SUPPORTING STATEMENT

Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Performance & Quality for Small Wind Energy Property Notice 2015-4 OMB Number 1545-2259

CIRCUMSTANCES NECESSITATING COLLECTION OF INFORMATION

Section 48(a)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code allows a credit for energy property which meets, among other requirements, the performance and quality standards (if any) which have been prescribed by the Secretary by regulations (after consultation with the Secretary of Energy), and are in effect at the time of the acquisition of the property. Energy property includes small wind energy property.

This notice provides performance and quality standards for small wind energy property that such property must meet in order to qualify for the energy credit under § 48. Although a certification is not required, this notice provides that a taxpayer may rely on a certification from an eligible certifier in determining whether the wind turbine meets the performance and quality standards as provided in the notice.

This notice also includes the required contents of a certification and defines an eligible certifier.

The certification, requires the following information:

CERTIFICATION

In General. A taxpayer may rely on a certification from an eligible certifier in determining whether the wind turbine meets the performance and quality standards of American Wind Energy Association (AWEA) or International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).

Content of the Certification. The certification statement must contain the following:

- (a) The name and address of the manufacturer:
- (b) The name and address of the eligible certifier; and
- (c) A statement specifying the nameplate capacity of the wind turbine.

USE OF DATA

The data will be used by (1) manufacturers for the purposes of determining if the manufacturer's small wind energy property is considered qualified under § 48 and determining the methods by which certifications will be obtained and provided to taxpayers, and (2) taxpayers for the purpose of determining if small wind energy property which is constructed, reconstructed, erected, or acquired by the taxpayer meets the standards in the notice and thus whether the credit is allowed with respect to specific small wind energy property.

This information will be used by the Internal Revenue Service to determine whether the small wind energy property qualifies for the energy credit. The collection of information is required to ensure that property meets certain requirements that must be satisfied to qualify for the credit. The likely respondents are corporations, partnerships, and individuals.

. USE OF IMPROVED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY TO REDUCE BURDEN

IRS publication, regulations, notices and letters are to be electronically enabled on an as practicable basis in accordance with the IRS Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998. The agency has no plans at this time to offer electronic filing because of the low volume compared to the cost of electronic enabling.

. <u>EFFORTS TO IDENTIFY DUPLICATION</u>

The information obtained through this collection is unique and is not already available or use or adaption from another source.

. METHODS TO MINIMIZE BURDEN ON SMALL BUSINESSES OR OTHER SMALL ENTITIES

There is no burden on small businesses or other small entities due to the inapplicability of the authorizing statute to this type of entity.

. CONSEQUENCES OF LESS FREQUENT COLLECTION ON FEDERAL PROGRAMS OR POLICY ACTIVITIES

The information required is needed to verify compliance with Section 48 of the Internal Revenue Code of the Treasury Regulations. A less frequent collection of taxes and tax information could adversely affect the government's effectiveness and would reduce the oversight of the public in ensuring compliance with Internal Revenue Code and hinder the IRS from meeting its mission.

7. SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRING DATA COLLECTION TO BE INCONSISTENT WITH GUIDELINES IN 5 CFR 1320.5(d)(2)

There are no special circumstances requiring data collection to be inconsistent with Guidelines in 5 CFR 1320.5(d)(2).

8. CONSULTATION WITH INDIVIDUALS OUTSIDE OF THE AGENCY ON AVAILABILITY OF DATA, FREQUENCY OF COLLECTION, CLARITY OF INSTRUCTIONS AND FORMS, AND DATA ELEMENTS

In response to the Federal Register notice dated March 2, 2018 (83 FR 9093), we received no comments during the comment period regarding these regulations.

9. EXPLANATION OF DECISION TO PROVIDE ANY PAYMENT OR GIFT TO RESPONDENTS

No payment or gift has been provided to any respondents.

10. <u>ASSURANCE OF CONFIDENTIALITY OF RESPONSES</u>

Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential as required by 26 USC 6103.

11. <u>JUSTIFICATION OF SENSITIVE QUESTIONS</u>

A privacy impact assessment (PIA) has been conducted for information collected under this request as part of the Treasury/IRS 24.030, CADE Individual Master File (IMF), as well Business Master File (BMF)-Treasury/IRS 24.046 and Treasury/IRS 34.047 IRS Audit Trail & Security Records System SORNs. The Internal Revenue Service PIAs can be found at https://www.irs.gov/uac/Privacy-Impact-Assessments-PIA

Title 26 USC 6109 requires inclusion of identifying numbers in returns, statements, or other documents for securing proper identification of persons required to make such returns, statements, or documents and is the authority for social security numbers (SSNs) in IRS systems.

12. ESTIMATED BURDEN OF INFORMATION COLLECTION

Section 48(a)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code allows a credit for energy property which meets, among other requirements, the performance and quality standards (if any) which have been prescribed by the Secretary by regulations (after consultation with the Secretary of Energy), and are in effect at the time of the acquisition of the property.

It is estimated that the total annual reporting burden will be 400 hours. The estimated average annual burden per respondent will be 2.5 hours to complete the requests for certification required under this notice. This estimated burden is based upon the approximated amount of time it will take the average respondent to gather the necessary data. The estimated number of respondents is 160. This estimate is based upon the approximated number of taxpayers expected to claim the credit for small wind energy property.

The table below shows the detailed estimates of the annual burdens:

	Description	# Respon dents	# Responses Per Responde nt	Total Annual Response s	Hours Per Respons e	Total Burden
Notice 2015-4	Performance & Quality for Small Wind Energy Property	160	1	160	2.5	400
		160	1	160		400

13. ESTIMATED TOTAL ANNUAL COST BURDEN TO RESPONDENTS

To ensure more accuracy and consistency across its information collections, IRS is currently in the process of revising the methodology it uses to estimate burden and costs. Once this methodology is complete, IRS will update this information collection to reflect a more precise estimate of burden and costs.

14. ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

To ensure more accuracy and consistency across its information collections, IRS is currently in the process of revising the methodology it uses to estimate burden and costs. Once this methodology is complete, IRS will update this information collection to reflect a more precise estimate of burden and costs.

15. REASONS FOR CHANGE IN BURDEN

There is no change in the paperwork burden previously approved by OMB.

16. PLANS FOR TABULATION, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS AND PUBLICATION

There are no plans for tabulation, statistical analysis, and publication.

17. REASONS WHY DISPLAYING THE OMB EXPIRATION DATE IS INAPPROPRIATE

The IRS believes that displaying the OMB expiration date is inappropriate because it could cause confusion by leading taxpayers to believe that the regulation sunsets as of the expiration date. Taxpayers are not likely to be aware that the Service intends to request renewal of the OMB approval and obtain a new expiration date before the old one expires.

18. EXCEPTIONS TO THE CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

There are no exceptions to the certification statement.

Note: The following paragraph applies to all of the collections of information in this submission:

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a collection of information must be

retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any internal revenue law. Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6103.