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Farm Labor

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April Hired Workers Down 4 Percent, Wage Rate Increases 4 Percent From Previous Year

There were 673,000 workers hired directly by farm operators on the Nation's farms and ranches during the week of April 9-15, 2017, down 4 percent from the April 2016 reference week. Workers hired directly by farm operators numbered 533,000 during the week of January 8-14, 2017, down 8 percent from the January 2016 reference week.

Farm operators paid their hired workers an average wage of \$13.23 per hour during the April 2017 reference week, up 4 percent from the April 2016 reference week. Field workers received an average of \$12.22 per hour, an increase of 2 percent. Livestock workers earned \$12.53 per hour, up 4 percent. The field and livestock worker combined wage rate, at \$12.32 per hour, was up 3 percent from the 2016 reference week. Hired laborers worked an average of 40.4 hours during the April 2017 reference week, equaling the hours worked during the April 2016 reference week.

Farm operators paid their hired workers an average wage of \$13.43 per hour during the January 2017 reference week, up 5 percent from the January 2016 reference week. Field workers received an average of \$12.15 per hour, up 3 percent, while livestock workers earned \$12.66 per hour, up 5 percent from a year earlier. The field and livestock worker combined wage rate, at \$12.35 per hour, was up 4 percent from the January 2016 reference week. Hired laborers worked an average of 38.0 hours during the January 2017 reference week, compared with 38.8 hours worked during the January 2016 reference week.

April Reference Week

For the April 2017 reference week, the largest percentage increases in the number of hired workers from the 2016 reference week occurred in the Florida, Northeast II (Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), and Southeast (Alabama, Georgia, and South Carolina) regions. The Southeast region saw the largest increase, with 36 percent more workers on the region's farms.

The largest percentage decreases in the number of hired workers from the 2016 reference week occurred in the Cornbelt I (Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio), Lake (Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin), and Southern Plains (Oklahoma and Texas) regions. Cornbelt I saw the biggest decline, with workers down 23 percent from the 2016 reference week.

The largest percentage increases in average wage rates for all hired workers occurred in the Appalachian I (North Carolina and Virginia), Hawaii, and Northeast I (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island, and Vermont) regions.

January Reference Week

For the January 2017 reference week, the largest percentage increases in the number of hired workers from the 2016 reference week occurred in the Appalachian II (Kentucky, Tennessee, and West Virginia), Northeast II (Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), and Southeast (Alabama, Georgia, and South Carolina) regions. The Southeast region saw the largest increase, with 41 percent more workers on the region's farms.

The largest percentage decreases in the number of hired workers from the 2016 reference week occurred in the Lake (Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin), Mountain III (Arizona and New Mexico), Pacific (Oregon and Washington), and

Southern Plains (Oklahoma and Texas) regions. Pacific saw the biggest decline, with workers down 27 percent from the 2016 reference week.

The largest percentage increases in average wage rates for all hired workers occurred in the Appalachian I (North Carolina and Virginia), Mountain I (Idaho, Montana, and Wyoming), Northeast I (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island, and Vermont), and Southern Plains regions.

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Hired Workers and Wage Rates – United States [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

Farm employment	January 10-16, 2016	April 10-16, 2016	July 10-16, 2016	October 9-15, 2016	January 8-14, 2017	April 9-15, 2017
	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)
Hired workers						
150 days or more	494	558	606	578	450	536
149 days or less	88 582	145 703	234 840	220 798	83 533	137 673
Total	502	703	640	790	555	073
	(hours per week)	(hours per week)	(hours per week)	(hours per week)	(hours per week)	(hours per week)
Hours worked by hired workers	38.8	40.4	41.2	41.6	38.0	40.4
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
Wage rate ¹						
Field and livestock combined	11.91	12.00	12.27	12.50	12.35	12.32
Field	11.84	12.00	12.32	12.59	12.15	12.22
Livestock		12.01	12.15	12.25	12.66	12.53
All hired workers	12.83	12.75	13.02	13.25	13.43	13.23

¹ Benefits, such as housing and meals, are provided to some workers but the values are not included in the wage rates.

Number of Workers and Hours Worked – Region and United States: April 9-15, 2017 [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

	Hired					
Region ¹	Number	Expected to	be employed	Number		
rogion	of workers	150 days or more	149 days or less	of hours worked		
	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(hours per week)		
Northeast I Northeast II	32 40	28 33	4 7	39.5 38.3		
Appalachian I Appalachian II	24 24	20 17	4 7	41.3 36.7		
Southeast Florida	38 45	31 36	7 9	41.1 39.1		
Lake	46	35	11	38.7		
Cornbelt I Cornbelt II	36 18	26 14	10 4	36.0 37.2		
Delta	30	21	9	44.9		
Northern Plains	32	27	5	40.2		
Southern Plains	45	32	13	34.0		
Mountain I Mountain II Mountain III	27 14 17	21 12 15	6 2 2	43.3 45.3 42.5		
Pacific California	53 146	39 124	14 22	41.4 43.3		
Hawaii	6	5	1	36.1		
United States	673	536	137	40.4		

Wage Rates by Type of Worker – Region and United States: April 9-15, 2017 [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

		Type of worker				
Region ¹	Field	Livestock	Field and livestock combined	Wage rates for all hired workers		
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)		
lortheast I	13.43	12.02	12.90	13.		
lortheast II	12.09	11.85	12.00	12.		
ppalachian I	11.69	11.71	11.70	12.		
ppalachian II	11.49	11.40	11.45	12.		
outheast	10.55	11.21	10.75	11.		
lorida	11.10	12.45	11.20	12.		
ake	12.58	12.83	12.70	13.		
ornbelt I	13.17	13.25	13.20	14.		
ornbelt II	12.60	13.95	13.15	13		
elta	10.73	11.03	10.80	11		
orthern Plains	14.81	12.47	13.55	14		
outhern Plains	11.54	12.87	12.20	12		
ountain I	11.60	12.59	12.05	12		
ountain II	11.48	11.62	11.55	12		
ountain III	10.62	11.04	10.75	11		
acific	12.87	14.37	13.05	13		
alifornia	12.80	13.55	12.96	14		
awaii	14.00	16.90	14.24	16		
nited States	12.22	12.53	12.32	13		

Number of Workers and Hours Worked – Region and United States: January 8-14, 2017 [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

	Hired					
Region ¹	Number	Expected to	be employed	Number		
. togion	of workers	150 days or more	149 days or less	of hours worked		
	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(hours per week)		
Northeast I Northeast II	20 31	18 25	2 6	42.3 33.8		
Appalachian I Appalachian II	18 19	16 13	2 6	37.7 32.9		
Southeast Florida	31 45	28 34	3 11	37.9 39.4		
Lake	36	31	5	39.0		
Cornbelt I Cornbelt II	29 15	22 12	7 3	36.6 35.3		
Delta	17	14	3	37.4		
Northern Plains	27	24	3	38.4		
Southern Plains	36	29	7	33.5		
Mountain I Mountain II Mountain III	15 11 17	14 10 14	1 1 3	43.9 44.4 41.4		
Pacific California	35 125	31 110	4 15	37.0 39.2		
Hawaii	6	5	1	36.1		
United States	533	450	83	38.0		

Wage Rates by Type of Worker - Region and United States: January 8-14, 2017

[Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

		Type of worker		Wage rates for all hired workers
Region ¹	Field	Livestock	Field and livestock combined	
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
lortheast I	13.80	11.65	12.70	13.
lortheast II	12.53	11.66	12.10	13.
ppalachian I	12.19	11.35	11.85	13.
ppalachian II	10.86	11.63	11.25	12.
outheast	11.03	11.08	11.05	11.
Iorida	11.05	12.35	11.15	12.
ake	12.98	12.78	12.85	13.
ornbelt I	12.76	13.29	13.00	13.
ornbelt II	13.08	13.92	13.55	13
elta	11.30	11.16	11.25	11.
orthern Plains	14.76	12.77	13.50	14
outhern Plains	11.31	12.93	12.20	13
lountain I	12.00	12.97	12.75	13
ountain II	11.49	11.91	11.75	12
ountain III	10.85	10.99	10.90	11
acific	12.69	14.69	13.05	14
alifornia	12.45	13.95	12.82	14
awaii	13.65	16.60	13.89	16
nited States	12.15	12.66	12.35	13

Number of Workers and Hours Worked – Region and United States: October 9-15, 2016 [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

	Hired					
Region ¹	Number	Expected to	Expected to be employed			
region	of workers	150 days or more	149 days or less	of hours worked		
	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(hours per week)		
Northeast I Northeast II	41 53	31 36	10 17	40.5 38.2		
Appalachian I Appalachian II	47 28	29 17	18 11	37.4 36.5		
Southeast Florida	36 33	24 30	12 3	38.3 41.4		
Lake	59	40	19	42.1		
Cornbelt I Cornbelt II	42 35	29 21	13 14	41.9 38.4		
Delta	32	21	11	47.5		
Northern Plains	34	26	8	44.8		
Southern Plains	51	34	17	37.6		
Mountain I Mountain II Mountain III	27 20 21	19 16 18	8 4 3	44.5 43.1 48.6		
Pacific California	68 165	46 136	22 29	41.3 44.2		
Hawaii	6	5	1	36.9		
United States	798	578	220	41.6		

Wage Rates by Type of Worker - Region and United States: October 9-15, 2016

[Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

		Type of worker		Wage rates for
Region ¹	Field	Livestock	Field and livestock combined	all hired workers
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
Northeast I Northeast II	13.64 12.36	11.80 12.48	13.00 12.40	13.99 13.26
Appalachian I Appalachian II	11.38 10.45	12.36 11.35	11.60 10.75	12.24 11.31
Southeast Florida	10.57 11.00	11.44 12.50	10.80 11.20	11.29 12.48
Lake	14.82	12.78	14.10	14.67
Cornbelt I Cornbelt II	13.85 13.33	12.72 12.84	13.50 13.15	13.87 13.64
Delta	10.40	10.42	10.40	10.68
Northern Plains	15.33	12.50	14.15	14.56
Southern Plains	11.33	12.06	11.70	12.19
Mountain I Mountain II Mountain III	12.01 10.84 10.22	10.94 10.31 10.13	11.50 10.55 10.20	12.12 11.03 11.13
Pacific California	14.48 12.65	14.20 13.50	14.45 12.79	14.94 13.95
Hawaii	12.80	16.65	13.20	14.86
United States	12.59	12.25	12.50	13.25

Number of Workers and Hours Worked – Region and United States: July 10-16, 2016 [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

	Hired					
Region ¹	Number	Expected to	be employed	Number		
region	of workers	150 days or more	149 days or less	of hours worked		
	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(hours per week)		
Northeast I Northeast II	42 59	33 38	9 21	41.0 39.6		
Appalachian I Appalachian II	49 24	29 16	20 8	41.8 37.4		
Southeast Florida	34 30	25 27	9 3	37.6 41.4		
Lake	58	40	18	38.5		
Cornbelt I Cornbelt II	40 27	29 22	11 5	37.9 37.2		
Delta	34	22	12	41.2		
Northern Plains	34	26	8	44.0		
Southern Plains	52	35	17	38.2		
Mountain I Mountain II Mountain III	28 23 20	21 17 17	7 6 3	43.8 43.6 45.6		
Pacific California	100 180	52 152	48 28	42.1 43.7		
Hawaii	6	5	1	37.5		
United States	840	606	234	41.2		

Wage Rates by Type of Worker – Region and United States: July 10-16, 2016 [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

		Type of worker		Wage rates for all hired workers
Region ¹	Field	Livestock	Field and livestock combined	
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
lortheast I	13.27	11.87	12.75	13.
lortheast II	11.81	12.41	12.00	12.
ppalachian I	11.21	11.43	11.25	11.
ppalachian II	10.57	10.98	10.70	11.
outheast	10.50	11.00	10.65	11.
lorida	10.85	12.30	11.08	12.
ake	12.87	12.23	12.60	13.
ornbelt I	13.12	12.52	12.90	13.
ornbelt II	13.05	13.27	13.15	13
elta	10.26	10.48	10.30	10
orthern Plains	15.17	12.83	14.10	14
outhern Plains	11.47	11.74	11.60	12
ountain I	11.96	11.33	11.65	12
ountain II	10.93	10.48	10.70	11
ountain III	10.41	10.36	10.40	11
acific	13.71	13.58	13.70	14
alifornia	12.60	13.55	12.76	13
awaii	12.85	16.90	13.27	14
nited States	12.32	12.15	12.27	13

Number of Workers and Hours Worked – Region and United States: April 10-16, 2016 [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

	Hired					
Region ¹	Number	Expected to	be employed	Number		
region	of workers	150 days or more	149 days or less	of hours worked		
	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(hours per week)		
Northeast I Northeast II	34 33	29 27	5 6	43.9 38.8		
Appalachian I Appalachian II	26 20	19 15	7 5	38.0 35.0		
Southeast Florida	28 37	21 30	7 7	38.7 40.7		
Lake	58	44	14	36.6		
Cornbelt I Cornbelt II	47 22	39 17	8 5	37.8 37.8		
Delta	29	22	7	38.4		
Northern Plains	34	28	6	42.0		
Southern Plains	56	38	18	34.9		
Mountain I Mountain II Mountain III	26 14 21	21 12 19	5 2 2	46.4 41.3 47.4		
Pacific California	59 153	44 128	15 25	42.1 43.6		
Hawaii	6	5	1	35.5		
United States	703	558	145	40.4		

Wage Rates by Type of Worker – Region and United States: April 10-16, 2016 [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

		Type of worker		Mana natao fan
Region ¹	Field	Livestock	Field and livestock combined	Wage rates for all hired workers
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
lortheast I	12.48	10.86	11.90	12.
lortheast II	12.30	11.98	12.15	13.
ppalachian I	10.89	10.73	10.85	11.
ppalachian II	11.24	11.16	11.20	11.
outheast	10.72	10.05	10.50	11.
lorida	11.05	12.85	11.37	12.
ake	11.79	11.92	11.85	12.
ornbelt I	12.66	13.06	12.80	13.
ornbelt II	12.89	13.26	13.10	13
elta	10.45	10.45	10.45	10
orthern Plains	14.10	13.08	13.50	13
outhern Plains	11.42	11.65	11.55	11
ountain I	12.22	11.27	11.75	12
ountain II	11.26	11.95	11.55	12
ountain III	11.42	11.88	11.60	13
acific	12.30	12.90	12.35	12
alifornia	12.35	12.85	12.43	13
awaii	12.70	15.40	12.93	14
nited States	12.00	12.01	12.00	12

Number of Workers and Hours Worked – Region and United States: January 10-16, 2016 [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

	Hired								
Region ¹	Number	Expected to	be employed	Number					
rtegion	of workers	150 days or more	149 days or less	of hours worked					
	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(hours per week)					
Northeast I Northeast II	24 29	22 23	2 6	44.2 37.3					
Appalachian I Appalachian II	18 15	15 12	3 3	34.2 37.5					
Southeast Florida	22 43	19 31	3 12	36.4 38.4					
Lake	47	41	6	34.6					
Cornbelt I Cornbelt II	31 19	28 16	3 3	37.4 36.1					
Delta	18	16	2	33.9					
Northern Plains	30	26	4	41.4					
Southern Plains	48	38	10	34.9					
Mountain I Mountain II Mountain III	19 11 22	18 10 19	1 1 3	43.7 40.3 46.6					
Pacific California	48 132	41 114	7 18	37.0 41.4					
Hawaii	6	5	1	35.7					
United States	582	494	88	38.8					

Wage Rates by Type of Worker – Region and United States: January 10-16, 2016 [Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

		Type of worker		Wage rates for	
Region ¹	Field	Livestock	Field and livestock combined	all hired workers	
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	
Northeast I Northeast II	12.17 12.14	10.71 12.36	11.50 12.25	12.2 13.2	
Appalachian I Appalachian II	11.63 11.24	10.44 11.26	11.00 11.25	11.8 11.8	
Southeast Florida	10.76 10.55	9.87 12.70	10.40 10.87	11.0 11.7	
_ake	12.13	12.08	12.10	12.5	
Cornbelt I Cornbelt II	11.96 13.26	13.54 12.97	12.75 13.05	13.4 13.2	
Delta	10.54	10.25	10.40	10.8	
lorthern Plains	14.39	12.83	13.30	13.5	
Southern Plains	11.40	11.59	11.50	11.	
Aountain I Aountain II Aountain III	12.88 11.66 11.41	11.51 12.26 11.81	11.80 12.00 11.55	12.: 13.: 12.1	
Pacific California	12.26 12.05	13.09 12.65	12.35 12.16	13.2 13.6	
Hawaii	12.95	15.40	13.15	15.0	
Jnited States	11.84	12.02	11.91	12.8	

Combined Field and Livestock Worker Wage Rates by Type of Farm – Region and 48 States: April 9-15, 2017

[Excludes agricultural service workers]

Region ¹	Field crops	Other crops	Livestock and poultry	All farms
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
Northeast ²	12.38	12.80	11.93	12.40
Appalachian ³	11.98	11.57	11.36	11.58
Southeast and Florida	11.03	10.89	11.34	10.98
Lake	14.87	12.28	12.51	12.70
Cornbelt ⁴	14.14	11.16	13.42	13.18
Delta	10.75	10.56	11.14	10.80
Northern Plains	16.58	11.77	12.34	13.55
Southern Plains	11.76	11.14	13.04	12.20
Mountain ⁵	12.03	11.05	11.98	11.55
Pacific and California	13.60	12.83	13.55	12.98
48 States ⁶	12.85	12.10	12.46	12.30

¹ Region map on page 24. ² Includes Northeast I and Northeast II.

³ Includes Appalachian I and Appalachian II. ⁴ Includes Cornbelt I and Cornbelt II.

⁵ Includes Mountain I, Mountain II and Mountain III.

⁶ Excludes Alaska and Hawaii

Combined Field and Livestock Worker Wage Rates by Type of Farm – Region and 48 States: January 8-14, 2017

[Excludes agricultural service workers]

Region ¹	Field crops	Other crops	Livestock and poultry	All farms
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
Northeast ²	12.69	13.52	11.63	12.37
Appalachian ³	11.77	11.68	11.38	11.55
Southeast and Florida	13.62	10.90	11.23	11.11
Lake	15.36	12.76	12.38	12.85
Cornbelt ⁴	13.36	11.39	13.57	13.19
Delta	11.45	10.90	11.27	11.25
Northern Plains	16.40	10.32	12.65	13.50
Southern Plains	11.57	10.78	13.04	12.20
Mountain ⁵	11.87	11.15	12.10	11.76
Pacific and California	14.53	12.49	14.05	12.87
48 States ⁶	13.48	11.93	12.54	12.33

¹ Region map on page 24. ² Includes Northeast I and Northeast II.

³ Includes Appalachian I and Appalachian II.

⁴ Includes Cornbelt I and Cornbelt II.

⁵ Includes Mountain I, Mountain II and Mountain III.

Combined Field and Livestock Worker Wage Rates by Type of Farm - Region and 48 States: April 10-16, 2016

[Excludes agricultural service workers]

Region ¹	Field crops	Other crops	Livestock and poultry	All farms
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
Northeast ²	10.63	12.34	11.67	12.02
Appalachian ³	11.57	10.51	11.20	10.99
Southeast and Florida	10.08	11.03	11.14	11.00
Lake	12.63	11.64	11.81	11.85
Cornbelt ⁴	12.99	11.61	13.45	12.90
Delta	10.42	10.37	10.55	10.45
Northern Plains	14.11	12.46	13.19	13.50
Southern Plains	11.29	11.24	11.79	11.55
Mountain ⁵	12.47	11.62	11.52	11.66
Pacific and California	13.55	12.27	12.97	12.41
48 States ⁶	12.39	11.86	12.07	12.00

¹ Region map on page 24. ² Includes Northeast I and Northeast II.

³ Includes Appalachian I and Appalachian II. ⁴ Includes Cornbelt I and Cornbelt II.

⁵ Includes Mountain I, Mountain II and Mountain III.

⁶ Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

Combined Field and Livestock Worker Wage Rates by Type of Farm – Region and 48 States: January 10-16, 2016

[Excludes agricultural service workers]

Region ¹	Field crops	Other crops	Livestock and poultry	All farms
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
Northeast ²	10.41	12.09	11.75	11.88
Appalachian ³	11.80	10.92	11.02	11.12
Southeast and Florida	10.26	10.61	11.12	10.72
Lake	12.76	11.91	12.00	12.10
Cornbelt ⁴	12.19	11.89	13.64	12.86
Delta	10.74	10.06	10.33	10.40
Northern Plains	14.31	10.06	12.90	13.30
Southern Plains	11.10	11.50	11.67	11.50
Mountain ⁵	12.85	11.63	11.62	11.73
Pacific and California	14.92	12.04	12.66	12.21
48 States ⁶	12.37	11.68	12.04	11.90

¹ Region map on page 24.

² Includes Northeast I and Northeast II.

³ Includes Appalachian I and Appalachian II.

⁴ Includes Cornbelt I and Cornbelt II.

⁵ Includes Mountain I, Mountain II and Mountain III.

All Hired Worker Wage Rates by Economic Class of Farm – Region and 48 States: April 9-15, 2017

[Excludes agricultural service workers]

Region ¹			Gross value	sales-\$1,000			All
Region	<50	50-99	100-249	250-499	500-999	1,000+	farms
	(dollars per hour)						
Northeast ²	14.57	14.98	11.39	11.78	12.15	14.04	13.42
Appalachian ³	10.58	10.94	11.68	11.58	11.23	13.64	12.36
Southeast and Florida	10.91	10.03	12.10	10.25	11.74	12.18	11.85
Lake	13.70	(S)	10.41	11.75	12.92	13.99	13.35
Cornbelt ⁴	10.85	12.81	13.21	11.84	14.22	14.72	13.83
Delta	11.04	11.37	11.25	11.19	11.06	11.06	11.10
Northern Plains	14.50	10.45	13.75	13.32	14.94	14.38	14.02
Southern Plains	13.80	12.05	12.59	11.05	13.30	13.11	12.95
Mountain ⁵	(S)	13.63	10.75	11.80	11.68	12.61	12.26
Pacific and California	14.32	14.59	13.58	13.07	13.78	14.33	14.19
48 States ⁶	12.54	12.73	12.35	11.92	12.79	13.65	13.20

(S) Insufficient number of reports to establish an estimate.

¹ Region map on page 24. ² Includes Northeast I and Northeast II.

³ Includes Appalachian I and Appalachian II. ⁴ Includes Cornbelt I and Cornbelt II.

⁵ Includes Mountain I, Mountain II and Mountain III.

⁶ Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

All Hired Worker Wage Rates by Economic Class of Farm – Region and 48 States: January 8-14, 2017

[Excludes agricultural service workers]

Region ¹	Gross value sales-\$1,000						All
Region	<50	50-99	100-249	250-499	500-999	1,000+	farms
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
Northeast ²	15.07	13.44	10.70	11.18	13.23	14.58	13.64
Appalachian ³	11.28	11.80	10.93	11.95	11.18	13.86	12.65
Southeast and Florida	10.57	10.06	11.33	9.78	12.05	12.47	11.98
Lake	12.70	(S)	10.44	11.92	14.43	14.12	13.60
Cornbelt ⁴	10.80	13.97	11.23	11.96	14.73	15.41	13.89
Delta	11.93	12.55	11.78	10.91	11.40	11.89	11.72
Northern Plains	13.91	10.30	14.30	13.69	15.10	14.11	14.13
Southern Plains	13.97	12.41	12.16	10.97	13.33	13.24	13.02
Mountain ⁵	(S)	(S)	11.56	12.97	12.14	12.76	12.66
Pacific and California	14.71	13.95	12.92	13.44	14.11	14.49	14.33
48 States ⁶	12.72	12.95	11.90	11.96	13.32	13.90	13.40

(S) Insufficient number of reports to establish an estimate.

Region map on page 24.

² Includes Northeast I and Northeast II.

³ Includes Appalachian I and Appalachian II. ⁴ Includes Cornbelt I and Cornbelt II.

⁵ Includes Mountain I, Mountain II and Mountain III.

All Hired Worker Wage Rates by Economic Class of Farm – Region and 48 States: April 10-16, 2016

[Excludes agricultural service workers]

Region ¹			Gross value	sales-\$1,000			All
Region	<50	50-99	100-249	250-499	500-999	1,000+	farms
	(dollars per hour)						
Northeast ²	12.85	11.13	12.39	12.38	13.18	13.07	12.85
Appalachian ³	9.74	12.51	10.27	10.64	10.45	12.33	11.56
Southeast and Florida	11.86	12.20	10.17	10.48	12.01	12.05	11.78
Lake	12.42	9.65	10.86	11.01	11.21	12.76	12.31
Cornbelt ⁴	13.97	14.84	11.74	11.49	15.37	13.60	13.21
Delta	10.81	11.29	9.58	11.63	9.77	10.90	10.70
Northern Plains	(S)	12.88	12.79	12.95	12.96	14.41	13.99
Southern Plains	12.18	12.11	12.46	11.61	12.09	11.83	11.97
Mountain ⁵	16.41	11.51	12.01	14.53	11.86	12.38	12.61
Pacific and California	13.13	13.81	13.62	13.85	13.22	13.38	13.42
48 States ⁶	12.51	12.88	12.07	12.26	12.59	12.93	12.74

(S) Insufficient number of reports to establish an estimate.

¹ Region map on page 24. ² Includes Northeast I and Northeast II.

³ Includes Appalachian I and Appalachian II. ⁴ Includes Cornbelt I and Cornbelt II.

⁵ Includes Mountain I, Mountain II and Mountain III.

⁶ Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

All Hired Worker Wage Rates by Economic Class of Farm – Region and 48 States: January 10-16, 2016

[Excludes agricultural service workers]

Region ¹	Gross value sales-\$1,000						
Region	<50	50-99	100-249	250-499	500-999	1,000+	farms
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
Northeast ²	13.11	11.22	12.59	12.15	13.52	12.84	12.73
Appalachian ³	10.73	11.29	10.68	10.92	10.49	12.70	11.87
Southeast and Florida	12.00	12.40	10.02	10.51	11.46	11.70	11.50
Lake	11.28	9.18	8.10	11.04	12.43	12.92	12.59
Cornbelt ⁴	12.88	13.18	12.18	11.85	14.26	14.45	13.34
Delta	9.19	11.46	10.49	12.05	10.09	11.24	10.80
Northern Plains	(S)	11.26	14.26	14.24	12.90	14.09	13.96
Southern Plains	11.30	13.12	12.71	11.16	12.15	11.99	11.83
Mountain ⁵	16.94	7.51	12.79	15.45	12.01	12.35	12.76
Pacific and California	13.81	13.06	14.67	14.23	13.40	13.48	13.54
48 States ⁶	12.31	12.43	12.38	12.46	12.61	13.00	12.80

(S) Insufficient number of reports to establish an estimate.

¹ Region map on page 24.

² Includes Northeast I and Northeast II.

³ Includes Appalachian I and Appalachian II.

⁴ Includes Cornbelt I and Cornbelt II.

⁵ Includes Mountain I, Mountain II and Mountain III.

Field and Livestock Workers by Type of Farm

[Excludes agricultural service workers, Alaska and Hawaii]

Type of farm	January 10-16,	April 10-16,	July 10-16,	October 9-15,	January 8-14,	April 9-15,
	2016	2016	2016	2016	2017	2017
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Field crops	49	15	15	17	12	13
Other crops		51	55	51	50	54
Livestock, dairy, and poultry		34	30	32	38	33

Hired Workers by Economic Class of Farm [Excludes agricultural service workers, Alaska and Hawaii]

	· · ·					
Gross value of sales	January 10-16, 2016	April 10-16, 2016	July 10-16, 2016	October 9-15, 2016	January 8-14, 2017	April 9-15, 2017
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Less than \$50,000 \$50,000-\$99,999 \$100,000-\$249,999 \$250,000-\$499,999 \$500,000-\$999,999 \$1,000,000 and over	6 10 10	8 5 7 10 10 60	9 4 10 12 57	8 5 7 10 13 57	7 4 8 9 11 61	7 5 7 9 13 59

Hired Workers by Number of Workers on Farm

[Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

Number of workers on farm	January 10-16, 2016	April 10-16, 2016	July 10-16, 2016	October 9-15, 2016	January 8-14, 2017	April 9-15, 2017
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
1 worker	12	11	10	10	11	10
2 workers	10	9	7	8	10	10
3-6 workers	16	18	16	17	17	17
7-10 workers	8	7	9	8	8	7
11-20 workers	9	10	10	13	10	11
21-50 workers	14	15	15	14	15	15
51 or more workers	31	30	33	30	29	30

Hired Workers by Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) System

[Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

Title	SOC code	January 10-16, 2016	April 10-16, 2016	January 8-14, 2017	April 9-15, 2017
		(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)
Graders and sorters, agricultural products	(45-2041)	8	7	12	14
Agricultural equipment operators	(45-2091)	80	115	83	116
Farmworkers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	(45-2092)	202	276	191	273
Farmworkers, farm, ranch, and aquacultural animals	(45-2093)	194	200	146	159
Agricultural workers, all other	(45-2099)	(S)	(S)	13	14
Packers and packagers, hand	(53-7064)	(S)	(S)	14	17
Farmers, ranchers, and other agricultural managers	(11-9013)	21	22	20	20
First-line supervisors of farming, fishing workers	(45-1011)	15	16	16	18

(S) Insufficient number of reports to establish an estimate.

Wages by Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) System

[Excludes agricultural service workers and Alaska]

Title	SOC code	January 10-16, 2016	April 10-16, 2016	January 8-14, 2017	April 9-15, 2017
		(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
Graders and sorters, agricultural products	(45-2041)	11.90	12.15	12.00	12.35
Agricultural equipment operators	(45-2091)	12.30	12.50	12.70	12.60
Farmworkers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	(45-2092)	11.70	11.85	12.15	12.10
Farmworkers, farm, ranch, and aquacultural animals	(45-2093)	12.00	12.05	12.55	12.40
Agricultural workers, all other	(45-2099)	(S)	(S)	13.30	13.65
Packers and packagers, hand	(53-7064)	(S)	(S)	11.00	11.75
Farmers, ranchers, and other agricultural managers	(11-9013)	21.25	20.45	23.15	22.60
First-line supervisors of farming, fishing workers	(45-1011)	19.90	19.95	20.35	20.10

(S) Insufficient number of reports to establish an estimate.



Region

Northeast I

Northeast II Appalachian I Appalachian II Southeast Lake Cornbelt I Cornbelt II Delta Northern Plains Southern Plains Mountain I Mountain II Pacific

States

Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island, Vermont. Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania. North Carolina, Virginia. Kentucky, Tennessee, West Virginia. Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina. Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin. Illinois, Indiana, Ohio. Iowa, Missouri. Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi. Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota. Oklahoma, Texas. Idaho, Montana, Wyoming. Colorado, Nevada, Utah. Arizona, New Mexico. Oregon, Washington.

Farm Labor Definitions

The following definitions are provided to assist in interpreting statistics published in Farm Labor reports. To ensure consistency in data collection, the questionnaires and instruction manual used by the interviewers provide more in-depth explanations of these terms.

Farm or Ranch: A place that sells, or would normally sell, at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products during the year.

Agricultural Work: Work done on a farm or ranch in connection with the production of agricultural products, including nursery and greenhouse products and animal specialties such as fur farms or apiaries. Also included is work done off the farm to handle farm related business, such as trips to buy feed or deliver products to local market.

Hired Worker: Anyone, other than an agricultural service worker, who was paid for at least one hour of agricultural work on a farm or ranch. Worker type is determined by what the employee was primarily hired to do, not necessarily what work was done during the survey week. Types of workers include:

Field Workers: Employees engaged in planting, tending and harvesting crops including operation of farm machinery on crop farms. The Standard Occupation Classification (SOC) codes and titles associated with field workers are 45-2041: Graders and Sorters, Agricultural Products; 45-2091: Agricultural Equipment Operators; 45-2092: Farmworkers and Laborers, Crop, Nursery and Greenhouse; 45-2099: Agricultural Workers, All Other; 53-7064: Packers and Packagers, Hand.

Livestock Workers: Employees tending livestock, milking cows or caring for poultry, including operation of farm machinery on livestock or poultry operations. SOC codes and titles associated with livestock workers are 45-2041: Graders and Sorters, Agricultural Products; 45-2093: Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, and Aquacultural Animals; 45-2099: Agricultural Workers, All Other; 53-7064: Packers and Packagers, Hand.

Supervisors: Hired managers, range foremen, crew leaders, etc. SOC codes and titles associated with supervisors are 11-9013: Farmers, Ranchers, and Other Agricultural Managers; 45-1011: First-Line Supervisors of Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Workers.

Other Workers: Employees engaged in agricultural work not included in the other three categories. Bookkeepers and pilots are examples. SOC codes and titles associated with other workers include but are not limited to 45-2011: Agricultural Inspectors; 45-2021: Animal Breeders; 37-2012: Pesticide Handlers, Sprayers, and Applicators, Vegetation.

For more information on the applicable Standard Occupational Classification codes, see "Crosswalk from National Agricultural Statistics Service Farm Labor Survey to the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification System" at the "Surveys and Programs" page for Farm Labor, on the NASS website (http://www.nass.usda.gov).

Methods of Pay: All wage rates are calculated based on total wages paid and total hours worked during the survey reference week. Wages paid other than hourly (bi-weekly, monthly, etc.) are converted to an hourly basis prior to summarization. Wages paid by piece rate (per quantity of produce picked, etc.) are also converted to an hourly basis.

Perquisites: Benefits, such as cash bonuses, housing, or meals, provided to an employee in addition to pay are included in perquisites. Wage rates published in this release do not include the value of these benefits.

Term of Employment: The length of time during the year the farm operator expects to employ those workers who were on the payroll during the survey week.

Agricultural Service: Any farm-related service performed on a farm or ranch on a contract or fee basis. This primarily includes activities performed by contract workers on fruit, vegetable, or berry operations. It also includes custom work, veterinarian work, artificial insemination, sheep shearing, milk testing, or any other farm-related activity performed on a

farm or ranch on a "fee per service" basis. The agricultural services component has been discontinued from the Farm Labor Survey.

Contract Labor: Contract workers are paid by a crew leader, contractor, buyer, processor, cooperative, or other person who has an oral or written agreement with a farmer/rancher. Pruning, thinning, weeding or harvesting of fruit, vegetable or berry crops are examples. A machine is not a part of the service activity provided by the contractor. The Farm Labor Survey excludes measures of contract labor.

Custom Work: Work performed by machines and labor hired as a unit. Hay baling, combining, corn or cotton picking, spraying, fertilizing, and laser leveling are examples of custom work when the equipment is included in the service activity. The Farm Labor Survey excludes measures of custom labor.

Type of Farm (or Ranch): An operation is classified in the farm type which accounts for the largest portion of the total gross value of sales for its agricultural production.

Types of farms broken out in this publication are:

Field Crops: A farm producing wheat, rice, corn, soybeans, barley, dry beans, rye, sorghum, cotton, popcorn, tobacco, or other such crops.

Other Crops: A farm producing vegetables, melons, berry crops, grapes, tree nuts, citrus fruits, deciduous tree fruits, avocados, dates, figs, olives, nursery, or greenhouse crops. This category also includes farms producing potatoes, sugar crops, hay, peanuts, hops, mint, and maple syrup.

Livestock or Poultry: A farm producing cattle, hogs, sheep, goats, milk, chickens, eggs, turkeys, or animal specialties such as furs, fish, honey, etc.

Gross Value of Sales: This includes all income during a year from the sale of crops, livestock, dairy, poultry, or other related agricultural products, including the landlord's share and the value of products produced under contract. When commodities are placed under CCC loan, they are considered sold.

Survey Methodology

Survey Procedures: The NASS Farm Labor Survey is conducted semi-annually in April and October, in all surveyed states except California. During the April data collection, data for both January and April reference weeks are collected. During the October data collection, data for both July and October reference weeks are collected. The quarterly reference week is the Sunday to Saturday period which includes the 12th day of the month. For California, collection of these data is currently conducted on a quarterly basis, as part of the California Employment Development Department monthly labor program.

The target population for the Farm Labor Survey program is all farms and ranches with \$1,000 or more in agricultural sales (or potential sales). An optimal sample is selected in each state with a U.S. sample size of about 14,000.

The Farm Labor Survey is a multiple frame survey, incorporating samples from both the NASS list and area frames to ensure adequate coverage.

Farms on the list frame are sampled through a hierarchical stratified design, with strata based on measures of size. Those operations with associated control data indicating peak numbers of workers are stratified based on these values, and those expected to employ large numbers of workers (higher peak number values) are selected with the greatest frequency. Farms on the list frame which do not have peak worker control data are stratified and sampled based on farm value of sales. Farms stratified by farm value of sales are selected at a lower frequency.

In order to provide coverage of farms not currently part of the NASS list frame, a second sample is drawn consisting of segments of land selected from the NASS area frame. The area frame contains all land in the state and, as such, is complete. The land is stratified according to intensity of agriculture using satellite imagery. The land in each stratum is divided into segments of roughly one square mile. Segments are optimally allocated and sampled to effectively measure crops and livestock. The sampled segments are fully enumerated in June. All farms and ranches found operating tracts in these segments are checked to see if they are included in the list frame hired labor population. The farms and ranches that are not included in the list frame labor population, called nonoverlap tracts, are sampled for the Farm Labor Survey so that the target population is completely represented. The area frame component is enumerated during each semi-annual data collection period along with the list sample.

Most respondents are first contacted through self-administered mailed questionnaires, which can be completed either by hand or securely online. All manually completed survey questionnaires are returned to the NASS National Operations Center, where they are visually reviewed and key entered. Nonresponse follow-up is completed either by computer-assisted telephone interviews conducted from NASS Data Collection Centers, or in person by an enumerator.

Throughout the data collection process, steps are taken to minimize the impact of nonsampling errors such as reporting, recording, and editing errors. These steps include questionnaire testing, comprehensive interviewer training, validation, and verification of processing systems, application of detailed computer edits, and evaluation of the data via the analysis tools.

Nonresponse adjustment is necessary to account for producers who refuse to participate in the survey, cannot be located during the data collection period, or who submit incomplete reports. These nonrespondents must be accounted for if accurate estimates of farm labor are to be made. For the Farm Labor Survey, nonrespondents are accounted for by adjusting the weights of the respondents. The adjustment occurs by stratum as all strata represent homogeneous groupings of similar sized farms. The adjustment is performed by individual item on the questionnaire so adjustments for item nonresponse (partial reports) and unit nonresponse (refusals and inaccessibles) are done in a single calculation.

For estimation of data items, point estimates called direct expansions are calculated by multiplying the reported value by the final adjusted weight (initial sampling weight adjusted for nonresponse) and summing to a stratum total. A variance estimate is also computed at the stratum level. The nonoverlap tracts are treated as an additional stratum. Totals and variances are additive across strata to form state level point estimates.

Ratio estimates are also computed for many items. For example, wage rates are calculated as the ratio of total wages to total hours worked. Ratio estimates use the reweighted estimator described above for the numerator and denominator direct expansions. Both the numerator and denominator must be usable in order for that record to be used in the ratio estimator.

The number of hired workers, average hours worked, average wage rate data, and all associated sub-items are summarized from the dataset. Because an identical data collection instrument (questionnaire) and follow-up interview are used for all states, as well as identical editing, analysis, and summarization processes, state data can be summarized and regional and national survey point estimates computed. For estimation purposes, point estimates are adopted as survey indications for all data items. The summary results provide multiple direct and ratio indications for each data series being estimated. The results also provide information used to assess the performance of the current survey and evaluate the quality of the survey indications. NASS Regional Field Offices interpret the survey indications and submit state level recommendations for all member states to NASS headquarters, providing justification in cases where recommendations deviate from summary indications, as well other state specific comments and justifications. NASS headquarters completes the regional and produce the same indications as the state level summaries.

For the final step in the estimation process, NASS assembles a panel of statisticians to serve as the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB) for the Farm Labor Survey. The Farm Labor ASB reviews the U.S. level, regional, and state level survey indications and establishes all final, official estimates for the Farm Labor Survey program. Since larger sample sizes yield more precise results, the ASB employs the "top-down" approach by determining the U.S. level estimates first and reconciling the state recommendations to the U.S. and regional numbers for all estimates including number of hired workers, average hours worked, average wage rates, and associated sub-items. As part of the semi-annual process, the ASB also considers revised recommendations and issues revisions of previously published estimates where appropriate. Additionally, the ASB reviews the annual average estimates for the November publication, which are summarized from the final regional and U.S. level estimates for each of the four quarters. Through examining indications across states and regions, re-examining outliers, and considering state level recommendations and comments, the ASB is able to establish all final estimates according to both local conditions and regional and national conditions and trends.

Revision Policy: Farm labor statistics are subject to revision semi-annually and annually. Revisions must be supported by additional data that directly affect the level of the estimate. Worker numbers and wage rates for January and April 2016, and October, 2016, were subject to revision with this report.

For More Information

For more information on the Farm Labor Survey methodology and quality measures, see "Farm Labor Survey Methodology and Quality Measures" on the NASS website (http://www.nass.usda.gov).

Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity statisticians in the Environmental, Economics and Demographics Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. Email inquiries may be sent to nass@nass.usda.gov.

Jody McDaniel, Chief, Environmental, Economics and Demographics Branch	(202) 720-6146
Tony Dorn, Head, Economics Section	(202) 690-3223
Rachel Antzak – Cash Receipts, Land Values	
Daryl Brinkman – Prices Received, Prices Received Indexes, Parity Prices	(202) 720-8844
Kuan Chen – Prices, Prices Research	
Liana Cuffman – Prices Paid, Prices Paid Indexes	(202) 690-3229
Stephen Habets – Production Expenditures	
Joe Hagedorn – Cash Rents, Grazing Fees	
Ben Johnson – Economics and Demographics Processing	(202) 690-3225
Michael Mathison – Farm Expenditures	
Scott Shimmin, Head, Environmental and Demographics Section	(202) 720-0684
Stephanie Brennan – Field Crops Chemical Use	(202) 690-0392
Natasha Bruton – Current Agricultural Industrial Reports	
Courtney Charles – Current Agricultural Industrial Reports	(202) 690-3226
Ryan Cowen – Farms, Land in Farms, Census of Agriculture	(202) 690-3233
Doug Farmer – Vegetable Chemical Use	
Virginia Harris – Census of Agriculture	
Dominique Sims – Census of Agriculture	
Theresa Varner – Farm Labor, Chemical Use	

Access to NASS Reports

For your convenience, you may access NASS reports and products the following ways:

- All reports are available electronically, at no cost, on the NASS web site: <u>www.nass.usda.gov</u>
- Both national and state specific reports are available via a free e-mail subscription. To set-up this free subscription, visit <u>www.nass.usda.gov</u> and click on "National" or "State" in upper right corner above "search" box to create an account and select the reports you would like to receive.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@nass.usda.gov.

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