# OMB 1545-1702 SUPPORTING STATEMENT Form 8870

#### 1. CIRCUMSTANCES NECESSITATING COLLECTION OF INFORMATION

Section 537 of the Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999 added section 170(f)(10) to the Internal Revenue Code.

Section 170(f)(10)(F) requires an organization to report annually:

- 1. Any premiums paid after February 8, 1999 to which section 170(f)(10) applies;
- 2. The name and taxpayer identification number (TIN) of each beneficiary under each contract to which the premiums relate; and
- 3. Any other information the Secretary may require.

A charitable organization described in section 170(c) or a charitable remainder trust described in section 664(d) that paid premiums after February 8, 1999, on certain life insurance, annuity and endowment contracts (personal benefit contracts) must complete and file Form 8870.

#### 2. USE OF DATA

IRS uses information from Form 8870 to assure that taxexempt organizations are operating within the limitations of their tax exemption.

## 3. USE OF IMPROVED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY TO REDUCE BURDEN

Low filing volume does not justify the cost of electronic enabling.

#### 4. EFFORTS TO IDENTIFY DUPLICATION

We have attempted to eliminate duplication within the agency wherever possible.

# 5. <u>METHODS TO MINIMIZE BURDEN ON SMALL BUSINESSES OR OTHER</u> SMALL ENTITIES

We have attempted to minimize burden on small businesses and other small entities.

# 6. <u>CONSEQUENCES OF LESS FREQUENT COLLECTION ON FEDERAL PROGRAMS</u> OR POLICY ACTIVITIES

IRS uses information from Form 8870 to assure that taxexempt organizations are operating within the limitations of their tax exemption. With a less frequent collection, IRS will be unable to confirm this.

# 7. SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRING DATA COLLECTION TO BE INCONSISTENT WITH GUIDELINES IN 5 CFR 1320.5(d)(2)

There are no special circumstances requiring data collection to be inconsistent with guidelines in  $5 \, \text{CFR} \, 1320.5(d)(2)$ .

# 8. CONSULTATION WITH INDIVIDUALS OUTSIDE OF THE AGENCY ON AVAILABILITY OF DATA, FREQUENCY OF COLLECTION, CLARITY OF INSTRUCTIONS AND FORMS, AND DATA ELEMENTS

Periodic meetings are held between IRS personnel and representatives of the American Bar Association, the National Society of Public Accountants, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and other professional groups to discuss tax law and tax forms. During these meetings, there is an opportunity for those attending to make comments regarding Form 8870.

In response to the Federal Register Notice dated May 5, 2016 (81 FR 27191), we received no comments during the comment period regarding Form 8870.

# 9. <u>EXPLANATION OF DECISION TO PROVIDE ANY PAYMENT OR GIFT TO</u> RESPONDENTS

No payments or gifts are being provided.

#### 10. ASSURANCE OF CONFIDENTIALITY OF RESPONSES

Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential as required by 26 USC 6103.

## 11. JUSTIFICATION OF SENSITIVE QUESTIONS

No personally identifiable information is being collected.

#### 12. ESTIMATED BURDEN OF INFORMATION COLLECTION

|           | Number of        | Time per        | Total        |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|
|           | <u>Responses</u> | <u>Response</u> | <u>Hours</u> |
| Form 8870 | 5,000            | 14.84           |              |
|           |                  | 74,200          |              |

## 13. ESTIMATED TOTAL ANNUAL COST BURDEN TO RESPONDENTS

There is no estimated total annual cost burden to respondents.

## 14. ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The primary cost to the government consists of printing Form 8870. We estimate the cost of printing the form is \$1,000.

## 15. REASONS FOR CHANGE IN BURDEN

There is no change in the paperwork burden previously approved by OMB. We are making this submission to renew the OMB approval.

#### 16. PLANS FOR TABULATION, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS AND PUBLICATION

There are no plans for tabulation.

#### 17. REASONS WHY DISPLAYING THE OMB EXPIRATION DATE IS

#### INAPPROPRIATE

We believe the public interest will be better served by not printing an expiration date on the form(s) in this package.

Printing the expiration date on the form will result in increased costs because of the need to replace inventories that become obsolete by passage of the expiration date each time OMB approval is renewed. Without printing the expiration date, supplies of the form could continue to be used.

The time period during which the current edition of the form(s) in this package will continue to be usable cannot be It could easily span several cycles of review and OMB clearance renewal. In addition, usage fluctuates This makes it necessary to maintain a unpredictably. substantial inventory of forms in the supply line at all This includes supplies owned by both the Government and the public. Reprinting of the form cannot be reliably scheduled to coincide with an OMB approval expiration date. This form may be privately printed by users at their own Some businesses print complex and expensive expense. marginally punched continuous versions, at their expense, for use in their computers. The form may be printed by commercial printers and stocked for sale. In such cases, printing the expiration date on the form could result in extra costs to the users.

Not printing the expiration date on the form(s) will also avoid confusion among taxpayers who may have identical forms with different expiration dates in their possession.

For the above reasons we request authorization to omit printing the expiration date on the form(s) in this package.

# 18. EXCEPTIONS TO THE CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

There are no exceptions.

The following paragraph applies to all of the collections of information in this submission:

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not

required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a collection of information must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any internal revenue law. Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6103.