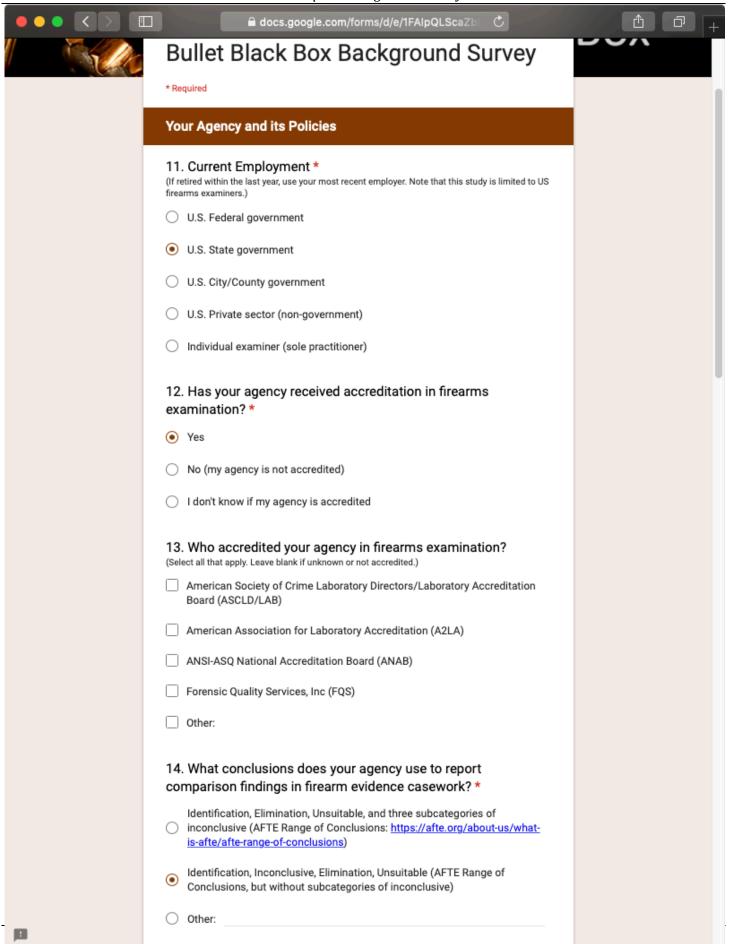
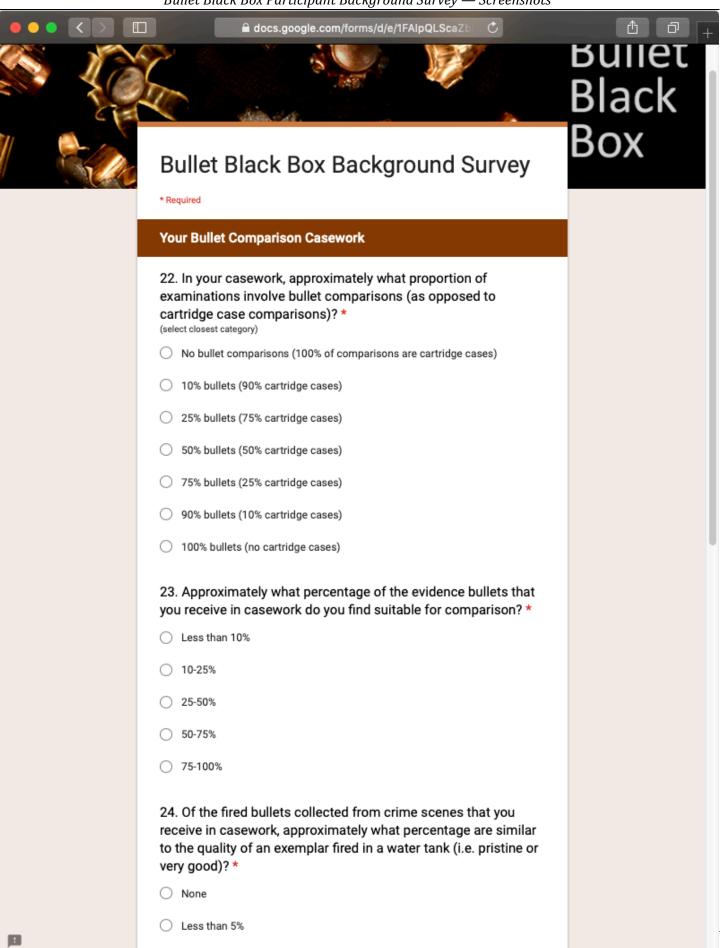


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	7. Type of firearms examination training received *		
	Formal program of instruction for 1 year or more		
	Formal program of instruction for 6 months to 1 year		
	Formal program of instruction for less than 6 months		
	Limited formal training (courses, workshops) for less than 6 months		
	Other:		
	8. Have you ever testified in court as an expert in firearms examination? *		
	Yes, more than 20 times		
	Yes, 10- 20 times		
	Yes, less than 10 times		
	○ No		
	9. When did you last complete a proficiency test in firearms examination? * (Exclude testing completed as part of your training or as competency tests)		
	Within the last year		
	○ Within the last 2 years		
	○ Within the last 5 years		
	More than 5 years		
	O Never		
	10. Who prepared your most recent proficiency test? *		
	Not applicable (have never completed a proficiency test)		
	Collaborative Testing Services (CTS)		
	Forensic Assurance		
	Internally produced by my employer		
	Produced by external partner agency		
	Other:		
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18. When conducting a comparison of bullets, does your agency allow making identification conclusions if the firearm is not available? *		
(In other words: are you allowed to make an identification of crime scene bullets without a recovered firearm?)		
○ Yes		
○ No		
Not specified by agency policies or procedures		
19. When conducting a comparison of bullets, does your agency allow making elimination (exclusion) conclusions when all class characteristics agree — when a recovered firearm is available to collect exemplar (test fired) bullets? * (In other words: you have one or more crime scene bullets that agree on all class characteristics with exemplar bullets from a recovered firearm, but differ on individual characteristics, does your		
agency allow you to make an elimination conclusion?) Yes		
○ No		
Not specified by agency policies or procedures		
20. If the firearm is not available when conducting a comparison of bullets, does your agency allow making elimination (exclusion) conclusions when all class characteristics agree? * (In other words: if you do not have a recovered firearm, and you have two crime scene bullets that agree on all class characteristics, but differ on individual characteristics, does your agency allow you to make an elimination conclusion?)		
○ Yes		
○ No		
Not specified by agency policies or procedures		
21. When making comparisons of multiple known bullets (Ks) to an unknown bullet (Q), do you intercompare Ks before you compare the Ks to the Q? *		
Always intercompare Ks first		
Always compare the Ks to the Q first		
Varies from examination to examination		
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24. Of the fired bullets collected from crime scenes that you receive in casework, approximately what percentage are similar to the quality of an exemplar fired in a water tank (i.e. pristine or very good)?*	
○ None	
C Less than 5%	
O 5-10%	
O 10-25%	
O 25-50%	
O 50-100%	
25. Of the bullet comparisons that you perform in casework, approximately what percentage have the recovered firearm(s) available to collect exemplar (test fired) bullets? *	
C Less than 10%	
O 10-25%	
O 25-50%	
○ 50-75%	
O 75-100%	
26. Of the bullet comparisons that you perform in casework, approximately what percentage involve the comparison of a fully separated jacket that is no longer attached to the bullet core? *	
C Less than 10%	
O 10-25%	
O 25-50%	
O 50-75%	
O 75-100%	
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