Supporting Statement – Part A

Application for Participation in the Intravenous Immune Globulin (IVIG)
Demonstration (CMS-10518)

Background

Traditional fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare covers some or all components of home infusion services depending on the circumstances. By special statutory provision, Medicare Part B covers intravenous immune globulin (IVIG) for persons with primary immune deficiency disease (PIDD) who wish to receive the drug at home. However, Medicare does not separately pay for any services or supplies to administer it if the person is not homebound and otherwise receiving services under a Medicare Home Health episode of care. As a result, many beneficiaries have chosen to receive the drug at their doctor's office or in an outpatient hospital setting.

On January 3, 2012, the President signed into law the "Medicare IVIG Access and Strengthening Medicare and Repaying Taxpayers Act of 2012". Title I of the act states:

"The Secretary shall establish and implement a demonstration project under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act to evaluate the benefits of providing payment for items and services needed for the in-home administration of intravenous immune globulin for the treatment of primary immune deficiency disease."

The statute limited the demonstration to 4,000 beneficiaries and \$45 million, including administrative expenses for implementation and evaluation as well as benefit costs. The statute also required that an evaluation of the demonstration be conducted.

On September 29, 2017, the "Disaster Tax Relief and Airport and Airway Extension Act of 2017" was enacted into law. Section 302 of this legislation extends the Medicare IVIG Demonstration through December 31, 2020. While existing beneficiaries enrolled in the demonstration as of September 30, 2017 will be automatically re-enrolled, in order to continue to enroll new beneficiaries into the demonstration, an application is required. The original enrollment and financial limits remain and CMS will continue to monitor both to assure that statutory limitations are not exceeded.

Under this demonstration, Medicare pays under Part B a bundled payment for all medically necessary supplies and services to administer IVIG in the home to enrolled beneficiaries who are not otherwise homebound and receiving home health care benefits. The exact payment amount is updated annually in January.

In order to implement the demonstration and ensure that statutory limits are not exceeded, it is necessary to positively enroll beneficiaries in the demonstration. The collection of information referenced under this submission is for the application to participate in the demonstration. With this submission, CMS is seeking OMB approval for the extension of the Application for Participation in the Intravenous Immune Globlulin (IVIG) Demonstration under OMB control number 0938-1246.

Participation is voluntary and may be terminated by the beneficiary at any time. Beneficiaries who do not participate will continue to be eligible to receive all of the regular Medicare Part B benefits that they are would be eligible for in the absence of the demonstration.

A. Justification

1. Need and Legal Basis

As noted above, this demonstration was originally Congressionally mandated under Title I of the "Medicare IVIG Access and Strengthening Medicare and Repaying Taxpayers Act of 2012". Section 302 of the "Disaster Tax Relief and Airport and Airway Extension Act of 2017" extends the Medicare IVIG Demonstration through December 31, 2020.

In order to implement the demonstration and ensure that statutory enrollment and cost limits are not exceeded, it is necessary to positively enroll beneficiaries in the demonstration. The collection of information referenced under this submission is for the application to participate in the demonstration. The application is not changing from that currently approved for use through April 30, 2018.

2. Information Users

The Medicare IVIG Demonstration application requests basic demographic information necessary to determine eligibility for participation in the demonstration. This information is used by CMS' implementation support contractor to determine eligibility for the demonstration and to set up a demonstration eligibility record that is used by the Medicare claims system when processing claims for demonstration services.

The application also includes some questions about how and where the beneficiary is currently receiving immunoglobulin and related services. This data is being used by the evaluation contractor to conduct its evaluation and to better understand which beneficiaries are electing to enroll in the demonstration.

3. <u>Use of Information Technology</u>

CMS has hired an implementation support contractor to assist in the processing of applications

as well as to respond to any provider, supplier or beneficiary inquiries.

Applications can be downloaded from the demonstration web site or, upon request, can be mailed to a beneficiary by the CMS implementation support contractor. Completed applications may be returned by mail or fax.

Because the application requires the signature of the beneficiary as well as his/her provider, it is not practical, given the limited size and duration of the demonstration to have a fully automated on-line application submission process.

4. <u>Duplication of Efforts</u>

This is the only way for beneficiaries to apply to participate in this demonstration. There is no other collection of similar information being done.

5. Small Businesses

Beneficiaries will be required to have their doctor's co-sign the application. This ensures that there is communication between the beneficiary and the provider regarding the appropriateness of receiving this drug at home. It also allows the provider to confirm that the beneficiary has primary immune deficiency disease (PIDD) which is a requirement for participation.

Some of the doctors who will be asked to co-sign applications for their patients will work for or own small businesses (i.e., physicians' offices). However, the impact of this data collection on small businesses over and above what would be done during a routine patient visit will be minimal and will insure better communication between patient and provider. Beyond their signature confirming that the patient has the required diagnosis of PIDD, no other information is being requested from the provider.

6. Less Frequent Collection

This is a one-time request for data. It could not be requested less frequently and still enable CMS to conduct the demonstration.

7. <u>Special Circumstances</u>

There are no special circumstances.

8. Federal Register/Outside Consultation

The 60-day Federal Register notice published on October 27, 2017 (82 FR 49816). There

were no public comments received.

The 30-day Federal Register notice published on January 4, 2018 (83 FR 529). There were no public comments received.

This extension application is a renewal of an application that has been used successfully since the demonstration's inception. As the demonstration was originally scheduled to end on September 30, 2017, no efforts to re-evaluate the application were planned or conducted. However, during the course of the demonstration CMS has worked with patient advocacy groups, suppliers, and providers and no problems in the use of the application have been identified. No changes are being proposed.

9. <u>Payments/Gifts to Respondents</u>

There are no gifts provided to respondents.

10. Confidentiality

Confidentiality of patient-specific data will be maintained as provided by the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C.552a). The implementation support contractor will be a DME-MAC that currently processes Medicare claims. This contractor currently meets all requirements for handling personally identifiable data in a secure and confidential manner. All personnel who will have access to data collected through this application will be trained on the significance and protection of confidentiality and respondent information will be maintained in a confidential manner to the fullest extent possible. The application database will be stored on a secured server with access-limiting firewall protections, including encryption and password requirements. Data collected through this application will be retained only long enough to perform analyses associated with CMS's implementation and evaluation of the IVIG Demonstration, and will then be destroyed.

These data collection activities are covered under a Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services System of Records: "Master Demonstration, Evaluation, and Research Studies for the Office of Research, Development and Information" (System No. 09-70-0591). The System of Records Notice was published in the Federal Register on April 19, 2007 (Volume 72, page 19705).

11. Sensitive Questions

There are no sensitive questions.

12. Burden Estimates (Hours & Wages)

Estimates of survey burden in terms of hours and costs for this one-time application are shown in the table below. The estimated number of respondents is based on recent enrollment trends

during the most recent year of the demonstration, the number of months that will be remaining in the demonstration during the period this application will be used, and the statutorily mandated limit on enrollment. Each beneficiary will only need to complete the application once and it is expected to take no more than 15 minutes to do so. Thus the total projected hours required will be no more than 305 (40 respondents per month x 30.5 additional months (May 1, 2018 – November 15, 2020, the last date applications can be accepted) x .25 hour per response). The cost per hour of beneficiary response time is based on the median Medicare income level as provided by The Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, "Income and Assets of Medicare Beneficiaries, 2016-2035".

	Total # Respondents	# Responses / Respondent	Time / Response	Total Hours	Cost / Response	Total Cost Burden (one time only- not annual)
TOTAL	1220	1	0.25 hrs. (15 min.)	305	\$ 3.15*	\$3,843

13. Capital Costs

There are no capital costs

14. Cost to Federal Government

The original statute authorizing this demonstration limited total expenditures to \$45 million, including benefit and administrative costs (implementation support and evaluation). The statute authorizing extension of the demonstration did not provide any additional funding. To date, the following expenses have been incurred:

Implementation Support (awarded through		
11/30/2017 as of 10/23/2017)		1,011,323
Evaluation (contract awarded through		
September 30, 2019)	\$	2,706,336
Total Administrative Costs awarded to date		3,717,659
Paid Claims (processed through October	\$	6.257.099
13, 2017)	Ψ	0,237,077
Total Expenditures	\$	9,974,758

¹ Taken from the median Medicare income level as provided in The Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, http://www.kff.org/medicare/issue-brief/income-and-assets-of-medicare-beneficiaries-2016-2035/; \$(\$26,200 median annual income/(2080 hours/year)=12.60/hour*.25=\$3.15 per response.

Additional contracts will be awarded in the future to support the ongoing implementation and evaluation of the demonstration as a result of the extension but total costs are not expected to exceed the statutorily authorized amount even with the extension period. Weekly reports provided by the implementation support contractor allow for close monitoring of claims expenditures to ensure that the statutory limits are not exceeded.

In addition, it is estimated that .35 FTE GS-15 senior project officer will be required to implement and monitor the demonstration on an annual basis. Based on the mid-range salary for this staff, CMS annual salary expenses will be approximately \$53,037.

Based on total projected claims and administrative expenses (including FTE staff), it is projected that for the next year, annual expenditures will be approximately \$4.9 million. Total spending will continue to be monitored closely to ensure that we do not exceed the authorized spending limits over the course of the demonstration.

15. Changes to Burden

The number of respondents have decreased from 1,500 to 1,220 due to a decrease in the remaining months of the demonstration that will be covered by the extension period. The total burden hours have decreased from 375 to 305.

16. Publication/Tabulation Dates

The statute originally authorizing this demonstration requires an interim Report to Congress on the impact of the demonstration on access for Medicare beneficiaries to items and services needed for the in-home administration of IVIG. This interim report was published in March 2016 and is posted on CMMI's web site (https://innovation.cms.gov/initiatives/ivig/). A final evaluation is due to Congress not later than one year after the date of completion of the demonstration project. Nothing in the legislation extending the demonstration changes these requirements.

Although summary level data on applications submitted and beneficiaries enrolled in the demonstration may be included in these reports, any additional data collection necessary to support this demonstration will be covered under a separate PRA application.

No personally identifiable beneficiary or provider level data will be published in any of the evaluation reports.

17. Expiration Date

The OMB expiration date will be displayed on all applications.

18. Certification Statement

There are no exceptions.