U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

RUBBER BANDS FROM CHINA, SRI LANKA, AND THAILAND

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by February 13, 2018

See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its antidumping and countervailing duty investigations concerning rubber bands from China, Sri Lanka, and Thailand (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-598-600 and 731-TA-1408-1410 (Preliminary)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

City	State Zip Code
Website	
·	rubber bands (as defined on next page) and/or select excluded rubber band products (a rom any country at any time since January 1, 2015?
NO (Sign the	certification below and promptly return only this page of the questionnaire to the Commission)
YES (Complete	te all parts of the questionnaire and return the entire questionnaire to the Commission)
hat the information he	CERTIFICATION erein supplied in response to this questionnaire is complete and correct to the b
e and belief and unders this certification I also on provided in this ques ission on the same or si	erein supplied in response to this questionnaire is complete and correct to the betand that the information submitted is subject to audit and verification by the Commo grant consent for the Commission, and its employees and contract personnel, the citionnaire and throughout this proceeding in any other import-injury proceedings cormilar merchandise.
e and belief and unders this certification I also on provided in this questission on the same or sidersigned, acknowledge g or other proceedings (a) for developing or mand evaluations relatin 3; or (ii) by U.S. governing	erein supplied in response to this questionnaire is complete and correct to the betand that the information submitted is subject to audit and verification by the Commo grant consent for the Commission, and its employees and contract personnel, the stionnaire and throughout this proceeding in any other import-injury proceedings cor
e and belief and unders this certification I also on provided in this questission on the same or sidersigned, acknowledge g or other proceedings (a) for developing or mand evaluations relatin 3; or (ii) by U.S. governing	erein supplied in response to this questionnaire is complete and correct to the betand that the information submitted is subject to audit and verification by the Commo grant consent for the Commission, and its employees and contract personnel, to the tionnaire and throughout this proceeding in any other import-injury proceedings committed in response to this request for information and throughout that information submitted in response to this request for information and through may be disclosed to and used: (i) by the Commission, its employees and Offices, and initialized the records of this or a related proceeding, or (b) in internal investigation g to the programs, personnel, and operations of the Commission including under the memory and contract personnel, solely for cybersecurity purposes. I understant

PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.--This proceeding was instituted in response to a petition filed on January 30, 2018 by Alliance Rubber Co., Hot Springs, Arkansas. Antidumping and countervailing duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of dumping and subsidization. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2018/rubber_bands_china_sri_lanka_and_thailand/preliminary.htm.

Rubber bands covered by the scope of these investigations are defined as bands made of vulcanized rubber, with a flat length, as measured end-to-end by the band lying flat, no less than 1/2 inch and no greater than 10 inches; with a width, which measures the dimension perpendicular to the length, of at least 3/64 inch and no greater than 2 inches; and a wall thickness from 0.020 inch to 0.125 inch. Vulcanized rubber has been chemically processed into a more durable material by the addition of sulfur or other equivalent curatives or accelerators. Subject products are included regardless of color or inclusion of printed material. The scope includes vulcanized rubber bands which are contained or otherwise exist in various fowls and packages, such as, without limitation, vulcanized rubber bands included within a desk accessory set or other type of set or package, and vulcanized rubber band balls, but excludes Bedford Elastitags®, and bands that are being used at the time of import to fasten an imported product.

Rubber bands are currently imported under statistical reporting number 4016.99.3510 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). The HTSUS provisions are for convenience and customs purposes; the written description of the scope is dispositive.

<u>Select excluded (or out-of-scope) rubber band products</u> are as follows: (1) Vulcanized rubber bands with a flat length less than 1/2 inches or greater than 10 inches, a width less than 3/64 inches or greater than 2 inches, or a wall thickness less than 0.020 inches or greater than 0.125 inches ("Excluded vulcanized rubber bands"); (2) Bedford Elastitags®; and (3) Non-latex rubber bands.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing rubber bands (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Reporting of information.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages.</u>--If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Amanda Lawrence (202-205-3185, amanda.lawrence@usitc.gov).

I-1. <u>OMB statistics</u>.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars		

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

symbol.		
	facility of a firm involved in the <u>imparted</u> in the imparted in conjunction with (whether o	
	rm owned, in whole or in part, by an sList the following information	y other firm?
Firm name	Address	Extent of ownership (percent)
foreign, that are engage United States or that a to the United States?	portersDoes your firm have any reged in importing rubber bands from the engaged in exporting rubber bands.	China, Sri Lanka, and Thailand in
Firm name	Country	Affiliation

	- Rubber Bands (Prelimir	iary)	
Related producersDo		lated firms, either domes	tic or foreign, tha
	List the following inforr	nation.	
Firm name	Country		Affiliation
Importing operations -	-Please indicate the natu	re of your firm's importin	g onerations on a
bands. More than one	Takes title to the	Consignee of the	Customs brok
	answer may be applicabl	e.	Customs brok
Importer of record ConsigneeIf your firm	Takes title to the imported product(s)	Consignee of the	Customs broke freight forward the consignee,
Importer of record ConsigneeIf your firm please list the consignee	Takes title to the imported product(s)	Consignee of the imported products(s)	Customs broke freight forward freight forward freight forward freight forward freight
Importer of record ConsigneeIf your firm please list the consigner contact).	Takes title to the imported product(s) in is an importer of recordes below (firm name, additional and the set of the importer of of the impor	Consignee of the imported products(s)	Customs broke freight forward the consignee, and individual to Contact personand phone
Importer of record ConsigneeIf your firm please list the consigner contact).	Takes title to the imported product(s) in is an importer of recordes below (firm name, additional and the set of the importer of of the	Consignee of the imported products(s)	Customs broke freight forward the consignee, and individual to Contact personand phone

I-8. <u>FTZ, TIB, or bonded warehouses</u>.--Please indicate whether your firm enters rubber bands into, or withdraws such merchandise from, foreign trade zones or bonded warehouses. Also indicate whether your firm imports rubber bands under the TIB (temporary importation under bond) program.

"Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise, as well as other savings. A foreign trade zone must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.

"Bonded warehouse" is a secured facility supervised by U.S. customs, where dutiable landed imports are stored pending their re-export, or release after payment of import duties, taxes, and other charges. A bonded warehouse must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in 19 U.S.C. § 1555.

"Temporary Importation under Bond ("TIB") program" is a procedure whereby imported merchandise may be entered under certain conditions for a limited time into the United States free of duty. Under the program, an importer posts a bond for twice the amount of duty, taxes, etc. that would otherwise be owed on the importation and agrees to export or destroy the merchandise within a specified time or pay liquidated damages. This program is restricted to certain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS).

Item	No	Yes
Foreign trade zones		
Bonded warehouses		
Temporary importation under bond		

I-9.	Other trade actions To your knowledge, have the products subject to this proceeding been the subject of any other import relief proceedings in the United States or in any other countries?		
	☐ No	Yes-Please specify.	

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Amanda Lawrence (202-205-3185, amanda.lawrence@usitc.gov). Supply all data requested on a calendar-year basis.

II-1.	Commission s	 ponsible individual and the manner by which regarding the confidential information subm	
	in part II.		
	Name		
	Title		
	Email		
	Telephone		
	Fax		

II-2. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the importation of rubber bands since January 1, 2015.

(check as many as appropriate)		(If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable)
	Office/warehouse openings	
	Office/warehouse closings	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Prolonged shutdowns or importation curtailments	
	Revised labor agreements	
	Other (e.g., technology)	

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II-3. <u>Arranged imports</u> Has your firm imported or arranged for the importation of in-scope rubber bands for delivery after December 31, 2017 ?						
		rchandise, but delive	ery of those imports i	s placed an order with	•	
		C	Quantity (in pounds)			
Peri	iod/Source	Jan-Mar 2018	Apr-June 2018	July-Sept 2018	Oct-Dec 2018	
China						
Sri Lanl	ка					
Thailan	d					
All othe	er sources ¹					
¹ List o	ther country so	urces: .				
II-4.		indicate the reasons	•	oduces rubber bands oduct. If your firm's r		

Definitions

"Imports" –Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty) or consignee (i.e., to which the merchandise was first delivered).

"Import quantities" –Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values" — Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"Bulk commercial U.S. shipments" – Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report <u>net values</u> (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment. For the purposes of this questionnaire, bulk commercial U.S. shipments should include sales to distributors, to end users, and to retail establishments, whether or not already packaged for retail sale, but should not include sales made at the retail level of trade to individual customers (including to other businesses).

"Internal consumption / including for retail sale" -- Product consumed internally by your firm and product that is destined for sale by your firm at a retail level to individual consumers. Such transactions should be valued at fair market value of the bulk rubber bands (i.e., not the retail price).

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related domestic firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" – A firm that your firm solely or jointly owns, manages, or otherwise controls.

"Export shipments"— Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5a. <u>U.S. imports from China</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of in-scope rubber bands imported from China by your firm during the specified periods.

China

Quantity (in pounds), value (in dollars)			
	Calendar years		
Item	2015	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)			
Imports: ¹			
Quantity (B)			
Value (C)			
U.S. shipments:			
Bulk commercial shipments:			
Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
Internal consumption / including for retail sale			
by your firm: ²			
Quantity (F)			
Value ² (G)			
Transfers to related firms: ²			
Quantity (H)			
Value ² (I)			
Export shipments: ³			
Quantity (J)			
Value (K)			
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)			
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known: ² Internal consumption and transfers to related firms different basis for valuing these transactions in your rec ———. However, the data provided above in this table is a lidentify your firm's principal export markets:	ords, please speci	fy that basis (e.g., cos	

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.—Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal				
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	
1				

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

II-5b. Channels of distribution: China.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of bulk commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of in-scope rubber bands from China by channel of distribution. If your firm is a retailer and directly imports in-scope rubber bands for use in your own or a related firm's retail locations, please report those as U.S. shipments "To retailers" here.

China

Quantity (in pounds)			
	Calendar years		
Item 2015			2017
Channels of distribution:			
U.S. shipments:			
To distributors (M)			
To retailers and office supply stores: branded¹ (N)			
To retailers and office supply stores: private label ¹ (O)			
To end users: agricultural/floral/grocery (P)			
To end users: industrial/hardware/construction (Q)			
To end users: newspaper/packaging/stationery ² (R)			
To end users: all other end users ³ (S)			

¹Include stationery stores, such as Staples, Office Depot, etc., in retail category.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M through S) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017
M + N + O + P + Q + R + S - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

² Include end users, such as government or post offices, that purchase rubber bands for stationery use in end users category.

³Please specify the other types of end users:_____

II-5c. <u>U.S. shipments by product size: China</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of in-scope rubber bands from China by product size.

China

Quantity (in pounds)			
Item	Calendar year 2017		
U.S. shipments Rubber bands balls (T)			
Other than rubber band balls: Sizes 8 through 19 and 117-A ¹ (U)			
Sizes 27 through 33 and 117-B ² (V)			
All other sizes (W) ³			

 $^{^1}$ Sizes 8 through 19 and 117-A, based on common industry standards, have a width of 1/16". Lengths are as follows: size 8-7/8", size 10-1 ¼", size 12-1 ¾", size 14-2", size 16-2 ½", size 18-3", size 19-3 ½", and size 117-A-7".

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for US shipments by product type (i.e., lines T through W) in 2017 equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in 2017 in question II-7. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2017
Quantity: $T + U + V + W - D - F - H = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0

² Sizes 27 through 33 and 117-B, based on common industry standards, have a width of 1/8". Lengths are as follows: size $27-1\,\%$ ", size 30-2", size $31-2\,\%$ ", size 32-3", size $33-3\,\%$ ", and size 117-B-7".

³ Please specify the other sizes:_____

II-6a. <u>U.S. imports from Sri Lanka</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of in-scope rubber bands imported from Sri Lanka by your firm during the specified periods.

Sri Lanka

Quantity (in pounds), value (in dollars)			
	Calendar years		
ltem	2015	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)			
Imports: ¹			
Quantity (B)			
Value (C)			
U.S. shipments:			
Bulk commercial shipments:			
Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
Internal consumption / including for retail sale			
by your firm: ²			
Quantity (F)			
Value ² (G)			
Transfers to related firms: ²			
Quantity (H)			
Value ² (I)			
Export shipments: ³			
Quantity (J)			
Value (K)			
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)			
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known: ² Internal consumption and transfers to related firms must be valued at fair market value. If your firm uses a different basis for valuing these transactions in your records, please specify that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus, etc.): However, the data provided above in this table should be based on fair market value. ³ Identify your firm's principal export markets:			

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.—Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1		0	0	
,				

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:

II-6b. <u>Channels of distribution: Sri Lanka</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of bulk commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of in-scope rubber bands from Sri Lanka by channel of distribution. If your firm is a retailer and directly imports rubber bands for use in your own or a related firm's retail locations, please report those as U.S. shipments "To retailers" here.

Sri Lanka

Quantity (in pounds)			
	Calendar years		
Item	2015	2016	2017
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments: To distributors (M)			
To retailers and office supply stores: branded ¹ (N)			
To retailers and office supply stores: private label ¹ (O)			
To end users: agricultural/floral/grocery (P)			
To end users: industrial/hardware/construction (Q)			
To end users: newspaper/packaging/stationery ² (R)			
To end users: all other end users ³ (S)			
1 Include stationers stores such as Charles Office Danet stationers	L-11 L	•	•

¹Include stationery stores, such as Staples, Office Depot, etc., in retail category.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M through S) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017
M + N + O + P + Q + R + S - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

² Include end users, such as government or post offices, that purchase rubber bands for stationery use in end users category.

³Please specify the other types of end users:_____

II-6c. <u>U.S. shipments by product size: Sri Lanka</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of in-scope rubber bands from Sri Lanka by product size.

Sri Lanka

Quantity (in pounds)			
Item	Calendar year 2017		
U.S. shipments			
Rubber bands balls (T)			
Other than rubber band balls: Sizes 8 through 19 and 117-A ¹ (U)			
Sizes 27 through 33 and 117-B ² (V)			
All other sizes (W) ³			

 $^{^1}$ Sizes 8 through 19 and 117-A, based on common industry standards, have a width of 1/16". Lengths are as follows: size 8-7/8", size 10-1 ¼", size 12-1 ¾", size 14-2", size 16-2 ½", size 18-3", size 19-3 ½", and size 117-A-7".

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for US shipments by product type (i.e., lines T through W) in 2017 equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in 2017 in question II-7. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2017
Quantity: $T + U + V + W - D - F - H = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0

² Sizes 27 through 33 and 117-B, based on common industry standards, have a width of 1/8". Lengths are as follows: size $27-1\,\%$ ", size 30-2", size $31-2\,\%$ ", size 32-3", size $33-3\,\%$ ", and size 117-B-7".

³Please specify the other sizes:______

II-7a. <u>U.S. imports from Thailand</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of in-scope rubber bands imported from Thailand by your firm during the specified periods.

Thailand

Quantity (in pounds), value (in dollars)			
	Calendar years		
ltem	2015	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)			
Imports: ¹			
Quantity (B)			
Value (C)			
U.S. shipments:			
Bulk commercial shipments:			
Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
Internal consumption / including for retail sale			
by your firm: ²			
Quantity (F)			
Value ² (G)			
Transfers to related firms: ²			
Quantity (H)			
Value ² (I)			
Export shipments: ³			
Quantity (J)			
Value (K)			
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)			
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known: ² Internal consumption and transfers to related firm different basis for valuing these transactions in your re However, the data provided above in this table ³ Identify your firm's principal export markets:	s must be valued a cords, please speci should be based o	ify that basis (e.g., cos	

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.—Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1		0	0	
,				

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: .

II-7b. <u>Channels of distribution: Thailand</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of bulk commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of in-scope rubber bands from Thailand by channel of distribution. If your firm is a retailer and directly imports in-scope rubber bands for use in your own or a related firm's retail locations, please report those as U.S. shipments "To retailers" here.

Thailand

Quantity (in pounds)			
	Calendar years		
ltem	2015	2016	2017
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments: To distributors (M)			
To retailers and office supply stores: branded ¹ (N)			
To retailers and office supply stores: private label ¹ (O)			
To end users: agricultural/floral/grocery (P)			
To end users: industrial/hardware/construction (Q)			
To end users: newspaper/packaging/stationery ² (R)			
To end users: all other end users ³ (S)			
1 Include stationers stores such as Charles Office Danet stationers	L-11 L	•	•

¹Include stationery stores, such as Staples, Office Depot, etc., in retail category.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M through S) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017
M + N + O + P + Q + R + S - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

² Include end users, such as government or post offices, that purchase rubber bands for stationery use in end users category.

³Please specify the other types of end users:_____

II-7c. <u>U.S. shipments by product size: Thailand</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of in-scope rubber bands from Thailand by product size.

Thailand

Quantity (in pound	ds)
Item	Calendar year 2017
U.S. shipments	
Rubber bands balls (T)	
Other than rubber band balls: Sizes 8 through 19 and 117-A ¹ (U)	
Sizes 27 through 33 and 117-B ² (V)	
All other sizes (W) ³	

 $^{^1}$ Sizes 8 through 19 and 117-A, based on common industry standards, have a width of 1/16". Lengths are as follows: size 8-7/8", size 10-1 ¼", size 12-1 ¾", size 14-2", size 16-2 ½", size 18-3", size 19-3 ½", and size 117-A-7".

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for US shipments by product type (i.e., lines T through W) in 2017 equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in 2017 in question II-7. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2017
Quantity: $T + U + V + W - D - F - H = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0

² Sizes 27 through 33 and 117-B, based on common industry standards, have a width of 1/8". Lengths are as follows: size $27-1\,\%$ ", size 30-2", size $31-2\,\%$ ", size 32-3", size $33-3\,\%$ ", and size 117-B-7".

³Please specify the other sizes:______

II-8a. <u>U.S. imports from all other sources</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of in-scope rubber bands imported from all other sources by your firm during the specified periods.

All other sources

Item Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A) Imports: Quantity (B) Value (C) U.S. shipments: Bulk commercial shipments: Quantity (D) Value (E)	2015	Calendar years 2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A) Imports: Quantity (B) Value (C) U.S. shipments: Bulk commercial shipments: Quantity (D)	2015	2016	2017
Imports: 1 Quantity (B) Value (C) U.S. shipments: Bulk commercial shipments: Quantity (D)			
Quantity (B) Value (C) U.S. shipments: Bulk commercial shipments: Quantity (D)			
Value (C) U.S. shipments: Bulk commercial shipments: Quantity (D)			
U.S. shipments: Bulk commercial shipments: Quantity (D)			
Bulk commercial shipments: Quantity (D)			
Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
Internal consumption / including for retail sale			
by your firm: ²			
Quantity (F)			
Value ² (G)			
Transfers to related firms: ²			
Quantity (H)			
Value ² (I)			
Export shipments: ³			
Quantity (J)			
Value (K)			
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)			
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known:		•	
² Internal consumption and transfers to related firms mus	t be valued at	fair market value. If	your firm use

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	
zero (o) or provide all explanation.	0	0	0	

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: .

II-8b. Channels of distribution: All other sources.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of bulk commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of in-scope rubber bands from all other sources by channel of distribution. If your firm is a retailer and directly imports in-scope rubber bands for use in your own or a related firm's retail locations, please report those as U.S. shipments "To retailers" here.

All other sources

Quantity (in pounds)			
	Calendar years		s
Item	2015	2016	2017
Channels of distribution:			
U.S. shipments:			
To distributors (M)			
To retailers and office supply stores: branded ¹ (N)			
To retailers and office supply stores: private label ¹ (O)			
To end users: agricultural/floral/grocery (P)			
To end users: industrial/hardware/construction (Q)			
To end users: newspaper/packaging/stationery ² (R)			
To end users: all other end users ³ (S)			
1	•		•

¹Include stationery stores, such as Staples, Office Depot, etc., in retail category.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M through S) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017
M + N + O + P + Q + R + S - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

² Include end users, such as government or post offices, that purchase rubber bands for stationery use in end users category.

³Please specify the other types of end users:_____

³Please specify the other sizes:___

II-8c. <u>U.S. shipments by product size: All other sources</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports of in-scope rubber bands from all other sources by product size.

All other sources

Quantity (in pounds)	
Calendar year 2017	
ave a width of $1/16$ ". Lengths are $-2 \frac{1}{2}$ ", size $18-3$ ", size $19-3 \frac{1}{2}$ ", nave a width of $1/8$ ". Lengths are $3 \frac{1}{2}$ ", and size $117-8-7$ ".	

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for US shipments by product type (i.e., lines T through W) in 2017 equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in 2017 in question II-7. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2017
Quantity: $T + U + V + W - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not$	
revise.	0

Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part I that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with
the MS Word questionnaire.

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Lauren Gamache (202-205-3489, lauren.gamache@usitc.gov).

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

PRICE DATA

- III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2015 of the following products your firm imported from China, Sri Lanka, and/or Thailand:
 - **Product 1.--** Size #32 rubber bands (3" x 1/8"), natural/latex, sold in 1 lb. poly bags
 - Product 2.-- Size #33 rubber bands (3 1/2" x 1/8"), natural/latex, sold in 1 lb. poly bags
 - Product 3.-- Size #64 rubber bands (3 1/2" x 1/4"), natural/latex, sold in 1 lb. poly bags
 - <u>Product 4.--</u> Size #18 rubber bands (3" x 1/16"), newspaper size, natural/latex, sold in 1 lb. poly bags
 - **Product 5.--** Size #14 rubber bands (2" x 1/16"), agricultural size, natural/latex, sold in 1 lb. poly bags
 - **Product 6.--** Size #16, rubber bands (2 1/2" x 1/16"), agricultural size, natural /latex, sold in 1 lb. poly bags

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> <u>point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

During January 2015-December 2017, did your firm import from China, Sri Lanka, and Thailand and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products (or any products that were competitive with these products)?

YesPlease complete the following pricing data table(s) as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2(a). <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China and sold by your firm.

China

Report data in pounds and do	ollars.					
	(Quanti	ity <i>in pounds,</i> v	value in dollars)			
	Product 1		Product 2		Prod	uct 3
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
	(Quanti	ity in pounds, v	value in dollars)			
	Produ	uct 4	Produ	ct 5	Prod	luct 6
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:					ļ	
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales valu	ues less all discoι	unts, allowance	es, rebates, prepa	id freight, and	the value of ret	turned goods),
f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipme	ent.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
² Pricing product definitions are	provided on the	first page of Pa	art IV.			
NoteIf your firm's product doe	es not exactly me	et the product	t specifications hu	ıt is comnetiti	ve with the sner	rified product
provide a description of your firm's p						
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,,			
Draduct 1.			roduct 1.			
Product 1:		PI	roduct 4:			
Product 2:		Pi	roduct 5:			
Product 3:		Pi	roduct 6:			

III-2(b). <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Sri Lanka and sold by your firm.

Sri Lanka

Report data in pounds and dollars

January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity		(Quanti	ty in pounds, v	alue in dollars)			
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January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity	Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December (Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Period of shipment Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity Valu	2015:						
July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December October-December 2018: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2019: January-March April-June July-September October-December October-December 2019: July-September October-December October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2018: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2019: July-September October-December 2010: July-September October-December 3 July-September October-December 4 July-September October-December 5 July-September October-December 6 July-September October-December 7 July-September October-December Octobe	January-March						
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January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December (Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Period of shipment Quantity Value Quan	October-December						
April-June July-September October-December October-Decemb	2016:						
July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2018: Period of shipment Period of shipment Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Quan							
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2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December Period of shipment Quantity Product 4 Product 5 Perioduct 5 Product 6 Quantity Value Quantity Quantity Value Quantity Quantity Value Quantity Quantity Value Quantity Quantity Valu							
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April-June July-September October-December Quantity in pounds, value in dollars	2017:						
July-September	·						
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Quantity in pounds, value in dollars Period of shipment							
Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity Quantity Value Quantity Quantit	October-December	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
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January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2018: January-March April-June July-September October-December 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), fo.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 2: Product 5:	Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2018: January-March April-June July-September October-December 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 2: Product 5:	2015:						
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July-September October-December 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 5:	-						
October-December 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 5:							
Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 5:							
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Product 1: Product 4: Product 2: Product 5:	f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipme ² Pricing product definitions are	ent. provided on the	first page of Pa	art IV.			
Product 2: Product 5:		roduct. Also, ple	·	,	ur firm's repo	rted pricing data	а.
	Product 1: Product 2:						
	Product 3:						

III-2(c). <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Thailand and sold by your firm.

Thailand

Report data in pounds and dollars.

January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity		(Quanti	ty in pounds, v	alue in dollars)			
2015: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December October-December Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December October-December 2018: January-March April-June July-September October-December October-December October-December 2019: January-March April-June July-September October-December October-December 2010: January-March April-June July-September October-December October-December 2010: January-March April-June July-September October-December Octobe		Produ	ıct 1	Produ	ct 2	Prod	uct 3
January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity	Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December (Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Period of shipment Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity Valu	2015:						
July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December October-December 2018: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2019: January-March April-June July-September October-December October-December 2019: July-September October-December October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2018: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2019: July-September October-December 2010: July-September October-December 3 July-September October-December 4 July-September October-December 5 July-September October-December 6 July-September October-December 7 July-September October-December Octobe	January-March						
October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December October-December October-December October-December October-December October-December October-December Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value Quantity Value October-December October-	April-June						
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Quantity in pounds, value in dollars Period of shipment							
Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity Quantity Value Quantity Quantit	October-December	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Period of shipment Quantity Value Quantity Pales Poduct Pales Pales							
2015: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December			1		1		
January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2018: January-March April-June July-September October-December 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), fo.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 2: Product 5:	Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2018: January-March April-June July-September October-December 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 2: Product 5:	2015:						
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2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2018: January-March April-June July-September October-December Product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 5:							
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July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 5:							
October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 5:	•						
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July-September October-December 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 5:	-						
October-December 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 5:							
Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 2: Product 5:							
f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV. Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data. Product 1: Product 4: Product 2: Product 5:			. "			<u> </u>	
Product 1: Product 4: Product 2: Product 5:	f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipme ² Pricing product definitions are	ent. provided on the	first page of Pa	art IV.			
Product 2: Product 5:		roduct. Also, ple	·	,	ur firm's repo	rted pricing data	а.
	Product 1: Product 2:						
	Product 3:						

U.S. Importers'	'Questionnaire - Rubber Band	(Preliminary
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III-2 (d). <u>Price data checklist.</u>--Please check that the pricing data in question III-2(a) has been correctly reported.

Is the price data reported above:	√ if Yes
In actual dollars (<i>not</i> \$1,000) and pounds?	
F.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., does not include U.S. transport costs)?	
Net of all discounts and rebates?	
Have returns credited to the quarter in which the sale occurred?	
Less than reported commercial shipments in Part II in each year?	
Pricing data methodologyPlease describe the method and the kinds of docuthat were used to compile your price data.	ments/records

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

III-3.	Imports for internal use or retail saleDid your firm import any of the pricing products
	identified above (III-2) for internal consumption or use for sales in your firm's retail locations
	since January 1, 2015?

□ No	YesPlease fill out the table.	
1 1110	i yesPiease iiii out the table.	

	Share of imports	Share of imports for internal consumption or retail sales in 2017 (percent)				
	China (share of internal consumption reported in II-5a)	Sri Lanka (share of internal consumption reported in II-6a)	Thailand (share of internal consumption reported in II-7a)			
Product 1						
Product 2						
Product 3						
Product 4						
Product 5						
Product 6						
All other products						
Total (should sum to 100 percent)						

U.S. Importers	' Questionnaire -	- Rubber Bands	(Preliminary)
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III-4.	Price settingHow does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of rubber bands
	(check all that apply)? If your firm issues price lists, please submit sample pages of a recent list.

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

III-5. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

III-6. Pricing terms.--

(a) What are your firm's typical sales terms for rubber bands imported from China, Sri Lanka, and Thailand?

Net 30 days	Net 60 days	2/10 net 30 days	Other	Other (specify)

(b) On what basis are your firm's prices of imported rubber bands from China, Sri Lanka, and Thailand usually quoted (check one)?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

III-7. <u>Contract versus spot.</u>—Approximately what share of your firm's sales of rubber bands imported from China, Sri Lanka, and Thailand in 2017 was on a (1) long-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) short-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

		Туре о	f sale			
	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum to 100.0%	d o
Share of 2017 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

III-8. <u>Contract provisions.</u>— Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for rubber bands from China, Sri Lanka, and/or Thailand (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a long-term, short-term and/or annual contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	ltem	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
	Both			
Meet or release	Yes			
provision	No			
Not applicab	le			

III-9. <u>Lead times.--</u>What is your firm's share of sales of rubber bands imported from China, Sri Lanka, and/or Thailand from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of rubber bands?

Source	Share of 2017 sales	Lead time (Average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

III-10. Shipping information.

(a)	What is the approximate percentage of the cost of rubber bands imported from China, Sri Lanka, and/or Thailand that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs? percent.
(b)	Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations? Your firm Purchaser (check one)
(c)	When your firm sells rubber bands imported from China, Sri Lanka, and/or Thailand, from where is it shipped? Point of importation Storage facility (check one)
(d)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of rubber bands imported from

(d) Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of rubber bands imported from China, Sri Lanka, and/or Thailand that are delivered the following distances from your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Distance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Share
Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

III-11. <u>Geographical shipments.</u>—In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold rubber bands imported from subject countries since January 1, 2014 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	China	Sri Lanka	Thailand
NortheastCT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.			
Midwest .—IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.			
Southeast .—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.			
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.			
Mountains.—AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.			
Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.			
Other.—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.			

U.S. Importers'	'Questionnaire - Rubber Band	(Preliminary
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III-12. <u>End uses.</u>--List the end uses of the rubber bands that your firm imports. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by rubber bands and other inputs?

		of end-use product ted for by	Total
			(should sum to
End use product	Rubber bands	Other inputs	100.0% across)
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

□ No		YesP			ave ch	anges in the price cted the price for		ıte
bstitute					affe	cted the price for	rubber bands?	ıte
bstitute				No	Yes	Fxnla	anation	
						Expic		
	Overall	No	Overall			-		
et	increase	e change	decrease	no cle	ar tre	nd Explan	ation and facto	rs
ted States								
ited States								
					nanges	s in the product ra	nge, product m	ix or
No '	Yes If	yes, please	describe.					
t	ted States ted States ted States	Overall increase ted States ted States ted States ted States ted States arketing of rubber b	Overall No increase change ted States	Overall No Overall increase change decrease ded States	Overall No Overall Flucture increase change decrease no clear increase change decrease no clear increase change decrease increase change decrease no clear increase change decrease increase increase change decrease increase incre	Overall No Overall Fluctuate with increase changed states changed since January 1, 2015?	Ates (if known) for rubber bands has changed since January 1, 2015. Explain scribe the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand. Overall	Overall No Overall Fluctuate with increase change decrease no clear trend Explanation and facto ted States

U.S. Importers' Questionnaire – Rubber Bands (Preliminar	U.S.	Importers'	Questionnaire -	- Rubber	Bands	(Preliminary
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III-16.	Conditions o	f com	petition.—

(a)	Is the rubber bands market subject to business cycles (other than general economy-wide
	conditions) and/or other conditions of competition distinctive to rubber bands?

Check all that apply.			Please describe.		
	No		Skip to question III-16.		
	Yes-Business cycles (e.g. seasonal business)				
	Yes-Other distinctive conditions of competition				
	(b) If yes, have there been any changes in the business cycles or conditions of competition for rubber bands since January 1, 2015?				
No	Yes	If yes, describe	e.		

III-17. **Supply constraints.--**Has your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply rubber bands since January 1, 2015 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order entry," declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the quantity promised, being unable to meet timely shipment commitments, etc.)?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-18. Raw materials.--How have rubber bands raw material prices changed since January 1, 2015?

Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for rubber bands.

III-19. **Bundling sales.--**Does your firm bundle sales of rubber bands with other products?

No	Yes	Estimate share of your rubber band sales that were sold in a bundle in 2017	Describe other product(s) that are typically in bundled sales

III-20. Interchangeability.—Are rubber bands produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	China	Sri Lanka	Thailand	Other countries	
7	-				
United States					
China					
Sri Lanka					
Thailand					
For any country-pair producing rubber bands that is <i>sometimes</i> or <i>never</i> interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude interchangeable use:					

III-21. <u>Factors other than price</u>.--Are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between rubber bands produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	China	Sri Lanka	Thailand	Other countries
United States				
China				
Sri Lanka				
Thailand				

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's sales of rubber bands, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-22. <u>Customer identification</u>.--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for rubber bands since January 1, 2015. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's total shipments of rubber bands that each of these customers accounted for in 2017.

Cı	ustomer's name	Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2017 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

III-23.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with							
	firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.							

PART IV.-- ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Amanda Lawrence (202-205-3185, amanda.lawrence@usitc.gov).

IV-1. <u>Comparability of rubber band products.</u>--For each of the following product pairs indicate whether in-scope rubber bands produced in the United States are:

F: fully comparable or the same, i.e., have no differentiation between them;

M: mostly comparable or similar;

S: somewhat comparable or similar;

N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or

0: no familiarity with products.

Note.--Excluded vulcanized rubber bands, as defined on page 2, include bands made of vulcanized rubber with a flat length less than 1/2" or greater than 10", a width less than 3/64" or greater than 2", and a wall thickness less than 0.020" or greater than 0.125".

(a) <u>Physical Characteristics and Uses</u>.--The differences and similarities in the physical characteristics and uses.

Product-pair	Excluded vulcanized rubber bands	Bedford Elastitags®	Non-latex rubber bands
In-scope rubber bands			

For any product-pair for which you indicated "S" or "N", please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their *physical characteristics and uses*:

(b) Interchangeability.--The ability to substitute the products in the same application.

Product-pair	Excluded vulcanized rubber bands	Bedford Elastitags®	Non-latex rubber bands
In-scope rubber bands			

For any product-pair for which you indicated "S" or "N", please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their *interchangeability*:

IV-1. Comparability of rubber band products.--Continued

(c) <u>Common manufacturing facilities, production processes, and production</u>
<u>employees</u>.--Whether manufactured in the same facilities, from the same inputs, on the same machinery and equipment, and using the same employees.

Product-pair	Excluded vulcanized rubber bands	Bedford Elastitags®	Non-latex rubber bands
In-scope rubber bands			

For any product-pair for which you indicated "S" or "N", please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their <u>common manufacturing facilities, production processes, and production employees</u>:

(d) <u>Channels of distribution</u>.--Channels of distribution/market situation through which the products are sold (i.e., sold direct to end users, through wholesalers/distributors, etc.).

Product-pair	Excluded vulcanized rubber bands	Bedford Elastitags®	Non-latex rubber bands
In-scope rubber bands			

For any product-pair for which you indicated "S" or "N", please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their <u>channels of distribution</u>:

(e) <u>Consumer and producer perceptions</u>.--Perceptions as to the differences and/or similarities.

Product-pair	Excluded vulcanized rubber bands	Bedford Elastitags®	Non-latex rubber bands
In-scope rubber bands			

For any product-pair for which you indicated "S" or "N", please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their <u>consumer and producer perceptions</u>:

IV-1. Comparability of rubber band products.--Continued

(f) **Price**.--Whether prices are comparable or differ between products.

Product-pair	Excluded vulcanized rubber bands	Bedford Elastitags®	Non-latex rubber bands
In-scope rubber bands			

For any product-pair for which you indicated "S" or "N", please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their <u>price</u>:

IV-2. Out-of-scope rubber band imports.--Report your firm's imports of out-of-scope rubber band products (i.e. excluded vulcanized rubber bands, as defined on page 2, Bedford Elastitags®, and non-latex rubber bands) from China, Sri Lanka, Thailand, and all other sources. Data reported below should not be included in data reported in part II.

(a) **Imports from China**

China

Quantity (in pounds)					
	Calendar years				
Item	2015	2016	2017		
Imports from China: Excluded vulcanized rubber bands: Quantity					
Value					
Bedford Elastitags®: Quantity					
Value					
Non-latex rubber bands: Quantity					
Value					

IV-2. Out-of-scope rubber band imports.--Continued

(b) Imports from Sri Lanka

Sri Lanka

Quantity (in pounds)				
	Calendar years			
Item	2015	2016	2017	
Imports from Sri Lanka: Excluded vulcanized rubber bands: Quantity				
Value				
Bedford Elastitags®: Quantity				
Value				
Non-latex rubber bands: Quantity				
Value				

(c) Imports from Thailand

Thailand

Quantity (in pounds)				
	Calendar years			
Item	2015	2016	2017	
Imports from Thailand: Excluded vulcanized rubber bands: Quantity				
Value				
Bedford Elastitags®: Quantity				
Value				
Non-latex rubber bands: Quantity				
Value				

- U.S. Importers' Questionnaire Rubber Bands (Preliminary)
- IV-2. Out-of-scope rubber band imports.--Continued
 - (d) Imports from all other sources

All other sources

	C	(uantity (in pounds)		
			Calendar years	
	Item	2015	2016	2017
-	ts from all other sources:			
Exc	cluded vulcanized rubber bands:			
	Quantity			
	Value			
Ве	dford Elastitags®:			
	Quantity			
	Value			
No	n-latex rubber bands:			
	Quantity			
	Value			
IV-3.	Other explanationsIf your firm we that did not provide a narrative resexplanation in the space provided by firm had in providing the data in the MS Word questionnaire.	ponse box, please no pelow. Please also use	te the question numl e this space to highlig	ber and the tht any issues your

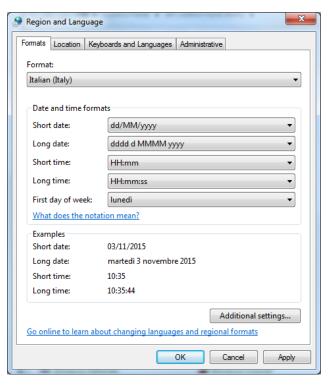
Correcting Valid number error messages.—If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The US International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

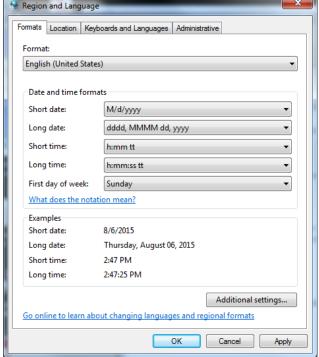
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the questionnaire. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2018/rubber bands china sri lanka and thailand/preliminary.htm.

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: BAND

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to amanda.lawrence@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm did not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.