edge of shoulder belt on chest at height of		
		3D	suprasternal landmark. (Reed, 2013; Reed, 2009; Reed, 2011; Reed, 2008).* This		
InShoulderBeltPosition	Inboard Shoulder Belt Position	-	is used to calculate the centerpoint of the belt where it crosses the clavicle.	mm	12
Inshoulderbeitrosition	Inboard Shoulder Bert Position	coordinate	Digitized location of the outboard edge of shoulder belt on chest at height of		12
		3D	suprasternal landmark. (Reed, 2013; Reed, 2009; Reed, 2011; Reed, 2008).* This		
OutShoulderBeltPosition	Outboard Shoulder Belt Position	Coordinate	is used to calculate the centerpoint of the belt where it crosses the clavicle.	mm	12
		coordinate	Digitized location of the suprasternal landmark. (Reed, 2013; Reed, 2009; Reed,		16
		3D	2011; Reed, 2008).* This is used to calculate the centerpoint of the shoulder,		
Suprasternal	Suprasternal Landmark	Coordinate	along the clavicle, where the shoulder belt crosses it.	mm	12
			Digitized location of the acromion landmark. (Reed, 2013; Reed, 2009; Reed,		
		3D	2011; Reed, 2008).* This is used to calculate the centerpoint of the shoulder,		
Acromion	Acromion Landmark	Coordinate	along the clavicle, where the shoulder belt crosses it.	mm	12
			FARO arm to digitize upper/lower edges of lap belt on pelvis with respect to		
		3D	ASIS. (Reed, 2013; Reed, 2009; Reed, 2011; Reed, 2008) The position of the lap		
UpperLLapBeltPosition	Upper Left Lap Belt Position	Coordinate	belt relative to the abdomen, pelvis, and thighs	mm	12
-		3D	FARO arm to digitize upper/lower edges of lap belt on pelvis with respect to		
UpperRLapBeltPosition	Upper Right Lap Belt Position	Coordinate	ASIS. (Reed, 2013; Reed, 2009; Reed, 2011; Reed, 2008)	mm	12
			FARO arm to digitize upper/lower edges of lap belt on pelvis with respect to		
		3D	ASIS. (Reed, 2013; Reed, 2009; Reed, 2011; Reed, 2008) The position of the lap		
LowerLLapBeltPosition	Lower Left Lap Belt Position		belt relative to the abdomen, pelvis, and thighs	mm	12
			FARO arm to digitize upper/lower edges of lap belt on pelvis with respect to		
LowerRLapBeltPosition	Lower Right Lap Belt Position	Coordinate	ASIS. (Reed, 2013; Reed, 2009; Reed, 2011; Reed, 2008)	mm	12
		3D	Digitized location of the ASIS on the left side of the participant's hip.* (Reed,		
LeftASIS	Left ASIS	Coordinate	2008)	mm	12
		3D	Digitized location of the ASIS on the right side of the hip.* (Reed, 2008)		
RightASIS	Right ASIS	Coordinate		mm	12
			Shoulder belt side-view XZ angle with respect to H-point (Reed, 2013; Reed,		
SBeltXZAngle	Shoulder Belt XZ Angle	Decimal	2009; Reed, 2008;	Degrees	12
-	~ ~ ~		Shoulder belt front-view YZ angle with respect to H-point (Reed, 2013; Reed,		
SBeltYZAngle	Shoulder Belt YZ Angle	Decimal	2009; Reed, 2008;	Degrees	12
Ŭ			Lap belt side-view XZ angle with respect to H-point (Reed, 2013; Reed, 2009;	0	
		1			

Child comfort questions

Item	Variable Name	Label	Format	Description	Units of Measurement
				A field populated automatically by MS Access with an unique sequential number associated with	
1	ID	ID	Integer	each record.	1 - n
2	ChildID	Child ID		Unique ID assigned to the child participant.	NA
				Child's perception of comfort while in each seat type.	
				Does how you are sitting / or does your booster seat / or does the seat belt feel uncomfortable?	
				If Yes, where do child feel uncomfortable	
				"On this picture show me what part of your body is uncomfortable."	
				A. Why? Specify Answer:	
				B. On a scale of 1-5 with 1 being a little uncomfortable and 5 being very uncomfortable how	
		Comfort In Highback		uncomfortable is the seat belt rubbing on your (insert body part)?	
3	ComfortHighbackBooster	Booster	Text	C. Is there anywhere else that you feel uncomfortable? If yes repeat above. If no move on.	
				Child's perception of comfort while in each seat type.	
				Does how you are sitting / or does your booster seat / or does the seat belt feel uncomfortable?	
				If Yes, where do child feel uncomfortable	
				"On this picture show me what part of your body is uncomfortable."	
				A. Why? Specify Answer:	
				B. On a scale of 1-5 with 1 being a little uncomfortable and 5 being very uncomfortable how	
		Comfort In Backless		uncomfortable is the seat belt rubbing on your (insert body part)?	
4	ComfortBacklessBooster	Booster	Text	C. Is there anywhere else that you feel uncomfortable? If yes repeat above. If no move on.	
				Child's perception of comfort while in each seat type.	
				Does how you are sitting / or does your booster seat / or does the seat belt feel uncomfortable?	
				If Yes, where do child feel uncomfortable	
				"On this picture show me what part of your body is uncomfortable."	
				A. Why? Specify Answer:	
				B. On a scale of 1-5 with 1 being a little uncomfortable and 5 being very uncomfortable how	
				uncomfortable is the seat belt rubbing on your (insert body part)?	
5	ComfortSeatBeltOnly	Comfort In Seat Belt Only	Text	C. Is there anywhere else that you feel uncomfortable? If yes repeat above. If no move on.	
					Highback Booster,
			_		Backless Booster, Seat
12	SafestSeat	Safest Seat	Text	Child's perception of safest seat type. And why?	Belt only, or None
					Highback Booster,
12			T t		Backless Booster, Seat
13	LeastSafestSeat	Least Safest Seat	Text	Child's perception of least safe seat type. And why?	Belt only, or None Highback Booster,
		Seat Type Most			Backless Booster, Seat
14	SeatTypeMostComfortable	Comfortable	Text	Child's perception of most comfortable seat type. And why?	Backless Booster, Seat Belt only, or None
14		Comoldble	ICAL	child's perception of most connortable seat type. And why:	Highback Booster,
		Seat Type Most			Backless Booster, Seat
15	SeatTypeMostUnomfortable	Uncomfortable	Text	Child's perception of most uncomfortable seat type. And why?	Belt only, or None
10	Searryperiosconomortable	onconnortable	ICAL	Contra s perception of most unconnortable sear type. And wity:	bene only, or none

Qualitative Fit Assessment by Researcher

Item	Variable Name	Label	Format	Description	Units of Measurement	Crosswalk Page #
				A field populated automatically by MS Access with an unique sequential		Tuge #
1	ID	ID	Integer	number associated with each record.	1 - n	N/A
2	VehicleID	Vehicle ID	Text	A unique ID assigned to the vehicle.		13
3	ChildID	Child ID		Unique ID assigned to the child participant.	NA	13
				A unique ID assigned to the booster seat. In addition to the boosters, a None		
				value will be used to identify the measures associated with having no		
4	BoosterID	Booster ID	Text	booster in the ChildVehicleBoosterFit table.		13
				The child's posture in the seat, usually judged from the pelvis angle and the	Sitting Up Straight, Almost Straight,	
5	Slouch	Slouch	Text	space between the [booster] seat back and the child's buttocks.	Slightly Slouched, or Extremely	13
6	ShoulderBeltSnugness	Shoulder Belt Snugness	Text	The qualitative snugness of the shoulder belt as adjusted by the participant.	Little Slack, Snug Against, Clothing, Compressing Skin, or Very Tight	13
	· · · · ·				Against Neck, On Shoulder But Close	
					To Neck, Centered On Shoulder, On	
7	ShoulderBeltPosition	Shoulder Belt Position	Text	The position of the shoulder belt relative to the arm, shoulder, and face.	Shoulder But Close To Arm, or Over	13
					Little Slack, Snug Against, Clothing,	
8	LapBeltSnugness	Lap Belt Snugness	Text	The qualitative snugness of the lap belt as adjusted by the participant.	Compressing Skin, or Very Tight	13
					Flat Over Legs, Low Over Pelvis, Over	
					Pelvis, Over Abdomen, or	
9	LapBeltPosition	Lap Belt Position	Text	The position of the lap belt relative to the ASIS.	Approaching Ribcage	13
					1 - 5 scale	
					Where 1 is comfortable fit and 5 is the	
				The fit of a child in a given booster. Extent of shoulder target coverage was	child is too large to physically fit in the	
10	BoosterFit	Booster Fit	Integer	noted for some.	booster.	13
				The amount of time required for the participant to climb into the seat, route		
11	Time2Engage	Time To Engage	Decimal	the belt, and buckle it from a starting point outside the vehicle.	Seconds	13
					Easy, Doable, Difficult, or Impossible	
12	Difficulty2Engage	Difficulty To Engage	Text	Qualitative assessment of the difficulty of routing the belt and buckling.	Without Assistance	13
					Significantly Above Horizontal,	
					Slightly Above Horizontal, Horizontal,	
					Slightly Below Horizontal, or	
13	ThighAngleCat	Thigh Angle Category	Text	Categorical measure of thigh angle relative to horizontal.	Significantly Below Horizontal	13
					Vertical, Nearly Vertical, About 45,	
14	ShinAngleCat	Shin Angle Category	Text	Categorical measure of shin angle relative to vertical.	Nearly Horizontal, Horizontal	13
45	5		T		On Floor, Almost On Floor, Hanging	42
15	FootPosnCat	Foot Position Category	Text	Categorical measure of the foot position relative to the seat.	Over Seat, Parallel To Seat, or On Seat Entire Head Below Seat, Ears Along	13
					Seat, Ears Above Seat, Chin Above	
16	SittingHeightCat	Sitting Height Cotogon:	Text	Location of the child's head relative to the top of the rear vehicle seat.	Seat, or Head Almost Touching Roof	13
10	Sittingheighteat	Sitting Height Category	TEXL		Seat, of Head Almost Touching Root	15
47	CDCTCh and do Do stills	Belt crosses shoulder &	T . 1		Man e alta	12
17	CPSTShoulderPosition	neck?	Text	Does the shoulder belt cross between child's shoulder and neck?	Yes or No	13
10	CDCTD	Back is against vehicle	T . 1	la sha abil d'a lavora bash anaimta ba ushtida a sa 20		12
18	CPSTBack2Seat	seat?	Text	Is the child's lower back against the vehicle seat?	Yes or No	13
19	CPSTLaponThighs	Lap belt crosses thighs?	Text	Is the lap belt on child's thighs?	Yes or No	13
20	CPSTKneesBent	Knees bend at seat edge?	Text	Do the child's knees bend at the end of seat?	Yes or No	13
		Good fit w/ just shoulder		Overall, does the shoulder belt properly fit the child? / OR/ As a CPS tech,		
21	CPSTShoulderFitOK	belt?	Text	would you say this child has good shoulder belt fit using just the seat belt?	Yes or No	13
				Overall, does the lap belt properly fit the child? / OR/ As a CPS tech, would		
22	CPSTLapFitOK	Good fit w/ just lap belt?	Text	you say this child has good lap belt fit using just the seat belt?	Yes or No	13
		Recommend just using		Overall, does the seat belt properly fit the child? / OR/ As a CPS tech, would		
23	CPSTOverallBeltFitOK	belt?	Text	you recommend this child to just use a seat belt?	Yes or No	13