

		e as possible.	Communes	as
BE	GIN	NING TIME (military)	001	
SE	CTI	ON A: OPERATION DESCRIPTION		
				Code
1.		re any beef cows, regardless of ownership, on this operation October 1, 2007? \square_1 Yes $[$		1001
[If	Item	1 = YES, SKIP to Item 3.]		
				Code
2.		re any beef cows, regardless of ownership, on this operation July 1, 2007 ?		1002
[If	Item	2 = NO, SKIP to Section I.]		
3.		es this beef operation use specific production practices in order to target the following marketing of duced?	channels t	for calves
				Code
	a.	Breed-influenced program (such as certified Angus beef or certified Hereford beef)		1003
	b.	Age-and-source verification program \square_1 Yes [_₃ No	1004
	c.	Conventional	_₃ No	1005
	d.	Natural ☐₁Yes [₃ No	1006
	e.	Grass-fed1Yes [_₃ No	1007
	f.	Certified organic (operation certified by USDA)		1008

2

g. Other (specify:_____)..... \square_1 Yes \square_3 No 1009

SECTION B: CATTLE INVENTORY AND CALF CROP

1.	Now I have some questions about all of the cattle and calves, regardless of ownership, that were October 1, 2007 . Of the total number of cattle and calves on hand October 1, how many were:	on thi	s oper	ation on
				Head
	a. Beef Cows? (Include beef heifers that have calved.)	. +	2001	
	b. Dairy Cows , whether dry or in-milk? (Include dairy heifers that have calved.)	. +	2002	
	c. Bulls, weaned or older? (Include beef and dairy bulls. Include spotters.)	+	2003	
2.	My next questions are about all of the heifers, weaned or older , on the operation. On October 1 bred or unbred, were on this operation for: [Heifers that have calved should be recorded as cows		m 1.] Î	heifers,
	a. Beef Cow replacement?	. [2004	Tieau
	Head	•••		
	(i) How many of these (Item 2a) beef heifers will calve in 2008?			Head
	b. Dairy Cow replacement?		2006	Ticuu
	Head			
	2007			
	(i) How many of these (Item 2b) dairy heifers will calve in 2008?		H	leifers
	c. How many Other Heifers were on this operation on October 1?	. +	2008	
		ī		Steers
3.	On October 1 , how many Steers , weaned or older, were on this operation?	. +	2009	
				weaned Calves
4.	How many Unweaned Calves were on this operation on October 1 ? (Include heifer, steer and bull calves.)	+ [2010	5417C 3
5.	[Add Items 1a, 1b, 1c, 2a, 2b, 2c, 3 and 4.] Then the total cattle and calves on hand October 1 was:	. =	2011	
	Is this correct? [Make necessary corrections then continue.]			
6.	How many beef cows and beef cow replacements, weaned or older, were on hand July 1, 2007 ?		Н	lead
	a. Beef cows	. 201	.2	
	b. Beef cow replacements (heifers, weaned or older)	. 201	.3	
	e rest of my questions will refer <u>only</u> to the beef cow-calf operation coluding stockers), unless otherwise noted.			
7.	Next I have some questions about the calf crop of 2007 (calves born or to be born to beef cow and heifers in 2007). For heifers and cows how many beef calves were: (Exclude calves born dead.)		eifers	Cows
	a. Born or expected to be born in 2007?	201	.4	2016
	b. Born alive or expected to be born alive in 2007?	201	.5	2017
	Then the total number of calves born alive or expected to be born alive is	201		

Now I need to ask:

9.	pei	w many calves were born alive in each month of 2007 for riod January-September? w many of the (Item 8) beef calves were born in:	r the		Pe	ercent	OR	Head
				2019				2028
	a.	January?		2020		%		2029
	b.	February?	t			%		2020
	c.	March?		2021		%		2030
	d.	April?		2022		%		2031
		·		2023				2032
	e.	May?	t t	2024		%		2022
	f.	June?		2024		%		2033
	g.	July?		2025		%		2034
	g.			2026				2035
	h.	August?	t	2027		%		2026
	i.	September?		2021		%		2036
10.	Но	w many beef calves were or are expected to be born aliv	e in:		Pe	ercent	OR	Head
	a.	October?		2037		%		2040
	b.	November?		2038		%		2041
	C.	December?		2039		%		2042
			L			-		
11.	in 2	en the total beef calves born alive or expected to be born 2007 is: [Add Items 9a-i and 10a-c.] otal should equal Item 8 (or 100 percent).]		2043		100%		2044
								Percent
12.		nat percentage of the (Item 8) calves born alive or expect 07 had or are expected to have horns?						2045 %
[If I	tem	n 12 = 0, SKIP to Item 17.]						
								Percent
13.		nat percentage of the horned calves have been or will be sclude calves dehorned elsewhere.)	dehorn	ed on	this	operation?		2046 %
[If I	tem	n 13 = 0, SKIP to Item 17.]					_	
14.		nat is the average age of calves when they are horned on this operation?	Day	s	O R	Weeks	O R	Months
		·	2047			2048		2049
	-						_	

15.	Wh	nich of the following best describes the primary method of dehorning used on this operation?	
	[Ch	heck one only.]	
	a.		Code
	b.	☐₂ Electric dehorner/debudder, hot iron	2050
	C.	□₃ Spoons or gouges	
	d.	☐₄ Saws, barnes, or keystone (guillotine)	
[If It	tem	15 =1 or 2 SKIP to Item 17.]	-
16.	Du	ring the dehorning process, is the dehorning equipment routinely:	Code
			2051
		Chemically disinfected after each animal? 🗍 Yes 🗒 No	2052
			Percent
		nat percentage of the bull calves born on this operation in 2007 were or will be castrated before le?	2053 %
[If It	tem	1 17 = 0, SKIP to Item 20.]	
		nat is the average age of calves when they are strated on this operation? O R Weeks R	Months
	[En	nter one response in days or weeks or months.]	2056
		nich of the following best describes the primary method of castration used on this beef operation?	
	a.	Remove testicles with a blade	Code
	b.		2057
	C.	Rubber band or tubing at 3 months of age or less	
	d.	☐₄ Rubber band or tubing at more than 3 months of age	
	e.	□₅ Other (specify:)	
			Code
			2058
[If It	tem	n 20 = NO, SKIP to Item 21.]	_
			Days
	a.	On average, how many days did or will calves have access to creep feed?	2059
		w I'd like to know about all the calves weaned or expected to be weaned on this operation ring 2007 . How many will be:	Head
	a.	Replacement heifer calves (retained as replacements on this operation)?	2060
	b.	Other heifer calves?	2061
	C.	Bull and steer calves?	2062
	d.	[Add Items 21a, 21b, and 21c.] Then the total number of calves weaned or expected to be weaned in 2007 is:	2063
		DE WEGNEU III 2007 15	

						Days
22.	Wh	at will be the average age (in da	ys) of calves at weaning?		2064	
23.	Wh	nat will the average weaning weig	ght (in pounds) be for:			Pounds
	a.	Replacement heifer calves (ret	tained as replacements on this ope	eration)?	2065	
	b.	Other heifer calves?			2066	
	C.	Bull and steer calves?			2067	
			Weaning Factor Code List for	r Item 24		-
1-C	alf :	age/weight	4-Physical condition of cow	7-Tradition		
		of grazing lease or permit	5-Market price or contract	8-Other (specify:_)
		ge availability	6-Cash flow			
						-
		The state of the s			2000	Code
			st above) is most important to you		2068	
	-	All 658.100 21.10 2 2 1				Code
25.	Do	vou usually provide buvers with	information about your calf health		2069	
	a.	If Yes, which of the following be	est describes the way you convey th	the information?		
		(i) Written documentation	7			Code
		(ii) \square_2 Tell buyer orally	>		2070	
		(iii)3 Other (specify:) J			
		,			_	Code
26.	Do	the same people or companies t	tend to buy your weaned calves ea	ach	2071	
					<u>-</u>	Head (Calves)
			the 2007 calf crop have been or wi		2072	
			ch as forward cash, futures contract	t, options, etc.?		
_		n 27 = 0, SKIP to Section C.]	on the state of the state of			
28.	Wn	nat percentage of (Item 27) calves	s were or will be priced by:		2272	Percent
	a.	Forward cash?		+	2073	%
	C .				2074	
	b.	Futures contract?		+		%
	C.	Ontions?		+	2075	%
	C.	Ομιστο:			2076	
	d.	Some other method? (specify:_)	+		%
	_	CALL Warran ODa of Total chaule	1 14000(1	_	2077	1000/
	е	IAdd Items 28a-a. Total should	l egual 100%.]			100%

SECTION C: BREEDING PRACTICES AND CALVING

		Reason Code List fo	r Item 1			
1 –	Doe	es not work 4 – Lack	of facilitie	es		
2 – Labor/Time 5 – Too			difficult, to	oo compli	icated	
3 –	Cos	t 6 – Othe	r (specify	in margi	n)	
1.	Do	you use the following reproduction technologies, and if not, wh	nat is you	r primary	reason?	
					Code	If No, ask "what is your primary reason for not using the technology?" Use Reason Code above
	a.	Estrus synchronization	1Yes	3 No	3001	3010
	b.	Artificial insemination	₁Yes	3 No	3002	3011
	c.	Palpation for pregnancy	_₁Yes	□₃ No	3003	3012
	d.	Ultrasound for pregnancy	₁Yes	₃ No	3004	3013
	e.	Pelvic measurement	₁Yes	□₃ No	3005	3014
	f.	Body condition scoring	_₁Yes	□₃ No	3006	3015
	g.	Semen evaluation	₁Yes	₃ No	3007	3016
	h.	Embryo transfer	₁Yes	□₃ No	3008	
		(i) If item 1h = Yes, do you use Holstein cows or heifers as recipients for embryo transfer?	□₁Yes	∏₃ No	3009	
2.	tell	nking again about the 2007 calf crop (calves born or expected me about the replacement heifers and the cows that were bree or dead. For calving in 2007:				
				Heifers		Cows
	a.	How many (column) were ONLY exposed to bulls on this operation?	3017			3023
	b.	How many (column) were ONLY artificially inseminated on the operation?	3018			3024
	C.	How many (column) were BOTH artificially inseminated AND exposed to bulls on this operation?	3019		,	3025
	d.	How many exposed or artificially inseminated (column) were brought onto this operation?	3020			3026
	e.	How many exposed or artificially inseminated (column) died, were sold, or moved off the operation before calving in 2007?	3021		,	3027
	f.	[Add Items 2a, 2b, 2c and 2d and subtract Item 2e.] Then the total number of (column) on hand for calving on this operation during 2007 was:	3022			3028
		Is that correct? [Make necessary corrections, then continue.]				

					Heifers		Cows
3.		w many of these heifers and cows (I calve in 2007?				3030	
4	Wh	at percentage or how many of the (I	tem 3) heifers and co	ws that calve	ed or will calve in	2007 were [.]	
••		on personnings or more many or and (Heife			Cow	<i>i</i> s
			o			0	
			Percent R	Head	Per	cent R	Head
	a.	Raised on this operation?	%	3034	3037	%	3040
	b.	Purchased?		3035	3038	%	3041
	С.			3036	3039	Ť	3042
	C.	column used. Total should be equal to Item 3 or 100%]	100%			100%	
5.		ring calving, what percentage or hov vs required:	v many of the calves	born alive or	dead January-Se	eptember 200	7 to heifers and
			Heife	rs		Cow	S
			O Percent R	Head	Pero	cent O	Head
	a.	Easy pull?	3043 %	3048	3053	%	3058
	b.	Hard pull (mechanical calf puller		3049	3054		3059
	υ.	or abnormal presentation or position?	%			%	
	C.	Caesarean?		3050	3055	%	3060
	d.	No assistance?		3051	3056	%	3061
	e.	[Add Items 5a-d by column.]		3052	3057	100%	3062
					Heifers		Cows
					(Code)		(Code)
6.	Du	ring calving, are heifers/cows observ	ved on a regular basi	s ? 3063		3064	
		¹Yes □₃ No	J				
[If I		6 = NO for column, SKIP to Item	8 for that column.]				
-			_		Heifers (Times)		Cows Times)
7.		ring calving, how many times are (co average 24-hour period?				3066	
					Heifers (Hours)		Cows (Hours)
8.		w many hours are (column) normall ore assistance is given?		3067		3068	,
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			Code
9.	Do	you separate cow-calf pairs from pr	egnant cows?	∏₁Ye	s 3 No	3069	
			-			L	Days
	a.	If YES, how soon after calving (in cours?	ays) are cow-calf pair	s separated	from pregnant	3070	

10.	During the calving season, which of the fo are used to hold sick cows?	ollowing best describes how	often the calving areas	
	a.	nth)		Code
	b. 2 Occasionally (two to five times in	6 months)		3071
	c Rarely (once or less in 6 months)	· }		
	d. 4 Never	,		
11.	Does this operation have one defined bre			
	[A defined breeding season is determi	ned by removal of the bull	I from the cows/heifers	
				Season Code
	a1 One Season			3072
	b. 2 Two or more seasons		•	
	c.			
[If I	Item 11 = c, SKIP to Item 13.]			MM/DD/YY
	d. When did the last breeding season b	<u>-</u>		3073
	e. When did the last breeding season e	nd, or when will it end?		3074
		ming Factor Code List for		
		ncreasing weaning weights	_	
		Market cycle	8 – Other (spec	cify:)
3 –	Forage availability 6 – I	_abor availability		
				Timing Factor (Code)
12.	Which one of these factors (from list above last calving season for this operation?			3075
13.	The next questions are about this operation During the last breeding season, how ma		season.	Head
	a. Yearling bulls (less than 2 years of ag	ge) did this operation use for	r breeding?	3076
	b. Mature bulls (2 years or older) did this	s operation use for breeding	j?	3077
[If I	Items 13a AND 13b = 0 , SKIP to Item 20 .	1		
14.	In general, how many females would you	expect:		Head per Bull
	a. A yearling bull (less than 2 years of a	ge) to mate or service?		3078
	b. A mature bull (2 years or older) to ma	te or service?		3079
	w I am going to ask about bulls new to this wly purchased, leased, or borrowed).	operation for the last breed	ling season	
				Code
15.	For the last breeding season, did this op bulls to breed females?			3080
ΓIF	Item 15 - NO SKIP to Item 10 1			

16.		any bull purchased, leased or borrowed for the last breeding season e a:		Code		
	a.	Semen test? \square_1 Yes	□₃ No	3081		
	b.	Scrotal measurement? \square_1 Yes	_₃ No	3082		
	C.	Culture for trich (<i>Tritrichomonas fetus</i>) [pronunciation: trick OR try-trick-oh-MO-nus] ?	□₃ No	3083		
				Code		
17.		re any of the purchased, leased, or borrowed bulls older than 18 nths OR no longer considered virgin?	□₃ No	3084		
[If I	tem	17 = NO, SKIP to Item 19.]				
				Code		
18.		the bulls that were older than 18 months OR no longer considered virgin, the they ALL cultured for trich? \Box^1 Yes	s 🔲³ No	3085		
	Now I am going to ask about bulls that have been on this operation for at least two breeding seasons. 19. In preparation for the last breeding season, did any of the bulls on this operation, excluding bulls purchased, leased or					
	bor	rowed for the season, have a:				
				Code		
	a.	Semen test?1Yes	□₃ No			
	b.	Scrotal measurement? \square_1 Yes	_₃ No	3087		
	C.	Culture for trich (<i>Tritrichomonas fetus</i>)? \square_1 Yes	☐₃ No	3088		
				Code		
20.		ring the last 10 years, have you purchased a bull from a purebred eder? \square_1 Yes	□₃ No	3089		
				Code		
21.		you use commercially available DNA markers for sire identification in r herd? \square_1 Yes	□₃ No	3090		

SECTION D: GENERAL HERD MANAGEMENT

1.	Which of the following best describes the breeding herd for this beef operation? [Check only one.]	
	a. \square_1 Seedstock cattle (primarily market cattle for breeding purposes)	Code
	b. \square_2 Commercial cattle (primarily market cattle for eventual consumption)	4001
	c. □₃ Both seedstock and commercial cattle	
[If	Item 1 = b, SKIP to Item 3.]	
2.	Which of the following apply to the types of seedstock cattle you have?	
	Seedstock Cattle Code List for Item 2	
	1 = All 2 = Most (>½) 3 = Half 4 = Some (less than ½)	5 = None
		Code
	a. Purebred	. 4002
	b. Composite	. 4003
	c. Crossbred (Hybrid)	. 4004
[If	Item 1 = 1, SKIP to Item 4.]	
3.	Which of the following apply to the types of commercial cattle you have?	
	Commercial Cattle Code List for Item 3	
	$1 = AII$ $2 = Most (>\frac{1}{2})$ $3 = Half$ $4 = Some (less than \frac{1}{2})$	5 = None
		Code
	a. Purebred	. 4005
	b. Composite	4006
	c. Crossbred (Hybrid)	4007
4.	Which of the following best describes the breed makeup of the majority of the beef cows on this ope	ration?
		Code
	a. \square_1 Purebred or straightbred (only 1 breed)	4008
	b2Composite	
	c. □₃Crossbred (2 breeds)	
	d4Crossbred (3 or more breeds)	
5.	Which of the following best describes the breed makeup of the majority of the 2007 calf crop for this	s operation?
		Code
	a. \square_1 Purebred or straightbred (only 1 breed)	4009
	b Composite	
	c Crossbred (2 breeds)	
		<u>, </u>
	d4 Crossbred (3 or more breeds)	

6. Which of the following apply to the genetic makeup of your **2007 Calf crop** (by breed group)?

		Genetic Makeup Code List for	Item 6	
	1 = All 2 = Mos	3 = Half	4 = Some (less than ½)	5 = None
				Code
a.	British breeds (e.g. Angus, He	reford, Red Angus)		4010
b.	Continental breeds.(e.g., Char	olais, Limousin, Simmental)		. 4011
C.	Brahman influenced breeds			4012
				Code
7. Ha	ave you heard of the Beef Quality	Assurance (BQA) program?	□₁ Yes □₃ No	4013
If Iter	n 7 = No, SKIP to Item 12.]			
				Code
3. Ha	ave you attended a state or local	BQA meeting or training session?	□₁ Yes □₃ No	4014
If Iter	n 8 = No, SKIP to Item 12.]			
	s a result of your BQA training, dicommendations?	d you change any of the following ma	anagement practices to follow	BQA
		Management Practices Code List	for Item 9	
	1=Changed to BQA	2=Used BQA practice	3=Did not o	
	practice after training	before training	BQA pr	actice
2	Storage and handling of vaccin			4015
a. h		Nes		
b.		yringes		•
c. d.	•	aneous and intramuscular)		•
e. f.		iion		
1.	Cattle Harlulling and transporta	JOH		Code
10 H2	ave you been ROA certified?		□₁ Yes □₃ No	4021
	n 10 = No, SKIP to Item 12.]			
	ho was the primary provider of y	our BOA certification?		
a.	To was the primary provider of y \square_1 County agent	our BQA certification:		
b.	Local cattlemen's associat	on		Code
C.	3 State cattlemen's associat			4022
d.	3 State Cattlemen's associated State BQA	> 		1.022
	☐ ₅ University		'	
e. f				
f.	☐ ₆ Other	,		
12. W	hich of the following best describ	es how familiar you are with the resu	ults of the National Beef Oualit	v Audit?
	\Box_1 Haven't heard of it before	1	The state of the s	-
a. h		auch else		Code 4023
b.	Recognize the name, not r	L		4020
C.				
	_			
d.	₄ Fairly knowledgeable			

Code

13. Do you use the Standardized Performance Analysis (SPA) sponsored by the National Cattlemen's Beef Association and the USDA Extension Service to		4024
determine the profitability of producing beef calves?	□₃ No	

SECTION E: INFORMATION AND IDENTIFICATION

1. Next I would like to know about sources you might use to obtain both general information and breeding and genetics information for use in running this cow-calf operation. I'll read a list of information sources to you. For each one, please tell me whether it's Not Important, Somewhat Important, or Very Important for general information and then for breeding and genetics information. As a source of information for the cow-calf operation, how important are:

					· · · · ·	· · • · · · •	
		General Information					
		1 = Not Important	2 = Some	what Important		3 = Very Impor	tant
				General Info	rmation		nd Genetics mation
	a.	Extension Service, University, or Instructors (personal contact or the publications)?	rough	5001	50	10	
	b.	Veterinarians?		5002	50	11	
	C.	Beef magazines or agricultural jou publications?		5003	50	12	
	d.	Producer/Breed associations?		5004	50	13	
	e.	Other producers?		5005	50	14	
	f.	Salespersons or company represe (e.g., for feed, vaccines, semen, setc.)?	seedstock,	5006	50	15	
	g.	Consultants of any kind? (specify:)		5007	50	16	
	h.	Radio, TV, or newspapers?		5008	50	17	
	i.	Internet?		5009	50	18	
2.	Dui a.	ring the last 12 months, did this op Disease diagnosis or treatment?.			🗀 Y	es □₃ No	Code 5019
	b.	Disease prevention?					5020
	c.	Information on nutrition?					5021
	d.	Information on production manage	ement practic	es other than health	?		5022
	e.	Production or financial analysis, s performance analysis" (SPA)?			1 Ye		5023
		NI. A		ian Carres Cada I			
1	D-::-			tion Source Code L		(onooif ::	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				agents or specialist	s 7 – Other	(specify:)
		•	5 – Other pro				
3 –	vet	erinarians	6 – Producer	magazines			
							Nutrition Information Source
3.		ner than your own personal knowle om list above) on animal nutrition is					5024

4.	For keeping records for this cow-calf operat	ion, do you (the operator) use:			Code
	a. Hand-written records such as a ledger,	notebook, or pocket diary?	[¹ Yes 🔲³ No	5025
	b. A computer, located on the operation?.		[¹ Yes □₃ No	5026
	c. A computer, located off the operation?.			¹ Yes □₃ No	5027
_					01-
5.	Regarding natural resources management of	•	¬ .,		Code
	a. Restrict access of cattle to flowing-water	_	¹ Yes		5028
	b. Restrict access of cattle to timber?		¹ Yes	□ ₃ No □ ₄ N/A	5029
	c. Keep written, computer, or pictorial reco		Yes	3 No	5030
6.	as a supplemental source of income, or for	r some other reason, such as for			
	a1 Primary Source				Code
	b. \square_2 Supplemental Source	······ }———		─	5031
	c.	J			
					-
					Percent
7.	Considering all the hours you work on and of is devoted to this cow-calf operation?				5032
8.	What percent of this operation's cows and If electronic ear tags or collars are used, co				
8.			nswer all animal Cows has		Herd-level (All cattle and calves have the same ID.)
8.	If electronic ear tags or collars are used, co	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique)	nswer al Animal Cows has ue ID.)	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.)	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.)
8.		unt them in both categories. [An Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique 5033	Animal Cows has ue ID.)	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.)
8.	If electronic ear tags or collars are used, co	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033	Animal Cows has ue ID.)	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.)	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055
8.	a. Hot-iron brandb. Freeze brand	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034	Animal Cows has ue ID.)	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 % 5045	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056
8.	a. Hot-iron brand	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035	Animal Cows has ue ID.)	I that apply.] Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 % 5045 % 5046	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055
8.	a. Hot-iron brandb. Freeze brand	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035	Animal Cows has ue ID.)	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 % 5045	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056
8.	a. Hot-iron brand	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035 5036	Animal Cows has ue ID.)	I that apply.] Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 % 5045 % 5046 % 5047	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056 5057 5058
8.	a. Hot-iron brand	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035 5036 5037 5038	Animal Cows has ue ID.) % % %	I that apply.] Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 5045 5046 5047	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056 5057 5058
8.	a. Hot-iron brand	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035 5036 5037 5038	Animal Cows has ue ID.) % % % % %	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 5045 5046 5047 5048 5049	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056 5057 5058 5059 5060
8.	a. Hot-iron brand	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035 5036 5037 5038 5039	Animal Cows has ue ID.) % % % % %	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 5045 5046 5047 5048 % 5049	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056 5057 5058 5059 5060
8.	a. Hot-iron brand	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own uniques) 5033 5034 5035 5036 5037 5038 5039	Animal Cows has ue ID.) % % % % % %	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 5045 5046 5047 5048 5049 5050 % 5051	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056 5057 5058 5059 5060 5061
8.	a. Hot-iron brand. b. Freeze brand. c. Ear notch. d. Electronic ID or microchip responder. e. Brucellosis vaccination ear tag (Bang's f. Other metal ear tag. g. Plastic ear tag. h. Ear tattoo (other than for brucellosis vac.	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035 5036 5037 5038 5039 5040	Animal Cows has ue ID.) % % % % % % % % %	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 % 5045 % 5046 % 5047 % 5048 % 5050 % 5051	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056 5057 5058 5059 5060 5061
8.	a. Hot-iron brand. b. Freeze brand. c. Ear notch. d. Electronic ID or microchip responder. e. Brucellosis vaccination ear tag (Bang's f. Other metal ear tag. g. Plastic ear tag. h. Ear tattoo (other than for brucellosis vacin, I other method (e.g., collar, neck chain, I	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035 5036 5037 5038 5039 ccination) 5041	Animal Cows has ue ID.) % % % % % % % % %	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 5045 5046 5047 5048 5049 5050 % 5051	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056 5057 5058 5059 5060 5061
8.	a. Hot-iron brand	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035 5036 5037 5038 5039 ccination) born brand, 5041	Animal Cows has ue ID.) % % % % % % % % % % % % %	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056 5057 5058 5059 5060 5061 5062
8.	a. Hot-iron brand. b. Freeze brand. c. Ear notch. d. Electronic ID or microchip responder. e. Brucellosis vaccination ear tag (Bang's f. Other metal ear tag. g. Plastic ear tag. h. Ear tattoo (other than for brucellosis vacin, I other method (e.g., collar, neck chain, I	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own uniquestions) 5033 5034 5035 5036 5037 5038 5039 ccination) horn brand, 5042	Animal Cows has ue ID.) % % % % % % % % % % % % %	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 % 5045 % 5046 % 5047 % 5048 % 5050 % 5051 % 5052	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056 5057 5058 5059 5060 5061 5062 5063
8.	a. Hot-iron brand. b. Freeze brand. c. Ear notch. d. Electronic ID or microchip responder. e. Brucellosis vaccination ear tag (Bang's f. Other metal ear tag. g. Plastic ear tag. h. Ear tattoo (other than for brucellosis vacin. Other method (e.g., collar, neck chain, lbrisket tag, etc.) (specify:	Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035 5036 5037 5038 5039 ccination) born brand, 5042 to or greater than Individual A Level for C (Each cow her own unique) 5033 5034 5035 5036 5037 5038 5040 5040 5041	swer all cows has ue ID.) % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	Individual Animal Level for Calves (Each calf has its own unique ID.) 5044 % 5045 % 5046 % 5047 % 5048 % 5050 % 5051 % 5052 %	(All cattle and calves have the same ID.) 5055 5056 5057 5058 5059 5060 5061 5062 5063

		Code
9.	Has this operation been assigned a unique premises ID by your State's Department of Agriculture as part of the National Animal ID System	5066
	(NAIS)?	
[If	tem 9 = No, SKIP to Section F.]	
		Code
10.	Has this operation implemented an individual animal ID system or	5067
	technology that utilizes the U.S. Animal Identification Number (AIN) guidelines	
	(a unique "840" number used for official identification of individual animals in the	
	U.S.)?	

SE	CTION F: HEALTH MANAGEMENT			
	During the last 12 months, did this operation implant any calves with a growth promotant prior to weaning?			
1.	During the last 12 months, did this operation implant any calves with a growth promotant prior to weaning ?	□₁ Yes □₃ No	6001	
[If	Item 1 = NO, SKIP to Item 2.]			
			Number of Times	
	a. Prior to weaning, how many times was each heifer intended for replace	cement implanted?	6002	
			6003	
			Code	
2.	During the last 12 months, did this operation implant any heifers intended for replacement at weaning ?		6004	
			Code	
3.	During the last 12 months, did this operation implant any other calves at weaning?	□₁ Yes □₃ No	6005	
		Number o	of Injections	
		Cow	Calf	
4.	On average, how many injections of any kind (antibiotic injections, reproductive injections, vaccinations) did each beef cow and unweaned calf typically receive in the last 12 months?		6007	
[If	Item 4 = zero for both cow and calf, SKIP to Item 9.]			
5.	Of ${\bf all}$ injections administered to beef cows and to unweaned calves on this operation, what percentage were:			
	a Intramuscular (IM)2			
	a. Intramuscular (IIII):		+	
	b. Subcutaneous (SQ)?	%	%	
	c. Intravenous (IV)?			
	Total (should equal 100%)	100%	100%	
[If	5a = 0% for both, SKIP to Item 7.]			
6.	What percentage of the (Item 5a) intramuscular (IM) injections given to beef cows and unweaned calves were administered for each of the following purposes?	Cows (Percent)	Calves (Percent)	
		6016	6021	
	a. Antibiotic injection	%	+	
	b. Reproductive injection (e.g. prostaglandin)	6017	6022 %	
	c. Vaccination	6018	6023 %	
	d. Other	6019	6024	
		6020	6025	
	Total (should equal 100%)	100%	100%	
		Cows (Percent)	Calves (Percent)	

				_			
7.	to unweaned calve	s on this operation, what	dministered to beef cows percentage of injections for arian?	or	6026	%	6027
ΓIF		columns, SKIP to Item 8		[90	90
ניי ו	teni 7 – 0 ioi botii		_ _	'a Car	n Doforono	- Cord	
		Usual injection Local	tion Code List for Item 7	a – Se	e Reference	e Caru	
	1 = Neck	2 = Shoulder	3 = Side or rib	4 = Սրլ	per rear leg	or hip	5 = Lower rear leg
		of the injections given by a outes and what was the us	a veterinarian were giver sual location for these	n by _	Perce	ent	Usual Injection Location Code
	(i) In the mus	cle or IM?			6028	%	6032
	(ii) Under the	skin or SQ?			6029	%	6033
	(iii) By another	route? (specify:)		6030		6034
		7ai, 7aii, and 7aiii]. uld equal 100%.)			6031	100%	
							Code
8.	workers, give inject calves (vaccines, a	ctions to any of this opera antibiotics, injectable dewo	rator), or any unpaid or h tion's beef cows or unwea ormers, injectable mineral	aned s or	1 Yes	_₃ No	6035
[If I	tem 8 = No, SKIP t	<u>-</u>					
		Usual Injection Loc	ation Code List for Item	8a – S	ee Referen	ce Card	
	1 = Neck	2 = Shoulder	3 = Side or rib	4 = Up	per rear leg	or hip	5 = Lower rear leg
	and unpaid or	ge of the injections given hired workers, were give the usual location for thes	en by the following routes	6	Perc	ent	Usual Injection Location Code
	(i) In the mus	cle or IM?			036	%	6040
	(ii) Under the	skin or SQ?			037	%	6041
	(iii) By another	route? (specify:)		038	%	6042
		: 8ai, 8aii, and 8aiii.] uld equal 100%)			039	100%	
				_			- -

9. Which of the following categories best describes how familiar you are with the listed diseases?

		Familiarity Co	de List for Item 9	
1 =	Fairly knowledgeable	2 = Know some basics	3 = Recognized the name, not much else	4 = Haven't heard Of it before
				Code
a.	Foot-and-mouth disease	9		6043
b.	Bovine spongiform ence	phalopathy (BSE or mad cov	v disease)	6044
C.	Johne's (pronounced "Y	o-knees") disease (Paratube	rculosis)	6045
d.	Bluetongue			6046
e.	Anthrax			6047
f.	Bovine viral diarrhea (B	VD)		6048
g.	Brucellosis (Bang's Dise	ease)		6049
h.	Bovine Tuberculosis			6050
i.	Vesicular Stomatitis			6051
j.	Anaplasmosis			6052
k.	Rinderpest			6053
	·			
			n animal disease) occurred in th	
ho	w likely would you be to u	se the following sources to g	et information about the diseas	se?
		Information C	ode List for Item 10	
	1 = Very likely	2 = Some	ewhat likely	3 = Not likely
			•	Code
a.	Other beef producers			Code
a. b.	•		•	Code 6054
	Private veterinarian			Code 6054 6055
b.	Private veterinarian Extension agent			Code605460556056
b. c.	Private veterinarian Extension agent	operative		Code6054605560566057
b. c. d.	Private veterinarian Extension agent Beef organization or coomagazines	operative.		Code60546055605660576058
b. c. d. e.	Private veterinarian Extension agent Beef organization or coomagazines	pperative		Code605460556056605760586059
b. c. d. e. f.	Private veterinarian Extension agent Beef organization or cool Magazines	operative		Code6054605560566057605860596060
b.c.d.e.f.g.	Private veterinarian	operativececulture.		Code
b. c. d. e. f. g.	Private veterinarian Extension agent	operative. ce. culture.		Code
b. c. d. e. f. g. h. i.	Private veterinarian Extension agent Beef organization or coordinate of the coordin	operativececulture		Code
b. c. d. e. f. g. h. i.	Private veterinarian Extension agent Beef organization or coordinate of the coordin	operativececulture	outh disease (or other foreign a	Code
b. c. d. e. f. g. h. i.	Private veterinarian Extension agent Beef organization or coordinate of Agriculture and the sease of the coordinate of Agriculture and the coordinate of Ag	operativececulturespected of having foot-and-m	outh disease (or other foreign a	Code
b. c. d. e. f. g. h. i. j.	Private veterinarian Extension agent Beef organization or coordinate of the coord	pperative. ce. culture.). spected of having foot-and-m would you contact the following.	outh disease (or other foreign and resources?	Code
b. c. d. e. f. g. h. i. j.	Private veterinarian Extension agent Beef organization or coordinate of Agazines	ce. culture. spected of having foot-and-mwould you contact the following.	outh disease (or other foreign ang resources?	Code 6054605560566057605860596060606160626063 nimal Code 3 NO 6064
b. c. d. e. f. g. h. i. j. dis	Private veterinarian Extension agent Beef organization or coordinate of Agricultural and an animal you suspensed on your operation, Extension agent/universed State Veterinarian's official U.S. Department of Agricultural and a sease) on your operation, Extension agent/universed State Veterinarian's official U.S. Department of Agricultural agricult	operative	outh disease (or other foreign and resources?	Code 6054605560566057605860596060606160626063 nimal Code 3 NO 6064 3 NO 6065
b. c. d. e. f. g. h. i. j. 11. If y dis a. b.	Private veterinarian Extension agent Beef organization or coordinate of Agazines	ce. culture. spected of having foot-and-mwould you contact the following to contact the following the contact the	outh disease (or other foreign a ng resources?	Code 6054605560566057605860596060606160626063 nimal Code 3 No 6064 3 No 6065 3 No 6066

SECTION G: DISEASE CONTROL

. At	any ti	me during the last 12 months, did the following animals:			
a.	Have	e fence-line (nose-to-nose) contact or commingle with beef	attle on this operati	on?	Code
	(i)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer \square_1 Yes		3 No	7001
	(ii)	Captive cervids, such as elk and deer \square_1 Yes		3 No	7002
	(iii)	Captive bison		₃ No	7003
	(iv)	Cattle of Mexican origin		□₃ No	7004
	(v)	Dairy cattle		₃ No	7005
	(vi)	Pigs		₃ No	7006
	(vii)	Sheep		3 No	7007
	(viii)	Goats		3 No	7008
	(ix)	Horses or other equids (e.g., ponies,			7009
		donkeys, mules, burros, etc.)		∐₃ No	
	(x)	Camelids (e.g., llamas, alpacas, etc.) \square_1 Yes		₃ No	7010
	(xi)	Chickens, other poultry, or their litter \square_1 Yes		3 No	7011
	(xii)	Dogs	2 Don't Know	☐₃ No	7012
	(xiii)	Cats	2 Don't Know	₃ No	7013
b.	Have	e access to the cattle's feed or minerals?			Code
b.	Have	e access to the cattle's feed or minerals? Wild cervids, such as elk and deer	₂ Don't Know	□₃ No	Code 7014
b.				□₃ No	
b.	(i)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer \dots \square_1 Yes	 Don't Know		7014
b.	(i) (ii)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer \square_1 Yes Captive cervids, such as elk and deer \square_1 Yes	□2 Don't Know □2 Don't Know	□₃ No	7014 7015
b.	(i) (ii) (iii)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer $_1$ Yes Captive cervids, such as elk and deer	2 Don't Know Don't Know Don't Know	3 No 3 No	7014 7015 7016
b.	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer $_1$ Yes Captive cervids, such as elk and deer $_1$ Yes Captive bison	Don't Know Don't Know Don't Know Don't Know Don't Know	3 No 3 No 3 No	7014 7015 7016 7017
b.	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer $_1$ Yes Captive cervids, such as elk and deer $_1$ Yes Captive bison $_1$ Yes Cattle of Mexican origin $_1$ Yes Dairy cattle $_1$ Yes	2 Don't Know	3 No3 No3 No3 No3 No	7014 7015 7016 7017 7018
b.	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer	Don't Know	3 No3 No3 No3 No3 No3 No	7014 7015 7016 7017 7018 7019
b.	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi) (vii)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer	Don't Know	3 No	7014 7015 7016 7017 7018 7019 7020
b.	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi) (vii) (viii) (ix)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer	Don't Know	3 No	7014 7015 7016 7017 7018 7019 7020 7021
b.	(i) (ii) (iv) (v) (vi) (vii) (viii) (ix)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer	Don't Know	3 No	7014 7015 7016 7017 7018 7019 7020 7021 7022
b.	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi) (vii) (viii) (ix)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer	Don't Know Don't Know	3 No	7014 7015 7016 7017 7018 7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 7024
b.	(i) (ii) (iv) (v) (vi) (vii) (viii) (ix)	Wild cervids, such as elk and deer	Don't Know	3 No	7014 7015 7016 7017 7018 7019 7020 7021 7022

		Wildlife Code Li	ist for I	Item 2			
	1 –	Frequently, more than 4 times/month 3	– Rare	ely, less than 2	1 time/month		
	2 –	Occasionally, about 1-4 times/month 4	- Neve	er			
2.		ing the winter and spring in the last 3 years, how often in 1 mile of the cattle on this operation? (Use codes from			ildlife species seer	l	Code
	a.	Wild deer				7027	
	b.	Wild elk				. 7028	
	C.	Wild bison				7029	
	d.	Wild pig				7030	
3.	Doe	es this operation have the following kinds of water source	es:				Code
	a.	Pond			□₁Yes □₃No	7031	
	b.	Stream			☐₁Yes ☐₃No	7032	
	c.	Cistern			□₁Yes □₃No	7033	
	d.	Deep well (101 feet or more)			□₁Yes □₃No	7034	
	e.	Shallow well (up to 100 feet)				7035	
	f.	Municipal source			□₁Yes □₃No	7036	
							Code
4.	fror	natural water source (pond or stream) is used, do cattle on the source (as opposed to the water being piped into a arate container)?	trough	or other	□₁Yes □₃No	7037	
							Days
5.	If a	trough or other separate container is used, what is the n	umber	of days betwe	en cleanings?	7038	
					If Yes, were you animals commingled wit cattle from othe	h	
6.	Dur	ing the last 12 months, did cattle from this operation:		Code	operations?		Code
	a.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	₃ No	7039	1Yes	7043	
	b.	Graze on grazing association land? \square_1 Yes	₃ No	7040	1 Yes	7044	
	C.	Graze on leased, private lands? \square_1 Yes	₃ No	7041	1 Yes	7045	
	d.	Graze on your own land? \square_1 Yes	₃ No	7042	1 Yes	7046	
							Code
7.		any cattle from this operation move to grazing areas that tiguous with this operation?			☐₁Yes ☐₃No	7047	
ΓIf		7 = No, SKIP to Item 8.1			1 I CS3 INU		Miles
L., ,		-				7048	111103
	a.	What is the average number of miles (one way) that the (Answer to nearest tenth of a mile.)					•

8.		ring the last 12 months, were the following fly control methods used on this eration?	Code
	a.	Environmental fly control (sprays, foggers, strips, zappers)	7049
	b.	Topical products (dust bags, dips, sprays, backrubs)	7050
	c.	Treated ear tags	7051
	d.	Biological control (such as predator wasps)	7052
	e.	Oral products (e.g., feed throughs)	7053
	f.)	Other (specify:	7054
9.	on	ring the last 12 months, were the following methods of rodent control routinely used this operation?	Code 7055
	a.	Chemicals/bait. 1Yes 3No	7056
	b.	Traps.	7057
	c. d.	Other (specify:)	7058
10.		the storage units used for grain and protein supplements fed to cattle prevent access to feed by the following animals?	Code
	a.	Dogs	7059
	b.	Cats.	7060
	c.	Birds. \square_1 Yes \square_3 No	7061
	d.	Rodents. $\square_1 Yes \square_3 No$	7062
	e.	Other wildlife (e.g., skunks, opossums, raccoons, etc.) \square ₁ Yes \square ₃ No	7063
11.	Are	the following methods used to dispose of manure?	Code
	a.	Drag or harrow pastures.	7064
	b.	Haul and spread onto land used for grazing or forage production for this operation $\$ 1Yes $\$ 3No	7065
	c.	Haul and spread onto other land	7066
	d.	Other method (specify:)	7067

SECTION H: BIOSECURITY

		m going to ask you about this operation's entire cattle herd, including beef stockers and and all dairy cattle (if any).	Code
1.		During the last 12 months, did any cattle leave the operation to go to a show,	8001
	fair,	, rodeo or other event (exclude cattle that left the operation to graze)?	
[If	ltem	1 = NO, SKIP to Item 6.]	
2.		ring the last 12 months, did cattle leave this operation, attend the following event and	
	retu	ırn to the operation?	Code
	a.	Show. \square_1 Yes \square_3 No	8002
	b.	Fair	8003
	C.	Rodeo. $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	8004
	d.	Other (specify:) \Box_1 Yes \Box_3 No	8005
			Miles
3.		cattle that left and returned during the last 12 months, what was the maximum one-way distance	8006
	trav	reled?	
4.		cattle that left and returned, how many trips were taken in the last 12 months to each of the owing destinations?	Number of Trips
	a.	Within State	8007
	b.	Outside State, to adjacent State	8008
	C.	Outside State, beyond adjacent State	8009
	d.	Other . (specify:)	8010
5.	pre ^s follo	this question, the term "isolate" means to prevent nose-to-nose contact with other cattle from this op- vent sharing of feed, drinking water, and equipment between cattle. During the last 12 months, which owing best describes the operation's general practice when cattle leave the operation, have contact value and return? (Select one only.)	n of the
	a.	☐₁ Routinely isolate after return to the operation	Code
	b.	☐₂ Routinely isolate before return to the operation	8011
	C.	☐₃Only isolate for a specific reason such as disease or known exposure to disease	
	d.	☐ Never isolate returning cattle	
			- Code
6.	Dur	ring the last 12 months, were any beef OR dairy cattle brought onto this	8013
υ.		eration?	

[If Item 6 = NO, SKIP to Item 8.]

	неаа
How many cattle and calves (both beef and dairy) were brought onto this operation in the last 12 months?	8014

[a. To obtain answers for this question, ask about each animal type listed in List 1 (below table). For each animal type brought on the operation, record the animal type in column 1 and the number of head (column 2) from each source listed in List 2 (below) and then work through the rest of the cells in that row. You might have multiple sources for one type of animal and therefore need to complete more than one row for that type of animal.]

A shipment = one group of animals all at once, no matter how many vehicles were required to move them.

	Column 1 Type of Animal	Column 2 How many were brought onto this operation?	What was the source of the animals?	What was the average distance traveled from the source to this operation?	How many shipments from this type of source arrived in the last 12 months?	How many animals were quarantined upon arrival at the operation?	How long were they quarantined/ separated?	Did any shipments cross State lines?	
	Type Code from List 1	Head	Source Code From List 2	Distance (miles)	Number Shipments	Head	Days		Code
a.	8015	8023	8031	8039	8047	8055	8063	☐₂ Don't ☐₁ Yes Know ☐₃ No	8071
b.	8016	8024	8032	8040	8048	8056	8064	☐₂ Don't ☐₃ No	8072
C.	8017	8025	8033	8041	8049	8057	8065	☐₂ Don't ☐₃ No	8073
d.	8018	8026	8034	8042	8050	8058	8066	☐₂ Don't ☐₃ No	8074
e.	8019	8027	8035	8043	8051	8059	8067	☐₂ Don't ☐₃ Yes Know ☐₃ No	8075
f.	8020	8028	8036	8044	8052	8060	8068	☐₂ Don't ☐₃ Yes Know ☐₃ No	8076
g.	8021	8029	8037	8045	8053	8061	8069	☐₂ Don't ☐₃ No	8077
h.	8022	8030	8038	8046	8054	8062	8070	☐₂ Don't ☐₃ No	8078

Total [Add items a-h column 2, Total should equal Item 7.]

8079

List 1 — Type of animal	List 2 — Source			
Unweaned beef calves with dam	From sale barn/auction			
2. Beef heifers weaned, but not bred	2. Directly from another beef operation			
3. Bred beef heifers	3. Directly from a dairy operation			
4. Beef cows (pregnant)	4. Other			
5. Beef cows (not pregnant)				
6. Weaned beef bulls				
7. Weaned steers (all types)				
8. Unweaned dairy calves				
9. Weaned dairy heifers and cows				
10. Weaned dairy bulls				

Head	
8080	

8. How many **cattle and calves (both beef and dairy)** permanently left the operation in the last 12 months?.....

[If Item 8 = 0, SKIP to Item 9.]

[a. To obtain answers for this question, ask about each animal type listed in List 3 (below table). For each animal type that permanently left the operation, record the code type in column 1 and the number of head (column 2) for each of the destinations listed (List 4). Then work through the rest of the cells in that row. You might have multiple destinations for one type of animal and therefore need to complete more than one row for that type of animal.]

A shipment = one group of animals all at once, no matter how many vehicles were required to move them.

	Column 2 Column 1 How many Type of left this Animal operation?		Column 2 How many shipments the dest to this type of destination in all left this Where were the past in destination in destination in destination in destination in destination in de		What was the average distance traveled from the operation to the type of destination? (base on all trips, in miles, one way)	Did any shipments cross State lines]?	
	Type Code from List 3	Head	Destination Code from List 4	Number of Shipments	Distance (miles)		Code
a.	8081	8089	8097	8105	8113	Don't ☐₁ Yes ☐₂ Know ☐₃ No	8121
b.	8082	8090	8098	8106	8114	Don't ☐₁ Yes ☐₂ Know ☐₃ No	8122
C.	8083	8091	8099	8107	8115	Don't ☐₁ Yes ☐₂ Know ☐₃ No	8123
d.	8084	8092	8100	8108	8116	Don't ☐₁ Yes ☐₂ Know ☐₃ No	8124
e.	8085	8093	8101	8109	8117	Don't ☐₁ Yes ☐₂ Know ☐₃ No	8125
f.	8086	8094	8102	8110	8118	Don't ☐₁ Yes ☐₂ Know ☐₃ No	8126
g.	8087	8095	8103	8111	8119	Don't ☐₁ Yes ☐₂ Know ☐₃ No	8127
h.	8088	8096	8104	8112	8120	Don't ☐₁ Yes ☐₂ Know ☐₃ No	8128

Total [Add Items a-h. Column 2, total should equal Item 8.]

	List 3 —Type of animal	List 4—Destination			
1.	Unweaned beef calves with dam	1.	Directly to slaughter		
2.	Beef heifers weaned, but not bred	2.	Sales/auction		
3.	Bred beef heifers	3.	Feedlot		
4.	Beef cows (pregnant)	4.	Directly to another beef operation		
5.	Beef cows (not pregnant)	5.	Directly to a dairy operation		
6.	Weaned beef bulls	6.	Other		
7.	Weaned steers (all types)				
8.	Unweaned dairy calves				
9. Weaned dairy heifers and cows					
10.	Weaned dairy bulls				

9.	Which of the following best describes how often equipment used for manure handling is also used to
	handle feed on this operation?

\sim	
1 0	nΔ
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a.	8130
b. \[\sum_2 \text{Occasionally (less than weekly)} \]	→ └───
c. \square_3 Never	<u> </u>
	Code
10. In the last 12 months, did this operation share any heavy equipment with other livestock operations (e.g., tractors, feeding equipment, manure spreaders, trailers)?	8131
[If Item 10=No, SKIP to Item 13.]	
	Number of Times
11. In the last 12 months, how many times did this operation share equipment with other operations?	8132
	Code
12. Was shared equipment cleaned prior to use?	8133
a. If YES, which of the following best describes this operation's cleaning procedures?	
(i) \square_1 Wash equipment with water or steam only	Code
(ii) \square_2 Chemically disinfect only	8134
(iii) □₃Wash equipment and chemically disinfect)
(iv)	
	Visits/month
13. During an average month , how many visits were made by people who came onto your operation, including employees, veterinarians, neighbors, nutritionists, commercial haulers, etc.? Count each entry by each person separately	. 8135
	Animal Contact Visits
a. Of the visits made above, how many involved contact with animals on your operation?	8136

SECTION I: CONCLUSION

IF ONE OR MORE BEEF COWS WERE ON HAND ON OCTOBER 1 OR JULY 1 (Section A, Item 1 or 2), ASK RESPONDENT TO SIGN VMO CONSENT FORM. If Respondent signs VMO Consent Form, please go to Page 27 and provide directions to this operation for the VMO.

Tha	Interview response code—check one and enter code. 1 = Zero beef cows on hand October 1 and July 1, 2007 2 = Out of business 3 = Refused General Beef Management Report 4 = Complete, VMO consent signed 5 = Complete, VMO consent refused 7 = Out of scope for General Beef Management Report 8 = Office hold 9 = Inaccessible	9001	Code
2.	If response code for item 1 is 3 or 5, check the reason below that best fits and enter code. 1 = Does not want to commit time to the project 2 = Does not want involvement with government veterinarian, or has had previous bad experience with veterinarian 3 = Does not have necessary records available 4 = Has participated in too many surveys 5 = Does not want outside people on the beef cattle operation 6 = A bad time of year (planting, harvesting, second job, etc.) 7 = Currently has or recently had disease problem with herd 8 = Believes that surveys and reports hurt the farmer more than help 9 = Could not get owner's permission 10 = No reason given, or other miscellaneous reason	9002	Code
3.	Did the respondent use written or computerized records to assist in answering this survey?	9003	Code
EN	DING TIME (military)	9004	

THANK YOU FOR YOUR COOPERATION

COMMENTS:

9910			
	MM	DD	YY
Date:			

	OFFICE USE									
Response		Respo	Respondent		Mode		Eval.	Office	Office Use for POID	
1-Comp 2-R 3-Inac 4-Office Hold 5-R - Est 6-Inac - Est 7-Off Hold - Est 8-Known Zero	9901	1-Op/Mgr 2-Sp 3-Acct/Bkpr 4-Partner 9-Oth	9902	1-Mail 2-Tel 3-Face-to-Face 4-CATI 5-Web 6-e-mail 7-Fax 8-CAPI 19-Other	9903	098	100	789 — — — - — — Op 407	tional Use	<u>-</u>
S/E Name	E Name									

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0579-NEW. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 60 minutes per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collected.

NAHMS-201 OCT 2007