

Filing Deadline: October 31, 2018

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 2018 FERC Form 580 Interrogatory on Fuel and Energy Purchase Practices

Refer to the general guidance and directions provided in the 2018 FERC Form 580 Desk Reference to complete the interrogatory. Included herein is an <u>appendix on *Coal Contract Types*</u> and a <u>Glossary</u> of terms used. Terms highlighted in blue are defined in the glossary.

1.

a) Enter the exact legal na	ame of the filing Utility (a	s com	pany is registered	d with th	e Commissi	on).	
Utility name:							
b) Identify the principal co	ontact person for clarifica	ation a	nd additional info	rmation	concerning	your Utility's fue	I procurement.
			Address				
Name	street	suite	city	state	zip code	Telephone	Email address
		•					
<ul><li>c) Identify the principal co (purchased power).</li></ul>	ntact person for clarifica	tion ar	nd additional infor	mation (	concerning y	our Utility's ene	rgy purchases
			Address				
Name	street	suite	city	state	zip code	Telephone	Email address

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2.	
	a. Provide the following information regarding non-transmission related wholesale automatic adjustment clauses (AACs) your Utility had
	on file with the Commission during calendar years 2016 and 2017. Note: if a single service agreement has more than one type of
	AAC or more than one type of cost associated with an AAC enter each in subsequent rows, copying and pasting information from the
	other columns to save time.

Docket number under which rate schedule containing AAC through which costs were passed during 2016 and/or 2017 was accepted for filing by FERC	Is this AAC a fuel adjustment clause?	Tariff volume number containing	Rate schedule number containing AAC	Date rate schedule was first accepted for filing by the Commission	First effe	ective date of schedule	Was rate schedule superseded or abandoned during 2016-2017? If so, provide date	Identify service agreement within rate schedule containing AAC			
If the Utility had no non-transmission	n-related wh	olesale AACs duri	ng the reporting y	ears, check here:		Copy Ro	Add Row (+)	Delete Row (-)			
and/or 2017, was filed w you are submitting below submit it in future Form t	b. If any of the Utility's wholesale rate and/or service agreements containing an AAC listed in Question 2a, that was used during 2016 and/or 2017, was filed with the Commission before January 1, 1990, attach an electronic copy of it with this filing. List the documents you are submitting below. Note: once this information is submitted electronically in a text-searchable format it will not be necessary to submit it in future Form 580 filings. See: http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/elibrary/accept-file-formats.asp for listing of Commission-accepted document types.										
File nar	ne with exten	sion					cument/ File Description:				

Add Row (+)

Delete Row (-)

NOTE: If the Utility for which you are filing did not have any rate/service schedules on file with the Commission allowing the automatic adjustment of fuel and/or fuel-related items subject to 18 CFR 35.14 during 2016-17 STOP HERE, you are finished. File your responses to questions 1 and 2 with the Commission. Otherwise, continue with the questions that follow.

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3. If during the 2016-2017 period, the Utility had any contracts or agreements for the purchase of either energy or capacity under which all or any portion of the purchase costs were passed through a fuel adjustment clause (FAC), for each purchase from a PURPA Qualifying Facility (QF) or Independent Power Producer (IPP) provide the information requested in the non-shaded columns of the table below. Provide the information separately for each reporting year 2016 and 2017. Do not report purchased power where none of the costs were recovered through an FAC. Fill-in the non-shaded columns and either the "Only energy charges" columns or "The total cost of the purchase of economic power" columns, whichever apply.

If the Utility did not recover any purchased power costs through an AAC, check here:

				Cost item/s recovered through AAC  By type chosen									
			energy irges	The total	cost of the	purchase of ed	onomic power						
Year Seller name	Purchase cost (\$)	Annual amount recovered through an AAC (\$)	Does the Commission- accepted FAC used to recover this cost allow for automatic recovery of purchased power costs?	of such charges less than the total avoided variable	whether the charges were less than	Was the total cost of purchased power less than the total avoided variable costs?	Was the duration of the purchased power equal to or less than twelve months?	Did the FAC used for cost recovery include the system reserve capacity criteria by which the system operator decides whether a reliability purchase is required?	If the purchased power was wind-generated, was the avoided cost comparison done on a contract-by-contract basis?				

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4. If emission allowance costs were incurred by the Utility in 2016 and/or 2017 and were recovered through an FAC provide the following information.

	allowance of through	of emission cost passed an AAC	Docket number, if any, of Commission acceptance of emission allowance cost	Date Commissio recovery of emis	-
Origin of emission allowance cost	2016	2017	recovery through the AAC	COS	sts
				Add Row (+)	Delete Row (-)

b) Were emission allowance costs recovered in any other method than through an FAC?

If yes, how were they recovered? Include specific Commission rate schedule and service agreement notations.

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5. Provide the information requested below regarding the Utility's fuel procurement policies and practices in place during 2016 and/or 2017 for fuels whose costs were subject to 18 CFR 35.14. Note: Responses to this question may be filed as Privileged. To do so, skip this question now and answer it via the Fuel Procurement Policies and Practices Privileged Addendum provided. Otherwise, answer it here and your responses will be made public.

Are you filing the	<b>Question 5 Privilege</b>	ed Addendum?					
a1. How often does Utility mana	agement review the fo	uel procurement proc	cess?	Se	lect value:		
a2. When was the last review?							
a3. Who conducted the last re- (Last, First, MI) & (Title)	view?						
a4. What was covered in the la	st review?						
b1. Does the Utility have a police	cy on fuel inventory le	vels?					
b2. Does the policy state under	what circumstance/s	fuel inventory is incr	eased or decreased	?			
Utility has no policy on f	uel inventory levels.						
b3. When was the fuel inventor who last approved it?							
b4. Who made the working declevels? (Last, First, MI) & (Title)	cisions to change inve )	entory					
c. Describe any use by the Utili renegotiation of contracts.	ty of systematic proce	edures for periodic m	arket investigations	of fuel costs and avai	lability, pa	articularly prior to renewal or	
d. Describe any environmental	constraints which infl	uenced the Utility's fo	uel purchase practice	es.			
e. What quality characteristics	were routinely specific	ed in the Utility's fuel	contracts?				
Fuel	Energy Content	Sulfur Content	Ash Content	Moisture Content		Other	
Coal							
Oil							
Natural gas							
Other							

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	%		0%	>0-25%	25-50%	50-75%	75-100%				
	Coal										
f. What percentage of the Utility's fuel was purchased from utility-controlled (i.e.	Oil										
affiliate) sources?	Natural gas										
	Other										
g1. How were potential fuel suppliers qualifie	ed?										
g2. What criteria are used to rank bidders?											
g3. How were credit and performance ratings of potential fuel suppliers checked?											
g4. Do you automatically select the lowest bi	dder?	Y									
If not, what criteria are used for selection	and negotiation	of the fuel co	ontract?								
g5. Describe the procurement procedures us	ed on your most	recent fuel p	rocurement cont	ract for both:							
- the purchase from a non-affiliated compa	any										
- the purchase from an affiliated company											
- the purchase from an anniated company											
h. Do the Utility's purchase policy practices of associated companies?	liffer for	Y 🗌 N 🗌									
If so, what generally are the differences?											

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6. For each fuel supply contract, of longer than one year in duration, in force at any time during 2016 and/or 2017, where costs were subject to 18 CFR 35.14, (including informal agreements with <u>associated companies</u>), provide the requested information. Report the data individually for each contract *for each calendar year*. No response to any part of Question 6 for fuel oil no. 2 is necessary. Report all fuels consumed for electric power generation and thermal energy associated with the production of electricity. Information for only coal, natural gas, and oil should be reported.

## **Contract 1**

Contra	ct speci	ificat	tions		Use the add, delete, or copy contract buttons to manage contract records			nanage	Copy Contract (+)			Add Contract (+)			Del Con	tract (-)	
					Contract type			Fuel quantity			Fuel quality			Impurity content			
ontract ID / Re umber	porting sign			Is contract evergreen ?		Gas supply (choose from list)	Gas transpor- tation (choose from list)	Gas (x10 <sup>3</sup> mmbtu)	Oil (x10 <sup>3</sup> bbls)	Coal (x10 <sup>3</sup> tons)	Gas (Btu/ft <sup>3</sup> )	Pipeline quality?	Oil (Btu/gal)	Coal (Btu/lb)	Sulfur content (%weight)	Ash content (%weight)	Moisture (%)
umber	Year da	date	date	?	Coal (choose from list)	list)	list)	mmbtu)	bbls)	tons)	(Btu/ft <sup>3</sup> )	(Y/N)	(Btu/gal)	(Btu/lb)	(%weight)	(%w	eight)

	Fuel origin	Fuel destination	Fuel quantity			Fuel quality				Impurity content			Fuel cost (see desk reference)		
Primary State / Country of Origin	Type of purchase point	Total fuel transportation distance (mi.) from Utility's receipt point to plant	Gas (x10 <sup>3</sup> mmbtu)	Oil (x10 <sup>3</sup> bbls)	Coal (x10 <sup>3</sup> tons)	Coal (x10 <sup>3</sup> tons) not delivered by end of contract year	Gas (Btu/ft <sup>3</sup> )	Pipeline quality?	Oil (Btu/gal)	Coal (Btu/lb)	Sulfur content (%weight)	,	Moisture (%)	Actual weighted average fuel price paid FOB origin/year (cents/mmBtu)	Actual weighted average fuel price paid FOB plant/year (cents/mmBtu)
l.	Destination Plant:							Ente	r Plant No	ot Listed:					

c. Fuel and transportation contract affiliates		
Name of any entity affiliated with the Utility that is involved in the procurement or transportation of its fuel	Type of affiliation	Affiliated entity involvement with the Utility
		Add Row (+) Delete Row (-)

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7. For each fuel supply contract, including informal agreements with associated or affiliated companies in force at any time during 2016 or 2017 WHERE CONTRACT SHORTFALL COSTS WERE PASSED THROUGH an FAC subject to 18 CFR 35.14, provide for each contract separately the information requested below. Only report the information requested for shortfalls that occurred under your contracts during reporting years 2016 or 2017 and that are not under dispute i.e. parties agree there was indeed a shortfall.

a) Cause of the shortfall [e.g., disruption in production, fuel not meeting quality specifications, dispute over contract provisions, a disruption in supplier's transportation system or other (specify)].	b) Amount of shortfall costs passed through the FAC	c) Utility or Supplier-caused?	a pro	d contract contain vision for shortfall onsequences?
		Add Row	(+)	Delete Row (-)

8. For each fuel supply contract that was bought-out or bought-down, including informal agreements with associated or affiliated companies in force at any time during 2016 or 2017 WHERE CONTRACT BUY-OUT AND/OR BUY-DOWN COSTS WERE PASSED THROUGH an FAC subject to 18 CFR 35.14, provide for each contract separately the information requested below. Only report the information requested for contract buy-downs and buy-outs that occurred under your contracts during reporting years 2016 or 2017 and that are not under dispute i.e. parties agree there was indeed a shortfall.

a) Type of change (buy-down or buy-out)	b) Effective date of buy-out or buy-down (mm/dd/yy).	c) Amount of any buy-out and buy-down costs that were passed through the FAC (\$xx).	any, allov		mission waiver, if ontract buy-down ugh the FAC.
				Add Row (+)	Delete Row (-)

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#### **APPENDIX A**

# **Coal Contract Types**

### 1. Base Price plus Escalation

Different components of the price escalate (or de-escalate) as a function of changing economic conditions (indices).

# 2. Price Renegotiation

The price is renegotiated at predetermined intervals, usually one year. This type of contract, frequently known as an "EVERGREEN CONTRACT," may also contain provisions for price adjustments between renegotiations.

#### 3. Price Tied to Market

Price tied to the price of coal being sold in a particular market. Product and market area are defined in the contract. Contract may contain a "Most Favored Nations" clause, *i.e.*, supplier will not sell to any utility at a price lower than your utility is paying.

#### 4. Cost-Plus Contract with a Fixed Fee Provision

Purchaser agrees to pay all producer costs plus a management fee. Some contracts provide for payment of both a management fee and a profit. This contract has a *Fixed Fee* provision.

#### 5. Cost-Plus Contract with an Incentive Fee Provision

Purchaser agrees to pay all producer costs plus a management fee. Some contracts provide for payment of both a management fee and a profit. This contract has an *Incentive Fee* provision, *i.e.*, a variable fee that is tied to various productivity and cost reduction incentives.

#### 6. Fixed-Price Contract

Price is fixed over the life of the contract.

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# Glossary

Term	Definition
Annual weighted average	An average taken over a 12-month period in which each item being averaged is multiplied by a number (weight) based on the item's relative importance. The result is summed and the total is divided by the sum of the weights.
Associated (affiliated) companies	Companies or persons that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the account company. (see 18 CFR Part 101 for more information)
Automatic adjustment clause (AAC)	A provision of a rate schedule which provides for increases or decreases (or both), without prior hearing, in rates reflecting increases or decreases (or both) in costs incurred by an electric utility.
Avoided variable costs	All identified and documented variable costs (costs that change or vary with usage, output or production, e.g., fuel costs) that would have been incurred by the buyer had a particular purchase not been made. Such costs include, but are not limited to, those associated with fuel, start-up, shutdown or any purchases that would have been made in lieu of the purchase made.
Base price plus escalation	Different components of the price escalate (or de-escalate) as a function of changing economic conditions (indices).
Contract buy-downs	Costs paid in compensation to suppliers for reducing the contract amount to below the minimum requirement.
Contract buy-outs	Buy-out costs are compensation paid to suppliers for ending a contract before the previously agreed upon contract expiration date.
Capacity	Electricity available to provide to a market during a defined period.
Commission cite	Reference to a Commission document/issuance.
Contract ID/ number	Unique contract identifier that the Utility uses internally to identify a contract.
Cost-plus contract with a fixed fee provision	Purchaser agrees to pay all producer costs plus a management fee. Some contracts provide for payment of both a management fee and a profit. This contract has a Fixed Fee provision.
Cost-plus contract with an incentive fee provision	Purchaser agrees to pay all producer costs plus a management fee. Some contracts provide for payment of both a management fee and a profit. This contract has an Incentive Fee provision, i.e., a variable fee that is tied to various productivity and cost reduction incentives.
Economic power	Power or energy purchased over a period of twelve months or less where the total cost of the purchase is less than the buyer's total avoided variable cost.
Effective date of rate schedule	The date upon which service is approved by FERC to begin.
EIA	EIA is an acronym for Energy Information Administration.
EIA code	Unique identification number assigned by EIA to utilities and plants.
Energy charge	That portion of the charge for electric service based upon the electric energy (kWh) consumed or billed.
Evergreen contract	A contract that is renewed automatically or by notice from year to year until canceled by either party.
Filing year	The year the data is collected.
Fixed-price contract	Price is fixed over the life of the contract.

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Term	Definition
FOB	FOB is an acronym for Free On Board. The term FOB (often seen as f.o.b.) is commonly used when shipping goods to indicate who pays loading and transportation costs, and/or the point at which the responsibility of the goods transfers from shipper to buyer. FOB origin is the term used when the ownership/liability of goods passes from the seller to the buyer at the time the goods leave the origin. FOB plant designates that the seller is responsible for the goods until the buyer takes possession at the delivery point. This is important in determining who is responsible for lost or damaged goods when they are in transit from the seller to the buyer. The buyer is responsible when shipped FOB origin and the seller is responsible when shipped FOB delivery point.
Hourly economic dispatch	A forward-looking process by which the system personnel responsible for selecting the source(s) of energy to be used by the company to meet its loads in the next hour are free to, and do in fact, decide which available energy resources will be used and in what amount solely on the basis of the relative projected energy costs of those resources for that hour with the goal of minimizing total production cost for that hour.
Independent Power Producer (IPP)	A generator who provides either capacity or wholesale power to utilities. IPPs operate in the franchised territories of host utilities and do not possess transmission facilities or sell electricity on the retail market.
Price renegotiation	The price is renegotiated at predetermined intervals, usually one year. This type of contract, frequently known as an "Evergreen Contract," may also contain provisions for price adjustments between renegotiations.
Price tied to market	Price tied to the price of coal being sold in a particular market. Product and market area are defined in the contract. Contract may contain a "Most Favored Nations" clause, i.e., supplier will not sell to any utility at a price lower than your utility is paying.
Qualifying Facility (QF)	A QF is a generating facility which meets the requirements for QF status under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 and 18 CFR Part 292 of the Commission's regulations, and which has either self-certified with the Commission or has obtained FERC certification of QF status. There are two types of QFs: cogeneration facilities and small power production facilities.
Rate schedule	The rates, charges, and provisions under which service is supplied to customers.
Receipt point	Where the Utility or Utility's contracted agent takes possession of the fuel.
System reserve capacity criteria	Planning criteria used to determine when a reliability purchase is made.
Reliability purchase	An energy purchase made when a utility does not have sufficient generating capability to meet its own load plus its planning reserve requirement.
Renewable Energy Credit (REC)	A tax credit offered by some states as an incentive for the installation and operation of renewable energy systems such as solar or wind power.
Reporting year	The time period to which the data provided in the FERC-580 applies.
Service schedule	A document describing the kinds of services to be furnished to the identified parties at the rates specified.
Shortfall	Contracted less delivered amount.
Total avoided variable cost	All identified and documented variable costs that would have been incurred by the buyer had a particular purchase not been made.
Utility name	The exact legal name of the Utility

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