# **Quantitative TV Study 1**

Survey Questionnaire

# INTRODUCTION

Thank you for agreeing to participate in this study today. This study is about advertising for a new product. We will show you an ad for a new product and then ask you some questions about it.

Make sure you are comfortable and can read the screen from where you sit. The survey will include some audio, so please make sure the sound on your computer or device is active and the speaker volume is turned up.

On the next two screens you will be shown the image of an animal and sound and asked to identify which animals you see and hear. Therefore please ensure your speakers are turned on, or you can use your headphones. [Terminate participants who cannot hear the sound and see the image]

### ADVERTISEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

On the next screen, you will see an advertisement for a new product. The ad may take 15-30 seconds to start playing. Imagine that this ad is for a product that you might be interested in for yourself.

Once you finish viewing the ad, please click the Next button.

# [DISPLAY ASSIGNED AD] [SUPPRESS "NEXT" BUTTON UNTIL AD FINISHES PLAYING]

We would like you to watch the ad a second time. Please click the Next button to view the ad.

# [DISPLAY ASSIGNED AD AGAIN] [SUPPRESS "NEXT" BUTTON UNTIL AD FINISHES PLAYING]

### SURVEY INSTRUCTIONS

Now please answer the following questions based on the ad you saw.

### Q1. Were you able to view the ad for [Drug X]?

- Yes
- $\Box \text{ No } \rightarrow [\text{Terminate}]$
- $\Box \quad \text{Not sure} \rightarrow [\text{Terminate}]$

### Q2. What was the main message of this ad? (gist memory)

(open ended)

# Q3. What are the benefits of [Drug X]? Please list as many benefits as you can remember. (benefit recall)

(open ended)

Q4. What are the side effects of [Drug X]? Please list as many side effects as you can remember. (risk recall)

(open ended)

[Programmer: RANDOMIZE ORDER of benefit series (Q5- Q16) and risk series (Q17-Q25).

Q5. Please check which of the following statements were mentioned in the ad. Even if you think a statement is true, please select it only if it was mentioned in the ad. [RANDOMIZE ORDER] (benefit recognition)

	Mentioned	Not Mentioned
a. [Drug X] improves vision in people with cataracts.	Х	
b. [Drug X] reduces cloudiness caused by cataracts.	Х	
c. You take [Drug X] by putting just two drops in each eye per day.	Х	
d. [Drug X] can only be used by people who have tried cataract surgery.		Х
e. [Drug X] improves vision in people with glaucoma.		Х
f. [Drug X] improves eyesight for people who are near-sighted.		Х

Please answer the following questions based on what you learned from the ad. The ad may or may not have included the information needed to answer each question, so your best guess is fine. [KEEP ON SCREEN FOR QUESTIONS Q6 - Q13]

Q6. [Drug X] eliminates all of the vision problems caused by cataracts. (gist efficacy claim accuracy – magnitude)

- 🗖 True
- □ False (correct answer)

Q7. On average, if someone with cataracts takes [Drug X], by how much will their vision improve? (gist efficacy claim accuracy – magnitude)

- □ Vision will not improve at all
- □ Vision will improve but won't be back to normal (correct answer)
- □ Vision will improve to normal

Q8. [Drug X] will improve vision in almost everyone who takes it. (gist efficacy claim accuracy – likelihood)

- True
- □ False (correct answer)

Q9. The majority of people with cataracts who take [Drug X] will have at least some vision improvement. (gist efficacy claim accuracy – likelihood)

- **True (correct answer)**
- False

Q10. What percentage of people with cataracts who take [Drug X] will have better vision? (gist efficacy claim accuracy – likelihood)

- Less than half (0-40%)
- □ About half (41-60%) (correct answer)
- □ More than half (61-99%)
- □ All (100%)
- Don't know

Q11. Please complete the following sentence: On average, people with cataracts who took [Drug X improved their vision to \_\_\_. (efficacy claim accuracy – magnitude)

20/20 20/30 20/40 20/50 20/60 20/70 20/80 20/90 20/100 \_\_\_Don't know

Q12. What percentage of people with cataracts who took [Drug X] improved their vision to 20/40? (efficacy claim accuracy – likelihood)

\_\_\_\_\_% [permit numbers from 0-100; also permit ranges (e.g., 40-60%)] \_\_\_Don't know

Q13. People with cataracts who took [Drug X] could see an average of how many letters on a 100letter eye chart? (efficacy claim accuracy – magnitude)

\_\_\_\_ letters \_\_\_\_Don't know

Q14. [Drug X] is more likely to improve vision than other treatments for cataracts. (perceived efficacy - comparative)

1	2	3	4	5	6
Strongly					Strongly agree
disagree					

\_\_ Don't know

Q15. After seeing this ad, how likely would you be to recommend [Drug X] to a close family member with cataracts? (behavioral intention)

1 Not at all likely	2	3	4	5	6 Extremely likely
Q16. Based on the ad	, how convince	d are you that [D	rug X] improves \	vision? (ad pers	suasiveness)
1 Not at all convinced	2	3	4	5	6 Completely convinced

Q17. Please check which of the following were mentioned in the ad as risks of taking [Drug X]. Even if you think a statement is true, please select it only if it was mentioned in the ad. [RANDOMIZE ORDER] (risk recognition)

	Mentioned	Not Mentioned
a. A side effect of [Drug X) is losing the ability to see the distance between things.	Х	
b. A side effect of [Drug X) is runny nose.	х	
c. People with glaucoma should not take [Drug X].	Х	
d. A side effect of [Drug X] is a detached retina.	Х	
e. A side effect of [Drug X] is blurry vision.		X
f. A side effect of [Drug X] is temporary blindness.		X
g. People with kidney problems should not take [Drug X].		x
h. A side effect of [Drug X] is nausea.		X

Please answer the following questions based on what you learned from the ad. The ad may or may not have included the information needed to answer each question, so your best guess is fine. [KEEP ON SCREEN FOR QUESTIONS Q18 - Q21]

Q18. Almost everyone who takes [Drug X] will experience at least one side effect. (gist risk claim accuracy)

🗖 True

□ False (correct answer)

Q19. Some of [Drug X]'s side effects are more likely to occur than others. (gist risk claim accuracy)

- **True (correct answer)**
- False

Q20. [Drug X]'s <u>most common</u> side effects occur in what percent of people who take it? (gist risk claim accuracy)

□ Less than 1%

- 1% -5%
- □ 6-10% (correct answer)
- **11-15%**
- **1**6-20%

Q21. [Drug X]'s <u>least common</u> side effects occur in what percent of people who take it? (gist risk claim accuracy)

- □ Less than 1% (correct answer)
- 1% -5%
- **G** 6-10%
- **11-15%**
- □ 16-20%

Q22. The following side effects of [Drug X] were mentioned in the ad. For each side effect, please report how often it occurs. Your best guess is fine. [Randomize order] (risk claim accuracy)

## Side effect occurs in \_\_\_\_\_ of people who take [Drug X]

Side Effect	Less than 1%	1%-5%	6-10%	11-15%	16-20%
Watery Eyes			X		
Runny Nose			X		
Fever		Х			
Loss of the ability		Х			
to see the					
distance between					
things					
Double Vision	Х				
Detached Retina	Х				

Q23. How serious are [Drug X]'s side effects? (perceived risk - magnitude)

1	2	3	4	5	6
Most would					Most would
not be					be very
serious					serious

Q24. How bothersome would [Drug X]'s side effects be? (perceived risk - magnitude)

1	2	3	4	5	6
Not at all					Extremely
bothersome					bothersome

#### Q25. [Drug X] is riskier than other treatments for cataracts. (perceived risk - comparative)

1	2	3	4	5	6

Strongly disagree

\_\_ Don't know

Q26. Thinking overall about the risks and benefits, would you say [Drug X] has: (benefit/risk tradeoff)

Strongly agree

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
More risks			Equal risks			More benefits
than benefits			and benefits			than risks

Q27. Please check how much you agree or disagree with the following statements about the ad you saw. (ad skepticism)

This ad is a reliable	e source of inforr	nation about the	risks and benefits	of [Drug X].	
This ad presents a	true picture of [I	Drug X].			
I feel I've been aco	curately informed	l after viewing thi	s ad.		
This ad provides c [Drug X].	onsumers with e	ssential informatio	on for deciding wh	ether to ask a	doctor about
1 Strongly disagree	2	3	4	5	6 Strongly agree

Q27. Now here are some questions that require you to use numbers to solve the problem. Some are easy, and others are more difficult. Please don't use a calculator: We'd like you to answer on your own.

Remember, almost everyone will have trouble with these questions, so don't be upset if some are difficult—just do your best! (objective numeracy)

- a. Imagine that you flip a fair coin 1,000 times. What is your best guess about how many times the coin would come up heads in 1,000 flips?
  \_\_\_\_ times out of 1,000
- b. In the BIG BUCKS LOTTERY, the chance of winning a \$10 prize is 1%. What is your best guess about how many people would win a \$10 prize if 1,000 people each buy a single ticket to BIG BUCKS LOTTERY?

\_\_\_\_ people

c. In ACME PUBLISHING SWEEPSTAKES, the chance of winning a car is 1 in 1,000. What percent of tickets to ACME PUBLISHING SWEEPSTAKES will win a car \_\_\_\_\_ percent

Q28.

a. How good are you at working with fractions?

1 Not at all good	2	3	4	5	6 Extremely good	
b. How good	are you at wo	rking with perc	entages?			
1 Not at all good	2	3	4	5	6 Extremely good	
c. How good a	are you at calc	ulating a 15% t	ip?			
1 Not at all good	2	3	4	5	6 Extremely good	
d. How good	are you at figu	iring out how n	nuch a shirt wi	ll cost if it is 25	5% off?	
1 Not at all good	2	3	4	5	6 Extremely good	
e. When read story?	ing the newsp	aper, how help	oful do you finc	l tables and gr	aphs that are part o	of the
1 Not at all	2	3	4	5	6 Extremely	
	-	chance of som nbers ("there's	- · ·	- · ·	efer that they use v	vords
1 Always prefer words	2	3	4	5	6 Always prefer numbers	
	chance of rair				percentages (e.g., "f .g., "there is a small	
1 Always prefer percentages	2	3	4	5	6 Always prefer words	

h. How often do you find numerical information to be useful?

1 2	3	4	5	6
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Never

Q29. Are you currently taking a prescription medicine for any eye or vision problems? (prescription use)

- 🗖 Yes
- 🗖 No
- Don't know or uncertain

#### Q30. In general, how much do you know about cataracts? (perceived medical condition knowledge)

- □ Nothing at all
- Only a little bit
- □ Some
- A lot

### Q31. Do you have or have you had cataracts? (medical condition history)

- □ Yes Currently have cataracts
- □ Yes Previously had cataracts
- Never had cataracts
- Don't know

### Q32. [IF YES] Have you ever had cataract surgery? (treatment history)

- 🗖 Yes
- 🗖 No
- Don't know

# Q33. [IF NEVER HAD / DON'T KNOW] How likely do you think it is that you will get cataracts? (medical condition perceived risk)

1	2	3	4	5	6
Not at all					Extremely
Likely					Likely

Q34. Have any of your close family members—such as parents, brothers, or sisters—ever had cataracts? (family medical condition history)

- 🗖 Yes
- 🗖 No
- Don't know

# Q35. Have you had any vision problems—other than needing contacts or glasses—in the past 10 years? (history of vision problems)

- Yes
- 🗖 No
- Don't know

For the next two questions, please indicate how much you agree or disagree with the statement.

Q36. I experience prescription drug side effects more frequently than other people my age. (prescription attitude – side effect history)

1	2	3	4	5	6
Strongly disagree					Strongly agree

Q37. Whenever I take prescription drugs, they tend to work the way they are supposed to work. (prescription attitude – efficacy history)

1	2	3	4	5	6
Strongly					Strongly agree
disagree					

### Q38. How often do you or would you use prescription drugs? (prescription attitude - personal usage)

- □ I would never use them
- □ I would use them only for serious health conditions
- □ I would use them for moderate and serious health conditions
- □ I would use them for most health conditions, including minor problems

#### Q39. How confident are you in filling out medical forms by yourself? (literacy)

1	2	3	4	5
Not at all	A little	Somewhat	Quite a bit	Extremely

#### Q40. How many years of education have you had? (education)

- Less than high school
- Completed high school
- □ Some college
- □ Associate's degree (2-year)
- □ Bachelor's degree (4-year)
- □ Some postgraduate work
- D Postgraduate degree (M.A., Ph.D., M.D., J.D., etc.)

#### Q41. What is your sex? (gender)

- Male
- Female

### Q42. What is your date of birth? (age)

\_\_\_\_month

\_\_\_\_year

#### Q43. Are you Hispanic or Latino? (ethnicity)

🗖 No

🗖 Yes

#### Q44. What is your race? You may select one or more races. (race) [ALLOW MULTIPLE RESPONSES]

- □ American Indian or Alaska Native
- Asian
- Black or African American
- □ Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander
- White
- □ Some other race

## Q45. Would you like to see more information about [Drug X]? (information search behavior)

- 🗖 Yes
- 🗖 No

## DEBRIEF

The purpose of this study is to learn about reactions to medical advertising. In order to get a real-life reaction, we used a pretend product in this study. [Drug X] is not a real product and is not available for sale. Please see your healthcare professional for questions about cataracts.

You have been very helpful. Thank you very much for your participation!