U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

TITANIUM SPONGE FROM JAPAN AND KAZAKHSTAN

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by <u>September 7, 2017</u>

See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its countervailing duty and antidumping investigations concerning titanium sponge from Japan and Kazakhstan (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-587 and 731-TA-1385-1386 (Preliminary). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

Name of firm _____

City	State Zip Code
Website	
Has your firm imported 2014?	titanium sponge (as defined on next page) from any country at any time since January 1
NO (Sign the	certification below and promptly return only this page of the questionnaire to the Commission)
YES (Complet	te all parts of the questionnaire, and return the entire questionnaire to the Commission)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e via the U.S. International Trade Commission <i>Drop Box</i> by clicking on the ://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/. (PIN: SPONGE)
	CERTIFICATION
-	stand that the information submitted is subject to audit and verification by the Commo grant consent for the Commission, and its employees and contract personnel, to
on provided in this quest hission on the same or sin dersigned, acknowledge g or other proceedings i (a) for developing or m and evaluations relating 3; or (ii) by U.S. governa	o grant consent for the Commission, and its employees and contract personnel, to tionnaire and throughout this proceeding in any other import-injury proceedings con
on provided in this quest nission on the same or sin dersigned, acknowledge of or other proceedings of (a) for developing or m and evaluations relating 3; or (ii) by U.S. governa	o grant consent for the Commission, and its employees and contract personnel, to stionnaire and throughout this proceeding in any other import-injury proceedings conmilar merchandise. That information submitted in response to this request for information and through may be disclosed to and used: (i) by the Commission, its employees and Offices, and maintaining the records of this or a related proceeding, or (b) in internal investigation by the programs, personnel, and operations of the Commission including under ment employees and contract personnel, solely for cybersecurity purposes. I understant

PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

<u>Background.</u>-- This proceeding was instituted in response to a petition filed on August 24, 2017, by Titanium Metals Corporation, Exton, PA. Countervailing and/or antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of subsidization and/or dumping. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2017/titanium_sponge_japan_and_kazakhstan/preliminary.htm.

<u>Titanium sponge</u> covered by these investigations is all forms and grades of titanium sponge, except as specified below. Titanium sponge is unwrought titanium metal that has not been melted.

Expressly excluded from the scope of these investigations are titanium powders, titanium sponge fines, titanium briquettes consisting of compacted titanium sponge fines and ultra-high purity titanium sponge. In ultra-high purity titanium sponge, metallic impurities do not exceed any of these amounts:

	WT%
Aluminum	0.0005
Chromium	0.0001
Cobalt	0.0001
Copper	0.0002
Iron	0.0300
Manganese	0.0010
Nickel	0.0002
Vanadium	0.0002
Zirconium	0.0005
Carbon	0.0150
Hydrogen	0.0100
Nitrogen	0.0020
Oxygen	0.1000

Titanium sponge is currently classified under statistical reporting number 8108.20.0010 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). The HTSUS provisions are for convenience and customs purposes; the written description of the scope is dispositive.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing titanium sponge (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Reporting of information.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of

numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.-- The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages.</u>--If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue are provided at the end of this questionnaire and are available upon request from Jordan Harriman (202-205-2610, jordan.harriman@usitc.gov).

I-1.	OMB statisticsPlease report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to you
	firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

I-2.	Establishments covered Provide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this
	questionnaire. If your firm is publicly traded, please specify the stock exchange and trading
	symbol.

"Establishment" Each facility of a firm involved in the importation of titanium sponge, including
auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such
facilities.

I-3.	Ownership.	Is your firm owned, in whole or in part, by any other firm?
	☐ No	YesList the following information

Firm name	Address	Extent of ownership (percent)

U.S. Importers' Questionnaire -Titanium sponge Page 5 I-4. Related importers/exporters. -- Does your firm have any related firms, either domestic or foreign, that are engaged in importing titanium sponge from Japan and Kazakhstan into the United States or that are engaged in exporting titanium sponge from Japan and Kazakhstan to the United States? No Yes--List the following information. Firm name Country Affiliation Related producers.--Does your firm have any related firms, either domestic or foreign, that are I-5. engaged in the production of titanium sponge? Yes--List the following information. No Affiliation Firm name Country

I-6. <u>Importing operations</u>.--Please indicate the nature of your firm's importing operations on titanium sponge. More than one answer may be applicable.

Importer of record	Takes title to the	Consignee of the	Customs broker or
	imported product(s)	imported products(s)	freight forwarder

Firm name	Address	Contact perso and phone number
into, or withdraws such	merchandise from, foreign tra	ether your firm enters titanium spong de zones or bonded warehouses. Als nder the TIB (temporary importation
procedures that allow owell as other savings. A	lelayed or reduced customs du	nited States where firms utilize speci ty payments on foreign merchandise esigned as such pursuant to the rules
imports are stored pendother charges. A bonde	ding their re-export, or release d warehouse must be designed	y U.S. customs, where dutiable land after payment of import duties, taxe I as such pursuant to the rules and
procedures set forth in		
"Temporary Importation merchandise may be enfree of duty. Under the etc. that would otherwise merchandise within a spectrain categories of merchandises."	on under Bond ("TIB") program ntered under certain conditions program, an importer posts a l se be owed on the importation pecified time or pay liquidated	oond for twice the amount of duty, to and agrees to export or destroy the damages. This program is restricted as 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of
"Temporary Importation merchandise may be enfree of duty. Under the etc. that would otherwise merchandise within a spectrain categories of merchandises."	on under Bond ("TIB") programs tered under certain conditions program, an importer posts a lase be owed on the importation pecified time or pay liquidated erchandise listed in subheading dule of the United States (HTS)	for a limited time into the United Stoond for twice the amount of duty, to and agrees to export or destroy the damages. This program is restricted is 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of
"Temporary Importation merchandise may be enfree of duty. Under the etc. that would otherwise merchandise within a scertain categories of mediate the merchandise and the entry of the entr	on under Bond ("TIB") programs tered under certain conditions program, an importer posts a lase be owed on the importation pecified time or pay liquidated erchandise listed in subheading dule of the United States (HTS)	for a limited time into the United Stoond for twice the amount of duty, to and agrees to export or destroy the damages. This program is restricted is 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of
"Temporary Importation merchandise may be en free of duty. Under the etc. that would otherwi merchandise within a sp certain categories of me Harmonized Tariff Sche	on under Bond ("TIB") programs tered under certain conditions program, an importer posts a lase be owed on the importation pecified time or pay liquidated erchandise listed in subheading dule of the United States (HTS)	for a limited time into the United Stoond for twice the amount of duty, to and agrees to export or destroy the damages. This program is restricted is 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Jordan Harriman (202-205-2610, <u>jordan.harriman@usitc.gov</u>). **Supply all data requested on a <u>calendar-year</u> basis**.

II-1.		nationPlease identify the responsible aff may contact that individual regarding	e individual and the manner by whiching the confidential information submitted
	Name		
	Title		
	Email		
	Telephone		
	Fax		

II-2. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the importation of titanium sponge since January 1, 2014.

(check as many as appropriate)		(If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable)
	Office/warehouse openings	
	Office/warehouse closings	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Prolonged shutdowns or importation curtailments	
	Revised labor agreements	
	Other (e.g., technology)	

U.S. In	nporters' Questionnaire	-Titanium sponge				Page 8			
II-3a.		<u>Arranged imports</u> Has your firm imported or arranged for the importation of titanium sponge for delivery after June 30, 2017 ?							
	"Arranged imports" a for subject merchandi date listed above.		•	•					
	□ No □ Ye	es–Fill out the table b	pelow.						
		Qu	antity (<i>in me</i>	tric ton	ıs)				
	Period/Source	Jul-Sept 2017	Oct-Dec	2017	Jan-Mar 2018	Apr-Jun 2018			
	Japan								
	Kazakhstan								
	Other sources								
	2016 and first seven n	nonths in 2017 comb	•	port be	low by source.				
	Quantity (in metric tons)								
		Source		August 2016 through July 2017					
	Japan								
	Kazakhstan	Kazakhstan							
	Other sources								
II-4.	Reasons for importing States, please indicate source, please elabora	e the reasons for imp	•						

Definitions

"Imports" –Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty) or consignee (i.e., to which the merchandise was first delivered).

"Import quantities" –Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values" — Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"U.S. commercial shipments"— Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related domestic firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owns, manages, or otherwise controls.

"Export shipments"— Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5a. <u>U.S. imports from Japan</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of titanium sponge imported from Japan by your firm during the specified periods.

Japan

	iditity (III IIIet	ric tons), value			
		Calendar years	Januar	y-June	
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)					
Value² (I)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments: ⁴ To distributors (quantity) (M)					
To end users (<i>quantity</i>) (N)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, ² Sales to related firms (including interruses a different basis for valuing these saluses a different basis for each of the value data using that basis for each of the value data using that basis for each of the value data using that basis for each of the value data using that basis for each of the value data using that basis for each of the value data using that basis for each of the value data using that basis for each of the value data using the value data us	nal consumptior es within your c ch of the period	n) must be valued company, please	specify that basis		

⁴ Inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms.

II-5a. **U.S. imports from Japan.**—**Continued**

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	(Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-5b. <u>U.S. shipments by grade: Japan</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of titanium sponge from Japan by grade.

Japan

	Quantity (<i>in metric to</i>	ons) and value	(in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	1	January-June	
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
U.S. shipments: Premium Grade: Quantity (O)					
Value (P)					
Standard Grade: Quantity (Q)					
Value (R)					

<u>RECONCILIATION OF GRADES</u>.--Please ensure that the data reported for U.S. shipments by grade (i.e., lines O through R) each time period equal the data reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Quantity: $O + Q - D - F - H = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0
Value: $P + R - E - G - I = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-6a. <u>U.S. imports from Kazakhstan</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of titanium sponge imported from Kazakhstan by your firm during the specified periods.

Kazakhstan

Q	uantity (<i>in met</i>	ric tons), value	(in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	Januar	y-June	
ltem	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories					
(quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹					
Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments:					
Commercial shipments:					
Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption: ²					
Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Transfers to related firms: ²					
Quantity (H)					
Value² (I)					
Export shipments: ³					
Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories					
(quantity) (L)					
Channels of distribution:					
U.S. shipments: ⁴					
To distributors (<i>quantity</i>) (M)					
To end users (<i>quantity</i>) (N)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Sales to related firms (including interuses a different basis for valuing these sa	nal consumption ales within your c	n) must be valued company, please	specify that basis		
provide value data using that basis for ea		s noted above: _	·		
 Identify your firm's principal export in Inclusive of commercial U.S. shipmer 		umption, and tra	nsfers to related	firms.	

II-6a. U.S. imports from Kazakhstan.-Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	(Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-6b. <u>U.S. shipments by grade: Kazakhstan</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of titanium sponge from Kazakhstan by grade.

Kazakhstan

(Quantity (in metric to	ons) and value	(in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	}	January-June	
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
U.S. shipments: Premium Grade: Quantity (O)					
Value (P)					
Standard Grade: Quantity (Q)					
Value (R)					

<u>RECONCILIATION OF GRADES</u>.--Please ensure that the data reported for U.S. shipments by grade (i.e., lines O through R) each time period equal the data reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Quantity: $O + Q - D - F - H = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0
Value: $P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if$					
not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-7a. <u>U.S. imports from all other sources</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of titanium sponge imported from **all other sources** by your firm during the specified periods.

ALL OTHER SOURCES

(list sources:)
-	

		Calendar years	<u> </u>	Januar	v-lune
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)					
Value² (I)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (M)					
To end users (quantity) (N)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Sales to related firms (including inter- uses a different basis for valuing these sa provide value data using that basis for ea ³ Identify your firm's principal export n	nal consumptior les within your c ch of the period narkets:	n) must be valued company, please :	specify that basis 	(e.g., cost, cost pl	

⁴ Inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms.

II-7a. <u>U.S. imports from all other sources</u>.—*Continued*

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-June	
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-June	
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-7b. <u>U.S. shipments by grade: All other sources</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of titanium sponge from all other sources by grade.

All other sources

	Quantity (in metric to	ons) and value	(in \$1,000)			
		Calendar years			January-June	
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017	
U.S. shipments: Premium Grade: Quantity (O)						
Value (P)						
Standard Grade: Quantity (Q)						
Value (R)						

<u>RECONCILIATION OF GRADES</u>.--Please ensure that the data reported for U.S. shipments by grade (i.e., lines O through R) each time period equal the data reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "O"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-June	
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Quantity: $O + Q - D - F - H = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0
Value: $P + R - E - G - I = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-8.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part II
	that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the
	explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your
	firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with
	the MS Word questionnaire.

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Emily Burke (202-205-3191, Emily.Burke@usitc.gov).

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

PRICE DATA

- III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2014 of the following products your firm imported from Japan and/or Kazakhstan:
 - **Product 1.--** Premium Quality Titanium Sponge that has been certified for use in critical rotating aero-engine end-use applications and does not contain more than, by percentage of weight, any of the following:

Al: 0.03; C: 0.02; Cl: 0.120; Fe: 0.080; H2O: 0.020; Mg: 0.060; N: 0.015; O: 0.08; Si: 0.04; Sn: 0.286; Ni: 0.03; H: 0.020; Cr: 0.030.

<u>Product 2</u>.-- Standard Quality Titanium Sponge that has not been certified for use in critical aero-engine end-use applications and/or contains more than, by percentage of weight, any of the following:

Al: 0.03; C: 0.02; Cl: 0.120; Fe: 0.080; H2O: 0.020; Mg: 0.060; N: 0.015; O: 0.08; Si: 0.04; Sn: 0.286; Ni: 0.03; H: 0.020; Cr: 0.030.

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> <u>point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

During January 2014-June 2017, did your firm import from Japan and/or Kazakhstan and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products (or any products that were competitive with these products)?

YesPlease complete the following pricing data table(s) as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2(a). <u>Price data (Japan)</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Japan and sold by your firm.

Japan

Report data in kilograms (not metric tons) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

(Quantity <i>in kilogram,</i> value <i>in dollars</i>)						
	Produ	ict 1	Produ	ct 2		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						
April-June						
1						

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Note.--If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:

Product 2:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2(a). <u>Price data (Kazakhstan)</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Kazakhstan and sold by your firm.

Kazakhstan

Report data in *kilograms* (not metric tons) and *actual dollars* (not 1,000s).

(Quantity <i>in kilogram,</i> value <i>in dollars</i>)						
	Produ	ict 1	Produ	ıct 2		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						
April-June						
1 Not values (i.e. gross sal	laa waliwaa laaa all al'aaawa			-l£l		

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Note.--If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:

Product 2:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2 (b). <u>Price data checklist.</u>--Please check that the pricing data in question III-2(a) has been correctly reported.

	Is the price data reported above:	√ if Yes
	In actual dollars (not \$1,000)?	
	In kilograms (<i>not</i> metric tons)?	
	F.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., does not include U.S. transport costs)?	
	Net of all discounts and rebates?	
	Have returns credited to the quarter in which the sale occurred?	
	Less than reported commercial shipments in question II-5 in each year?	
III-2(c).	Pricing data methodologyPlease describe the method and the kinds of docume that were used to compile your price data.	ents/records

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

Product 1: Product 2:

III-3(a)	(a). <u>Imports for internal use or repackaging.</u> Did your firm import titanium sponge for internal consumption or repackaging since January 1, 2014?			
	YesPlease complete the following table(s) as appropriate.			
	NoSkip to question III-4.			

Report below the import data¹ for pricing products² imported from Japan and/or Kazakhstan and used by your own firm or sold at retail. These are imports that your firm does not resell as titanium sponge.

Please note that values should be <u>landed</u>, <u>duty-paid</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid by your firm (i.e., should be net of all returns, discounts, allowances, and rebates).

Japan

Report data in kilograms (not metric tons) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quanti	ty <i>in kilogram,</i> value <i>in dolla</i>	rs)	
	Pro	oduct 1	Product 2	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Landed, duty-paid (LDP) value ¹	Quantity	Landed, duty-paid (LDP) value ¹
2014:	-		-	
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2015:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2016:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
2017:				
January-March				
April-June				
insurance costs paid for interr	national transportation			
value of your firm's imports a Pricing product definition				

Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

III-3(a). Imports for internal use or repackaging.--Continued

Kazakhstan

Report data in *kilograms* (not metric tons) and *actual dollars* (not 1,000s).

	(Quantit	ty in kilogram, value in dolla	rs)	
	Pro	oduct 1	Pro	oduct 2
Period of shipment	Quantity	Landed, duty-paid (LDP) value ¹	Quantity	Landed, duty-paid (LDP) value ¹
2014:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2015:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2016:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
2017:				
January-March				
April-June				
¹ LDP value (<i>i.e.,</i> landed d	uty-paid values) repre	esents the cost paid to the fo	reign supplier(s) plus	s any freight and

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified produ	ct
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	

riouuct 1.	Product	1:
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Product 2:

¹ LDP value (*i.e.*, landed duty-paid values) represents the cost paid to the foreign supplier(s) plus any freight and insurance costs paid for international transportation as well as all Customs duties and fees. LDP value represents the f.o.b. value of your firm's imports at the U.S. port of entry after clearing Customs.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

value.

III-3(b). Additional costs for your firm's direct imports of titanium sponge for your firm's internal use or repackaging.

(i)	If your firm reported direct import costs above (question III-3a), please identify the
	factors that add to your cost of importing directly since January 1, 2014, estimate the
	share of the cost of the landed duty-paid value, and explain the specific costs associated
	with each category.

Factors	Estimated share of landed duty-paid value (percent)	Explanation
Logistical or supply chain costs		
Warehousing costs		
Insurance costs		
Currency conversion costs		
Other		

U.S. importers	U.S. producers	Both	Neither
	he benefits of direc	,	
		,	
•		,	

(c) Explain any variation in the margin saved since January 1, 2014.	

sponge instead of purchasing from a U.S. importer. _____ percent of landed duty-paid

U.S. Import	ers' Questionna	aire – Titanium sponge
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(iv)	What is the approximate percentage of the total cost titanium sponge that you directly
	imported from Japan and/or Kazakhstan that is accounted for by U.S. inland
	transportation or other logistics costs from the port of importation to your distribution
	network or retail store?

Country	Percent
Japan	%
Kazakhstan	%

(v)	Did you	ur firm pui [_		·	roducer since January 1, 2014 es Lost Revenue questionnaire
	(check o		•		•	it charges for sales of titanium ease submit sample pages of a
b	action by action	Contrac	Set price lists	Other		If other, describe
Ann tot Quantity volu						
	ntity	Annual total volume	No discount		your firm's disc	count policies (<i>check all that a</i>
Quan	ntity	Annual total	No		your firm's disc	count policies (<i>check all that a</i>
Quan	terms	Annual total volume discounts - are your fin	No discount policy	Other		
Quan discou	terms What a	Annual total volume discounts The re your fine Kazakhsta	No discount policy m's typical san?	Other		Describe

If f.o.b., specify point

Kazakhstan usually quoted (check one)?

F.o.b.

Delivered

III-7. <u>Contract versus spot.</u>--Approximately what share of your firm's sales of titanium sponge imported from Japan and/or Kazakhstan in 2016 was on a (1) long-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) short-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

	Type of sale					
	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum t 100.0%	ld o
Share of 2016 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

III-8. <u>Contract provisions.</u>—Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for titanium sponge from (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a long-term, short-term and/or annual contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
aa, e. p. 100	Both			
Meet or release	Yes			
provision	No			
Not applicab	le			

III-9. <u>Lead times.</u>--What is your firm's share of sales of titanium sponge imported from Japan and/or Kazakhstan from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of titanium sponge?

Source	Share of 2016 sales	Lead time (Average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

III-10. Shipping information.—	III-10.	Ship	ping	inforn	nation	_
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firm's U.S. point of shipment.

(a)	What is the approximate percentage of the cost of titanium sponge imported from Japan and/or Kazakhstan that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs? percent.
(b)	Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations? Your firm Purchaser (check one)
(c)	When your firm sells titanium sponge imported from Japan and/or Kazakhstan, from where is it shipped? Point of importation Storage facility (check one)
(d)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of titanium sponge imported from Japan and/or Kazakhstan that are delivered the following distances from your

Distance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Share
Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

III-11.	Geographical shipments. In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold titanium
	sponge imported from subject countries since January 1, 2014 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	Japan	Kazakhstan
NortheastCT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.		
Midwest.–IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.		
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.		
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.		
Mountains.—AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.		
Pacific Coast.—CA, OR, and WA.		
Other .—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.		

III-12. End uses.—

(a) List the end uses of the titanium sponge that your firm imports. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by titanium sponge and other inputs?

	Share of total cost of end-use product accounted for by		Total
End use product	Titanium sponge	Other inputs	(should sum to 100.0% across)
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

(b) If your firm sells any downstream products that are made using titanium sponge (e.g., the above listed end uses)?

	Yes
No	(if Yes, please answer below)

(c) Are the prices for your firm's downstream products indexed to the price of titanium sponge?

No	Yes	If Yes, describe

	U.S. Imլ	porters' Questionnaire – Titanium sponge				ponge					Page 30
	III-13.	<u>Substitutes</u> Can other products be su				e substitut	ed fo	r ti	taniu	m sp	oonge?
] No		YesPl	ease fill ou	t the t	tab	le.		
				E	nd use in v	vhich this				_	es in the price of this substitute the price for titanium sponge?
		Substitute			substitute is used		N	o	Yes		Explanation
	1.]			
	2.										
	3.										
	III-14. <u>Demand trends.</u> Indicate how demand within the United States and outside of the United States (if known) for titanium sponge has changed since January 1, 2014. Explain any trends and describe the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand.							ry 1, 2014. Explain any trends and			
	Marke	t		erall ease	No change	Overall decrease		uctuate with o clear trend		-	Explanation and factors
Within	the Unit	ed States]								
Outside	the Uni	ted States	[
	III-15.	Product ch marketing	_						ange	s in t	the product range, product mix or
		No	Yes	If y	es, please	describe.					
			n spon	ge market	-			-		other than general economy-wide tive to titanium sponge?	
		Check all	that ap	ply.		Please	desc	rib	e.		
			No			Skip to	ques	tic	n III-:	17.	
			Yes-Bu season		cycles (e.g iness)	3.					
					stinctive competiti	on					

П	١ς	Importers'	Question	nnaire 🗕	Titanium	snonge
U	·.J.	IIIIporters	Questioi	IIIaii E —	ııtaınıunı	Spuilge

(b)	If yes, have there been any changes in the business cycles or conditions of competition for
	titanium sponge since January 1, 2014?

No	Yes	If yes, describe.

III-17. <u>Supply constraints.</u>—Has your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply titanium sponge since January 1, 2014 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order entry," declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the quantity promised, being unable to meet timely shipment commitments, etc.)?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-18. Raw materials.--How have titanium sponge raw material prices changed since January 1, 2014?

Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for titanium sponge.
	l —			

III-19. <u>Interchangeability</u>.--Is titanium sponge produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Japan	Kazakhstan	Other countries
United States			
Japan			
Kazakhstan			
For any country	y-pair producing titanium s	ponge that is sometimes or	never interchangeable,

For any country-pair producing titanium sponge that is sometimes or never interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude interchangeable use:

III-20. <u>Factors other than price</u>.--Are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between titanium sponge produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Japan	Kazakhstan	Other countries
United States			
Japan			
Kazakhstan			

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's sales of titanium sponge, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-21. <u>Customer identification.</u>--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for titanium sponge since January 1, 2014. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's total shipments of titanium sponge that each of these customers accounted for in 2016.

	Customer's name	Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2016 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

III-22.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.
	The more questioning is

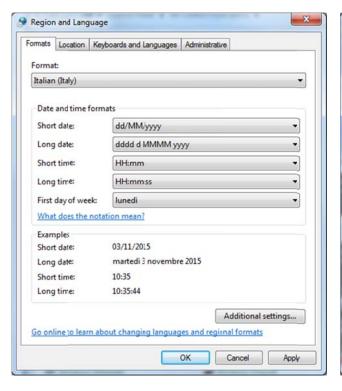
Correcting Valid number error messages.—If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The US International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

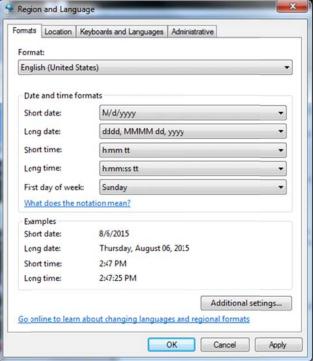
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tak
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the questionnaire. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2017/titanium_sponge_japan_and_kazak hstan/preliminary.htm

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: SPONGE

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to <u>jordan.harriman@usitc.gov</u>; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm did not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.