BE-185 Identification Number



QUARTERLY SURVEY OF FINANCIAL SERVICES TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN U.S. FINANCIAL SERVICES PROVIDERS AND FOREIGN PERSONS

FORM BE-185

Due date:

Within 45 days of the close of each fiscal quarter (or within 90 days of closing the final quarter of your fiscal year).

Extension information:

See part VIII, page13 of the General Instructions.

Electronic filing:

www.bea.gov/efile

Mail reports to:

Bureau of Economic Analysis Balance of Payments Division, BE-50 (SSB) 4600 Silver Hill Rd. Washington, DC 20233

Deliver reports to:

Bureau of Economic Analysis Balance of Payments Division, BE-50 (SSB) 4600 Silver Hill Rd. Suitland, MD 20746

Name and address of U.S. Reporter

10001	Company Name:
10002	Attention: 0
	Address: 0
10004	City, State, Zip Code

Fax reports to:

(301) 278-9508

Assistance:

E-mail: be-185help@bea.gov Telephone: (301) 278-9303

Copies of blank forms: http://www.bea.gov/ssb

BE-185 Filing Requirements:

A response is required if you are notified by BEA about this survey. A BE-185 survey must be completed in its entirety by each U.S. person who had sales of covered financial services to foreign persons that exceeded \$20 million during the previous fiscal year, or are expected to exceed that amount during the current fiscal year; or had purchases of covered financial services from foreign persons that exceeded \$15 million during the previous fiscal year, or are expected to exceed that amount during the current fiscal year. See the General Instructions for more information on who must report and reporting requirements.

Authority, Confidentiality, Penalties

This survey is authorized by the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended), and by Section 5408 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-418, 15 U.S.C. 4908(b)). The filing of reports is mandatory, and the Act provides that your report to BEA is confidential. Persons who fail to report may be subject to penalties. See page 7 for additional details.

Contact Information

Provide information of person to consult about this report:

10005	Name and Title	
10006	Telephone Number 0	Extension
10007	Fax Number 0	
10008	E-mail Address 0	

NOTE: BEA uses a Secure Messaging System to correspond with you via encrypted message to discuss guestions relating to this form. We may use your e-mail address for survey-related announcements and to inform you about secure messages. When communicating with BEA by e-mail, please do not include any confidential business or personal information.

Certification

The undersigned official certifies that this report has been prepared in accordance with the applicable instructions, is complete, and is substantially accurate including estimates that may have been provided.

Signature of Authorized Official	Date	Telephone Number	Extension
Name	Title		

Part I – Identification of U.S. Reporter

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Part II – Determination of Reporting Status

For the types of financial services in **Table 1** below, check either the "Yes" or "No" box to indicate whether the U.S. Reporter sold that type of financial service to, or purchased it from, a foreign person during the reporting period specified in question 1.

Sales (column 1) – If combined sales of financial services to foreign persons listed in Table 1 exceeded \$20 million in the U.S. Reporter's prior fiscal year, or are expected to exceed \$20 million in the current fiscal year, then reporting on Schedule A on page 5 is mandatory for the services for which you check "Yes."

If combined sales of the financial services in **Table 1** were less than or equal to \$20 million in the U.S. Reporter's prior fiscal year, or are expected to be \$20 million or less in the current fiscal year, then you are encouraged to voluntarily report more detailed information on Schedule A.

Purchases (column 2) – If combined purchases of financial services from foreign persons listed in **Table 1** exceeded \$15 million in the U.S. Reporter's prior fiscal year, or are the expected to exceed \$15 million in the current fiscal year, then reporting on Schedule B on page 6 is mandatory for the purchases for which you check "Yes."

If combined purchases of the financial services in **Table 1** were less than or equal to \$15 million in the U.S. Reporter's prior fiscal year, or are expected to be \$15 million or less in the current fiscal year, then you are encouraged to voluntarily report more detailed information on Schedule B.

After completing Table 1, continue to Question 6.

Table 1 Sales to and Purchases from Foreign Persons

Indicate whether the U.S. Reporter had **sales (column 1)** or **purchases (column 2)** of the following financial services in the reporting period specified in question 1 by checking the appropriate boxes.

For descriptions of the services, see Part VI. of the General Instructions. For the definition of a foreign person, see Parts IV.G.2. and V.A. of the General Instructions.

Service Code	Type of Financial Service	BEA USE ONLY	Column 1 – Sales to Foreign Persons	Column 2 – Purchases from Foreign Persons				
1	Brokerage services related to equity transactions	20001	² 1 Yes ² 2 No	³ 1 Yes ³ 2 No				
2	Other brokerage services related to debt	20002	² 1 Yes ² 2 No	³ 1 Yes ³ 2 No				
3	Underwriting and private placement services related to debt and equity transactions	20003	² 1 Yes ² 2 No	³ 1 Yes ³ 2 No				
4	Financial management services	20004	² 1 Yes ² 2 No	³ 1 Yes ³ 2 No				
5	Credit-related services, except credit card services	20005	² 1 Yes ² 2 No	³ 1 Yes ³ 2 No				
6	Credit card services	20006	² 1 Yes ² 2 No	³ 1 Yes ³ 2 No				
7	Financial advisory and custody services	20007	² 1 Yes ² 2 No	³ 1 Yes ³ 2 No				
8	Securities lending services	20008	² 1 Yes ² 2 No	³ 1 Yes ³ 2 No				
9	Electronic funds transfer services	20009	² 1 Yes ² 2 No	³ 1 Yes ³ 2 No				
10	Other financial services*	20010	² 1 Yes ² 2 No	³ 1 Yes ³ 2 No				

*Other financial services include asset pricing services, security exchange listing fees, demand deposit fees, securities rating services, check processing fees, mutual fund exit fees, load charges, 12b-1 service fees, hedge fund exit fees, security redemption or transfer service fees, ATM network service fees, securities or futures clearing and settling service fees, and brokerage services not already covered under service code 1 or service code 2, such as arranging joint ventures. Please see list of exclusions in Part VII. of the General Instructions.

6	Did you che	eck "Yes" for any of the 10 financial services in Table 1 in either Column 1 or Column 2?
	20011 1	Yes – Continue to Question 7.
	¹ 2	No – You may STOP HERE and return the report according to the instructions on page 1.

Part II – Determination of Reporting Status – Continued

			port amounts in thou less than \$500.00 to			,	,				\$	Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
portio	ons of e	ach ite	em.								1		4	005	000
EXA	MPLE –	If amo	ount is \$1,334,891.00	0, report as.									1	335	000
7	•	ted to	mbined sales of fin exceed \$20 million Yes – You are requ No – You are reque	in the currently in the	ent f irt sale	iscal year? es of financ	? cial services to fo	oreign persol	ns on Sche	dule A for e	each	• servic	e check	ked "Yes."	·
8	are th	ey exp	mbined purchases bected exceed \$15					rom foreign	persons e	xceed \$15	mill	ion in	the pri	or fiscal y	ear, or
	20013		Yes – You are requ	ired to repor	rt pur	chases of t	financial service	s from foreig	n persons c	n Schedul	e B f	or eacl	h servic	ce checked	d "Yes."
		¹ 2	No – You are reque	ested to repo	ort pu	ırchases of	financial service	es from forei	ign persons	on Schedu	ıle B	for ead	ch serv	ice checke	ed "Yes."
9	Will w	ou bo	reporting <u>ALL</u> of yo	our transact	tions	on Schod	ule A and/or S	hadula B a	ither on a r	nandatory	or v	olunts	rv has	ie?	
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10		volur Tota	ered "No" to questi ntarily on Schedule I sales to foreign p	s A and/or E ersons	В.	al purchas	ses from foreig	n persons	unt of sales	and/or p	urch	ases t	hat you	u elected i	not to
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SCHEDULE A – U.S. Reporter's Sales of Financial Services to Foreign Persons

- For each service for which you checked "Yes" in Column 1 of Table 1 on page 3, report sales to (a) your foreign affiliates, (b) your foreign parent(s) and other members of the foreign parent group, and (c) unaffiliated foreign persons. For example, if the U.S. Reporter had sales of credit card services to a foreign affiliate and to unaffiliated foreign persons, then you would enter "6" for credit card services under the heading "Service Code" and enter the appropriate dollar amounts in the columns for "foreign affiliates" and "unaffiliated foreign persons."
- For additional instructions, see Part I of the General Instructions on page 7. For a definition of foreign parent group, see instruction Part IV.K. on page 9.
- Report all currency amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars. Example: Report \$1,555,555.00 as 1,556.
- Round amounts of less than \$500.00 to 0.
- If you are reporting transactions for more than one type of financial service, or need to report additional country detail, please use the overflow sheet provided (page 15 of the survey) or make additional copies of this schedule. (eFile users- select "Add overflow" from the survey selection page).

						Service Code	
	SALESTO		BEA U	JSE V			
	(Specify country)		ONE		Foreign affiliates	Foreign parent group	Unaffiliated foreign persons
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	A10	000	1	2	3	4	5
1.		002	1	2	000		5 000
2.		003	1	2	000	4 000	5 000
3.		004	1	2	000	4 000	5 000
4.		005	1	2	3 000		5 000
5.		006	1	2	3 000		
6.		007	1	2	3 000		5 000
7.		000	1	2	3 000		
8.		009	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
9.		010	1	2	3 000		5 000
10.		011	1	2	3 000		
11.		012	1	2	000		5 000
12.		013	1	2	000	4 000	5 000
13.		014	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
14.		015	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
15.		016	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
16.		017	1	2	3 000		5 000
17.		018	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
18.		019	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
19.		020	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
20.		021	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
21.		022	1	2	3 000		5 000
22.		023	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
23.		024	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
24.		025	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
25.		026	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
26.		027	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
27.		028	1	2	3 000	4 000	5 000
28.		029	1	2	3 000		
29.	Total all countries this page	001	1	2	000	4 000	5 000
30.	Voluntary data — Complete if total sales for all types of transactions are \$20 million or less annually. (See I.A.1 of the General Instructions)	030	1 709	2	0000	000	5 000

31. If you reported sales of Service Code 10, other financial services, specify the major type of financial service:

031 0

SCHEDULE B - U.S. Reporter's Purchases of Financial Services from Foreign Persons

- For each service for which you checked "Yes" in Column 2 of Table 1 on page 3, report purchases from (a) your foreign affiliates, (b) your foreign parent(s) and other members of the foreign parent group, and (c) unaffiliated foreign persons. For example, if the U.S. Reporter had purchases of credit card services from a foreign affiliate and from unaffiliated foreign persons, then you would enter "6" for credit card services under the heading "Service Code" and enter the appropriate dollar amounts in the columns for "foreign affiliates" and "unaffiliated foreign persons."
- For additional instructions, see Part I of the General Instructions on page 7. For a definition of foreign parent group, see instruction Part IV.K. on page 9.
- Report all currency amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars. Example: Report \$1,555,555.00 as 1,556.
- Round amounts of less than \$500.00 to 0.
- If you are reporting transactions for more than one type of financial service, or need to report additional country detail, please use the overflow sheet provided (page 15 of the survey) or make additional copies of this schedule (eFile users- select "Add overflow" from the survey selection page).

	PURCHASES FROM (Specify country)		BEA L	JSE	Service Code				
			ONL		Foreign affiliates		Foreign parent group	Unaffiliated foreign persons	
			(1)	(2)	3	4	(4)	5	
4	B1000	,		2					
1.		4		2		00	000	00	
2. 3.	003	'		2	00	00	000	00	
3. 4.	004	<u> </u>		2	00	00	000	00	
4. 5.	008	'		2	00	00	000		
6.	000	<u> </u>		2		00	000	00	
7.	007	4		2		00	000	00	
8.	000	,		2	00	00	000	00	
9.	010			2	3 OC	00	000	00	
10.	011			2	³ 00	00	000	5 00	
11.	012			2	³ 00	00	000	5 00	
12.	013			2		00 4		5 00	
13.	014			2		00 4	000	5 00	
14.	015			2	³ 00		000		
15.	016			2	³ 00		000	5 00	
16.	017			2	³ 00		000	5 00	
17.	018	1		2		00 4		5 00	
18.	019			2		00 4	000	5 00	
19.	020	1		2	³ 00		000		
20.	021	1		2	³ 00		000	5 00	
21.	022	1		2	3 00		000	5 00	
22.	023	3 1		2		00 4		5 00	
23.	024	1 1		2		00 4	000	5 00	
24.	025	1		2	3 00		000		
25.	026	3 1		2	3 00	00 4	000	5 00	
26.	027	, 1		2		00 4	000		
27.	028	1		2		00 4	000		
28.	029	1		2		00 4			
29.	Total all countries this page 001	1		2	2	00 4	000	5 00	
30.	Voluntary data — 030 Complete if total purchases for all types of transactions are \$15 million or less annually. (See I.A.1 of the General Instructions)	1	709	2	3	4	000	5 00	

31. If you reported purchases of Service Code 10, other financial services, specify the major type of financial service:

031 0

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Public reporting burden for this BE-185 report is estimated to average 10 hours per response. This burden includes time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate to Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE-1), U.S. Department of Commerce, 4600 Silver Hill Rd., Washington, DC 20233; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 0608-0065, Washington, DC 20503.

Purpose – Reports on this form are required to obtain reliable and up-to-date information on financial services transactions between U.S. financial services providers and foreign persons. The data will be used in compiling the U.S. international transactions accounts and national income and product accounts. The information will also be used to formulate U.S. policy and to analyze the impact of that policy and the policies of foreign countries on such international transactions.

Authority – This survey is being conducted under the authority of the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended—hereinafter "the Act"), and by Section 5408 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-418, 15 U.S.C. 4908(b)). Regulations for the survey may be found in 15 CFR Part 801. The survey has been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501, et seg).

Penalties – Persons who fail to report may be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$4,454, and not more than \$44,539, and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. These civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 CFR 6.4. Persons who willfully fail to report shall be fined not more than \$10,000 and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both. (See 22 U.S.C. 3105). Notwithstanding the above, a person is not subject to any penalty for failure to report if a valid OMB control number is not displayed on the form. The control number for Form BE-185 (0608-0065) is displayed at the top of the first page of this form.

Confidentiality – The Act provides that your report to this Bureau is confidential and may be used only for analytical and statistical purposes. Without your prior written permission, the information filed in your report cannot be presented in a manner that allows it to be individually identified. Your report cannot be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Copies retained in your files are immune from legal process. Per the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2015, your data are protected from Cybersecurity risks through security monitoring of the BEA information systems.

I. WHO IS TO REPORT AND GENERAL COVERAGE

A. Who must report – A response is required from each U.S. person that was notified by BEA about the survey.

- 1. Mandatory and voluntary reporting
 - a. Mandatory reporting A complete BE-185 report is required from each U.S. person that:
 - is a financial services provider or intermediary (see I.B.1. of these Instructions), or whose consolidated U.S. enterprise includes a separately organized subsidiary, or part, that is a financial services provider or intermediary; AND
 - (2)(a) had sales to foreign persons in all financial services combined (see VI. of these Instructions) that exceeded \$20,000,000 for the previous fiscal year, or are expected to exceed that amount in the current fiscal year, OR
 - (2)(b) had purchases from foreign persons in all financial services combined that exceeded \$15,000,000 for the previous fiscal year or are expected to exceed that amount in the current fiscal year.

The \$20,000,000 (sales) and \$15,000,000 (purchases) thresholds for mandatory reporting are based on combined financial services transactions with foreign persons by all parts of the consolidated U.S. domestic reporter that are financial services providers or intermediaries. Because these thresholds apply separately to sales and purchases, the mandatory reporting requirements may apply only to sales, only to purchases, or to both.

The determination of whether a U.S. financial services provider or intermediary is subject to mandatory reporting may be based on the

judgement of knowledgeable persons in a company who can identify reportable transactions, on a recall basis, with a reasonable degree of certainty, without conducting a detailed records search.

Complete Parts I and II of the form, and the mandatory tables of Schedule A and/or B as required. Enter the total transaction amounts, applicable to a particular schedule, in the appropriate column(s) on line 29 of the schedule. Distribute amounts to the foreign country(ies) involved in the transaction(s) on lines 1–28. Use additional copies of the schedules, or the available overflow sheets, to report additional countries as necessary.

A U.S. person contacted by BEA who had covered transactions that exceeded one of the mandatory reporting thresholds (\$20,000,000 in sales OR \$15,000,000 in purchases) during the reporting period, but did not meet both of these mandatory reporting thresholds is required to report the total of those transactions (sales or purchases) below the threshold in question 10 on page 4. Alternatively, the U.S. Reporter may report either:

- totals by service type on line 30 of Schedules A or B, as appropriate, or
- (2) the full detail (by service type and by country) on lines 1–28 of Schedules A or B, as appropriate.

A U.S. person with combined sales that were \$20,000,000 or less AND combined purchases that were \$15,000,000 or less during the previous fiscal year, and are expected to fall below those thresholds in the current fiscal year is required to report the amounts in question 10 on page 4. Alternatively, the U.S. Reporter may report either:

- totals by service type on line 30 of Schedules A or B, as appropriate, or
- (2) the full detail (by service type and by country) on lines 1–28 of Schedules A or B, as appropriate.
- b. Voluntary reporting A U.S. person who is not notified by BEA about this survey but has transactions of the type covered by the survey is requested to provide an estimate of those covered transactions for the quarterly period covered by this form. Provision of this information is voluntary. The estimates may be judgmental. If you elect to file voluntarily, please complete parts I and II and report the total of your covered transactions (sales and/or purchases) in question 10 on page 4. Alternatively, you may report either:
 - totals by service type on line 30 of Schedules A and/or B, as appropriate, or
 - (2) the full detail (by service type and by country) on lines 1–28 of Schedules A and/or B, as appropriate.
- c. Exemption Any U.S. person that was notified by BEA about this survey, but has no transactions of the types of services covered, must complete and return parts I and II.
- Consolidation A U.S. enterprise should file a single Form BE-185 covering combined (total) financial services transactions of all its domestic subsidiaries, and parts, that are financial services providers.

If the U.S. Reporter is a corporation, please complete Form BE-185 to cover reportable transactions for the fully consolidated U.S. domestic enterprise consisting of (i) the U.S. corporation whose voting securities are not owned more than 50 percent by another U.S. corporation, and, proceeding down each ownership chain from that U.S. corporation, (ii) any U.S. corporation whose voting securities are more than 50-percent owned by the U.S. corporation above it.

The fully consolidated U.S. domestic enterprise excludes foreign branches and other foreign affiliates owned by your company.

Consolidating unincorporated enterprises

Consolidate into your BE-185 report the transactions of unincorporated enterprises in which your company has voting control. Please see the following items on determining the voting interest in typical unincorporated enterprises.

Partnerships – Most partnerships are either general partnerships or limited partnerships. Consolidation of partnerships and inclusion of their insurance services transactions (sales and purchases) on the BE-185 survey is based on voting control.

a. General partnerships

Determination of voting interest – The determination of the percentage of voting interest of a general partner is based on who controls the

partnership. The percentage of voting interest is not based on the percentage of ownership in the partnership's equity. The general partners are presumed to control a general partnership.

Unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the partnership agreement, a general partnership is presumed to be controlled equally by each of the general partners.

Managing partners – If one general partner is designated as the managing partner, responsible for the day-to-day operations of the partnership, this does not necessarily transfer control of the partnership to the managing partner. If the managing partner must obtain approval for annual operating budgets and for decisions relating to significant management issues from the other general partners, then the managing partner does not have a 100 percent voting interest in the partnership.

b. Limited partnerships

Determination of voting interest – The determination of the percentage of voting interest in a limited partnership is based on who controls the partnership. The percentage of voting interest is not based on the percentage of ownership in the partnership's equity. In most cases, the general partner is presumed to control a limited partnership, and therefore, have a 100 percent voting interest in the limited partnership. If there is more than one general partner, the partnership is presumed to be controlled equally by each of the general partners, unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the partnership agreement. Therefore, unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the partnership agreement, limited partners are presumed to have zero voting interest in a limited partnership.

Managing partners – See discussion under "General Partnerships" above.

c. Limited Liability Companies (LLCs)

Determination of voting interest – The determination of the percentage of voting interest in an LLC is based on who controls the LLC. The percentage of voting interest is not based on the percentage of ownership in the LLC's equity. LLCs are presumed to be controlled equally by each of its members (owners), unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the articles of organization or in the operating agreement.

Managing member – If one member is designated as the managing member responsible for the day-to-day operations of the LLC, this does not necessarily transfer control of the LLC to the managing member. If the managing member must obtain approval for annual operating budgets and for decisions relating to other significant management issues from the other members, then the managing member does not have a 100 percent voting interest in the LLC.

B. General coverage - additional information

 Definition of financial services provider – The definition of financial services providers used for this survey is identical in coverage to Sector 52 — Finance and Insurance, with the addition of holding companies from Sector 55 of the North American Industry Classification System United States, 2012.

For example, companies and/or subsidiaries and other separable parts of companies in the following industries are regarded as financial services providers: depository credit intermediation and related activities (including commercial banking, bank holding companies, financial holding companies, savings institutions, check cashing, and debit card issuing); nondepository credit intermediation (including credit card issuing), sales financing, and consumer lending); securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments and related activities (including security and commodity futures brokers, dealers, exchanges, traders, underwriters, investment bankers, and providers of securities custody services); insurance carriers and related activities (including agents, brokers, and services providers); investment advisors and managers and funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles (including mutual funds, pension funds, real estate investment trusts, investors, stock quotation services, etc.).

Filing options for holding companies that own only nonfinancial subsidiaries:

- You may report your purchases of financial services from foreign persons on Form BE-185; or
- You may report such purchases on Form BE-125, Quarterly Survey of Transactions in Selected Services and Intellectual Property

with Foreign Persons. (See BEA's web site www.bea.gov/ssb for information on this form.)

In either case, **sales** of financial services to foreign persons must be reported on Form BE-185 if the U.S. Reporter is contacted by BEA about this survey.

2. Clarification of general coverage

- a. Report sales or purchases for the reporting period in which they occurred or were charged (that is, in the period when the provider of the service recognizes or performs the services), whether expensed by the purchaser of the service in that accounting period, amortized over several accounting periods, or included in expenses in a subsequent accounting period. For example, report payments of credit-related fees in the period when credit-related services are charged, whether or not the charge for the service is included in the purchaser's expenses for that particular accounting period. See VI. of these Instructions for an explanation of what measures should be applied in determining whether you are subject to the BE-185 survey's mandatory reporting requirements for a given type of service.
- b. When a sale or purchase consists of services that are commingled or bundled (that is, the different types of services are not separately billed), you should unbundle the transaction whenever possible. When the transaction cannot be unbundled, it should be classified based on whichever service accounts for the largest share of its value. However, do not unbundle the transaction if the services are billed together because they are integral parts of the same transaction (for example, if the fee for financial management services includes payment for custody and other services that are regarded as integral parts of financial management services).

II. WHAT TO REPORT

- **A.** Report transactions with affiliated foreign persons as well as with unaffiliated foreign persons (see **Definitions** IV.N. and O.).
- B. Report covered transactions between the U.S. Reporter and a foreign person regardless of whether the service was performed in the United States or abroad. Note that the reporting requirements are determined by whom the transactions are with and not by where the services are performed or the location of the buyer and seller at the time of the transaction. Thus, reportable transactions may include those conducted over the Internet or other networks (for example, brokerage or financial advisory services sold to foreign persons over the Internet).
- C. Report transactions with U.S. affiliates of foreign firms for the account of their foreign parent firm. (Report them as transactions with unaffiliated foreign persons.)
- D. Report transactions with foreign persons made by your foreign affiliate for your account. (Report them as transactions with unaffiliated foreign persons.)

III. WHAT NOT TO REPORT

- A. Do not report transactions with U.S. affiliates of foreign firms for their own account. Transactions with these U.S. affiliates are considered domestic-to-domestic for the purposes of this survey.
- B. Do not report transactions with foreign persons made by your foreign affiliates for their own account.

IV. DEFINITIONS

- A. Services mean economic activities whose outputs are other than tangible goods. This term includes, but is not limited to, banking, other financial services, insurance, transportation, communications and data processing, retail and wholesale trade, advertising, accounting, construction, design, engineering, management, consulting, real estate, professional services, entertainment, education, and health care.
- B. Financial services include trading, issuing, dealing, underwriting, lending, custody, etc., of financial instruments; financial advisory or management services; credit card services; credit-related services (including establishing, maintaining, or arranging credit, letters of credit, lines of credit, mortgages, etc.); financial rating services; electronic funds transfer services; insurance services; etc. These services typically are performed by firms classified in Sector 52 Finance and Insurance and holding companies from Sector 55, of the North American Industry

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Classification System United States, 2012 (see I.B.1.). Some types of financial services are not covered on this survey. See VI. of the Instructions for a list of financial services that are covered on this survey, and see VII. of the Instructions for a list of financial services that are not covered.

- C. United States, when used in a geographic sense, means the 50 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and possessions of the United States. NOTE: The U.S. Virgin Islands and Guam are territories of the United States.
- D. Foreign, when used in a geographic sense, means that which is situated outside the United States or which belongs to or is characteristic of a country other than the United States.
- E. U.S. Reporter means a U.S. person filing this survey. On Form BE-185, the U.S. Reporter is the consolidated U.S. enterprise.
- F. Consolidated U.S. Reporter means (i) a U.S. financial services provider, (ii) any U.S. corporation, proceeding up the financial services provider's ownership chain, that owns more than 50 percent of the voting securities of the corporation below it, and (iii) any U.S. corporation, proceeding down the ownership chain(s) of each of these corporations, whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. corporation above it.
- G. Person means any individual, branch, partnership, associated group, association, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any State), and any government (including a foreign government, the United States Government, a State or local government, and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof, including a government-sponsored agency).
 - 1. United States person means any person resident in the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
 - Foreign person means any person resident outside the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of a country other than the United States.
- H. Business enterprise means any organization, association, branch, or venture which exists for profit-making purposes or to otherwise secure economic advantage, and any ownership of any real estate. (A business enterprise is a "person" within the definition in paragraph G. above.)
- I. Direct investment means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one person of 10 percent or more of the voting stock of an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated business enterprise.
- J. Parent means a person of one country who, directly or indirectly, owns or controls 10 percent or more of the voting stock of an incorporated business enterprise, or an equivalent ownership interest in an unincorporated business enterprise, that is located outside that country.
 - 1. U.S. parent means the U.S. person that has direct investment in a foreign business enterprise, including a branch.
 - Foreign parent means the foreign person, or the first person outside the United States in a foreign chain of ownership, that has direct investment in a U.S. business enterprise, including a branch.
- K. Foreign parent group means (i) the foreign parent, (ii) any foreign person, proceeding up the foreign parent's ownership chain, that owns more than 50 percent of the person below it, up to and including the person that is not owned more than 50 percent by another foreign person, and (iii) any foreign person, proceeding down the ownership chain(s) of each of these members, that is owned more than 50 percent by the person above it.
- L. Affiliate means a business enterprise located in one country that is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a person of another country to the extent of 10 percent or more of its voting stock for an incorporated business or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated business, including a branch.
 - 1. Foreign affiliate means an affiliate located outside the United States in which a U.S. person has direct investment.
 - U.S. affiliate means an affiliate located in the United States in which a foreign person has direct investment.
- M. Foreign affiliate of a foreign parent means, with reference to a given U.S. affiliate, any member of the foreign parent group owning the U.S. affiliate that is not a foreign parent of the U.S. affiliate.
- N. Affiliated foreign person means, with respect to a given U.S. person in a direct investment relationship, (i) a foreign affiliate of which the U.S.

- person is the U.S. parent, or (ii) the foreign parent or other member of the foreign parent group of which the U.S. person is a U.S. affiliate.
- O. Unaffiliated foreign person means, with respect to a given U.S. person, any foreign person that is not an affiliated foreign person as defined in paragraph N.
- P. Country means, for purposes of this survey, the country of location of the foreign person with whom a transaction has occurred.

V. OTHER INSTRUCTIONS

A. Differentiating between U.S. and foreign persons

In IV.G.2. of these Instructions, a "foreign person" is defined as any person resident outside the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of a country other than the United States. Persons that reside or expect to reside for 1 year or more in a foreign country are considered to be foreign persons. International organizations are considered to be foreign persons whether they are based in the United States (such as the International Monetary Fund, Inter-American Development Bank, United Nations, World Bank, and the Organization of American States) or abroad.

The following sources may be helpful in identifying and classifying by country financial services transactions with foreign persons:

- 1. Billing records or mailing address information to identify the country of the foreign person(s) report sales to and purchases from a given foreign country, or international organization, if the billing records or mailing address identify that foreign country as the location of the foreign person that was a party to the transaction.
- 2. IRS Form W-8, Certificate of Foreign Status filed by foreign persons, and IRS Form W-9, Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification (filed by U.S. persons).
- 3. Any other available information on residency of persons with whom you have sold or purchased financial services.

NOTE: Steps 2 and 3 above may be necessary when foreign customers provide billing addresses of U.S. agents or other locations of convenience in the United States.

B. Who must report a transaction when an intermediary is involved

Financial services transactions between a U.S. person and a foreign person are frequently arranged by, billed through, or otherwise facilitated by a financial services provider or intermediary. The intermediary may be U.S. or foreign and may be affiliated or unaffiliated with the U.S. or the foreign person. The U.S. financial services provider or intermediary that directly deals with a foreign person and not the U.S. customer of the intermediary is typically responsible for reporting the transaction on this survey.

Use the following guidelines to determine who should report data on payments of brokerage fees and commissions (service codes 1 and 2) in cases where more than one U.S. financial services provider is involved in the transaction.

- If a U.S. broker is involved in the transaction, the broker should report the data on payments of brokerage commissions.
- If a U.S. broker is not involved, a U.S. financial manager, such as a fund or investment manager, involved in the transaction should report the data.
- If neither a U.S. broker nor a U.S. manager is involved in the transaction, a U.S. custodian should report; this would be the case, for example, if the principal uses a foreign (rather than a U.S.) financial manager but a U.S. custodian. (In this case, the custodian may wish to contact the principal to determine which of its financial managers are foreign persons.)
- If the custodian does not have or cannot obtain the information needed to report, then the U.S. principal or its paying agent should report the data; the U.S. principal must make the determination of whether it or its paying agent is responsible for reporting.

Respondents may deviate from these guidelines by agreement among themselves. Please confer with one another to assure that the data reported on payments of brokerage commissions are neither omitted from all BE-185 reports, resulting in undercounting of data, nor reported on more than one BE-185 report, resulting in duplication.

C. Distinguishing between affiliated and unaffiliated transactions

For purposes of reporting on this survey, it is necessary to distinguish between transactions between affiliated U.S. and foreign persons,

and transactions between unaffiliated U.S. and foreign persons. An unaffiliated foreign person is a foreign person that is neither the foreign affiliate nor the foreign parent (or other member of the foreign parent group) of the consolidated U.S. enterprise filing Form BE-185. (See IV.J., K., L., M., N., and O. in these Instructions.)

Examples of affiliated transactions are:

- A transaction between a U.S. person (U.S. parent) and its foreign affiliate.
- A transaction between a U.S. person (U.S. affiliate) and its foreign parent(s) or member(s) of the foreign parent group(s).

Examples of unaffiliated transactions are:

- A transaction between a U.S. person and an unaffiliated foreign person.
- A transaction between one U.S. person and another U.S. person's foreign affiliate. Such a transaction is reportable by the first U.S. person.

Examples of transactions that are **not** reportable are:

- A transaction between a U.S. affiliate of a foreign parent and another U.S. person.
- A transaction between a U.S. parent's foreign affiliate and another foreign person.

If a U.S. person's foreign activity or operation is incorporated abroad, it is a foreign affiliate. Transactions with foreign persons made by the foreign affiliate for its own account should not be reported. However, transactions between the U.S. person (the parent) and the foreign affiliate are reportable on this survey.

If a U.S. person's foreign activity or operation is NOT incorporated abroad, its status is based on the weight of the evidence when the following factors are considered.

An unincorporated foreign activity or operation generally WOULD NOT be considered a foreign affiliate if it:

- conducts business abroad only for the U.S. person's account and not for its own account;
- 2. has no separate financial statements (including an income statement and balance sheet):
- 3. receives funds to cover its expenses only from the U.S. person;
- 4. is not subject to foreign income taxes; and
- 5. has limited physical assets, or employees, permanently located abroad.

Criteria for determining which U.S. activities do or do not constitute a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person are parallel to those listed above.

If a U.S. person's foreign activity is not considered a foreign affiliate, transactions with unaffiliated foreign persons through that foreign activity are deemed to be direct transactions of the U.S. person. Report such direct transactions in this survey.

Under the Treasury International Capital reporting system, the Department of the Treasury conducts mandatory surveys on the international financial position of the United States and on movements of portfolio investment capital between the United States and foreign countries that may give rise to financial services transactions. Inquiries about these surveys should be directed to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (as fiscal agent for the Treasury Department) at (212) 720-6357.

D. International Organizations

Report transactions with international organizations, such as the International Monetary Fund, which, for the purposes of this survey, are considered foreign persons even if they are headquartered in the United States. Enter the abbreviated designation, "Int'l Org." as the name of the country of the foreign party of the transaction.

VI. SERVICES COVERED

This survey covers sales (**Schedule A**) and purchases (**Schedule B**) in the form of fees, commissions, and other charges for the following types of financial services:

1. Brokerage services related to equity transactions – Report on Schedule A your receipts of commissions and fees (inclusive of taxes and stamp duties) directly from foreign customers for executing orders to purchase or sell equity securities. Report on Schedule B your payments of commissions and fees directly to foreign brokers for executing your or your customers' equities orders. Include brokerage transactions with foreign persons conducted over the Internet and electronic communications networks (ECNs).

DO NOT report income where you were a dealer or other principal who was at risk of incurring a loss on the financial instruments rather than acting solely as the broker. For example, exclude income from marking positions to market and inherent earnings from dealer markups on buy and sell transactions (that is, bid/ask price spreads in dealing in securities).

2. Other brokerage services – Report on Schedule A your receipts of commissions and fees (inclusive of taxes and stamp duties) directly from foreign customers for executing orders to purchase or sell options, futures, and other financial instruments. Also include fees and commissions on brokering foreign currencies. Report on Schedule B your payments of commissions and fees directly to foreign brokers for executing your, or your customers', orders related to options, futures or other financial instruments. Include brokerage transactions with foreign persons conducted over the Internet and ECNs.

Report origination fees in connection with the over-the-counter derivative financial instruments only if the fees are separately identified in transaction documentation issued by the dealers in the instruments to the customers, and are not considered undifferentiated components of overall trading or marketmaking gains.

DO NOT report income where you were a dealer or other principal who was at risk of incurring a loss on the financial instruments rather than acting solely as the broker. For example, exclude income from marking positions to market and inherent earnings from dealer markups on buy and sell transactions (that is, bid/ask price spreads in dealing in bonds, foreign currencies, and other financial instruments).

Report brokerage commissions for arranging a joint venture in service code 10, Other financial services. Report multi-currency conversion fees of credit card companies in service code 6, Credit card services.

DO NOT report fees for commodity or merchandise brokerage services, real estate brokerages, and business services brokerage because they are not considered to be financial services (as opposed to fees for purchasing or selling commodity futures and other financial instruments that are reportable on this survey).

3. Underwriting and private placement services – Report in underwriting services your earnings from buying and reselling an entire or substantial portion of newly issued securities. Report on Schedule A as negative sales your losses from purchasing securities from a foreign person (issuer or lead underwriter) and reselling them at a lower price. (This is the only financial service category where negative amounts may be reported.)

Also report fees you received from an issuer of securities for privately placing its securities, or fees that you paid to a foreign person who privately placed your securities, including fees on dealer-placed commercial paper. Do not report earnings from buying and selling (i.e., trading) commercial paper or other securities for your own account, because they are not considered to be financial services.

Where you are lead underwriter, report separately your receipts of underwriting fees and payments of selling concessions and other expenses. Report on Schedule A your underwriting fees, before deduction of selling concessions paid to other members of the syndicate, according to the country of the person (issuer) from whom you purchased the securities. Report on Schedule B your selling concessions and reimbursements for expenses paid by you to foreign members of the syndicate based upon the country(ies) of the foreign syndicate members receiving these sums.

Where you are a syndicate member other than the lead underwriter, report on Schedule A selling concessions received by you based upon the country of the lead underwriter.

Report payments of underwriting fees (on Schedule B) by an issuer of securities as:

The estimated gross proceeds to the foreign lead underwriter from the sale to the public of the securities calculated as the number of units of securities sold times the per unit public offer price,

MINUS

The net proceeds received by the issuer from the foreign lead underwriter

Classify these payments according to the country of the foreign lead underwriter.

Report fees or commissions received by, or paid to, intermediaries that arrange the sale of securities (including mutual funds shares) they do not themselves own as brokerage services (under service number 1) rather than as underwriting services.

4. Financial management services – Report sales (purchases) related to transactions in which the provider of the service has the authority to direct the use or investment of funds or other assets. Report fee income from (to) foreign persons for managing or administering financial portfolios, such as cash, securities, futures, and other financial instruments or assets, if you (they) have this authority. Report these fees whether the assets are held by the manager or held by a custodian. Report fees from actively managed accounts (where research and market timing skills are also provided) and fees from passively managed, or indexed, accounts.

U.S. persons (including trustees and fiduciaries with management authority) should report on Schedule A their fees from managing foreign commodity pools, mutual funds, hedge funds, trusts (including trusts containing mortgages), etc. (which are considered foreign persons). Do not report fees from managing U.S. mutual funds, hedge funds, trusts (including trusts containing mortgages), etc., (which are considered U.S. persons) unless the management fee is charged directly to a foreign investor, owner, beneficiary, maker, etc. of the U.S. mutual fund, hedge fund, or trust rather than charged to the U.S. mutual fund, etc. itself.

Report fees under service code 7, Financial advisory and custody services, if a U.S. or foreign person has input into the decision making process but does not have the authority to direct the use or investment of funds or other assets.

Report under service code 7, Financial advisory and custody services, sales to and purchases from foreign persons (including foreign-based custodians or subcustodians) related to managing the custody or safekeeping of securities.

Foreign participation in U.S. futures markets frequently occurs indirectly when foreign persons invest directly in a foreign commodity pool that, in turn, invests directly in the U.S. futures market. Foreign commodity pools may be organized by U.S. commodity pool operators (CPOs), such as U.S. brokerage institutions. U.S. CPOs report on Schedule A fees from managing foreign commodity pools, including additional management fees received based on positive returns. Exclude gains and losses to principal amounts you have invested in the pool; in this case, your earnings are considered to be capital gains, which are not covered on Schedules A and B. (Similar guidelines pertain to the earnings of U.S. persons who manage foreign hedge funds; that is, report management fees, including additional fees based on positive returns, but do not report gains or losses to principal amounts invested in the funds.)

DO NOT report sales (purchases) of your foreign affiliates to (from) foreign persons. For example, where your foreign affiliate manages foreign assets, do not report the management fee paid by foreign clients to your foreign affiliate because the fee was not received by the U.S. Reporter from a foreign person. (See V. of the Instructions for a discussion of foreign activities of a U.S. person that constitute a foreign affiliate.) Similarly, do not report fees paid by you to, or received by you from, a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person.

DO NOT report funding for foreign sales promotion and representative offices in this survey. Report such funding on Form BE-120 and BE-125. (See BEA's web site www.bea.gov/ssb for information on whom to call regarding these forms.)

- 5. Credit-related services, except credit card services Report fees received from or paid to foreign persons, including fees paid directly and fees that are withheld or deducted from the proceeds for:
 - Credit-related or lending-related services, such as fees for renegotiating debt terms and fees for establishing/originating, maintaining, accepting or arranging standby letters of credit
 - · Commercial and similar letters of credit
 - · Letters of indemnity
 - · Lines of credit
 - Participations in acceptances
 - Mortgages
 - Credit facilities
 - · Reimbursement commissions for honoring import letters of credit

(ILCs), and of discrepancy fees for financial services provided when goods imported under ILCs do not fully meet specifications

- Factoring services
- Issuing financial guarantees and loan commitments (to make or purchase loans)
- · Arranging or entering into financial lease contracts
- Credit-related services received by or paid to note issuance facilities (NIFs)

DO NOT report underwriting fees on notes issued by NIFs (these should be reported under service code 3, Underwriting and private placement services). Also, do not report interest received or paid, including discounts and premiums on notes purchased or sold.

If you are a member of a loan syndicate, or of loan participations other than syndicates, report fees received and paid for organizing, managing, or participating in the operation. Do not report the sale of assets (that is, of parts or shares in the syndicated loan), because these are not financial services. Where you have collected a fee from a foreign person on a loan syndication and passed through a portion of the fee to foreign syndicate members, report the total fee you received on Schedule A and report the portion of the fee you passed through on Schedule B. Borrowers under loan syndicates or loan participations other than syndicates should report payments of fees according to the country of the lead manager of the syndicate.

Report payments of credit-related fees in the accounting period in which the fee is assessed by the provider of credit-related services, whether included in expenses for that particular accounting period or amortized over several accounting periods.

If compensating balances are reflected in the cost of credit-related services, report the (net) amount received or paid for credit-related services after credit for the value of the compensating balances. Do not report the value of the compensating balance to the bank (in the form of foregone interest expense). If the bank returns some portion of its savings to its customers in the form of a credit against other financial services provided, the amount to report for the other financial services provided should be the reduced charge after consideration of this credit.

 Credit card services – Report all cross-border sales and purchases related to credit card services, whether paid separately or in the form of a discount from face or par value.

U.S. credit card companies must report specified transactions in which they themselves engage with foreign persons, as well as specified transactions of their independent issuers or acquirers with foreign persons. To avoid duplication, independent credit card issuers and acquirers are exempt from reporting data under credit card services.

Listed below are the major types of credit card services sold to or purchased from foreign persons. The credit card company must report separately total receipts (sales) and payments (purchases) through the system it controls or monitors. Total receipts (or total payments) of credit card services are the sum of receipts (or payments) from all of these services combined.

- Transaction and service fees received from or paid to foreign acquirers and issuers
- Interchange received from foreign acquirers or paid to foreign issuers
- Discount (including interchange and overhead assessments, reimbursements for telecommunication services, etc.) received from or paid to foreign acquirers and issuers
- Payments to foreign issuers, acquirers, or merchants under guarantees to protect them from losses from a default in the processing network
- Fees you received from foreign issuers for credit authorization services
- Fees you received from foreign issuers for listing lost or stolen credit card numbers in warning bulletins or on electronic files
- Resignation assessments or membership fees received from foreign issuers and acquirers
- Multi-currency conversion fees received from foreign issuers or paid to foreign acquirers, processing centers, or issuers

Independent issuers, acquirers, and processors must report credit card services that are conducted outside the system controlled or monitored

by the credit card companies. Such transactions may include annual dues and other fees received by issuers from cardholders, payments to processors by independent issuers and acquirers, and any interchange reimbursements that do not go through the credit card system.

DO NOT report receipts or payments for credit card enhancements, such as travel insurance, extended warranties, and discounts on tour packages or other purchases.

- 7. Financial advisory and custody services Report sales to and purchases from foreign persons (including foreign-based custodians or subcustodians) related to managing the custody or safekeeping of securities. Include the following:
 - · Financial advisory services on mergers and acquisitions
 - Investment newsletters or investment advice
 - · Commodity trading advisory services
 - · Proxy voting advisory services
 - Custody services (including payments and settlements services such as mortgage servicing services)
 - Other advisory and custody services provided by U.S. or foreign persons who have no discretion, or who have very limited discretion, to act independently from instructions provided by the investor or another principal

Include services with foreign persons conducted over the Internet.

Exclude services where you are at risk of incurring a loss, such as underwriting and private placement services (service code 3).

U.S. issuers of American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) and American Depositary Shares (ADSs) – Report on Schedule B your payments to foreign correspondent institutions for holding the securities backing the ADRs and ADSs. U.S. issuers of ADSs should also report, on Schedule A, any receipts of sponsorship fees from foreign persons.

DO NOT report fees received from or paid to a U.S. subsidiary (or U.S. affiliate) of a foreign person, because, for the purposes of this survey, these are considered U.S., not foreign, persons.

Where you have complete (or substantially complete) discretion to act independently from instructions provided by investors or other principals, report your receipts under service code 4, Financial management services. Where you are an investor or principal, and a foreign person has complete (or substantially complete) discretion to act independently on your behalf, report your payments under service code 4.

If the custodian does not have or cannot obtain the information needed to report, then the U.S. principal must make the determination of whether it or its paying agent is responsible for reporting.

- 8. Securities lending services U.S. securities lenders and borrowers and their agents should report amounts received directly from or paid directly to foreign persons for lending or borrowing securities. Report fees received by or paid to principals or agents for arranging loan terms and conditions, monitoring the value of collateral, providing guarantees against default, and providing other securities lending services. Report rebates received or paid on "borrow versus cash transactions." Do not report amounts received from or paid to foreign persons by a U.S. or foreign agent upon the default of a customer, because such payments are not considered to be for financial services. Do not report interest under repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, because interest is not reportable (although, as mentioned, rebates are reportable) on this form.
- Electronic funds transfer services Report fees for the electronic funds transfers of money or financial assets received directly from or paid directly to foreign persons. Include payments to SWIFT.
- 10. Other financial services (Specify the primary type in the space provided on the appropriate schedule.) Report the total amount of sales to or purchases from foreign persons related to all other financial services combined. Report the type of service(s) accounting for the largest share of the value being reported in the space provided at the bottom of Schedule A/B. Examples of services that may be reported under this category include:
 - Asset pricing services
 - · Security exchange listing fees

- · Demand deposit fees
- Securities rating services
- · Check processing fees
- Overdraft fees
- Mutual fund exit fees, load charges, 12b–1 service fees, and hedge fund exit fees
- · Security redemption or transfer services
- · ATM network services
- Securities or futures clearing and settling services
- Brokerage services not covered above, such as for arranging joint ventures

DO NOT report real estate brokerage fees (real estate services), business brokerage fees (business services), and commodity or merchandise brokerage fees (wholesale or retail trade services), because these are not considered financial services.

Note that some types of financial services are not covered on this form. See VII. of the Instructions for a list of types of transactions not to be reported.

VII. TYPES OF TRANSACTIONS EXCLUDED FROM COVERAGE

Do not report the following types of transactions on this survey:

- A. Stock quotation and financial information services These are instead covered by Forms BE-120 and BE-125, under Database and other information services. (See BEA's web site www.bea.gov/ssb for information on whom to call regarding these forms.)
- B. Insurance premiums and losses, and commissions on insurance – These are covered on other BEA forms. (See BEA's web site www.bea.gov/ssb for information on whom to call regarding these forms.) Charges at the individual policy level also are not covered.
- C. Annuity purchases and payments to annuitants Annuity purchases and payments to annuitants are not covered. Also, charges at the individual policy level, including insurance company fees on variable annuities, are not covered.
- D. Pension fund contributions and benefits Pension fund contributions and pension benefits are not covered. However, U.S. pension funds may engage in other financial services transactions that are reportable on this form, including payments of brokerage commissions and fees for investment management or financial advisory services to foreign persons.
- E. Interest and dividend receipts and payments For the purposes of this survey, interest and dividends are considered to be investment income rather than income from services, and are therefore not covered by this survey.
- F. Premiums and other proceeds from writing (selling) options, forwards, futures, and swaps Premiums from writing options, and fees and other proceeds from writing forwards, futures, and swaps are not covered. However, explicit brokerage commissions on transactions in these financial instruments are covered under service code 2, Other brokerage services related to debt transactions.
- G. Earnings of principals from buying and selling (including dealing, trading, holding, or arbitrage) of financial instruments, except foreign currency exchange transactions For the purposes of this survey, these types of earnings are considered to be "capital gains" (that is, earnings that are not from current production) rather than payments for financial services, and are therefore not covered. However, underwriting is considered to be a financial service and is covered under service code 3.
- H. Foreign currency exchange transactions Bid/ask price spreads and trading profits on currency exchange transactions are not covered. However, explicit commissions paid to currency exchange brokers are covered under service code 2, Other brokerage services related to debt transactions.
- Bond transactions Bid/ask price spreads and trading profits on bond transactions are not covered. However, explicit commissions paid to bond brokers are covered under service code 2, Other brokerage services.

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VIII. REPORTING PROCEDURES

- A. Due date A completed BE-185 is due within 45 days of the close of each fiscal year quarter, except the final quarter of the fiscal year, when the report is due within 90 days of the close of the quarter.
- B. Extension Requests for an extension of the reporting deadline will not normally be granted. However, in a hardship case, a written request for an extension will be considered if it is received at least 15 days before the due date. You may fax the request to (301) 278-9508 or e-mail the request to BEA will provide a written response to such a request.
- C. Assistance and additional copies of the forms Phone (301) 278-9303 for assistance. Copies of BEA survey forms are also available on BEA's web site: www.bea.gov/ssb.
- D. Rounding Report currency amounts in U.S. dollars rounded to thousands (omitting 000). For example, if the amount is \$1,334,515.00, report it as \$1,335.
- E. Estimates If actual figures are not available, report estimates and label them as such. When data items cannot be fully subdivided as required, report totals and an estimated breakdown of the totals.

- F. Original and file copies File a single original copy of the form. Please use the copy with the address label if such a labeled copy has been provided. In addition, retain a copy of the report in your files to facilitate resolution of problems; these copies should be retained by the U.S. Reporter for a period of not less than three years beyond the original due date.
- **G.** Where to send the report To file a report electronically see our web site at www.bea.gov/efile for details.

Send reports through the U.S. Postal Service to:

Bureau of Economic Analysis Balance of Payments Division, BE-50 (SSB) 4600 Silver Hill Rd. Washington, DC 20233

Send reports by direct private express delivery to:

Bureau of Economic Analysis Balance of Payments Division, BE-50 (SSB) 4600 Silver Hill Rd. Suitland, MD 20746

Fax reports to: (301) 278-9508

Summary of Industry Classifications - For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2012

Agriculture	Forestry,	Fishing,	and	Hunting
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- 1110 Crop production
- 1120 Animal production and aquaculture
- 1130 Forestry and logging
- Fishing, hunting, and trapping
- 1150 Support activities for agriculture and forestry

Mining

- Oil and gas extraction 2111
- 2121 Coal
- 2123 Nonmetallic minerals
- 2124 Iron ores
- Gold and silver ores 2125
- 2126 Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc ores
- Other metal ores
- Support activities for oil and gas operations
- 2133 Support activities for mining, except for oil and gas operations

Utilities

- 2211 Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution
- 2212 Natural gas distribution
- 2213 Water, sewage, and other systems

Construction

- 2360 Construction of buildings
- Heavy and civil engineering construction 2370
- Specialty trade contractors 2380

Manufacturing

- Animal foods 3111
- 3112 Grain and oilseed milling
- Sugar and confectionery products
- Fruit and vegetable preserving and 3114 specialty foods
- 3115 Dairy products
- 3116 Meat products
- 3117 Seafood product preparation and packaging
- 3118 Bakeries and tortillas
- 3119 Other food products
- 3121 Beverages
- 3122 Tobacco
- Textile mills 3130
- 3140 Textile product mills
- 3150 Apparel 3160
- Leather and allied products
- 3210 Wood products
- 3221 Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills
- Converted paper products 3222 3231 Printing and related support activities
- 3242 Integrated petroleum refining and extraction
- Petroleum refining without extraction 3243
- Asphalt and other petroleum and 3244 coal products
- 3251 Basic chemicals
- Resins, synthetic rubbers, and artificial 3252 and synthetic fibers and filaments
- Pesticides, fertilizers, and other 3253 agricultural chemicals
- 3254 Pharmaceuticals and medicines
- 3255 Paints, coatings, and adhesives
- Soap, cleaning compounds, and 3256
- toilet preparations
- Other chemical products and preparations 3259
- Plastics products 3261
- 3262 Rubber products
- 3271 Clay products and refractories
- Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products 3272
- 3273
- 3274 Lime and gypsum products
- 3279 Other nonmetallic mineral products
- 3311 Iron and steel mills and ferroalloys
- 3312
- Steel products from purchased steel Alumina and aluminum production 3313
- and processing
 Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) 3314
- production and processing
- 3315 . Foundries
- Forging and stamping 3321
- 3322 Cutlery and handtools
- Architectural and structural metals 3323
- 3324 Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers
- 3325
- Spring and wire products 3326
- 3327 Machine shops; turned products; and screws, nuts, and bolts
- 3328 Coating, engraving, heat treating,
- and allied activities Other fabricated metal products 3329
- Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery 3331
- Industrial machinery 3332
- 3333 Commercial and service industry machinery

- 3334 Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning,
- and commercial refrigeration equipment
- 3335 Metalworking machinery Engines, turbines, and power
- transmission equipment
- 3339
- Other general purpose machinery
 Computer and peripheral equipment 3341
- 3342 Communications equipment
- 3343
- Audio and video equipment Semiconductors and other 3344 electronic components
- Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments 3345
- Manufacturing and reproducing 3346 magnetic and optical media
- 3351 Electric lighting equipment Household appliances
- 3352 3353 Electrical equipment
- 3359 Other electrical equipment and components
- 3361 Motor vehicles 3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers
- Motor vehicle parts Aerospace products and parts 3363
- 3364 3365 Railroad rolling stock
- 3366
- Ship and boat building Other transportation equipment 3369 Furniture and related products 3370
- 3391 Medical equipment and supplies
- 3399 Other miscellaneous manufacturing

Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods

- Motor vehicles and motor vehicle
- parts and supplies
- Furniture and home furnishing
 Lumber and other construction materials 4232 4233
- 4234 Professional and commercial
- equipment and supplies
 Metal and mineral (except petroleum) 4235
- 4236 Household appliances, and electrical and
- electronic goods Hardware, and plumbing and heating 4237
- equipment and supplies 4238 Machinery, equipment, and supplies
- 4239 Miscellaneous durable goods

Wholesale Trade, Non-Durable Goods

- Paper and paper product 4241
- Drugs and druggists' sundries 4242
- 4243 Apparel, piece goods, and notions 4244
- Grocery and related product Farm product raw material 4245
- Chemical and allied products
 Petroleum and petroleum products 4246
- 4247 4248 Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage
- Miscellaneous nondurable goods Wholesale Trade, Electronic Markets

and Agents And Brokers

Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers

Retail Trade

- 4410
- Motor vehicle and parts dealers
- 4420 Furniture and home furnishings 4431 Electronics and appliance
- Building material and garden equipment 4440
- and supplies dealers 4450
- Food and beverage Health and personal care
- 4461 4471 Gasoline stations
- 4480 Clothing and clothing accessories
- Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music General merchandise 4510 4520
- 4530 Miscellaneous store retailers
- 4540 Non-store retailers

Transportation and Warehousing

- 4810 Air transportation
- 4821 Rail transportation
- 4833 Petroleum tanker operations
- 4839 Other water transportation
- 4840 Truck transportation
- Transit and ground passenger transportation Pipeline transportation of crude oil, 4850 4863
- refined petroleum products, and natural gas
- 4868 Other pipeline transportation
- 4870 Scenic and sightseeing transportation Support activities for transportation
- 4880
- 4920 Couriers and messengers
- 4932 Petroleum storage for hire 4939 Other warehousing and storage

Information

- 5111 Newspaper, periodical, book, and
- directory publishers
- 5112 Software publishers Motion picture and video industries 5121
- Sound recording industries 5122

- Radio and television broadcasting
- 5152 Cable and other subscription programming
- 5171 Wired telecommunications carriers
- Wireless telecommunications carriers, 5172
- except satellite 5174 Satellite telecommunications
- 5179 Other telecommunications
- Data processing, hosting, and related services
- 5191 Other information services

Finance and Insurance

- Depository credit intermediation (Banking) 5221
- Activities related to credit intermediation 5223
- Nondepository credit intermediation 5224 Nondepository branches and agencies 5229
- Securities and commodity contracts intermediation and brokerage
- 5238 Other financial investment activities and
- exchanges 5242 Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance
- related activities Insurance carriers, except life insurance carriers 5243
- 5249 Life insurance carriers 5252 Funds, trusts, and other finance vehicles

Real Estate and Rental and Leasing

- 5310 Real estate
- 5321 Automotive equipment rental and leasing
- Other rental and leasing services 5329
- 5331 Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets, except copyrighted works

Professional, Scientific, and Technical

- **Services** 5411
- Legal services 5412 Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping,
- and payroll services 5413 Architectural, engineering, and related services
- 5414 Specialized design services 5415 Computer systems design and related services Management, scientific, and technical 5416
- consulting services
- 5417 Scientific research and development services
- 5418 Advertising, public relations, and related services 5419 Other professional, scientific, and

technical services

- **Management of Companies and Enterprises** Holding companies, except bank holding
- companies Corporate, subsidiary, and regional

management offices **Administrative and Support, Waste**

- **Management, and Remediation Services**
- Office administrative services 5611 Facilities support services 5612
- Employment services 5613
- Business support services 5614
- Travel arrangement and reservation services
- Investigation and security services 5616 5617 Services to buildings and dwellings

5620

5619 Other support services

Waste management and remediation services

Educational Services

- 6110 Educational services
- **Health Care and Social Assistance**
- 6210 Ambulatory health care services Hospitals

6230 Nursing and residential care facilities 6240 Social assistance services

- **Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation**
- Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries Museums, historical sites, and similar

7130 Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries

Accommodation and Food Services

institutions

7210 Accommodation 7220 Food services and drinking places

Other Services

- 8110 Repair and maintenance
- 8120 Personal and laundry services Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, 8130

and similar organizations **Public Administration**

9200 Public administration

OVERFLOW SHEET FOR SCHEDULE A OF FORM BE-185, QUARTERLY SURVEY OF FINANCIAL SERVICES TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN U.S. FINANCIAL SERVICE PROVIDERS AND FOREIGN PERSONS

Company Name		Control Number	
Form BE-185 Schedule A/B		Overflow Page#	of

	BEA	Service Code					
Country	USE ONLY	Foreign affiliates	Foreign Parent(s) and foreign affiliates of foreign parent(s)	Unaffiliated foreign persons			
BEA USE ONLY	00.	000	000	000			
Country total for this page (sum of 39–64)	01. 1 2	3	4	5			
(Sum of 33–04)	1 2	000	000	5			
	1 2	000	000	5			
	1 2	000	000	5			
	1 2	000	000	5			
	1 2	000	000	5			
	1 2	3	000	5			
	1 2	3	000	5			
	45. 1 2	3	000	5			
	46. 1 2	3	4 000	5			
	1 2	3	4 000	5			
	1 2	3	4 000	5			
	1 2	3	4 000	5			
	1 2	3	4 000	5			
	51. 1 2	000	4 000	5			
	52. 1 2	000	4 000	5			
	53. 1 2	3 000	4 000	5 000			
	54. 1 2	3 000	4 000	5 000			
	55. 1 2	3 000	4 000	5 000			
	56. 1 2	3 000	4 000	5 000			
	57. 1 2	3 000	4	5			
	58. 1 2	3 000	4 000	5 000			
	59. 1 2	3 000	4 000	5 000			
	1 2	3 000	4 000	5 000			
	1 2	3 000	4 000	5 000			
	62. 1 2	3	000	5			
	1 2	3 000	000	5			
	64.	000	000	000			

NOTE — Use this overflow sheet if there is insufficient space on Form BE-185, Schedule A or B, to list every individual foreign country with which you had transactions. The overflow sheet is also available in Microsoft Excel format. If you wish to receive a copy of the Excel file, send an email message to be-185@bea.gov with your request and we will reply to you with the file attached to our message.

OVERFLOW SHEET FOR SCHEDULES B OF FORM BE-185, QUARTERLY SURVEY OF FINANCIAL SERVICES TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN U.S. FINANCIAL SERVICE PROVIDERS AND FOREIGN PERSONS

Company Name		Control Number	
Form BE-185 ScheduleA/B		Overflow Page#	of

Country		BEA		Service Code				
		USE	Foreign affiliates		Foreign Parent(s) and foreign affiliates of foreign parent(s)	Unaffiliated foreign persons		
BEA USE ONLY	00.	1	2		000	000		000
Country total for this page (sum of 39–64)	01.	1	2	3	000	000	5	000
	39.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	41.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	43.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	51.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	53.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	55.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
		1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	58.	1	2	3		4 000	5	000
	59.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	60.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	61.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	62.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	63.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000
	64.	1	2	3	000	4 000	5	000

NOTE — Use this overflow sheet if there is insufficient space on Form BE-185, Schedule A or B, to list every individual foreign country with which you had transactions. The overflow sheet is also available in Microsoft Excel format. If you wish to receive a copy of the Excel file, send an email message to be-185@bea.gov with your request and we will reply to you with the file attached to our message.