

Pre-Transplant Essential Data

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	this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to HRSA Reports Clearance Officer, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 10-29, Rockville, Maryland, 20857.
Center Identification CIBMTR Center Number:	
EBMT Code (CIC):	. <u> </u>
Hospital:	
Unit: (check only one)	
Recipient Identification	

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
Recipient Data	
1. Date of birth:///	
2. Sex: Male Female	
3. Ethnicity: ☐ Hispanic or Latino ☐ Not H	Hispanic or Latino Not applicable (not a resident of the USA) Unknown
4. Race: ☐ White ☐ Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Is	□ Black or African American □ Asian □ American Indian or Alaska Native slander□ □ Not reported □ Unknown
Copy question 4 to report more than one	race.
5. Zip or postal code for place of recipient's res	idence (USA recipients only):
6. Is the recipient participating in a clinical trial?	
☐ Yes ———	7. Study Sponsor:
□ No	□ BMT-CTN → 9. Study ID Number:
	□ RCI-BMT →
	☐ USIDNET ☐ COG
	Other sponsor —> 8. Specify other sponsor:
	10. Subject ID:
Copy questions 7-10 to report participation in I	more than one study.
Hemetenoietia Callular Transplant (HCT)	
Hematopoietic Cellular Transplant (HCT)	
11. Date of this HCT:YYYY //	 D
12. Was this the first HCT for this recipient?	
Yes — Yes	13. Is a subsequent HCT planned as part of the overall treatment protocol (not as a reaction to post-HCT disease assessment)? (For autologous HCTs only)
	☐ Yes → 14. Specify subsequent HCT planned:
	☐ No ☐ Autologous ☐ Allogeneic
□ No →	15. Specify the number of prior HCTs:
	Specify the HSC source(s) for all prior HCTs:
	16. Autologous
	17. Allogeneic, unrelated
	18. Allogeneic, related ☐ Yes ☐ No 19. Syngeneic ☐ Yes ☐ No
	20. Date of the last HCT (just before current HCT):////

	21. Was the last HCT performed at a different institution? ☐ Yes → Specify the institution that performed the last HCT: ☐ No 22. Name: ☐ City: ☐ State: ☐ Country:
	23. What was the HSC source for the last HCT? ☐ Autologous ☐ Allogeneic, unrelated donor ☐ Allogeneic, related donor
	24. Reason for current HCT: ☐ No hematopoietic recovery ☐ Partial hematopoietic recovery ☐ Graft failure/rejection after achieving initial hematopoietic recovery
	Date of graft failure/rejection:///////
	→ 26. Date of relapse:////////////////////////////////////
	→ 27. Date of secondary malignancy:// _//
Donor Information	
29. Multiple donors? ☐ Yes — → No	30. Specify number of donors:
To report more than one donor, copy questions 31. Specify donor: Autologous - Go to question 46 Autologous cord blood unit - Go to question NMDP unrelated cord blood unit - Go to question Related donor - Go to question 40 Related cord blood unit - Go to question Non-NMDP unrelated donor - Go to question Non-NMDP unrelated donor - Go to question Non-NMDP unrelated cord blood unit - Go	ion 35 question 32 33 35 ation 34

CIBMTR Center Number: _	CIBMTR Recipient ID:			
	32. NMDP cord blood unit ID: Go to question 46			
	33. NMDP donor ID: Go to question 46			
	34. Non-NMDP unrelated donor ID: (not applicable for related donors)			
	Go to question 38			
	35. Non-NMDP cord blood unit ID: (include related and autologous CBUs)			
	36. Is the CBU ID also the ISBT DIN number? ☐ Yes ☐ No → 37. Specify the ISBT DIN number:			
	38. Registry or UCB Bank ID:			
	39. Specify other Registry or UCB Bank: Go to question 41			
	40. Specify the related donor type: Syngeneic (monozygotic twin) HLA-identical sibling (may include non-monozygotic twin) HLA-matched other relative HLA-mismatched relative			
	41. Date of birth: (donor/infant)			
	☐ Known — → 42. Date of birth: (donor/infant):///////			
	Unknown 43. Age: (donor/infant) Known → 44. Age: (donor/infant) Unknown Months (use only if less than 1 year old) Years			
	45. Sex: (donor/infant)			
Specify product type:				
46. Bone marrow:	☐ Yes ☐ No			
47. PBSC:	☐ Yes ☐ No			
48. Single cord blood unit:	Yes No			
49. Other product:	☐ Yes — ► 50. Specify other product type:			
and technique (and mobiliza	ald be considered a <u>single product</u> when they are all from the same donor and use the same collection methologies, even if the collections are performed on different days. acts infused from this donor:			
Questions 52 – 59 are for au	utologous HCT recipients only. If other than autologous skip to question 60			
52. Did the recipient have m	nore than one mobilization event to acquire cells for HCT?			
☐ Yes ———————————————————————————————————	53. Specify the total number of mobilization events performed for this HCT (regardless of the number of collections or which collections were used for this HCT):			

) IRIVI	R Center Number: CIBINTR Recipient ID:
	ify all agents used in the mobilization events reported above:
54.	G-CSF Yes No
55.	GM-CSF
56.	Pegylated G-CSF
57.	Plerixafor (Mozobil) Yes No
58.	Other CXCR4 inhibitor
59.	Combined with chemotherapy:
60.	Was this donor used for any prior HCTs? ☐ Yes ☐ No
61.	Donor CMV-antibodies (IgG or Total) (Allogeneic HCTs only)
	Reactive Non-reactive Not done Not applicable (cord blood unit)
62.	Was plerixafor (Mozobil) given at any time prior to the preparative regimen? (Related HCTs only)
Con	ent
63.	Has the recipient signed an IRB-approved consent form for submitting research data to the NMDP/CIBMTR?
	Yes (patient consented) 64. Date form was signed://// YYYY MM DD
	☐ Not approached
65.	Did the recipient give permission to be directly contacted for future research?
	TVe (extent annidated a maintain)
	No (patient declined) Section of the provided permission of the
	□ Not approached
67.	Has the recipient signed an IRB-approved consent form to donate research blood samples to the NMDP/CIBMTR?
	Yes (patient consented) —
	One (patient consented) 68. Date form was signed:/// □ No (patient declined)
	☐ Not approached
	☐ Not applicable (center not participating)
69.	Has the donor signed an IRB-approved consent form to donate research blood samples to the NMDP/CIBMTR? (Related donors only)
	Yes (donor consented)
	70. Date form was signed://////
	☐ Not approached
	☐ Not applicable (center not participating)
Prod	uct Processing/Manipulation
71.	Was the product manipulated prior to infusion?
	☐ Yes ————
	☐ No 72. Specify portion manipulated: ☐ Entire product ☐ Portion of product
	Specify all methods used to manipulate the product:
	73. Washed
	74. Diluted
	75 Buffy coat enriched (buffy coat preparation)

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:			
	76. B-cell reduced			
Clinical Status of Recipient Prior to the F 90. What scale was used to determine the ☐ Karnofsky (recipient age ≥ 16 year	Preparative Regimen (Conditioning) e recipients functional status?			
	Performance score prior to the preparative regimen: 91. Karnofsky Scale (recipient age ≥ 16 years): □ 100 Normal; no complaints; no evidence of disease □ 90 Able to carry on normal activity □ 80 Normal activity with effort □ 70 Cares for self; unable to carry on normal activity or to do active work □ 60 Requires occasional assistance but is able to care for most needs □ 50 Requires considerable assistance and frequent medical care □ 40 Disabled; requires special care and assistance □ 30 Severely disabled; hospitalization indicated, although death not imminent □ 20 Very sick; hospitalization necessary □ 10 Moribund; fatal process progressing rapidly.			
☐ Lansky (recipient age < 16 years)	92. Lansky Scale (recipient age < 16 years): 100 Fully active 90 Minor restriction in physically strenuous play 80 Restricted in strenuous play, tires more easily, otherwise active 70 Both greater restrictions of, and less time spent in, active play 60 Ambulatory up to 50% of time, limited active play with assistance/supervision 50 Considerable assistance required for any active play; fully able to engage in quiet play 40 Able to initiate quiet activities 30 Needs considerable assistance for quiet activity 20 Limited to very passive activity initiated by others (e.g., TV)			

CIBMTR Center Number:			CIBMTR Recipient ID:			
93.	Recipient CMV-antibodies (IgG or Total):	Reacti	ve			
Co-	Co-morbid Conditions					
95.	Is there a history of proven invasive funga	I infection?				
	☐ Yes → No	97.	Arrhythmia - For example, any history of atrial fibrillation or flutter, sick sinus syndrome, or ventricular arrhythmias requiring treatment Yes No Unknown			
		98.	Cardiac - Any history of coronary artery disease (one or more vessel-coronary artery stenosis requiring medical treatment, stent, or bypass graft), congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction, OR ejection fraction ≤ 50% on the most recent test			
		99.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown Cerebrovascular disease - Any history of transient ischemic attack,			
			subarachnoid hemorrhage or cerebrovascular accident Yes No Unknown			
		100.	Diabetes - Requiring treatment with insulin or oral hypoglycemics in the last 4 weeks but not diet alone			
			☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown			
		101.	Heart valve disease - Except asymptomatic mitral valve prolapse Yes No Unknown			
		102.	Hepatic, mild - Chronic hepatitis, bilirubin > upper limit of normal to 1.5 × upper limit of normal, or AST/ALT > upper limit of normal to 2.5 × upper limit of normal at the time of transplant OR any history of hepatitis B or hepatitis C infection			
			☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown			
		103.	Hepatic, moderate/severe - Liver cirrhosis, bilirubin > 1.5 × upper limit of normal, or AST/ALT > 2.5 × upper limit of normal			
			☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown			
		104.	Infection - For example, documented infection, fever of unknown origin, or pulmonary nodules requiring continuation of antimicrobial treatment after day 0 Yes No Unknown			
		105.	Inflammatory bowel disease - Any history of Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis requiring treatment			
			☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown			
		106.	Obesity - Patients with a body mass index > 35 kg/m² at time of transplant ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown			
		107.	Peptic ulcer - Any history of peptic ulcer confirmed by endoscopy and requiring treatment			
			☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown			
		108.	Psychiatric disturbance - For example, depression, anxiety, bipolar disorder or schizophrenia requiring psychiatric consult or treatment in the last 4 weeks			
			Yes No Unknown			

10	9. Pulmonary, moderate - Corrected diffusion capacity of carbon monoxide and/or FEV ₁ 66-80% or dyspnea on slight activity at transplant
11	O. Pulmonary, severe - Corrected diffusion capacity of carbon monoxide and/or
	FEV₁ ≤ 65% or dyspnea at rest or requiring oxygen at transplant ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
11	 Renal, moderate/severe - Serum creatinine > 2 mg/dL or > 177 μmol/L or on
	dialysis at transplant, OR prior renal transplantation Yes No Unknown
11	Rheumatologic - For example, any history of systemic lupus erythmatosis,
	rheumatoid arthritis, polymyositis, mixed connective tissue disease, or polymyalgia rheumatica requiring treatment (do NOT include degenerative joint disease, osteoarthritis)
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
11	3. Solid tumor, prior - Treated at any time point in the patient's past history, excluding non-melanoma skin cancer, leukemia, lymphoma or multiple myeloma
	☐ Yes → 114. Breast cancer
	No☐ Yes → 115. Year of diagnosis:☐ Unknown☐ No
	116. Central nervous system (CNS) malignancy (glioblastoma,
	astrocytoma)
	☐ Yes → 117. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
	 Gastrointestinal malignancy (colon, rectum, stomach, pancreas, intestine)
	☐ Yes → 119. Year of diagnosis:
	□ No
	 Genitourinary malignancy (kidney, bladder, ovary, testicle, genitalia, uterus, cervix)
	☐ Yes → 121. Year of diagnosis:
	□ No
	122. Lung cancer ☐ Yes → 123. Year of diagnosis:
	□ No
	124. Melanoma
	☐ Yes → 125. Year of diagnosis:
	□ No
	126. Oropharyngeal cancer (tongue, buccal mucosa) ☐ Yes → 127. Year of diagnosis:
	□ No
	128. Sarcoma
	☐ Yes — 129. Year of diagnosis:
	□ No

CIBMTR Recipient ID: ___ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ ___

CIBMTR Center Number: ___ __ __ __

IBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	130. Thyroid cancer ☐ Yes → 131. Year of diagnosis:
	132. Other co-morbid condition ☐ Yes → 133. Specify other co-morbid condition: ☐ No ☐ Unknown
134. Was there a history of malignand performed?	cy (hematologic or non-melanoma skin cancer) other than the primary disease for which this HCT is being
☐ Yes — ☐ No	Specify which malignancy(ies) occurred: 135. Acute myeloid leukemia (AML/ANLL) Yes 136. Year of diagnosis:
	137. Other leukemia, including ALL ☐ Yes → 138. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No 139. Specify leukemia:
	140. Clonal cytogenetic abnormality without leukemia or MDS ☐ Yes → 141. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
	142. Hodgkin disease ☐ Yes → 143. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
	144. Lymphoma or lymphoproliferative disease ☐ Yes → 145. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No 146. Was the tumor EBV positive? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	147. Other skin malignancy (basal cell, squamous) ☐ Yes → 148. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No 149. Specify other skin malignancy:
	150. Myelodysplasia (MDS)/myeloproliferative (MPN) disorder ☐ Yes → 151. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
	152. Other prior malignancy ☐ Yes → 153. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No 154. Specify other prior malignancy:
Pre-HCT Preparative Regimen (Cor	nditioning)
	reparative regimen: inches centimeters HCT preparative regimen: pounds kilograms

. Was a pre-HCT preparative re	→ [
□ No	158. Classify the recipient's prescribed preparative regimen: (Allogeneic HCTs only) ☐ Myeloablative ☐ Non-myeloablative (NST)
	Reduced intensity (RIC)
	159. Date pre-HCT preparative regimen began (irradiation or drugs):
	— <u>TYYY</u> — '— <u>MM</u> '— <u>DD</u>
	(Use earliest date from questions 163, or 168-315)
	160. Was irradiation planned as part of the pre-HCT preparative regimen?
	☐ Yes → 161. What was the prescribed radiation field?
	☐ No ☐ Total body
	☐ Total body by tomotherapy
	☐ Total lymphoid or nodal regions
	☐ Thoracoabdominal region
	162. Total prescribed dose: (dose per fraction x total number of fractions)
	Gy
	163. Date started://////
	164. Was the radiation fractionated?
	☐ Yes → 165. Prescribed dose per fraction:
	□ No □ Gy □ cGy
	166. Number of days: (include "rest" days)
	167. Total number of fractions:
	Indicate the total prescribed cumulative dose for the preparative regimen: 168. ALG, ALS, ATG, ATS
	☐ Yes → 169. Total prescribed dose mg/m² ☐ mg/k
	No 170. Date started:////
	171. Specify source:
	☐ Horse
	☐ Rabbit
	Other source → 172. Specify other source:
	173. Anthracycline
	☐ Yes → 174. Daunorubicin
	□ No □ Yes → 175. Total prescribed dose:
	No mg/m² mg/k²

	176. Date started://////
	177. Doxorubicin (Adriamycin)
	☐ Yes → 178. Total prescribed dose:
	☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	179. Date started:///////
	180. Idarubicin
	_
	☐ Yes → 181. Total prescribed dose: ☐ No ☐ ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	182. Date started:///////
	183. Rubidazone
	☐ Yes → 184. Total prescribed dose:
	☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	185. Date started:///////
	186. Other anthracycline
	☐ Yes → 187. Total prescribed dose:
	☐ No mg/m² mg/kg
	188. Date started:///////
	189. Specify other anthracycline:
190 Bleom	mycin (BLM, Blenoxane)
1	es -> 191. Total prescribed dose: mg/m²
	192. Date started:////
193. Busulf	fan (Myleran)
☐ Ye	es> 194. Total prescribed dose:
□ No	D mg/m² ☐ mg/kg ☐ Target total AUC (μmol x min/L)
	195. Date started://///
	YYYY MM DD
	196. Specify administration: ☐ Oral ☐ IV ☐ Both
197. Carbo	
	es — 198. Total prescribed dose: mg/m²
☐ No) 100 Data started:
	199. Date started:///

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	200. Were pharmacokinetics performed to determine preparative regimen drug dosing?
	☐ Yes → 201. Specify the target AUC:
	☐ No mg/mL/minute
	202. Cisplatin (Platinol, CDDP)
	☐ Yes → 203. Total prescribed dose: ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	□ No
	204. Date started://////
	205. Cladribine (2-CdA, Leustatin)
	☐ Yes → 206. Total prescribed dose: mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	□ No 207. Date started://////
	208. Corticosteroids (excluding anti-nausea medication)
	Yes 209. Methylprednisolone (Solu-Medrol)
	☐ No ☐ Yes → 210. Total prescribed dose:
	☐ No mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	211. Date started:///////
	212. Prednisone
	☐ Yes → 213. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No mg/m² □ mg/kg
	214. Date started:///////
	215. Dexamethasone
	☐ Yes → 216. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ □ mg/m² □ mg/kg
	217. Date started:///////
	218. Other corticosteroid
	☐ Yes — ≥ 219. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg
	220. Date started:///////
	221. Specify other corticosteroid:
	222. Cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan)
	☐ Yes → 223. Total prescribed dose: ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	□ No
	224. Date started://///

	225. Cytarabine (Ara-C)
	☐ Yes → 226. Total prescribed dose: mg/kg
	☐ No 227. Date started://////
	YYYY MM DD
	228. Etoposide (VP-16, VePesid)
	☐ Yes → 229. Total prescribed dose: ☐ ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg☐ No
	230. Date started:////
	231. Fludarabine
	☐ Yes → 232. Total prescribed dose: mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	☐ No 233. Date started://///
	YYYY MM DD
	234. Ifosfamide
	☐ Yes → 235. Total prescribed dose: mg/m² ☐ mg/kg ☐ No
	236. Date started://///
	237. Intrathecal therapy (chemotherapy)
	☐ Yes → 238. Intrathecal cytarabine (IT Ara-C)
	☐ No ☐ Yes — 239. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg
	240. Date started://///
	241. Intrathecal methotrexate (IT MTX)
	☐ Yes — ≥ 242. Total prescribed dose:
	☐ No mg/kg
	243. Date started://////
	244. Intrathecal thiotepa
	☐ Yes ——▶ 245. Total prescribed dose:
	☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	246. Date started://////
	247. Other intrathecal drug
	☐ Yes —→ 248. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No mg/kg
	249. Date started://////
	טט ויוויז זיזיז

250. Specify other intrathecal drug:
251. Melphalan (L-Pam) ☐ Yes → 252. Total prescribed dose: mg/kg ☐ No 253. Date started: / /
255. Mitoxantrone ☐ Yes → 256. Total prescribed dose: ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg ☐ No 257. Date started: / / YYYY
258. Monoclonal antibody ☐ Yes → 259. Radio labeled mAb ☐ No ☐ Yes → 260. Total prescribed dose of radioactive component: • ☐ mCi ☐ MBq 261. Date started: / _ / _
Specify radio labeled mAb: 262. Tositumomab (Bexxar) ☐ Yes ☐ No 263. Ibritumomab tiuxetan (Zevalin)
☐ Yes ☐ No 264. Other radio labeled mAb ☐ Yes → 265. Specify radio labeled ☐ No mAb:
266. Alemtuzumab (Campath) ☐ Yes → 267. Total prescribed dose: ☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
268. Date started://///
□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg 271. Date started: □ □ / □ / □ / DD
272. Gemtuzumab (Mylotarg, anti CD33) ☐ Yes → 273. Total prescribed dose: ☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg

			274. Date started:///////_	DD
		275.	Other mAb ☐ Yes → 276. Total prescribed dose: ☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ m	ng/kg
			277. Date started://////	DD
			278. Specify other mAb:	
279.	Nitrosourea			
	☐ Yes →	280.	Carmustine (BCNU)	
	☐ No		☐ Yes — ≥ 281. Total prescribed dose:	_
			\square No \square mg/m² \square mg/kg	
			282. Date started://////	DD
		283.	CCNU (Lomustine)	
			☐ Yes ——➤ 284. Total prescribed dose:	_
			□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg	
			285. Date started://///	DD
		286	Other nitrosourea	
		200.	☐ Yes → 287. Total prescribed dose:	
			□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg	_
			288. Date started:///////	 DD
			289. Specify other nitrosourea:	טט
200	Paclitaxel (Tax	val V		
	`		• •	mg/kg
1	□ No			9/119
		292.	Date started:///	
293.	Teniposide (V	/M26)		
	☐ Yes —►	294.	. Total prescribed dose: mg/m²	mg/kg
	☐ No	295.	Date started:///	
206	Thiotopa			
l l	Thiotepa	207	. Total prescribed dose: mg/m²	mg/kg
		∠31.	. Total prescribed dose Ing/III	mg/kg
	l N∩			
	□ No	298.	Date started:///	

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
1	
	299. Treosulfan
	☐ Yes → 300. Total prescribed dose:
	\square No \square mg/m ² \square mg/kg
	301. Date started:///////
	YYYY MM DD
	302. Tyrosine kinase inhibitors
	☐ Yes → 303. Dasatinib (Sprycel)
	□ No □ Yes → 304. Total prescribed dose:
	☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	305. Date started://////
	306. Imatinib mesylate (STI571, Gleevec)
	☐ Yes ——> 307. Total prescribed dose:
	\square No \square mg/m ² \square mg/kg
	308. Date started://////
	309. Nilotinib
	☐ Yes ——> 310. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg
	311 Date started:
	311. Date started:///////
	312. Other drug
	☐ Yes → 313. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ mg/kg
	314. Date started://////
	315. Specify other drug:
ļ	
GVHD Prophylaxis	
This section is to be completed for allogeneic b	ICTs only; autologous HCTs continue with question 342.
316. Was GVHD prophylaxis planned/given?	
Yes Yes	Specify:
□ No	317. ÅLG, ALS, ATG, ATS
_ 110	☐ Yes → 318. Specify source: ☐ No ☐ Horse
	☐ No ☐ Horse ☐ Rabbit
	☐ Other source → 319. Specify other source:
	☐ Other source — > 319. Specify other source:
	320. Corticosteroids (systemic)
	321. Cyclosporine (CSA, Neoral, Sandimmune)
	321. Cyclospolitie (C3A, Neoral, Satidiffiture) — Tes INO

323. Extra-corporeal photopheresis (ECP)					
323. Extra-corporeal photopheresis (ECP)	33	22. Cyclor	hosphamide (Cytoxan)	☐ Yes	□ No
325. In vivo monocional antibody				☐ Yes	☐ No
Yes Specify in vivo monoclonal antibody: No 326. Alemtuzumab (Campath) Yes No 327. Anti CD s (Zenapax, Daclizumab, AntiTAC) Yes No 328. Specify: No 330. Infliximab (Remicade) Yes No No 330. Infliximab (Remicade) Yes No No 331. Other in vivo monoclonal antibody Yes No 331. Other in vivo monoclonal antibody Yes No 332. Specify antibody: No No 333. In vivo immunotoxin Yes 334. Specify immunotoxin: No No 335. Methotrexate (MTX) (Amethopterin) Yes No No 336. Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) (CeliCept) Yes No No 337. Sirollimus (Rapamure) Yes No No 338. Bilinded randomized trial Yes Yes No 340. Other agent Yes No 341. Specify other agent: No No Masked trial No No Masked trial Yes No No Masked trial Yes No No No No No No No N				☐ Yes	☐ No
No 326. Alemtuzumab (Campath)	32	25. In vivo	monoclonal antibody		
327. Anti CD 25 (Zenapax, Daclizumab, AntiTAC)		☐ Yes	→ Specify in vivo monoclonal antibody:		
		□ No	326. Alemtuzumab (Campath)	☐ Yes	☐ No
330. Infliximab (Remicade)			☐ Yes ——➤ 328. Specify:		
331. Other in vivo monoclonal antibody			329. Etanercept (Enbrel)	☐ Yes	☐ No
Yes → 332. Specify antibody: No Satisfies Satisfies Satisfies No Satisfies Sati			330. Infliximab (Remicade)	☐ Yes	☐ No
Yes → 334. Specify immunotoxin: No No 335. Methotrexate (MTX) (Amethopterin) Yes No No 336. Mycophenolate mofetii (MMF) (CellCept) Yes No No No No No No No N			☐ Yes → 332. Specify antibody: _		
No 335. Methotrexate (MTX) (Amethopterin) Yes No 336. Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) (CellCept) Yes No 337. Sirolimus (Rapamycin, Rapamune) Yes No 338. Blinded randomized trial Yes → 339. Specify trial agent: No No 340. Other agent Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No No No No N	33	33. In vivo	immunotoxin		
336. Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) (CellCept)			s> 334. Specify immunotoxin:		
336. Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) (CellCept)	33	35. Metho	trexate (MTX) (Amethopterin)	☐ Yes	□No
338. Blinded randomized trial Yes → 339. Specify trial agent: No No 340. Other agent Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No No No No No	33			☐ Yes	☐ No
Yes → 339. Specify trial agent: No 340. Other agent Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No No No No N	33	37. Sirolin	us (Rapamycin, Rapamune)	☐ Yes	☐ No
No 340. Other agent Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No No No No N	33	38. Blinde	d randomized trial		
340. Other agent Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No Other Toxicity Modifying Regimen Optional for non-U.S. Centers 342. Was KGF (palifermin, Kepivance) started or is there a plan to use it? Yes No Masked trial Post-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 343. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? Yes No No 344. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned? Yes		☐ Yes	→ 339. Specify trial agent:		
Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No		☐ No			
Other Toxicity Modifying Regimen Optional for non-U.S. Centers 342. Was KGF (palifermin, Kepivance) started or is there a plan to use it? Yes No Masked trial Post-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 343. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? Yes No 344. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned? Yes Questions 345 – 355 are optional for non-U.S. centers	34	10. Other	agent		
Other Toxicity Modifying Regimen Optional for non-U.S. Centers 342. Was KGF (palifermin, Kepivance) started or is there a plan to use it? Yes No Masked trial Post-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 343. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? Yes No 344. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned? Yes Questions 345 – 355 are optional for non-U.S. centers		☐ Yes	→ 341. Specify other agent:		
ptional for non-U.S. Centers 42. Was KGF (palifermin, Kepivance) started or is there a plan to use it? Yes No Masked trial ost-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 43. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? No 44. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned? Yes Questions 345 – 355 are optional for non-U.S. centers		☐ No			
Pptional for non-U.S. Centers 42. Was KGF (palifermin, Kepivance) started or is there a plan to use it? Yes No Masked trial 43. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? No 44. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned? Yes Questions 345 – 355 are optional for non-U.S. centers					
Post-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 343. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? Yes No 344. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned? Yes Questions 345 – 355 are optional for non-U.S. centers	Other Toxicity Modifying Regimen				
343. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol?		re a plan to	use it? Yes No Masked trial		
344. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned? ———————————————————————————————————	Post-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0				
344. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned? ———————————————————————————————————	343. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential)	graft/HCT	protocol? Yes No		
☐ Yes — — — — Questions 345 – 355 are optional for non-U.S. centers					
Questions 4-10 contains to the parental for the contains		uostions s	AF _ 2FF are entional for non U.S. contare		
1 0-10. Doltezolilia (velodue)					
	0-			_	☐ No
				_	☐ No

CIBMTR Recipient ID: ___ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __

CIBMTR Center Number: ___ __ __ __

	348. Intrathecal therapy (chemotherapy) 349. Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (e.g. imatinib mesylate) 350. Lenalidomide (Revlimid) 351. Local radiotherapy 352. Rituximab (Rituxan, Mabthera) 353. Thalidomide (Thalomid) 354. Other therapy ☐ Yes → 355. Specify other therapy: ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No				
Primary Disease for HCT						
356. Date of diagnosis of primary disease for H0	CT: / /					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	YYYY MM DD					
357. What was the primary disease for which the	e HCT was performed?					
☐ Acute myelogenous leukemia(AML or A	NLL) (10) - Go to question 358					
☐ Acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) (20)) - Go to question 419					
Other acute leukemia (80) - Go to ques	stion 462					
☐ Chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML)	(40) - Go to question 466					
☐ Myelodysplastic (MDS) / myeloprolifera	tive (MPN) diseases (50) (Please classify all pre-leukemias) (If recip	pient has transformed to AML,				
indicate AML as the primary disease) -	Go to question 480					
Other leukemia (30) (includes CLL) - Go to question 573						
☐ Hodgkin lymphoma (150) - Go to question 580						
☐ Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (100) - Go to	question 583					
☐ Multiple myeloma/plasma cell disorder (PCD) (170) - Go to question 589						
☐ Solid tumors (200) - Go to question 62	1					
☐ Severe aplastic anemia (300) (If the rec - Go to question 623	ipient developed MDS or AML, indicate MDS or AML as the primary	/ disease)				
☐ Inherited abnormalities of erythrocyte d	fferentiation or function (310) - Go to question 625					
Disorders of the immune system (400)	Go to question 628					
☐ Inherited abnormalities of platelets (500	•					
☐ Inherited disorders of metabolism (520)	- Go to question 633					
☐ Histiocytic disorders (570) - Go to ques						
Autoimmune diseases (600) - Go to qu						
Other disease (900) - Go to question (S45					

CIBMTR Center Number:		CIBMTR Recipient ID:		
	Acute Myelogenous	s Leukemia (AML)		
3	358. Specify the AML cla			
	_	(p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5)		
		p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6)		
	_	(q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RPN1-EVI1 (7)		
		oblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM15-MKL1 (8)		
		; (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281)	14 (000)	
	_); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22); CBFB/MYH1	1(282)	
); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283)	44.40\\ (204)	
	_	(MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6;11), t(9;11), t(11;19)) (284)	
	_	dysplasia – related changes (285)		
	☐ Therapy related			
	☐ Myeloid sarcom			
	_	/toid dendritic cell neoplasm (296)		
	_	ot otherwise specified (280)		
	_	differentiated (M0) (286)		
	☐ AML with mature			
	☐ AML with matura	nocytic leukemia (M4) (289)		
	_	tic/acute monocytic leukemia (M5) (290)		
	_	eukemia (erythroid/myeloid and pure erythroleukei	mia) (M6) (201)	
	_	oblastic leukemia (M7) (292)	111a) (1110) (291)	
	☐ Acute basophilic			
	_	sis with myelofibrosis (294)		
	359. Did AML transform f			
	_	plete Disease Classification questions 480-527	□ No	
3	360. Is the disease (AML) therapy related?	nown	
3	_	ve a predisposing condition?		
	_	2. Specify condition:		
	□ No	☐ Bloom syndrome		
	Unknown	☐ Down syndrome		
		☐ Fanconi anemia		
		☐ Neurofibromatosis type 1		
		☐ Other condition — → 363. Spec	ify other condition:	
3	64. Were cytogenetics t	ested (conventional or FISH)?		
	☐ Yes — → 369	5. Results of tests:		
	☐ No	Abnormalities identified —		
	Unknown	☐ No evaluable metaphases ☐ No abnormalities		
		Specify cytogenetic abnormali start of the preparative regime Monosomy		prior to the
		366. –5	☐ Yes	
	No			

367	′. – 7	☐ Yes	☐ No
368	3. –17	☐ Yes	☐ No
369	9. –18	☐ Yes	☐ No
370). –X	☐ Yes	☐ No
371	. –Y	☐ Yes	☐ No
Tris	somy		
	2. +4	☐ Yes	☐ No
373	3. +8	☐ Yes	☐ No
374	l. +11	☐ Yes	☐ No
375	5. +13	☐ Yes	☐ No
376	5. +14	☐ Yes	☐ No
377	'. +21	☐ Yes	☐ No
378	3. +22	☐ Yes	☐ No
Tra	nslocation		
	o. t(3;3)	☐ Yes	☐ No
). t(6;9)	☐ Yes	□ No
	. t(8;21)	☐ Yes	□ No
	2. t(9;11)	☐ Yes	□ No
	3. t(9;22)	☐ Yes	□ No
	l. t(15;17) and variants	☐ Yes	□ No
	5. t(16;16)	☐ Yes	□ No
	etion		
	5. del(3q)/3q-	Yes	□ No
	7. del(5q)/5q-	Yes	□ No
	3. del(7q)/7q-	Yes	□ No
	0. del(9q)/9q-	☐ Yes	□ No
). del(11q)/11q-	Yes	□ No
	. del(16q)/16q-	☐ Yes	□ No
	2. del(17q)/17q-	Yes	□ No
	3. del(20q)/20q-	☐ Yes	□ No
392	l. del(21q)/21q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
	ersion		
395	5. inv(3)	☐ Yes	☐ No
396	5. inv(16)	☐ Yes	☐ No
Oth	ner		
397	7. (11q23) any abnormality	☐ Yes	☐ No
	3. 12p any abnormality	☐ Yes	☐ No
399	Complex - ≥ 3 distinct abnormalities	☐ Yes	☐ No
400	Other abnormality		
	☐ Yes → 401. Specify other abnorr	nality:	
	□ No		

MTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipie			
402 Were tests	for molecular markers performed (e.g. PCR	2)2		
□ Yes —	· · · · ·		to the start of the	nronarativo
□ No	regimen:	ed at any time prior	to the start of the	preparative
☐ Unknov	_	☐ Positive	☐ Negative	☐ Not done
CHRIO		☐ Positive	☐ Negative	☐ Not done
	404. FLT3 – D835 point mutation 405. FLT3 – ITD mutation	☐ Positive	☐ Negative	☐ Not done
	406. IDH1	☐ Positive	☐ Negative	☐ Not done
	407. IDH2	☐ Positive	☐ Negative	☐ Not don
	408. KIT	☐ Positive	☐ Negative	☐ Not don
	409. NPM1	☐ Positive	☐ Negative	☐ Not don
	410. Other molecular marker	☐ FOSITIVE	☐ Negative	☐ Not don
	Positive —			
	☐ Negative ———	411. Specify oth	ner molecular mar	ker:
	☐ Not done			
	□ Not done			
☐ Primary	the disease status (based on hematologic to y induction failure (PIF)		ovalor of industio	n
	nplete remission		cycles of induction re required to ach	
	evious bone marrow amedullary relapse)		2	
_	mplete remission —		_	
	omplete remission —	. l <u> </u>	cipient in molecula	ar remission?
	•	Yes		
		□ No		
		Unknov		
		☐ Not app	olicable	
		415. Was the re cytometry?	cipient in remissio	n by flow
		☐ Yes		
		□ No		
		☐ Unknov	vn	
		☐ Not app		
			cipient in cytogen	etic
		remission?		
		☐ Yes		
		☐ No		
		☐ Unknov	vn	
		☐ Not app	olicable	
│ ☐ 1st rela	ipse —		-4	
	apse —	417. Date of mo	st recent relapse:	
	elapse	.	//	
	Jiapac -			1
L ≥ 3rd re		T TYYY	MM DL	

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIB	MTR Recipient ID:	
	Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (A		
	419. Specify ALL classification:	<u>(CL)</u>	
	☐ t(9;22)(q34;q11); BCR/ABL1 (192)		
	☐ t(v;11q23); MLL rearranged (193)		
	☐ t(1;19)(q23;p13.3) E2A-PBX1 (194)		
	☐ t(12;21) (p12;q22); TEL-AML1 (195)		
	☐ t(5;14) (q31;q32); IL3-IGH (81)		
	☐ Hyperdiploidy (51-65 chromosomes) (82)	
	☐ Hypodiploidy (<45 chromosomes) (8	33)	
	☐ B-cell ALL, NOS {L1/L2} (191)		
	☐ T-cell lymphoblastic leukemia/lymph	ioma (Precursor T-cell ALL) (196)	
	☐ ALL, NOS (190)		
	420. Were tyrosine kinase inhibitors (i.e.imat	inib mesylate) given for pre-HCT therapy at a	any time prior to start of
		□ No	,
	421. Were cytogenetics tested (conventional ☐ Yes → 422. Results of tests:	or FISH)?	
	_	a identified ———	
	_		
	☐ Unknown ☐ No evaluable ☐ No abnormal		
		₩	
	th	pecify cytogenetic abnormalities identified e start of the preparative regimen: onosomy	I at any time prior to
		23. –7	☐ Yes ☐ No
	Ti	risomy	
	42	24. +4	☐ Yes ☐ No
	42	25. +8	☐ Yes ☐ No
	42	26. +17	☐ Yes ☐ No
	42	27. +21	☐ Yes ☐ No
	Ti	ranslocation	
		28. t(1;19)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		29. t(2;8)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		30. t(4;11)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		31. t(5;14)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		32. t(8;14)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		33. t(8;22)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		34. t(9;22)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		35. t(10;14)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		36. t(11;14)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		37. t(12;21)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		eletion	
		38. del(6q)/6q-	☐ Yes ☐ No
		39. del(9p)/9p-	☐ Yes ☐ No
	4		

		440	dal/12n\/12n		□ Voo	Пис
			del(12p)/12p-		☐ Yes	☐ No
		Addi			☐ Yes	☐ No
			add(14q)		□ res	
		Othe			☐ Yes	☐ No
			(11q23) any ab 9p any abnorm	-	☐ Yes	
			12p any abnor	•	☐ Yes	☐ No
			Hyperdiploid (>	•	☐ Yes	☐ No
			Hypodiploid (<		☐ Yes	☐ No
		447.	Complex - ≥ 3	distinct abnormalities	☐ Yes	☐ No
		448.	Other abnorma	ality		
			☐ Yes →	449. Specify other abno	ormality:	
4		molecular markers performe				
	☐ Yes ——	Specify molecular mark	ers identified a	at any time prior to the s	tart of the pr	eparative
	☐ Unknown	regimen: 451. BCR/ABL		☐ Positive ☐ I	Negative	☐ Not do
	□ OHKHOWH	452. TEL-AML/AML1			-	☐ Not do
		453. Other molecular ma	ırker		10gative	
		☐ Positive ——	_			
		☐ Negative ——		454. Specify other mole	ecular marker	:
		☐ Not done				_
	Status at Transplan					
4	Primary inc	disease status (based on he	ematologic test r	results)?		
	1st comple			456. How many cycles		
	(no previou	us bone marrow or		therapy were requi		e CR?
		llary relapse)		□ 1 □ 2	□≥3	
		ete remission —————	´	457. Was the recipient i	n molecular r	emission?
	☐ ≥ 3rd comp	lete remission ————		☐ Yes		
				□ No		
				Unknown		
				☐ Not applicable		
				458. Was the recipient i cytometry?	n remission b	y flow
				Yes		
				□ No		
				☐ Unknown		
				☐ Not applicable		
			1			

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	459. Was the recipient in cytogenetic remission? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	☐ Unknown ☐ Not applicable
	☐ 1st relapse — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
	461. Date assessed:///
L	
	Other Acute Leukemia 462. Specify other acute leukemia classification:

Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia (C (q34;q11), or variant OR bcr/abl+ 466. Specify CML classification:	ML) Philadelphia chromosome+, Ph+, t(9;22)
☐ Ph+/bcr+ (41)	
☐ Ph+/bcr- (42)	
☐ Ph+/bcr unknown (43)	
☐ Ph-/bcr+ (44)	
Ph unknown/bcr+ (47)	
467. Was therapy given prior to this HCT?	
☐ Yes → 468. Combination chen	notherapy
☐ No 469. Hydroxyurea (HU)	☐ Yes ☐ No
470. Tyrosine kinase in nilotinib)	hibitor (e.g.imatinib mesylate, dasatinib,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	n, Roferon) (includes PEG)
472. Other therapy	,
☐ Yes> 473	Specify other therapy:
□ No	
474. What was the disease status at last evalu	lation prior to the start of the preparative regimen?
☐ Complete hematologic remission —	
☐ First chronic phase	Specify remission: 475. Cytogenetic complete remission
·	(Ph negative)
	☐ Yes
	□ No
	Unknown
	476. Molecular complete remission
	(BCR/ABL negative)
	Yes
	□ No
	☐ Unknown
	477. CML disease status before treatment that achieved this CR:
	☐ Chronic phase
	☐ Accelerated phase
	☐ Blast phase
	- Go to question 478
	└
☐ Second or greater chronic phase —	478. Number
☐ Accelerated phase ───	478. Number
☐ Blast crisis ——————————————————————————————————	
	☐ 3rd or higher

IBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	Myelodysplastic (MDS)/Myeloproliferative (MPN) Diseases
'	480. What was the MDS/MPN classification at diagnosis? - If transformed to AML, indicate AML as primary disease; also complete Disease Classification questions 358-418
	Refractory cytopenia with unilineage dysplasia (RCUD) (includes refractory anemia (RA)) (51)
	Refractory anemia with ringed sideroblasts (RARS) (55)
	Refractory anemia with excess blasts-1 (RAEB-1) (61)
	Refractory anemia with excess blasts-2 (RAEB-2) (62)
	Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia (RCMD) (64)
	☐ Childhood myelodysplastic syndrome (Refractory cytopenia of childhood (RCC)) (68)
	☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q) (5q– syndrome) (66)
	☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), unclassifiable (50)
	☐ Chronic neutrophilic leukemia (165)
	☐ Chronic eosinophilic leukemia, NOS (166)
	☐ Essential thrombocythemia (includes primary thrombocytosis, idiopathic thrombocytosis, hemorrhagic
	thrombocythemia) (58)
	☐ Polycythemia vera (PCV) (57)
	Primary myelofibrosis (includes chronic idiopathic myelofibrosis (CIMF), angiogenic myeloid metaplasia (AMM), myelofibrosis/sclerosis with myeloid metaplasia (MMM), idiopathic myelofibrosis) (167)
	☐ Myeloproliferative neoplasm (MPN), unclassifiable (60)
	☐ Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMMoL) (54)
	☐ Juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (JMML/JCML) (no evidence of Ph¹ or BCR/ABL) (36) - Go to question 525
	Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia, Ph-/bcr/abl- {CML, NOS} (45) - Go to question 577
	☐ Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia, Ph-/bcr unknown {CML, NOS} (46) - Go to question 577
	☐ Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia, Ph unknown/bcr- {CML, NOS} (48) - Go to question 577
	Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia, Ph unknown/bcr unknown {CML, NOS} (49) - Go to question 577
	☐ Myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm, unclassifiable (69)
	481. Was the disease (MDS/MPN) therapy related? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
	482. Did the recipient have a predisposing condition?
	☐ Yes → 483. Specify condition:
	□ No □ Aplastic anemia
	☐ Unknown ☐ Bloom syndrome
	Down syndrome
	☐ Fanconi anemia
	☐ Other condition → 484. Specify other condition:
	Guier condition 404. Specify other condition.
	Laboratory Studies at Diagnosis of MDS 485. WBC
	☐ Known → 486 x 10 ⁹ /L (x 10 ³ /mm ³) ☐ x 10 ⁶ /L
	☐ Unknown
	487. Hemoglobin
	☐ Known → 488 ● ☐ g/dL ☐ g/L ☐ mmol/L
	☐ Unknown 489. Was RBC transfused < 30 days before date of test? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	490. Platelets
	☐ Known → 491 x 10 ⁹ /L (x 10 ³ /mm ³) ☐ x 10 ⁶ /L
	Unknown 492 Were platelets transfused < 7 days before date of test? \(\text{Yes} \) \(\text{No} \)

4	.93. Neutrophils		
	☐ Known → 494%		
	Unknown		
	☐ OHKHOWH		
4	95. Blasts in bone marrow		
	☐ Known —> 496	%	
	Unknown		
4	97. Were cytogenetics tested (conventi	onal or FISH)?	
	☐ Yes — ▶ 498. Results of te	sts:	
	☐ No ☐ Abnormaliti	es identified —	
	☐ Unknown ☐ No evaluab	le metaphases	
	☐ No abnorm	alities	
		Specify abnormalities identified at diag	gnosis:
		499. Specify number of distinct cytogene	
		☐ One (1)	
		☐ Two (2)	
		☐ Three (3)	
		☐ Four or more (4 or more)	
		Monosomy	
		500. –5	☐ Yes ☐ No
		501. –7	☐ Yes ☐ No
		502. –13	☐ Yes ☐ No
		503. –20	☐ Yes ☐ No
		504. –Y	☐ Yes ☐ No
		Trisomy	
		505. +8	☐ Yes ☐ No
		506. +19	☐ Yes ☐ No
		Translocation	
		507. t(1;3)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		508. t(2;11)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		509. t(3;3)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		510. t(3;21)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		511. t(6;9)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		512. t(11;16)	☐ Yes ☐ No
		Deletion	
		513. del(3q)/3q-	☐ Yes ☐ No
		514. del(5q)/5q-	☐ Yes ☐ No
		515. del(7q)/7q-	☐ Yes ☐ No
		516. del(9q)/9q-	☐ Yes ☐ No
		517. del(11q)/11q-	☐ Yes ☐ No
		518. del(12p)/12p-	☐ Yes ☐ No
		519. del(13q)/13q-	☐ Yes ☐ No
		520. del(20q)/20q-	☐ Yes ☐ No

	Inversion		
	521. inv(3)	☐ Yes	☐ No
	Other		
	522. i17q	☐ Yes	□No
	523. Other abnormality		
	☐ Yes → 524. Specify othe	r abnormality:	
525. Did the recipient pro	gress or transform to a different MDS/MPN subtype between?	een diagnosis and t	he start of
☐ Yes → 526	. Specify the date of the most recent transformation:		/
□ No		YYYY MM	DD
527	. Specify the MDS/MPN classification after transformation	on:	
	Refractory cytopenia with unilineage dysplasia (RC (RA)) (51)	CUD) (includes refra	ctory anemi
	☐ Refractory anemia with ringed sideroblasts (RARS)	(55)	
	☐ Refractory anemia with excess blasts-1 (RAEB-1) ((61)	
	Refractory anemia with excess blasts-2 (RAEB-2) ((62)	
	Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia (R	(CMD) (64)	
	☐ Childhood myelodysplastic syndrome (Refractory c (68)	ytopenia of childhoo	od (RCC))
	☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q) (5q)	– syndrome) (66)	
	\square Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), unclassifiable (5	50)	
	☐ Chronic neutrophilic leukemia (165)		
	☐ Chronic eosinophilic leukemia, NOS (166)		
	☐ Essential thrombocythemia (includes primary throm thrombocytosis, hemorrhagic thrombocythemia) (5		ic
	☐ Polycythemia vera (PCV) (57)		
	 Primary myelofibrosis (includes chronic idiopathic r myeloid metaplasia (AMM), myelofibrosis/sclerosis (MMM), idiopathic myelofibrosis) (167) 		
	$\hfill \square$ Myeloproliferative neoplasm (MPN), unclassifiable	(60)	
	☐ Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMMoL) (54)		
	☐ Myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm, uncla	assifiable (69)	
	☐ Transformed to AML (70) - Go to First Name.		
Laboratory studies at la 528. WBC	st evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regin	nen:	
☐ Known → 52	o x 10º/L (x 10º/mn	n³) ☐ x 10 ⁶ /L	
Unknown		, –	
530. Hemoglobin			
☐ Known → 53	• 🗆 g/dL 🗆 g/L	☐ mmol/L	
☐ Unknown 53	2. Was RBC transfused < 30 days before date of test?	☐ Yes ☐ No	
533. Platelets			
☐ Known → 53	l x 10 ⁹ /L (x 10 ³ /mm ³)	☐ x 10 ⁶ /L	
Unknown 53	5. Were platelets transfused < 7 days before date of test?	? ☐ Yes ☐ N	0

	Neutrophils ☐ Known → 537. ☐ Unknown Blasts in bone marrow	1			
	☐ Known → 539. ☐ Unknown		⁄6		
540.	Were cytogenetics tes ☐ Yes → 541. ☐ No ☐ Unknown	Results of test	ts: ties identified ———— ble metaphases		
			to the start of the prepara	stinct cytogenetic abnormali	
			Monosomy 5435 5447 54513 54620 547Y	Y Y Y Y	res □ No res □ No res □ No
			Trisomy 548. +8 549. +19	Y	′es □ No
			Translocation 550. t(1;3) 551. t(2;11) 552. t(3;3) 553. t(3;21) 554. t(6;9) 555. t(11;16)	Y Y Y Y Y	'es □ No 'es □ No 'es □ No 'es □ No
			Deletion 556. del(3q)/3q- 557. del(5q)/5q- 558. del(7q)/7q- 559. del(9q)/9q- 560. del(11q)/11q-	Y Y Y Y	'es □ No
			561. del(12p)/12p- 562. del(13q)/13q- 563. del(20q)/20q-	□ Y □ Y □ Y	′es □ No ′es □ No

CIBMTR Center Number	er: CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	Inversion
	564. inv(3)
l	Other
	565. i17q ☐ Yes ☐ No
	566. Other abnormality
	☐ Yes → 567. Specify other abnormality:
	□ No
	Status at Transplantation 568. What was the disease status?
	Complete remission (CR) - requires all of the following, maintained for ≥ 4 weeks: * bone marrow evaluation: < 5% myeloblasts with normal maturation of all cell lines * peripheral blood evaluation: hemoglobin ≥ 11 g/dL untransfused and without erythropoietin support; ANC ≥ 1000/mm³ without myeloid growth factor support; platlets ≥ 100 x 109/L without thrombopoietic support; 0% blasts - Go to question 572
	Hematologic improvement (HI) - requires one measurement of the following, maintained for ≥ 8 weeks without ongoing cytotoxic therapy; specify which cell line was measured to determine HI response: * HI-E – hemoglobin increase of ≥ 1.5 g/dL untransfused; for RBC transfusions performed for Hgb ≤ 9.0, reduction in RBC units transfused in 8 weeks by ≥ 4 units compared to the pre-treatment transfusion number in 8 weeks * HI-P – for pre-treatment platelet count of > 20 x 10°/L, platelet absolute increase of ≥ 30 x 10°/L; for pre-treatment platelet count of < 20 x 10°/L, platelet absolute increase of ≥ 20 x 10°/L and ≥ 100% from pre-treatment level * HI-N – neutrophil count increase of ≥ 100% from pre-treatment level and an absolute increase of ≥ 500/mm³ - Go to question 569
	□ No response (NR)/stable disease (SD) - does not meet the criteria for at least HI, but no evidence of disease progression - Go to question 572
	Progression from hematologic improvement (Prog from HI) – requires at least one of the following, in the absence of another explanation (e.g., infection, bleeding, ongoing chemotherapy, etc.): * ≥ 50% reduction from maximum response levels in granulocytes or platelets * reduction in hemoglobin by ≥ 1.5 g/dL *transfusion dependence - Go to question 570
	Relapse from complete remission (Rel from CR) - requires at least one of the following: * return to pre-treatment bone marrow blast percentage * decrease of ≥ 50% from maximum response levels in granulocytes or platelets * transfusion dependence, or hemoglobin level ≥ 1.5 g/dL lower than prior to therapy - Go to question 571
	☐ Not assessed - Go to First Name.
	569. Specify the cell line examined to determine HI status:
	☐ HI-E - hemoglobin increase of ≥ 1.5 g/dL untransfused; for RBC transfusions performed for Hgb ≤ 9.0, reduction in RBC units transfused in 8 weeks by ≥ 4 units compared to the pre-treatment transfusion number in 8 weeks - Go to question 572
	HI-P - for pre-treatment platelet count of > 20 x 10 ⁹ /L, platelet absolute increase of ≥ 30 x 10 ⁹ /L; for pre-treatment platelet count of < 20 x 10 ⁹ /L, platelet absolute increase of ≥ 20 x 10 ⁹ /L and ≥ 100% from pre-treatment level - Go to question 572
	570. Date of progression://// Go to question 572
	571. Date of relapse:////
	572. Date assessed:////

CIBMTR Center Number: _	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	Other Leukemia (OL) 573. Specify the other leukemia classification: Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), NOS (34) - Go to question 575 Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), B-cell/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) (71) - Go to question 575 Hairy cell leukemia (35) - Go to question 578 Prolymphocytic leukemia (PLL), NOS (37) - Go to question 575 PLL, B-cell (73) - Go to question 575 PLL, T-cell (74) - Go to question 575 Other leukemia, NOS (30) - Go to question 577 Other leukemia (39) 574. Specify other leukemia: - Go to question 577
	575. Was any 17p abnormality detected? Yes No If disease classification is CLL, go to question 576. If PLL, go to question 578. 576. Did a histologic transformation to diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (Richter syndrome) occur at any time after CLL diagnosis? Yes - Go to question 583 - Also complete disease classification questions 583-585 No - Go to question 578
	Status at transplantation: 577. What was the disease status? (Atypical CML) □ Primary induction failure □ 1st complete remission (no previous bone marrow or extramedullary relapse) □ 2nd complete remission □ ≥ 3rd complete remission □ 1st relapse □ 2nd relapse □ ≥ 3rd relapse □ No treatment - Go to question 579
	Status at transplantation: 578. What was the disease status? (CLL, PLL, Hairy cell Leukemia) Never treated Complete remission (CR) Nodular partial remission (nPR) Partial remission (PR) No response/stable (NR/SD) Progression Relapse (untreated)
	579. Date assessed://// Go to First Name

Hodgkin Lymphoma
580. Specify Hodgkin lymphoma classification:
☐ Nodular lymphocyte predominant Hodgkin lymphoma (155)
☐ Lymphocyte-rich (151)
☐ Nodular sclerosis (152)
☐ Mixed cellularity (153)
☐ Lymphocyte depleted (154)
☐ Hodgkin lymphoma, NOS (150)
Status at transplantation: 581. What was the disease status?
☐ Disease untreated
☐ PIF res - Primary induction failure – resistant: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with stable or progressive disease on treatment.
☐ PIF sen/PR1 - Primary induction failure – sensitive: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with partial remission on treatment.
☐ PIF unk - Primary induction failure – sensitivity unknown
☐ CR1 - 1st complete remission: no bone marrow or extramedullary relapse prior to transplant
☐ CR2 - 2 nd complete remission
☐ CR3+ - 3 rd or subsequent complete remission
☐ REL1 unt - 1 st relapse – untreated; includes either bone marrow or extramedullary relapse
☐ REL1 res - 1st relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment
☐ REL1 sen - 1 st relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission was achieved, classify as CR2
☐ REL1 unk - 1 st relapse – sensitivity unknown
☐ REL2 unt - 2 nd relapse – untreated: includes either bone marrow or extramedullary relapse
☐ REL2 res - 2 nd relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment
☐ REL2 sen - 2 nd relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission achieved, classify as CR3+)
REL2 unk - 2 nd relapse – sensitivity unknown
☐ REL3+ unt - 3 rd or subsequent relapse – untreated; includes either bone marrow or extramedullary relapse
☐ REL3+ res - 3 rd or subsequent relapse — resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment
REL3+ sen - 3 rd or subsequent relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission achieve classify as CR3+)
REL3+ unk - 3 rd relapse or greater – sensitivity unknown
582. Date assessed:////

	Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma
	583. Specify Non-Hodgkin lymphoma classification:
	☐ Splenic marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (124)
	Extranodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma of mucosal associated lymphoid tissue type (MALT) (122)
	☐ Nodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (± monocytoid B-cells) (123)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly small cleaved cell (Grade I follicle center lymphoma) (102)
	Follicular, mixed, small cleaved and large cell (Grade II follicle center lymphoma) (103)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly large cell (Grade IIIA follicle center lymphoma) (162)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly large cell (Grade IIIB follicle center lymphoma) (163)
	☐ Follicular (grade unknown) (164)
	☐ Mantle cell lymphoma (115)
	☐ Intravascular large B-cell lymphoma (136)
	☐ Primary mediastinal (thymic) large B-cell lymphoma (125)
	☐ Primary effusion lymphoma (138)
	☐ Diffuse, large B-cell lymphoma — NOS (107)
	☐ Burkitt lymphoma (111)
	☐ B-cell lymphoma, unclassifiable, with features intermediate between DLBCL and Burkitt lymphoma (14
	☐ B-cell lymphoma, unclassifiable, with features intermediate between DLBCL and classical Hodgkin Lymphoma (149)
	☐ T-cell/histiocytic rich large B-cell lymphoma (120)
	☐ Primary diffuse large B-cell lymphoma of the CNS (118)
	☐ Waldenstrom macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma (173)
	Other B-cell lymphoma (129) – <i>Go to question 584</i>
	Extranodal NK/T-cell lymphoma, nasal type (137)
	☐ Enteropathy-type T-cell lymphoma (133)
	☐ Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma (145)
	☐ Subcutaneous panniculitis-like T-cell lymphoma (146)
	☐ Mycosis fungoides (141)
	☐ Sezary syndrome (142)
	Primary cutaneous CD30+ T-cell lymphoproliferative disorders [Primary cutaneous anaplastic large-cellymphoma (C-ALCL), lymphoid papulosis] (147)
	Peripheral T-cell lymphoma (PTCL), NOS (130)
	☐ Angioimmunoblastic T-cell lymphoma (131)
	☐ Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL), ALK positive (143)
	☐ Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL), ALK negative (144)
	☐ T-cell large granular lymphocytic leukemia (126)
	☐ Aggressive NK-cell leukemia (27)
	☐ Adult T-cell lymphoma/leukemia (HTLV1 associated) (134)
	Other T-cell/NK-cell lymphoma (139) - Go to question 584
	584. Specify other lymphoma:
L	

TTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:			
505				
585.	Is the non-Hodgkin lymphoma histology reported at diagnosis (question 583) a transformation from CLL?			
	Yes (Also complete Disease Classification questions 573 - 576)			
	No → 586. Is the non-Hodgkin lymphoma histology reported (in question 583) a transformation from, or was it diagnosed at the same time as another lymphoma (not CLL)?			
	☐ Yes ☐ No			
	tus at Transplantation . What was the disease status?			
	☐ Disease untreated			
	☐ PIF res - Primary induction failure – resistant: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with stable or progressive disease on treatment.			
	☐ PIF sen/PR1 - Primary induction failure – sensitive: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with partial remission on treatment.			
	☐ PIF unk - Primary induction failure – sensitivity unknown			
	☐ CR1 - 1st complete remission: no bone marrow or extramedullary relapse prior to transplant			
	☐ CR2 - 2 nd complete remission			
	☐ CR3+ - 3 rd or subsequent complete remission			
	REL1 unt - 1st relapse – untreated; includes either bone marrow or extramedullary relapse			
	REL1 res - 1st relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment			
	REL1 sen - 1 st relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission was achieved, classify as CR2)			
	REL1 unk - 1st relapse – sensitivity unknown			
	☐ REL2 unt - 2 nd relapse – untreated: includes either bone marrow or extramedullary relapse			
	☐ REL2 res - 2 nd relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment			
	REL2 sen - 2 nd relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission achieved, classify as CR3+			
	☐ REL2 unk - 2 nd relapse – sensitivity unknown			
	REL3+ unt - 3 rd or subsequent relapse – untreated; includes either bone marrow or extramedullary relapse			
	☐ REL3+ res - 3 rd or subsequent relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment			
	REL3+ sen - 3 rd or subsequent relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission achieved, classify as CR3+)			
	☐ REL3+ unk - 3 rd relapse or greater – sensitivity unknown			
588.	. Date assessed:/// Go to First Name			
	YYYY MM DD			

ITR Center Nun	nber: CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	Multiple Myeloma/Plasma Cell Disorder (PCD) 589. Specify the multiple myeloma/plasma cell disorder (PCD) classification:
	☐ Multiple myeloma-lgG (181) - Go to questions 591
	☐ Multiple myeloma-lgA (182) - Go to questions 591
	☐ Multiple myeloma-lgD (183) - Go to questions 591
	☐ Multiple myeloma-lgE (184) - Go to questions 591
	☐ Multiple myeloma-lgM (not Waldenstrom macroglobulinemia) (185) - Go to questions 591
	☐ Multiple myeloma-light chain only (186) - Go to questions 591
	☐ Multiple myeloma-non-secretory (187) - Go to questions 592
	☐ Plasma cell leukemia (172) - Go to question 597
	☐ Solitary plasmacytoma (no evidence of myeloma) (175) - Go to question 597
	Amyloidosis (174) - Go to question 597
	Osteosclerotic myeloma/POEMS syndrome (176) - Go to question 597
	☐ Light chain deposition disease (177) - Go to question 597
	☐ Other plasma cell disorder (179) - Go to question 590
	590. Specify other plasma cell disorder: - Go to question 597
	591. Light chain ☐ kappa ☐ lambda
	592. What was the Durie-Salmon staging (at diagnosis)?
	Stage I (All of the following: Hgb > 10g/dL; serum calcium normal or <10.5 mg/dL; bone x-ray normal bone structure (scale 0), or solitary bone plasmacytoma only; low M-component production rates IgG < 5g/dL, IgA < 3g/dL; urine light chain M-component on electrophoresis <4g/24h) - Go to questions 593
	☐ Stage II (Fitting neither Stage I or Stage III) - Go to questions 593
	☐ Stage III (One of more of the following: Hgb <8.5 g/dL; serum calcium > 12 mg/dL; advanced lytic bone lesions (scale 3); high M-component production rates lgG >7g/dL, lgA > 5g/dL; Bence Jones protein >12g/24h) - Go to questions 593
	☐ Unknown - Go to questions 594
	593. What was the Durie-Salmon sub classification (at diagnosis)?
	A - relatively normal renal function (serum creatinine < 2.0 mg/dL)
	☐ B - abnormal renal function (serum creatinine ≥ 2.0 mg/dL)
	I.S.S.: 594. Serum β2-microglobulin: •
	595. Serum albumin: ● □ g/dL □ g/L
	596. Stage

CIBMTR Center Number:		CIBM	TR Recipient ID:		
Г	597. Were cytogenetics teste	nd (conventional or	EIGH)2		
	☐ Yes → 598. F	•	1 1011):		
		Abnormalities id	entified ——		
		☐ No evaluable m			
		☐ No abnormalitie	·		
			cify cytogenetic abnormalities id start of the preparative regimen:	entified at any time	prior to
		599.	•	☐ Yes	□No
		600.	+5	☐ Yes	☐ No
		601.		☐ Yes	☐ No
		602.	+9	☐ Yes	☐ No
		603.	+11	☐ Yes	☐ No
		604.	+15	☐ Yes	□No
		605.	+19	☐ Yes	☐ No
		Tran	slocation		
		606.	t(4;14)	☐ Yes	□No
			t(6;14)	☐ Yes	□No
		608.	t(11;14)	☐ Yes	□No
		609.	t(14;16)	☐ Yes	□No
		610.	t(14;20)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		Dele	tion		
		611.	del 13/13q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
		612.	del 17/17p-	☐ Yes	☐ No
		Othe	er		
		613.	Hyperdiploid (>50)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		614.	Hypodiploid (<46)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		615.	Any abnormality at 1q	☐ Yes	☐ No
		616.	Any abnormality at 1p	☐ Yes	☐ No
		617.	Other abnormality		
			☐ Yes → 618. Specify othe	er abnormality:	
			□ No		
	Status at transplantation: 619. What was the disease s	tatus?			
	absence of clonal (confirmation with cells is based upon immunofluorescen reflecting the presidence of known evidence of	cells in the bone repeat bone man the κ/λ ratio. An the requires a min ence of an abnormation at the forogressive or r	CR as defined, plus: normal free marrow by immunohistochemist row biopsy not needed). (Presen abnormal κ/λ ratio by immunohimum of 100 plasma cells for an nal clone is κ/λ of > 4:1 or < 1:2.) any time before the institution of the bone lesions if radiographic	ry or immunofluore ce and/or absence istochemistry and/o alysis. An abnorma sCR requires two any new therapy, a studies were performant	escence of clonal or al ratio and no rmed;
	Complete remission disappearance of a (confirmation with assessments made	(CR) - negative in any soft tissue plant repeat bone mande at any time before	ed to satisfy sCR requirements mmunofixation on serum and ur asmacytomas, and ≤ 5% plasma row biopsy not needed). CR requ ere the institution of any new the if radiographic studies were per	rine samples, and cells in the bone ma ires two consecutive rapy, and no known	arrow ve ı evidence

CIBMTR Recipient ID:
are not required to satisfy CR requirements Go to questions 620 Near complete remission (nCR) - serum & urine M-protein detectable by immunoelectrophoresis (IFE), but not on electrophoresis (negative SPEP & UPEP); ≤ 5% plasma cells in bone marrow. nCR requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before the initiation of any new therapy, and no known evidence of progressive or new bone lesions if radiographic studies were performed; radiographic studies are not required to satisfy nCR requirements Go to questions 620
Very good partial remission (VGPR) - serum and urine M-protein detectable by immunofixation but not on electrophoresis, or ≥ 90% reduction in serum M-protein and urine M-protein level < 100 mg/24 hours. VGPR requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before the institution of any new therapy, and no known evidence of progressive or new bone lesions if radiographic studies were performed; radiographic studies are not required to satisfy VGPR requirements. - Go to questions 620
Partial remission (PR) - ≥ 50% reduction in serum M-protein, and reduction in 24-hour urinary M-protein by ≥ 90% or to < 200 mg/24 hours. If the serum and urine M-protein are unmeasurable (i.e., do not meet any of the following criteria: • serum M-protein ≥ 1 g/dL. Urine M-protein ≥ 200 mg/24 hours • serum free light chain assay shows involved level ≥ 10 mg/dL, provided serum free light chain ratio is abnormal), a ≥ 50% decrease in the difference between involved and uninvolved free light chain levels is required in place of the M-protein criteria. If serum and urine M-protein are unmeasurable, and serum free light assay is also unmeasurable, a ≥ 50% reduction in plasma cells is required in place of M-protein, provided the baseline bone marrow plasma cell percentage was ≥ 30%. In addition to the above listed criteria, a ≥ 50% reduction in the size of soft tissue plasmacytomas is also required, if present at baseline. PR requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before the institution of any new therapy, and no known evidence of progressive or new bone lesions if radiographic studies were performed; radiographic studies are not required to satisfy PR requirements Go to questions 620
☐ Stable disease (SD) - not meeting the criteria for CR, VGPR, PR or PD. SD requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before the institution of any new therapy, and no known evidence of progressive or new bone lesions if radiographic studies were performed; radiographic studies are not required to satisfy SD requirements Go to questions 620
Progressive disease (PD) - requires any one or more of the following: Increase of ≥ 25% from baseline in: serum M-component and/or (absolute increase ≥ 0.5 g/dL) (for progressive disease, serum M-component increases of ≥ 1 g/dL are sufficient to define relapse if the starting M-component is ≥ 5 g/dL). Urine M-component and/or (absolute increase ≥ 200 mg. 24 hours) for recipients without measurable serum and urine M-protein levels: the difference between involved and uninvolved free light chain levels (absolute increase > 10 mg/dL). Bone marrow plasma cell percentage (absolute percentage ≥ 10%) (relapse from CR has a 5% cutoff vs. 10% for other categories of relapse) definite development of new bone lesions or soft tissue plasmacytomas, or definite increase in the size of any existing bone lesions or soft tissue plasmacytomas. Development of hypercalcemia (corrected serum calcium > 11.5 mg/dL or 2.65 mmol) that can be attributed solely to the plasma cell proliferative disorder PD requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before classification as disease progression, and/or the institution of any new therapy Go to questions 620
Relapse from CR (Rel) (untreated) - requires one or more of the following: reappearance of serum or urine M-protein by immunofixation or electrophoresis development of ≥ 5% plasma cells in the bone marrow (relapse from CR has a 5% cutoff vs. 10% for other categories of relapse) appearance of any other sign of progression (e.g., new plasmacytoma, lytic bone lesion, hypercalcemia) Rel requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before classification as relapse, and/or the institution of any new therapy Go to questions 620
☐ Unknown - Go to First Name
☐ Not applicable - (Amyloidosis with no evidence of myeloma) - Go to First Name
20. Date assessed:/ / / Go to First Name

BMTR Center Number	er: CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	Solid Tumors 621. Specify the solid tumor classification:
	☐ Breast cancer (250)
	☐ Lung, small cell (202)
	Lung, non-small cell (203)
	Lung, not otherwise specified (230)
	Germ cell tumor, extragonadal (225)
	☐ Testicular (210)
	Ovarian (epithelial) (214)
	☐ Bone sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (273)
	☐ Ewing family tumors of bone (including PNET) (275)
	☐ Ewing family tumors, extraosseous (including PNET) (276)
	☐ Fibrosarcoma (244)
	☐ Hemangiosarcoma (246)
	☐ Leiomyosarcoma (242)
	☐ Liposarcoma (243)
	☐ Lymphangio sarcoma (247)
	☐ Neurogenic sarcoma (248)
	☐ Rhabdomyosarcoma (232)
	☐ Synovial sarcoma (245)
	☐ Soft tissue sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (274)
	☐ Central nervous system tumor, including CNS PNET (220)
	☐ Medulloblastoma (226)
	☐ Neuroblastoma (222)
	☐ Head/neck (201)
	☐ Mediastinal neoplasm (204)
	☐ Colorectal (228)
	☐ Gastric (229)
	☐ Pancreatic (206)
	☐ Hepatobiliary (207)
	☐ Prostate (209)
	☐ External genitalia (211)
	☐ Cervical (212)
	☐ Uterine (213)
	☐ Vaginal (215)
	☐ Melanoma (219)
	☐ Wilm tumor (221)
	Retinoblastoma (223)
	☐ Thymoma (231)
	Renal cell (208)
	Other solid tumor (269)
	622. Specify other solid tumor:
	☐ Solid tumor, not otherwise specified (200)
	- Go to First Name

S	Severe Aplastic Anemia
6	23. Specify the severe aplastic anemia classification:
	Acquired severe aplastic anemia, not otherwise specified (301)
	Acquired SAA secondary to hepatitis (302)
	☐ Acquired SAA secondary to toxin / other drug (303)
	Acquired amegakaryocytosis (not congenital) (304)
	Acquired pure red cell aplasia (not congenital) (306)
	☐ Dyskeratosis congenita (307)
	Other acquired cytopenic syndrome (309)
	→ 624. Specify other acquired cytopenic syndrome:
_	Go to First Name
<u>li</u>	nherited Abnormalities of Erythrocyte Differentiation or Function 25. Specify the inherited abnormalities of erythrocyte differentiation or function classification:
O.	
	Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) (56)
	☐ Shwachman-Diamond (305)
	☐ Diamond-Blackfan anemia (pure red cell aplasia) (312)
	☐ Other constitutional anemia (319)
	→ 626. Specify other constitutional anemia:
	☐ Fanconi anemia (311) (If the recipient developed MDS or AML, indicate MDS or AML as the primar disease).
	☐ Sickle thalassemia (355)
	☐ Sickle cell disease (356)
	☐ Beta thalassemia major (357)
	☐ Other hemoglobinopathy (359)
	→ 627. Specify other hemoglobinopathy:
_	Go to First Name

Disorders of the immune system 628. Specify disorder of immune system classification:
Adenosine deaminase (ADA) deficiency/severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) (401)
☐ Absence of T and B cells SCID (402)
☐ Absence of T, normal B cell SCID (402)
☐ Omenn syndrome (404)
☐ Reticular dysgenesis (405)
☐ Bare lymphocyte syndrome (406)
Other SCID (419)
629. Specify other SCID:
SCID, not otherwise specified (410)
Ataxia telangiectasia (451)
☐ HIV infection (452)
DiGeorge anomaly (454)
Common variable immunodeficiency (457)
Leukocyte adhesion deficiencies, including GP180, CD-18, LFA and WBC adhesion deficiencies (459)
☐ Kostmann agranulocytosis (congenital neutropenia) (460)
Neutrophil actin deficiency (461)
Cartilage-hair hypoplasia (462)
☐ CD40 ligand deficiency (464)
Other immunodeficiencies (479)
► 630. Specify other immunodeficiency:
☐ Immune deficiency, not otherwise specified (400)
☐ Chediak-Higashi syndrome (456)
☐ Griscelli syndrome type 2 (465)
☐ Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome type 2 (466)
☐ Chronic granulomatous disease (455)
☐ Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome (453)
☐ X-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome (458)
- Go to First Name

	isorders of metabolism classification: (malignant infantile osteopetrosis) (521)
Leukodystrophies	S
_	leukodystrophy (MLD) (542)
	strophy (ALD) (543)
_	e (globoid leukodystrophy) (544)
	HGPRT deficiency) (522)
_	d lipofuscinosis (Batten disease) (523)
Mucopolysaccha	ridoses
☐ Hurler syndrom	ne (IH) (531)
☐ Scheie syndror	ne (IS) (532)
☐ Hunter syndron	ne (II) (533)
☐ Sanfilippo (III) ((534)
☐ Morquio (IV) (5	35)
☐ Maroteaux-Lan	ny (VI) (536)
β-glucuronidas	se deficiency (VII) (537)
☐ Mucopolysacc	haridosis (V) (538)
☐ Mucopolysacc	haridosis, not otherwise specified (530)
Mucolipidoses	
☐ Gaucher disea	ase (541)
☐ Niemann-Pick	disease (545)
☐ I-cell disease ((546)
☐ Wolman disea	se (547)
☐ Glucose storaç	ge disease (548)
☐ Mucolipidoses	, not otherwise specified (540)
Polysaccharide h	ydrolase abnormalities
☐ Aspartyl gluco	saminidase (561)
☐ Fucosidosis (5	562)
☐ Mannosidosis	(563)
•	e hydrolase abnormality, not otherwise specified (560)
Other inherited	d metabolic disorder (529)
63	34. Specify other inherited metabolic disorder:
☐ Inherited metal	polic disorder, not otherwise specified (520)
Go to First Name	
Fucosidosis (5 Mannosidosis Polysaccharide Other inherited	(562) (563) e hydrolase abnormality, not otherwise specified (560) d metabolic disorder (529) 34. Specify other inherited metabolic disorder:

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	Histiocytic disorders 635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification:
	Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571)
	☐ Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572)
	☐ Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573)
	☐ Malignant histiocytosis (574)
	☐ Other histiocytic disorder (579)
	→ 636. Specify other histiocytic disorder:
	☐ Histiocytic disorder, not otherwise specified (570)
	- Go to First Name

Autoimmune diseases
637. Specify autoimmune disease classification: Arthritis
☐ Rheumatoid arthritis (603)
☐ Psoriatic arthritis/psoriasis (604)
☐ Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): systemic (Stills disease) (640)
☐ JIA: oligoarticular (641)
☐ Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): other (643)
→ 639. Specify other juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA):
☐ Other arthritis (633)
→ 638. Specify other arthritis:
Multiple sclerosis
☐ Multiple sclerosis (602)
Connective tissue diseases
☐ Systemic sclerosis (scleroderma) (607)
☐ Systemic lupus erythematosis (SLE) (605)
☐ Sjögren syndrome (608)
☐ Polymyositis/dermatomyositis (606)
☐ Antiphospholipid syndrome (614)
☐ Other connective tissue disease (634)
→ 640. Specify other connective tissue disease:
Vasculitis
☐ Wegener granulomatosis (610)
☐ Classical polyarteritis nodosa (631)
☐ Microscopic polyarteritis nodosa (632)
☐ Churg-Strauss (635)
☐ Giant cell arteritis (636)
☐ Takayasu (637)
☐ Behcet syndrome (638)
Overlap necrotizing arteritis (639)
Other vasculitis (611)
641. Specify other vasculitis:
Other neurological autoimmune diseases
☐ Myasthenia gravis (601)
Other autoimmune neurological disorder (644)
642. Specify other autoimmune neurological disorder:
Hematological autoimmune diseases
Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) (645)
☐ Hemolytic anemia (646)
Evan syndrome (647)
☐ Other autoimmune cytopenia (648)

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	► 643. Specify other autoimmune cytopenia:
	Bowel diseases Crohn's disease (649)
	☐ Ulcerative colitis (650)
	☐ Other autoimmune bowel disorder (651)
	644. Specify other autoimmune bowel disorder:
	- Go to First Name
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	Other Disease 645. Specify other disease:
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CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
First Name:	
Last Name:	
E-mail address:	
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