ATTACHMENT 7

EXAMPLES OF CONTINUING EDUCATION (CE) COURSES

Title	Objectives	URL	К-ВАР	Method	Expiration	Notes	Completion		ME
			Objective				Time		edit
TD 110 (1 - 1			Adressed: 🚽	▼	▼		(minutes)	S	Ŧ
STD-HIV Inter- Relationship	1. Identify the Infectivity Formula & how each component is important. 2. Define the impact of	http://ceitraining.o	1	Video	3/6/2017	Covers HIV and STI risk, HIV coinfections			
Relationship	each component of the Infectivity Formula in the sexual					risk, riiv connections			
	transmission of HIV.								
	3. Use this information to educate & counsel patients to reduce						6	С	1
Sexually	1. STI testing during HIV care	http://www.iasusa.	1, 2	Video	6/15/2016	Great for STI screening			
Transmitted	2. Management and treatment of syphilis, gonorrhea, chlamydia,					and testing.			
Infections	trichomoniasis, HPV					Information on STIs,			0.5
Droventing LIV/	3. Prevention strategies for STIs	http://www.modeo	1 5	Case-based	0/22/2016	and some information	3	5	0.5
Preventing HIV Infection: Ask the	1. Employ appropriate evaluation and testing for patients before initiating preexposure prophylaxis (PrEP)	nttp://www.measc	1, 5	Case-based	9/22/2016	Includes sexual history taking and information			
Right Questions	2. Apply timely and appropriate ongoing monitoring for patients					about PrEP.			
	receiving PrEP								
	3. Review considerations for women who may become or have								
	become pregnant while receiving PrEP						7	5	1.25
Advances in	1. Compare the relative sensitivity of FDA-approved HIV tests	http://ceitraining.o	2	Video	8/11/2018	Unable to load video			
-	during seroconversion.								
HCV	2. Describe the recommended sequence of tests for the								
	diagnosis of HIV and active HCV infections.								
	3. Appreciate the benefits of screening for undiagnosed HIV and HCV infections and for acute HIV infection.								
	4. Interpret results of HIV tests that have recently received FDA								
	approval and describe new tests on the horizon.						6	С	1
Incorporating HIV	1. Develop a comprehensive human immunodeficiency virus	http://www.medsc	1, 2, 5	Case-based	6/25/2016	Patient history and			
Prevention	(HIV) prevention strategy that incorporates pre-exposure					risk reduction, testing,			
Strategies Into	prophylaxis (PrEP) for appropriate individuals					PrEP			
Practice	2. Incorporate appropriate assessments in evaluating patients for								
	PrEP candidacy and prior to initiating PrEP								
	3. Conduct timely and appropriate assessments for routine monitoring of patients receiving PrEP								
	4. Implement a strategy for women of child-bearing age using								
	PrEP that takes into consideration their unique therapeutic						9	С	1.5
Diagnosis and	1. Recognize the best approach to diagnosing acute HIV, including	http://ceitraining.o	2, 3, 4	Video	2/11/2017	Great for diagnosing			
Treatment of Acute	a new testing algorithm.					acute HIV and HIV			
HIV: A Stitch in	2. Understand the evidence supporting treatment of acute HIV,					testing, ART initiation			
Time?	including its impact on HIV reservoirs and immune activation.					and benefits of early			
	3. Identify the benefits of diagnosis and treatment of acute HIV					prescription	6	`	1
Antiretroviral	for prevention of new infections. 1. Discuss the pros and cons of initiating antiretroviral therapy for	http://www.bivwel	3	Case-based	3/27/2018	Initiation of ART	0	, 	1
	acute HIV infection.		Ŭ	ouse sused	0, 27, 2010	during acute HIV			
(Primary) HIV	2. Understand the relationship of acquisition of resistant strains					infection			
	of HIV and response to antiretroviral therapy.						3	С	0.5
Shooting the	1. Appreciate the reasons why immediate, empiric initiation of	http://ceitraining.o	3, 4	Video	6/9/2018	Early initiation of ART			
Rapids of the HIV	antiretroviral therapy has not been adopted as a strategy for					and its benefits, risk of			
	managing newly diagnosed HIV infections; and to revisit this					transmission during			
Diagnosis	reasoning in light of changes in the HIV care and treatment environment (newer regimens, universal ART guidelines,					acute HIV infection			
Diagnosis	treatment as prevention, PrEP).								
	2. Be aware of clinical situations in which more rapid								
	antiretroviral therapy may translate to individual clinical benefits								
	for patients who are newly diagnosed with HIV infection; and								
	clinical situations where it may be detrimental.								
	3. Understand the results of a San Francisco program								
	implementing same day immediate ART at the time of a new						,	_	
Advances in the	positive HIV diagnosis. 4. Appreciate the 1. Be aware of new data on HIV treatment strategies, including	http://coitraining.o	4.5	Video	3/10/2018	Advanced, ART	6	J	1
Treatment and	treatment initiation, and choosing regimens after treatment	http://ceitraining.o	4, 5	Tuco	0, 10, 2010	initiation and efficacy,			
	failure. 2. Know about agents in					new PrEP drug (TAF),			
Infection: CROI	development for HIV treatment. 3.					PrEP studies			
	Learn about new data on HIV prevention, including outcomes						6	C	1
Indications for	1. Discuss the recommendations in the HHS antiretroviral therapy	http://www.hivwel	4	Case-based	3/27/2018	Gives updated			
Initiating	guidelines regarding when to initiate antiretroviral therapy in					reccomendations on			
Antiretroviral	persons with chronic HIV infection.					intiating ART			
Therapy	2. Understand the approximate risk of developing an AIDS-								
	defining illness in persons not on antiretroviral therapy based on their CD4 cell count and HIV RNA level.						3	2	0.5
							J		5.5