Privacy and Civil Liberties Impact Assessment (PCLIA)



Privacy and Civil Liberties Impact Assessment for the

Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) Program Demonstration

<< Publication Date>>

Reviewing Official

Helen Goff Foster Chief Privacy Officer Department of Housing and Urban Development

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Certifying Official

Helen Goff Foster Chief Privacy Officer Department of Housing and Urban Development (202) 402-5581

System Owner

Regina C. Gray

Social Science Analyst and Contracting Officer's Technical Representative Affordable Housing Research and Technology Division Office of Policy Development and Research Department of Housing and Urban Development 202-402-2876

OCIO/Information Security Contact Consulted in Drafting the PCLIA

Tracy Bigesby
Office of the Chief Information Officer, HUD
Chief Information Security Office
202-619-9057, ext. 3616

Paperwork Reduction Act Contact Consulted in Drafting the PCLIA

- << Name >>
- << Program/Agency/Office>>
- << Departmental Office>>
- << Contact Phone>>

Records Management Contact Consulted in Drafting the PCLIA

Marcus Smallwood Office of Administration, HUD Director, Executive Secretariat Division 202-402-5581

Section 508 Coordinator Contact Consulted in Drafting the PCLIA

Peter J. Reed Office of the Chief Information Officer, HUD Director, Customer Services Division 202-402-6391

Other Department Reviewer:

Ronald Hill Office of Policy Development and Research, HUD Program Evaluation Division 202-402-7073

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Section 1: Introduction

It is the policy of the Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD" or "Department") to conduct a Privacy Impact Assessment ("PCLIA") when <u>personally identifiable information</u> ("PII") is maintained in a system or by a project. PCLIAs are required for all systems and projects that collect, maintain, or disseminate <u>PII</u>, regardless of the way the information is retrieved.

This assessment is being completed pursuant to Section 208 of the <u>E-Government Act of 2002</u> ("E-Gov Act"), 44 U.S.C. § 3501, Office of the Management and Budget ("OMB") Memorandum 03-22, "<u>OMB Guidance for Implementing the Privacy Provisions of the E-Government Act of 2002</u>," and "<u>Privacy Impact Assessment (PCLIA)</u>," which requires HUD to conduct a PCLIA before:

- 1. Developing or procuring <u>information technology</u> ("IT") systems or projects that collect, maintain or disseminate <u>PII</u> from or about members of the public, or
- 2. Initiating a new collection of information that: a) will be collected, maintained, or disseminated using IT; and b) includes any PII permitting the physical or online contacting of a specific individual, if identical questions have been posed to, or identical reporting requirements imposed on, 10 or more persons. Agencies, instrumentalities, or employees of the federal government are not included.

This PCLIA provides the following information regarding the system or project:

- (1) an overview of its purpose and functions;
- (2) a description of the information collected;
- (3) a description of how the information is maintained, used, and shared:
- (4) an assessment of whether the system or project is in compliance with federal requirements that support information privacy; and
- (5) an overview of the redress/complaint procedures available to individuals who may be affected by the use or sharing of information by the system or project.

This is the first time a PCLIA is being completed for the Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) Program Demonstration.

Section 2: Definitions

Agency – means any entity that falls within the definition of the term "executive agency" as defined in 31 U.S.C. § 102.

Certifying Official – The Chief Privacy Officer who reviews and approves all PCLIAs as part of her/his duties as a direct report to Housing and Urban Development Senior Agency Official for Privacy.

Collect (including "collection") – means the retrieval, receipt, gathering, or acquisition of any PII and its storage or presence in a HUD system. This term should be given its broadest possible meaning.

Contractors and service providers – are private companies that provide goods or services under a contract with the Department of Housing and Urban Development or one of its bureaus. This includes, but is not limited to, information providers, information processors, and other organizations providing information system development, information technology services, and other outsourced applications.

Data mining – means a program involving pattern-based queries, searches, or other analyses of 1 or more electronic databases, where – (a) a department or agency of the federal government, or a non-federal entity acting on behalf of the federal government, is conducting the queries, searches, or other analyses to discover or locate a predictive pattern or anomaly indicative of terrorist or criminal activity on the part of any individual or individuals; (b) the queries, searches, or other analyses are not subject-based and do not use personal identifiers of a specific individual, or inputs associated with a specific individual or group of individuals, to retrieve information from the database or databases; and (c) the purpose of the queries, searches, or other analyses is not solely – (i) the detection of fraud, waste, or abuse in a government agency or program; or (ii) the security of a government computer system.

Disclosure – When it is clear from its usage that the term "disclosure" refers to records provided to the public in response to a request under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. § 552, "FOIA") or the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. § 552a), its application should be limited in that manner. Otherwise, the term should be interpreted as synonymous with the terms "sharing" and "dissemination" as defined in this manual.

Dissemination – as used in this manual, is synonymous with the terms "sharing" and "disclosure" (unless it is clear from the context that the use of the term "disclosure" refers to a FOIA/Privacy Act disclosure).

E-Government – means the use of digital technologies to transform government operations to improve effectiveness, efficiency, and service delivery.

Federal information system – means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, transmission, and dissemination of information owned or under the control of a federal agency, whether automated or manual.

Final Rule – After the NPRM comment period closes, the agency reviews and analyzes the comments received (if any). The agency has the option to proceed with the rulemaking as proposed, issue a new or modified proposal, or withdraw the proposal before reaching its final decision. The agency can also revise the supporting analyses contained in the NPRM (e.g., to address a concern raised by a member of the public in response to the NPRM).

Government information – means information created, collected, used, maintained, processed, disseminated, or disposed of by or for the federal government.

Individual – means a citizen of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence. If a question does not specifically inquire about or an issue does not clearly involve a <u>Privacy Act system of records</u>, the term should be given its common, everyday meaning. In certain contexts, the term individual may also include citizens of other countries who are covered by the terms of an international or other agreement that involves information stored in the system or used by the project.

Information – means any representation of knowledge such as facts, data, or opinions in any medium or form, regardless of its physical form or characteristics. This term should be given the broadest possible meaning. This term includes, but is not limit to, information contained in a Privacy Act system of records.

Information technology (IT) – means any equipment or interconnected system or subsystem of equipment, used in the automatic acquisition, storage, analysis, evaluation, manipulation, management, movement, control, display, switching, interchange, transmission, or reception of data or information by the executive agency, if the equipment is used by the executive agency directly or is used by a contractor under a contract with the executive agency that requires the use: (i) of that equipment; or (ii) of that equipment to a significant extent in the performance of a service or the furnishing of a product. It includes computers, ancillary equipment (including imaging peripherals, input, output, and storage devices necessary for security and surveillance), peripheral equipment designed to be controlled by the central processing unit of a computer, software, firmware and similar procedures, services (including support services), and related resources; but does not include any equipment acquired by a federal contractor incidental to a federal contract. Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996, 40 U.S.C. § 11101(6).

Major Information system – embraces "large" and "sensitive" information systems and means "a system or project that requires special management attention because of its importance to an agency mission; its high development, operating, or maintenance costs; or its significant role in the administration of agency programs, finances, property, or other resources." OMB Circular A-130, § 6.u. This definition includes all systems that contain <u>PII</u> and are rated as "MODERATE or HIGH impact" under Federal Information Processing Standard 199.

National Security systems – a telecommunications or information system operated by the federal government, the function, operation or use of which involves: (1) intelligence activities, (2) cryptologic activities related to national security, (3) command and control of military forces, (4) equipment that is an integral part of a weapon or weapons systems, or (5) systems critical to

the direct fulfillment of military or intelligence missions, but does not include systems used for routine administrative and business applications, such as payroll, finance, logistics, and personnel management. Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996, 40 U.S.C. § 11103.

Notice of Proposed Rule Making (NPRM) – the Privacy Act (Section (J) and (k)) allow agencies to use the rulemaking process to exempt particular systems of records from some of the requirements in the Act. This process is often referred to as "notice-and-comment rulemaking." The agency publishes an NPRM to notify the public that the agency is proposing a rule and provides an opportunity for the public to comment on the proposal before the agency can issue a final rule.

Personally Identifiable Information (PII) –any information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity, either alone or when combined with other personal or identifying information that is linked or linkable to a specific individual.

Privacy and Civil Liberties Impact Assessment (PCLIA) – a PCLIA is:

- (1) a *process* conducted to: (a) identify privacy and civil liberties risks in systems, programs, and other activities that maintain <u>PII</u>; (b) ensure that information systems, programs, and other activities comply with legal, regulatory, and policy requirements; (c) analyze the privacy and civil liberties risks identified; (d) identify remedies, protections, and alternative or additional privacy controls necessary to mitigate those risks; and (e) provide notice to the public of privacy and civil liberties protection practices.
- (2) a *document* that catalogues the outcome of that privacy and civil liberties risk assessment process.

Protected Information – as the term is used in this PCLIA, has the same definition given to that term in TD 25-10, Section 4.

Privacy Act Record – any item, collection, or grouping of information about an individual that is maintained by an agency, including, but not limited to, the individual's education, financial transactions, medical history, and criminal or employment history and that contains the individual's name, or the identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual, such as a finger or voice print or a photograph. 5 U.S.C. § 552a (a)(4).

Routine Use – with respect to the disclosure of a record outside of HUD (i.e., external sharing), the sharing of such record for a purpose which is compatible with the purpose for which it was collected 5 U.S.C. § 552a(a)(7).

Sharing – any HUD initiated distribution of information to government employees or agency contractors or grantees, including intra- or inter-agency transfers or exchanges of HUD information, regardless of whether it is covered by the Privacy Act. It does not include responses to requests for agency records under FOIA or the Privacy Act. It is synonymous with the term "dissemination" as used in this assessment. It is also synonymous with the term "disclosure" as used in this assessment unless it is clear from the context in which the term is used that it refers

to disclosure to the public in response to a request for agency records under FOIA or the Privacy Act.

System – as the term used in this manual, includes both federal information systems and information technology.

System of Records – a group of any records under the control of HUD from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual. 5 U.S.C. § 552a (a)(5).

System of Records Notice (SORN) – Each agency that maintains a system of records shall publish in the *Federal Register* upon establishment or revision a notice of the existence and character of the system of records, which notice shall include: (A) the name and location of the system; (B) the categories of individuals on whom records are maintained in the system; (C) the categories of records maintained in the system; (D) each routine use of the records contained in the system, including the categories of users and the purpose of such use; (E) the policies and practices of the agency regarding storage, retrievability, access controls, retention, and disposal of the records; (F) the title and business address of the agency official who is responsible for the system of records; (G) the agency procedures whereby an individual can be notified at her/his request if the system of records contains a record pertaining to him; (H) the agency procedures whereby an individual can be notified at her/his request how she/he can gain access to any record pertaining to him contained in the system of records, and how she/he can contest its content; and (I) the categories of sources of records in the system. 5 U.S.C. § 552a (e)(4).

System Owner – Official responsible for the overall procurement, development, integration, modification, or operation and maintenance of a system.

Section 3: System Overview

Section 3.1: System/Project Description and Purpose

In March 2012, HUD awarded the National Family Self-Sufficiency Evaluation to MDRC. The primary goal of the Family Self-Sufficiency evaluation is to increase our knowledge about the effectiveness of FSS, which is aimed at helping housing-assisted populations secure and maintain employment and gain independence from public support programs. The implementation research will allow the research team to learn about the delivery of FSS services and how different service delivery practices may influence participation and program effectiveness. Information collected from staff will include data about staffing, program policies and approaches, case management practices, the goal-setting process, Program Coordinating Committees' involvement in service delivery, and program costs, among other topics. Information collected from participants will include motivation for joining FSS, selection of goals and progress toward goals, views about the escrow component, relationship with case managers, and reflections on their experience with the program in general. This type of information is only available through field research visits and interviews with staff and participants and cannot be obtained through administrative records or surveys. The MDRC research team has prepared an information collection to meet the contractual requirements that includes a survey of FSS Supervisors, FSS Case Managers, FSS Coordinators and site visits to active FSS participants where they will be interviewed to understand how the program is working for them.

Estimated Number of Indi Maintained in the System of	viduals Whose Personally Ide or by the Project	ntifiable Information is
□ 0 – 999	☑ 1000 – 9,999	□ 10,000 – 99,999
□ 100,000 – 499,999	□ 500,000 − 999,999	1,000,000 +

Section 3.2: Authority to Collect

The authorities for operating this system or performing this project are:

12 U.S.C. §1701z-1 established PD&R and its authority to conduct research. 12 U.S.C. 1701z-2(g) Information and data, gives PD&R the authority to request personal information from people. HUD promises confidentiality as stated in the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), Records Maintained on Individuals, and obtains consent from individual study participants as part of the enrollment in the study. The findings from the study will be publicly reported only at the aggregate level; neither individual service coordinators nor focus group participants will be identified in the study reports.

Section 4: Information Collection

Section 4.1: Relevant and Necessary

The <u>Privacy Act</u> requires "each agency that maintains a <u>system of records</u> [to] maintain in its records only such information about an individual as is relevant and necessary to accomplish a purpose of the agency required to be fulfilled by statute or by executive order of the President." 5 U.S.C. § 552a (e)(1). It allows federal agencies to exempt records from certain requirements (including the relevant and necessary requirement) under certain conditions U.S.C. §552a (k). The proposed exemption must be described in a <u>Notice of Proposed Rulemaking</u> ("NPRM"). In the context of the Privacy Act, the purpose of the NPRM is to give the public notice of a Privacy Act exemption claimed for a system of records and solicit public opinion on the proposed exemption. After addressing any public concerns raised in response to the NPRM, the agency must issue a <u>Final Rule</u>. It is possible for some, but not all, of the <u>records</u> maintained in the system or by the project to be exempted from the <u>Privacy Act</u> through the <u>NPRM/Final Rule</u> process.

Sec	tion 4.1(a) Please check all of the following that are true:
1.	☐ None of the PII maintained in the system or by the project is part of a Privacy Act system of records;
2.	☐ All of the PII maintained in the system or by the project is part of a system of records and none of it is exempt from the Privacy Act relevant and necessary requirement;
3.	☑ All of the <u>PII</u> maintained in the system or by the project is part of a <u>system of records</u> and all of it is exempt from the <u>Privacy Act</u> relevant and necessary requirement;
4.	☐ Some, but not all, of the PII maintained in the system or by the project is part of a system of records and the records to which the Privacy Act applies are exempt from the relevant and necessary requirement; and
5.	□ Some, but not all, of the PII maintained in the system or by the project is part of a system of records and none of the records to which the Privacy Act applies are exempt from the relevant and necessary requirement. Section 502 (g) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 (Public Law 91609) (12 U.S.C. 1701z-1; 1701z-2(d) and (g)).
	tion 4.1(b) Yes No N/A With respect to PII maintained in the system or by the project to subject to the Privacy Act's relevant and necessary requirement, was an assessment conducted
	or to collection (e.g., during <u>Paperwork Reduction Act</u> analysis) to determine which <u>PII</u> types (see
	tion 4.2 below) were relevant and necessary to meet the system's or project's mission uirements?
pro	wition 4.1(c) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A With respect to PII currently maintained in the system or by the eigect that is subject to the Privacy Act's relevant and necessary requirement, is the PII limited to y that which is relevant and necessary to meet the system's or project's mission requirements?

Section 4.1(d) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A With respect to \underline{PII} maintained in the system or by the project
that is subject to the Privacy Act's relevant and necessary requirement, is there a process to
continuously reevaluate and ensure that the $\frac{\text{PII}}{\text{I}}$ remains relevant and necessary?
No exemption to the Privacy Act is claimed.

Section 4.2: PII and/or information types or groupings

To perform their various missions, federal agencies must necessarily collect various types of information. The checked boxes below represent the types of information maintained in the system or by the project. Information identified below is used by the system or project to fulfill the purpose stated in <u>Section 3.2</u> – Authority to Collect.

I	Biographical/General Informati	ion
⊠ Name	⊠ Gender	☐ Group/Organization Membership
□ Date of Birth	⊠ Race	☐ Military Service Information
	⊠ Ethnicity	□ Personal Home Phone or Fax
Mailing Address		Number
☐ Zip Code	□ Personal Cell Number	☐ Alias (including nickname)
☐ Business Physical/Postal Mailing Address	☐ Business Cell Number	⊠ Business Phone or Fax Number
□ Personal e-mail address	☐ Nationality	☐ Mother's Maiden Name
☐ Business e-mail address	☐ Country of Birth	☐ Spouse Information
□ Personal Financial	☐ City or County of Birth	☐ Children Information
Information (including loan information)		
☐ Business Financial Information (including loan information)	☐ Immigration Status	☐ Information about other relatives.
Marital Status	☐ Citizenship	☐ Professional/personal references or other information about an individual's friends, associates or acquaintances.
☐ Religion/Religious Preference	☐ Device settings or preferences (e.g., security level, sharing options, ringtones).	☐ Global Positioning System (GPS)/Location Data
☐ Sexual Orientation	☐ User names, avatars etc.	☐ Secure Digital (SD) Card or Other Data stored on a card or other technology
☐ Cell tower records (e.g., logs. user location, time etc.)	☐ Network communications data	☐ Cubicle or office number
 □ Contact lists and directories (known to contain personal information) ☑ Education Information 	☐ Contact lists and directories (not known to contain personal information, but uncertain) ☐ Resume or curriculum vitae	 ☐ Contact lists and directories (known to contain only business information) ☐ Other (please describe):
☐ ☑ Other (please describe): PHA Household ID Number	☐ Other (please describe):	☑ Other (please describe): Birth year, job title, years of work experience, professional certifications, range of total compensation

	Identifying	Numbers	
		☐ Health Plan	Beneficiary Number
☐ Truncated/Partial Social Security	number (e.g.,	☐ Alien Regis	stration Number
last 4 digits)		_	
☐ Personal Taxpayer Identification I	Number	☐ Business Ta	expayer Identification Number (If
		known: □ sole	e proprietor; non-sole proprietor)
☐ Personal Credit Card Number		☐ Business Cre	dit Card Number (If known: ☐ sole
		proprietor; □ no	on-sole proprietor)
☐ Personal Vehicle Identification Nur	mber	☐ Business Vel	nicle Identification Number (If
		known: □ sole	proprietor; □ non-sole proprietor)
☐ Personal License Plate Number		☐ Business Lice	ense Plate Number (If known: \square
		sole proprietor; l	□ non-sole proprietor)
☐ File/Case ID Number (individual)		☐ File/Case ID	Number (business) (If known: □
		sole proprietor; l	□ non-sole proprietor)
☐ Personal Professional License Num	ber		fessional License Number (If
			proprietor; non-sole proprietor)
☐ Employee Identification Number		□ Patient ID Number	
☐ Business Bank Account Number		☐ Personal Bank Account Number	
☐ Commercially obtained internet		☐ Government obtained internet	
navigation/purchasing habits of individual	duals	navigation/purchasing habits of individuals	
☐ Business License Plate Number (no		☐ Driver's Lice	=
proprietor)			
☐ Personal device identifiers or serial	numbers,	☐ Other Identif	ying Numbers (please describe):
	.•		
☐ Passport Number and Passport info		☐ Other Identif	ying Numbers (please describe):
(including full name, passport number, sex, nationality, issuing country photog			
signature) (use "Other" if some but not			
are collected)	t dir cicinents		
,			
Medical/Emer	rgency Informa	tion Regardin	g Individuals
	Worker's Compe		☐ Patient ID Number
	nformation		
☐ Mental Health Information ☐	Disability Information	ation	☐ Emergency Contact Information
	-		(e.g., a third party to contact in case
			of emergency)
☐ Other (please describe):			

Biometrics/Distir	guishing Features/Characteris	stics of Individuals
☐ Physical description/ characteristics (e.g., hair, eye color, weight, height, sex, gender etc.)	□ Signatures	☐ Vascular scans
☐ Fingerprints	□ Photos	☐ Retina/Iris Scans
☐ Palm prints	□ Video	☐ Dental Profile
☐ Voice audio recording	☐ Scars, marks, tattoos	☐ DNA Sample or Profile
☐ Other (please describe):	☐ Other (please describe):	☐ Other (please describe):
	Specific Information/File Type	
☐ Taxpayer Information/Tax Return Information	☐ Law Enforcement Information	☐ Security Clearance/Background Check Information
☐ Civil/Criminal History Information/Police Records (government source)	☐ Credit History Information (government source)	☐ Bank Secrecy Act Information
☐ Civil/Criminal History	☐ Credit History Information	☐ National Security/Classified
Information/Police Records (commercial source)	(commercial source)	Information
☐ Protected Information (as defined in HUD Directive 25-10)	☐ Case files	☐ Personnel Files
☐ Information provided under a confidentiality agreement	☐ Information subject to the terms of an international or other agreement	☐ Other (please describe):
	og and Security Monitoring Inf	
☐ User ID assigned to or	☐ Date and time an individual	☐ Files accessed by a user of HUD
generated by a user of HUD IT	accesses a facility, system, or another IT	IT (e.g., web navigation habits)
☐ Passwords generated by or assigned to a user of HUD IT	☐ Internet or other queries run by a user of HUD IT	☐ Contents of files accessed by a user of HUD IT
☐ Biometric information used to	☐ Video of individuals derived	☐ Public Key Information (PKI).
access HUD facilities or IT	from security cameras	•
☐ Information revealing an individual's presence in a particular location as derived from security token/key fob, employee identification card scanners or other IT or devices	☐ Still photos of individuals derived from security cameras.	
☐ Other (please describe):	\square Other (please describe):	☐ Other (please describe):

Ot	her
☐ Other (please describe:	☐ Other (please describe:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
☐ Other (please describe:	☐ Other (please describe:
d Other (prease describe.	D'uner (piease deserroe.

Section 4.3: Sources of information and the method and manner of collection

Service Coordinators	Focus Group Participants
Specific PII identified in Section 4.2 that was acquired from this source:	Specific PII identified in Section 4.2 that was acquired from this source:
Site Visit Interviews Full names and business email addresses of FSS coordinators for the purpose of contacting the service coordinators to conduct the interviews. Supervisor and Case Manager full names, business email addresses, for the purpose of contacting for interviews.	Full names Phone or mobile phone numbers for the purpose of scheduling the interviews.
FSS Participant Survey: Race, ethnicity, gender, marital status, birth date, level of education, years of work experience, home address; public assistance case number; public assistance PersonID number, Unemployment Insurance Wage state or federal level; Federal employee ID Numbers,	
Manner in which information is acquired from source by Housing and Urban Development project/system: (select all that apply):	Manner in which information is acquired from source by Housing and Urban Development project/system: (select all that apply):
□ From a paper or electronic form provided to individuals, the public or members of a particular group	□ From a paper or electronic form provided to individuals, the public or members of a particular group
HUD contract with MDRC, OMB Control #2528-0296, Informed Consent language	HUD contract with MDRC, OMB Control #2528-0296, Informed Consent language
☐ Received in paper format other than a form.	☐ Received in paper format other than a form.

☐ Delivered to the project on disk or other portable device	☐ Delivered to the project on disk or
and uploaded to the system.	other portable device and uploaded to
	the system.
☐ Accessed and downloaded or otherwise acquired via the	☐ Accessed and downloaded or
internet	otherwise acquired via the internet
memet	otherwise acquired via the internet
⊠ Email	☐ Email
☐ Scanned documents uploaded to the system.	☐ Scanned documents uploaded to
	the system.
☐ Bulk transfer	☐ Bulk transfer
☐ Extracted from particular technology (e.g., radio	☐ Extracted from particular
frequency identification data (RFID) devices, video or	technology (e.g., radio frequency
photographic cameras, biometric collection devices).	identification data (RFID) devices,
	video or photographic cameras,
	biometric collection devices).
□ Fax	□ Fax
☐ Extracted from notes of a phone interview or face to face	⊠ Extracted from notes of a phone
contact	interview or face to face contact
☐ Other: Please describe:	☐ Other: Please describe:
☐ Other: Please describe:	☐ Other: Please describe:

Section 4.4: Privacy and/or civil liberties risks related to collection

Notice of Authority, Principal Uses, Routine Uses, and Effect of not Providing Information

When Federal agencies use a form to obtain information from an individual that will be maintained in a <u>system of records</u>, they must inform the individual of the following: "(A) the authority (whether granted by statute, or by executive order of the President) which authorizes the solicitation of the information and whether disclosure of such information is mandatory or voluntary; (B) the principal purpose or purposes for which the information is intended to be used; (C) the routine uses which may be made of the information as published pursuant to paragraph (4)(D) of this subsection; and (D) the effects on her/him, if any, of not providing all or any part of the requested information." 5 U.S.C § 522a(e)(3).

any part of the requested information." 5 U.S.C § 522a(e)(3).
Section 4.4(a) \boxtimes Yes \square No Is any of the PII maintained in the system or by the project collected
directly from an individual? Section 4.4(b) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Was the information collected from
the individual using a form (paper or electronic)?
Section 4.4(c) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A If the answer to Section 4.4(b) was "yes," was the individual notified (on the form in which the PII was collected or on a separate form that can be retained by the individual) about the following at the point where the information was collected (e.g., in a form; on a website).
oxtimes The authority (whether granted by statute, or by Executive order of the President) which authorizes the solicitation of the information.
oxtimes Whether disclosure of such information is mandatory or voluntary.
oxtimes The principal purpose or purposes for which the information is intended to be used.
oxtimes The individuals or organizations outside of HUD with whom the information may be/ will be shared.
oxtimes The effects on the individual, if any, if they decide not to provide all or any part of the requested information.
Authority to offer confidentiality is made on the basis of:
 a) Section 3(b) of the Department of Housing and Urban Development Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 3532, authorizes the Secretary to "conduct continuing comprehensive studies, and make available findings, with respect to the problems of housing and urban development." b) Section 7(r)(1) of the Department of Housing and Urban Development Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 3535, provides that appropriated funds "shall be available to the Secretary for evaluating and monitoring of all such programs and collecting and maintaining data for such purposes." Subsection (r)(4)(a) of the act further provides that the Secretary "may provide for evaluation and
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- monitoring under this subsection and collecting and maintaining data for such purposes directly or by grants, contracts, or interagency agreements."
- c) Section 502(g) of title V of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970, as amended, 12 USC 1701z-2 (g), authorizes the Secretary "to request and receive such information or data as he deems appropriate from private individuals and organizations, and from public agencies." It further provides that "[a]ny such information or data shall be used only for the purposes for which it is supplied, and no publication shall be made by the Secretary whereby the information or data furnished by any particular person or establishment can be identified, except with the consent of such person or establishment.

Before beginning all surveys, respondents will be provided an explanation of the purpose of the evaluation and how their responses will be used. Participants in the survey will be promised that their individual responses will be confidential and will be reported only in the aggregate, and they will be asked to affirm their consent per IRB guidelines for human subject research.

The survey research instruments will be reviewed and approved by the MDRC's internal Institutional Review Board prior to initiating any research, which operates according to the Common Rule on the Protection of Human Subjects found in Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 46 (45 CFR 46).

Interview respondents will be asked to provide their informed consent per IRB guidelines for human subject research, with appropriate confidentiality guaranteed that their comments will only be summarized in aggregate and/or the specific details masked/changed to protect their identity, and will not affect their access to future Family Self-Sufficiency Program funding.

MDRC's research plans for the site visits will be subject to federal human subject review standards to protect the confidentiality of all research subjects, including all persons interviewed. The site visit research protocols will be reviewed and approved by the MDRC's Institutional Review Board prior to initiating any research. The interview protocols will receive a higher level of scrutiny through a Full Review by the Board due to the inclusion of economically disadvantaged individuals to ensure their rights as human subjects are protected. All raw and summarized data will be securely stored according to HUD protocol, including proper password-protection and encryption as required for files containing personally identifiable information.

Use of Social Security Numbers

Social Security numbers ("SSN") are commonly used by identity thieves to commit fraudulent acts against individuals. The SSN is one data element that has the ability to harm the individual and requires more protection when used. Therefore, and to reduce risk to individuals and federal agencies, OMB Memorandum M-17-12, Preparing for and Responding to a Breach of Personally Identifiable Information, (January 3, 2017) required agencies to reduce the use of SSNs in agency systems and programs and to identify instances in which the collection is superfluous. In addition, OMB mandated agencies to explore alternatives to agency use of SSNs as personal identifiers for Federal employees and members of the public.

In addition, the <u>Privacy Act</u> provides that: "It shall be unlawful for any Federal, State or local government agency to deny to any individual any right, benefit, or privilege provided by law

because of such individual's refusal to disclose his social security account number." Pub. L. No. 93–579, § 7. This provision does not apply to: (1) any disclosure which is required by federal statute; or (2) any disclosure of an SSN to any federal, state, or local agency maintaining a system of records in existence and operating before January 1, 1975, if such disclosure was required under statute or regulation adopted prior to such date to verify the identity of an individual. *Id.* at § 7(a)(2)(A)-(B).

Section 4.4(d) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A Does the system or project maintain SSNs?
Section 4.4(e) \square Yes \boxtimes No \square N/A Are there any alternatives to the SSNs as a personal identifier? If yes, please provide a narrative explaining why other alternatives to identify individuals will not be used.
Section 4.4(f) \square Yes \boxtimes No \square N/A Will individuals be denied any right, benefit, or privilege provided by law because of such individual's refusal to disclose their SSN? If yes, please check the applicable box:
\square SSN disclosure is required by Federal statute or Executive Order. ; or
☐ the SSN is disclosed to any Federal, state, or local agency maintaining a <u>system of records</u> in existence and operating before January 1, 1975, and disclosure was required under statute or regulation adopted prior to such date to verify the identity of an individual. <i>If checked, please provide the name of the system of records in the space provided below.</i> ;
Section 4.4 (g) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A \square When the SSN is collected, are individuals given notice whether disclosure is mandatory or voluntary, the legal authority such number is solicited, and what uses will be made of it? If yes, please explain what means are used to provide notice.
SSNs are being collected.
First Amendment Activities
The <u>Privacy Act</u> provides that Federal agencies "maintain no record describing how any individual exercises rights guaranteed by the First Amendment unless expressly authorized by statute or by the individual about whom the record is maintained or unless pertinent to and within the scope of an authorized law enforcement activity." 5 U.S.C. § 552a(e)(7).
Section 4.4(h) \square Yes \boxtimes No Does the system or project maintain any information describing how an

individual exercises their rights guaranteed by the First Amendment?

Section 4.4(h) If the system or project maintains information describing how an individual exercises	
their rights guaranteed by the First Amendment, do any of the following exceptions apply (the	
information may be maintained if any of the exceptions apply)?	
☑ N/A (system or project does not maintain any information describing how an individual exercises	
their rights guaranteed by the First Amendment so no exceptions are needed)	
☐ The individual about whom the information was collected or maintained expressly	
authorizes its collection/maintenance.	
\square The information maintained is pertinent to and within the scope of an authorized law	
enforcement activity.	
☐ There is a statute that expressly authorizes its collection.	
☑ N/A, the system or project does not maintain any information describing how any	
individual exercises their rights guaranteed by the First Amendment.	

Section 5: Maintenance, use, and sharing of the information

The following sections require a clear description of the system's or project's use of information.

Section 5.1: Describe how and why the system or project uses the information it collects and maintains

Please describe all of the uses of the information types and groupings collected and maintained by the system or project (see <u>Section 4.2</u>), including a discussion of why the information is used for this purpose and how it relates to the mission of the office that owns the system.

The information that is being collected as part of the site visit interviews to enable the study team to carry out qualitative data analysis. The information that is being collected as part of the administrative analysis and will be used to enable the study team to conduct the FSS Supervisor, Case Manager, FSS Coordinator (staff) and FSS Participant surveys. The information that is being collected from these surveys will be reported in the aggregate to present summary, aggregate level

information about what FSS providers do, understand the people they serve and how the FSS program services impact their lives. All information will be reported in aggregate, and the aggregate data would be scrubbed prior to any data submission to HUD. FSS participant data will be destroyed upon completion of the interviews. Site visit interview data will be scrubbed and any names, phone numbers, and business email addresses will be destroyed upon completion of the site visit notes. Full names and business email addresses will be destroyed upon completion of the survey. No names, phone numbers, or business email addresses will be retained or linked to any other data provided by any of the service coordinators or FSS participants. MDRC's Institutional Review Board, which provides an independent, rigorous, human subjects review, has reviewed and approved the methodology and instruments as providing sufficient human subject and privacy protection.

A 60-day Federal Register notice was published on July 14, 2017: "Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) Program Demonstration," Docket No. FR-6003-N-06. The information collected for this study is covered by OMB Control #2528-0296.

Collecting Information Directly from the Individual When Using it to Make Adverse Determinations About Them

The <u>Privacy Act</u> requires that Federal agencies "collect information to the greatest extent practicable directly from the subject individual when the information may result in adverse determinations about an individual's rights, benefits, and privileges under Federal programs." 5 U.S.C. § 552a(e)(2).

Section 5.1(a) ☐ Yes ☒ No Is it possible that the information maintained in the system or by the project may be used by HUD to make an adverse determination about an individual's rights, benefits, and privileges under federal programs (e.g., decisions about whether the individual will receive a financial benefit, get a clearance or access to a HUD facility, obtain employment with HUD)?
Section 5.1(b) \square Yes \boxtimes No Is it possible that HUD will share information maintained in the system or by the project with a third-party external to the Department that will use the information to make an adverse determination about an individual's rights, benefits, and privileges under federal programs?
Section 5.1(c) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A If information could potentially be used to make an adverse determination about an individual's rights, benefits, and privileges under federal programs, does the system or project collect information (to the greatest extent practicable) directly from the individual?
The purpose of this data system is to conduct research about the Family Self-Sufficiency program, not to make any determination about an individual's rights, benefits, or privileges under any federal programs.

Data Mining

As required by Section 804 of the <u>Implementing the 9/11 Commission Recommendations Act of 2007</u> ("9-11 Commission Act"), HUD reports annually to Congress on its data mining activities.

Section 5.1(d) ☐ Yes ☒ No Is information maintained in the system or by the project used to conduct "data-mining" activities as that term is defined in the Implementing the 9-11 Commission Act?

No data mining is occurring as part of this study.

<u>Section 5.2: Ensuring accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of information</u> collected, maintained, and shared

Exemption from Accuracy, Relevance, Timeliness, and Completeness Requirements

The <u>Privacy Act</u> requires that Federal agencies "maintain all records which are used by the agency in making any determination about any individual with such accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness as is reasonably necessary to assure fairness to the individual in the determination." 5 U.S.C § 552a(e)(5). If a particular <u>system of records</u> meets certain requirements (including the <u>NPRM</u> process defined in Section 2 above), an agency may exempt the <u>system of records</u> (or a portion of the records) from this requirement.

Section 5.2(a) \square Yes \boxtimes No Is all or any portion of the information maintained in the system or by the project: (a) part of a <u>system of records</u> and (b) exempt from the accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness requirements in sections (e)(5) of the <u>Privacy Act</u>?

The information that is being collected as part of the site visit interviews to enable the study team to carry out qualitative data analysis. The information that is being collected as part of the administrative analysis and will be used to enable the study team to conduct the FSS Supervisor, Case Manager, FSS Coordinator (staff) and FSS Participant surveys. The information that is being collected from these surveys will be reported in the aggregate to present summary, aggregate level information about what FSS providers do, understand the people they serve and how the FSS program services impact their lives. All information will be reported in aggregate, and the aggregate data would be scrubbed prior to any data submission to HUD. FSS participant data will be destroyed upon completion of the interviews. Site visit interview data will be scrubbed and any names, phone numbers, and business email addresses will be destroyed upon completion of the site visit notes. Full names and business email addresses will be destroyed upon completion of the survey. No names, phone numbers, or business email addresses will be retained or linked to any other data provided by any of the service coordinators or FSS participants. MDRC's Institutional Review Board, which provides an independent, rigorous, human subjects review, has reviewed and approved the methodology and instruments as providing sufficient human subject and privacy protection.

A 60-day Federal Register notice was published on July 14, 2017: "Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) Program Demonstration," Docket No. FR-6003-N-06. The information collected for this study is covered by OMB Control #2528-0296.

Computer Matching

The Computer Matching and Privacy Protection Act of 1988 amended the <u>Privacy Act</u> imposing additional requirements when <u>Privacy Act systems of records</u> are used in computer matching programs.

Pursuant to the <u>Privacy Act</u>, as amended, there are two distinct types of matching programs. The first type of matching program involves the computerized comparison of two or more automated federal personnel or payroll <u>systems of records</u> or a system of federal personnel or payroll records with non-federal records. This type of matching program may be conducted for any purpose. The second type of matching program involves the computerized comparison of two or more automated <u>systems of records</u> or a <u>system of records</u> with non-federal records. The purpose of this type of matching program must be for the purpose of eligibility determinations or compliance requirements for applicants, recipients, beneficiaries, participants, or providers of services for payments or in-kind assistance under federal benefit programs, or recouping payments or delinquent debts under such federal benefit programs. *See* 5 U.S.C. § 522a(a)(8).

Matching programs must be conducted pursuant to a matching agreement between the source and recipient agencies. The matching agreement describes the purpose and procedures of the matching **and** establishes protections for matching records.

Section 5.2(b) \square Yes \boxtimes No Is any of the information maintained in the system or by the project (a)
part of a <u>system of records</u> and (b) used as part of a matching program?
Section 5.2(c) \square Yes \boxtimes No \square N/A Is there a matching agreement in place that contains the
information required by Section (o) of the <u>Privacy Act</u> ?
Section 5.2(d) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A Are assessments made regarding the accuracy of the records
that will be used in the matching program?
Section 5.2(e) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A Does the office that owns the system or project independently
verify the information, provide the individual notice and an opportunity to contest the findings, or

obtain Data Integrity Board approval in accordance with Section (p) of the Privacy Act before taking
adverse action against the individual?
There is no matching program.
L
Ensuring Fairness in Making Adverse Determinations About Individuals
Federal agencies are required to "maintain all records which are used by the agency in making
any determination about any individual with such accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and
completeness as is reasonably necessary to assure fairness to the individual in the
determination." 5 U.S.C. § 552a(e)(5). This requirement also applies when merging records
from two or more sources where the merged records are used by the agency to make any
determination about any individual.
Section 5.2(f) \square Yes \boxtimes No With respect to the information maintained in the system or by the project,
are steps taken to ensure all information used to make a determination about an individual is maintained with
such accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness as is reasonably necessary to assure fairness to the
individual in the determination? to make determinations about an individuals selected "no" because you do
not use information in the system or project to make determinations about individuals
The system is for research purposes only and is not involved in any determinations about individuals.
Merging Information About Individuals
Merging information About individuals
Section 5.2(g) ⊠ Yes □ No Is information maintained in the system or by the project merged
with electronic or non-electronic information from internal or external sources (e.g., other files or
systems)?
3,355,113,1

Section 5.2(g) \boxtimes Yes \square No Is information maintained in the system or by the project merged with electronic or non-electronic information from internal or external sources (e.g., other files or systems)?
The only purpose of any merging is to compare the results from the PHA site visits to HUD administrative records to verify information provided at the site visit.)
Section 5.2(h) \square Yes \boxtimes No \square N/A Once merged, is the information used in making determinations about individuals (e.g., decisions about whether the individual will receive a financial benefit or payment, get a clearance or access to a HUD facility, obtain employment with HUD, etc.)?
Section 5.2(i) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Are there documented policies or procedures for how information is merged?

Section 5.2(j) ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ N/A Do the documented policies or procedures address how to proceed when partial matches (where some, but not all of the information being merged matches a particular individual) are discovered after the information is merged? The agreements mentioned above define the match criteria.	
Section 5.2(k) ☐ Yes ☒ No ☒ N/A If information maintained in the system or by the project is used to make a determination about an individual, are steps taken to ensure the accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness of the information as is reasonably necessary to assure fairness to the individual?	
The system is for research purposes only and is not involved in any determinations about individuals.	
Policies and Standard Operating Procedures or Technical Solutions Designed to	
Ensure Information Accuracy, Completeness, and Timeliness	
Section 5.2(I) \square Yes \boxtimes No \square N/A If information maintained in the system or by the project is used to make any determination about an individual (even if it is an exempt system of records), are there documented policies or standard operating procedures for the system or project that address the accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of the information? :	
Section 5.2(m) ☐ Yes ☒ No Does the system or project use any software or other technical solutions designed to improve the accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of the information used to make an adverse determination about an individual's rights, benefits, and/or privileges (regardless of if it is an exempt system of records)?	
The system is for research purposes only and is not involved in any determinations about individuals. During the analysis, the study team reviews the data to be sure it is complete and accurate. If there are any questions, they go back to the source to resolve.	

Accuracy, Completeness, and Timeliness of Information Received from the Source

	Section 5.2(n) ⊠ Yes □ No Did HUD receive any guarantee, assurance, or other information	l
	from any information source(s) regarding the accuracy, timeliness and completeness of the	l
	information maintained in the system or by the project?	
	The contract with MDRC and its subcontractor, M. Davis, provides a guarantee and assurance of	l
	the accuracy, timeliness, and completeness of the information maintained in the system.	l
		l
		l
Ī	Disseminating Notice of Corrections of or Amendments to PII	
	Section 5.2(o) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A Where feasible and appropriate, is there a process in place	l

for disseminating corrections of or amendments to the PII maintained in the system or by the

disseminating corrections or amendments include notifying the individual whose information is

This data system is for research purposes only and not related to any corrections or amendments

<u>Section 5.2(p)</u> \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A Where feasible and appropriate, does the process for

project to all internal and external information-sharing partners?

corrected or amended?

partners.

Section 5.3: Information sharing within the Department of Housing and Urban Development

to the PII maintained in any system related to any internal or external information-sharing

Internal Information Sharing
Section 5.3(a) ☐ Yes ☒ No Is PII maintained in the system or by the project shared with other
HUD bureaus?
No PII will be shared with anyone at HUD or outside of the study team.
Section 5.3(b) ☐ Yes ☐ No Does Housing and Urban Development office that receives the PII
limit access to those HUD officers and employees who have a need for the PII in the performance
of their official duties (i.e., those who have a "need to know")?
N/A because there is no approved sharing of PII from MDRC with anyone at HUD.

Memorandum of Understanding/Other Agreements Limiting HUD's Internal Use/Disclosure of PII

Section 5.3(c) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Is any of the PII maintained in the system or by the project
subject to the requirements of a Memorandum of Understanding or other agreement (e.g.,
agreement with another federal or state agency that provided the information to Housing and
Urban Development or subject to an international agreement or treaty) that limits or places
conditions on HUD's internal use, maintenance, handling, or disclosure of the PII?
There is a contract and in place between HUD and MDRC, and a Consent Form approved by OMB
established between MDRC and the study participants. (See Federal Register Notice, Docket No. FR-
5613-N-07 published on 7/17/2012.) The information collected for this study is covered by OMB
Control #2528-0296.

Internal Information Sharing Chart		
Internal Recipient's Name (e.g., or office)	MDRC	
Purpose of the Sharing	N/A. There is no internal sharing of PII.	
PII Shared		
Applicable Statutory or Regulatory or Restrictions		
on Information Shared		
Applicable Restrictions Imposed by Agreement on		
Information Shared (e.g., by HUD agreement with		
the party that provided the information to HUD)		
Name and Description of MOU or Other		
Agreement Restricting HUD's Internal Use,		
Maintenance, Handling, or Sharing of PII Received		
Method of PII Transfer (e.g., paper/oral	There is no transfer of PII or sharing of PII with HUD or	
disclosures/magnetic disk/portable	anyone outside of the research team.	
device/email/fax/other (please describe if other)		

$\underline{Section~5.4: Information~sharing~with~external~(i.e.,~outside~HUD)~organizations~and}\\\underline{individuals}$

External Information Sharing
Section 5.4(a) \square Yes \boxtimes No Is \underline{PII} maintained in the system or by the project shared with agencies,
organizations, or individuals external to HUD?
There is no sharing of PII outside of the study team.

Accounting of Disclosures
Section 5.4(b) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A With respect to records maintained in the system or by the
project that are subject to the Privacy Act, do you maintain a paper or electronic log or other
record of the date, nature, and purpose of each disclosure (not including intra-agency disclosures
and FOIA disclosures) of a record to any person or to another agency (outside of HUD) and the
name and address of the person or agency to whom the disclosure is made? See 5 U.S.C §
552a(c).
332a(C).
Section 5.4(c) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A If you do not keep a running tabulation of every disclosure at
the time it is made, are you able to reconstruct an accurate and complete accounting of
disclosures so as to be able to respond to <u>Privacy Act</u> requests in a timely fashion?
ansonosares so us to se usic to respond to <u>revisely not</u> requests in a timely rasmon.
Section 5.4(d) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A With respect to records maintained in the system or by the
project that are subject to the Privacy Act, do you retain the log or other record of the date,
nature, and purpose of each disclosure, for at least five years or the life of the record, whichever is
longer, after the disclosure for which the accounting is made?
longer, after the disclosure for which the accounting is made:
Section 5.4(e) \square Yes \boxtimes No \square N/A With respect to records maintained in the system or by the
project that are subject to the Privacy Act, does your or office exempt the system of records (as
allowed by the <u>Privacy Act</u> in certain circumstances) from the requirement to make the accounting
available to the individual named in the record?
available to the marviadal named in the record.
Section 5.4(f) \square Yes \boxtimes No \square N/A With respect to records maintained in the system or by the
project that are subject to the <u>Privacy Act</u> , does your or office exempt the <u>system of records</u> (as
allowed by the <u>Privacy Act</u> in certain circumstances) from the requirement to inform any person
or other agency about any correction or notation of dispute made by the agency of any record
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
that has been disclosed to the person or agency if an accounting of the disclosure was made?
There is no non-compliance or basis for exemption from the Privacy Act which mitigates against
any privacy and civil liberties risks.

Statutory or Regulatory Restrictions on Disclosure

regulatory restrictions on the sharing of any of the PII maintained in the system or by the project

Section 5.4(g) \boxtimes Yes \square No In addition to the Privacy Act, are there any other statutory or

(e.g., 26 U.S.C § 6103 for tax returns and return information)?

12 U.S.C. §1701z-1 established PD&R and its authority to conduct research. 12 U.S.C. 1701z-2(g) Information and data, gives PD&R the authority to request personal information from people. (See Federal Register Notice, Docket No. FR-5613-N-07 published on 7/17/2012.) The information collected for this study is covered by OMB Control #2528-0296.

Memorandum of Understanding Related to External Sharing

<u>Section 5.4(h)</u> \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Has HUD executed a Memorandum of Understanding, or entered into any other type of agreement, with any external agencies, organizations, or individuals with which/whom it shares PII maintained in the system or by the project?

HUD executed a contract with MDRC in March 2012 to conduct the Family Self-Sufficiency Program evaluation, and data collection activities are subject to the Privacy Act, a HUD-MDRC, and OMB-approved consent forms that MDRC has established with the study participants. (See Federal Register Notice, Docket No. FR-5613-N-07 published on 7/17/2012.) The information collected for this study is covered by OMB Control #2528-0296.

Memorandum of Understanding Limiting HUD's Use or Disclosure of PII

<u>Section 5.4(i)</u> \boxtimes Yes \square No Is any of the <u>PII</u> maintained in the system or by the project subject to the requirements of a Memorandum of Understanding or other agreement (e.g., agreement with another federal or state agency, an international agreement or treaty, or contract with private vendor that provided the information to HUD) that limits or places conditions on HUD's internal use or external (i.e., outside HUD) sharing of the PII?

HUD executed a contract with MDRC in March 2012 to conduct the Family Self-Sufficiency Program evaluation, and their data collection is subject to the Privacy Act, a HUD-MDRC, and OMB-approved consent forms that MDRC have established with the study participants. The information collected for this study is covered by OMB Control #2528-0296. (See Federal Register Notice, Docket No. FR-5613-N-07 published on 7/17/2012.)

All of these agreements preclude MDRC from sharing any PII with HUD or any other external entity.

Memorandum of Understanding Limiting External Party's Use or Disclosure of PII

<u>Section 5.4(j)</u> \square Yes \boxtimes No Is any of the <u>PII</u> maintained in the system or by the project subject to the requirements of a Memorandum of Understanding or other agreement in which HUD limits or places conditions on an external party's use, maintenance, handling, or disclosure of PII shared by HUD?

HUD executed a contract with MDRC in March 2012 to conduct the Family Self-Sufficiency Program evaluation, and their data collection is subject to the Privacy Act, a HUD-MDRC, and OMB-approved consent forms that MDRC has executed with the study participants(See Federal Register Notice, Docket No. FR-5613-N-07 published on 7/17/2012.) The information collected for this study is covered by OMB Control #2528-0296.

External Information Sharing Chart				
Section 5.4(k) ☐ Yes ☒ No Is information from the system or project shared externally?				
External Recipient's				
Name				
Purpose of the Sharing				
PII Shared				
Content of Applicable				
Routine Use/Citation to				
the <u>SORN</u>				
Applicable Statutory or				
Regulatory or				
Restrictions on				
Information Shared				
Name and Description of				
Relevant MOUs or Other				
Agreements Containing				
Sharing Restrictions				
Imposed on HUD by an				
External Source or				
Source/Originating				
Agency (including				
description of				
restrictions imposed on				
use, maintenance, and				
disclosure of PII)				
Name and Description of				
Relevant MOUs or Other				
Agreements Containing				
Restrictions Imposed by				
HUD on External Sharing				

Partner (including			
description of			
restrictions imposed on			
use, maintenance, and			
disclosure of <u>PII</u>)			
Method(s) Used to			
Transfer PII (e.g., paper/			
oral			
disclosures/magnetic			
disk/portable			
device/email fax/other			
(please describe if other)			
There is no external sharin	g of information based o	n the contract, and a ND.	A is in place between
HUD and MDRC. A Conser	nt Form is in place betwee	en the MDRC and the stu	dy participants. The
information collected for t	his study is covered by O	MB Control #2528-0296.	
Obtaining Consent Prior	or to New Disclosures I by the Priva		ORN or Authorized
Section 5.4(I) ⊠ Yes □ N	Io \square N/A Is the individua	al's consent obtained, wh	nere feasible and
appropriate, prior to any <u>new</u> disclosures of previously collected records in a <u>system of records</u>			
(those not expressly authorized by the Privacy Act or contained in the published SORN (e.g., in the			
routine uses))?			
Consent is required by the MDRC's Institutional Review Board, by the consent form and was			
approved by OMB. (See Federal Register Notice, Docket No. FR-5613-N-07 published on			
7/17/2012.) The information collected for this study is covered by OMB Control #2528-0296.			

Section 6: Compliance with federal information management requirements

Responses to the questions below address the practical, policy, and legal consequences of failing to comply with one or more of the following federal information management requirements (to the extent required) and how those risks were or are being mitigated: (1) the Privacy Act System of Records Notice Requirement; (2) the Paperwork Reduction Act; (3) the Federal Records Act; (4) the E-Gov Act security requirements; and (5) <a href="Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

Section 6.1: Privacy Act System of Records Notice (SORN)

For collections of <u>PII</u> that meet certain requirements, the <u>Privacy Act</u> requires that the agency publish a <u>SORN</u> in the *Federal Register*.

System of Records
Section 6.1(a) ⊠ Yes □ No Does the system or project retrieve records about an individual using
an identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual? (see
items selected in <u>Section 4.2</u> above)
Section 6.1(b) ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ N/A Was a SORN published in the Federal Register for this system of records?

Section 6.2: The Paperwork Reduction Act

The <u>PRA</u> requires OMB approval before a Federal agency may collect standardized data from 10 or more respondents within a 12-month period. OMB requires agencies to conduct a PCLIA (a HUD PCLIA) when initiating, consistent with the <u>PRA</u>, a new electronic collection of PII for 10 or more persons (excluding agencies, instrumentalities, or employees of the federal government).

Paperwork Reduction Act Compliance
Section 6.2(a) ☐ Yes ☐ No Does the system or project maintain information obtained from individuals and organizations who are not federal personnel or an agency of the federal government (i.e., outside the federal government)?
Section 6.2(b) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A Does the project or system involve a new collection of information in identifiable form for 10 or more persons from outside the federal government?
Section 6.2(c) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Did the project or system complete an Information Collection Request ("ICR") and receive OMB approval?

The information collected for this study is covered by OMB Control #2528-0296.

Section 6.3: Records Management - NARA/Federal Records Act Requirements

Records retention schedules determine the maximum amount of time necessary to retain information in order to meet the needs of the project or system. Information is generally either disposed of or sent to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) for permanent retention upon expiration of this period.

NARA Records Retention Requirements
Section 6.3(a) \boxtimes Yes \square No Are the records used in the system or by the project covered by
NARA's General Records Schedules ("GRS") or HUD/ Specific Records Schedule (SRS)?
Section 6.3(b) ⊠ Yes □ No Did NARA approve a retention schedule for the records
maintained in the system or by the project?
Section 6.3(c) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A If NARA did not approve a retention schedule for the records maintained in the system or by the project and the records are not covered by NARA's GRS or HUD/ SRS, has a draft retention schedule (approved by all applicable HUD officials) been developed for the records used in this project or system?
2225.6 REV-1, Appendix 67, Records Disposition Schedule 67 PD&R, Item No. 5
Project case files reflecting a complete history of each project from initiation
through research, development, design. testing, and demonstration.
Disposition
Retire to Federal Records Center 3 years after satisfactory close of project that volume warrants.
Destroy 6 years after satisfactory close of project. (NARA Job NCl-207-78-6, item 5).
https://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/documents/huddoc?id=22256x67ADMH.pdf

Section 6.4: E-Government Act/NIST Compliance

The completion of Federal Information Security Management Act ("FISMA") Security Assessment & Authorization (SA&A) process is required before a federal information system may receive Authority to Operate ("ATO"). Different security requirements apply to National Security Systems.

Section 6.4(a) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A Is the system a federal information system subject to FISMA requirements?
Section 6.4(b) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A Has the system or project undergone a SA&A and received ATO?
Access Controls and Security Requirements Section 6.4(c) \boxtimes Yes \square No Does the system or project include access controls to ensure limited
access to information maintained by the system or project?
Only the MDRC research team can access the information/data collected.
Security Risks in Manner of Collection
Section 6.4(d) ☐ Yes ☒ No In Section 4.3 above, you identified the sources for information used in the system or project and the method and manner of collection. Were any security, privacy, or civil liberties risks identified with respect to the manner in which the information is collected from the source(s)?
Security Controls When Sharing Internally or Externally
Section 6.4(e) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Are all HUD/ security requirements met in the method of
transferring information (e.g., bulk transfer, direct access by recipient, portable disk, paper) from Housing and Urban Development project or system to internal or external parties?
The contract and NDA with MDRC specifies that they are to comply with HUD security requirements.
Monitoring of Individuals
Section 6.4(f) ☐ Yes ☒ No Will this system or project have the capability to identify, locate, and monitor individuals or groups of people?
There is no monitoring of individuals.
Audit Trails
Section 6.4(g) ☐ Yes ☒ No Are audit trails regularly reviewed for appropriate use, handling, and disclosure of PII maintained in the system or by the project inside or outside of the Department?
There is no disclosure of PII by the project inside or outside of the MDRC research team.

Section 6.5: Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973

When Federal agencies develop, procure, maintain, or use Electronic and Information Technology ("EIT"), Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (as amended in 1998) requires that individuals with disabilities (including federal employees) must have access and use (including privacy policies and directives as well as redress opportunities) that is comparable to that which is available to individuals who do not have disabilities.

Applicability of and Compliance With the Rehabilitation Act
Section 6.5(a) ☐ Yes ☒ No Will the project or system involve the development, procurement, maintenance or use of EIT as that term is defined in Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (as amended in 1998)? The Rehabilitation Act is not applicable Section 6.5(b) ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ N/A Does the system or project comply with all Section 508 requirements, thus ensuring that individuals with disabilities (including federal employees) have access and use (including access to privacy and civil liberties policies) that is comparable to that which is available to individuals who do not have disabilities?
This is not a public facing system, so the impact of the lack of Section 508 compliance is minimized.

Section 7: Redress

Access Under the Freedom of Information Act and Privacy Act <u>Section 7.0(a)</u> \boxtimes Yes \square No Does the agency have a published process in place by which individuals may seek records under the Freedom of Information Act and Privacy Act? The HUD FOIA and PA disclosure regulations can be found at 24 CFR Pt. 15 (2001) and 24 CFR 16.1. **Privacy Act Access Exemption** <u>Section 7.0(b)</u> \square Yes \boxtimes No Was any of the information that is maintained in system of records and used in the system or project exempted from the access provisions of the Privacy Act? **Additional Redress Mechanisms** Section 7.0(c) \square Yes \boxtimes No With respect to information maintained by the project or system (whether or not it is covered by the Privacy Act), does the or office that owns the project or system have any additional mechanisms other than Privacy Act and FOIA remedies (e.g., a customer satisfaction unit; a complaint process) by which an individual may request access to and/or amendment of their information and/or contest adverse determinations about denial of their rights, benefits, and privileges under federal programs (e.g., decisions about whether the individual will receive a financial benefit, get a clearance or access to a HUD facility, obtain employment with HUD)? There is contact information on the consent forms where individuals can ask questions or withdraw future participation from the study. This is a research study and so there is not involvement of rights, benefits, or privileges under federal programs.

Responsible Officials

Helen Goff Foster Senior Agency Official for Privacy U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Elizabeth A. Cocke Division Director Affordable Housing Research and Technology Division Office of Policy Development and Research U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Regina C. Gray
Social Science Analyst and Contracting Officer's Technical Representative
Affordable Housing Research and Technology Division
Office of Policy Development and Research
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Approval Signature

Helen Goff Foster Senior Agency Official for Privacy U.S Department of Housing Urban and Development