Mandatory Civil Rights Data Collection

July 2017

Attachment A-4

Directional Indicators for Civil Rights Data Collection for School Year 2017–18

Revised after 60-day public comment period.

INTRODUCTION

Attachment A-4 contains guiding questions, or directional indicators (DI), used to reduce burden on LEAs. It is organized as follows:

- Overview of directional indicators
- List of directional indicators

Changes made as a result of comments received during the 60-day public comment period are noted with a "†".

Directional indicators are used to determine whether a data group is applicable to an LEA. For example, an LEA will be presented with a simple question asking whether or not students are enrolled in Advanced Placement (AP) courses at the school. If the LEA answers "no," then the subsequent tables collecting student counts of AP enrollment, and exam-taking are not presented to the LEA.

OVERVIEW OF DIRECTIONAL INDICATORS

Because the CRDC is a mandatory collection, LEAs are obligated to respond to each applicable survey question. Directional indicators successfully reduce the burden by eliminating tables that are not applicable, therefore reducing the amount of time LEAs spend entering zeros into non-applicable tables. Directional indicators were first implemented with the 2009–10 CRDC, and continued with the 2011–12 CRDC, 2013–14 CRDC, and 2015–16 CRDC. As OCR continues to improve the design of the web-based survey tool, OCR will continue to include directional indicators in the CRDC to determine whether the LEA will be presented with subsequent data group tables.

Many of the directional indicators are linked to existing data groups. For example, in DG932, OCR collects each grade offered at a school. Data are used to determine which applicable grade-level retention tables are presented to the LEA (e.g., a school offering grades 10, 11, and 12 would be presented only with the retention tables for grades 10, 11, and 12). However, there are some data groups which apply only to a subset of schools and this subset of schools cannot be determined from already collected information. For example, in the 2009–10 CRDC sample, approximately 55% of high schools offered Advanced Placement courses. In order to limit the burden of responding to data elements collecting detailed Advanced Placement data, OCR designed a directional indicator to determine which high schools (offering any grade 9-12) also offered Advanced Placement courses. These directional indicators minimize the burden of responding to the CRDC for LEAs and schools.

The following list of directional indicators may be expanded as OCR designs the 2017–18 survey tool. All directional indicators are designed to minimize the burden of the CRDC collection to the extent possible on participating school districts.

DIRECTIONAL INDICATOR TABLES

			Page
Directional Indicator (DI) Name	Level	ID	Number
Advanced Placement computer science			
enrollment indicator New!	School	1	A4-4
Advanced Placement indicator	School	2	A4-5
Advanced Placement mathematics enrollment	School		
indicator	301001	3	A4-6
Advanced Placement other subjects enrollment	School		
indicator	SCHOOL	4	A4-7
Advanced Placement science enrollment	School		
indicator	SCHOOL	5	A4-8
Algebra I course enrollment—grade 7 indicator	School	6	A4-9
Algebra I course enrollment—grade 8 indicator	School	7	A4-10
Corporal punishment indicator	School	8	A4-11
Credit recovery indicator	School	9	A4-12
Distance education indicator	LEA	10	A4-13
Dual enrollment indicator	School	11	A4-14
Early childhood program indicator	LEA	12	A4-15
Geometry course enrollment—grade 8 indicator	School	13	A4-15
Gifted/talented program indicator	School	14	A4-16
Grades offered	School	15	A4-17
High school equivalency exam preparation			
program indicator	LEA	16	A4-18
International Baccalaureate Programme indicator	School	17	A4-19
Interscholastic athletics indicator †	School	18	A4-20
Kindergarten program indicator	LEA	19	A4-20
Magnet status	School	20	A4-21
Mathematics classes—high school	School	21	A4-22
Preschool grade	School	22	A4-23
Preschool program indicator	LEA	23	A4-23
School type	School	24	A4-24
Science classes—high school	School	25	A4-25
Single-sex academic classes indicator	School	26	A4-26
Student retention indicator	School	27	A4-27

New!

DI Name: Advanced Pla	acement computer so	cience enrollment indica	tor	DI: 1	
Definition	An indication of whether the school has any students enrolled in one				
	or more Advanced P	lacement (AP) computer	scienc	e courses.	
Permitted Values	• Yes				
	• No				
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School [LEA □		State □	
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for scho	ols with any grade 9 thro	ugh 12	2 and/or ungraded	
	with high school age students.				
	Advanced Placemen	t (AP) - AP refers to a pro	ogram	, sponsored by	
	the College Board, through which students may earn college credit				
	and advanced college placement by successfully completing AP				
	courses and standardized AP exams.				
	Advanced Placement (AP) course - An AP course is an advanced,				
	college-level course designed for students who achieve a specified				
	level of academic performance. Upon successful completion of the				
	course and a standardized AP exam, a student may be qualified to				
	receive college credit and/or placement into advanced college				
	courses.				
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUPS	S:			
DG 900 Advanced	Placement course by s	subject enrollment table	•		

DI Name: Advanced Pla	acement indicator		DI: 2	
Definition	An indication of whe	An indication of whether the school has any students enrolled in one		
	or more Advanced P	lacement (AP) courses.		
Permitted Values	• Yes			
	• No			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School [LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total		•		
Comment	Report only for scho	ols with any grade 9 thro	ough 12 and/or ungraded	
	with high school age	students.		
	Advanced Placemen	t (AP) - AP refers to a pr	ogram, sponsored by	
	the College Board, tl	hrough which students m	ay earn college credit	
	and advanced colleg	e placement by successfu	ılly completing AP	
	courses and standardized AP exams.			
	Advanced Placemen	t (AP) course - An AP co	ourse is an advanced,	
	college-level course	designed for students wh	o achieve a specified	
	level of academic performance. Upon successful completion of the			
	course and a standardized AP exam, a student may be qualified to			
	receive college credit and/or placement into advanced college			
	courses.			
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUP	S:		
DG 900 Advanced	Placement course by s	subject enrollment table		
• DG 901 Advanced	Placement course enre	ollment table		
 DG 902 Advanced Placement course self-selection 				
• DG 903 Advanced	 DG 903 Advanced Placement different courses provided 			
 DG 904 Advanced Placement exam participation table 				

Definition	An indication of whether the school has any students enrolled in one				
	or more Advanced P	lacement (AP) mathemat	ics courses.		
Permitted Values	• Yes				
	• No				
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded with high school age students. Advanced Placement (AP) - AP refers to a program, sponsored by				
	the College Board, through which students may earn college credit and advanced college placement by successfully completing AP courses and standardized AP exams.				
	college-level course level of academic pe course and a standard receive college credicourses.	t (AP) course - An AP co designed for students wh rformance. Upon success dized AP exam, a student t and/or placement into a	o achieve a specified sful completion of the may be qualified to		
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUPS	S:			
 DG 900 Advanced 	Placement course by s	subject enrollment table			

DI Name: Advanced Placement other subjects enrollment indicator			DI: 4
Definition		An indication of whether the school has any studen	ts enrolled in one

	or more Advanced Placement (AP) courses in other subjects.			
Permitted Values	• Yes			
	• No			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded with high school age students.			
	Advanced Placement (AP) - AP refers to a program, sponsored by the College Board, through which students may earn college credit and advanced college placement by successfully completing AP courses and standardized AP exams.			
	Advanced Placement (AP) course - An AP course is an advanced, college-level course designed for students who achieve a specified level of academic performance. Upon successful completion of the course and a standardized AP exam, a student may be qualified to receive college credit and/or placement into advanced college courses.			
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUPS	S:		
DG 900 Advanced	Placement course by s	subject enrollment table		

DI Name:	Advanced Pla	DI: 5	
Definition		An indication of whether the school has any studen	ts enrolled in one

	or more Advanced Placement (AP) science courses.		
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	with high school age Advanced Placement the College Board, th and advanced college courses and standard Advanced Placement college-level course level of academic per	(AP) - AP refers to a prongh which students may placement by successfu	ogram, sponsored by ay earn college credit lly completing AP urse is an advanced, o achieve a specified sful completion of the
		t and/or placement into a	J
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUPS	S:	
DG 900 Advanced	Placement course by s	subject enrollment table	

DI Name:	DI Name: Algebra I course enrollment—grade 7 indicator			
Definition		An indication of whether the school has any students enrolled in		

	Algebra I in grade 7.		
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report only for scho	ols with grade 7.	
	properties and operarational algebraic exequations and inequations with and quadratic equations. Algebra I is a foundations occurses, including G	ge-preparatory) course the tions of the real number of the real number of pressions; solving and gralities; translating word presenting of polynomials; ation course leading to his eometry and Algebra II.	system; evaluating aphing first degree roblems into equations; and solving simple
GUIDING QUESTION I			
	course enrollment – gr		
DG 910 Algebra I of	course passing – grade	2.7	

DI Name:	Name: Algebra I course enrollment—grade 8 indicator		
Definition	An indication of whether the school has any students enrolled in		
		Algebra I in grade 8.	

Permitted Values	• Yes				
	• No				
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School [LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for schools with grade 8 and/or ungraded with middle school age students.				
	Algebra I is a (college-preparatory) course that includes the study of properties and operations of the real number system; evaluating rational algebraic expressions; solving and graphing first degree equations and inequalities; translating word problems into equations; operations with and factoring of polynomials; and solving simple quadratic equations.				
	~	ation course leading to hige eometry and Algebra II.	gher-level mathematics		
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUP	S:			
	course enrollment – gr				
DG 911 Algebra I of	course passing – grade	28			

DI Name:	DI Name: Corporal punishment indicator		
Definition	I	o receive	
	corporal punishment for disciplinary purposes.		

Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	ľ	
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total		•	
Comment	Corporal punishment refers to paddling, spanking, or other forms of		
	physical punishment imposed on a student.		
	Report data based on the entire regular school year.		
GUIDING QUESTION F	GUIDING QUESTION FOR DATA GROUPS:		
DG 921 Discip	DG 921 Discipline of preschool students table		
DG 922 Discip	 DG 922 Discipline of students with disabilities (IDEA and Section 504) table 		
DG 923 Discip	line of students withou	ut disabilities table	

DI Name:	Credit recovery indicator		DI: 9	
Definition		An indication of whether the school has any student		
		in at least one credit recovery program that allows	them to earn	
		missed credit in order to graduate from high school	l.	

Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
	Not applicable*		
Reporting Period	School year up to on	e day prior to the beginni	ng of the following
	school year		
Reporting Levels	School□□	LEA□□	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	••	or schools that do not offe ipate in at least one credit	
	Report only for school with high school age	ols with any grade 9 throustudents.	ugh 12 and/or ungraded
	Indicate whether the school has any students who participate in at least one credit recovery program.		
	Report data based on the start of the regular school year up to one day prior to the start of the following regular school year.		
	aim to help schools g have fallen behind th multitude of differen programs allow stude the summer, on school their own, at night in day.	rams (including courses of raduate more students by e chance to "recover" creat strategies, including onlents to work on their creat olders, after school, or school computer labs, or	giving students who edits through a line. Different lit recovery classes over a weekends, at home on
GUIDING QUESTION F	FOR DATA GROUPS	S:	

• DG 992 Credit recovery student participation

DI Name: Dista	nce education indicator DI: 10
Definition	An indication of whether the LEA has any students enrolled in any
	distance education courses.
Permitted Values	• Yes

	• No			
	Not applicable*			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	•		
Reporting Levels	School □	LEA 🗌	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	*Not applicable = Fo	or LEAs that do not offer	students the	
	opportunity to enroll	in any distance education	n courses.	
	Distance education courses must meet all of the following criteria: (1) be credit-granting; (2) be technology-delivered via audio, video (live or prerecorded), the Internet, or other computer-based technology (e.g., via district network); and (3) have either (a) the instructor in a different location than the students and/or (b) the course content developed in, or delivered from, a different location than that of the students.			
	LEAs should provide response regardless of where the courses originated. However, distance education courses that students take independently or that are provided by entities outside the control of the district should not be included unless the district has access to enrollment and monitoring information for those courses. For distance education schools or virtual schools, students must be counted in the school from which they receive more than 50% of			
	their coursework.			
GUIDING QUESTION F	FOR DATA GROUPS	S:		
DG 993 Distance education student enrollment table				

DI Name: Dual enrollment indicator		DI: 11	
Definition		enrolled in a	
		dual enrollment/dual credit program that allows then	n to take college-

	level courses and earn concurrent credit toward a high school		
	diploma and a colleg	e degree.	
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
	Not applicable*		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA 🗌	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	*Not applicable = Fo	or schools that do not offe	er students the
	opportunity to enroll	in a dual enrollment/dua	l credit program.
		ols with any grade 9 thro	ugh 12 and/or ungraded
	with high school age	students.	
	Dual enrollment/dual credit programs provide opportunities for high		
	school students to take college-level courses offered by colleges, and		
	earn concurrent credit toward a high school diploma and a college		
	degree while still in high school. These programs are for high		
	school-enrolled students who are academically prepared to enroll in		
	college and are interested in taking on additional coursework. For		
	example, students who want to study subjects not offered at their		
	high school may seek supplemental education at colleges nearby.		
		l credit programs do not i	
	' ' = =	gram or the International	Baccalaureate Diploma
	Programme.		
GUIDING QUESTION F	FOR DATA GROUPS	S:	
 DG 994 Dual enrol 	lment program studen	t enrollment	

DI Name:	DI Name: Early childhood program indicator		DI: 12	
Definition	An indication of whether the LEA provides one or more ea			
		childhood programs that serve children birth through age 2.		

Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School □	LEA 🗌	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment			
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUPS	S:	
 DG 926 Early child 	lhood program for nor	n- <i>IDEA</i> children	

DI Name: Geometry co	DI Name: Geometry course enrollment—grade 8 indicator DI: 13				
Definition	An indication of whether the school has any students enrolled in				
	Geometry in grade 8	Geometry in grade 8.			
Permitted Values	• Yes				
	• No				
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for schools with grade 8 and/or ungraded with middle school age students. Geometry is a (college-preparatory) course that typically includes topics such as properties of plane and solid figures; deductive methods of reasoning and use of logic; geometry as an axiomatic system including the study of postulates, theorems, and formal proofs; concepts of congruence, similarity, parallelism, perpendicularity, and proportion; and rules of angle measurement in triangles. Geometry is considered a prerequisite for Algebra II.				
GUIDING QUESTION FOR DATA GROUPS:					
 DG 930 Geometry course enrollment – grade 8 					

DI Name:	me: Gifted/talented program indicator		DI: 14
Definition	An indication of whether the school has any studen		nts enrolled in one
		or more gifted/talented programs.	

Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □
Comment	Gifted/talented prog	rams – Programs during 1	egular school hours
	that provide special	educational opportunities	including accelerated
	promotion through grades and classes and an enriched curriculum for		
	students who are end	lowed with a high degree	of mental ability or
	who demonstrate un	usual physical coordinati	on, creativity, interest,
	or talent.		
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUP	S:	
DG 931 Gifted/tale	nted program enrollm	ent table	

DI/DG Name: Grades of	ffered	DI: 15/DG: 932
Definition	The grade level(s) offered by the school.	
Permitted Values	• Ungraded • Grade 7	

	 Prekindergarten* 	• (Grade 8	
	Kindergarten		Grade 9	
	• Grade 1	• (Grade 10	
	• Grade 2	• (Grade 11	
	• Grade 3	• (Grade 12	
	• Grade 4	• (Grade 13*	
	• Grade 5	• <i>I</i>	Adult Education*	
	• Grade 6	• 1	No Grades*	
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School [LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total			·	
Comment	For the CRDC, preso	chool is also conside	ered a grade. See data group	
	Preschool grade (DG	5 913).		
	Permitted values wit	h an asterisk (*) are	not used for the CRDC.	
0			NIAT INDICATIONS	

GUIDING QUESTION FOR DATA GROUPS AND DIRECTIONAL INDICATORS:

- DI 2 Advanced Placement indicator (any grade 9-12 offered)
- DI 6 Algebra I course enrollment—grade 7 indicator
- DI 7 Algebra I course enrollment—grade 8 indicator
- DI 9 Credit recovery indicator (any grade 9-12 offered)
- DI 11 Dual enrollment indicator (any grade 9-12 offered)
- DI 13 Geometry course enrollment—grade 8 indicator
- DI 17 International Baccalaureate Programme indicator (any grade 9-12 offered)
- DI 18 Interscholastic athletics indicator (any grade 9-12 offered)
- DG 906 Algebra I classes—middle school (grade 7 or 8)
- DG 909 Algebra I course enrollment—high school (grades 9 or 10 and grades 11 or 12 offered)
- DG 950 Mathematics classes—high school (any grade 9-12 offered)
- DG 951 Mathematics course enrollment—high school (any grade 9-12 offered)
- DG 964 SAT or ACT test participation table (any grade 9-12 offered)
- DG 973 Science classes—high school (any grade 9-12 offered)

DI Name:	High school e	equivalency exam preparation program indicator	DI: 16
Definition		An indication of whether the LEA provides a high scho	ool

	equivalency exam preparation program for students ages 16 through		
	19.		
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	1	
Reporting Levels	School □	LEA 🗌	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	For LEAs with any g	grade 9 through 12 or ung	raded with high school
	age students.		
	High school equivale	ency exam preparation pr	ograms – Programs
	(e.g., courses) design	ned to prepare students to	be successful on state-
	authorized high scho	ol equivalency exams. H	ligh school equivalency
	exams are used to certify the high school-level academic		
	achievement of individuals who have not received a secondary		
	school diploma or its recognized equivalent. Upon review of exam		
	results, an education or government agency may award a high school		
	equivalency credenti	al.	
	High school equivale	ency exams may include	(but are not limited to)
	the following: the Ge	eneral Educational Devel	opment (GED) Test,
	the High School Equ	ivalency Test (HiSet) and	d the Test Assessing
	Secondary Completion	on (TASC).	
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUPS	S:	
DG 929 High school	ol equivalency exam p	reparation program partic	cipation table

Definition	An indication of whether the school has any students enrolled in the International Baccalaureate (IB) Diploma Programme.		
Permitted Values	• Yes	idicate (1D) Dipionia 110	grunnine.
1 erimitieu values	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School [LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report only for school	ols with any grade 9 thro	ugh 12 and/or ungraded
	with high school age	students.	
		ccalaureate (IB) Diploma	9
		, sponsored by the Intern	
		gned as an academically	0 0
	1 0	education with final example education with final example.	* *
	students, usually aged 16 to 19, for success at university and life		
	beyond. The Programme is typically taught over two years. IB		
	Diploma Programme students study six courses at higher level or		
	standard level. Students must choose one subject from each of		
	groups 1 to 5, thus ensuring breadth of experience in languages,		
	social studies, the ex	perimental sciences and r	mathematics. The sixth
	subject may be an art	ts subject chosen from gr	oup 6, or the student
	may choose another subject from groups 1 to 5. Additionally, IB		
	Diploma Programme	students must meet three	e core requirements:
	the extended essay, t	he theory of knowledge o	course, and a
	creativity/action/serv	rice experience.	
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUPS	S:	
 DG 936 Internation 	al Baccalaureate Prog	ramme enrollment table	

DI Name:	me: Interscholastic athletics indicator		DI: 18
Definition		An indication of whether the school has any stude	nts who participate

	in interscholastic ath	letics.	
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	School year up to on	e day prior to the beginni	ing of the following
	school year		
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report only for scho	ols with any grade 9 thro	ugh 12 and/or ungraded
	with high school age	students.	
	Interscholastic athletics – Team-based organized sports activities that		
	offer competition be	tween schools.	_
GUIDING QUESTION FOR DATA GROUPS:			
DG 937 Interscholastic athletics single-sex sports †			
DG 938 Interscholastic athletics single-sex teams †			
 DG 939 Interscholastic athletics single-sex team participants † 			

DI Name: Kindergarten program indicator DI: 19				
Definition	An indication of who	An indication of whether the LEA provides one or more kindergarten		
	programs that serve	any students.		
Permitted Values	• Yes			
	• No			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School	LEA 🗌	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment				
GUIDING QUESTION FOR DATA GROUPS:				
DG 944 Kindergarten daily length and cost				

DI/DG Name:	Magnet status		DI: 20/ DG: 949
Definition		An indication of whether the school is a magnet so	chool or has a
		magnet program within the school.	

Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
	 Not applicabl 	e*	
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School [LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	The permitted val	lue with an asterisk (*)	is not used for the CRDC.
CHIDING OUESTION F	The permitted value with an asterisk (*) is not used for the CRDC. A magnet program is a program within a public school that offers a special curriculum capable of attracting substantial numbers of students of different racial/ethnic backgrounds, which may also reduce, prevent, or eliminate minority group isolation. The program may be designed to provide an academic or social focus on a particular theme (e.g., science/math, performing arts, gifted/talented, or foreign language). A public school is considered a magnet school if it operates a magnet program for all students or some students within the school.		
GUIDING QUESTION F		JPS:	
DG 948 Magnet pro	ogram detail		

DI/DG Name:	Mathematics classes—high school		DI: 21/DG: 950
Definition		The unduplicated number of classes in mathematic	cs (college-
		preparatory) courses at the high school level.	
Permitted Valu	ies	Integer	

Reporting Period	For schools with regular scheduling – October 1		
	For schools with	block scheduling that all	ows a full-year course
	to be taken in on	e semester – Sum of a co	unt taken on October 1
	in the first block	, and around March 1 in t	the second block
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded		
	with high school age students.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Mathematics (High School Classes)		
GUIDING QUESTION FOR DATA GROUPS:			
DG 951 Mathematics course enrollment—high school			

DI/DG Name: Preschoo	l grade	DI: 22/DG: 913
Definition	The preschool grade level offered by the school.	
Permitted Values	• Preschool	

Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School [LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Preschool refers to preschool programs and services for children ages 3 through 5. The preschool grade level should be reported if offered.		
GUIDING QUESTION F	FOR DATA GROUPS:		
DG 921 Discipline	e of preschool children table		
DG 956 Preschool	enrollment table		

DI Name: Preschool program indicator DI: 23			
Definition	An indication of whether the LEA provides one or more preschool		
	programs that serve	children ages 3 through 5	
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School □	LEA 🗌	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment			
GUIDING QUESTION FOR DATA GROUPS:			
DG 953 Preschool ages for non-IDEA children			
DG 954 Preschool daily length and cost			
DG 955 Preschool eligible children			
DG 957 Preschool	children served table		

DI/DG Name: School ty	ре	DI: 24/DG: 977	
Definition	The classification of schools based on the curriculum concentration.		
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		

Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School LEA State			
Education Unit Total				
	School types below to Code Set: 1 - Regular School A public element primarily on care education, althous a regular curricul. 2 - Special Educial A public element serving the education of these students. The A public element providing second career-related curtechnical or profession of students that the control of students are control of students that the control of students that the control of students are control of students that the control of students that the control of students are control of students that the control of students are control of stu	with an asterisk (*) are not bool tary/secondary school that eer and technical, special, agh it may provide these plum. It is action School* tary/secondary school that actional needs of students actional needs of students actional Education School tary/secondary school that ary/secondary school that ary students with an occurriculum, including formatessional occupations.	ot used for the CRDC. It does NOT focus or alternative programs in addition to It focuses primarily on with disabilities terials, or instruction ol* It focuses primarily on upationally relevant or al preparation for It addresses the needs a regular school	
	academic difficulties, students with discipline problems, or both students with academic difficulties and discipline problems.			
	 5 - Reportable Program* Program that does not meet the definition of a public elementary/secondary school. 			
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUPS	S:		
 DG 914 Alternative scl 	chool focus (if educational unit is an alternative school)			

DI/DG Name: Science classes—high school		DI: 25/DG: 973	
Definition	The unduplicated number of classes in science (college-preparatory)		
	courses at the high school level.		
Permitted Values	Integer		
Reporting Period	For schools with regular scheduling – October	1	

	 For schools with block scheduling that allows a full-year course to be taken in one semester – Sum of a count taken on October 1 			
	in the first block	, and around March 1 in t	he second block	
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for scho	ols with any grade 9 thro	ugh 12 and/or ungraded	
	with high school age students.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Science (Classes and Course Enrollment)			
GUIDING QUESTION F	N FOR DATA GROUPS:			
DG 974 Science co	ourse enrollment—high school (enrollment is collected if at least one			
class is offered)				

DI Name: Single-sex ac	DI: 26		
Definition	An indication of whether the co-educational school has any students		
	enrolled in one or more single-sex academic classes.		
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		

Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School []	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	For co-educational s	chools only. Independen	t study is not
	considered a single-s	sex class. Include acaden	nic classes for grades
	K-12, and comparab	le ungraded levels.	
	Single-sex academic	class – A single-sex acad	demic class refers to an
		co-educational school wh	5
	female students are p	permitted to take the class	s. If both male and
	female students are permitted to take the class, then it is not a single-		
	sex class. A physical education class is not considered an academic		
	class.		
		unted as a single-sex clas	
		rom enrolling or otherwi	1 1
		r sex. A class is not cons	•
	long as it is open to members of both sexes, even if students of only		
	one sex, or a disproportionate number of students of one sex, enroll.		
GUIDING QUESTION F	FOR DATA GROUPS:		
DG 976 Single-sex	academic classes tabl	e	

DI Name:	Student retention indicator		DI: 27	
Definition		An indication of whether the school has any students who were not		
		promoted to the subsequent grade prior to the beginning of the		
		following school year.		
Permitted \	Values	• Yes		

	• No		
Reporting Period	School year up to one day prior to the beginning of the following		
	school year		
Reporting Levels	School [LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report for each grad	e K-12.	
	Retained – A student is retained if he or she is not promoted to the next grade prior to the beginning of the following school year. Students are not considered retained if they can proceed to the next grade because they successfully completed a summer school program or for a similar reason. At the high school level, a student who has not accumulated enough credits to be classified as being in the next grade is considered retained.		
GUIDING QUESTION F	OR DATA GROUP	S:	
DG 963 Retention	table		