#### **NCER-NPSAS Grant Study**

## Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017: Testing the Effectiveness of FAFSA Interventions on College Outcomes

Appendix A Intervention Materials

OMB # 1850-0931 v.2
The content of this Appendix was Approved under
OMB# 1850-0931 v.1

Submitted by National Center for Education Statistics U.S. Department of Education

October 2016 revised December 2016

#### **Table of Contents**

Appendix A – Intervention Communication Materials	4
Students who have not yet submitted a FAFSA for 2017-18	
Intervention A – Neutral Framing	
A1: Submitted FAFSA 2016-17	
Letter	5
Email	7
A2: Did not submit FAFSA 2016-17	
Letter	
Email	11
Intervention B – <i>Positive</i> Framing	
B1: Submitted FAFSA 2016-17	
Letter	13
Email	15
B2: Did not submit FAFSA 2016-17	
Letter	
Email	19
Intervention C – Negative Framing	
C1: Submitted FAFSA 2016-17	
Letter	21
Email	<b>2</b> 3
C2: Did not submit FAFSA 2016-17	
Letter	25
Email	27
Students who have already submitted a FAFSA for 2017-18	
Intervention D	
Letter	29
Email	31
U.S. Department of Education FAFSA Handout (to be included with all intervention letters)	33
NCER NPSAS Grant Studies Website	34

#### **Summary of Intervention and Survey Communications**

Appendix A –  Intervention	Intervention Commu Intervention Group	unication Materials (to be conducted January 2017 throu  Title of Intervention Communication		Title of Intervention Communication  Frequency				ugh May 2017)  Frequency
	C.Cup	Intervention	A1: Submitted 2016-17	Letter Email				
А	Has not	Neutral Framing	A2: Not submit 2016-17	Letter Email				
	B FAFSA Positiv (as of Jan 13, 2017) Intervent C Negativ	Intervention	B1: Submitted 2016-17	Letter Email	Up to 4 contacts			
В		Framing	B2: Not submit 2016-17	Letter Email	over a five month period			
•		Intervention	C1: Submitted 2016-17	Letter Email				
C		Negative Framing	C2: Not submit 2016-17	Letter Email				
D	Already submitted 2017-18 FAFSA	Intervention Letter Neutral Framing of Next Steps Email		2 contacts over a five month period				
Appendix B - S	Survey Communicat	ion Materials (to	be surveyed October 2017 t	hrough Ded	cember 2017)			
Contact Number	Contact Group	Title of Survey Communication		Order of Contact				
B-1	All sample	Data Collection Announcement Letter		1				
B-2	members	Data Collection Announcement E-mail		2				
B-3		Reminder E-mail 1		3				
B-4		Reminder Postcard 1		4				
B-5	Survey non-	Reminder E-mail 2		5				
B-6	respondents	Reminder E-mail 3		6				
B-7		Reminder Postcard 2		7				
B-8		Reminder E-mail 4		8				
B-9	Survey respondents who opt to receive incentive via check	Thank You/Incentive Letter		Varies				

\* Note: The intervention emails will be the same as the letters except the graphic in the letters will be text instead, and the emails do not include the QR code.

# NCER-NPSAS Grant Study Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017: Testing the Effectiveness of FAFSA Interventions on College Outcomes

Appendix A Intervention Communication Materials

OMB # 1850-New v.1

Submitted by National Center for Education Statistics U.S. Department of Education

October 2016



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

#### Dear << STUDENT FIRST\_NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year. Because you applied for aid last year, the process this year is simple, but **don't delay**. You must apply for financial aid each year to continue receiving financial aid. Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the **F**ree **A**pplication for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!



#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know **you could get more financial aid if you take more courses**? *This could help you finish your studies sooner*. As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> or scan this code to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.



Remember, the FAFSA is FREE. If someone asks you to pay to fill it out, then you're not working with the official FAFSA, your link to get financial aid from the U.S. Department of Education.

*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

Submit the FAFSA, and get help paying for college.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

You are being contacted because you agreed to participate in an external research project when you responded to the 2015-16 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS:16). For more information go to: <a href="http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA">http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA</a>.

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is authorized to conduct the National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS) and its follow up studies, including the Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017 study, by the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9543), and to collect as part of these studies, under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA, 34 CFR §§ 99.31(a)(3) and 99.35), students' education records from educational agencies or institutions in connection with an evaluation of federally supported education programs. Data collected from or about individual students are used only for statistical purposes and may not be disclosed or used, in identifiable form, for any other purpose except as required by law (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9573). These data are being collected for NCES by RTI International, a nonprofit research organization based in North Carolina.

#### << SUBJECT LINE>> Financial aid is available



#### <<EMAIL BODY>>

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear <<STUDENT FIRST NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year. Because you applied for aid last year, the process this year is simple, but **don't delay**. You must apply for financial aid each year to continue receiving financial aid. Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the **F**ree **A**pplication for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!

"The FAFSA is too hard to fill out!" [NOT TRUE]

"I make too much money, so I won't qualify for aid." [NOT TRUE]

"Only students with good grades get financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

"I'm too old to qualify to financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know **you could get more financial aid if you take more courses?** *This could help you finish your studies sooner.* As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.

Remember, the FAFSA is FREE. If someone asks you to pay to fill it out, then you're not working with the official FAFSA, your link to get financial aid from the U.S. Department of Education.

*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

Submit the FAFSA, and get help paying for college.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

OMB Control Number: 1850-NEW



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear << STUDENT FIRST\_NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year.

It also appears that you did not apply to get financial aid for the current school year. Many students receive financial aid. Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the **F**ree **A**pplication for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!



#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know **you could get more financial aid if you take more courses**? *This could help you finish your studies sooner*. As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> or scan this code to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.



Remember, the FAFSA is FREE. If someone asks you to pay to fill it out, then you're not working with the official FAFSA, your link to get financial aid from the U.S. Department of Education.

*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

Submit the FAFSA, and get help paying for college.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

You are being contacted because you agreed to participate in an external research project when you responded to the 2015-16 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS:16). For more information go to: <a href="http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA">http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA</a>.

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is authorized to conduct the National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS) and its follow up studies, including the Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017 study, by the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9543), and to collect as part of these studies, under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA, 34 CFR §§ 99.31(a)(3) and 99.35), students' education records from educational agencies or institutions in connection with an evaluation of federally supported education programs. Data collected from or about individual students are used only for statistical purposes and may not be disclosed or used, in identifiable form, for any other purpose except as required by law (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9573). These data are being collected for NCES by RTI International, a nonprofit research organization based in North Carolina.

#### <<SUBJECT LINE>>> Financial aid is available



#### <<EMAIL BODY>>

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear <<STUDENT FIRST NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year. It also appears that you did not apply to get financial aid for the current school year. **Many students receive financial aid.** Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the **F**ree **A**pplication for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!

"The FAFSA is too hard to fill out!" [NOT TRUE]

"I make too much money, so I won't qualify for aid." [NOT TRUE]

"Only students with good grades get financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

"I'm too old to qualify to financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know **you could get more financial aid if you take more courses**? *This could help you finish your studies sooner*. As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.

Remember, the FAFSA is FREE. If someone asks you to pay to fill it out, then you're not working with the official FAFSA, your link to get financial aid from the U.S. Department of Education.

*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

Submit the FAFSA, and get help paying for college.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

OMB Control Number: 1850-NEW



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear << STUDENT FIRST\_NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year. Because you applied for aid last year, the process this year is simple, but don't delay.

You must apply for financial aid each year to continue receiving financial aid. Many students can get a Federal Pell Grant up to \$5,920, which does not need to be repaid. That's thousands of dollars to help you pay for college! Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the  $\mathbf{F}$ ree  $\mathbf{A}$ pplication for  $\mathbf{F}$ ederal  $\mathbf{S}$ tudent  $\mathbf{A}$ id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!



#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know **you could get more financial aid if you take more courses?** *This could help you finish your studies sooner.* As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

With more financial aid, additional courses might not cost you anything out-of-pocket.

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> or scan this code to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.



*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

There is financial aid waiting for you! Submit the FAFSA, and get help paying for college.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

You are being contacted because you agreed to participate in an external research project when you responded to the 2015-16 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS:16). For more information go to: <a href="http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA">http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA</a>.

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is authorized to conduct the National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS) and its follow up studies, including the Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017 study, by the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9543), and to collect as part of these studies, under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA, 34 CFR §§ 99.31(a)(3) and 99.35), students' education records from educational agencies or institutions in connection with an evaluation of federally supported education programs. Data collected from or about individual students are used only for statistical purposes and may not be disclosed or used, in identifiable form, for any other purpose except as required by law (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9573). These data are being collected for NCES by RTI International, a nonprofit research organization based in North Carolina.

#### << SUBJECT LINE>> Be sure to get your financial aid



#### <<EMAIL BODY>>

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear <<STUDENT FIRST\_NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year. Because you applied for aid last year, the process this year is simple, but don't delay.

You must apply for financial aid each year to continue receiving financial aid. Many students can get a Federal Pell Grant up to \$5,920, which does not need to be repaid. That's thousands of dollars to help you pay for college! Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the **F**ree **A**pplication for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!

"The FAFSA is too hard to fill out!" [NOT TRUE]

"I make too much money, so I won't qualify for aid." [NOT TRUE]

"Only students with good grades get financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

"I'm too old to qualify to financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know you could get more financial aid if you take more courses? *This could help you finish your studies sooner*. As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

With more financial aid, additional courses might not cost you anything out-of-pocket.

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.

*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

There is financial aid waiting for you! Submit the FAFSA, and get help paying for college.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

OMB Control Number: 1850-NEW



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear << STUDENT FIRST\_NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year.

It also appears that you did not apply to get financial aid for the current school year. Many students can get a Federal Pell Grant up to \$5,920, which does not need to be repaid. That's thousands of dollars to help you pay for college! Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the **F**ree **A**pplication for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!



#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know you could get more financial aid if you take more courses? *This could help you finish your studies sooner*. As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

With more financial aid, additional courses might not cost you anything out-of-pocket.

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> or scan this code to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.



*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

There is financial aid waiting for you! Submit the FAFSA, and get help paying for college.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

You are being contacted because you agreed to participate in an external research project when you responded to the 2015-16 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS:16). For more information go to: <a href="http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA">http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA</a>.

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is authorized to conduct the National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS) and its follow up studies, including the Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017 study, by the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9543), and to collect as part of these studies, under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA, 34 CFR §§ 99.31(a)(3) and 99.35), students' education records from educational agencies or institutions in connection with an evaluation of federally supported education programs. Data collected from or about individual students are used only for statistical purposes and may not be disclosed or used, in identifiable form, for any other purpose except as required by law (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9573). These data are being collected for NCES by RTI International, a nonprofit research organization based in North Carolina.

#### <<SUBJECT LINE>> Be sure to get your financial aid



#### <<EMAIL BODY>>

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear <<STUDENT FIRST NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year.

It also appears that you did not apply to get financial aid for the current school year. Many students can get a Federal Pell Grant up to \$5,920, which does not need to be repaid. That's thousands of dollars to help you pay for college! Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the  $\mathbf{F}$ ree  $\mathbf{A}$ pplication for  $\mathbf{F}$ ederal  $\mathbf{S}$ tudent  $\mathbf{A}$ id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!

"The FAFSA is too hard to fill out!" [NOT TRUE]

"I make too much money, so I won't qualify for aid." [NOT TRUE]

"Only students with good grades get financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

"I'm too old to qualify to financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know you could get more financial aid if you take more courses? This could help you finish your studies sooner. As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive twice as much financial aid with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

With more financial aid, additional courses might not cost you anything out-of-pocket.

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.

*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

There is financial aid waiting for you! Submit the FAFSA, and get help paying for college.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

OMB Control Number: 1850-NEW



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear << STUDENT FIRST\_NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year. Because you applied for aid last year, the process this year is simple, but don't delay.

You must apply for financial aid each year or you will lose your support. Don't lose your chance to get a Pell Grant worth up to \$5,920, which does not need to be repaid. Thousands of dollars are at stake. Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the **F**ree **A**pplication for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!



#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know **you could get more financial aid if you take more courses?** *This could help you finish your studies sooner.* As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

You could lose financial aid if you don't take enough courses. Don't miss out on all the help you could receive.

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> or scan this code to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.



*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

Don't miss your chance to get help paying for college. Submit the FAFSA, and get financial aid.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

You are being contacted because you agreed to participate in an external research project when you responded to the 2015-16 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS:16). For more information go to: <a href="http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA">http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA</a>.

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is authorized to conduct the National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS) and its follow up studies, including the Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017 study, by the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9543), and to collect as part of these studies, under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA, 34 CFR §§ 99.31(a)(3) and 99.35), students' education records from educational agencies or institutions in connection with an evaluation of federally supported education programs. Data collected from or about individual students are used only for statistical purposes and may not be disclosed or used, in identifiable form, for any other purpose except as required by law (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9573). These data are being collected for NCES by RTI International, a nonprofit research organization based in North Carolina.

#### <<SUBJECT LINE>> Don't miss out on your financial aid



#### <<EMAIL BODY>>

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear <<STUDENT FIRST\_NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year. Because you applied for aid last year, the process this year is simple, but don't delay.

You must apply for financial aid each year or you will lose your support. **Don't lose your chance to get a Pell Grant worth up to \$5,920, which does not need to be repaid.** *Thousands of dollars are at stake.* Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the **F**ree **A**pplication for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!

"The FAFSA is too hard to fill out!" [NOT TRUE]

"I make too much money, so I won't qualify for aid." [NOT TRUE]

"Only students with good grades get financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

"I'm too old to qualify to financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know you could get more financial aid if you take more courses? *This could help you finish your studies sooner*. As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

You could lose financial aid if you don't take enough courses. Don't miss out on all the help you could receive.

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.

*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

Don't miss your chance to get help paying for college. Submit the FAFSA, and get financial aid.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

OMB Control Number: 1850-NEW



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear << STUDENT FIRST\_NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year.

It also appears that you did not apply to get financial aid for the current school year. Don't lose out again! Thousands of dollars are at stake. You could lose your chance to get a Pell Grant worth up to \$5,920 from the federal government. Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the **F**ree **A**pplication for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!



#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know you could get more financial aid if you take more courses? *This could help you finish your studies sooner*. As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

You could lose financial aid if you don't take enough courses. Don't miss out on all the help you could receive.

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> or scan this code to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.



*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

Don't miss your chance to get help paying for college. Submit the FAFSA, and get financial aid.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

You are being contacted because you agreed to participate in an external research project when you responded to the 2015-16 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS:16). For more information go to: <a href="http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA">http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA</a>.

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is authorized to conduct the National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS) and its follow up studies, including the Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017 study, by the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9543), and to collect as part of these studies, under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA, 34 CFR §§ 99.31(a)(3) and 99.35), students' education records from educational agencies or institutions in connection with an evaluation of federally supported education programs. Data collected from or about individual students are used only for statistical purposes and may not be disclosed or used, in identifiable form, for any other purpose except as required by law (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9573). These data are being collected for NCES by RTI International, a nonprofit research organization based in North Carolina.

#### <<SUBJECT LINE>> Don't miss out on your financial aid



#### <<EMAIL BODY>>

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear <<STUDENT FIRST NAME>>,

We notice that as of <<INSERT DATE>>, you have not yet applied for financial aid for next year.

It also appears that you did not apply to get financial aid for the current school year. Don't lose out again! Thousands of dollars are at stake. You could lose your chance to get a Pell Grant worth up to \$5,920 from the federal government. Here is information that will help you with the process.

To get financial aid, you must complete the FAFSA, which is the  $\mathbf{F}$ ree  $\mathbf{A}$ pplication for  $\mathbf{F}$ ederal  $\mathbf{S}$ tudent  $\mathbf{A}$ id. Some students think they shouldn't bother, but you should know the facts.

#### Don't let these myths stop you!

"The FAFSA is too hard to fill out!" [NOT TRUE]

"I make too much money, so I won't qualify for aid." [NOT TRUE]

"Only students with good grades get financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

"I'm too old to qualify to financial aid." [NOT TRUE]

#### The reality is EVERYONE must complete the FAFSA to get financial aid.

It is FREE to complete, FREE to submit, and the sooner you complete the form, the more aid you could receive from the federal government, state, and your college. Many state and college aid programs have a preferred deadline of March 1<sup>st</sup> so be sure to start today.

Did you know you could get more financial aid if you take more courses? *This could help you finish your studies sooner*. As shown below, students who attend full-time could receive **twice as much financial aid** with a Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

You could lose financial aid if you don't take enough courses. Don't miss out on all the help you could receive.

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.

*Still have questions?* Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your college's financial aid office for help.

Don't miss your chance to get help paying for college. Submit the FAFSA, and get financial aid.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

OMB Control Number: 1850-NEW



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear <<STUDENT FIRST NAME>>,

Congratulations on starting the process of getting financial aid by submitting the **FAFSA**, the **F**ree Application for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. You still have a few more steps in the process to get the money you need to help pay for college.

#### Look over your Student Aid Report (SAR)

After submitting your FAFSA, you should have received your SAR, which is a summary of your information. Be sure this information is correct.

#### What if your FAFSA is incomplete or you need to make corrections?

Log into your account using your FSA ID to make changes or additions to your FAFSA.

#### What if you've selected for "verification"?

Don't worry! Verification is just the process your school uses to confirm that your FAFSA is accurate. Contact your school's financial aid office, and they will help you through the process.

#### ➤ Check to see if your school needs more information

Sometimes schools ask for additional paperwork or have other deadlines. Check with your school's financial aid office to learn more.

#### > Receive your financial aid award letter

When all of your information is submitted and confirmed, you can expect to receive an award letter from your school. If you have any questions, give them a call!

Did you know: you could get more financial aid if you take more courses? This could help you finish your studies sooner. As shown below, students who go full-time could receive twice as much financial aid with the Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> or scan this code to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.



Remember, the FAFSA is FREE. If someone asks you to pay to fill it out, then you're not working with the official FAFSA, your link to get financial aid from the U.S. Department of Education.

**Still have questions?** Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your school's financial aid office for help.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

You are being contacted because you agreed to participate in an external research project when you responded to the 2015-16 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS:16). For more information go to: <a href="http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA">http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/CSFA</a>.

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is authorized to conduct the National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS) and its follow up studies, including the Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017 study, by the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9543), and to collect as part of these studies, under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA, 34 CFR §§ 99.31(a)(3) and 99.35), students' education records from educational agencies or institutions in connection with an evaluation of federally supported education programs. Data collected from or about individual students are used only for statistical purposes and may not be disclosed or used, in identifiable form, for any other purpose except as required by law (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9573). These data are being collected for NCES by RTI International, a nonprofit research organization based in North Carolina.

#### <<SUBJECT LINE>>> Just a few more steps to get financial aid





#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear << STUDENT FIRST\_NAME>>,

Congratulations on starting the process of getting financial aid by submitting the **FAFSA**, the **F**ree Application for **F**ederal **S**tudent **A**id. You still have a few more steps in the process to get the money you need to help pay for college.

#### ➤ Look over your Student Aid Report (SAR)

After submitting your FAFSA, you should have received your SAR, which is a summary of your information. Be sure this information is correct.

#### ➤ What if your FAFSA is incomplete or you need to make corrections?

Log into your account using your FSA ID to make changes or additions to your FAFSA.

#### ➤ What if you've selected for "verification"?

Don't worry! Verification is just the process your school uses to confirm that your FAFSA is accurate. Contact your school's financial aid office, and they will help you through the process.

#### Check to see if your school needs more information

Sometimes schools ask for additional paperwork or have other deadlines. Check with your school's financial aid office to learn more.

#### Receive your financial aid award letter

When all of your information is submitted and confirmed, you can expect to receive an award letter from your school. If you have any questions, give them a call!

Did you know: you could get more financial aid if you take more courses? This could help you finish your studies sooner. As shown below, students who go full-time could receive twice as much financial aid with the Pell Grant, which is free money that does not need to be repaid.

Credits Taken per Term	Maximum Pell Grant
3	\$0
6	Up to \$2,910
9	Up to \$4,440
12	<b>Up to \$5,920</b>

There are a number of FREE resources available to help you get the money you need. Visit <a href="http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc">http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc</a> to get information from the U.S. Department of Education. We have also enclosed a guide to help.

**Still have questions?** Visit the website listed above or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). You can also go to your school's financial aid office for help.

Sincerely,

<<SIGNATURE>>

OMB Control Number: 1850-NEW

## DO YOU NEED MONEY FOR COLLEGE?

Information to help you get the financial aid you need.



#### What is student financial aid?

Federal student aid is money from the U.S. Department of Education that helps you pay for college, career school, or graduate school expenses. More than \$150 billion in federal student aid is available through:

- Grants: Aid that does not need to be repaid
- Loan: Aid that must be repaid after leaving college
- Work study: Student job opportunities

Beyond federal aid, many students also get state financial aid and aid from their colleges. You must fill out the FAFSA to get these other sources of aid.

#### Who gets financial aid?

Many students get some type of student aid, regardless of family income, age, or background. By completing the FAFSA, you will learn exactly what aid is available to you from the government and your college.

#### How do I apply for student aid?

Go to the Federal Student Aid website to get started: http://XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX.

#### 1. Create an FSA ID.

Your FSA ID is used to confirm your identity and electronically sign your federal aid documents. To create an FSA ID, students and parents should go to the Federal Student Aid website.

2. Complete the FAFSA, the U.S. Department of Education's *Free Application for Federal Student Aid.* 

If you need a paper FAFSA, contact ED Publications at **www.edpubs.gov** or toll-free at 1-877-433-7827. Completing and submitting the FAFSA is absolutely FREE.

### What do I need to complete the FAFSA?

The FAFSA asks for information about you (name, Social Security number, date of birth, address, etc.) and about your financial situation. You may also need to provide information about your parents.

For the 2017- 18 FAFSA, you will report income and tax information from **2015**. That means that if you completed the FAFSA last year, you will use the same information this year!

When completing the FAFSA, consider using the IRS Data Retrieval Tool, which allows you to copy over your income and tax information.

## Do I need to apply for financial aid every year?

Yes! You must reapply for aid every year. Also, if you change schools, your aid doesn't automatically transfer with you. Check with your new school to find out what you need to do to continue receiving financial aid.

## What happens after I submit the FAFSA?

After you complete and submit your FAFSA, the U.S. Department of Education will send you your *Student Aid Report* (SAR). Review it and, if necessary, follow instructions to make changes or corrections.

Review award letters, compare the types and amounts of aid you are offered from each school, and contact the school's financial aid office if you have any questions about the aid being offered.

#### Still have questions?

You never have to pay for help! Free help is available at any time. For online help and answers to common questions, scan this code or go to http://go.usa.gov/x8vYc



You can also get free information and help from the financial aid office at your school.

Or call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800- 433-3243).

#### **NCER-NPSAS Grant Studies Website**

#### http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/npsas/grant/

Create category of Awards or NCER-NPSAS Grant Studies on left frame

Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017

**NCER-NPSAS Grant Study** 

Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017: Testing the Effectiveness of FAFSA Interventions on College Outcomes

#### **Purpose**

This NCER- NPSAS Grant Study – Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017: Testing the Effectiveness of FAFSA Interventions on College Outcomes investigates whether an intervention that provides financial aid information to college students increases receipt of financial aid, enrollment on a full-time (versus part-time) basis, persistence from semester to semester, and degree completion. This research is being conducted under a grant awarded through the NCER-NPSAS grant opportunity. The primary grantee is Bridget Terry Long, Harvard University (Grant Award #R305A160388) with co-principal investigator Eric Bettinger, Stanford University. Data collection will be led by the contractor, RTI International (RTI). A project description is available at:

http://ies.ed.gov/funding/grantsearch/details.asp?ID=1853).

#### **NCER-NPSAS Grant Opportunity**

In 2010, the National Center for Education Research (NCER) and the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), both within the U.S. Department of Education's Institute of Education Sciences (IES), began collaborating on an education grant opportunity related to the cross-sectional National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS). Under the NCER-NPSAS grant opportunity, researchers could submit applications to the Postsecondary and Adult Education topic within the Education Research Grants program (CFDA 84.305A), under either the Exploration or Efficacy and Replication research goal. Consistent with these two goals, NCER supports research projects using NPSAS to: 1) explore relationships between malleable factors (e.g. information on benefits of financial aid and FAFSA renewal) and postsecondary persistence and completion, as well as the mediators and moderators of those relationships; and 2) evaluate the efficacy of interventions aimed at improving persistence and completion of postsecondary education (e.g., financial aid and FAFSA renewal advice delivered via mail and email). Researchers approved for funding through this program can obtain indirect access to a subsample of the national NPSAS sample (after the study's student interviews are completed) in order to conduct unique research projects that adhere to the guidelines set forth in the Request for Applications (RFA) for the Education Research Grants Program, as well as guidelines set forth by NCES and the NPSAS program.

On July 1, 2016, two grants were awarded using a subsample of 2015-16 NPSAS sample members:

- Financial Aid Nudges: A National Experiment to Increase Retention of Financial Aid and College Persistence. A project description is posted here: <a href="http://ies.ed.gov/funding/grantsearch/details.asp?ID=1848">http://ies.ed.gov/funding/grantsearch/details.asp?ID=1848</a>), and
- Could Connecting Students with Financial Aid Lead to Better College Outcomes? A Proposal to Test the Effectiveness of FAFSA Interventions Using the NPSAS Sample (referred to as "Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) 2017"). A project description is posted here: http://ies.ed.gov/funding/grantsearch/details.asp?ID=1853).

#### **Authority**

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is authorized to conduct the NCER-NPSAS grant studies by the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9543), and to collect students' education records from educational agencies or institutions for the purposes of evaluating Federally supported education programs under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA, 34 CFR §§ 99.31(a)(3) and 99.35). Data collected from or about individual students are used only for statistical purposes and may not be disclosed or used, in identifiable form, for any other purpose except as required by law (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C., § 9573). These data are being collected for NCES by RTI International, a nonprofit research organization based in North Carolina.

#### Confidentiality

Since these NCER-NPSAS grant studies are conducted using a subset of NPSAS:16 sample members, all data collection must be done through NCES and the NPSAS:16 data collection contractor, RTI International. This ensures that the confidentiality of the study participants is protected. Specifically, the grantee will have no access to personally identifiable information and may not have direct contact with sample members. RTI International follows strict procedures to protect the privacy and confidentiality of study participants. All project staff members have signed confidentiality agreements and affidavits of nondisclosure. Any data released to the public will be in aggregate form (e.g., statistical tables, graphs). Information obtained may be used only for statistical or research purposes and may not be disclosed, or used, in identifiable form for any other purpose, except as required by law (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C. § 9573).

#### **Paperwork Reduction Act**

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this voluntary information collection is 1850-XXXX. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average approximately 10 minutes per response, including the time to review instructions, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate, suggestions for improving this survey, or any comments or concerns regarding the status of your individual submission of this survey, please write directly to: The Connecting Students with Financial Aid (CSFA) Study, National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), Potomac Center Plaza, 550 12th St., SW, PCP-4007, Washington, DC 20202.

OMB Clearance No: 1850-New Expiration Date: ##/##/2020