LTBI / TB Message Statements for Testing

CONSUMER MESSAGE STATEMENTS

Note: In an ideal scenario, we will test each category in the order presented. However, in a scenario of limited time, we recommend focusing on the following priority categories (also indicated below with an asterisk)

- 1. Category: Awareness / Knowledge / Importance What You Should Know
- 2. Category: Relevance to You & Your Community Why You Should Care
- 3. Category: Call to Action What You Should Do

*Category: Awareness / Knowledge / Importance - What You Should Know

Testing Element(s): Understanding of TB including how TB can be active or inactive; Probe for alternative terminology; Most compelling / critical messages (using rating scale)

- 1. Tuberculosis (TB) is highly contagious and can be deadly.
- 2. Tuberculosis (TB) can live in your body for years without making you sick, but can become active and make you sick without notice.
- 3. Millions of people in the United States have tuberculosis (TB) but don't know it.
- 4. Tuberculosis (TB) spreads through the air when a person with active TB coughs or sneezes.

*Category: Relevance to You & Your Community - Why You Should Care

Testing Element(s): Understanding of TB including how TB can be "active" or "inactive"; Understanding of risk; Most compelling / critical messages (using rating scale);

- 1. Anyone can get TB. TB germs are spread through the air from one person to another.
- 2. You can have tuberculosis (TB) even if you think you've been vaccinated.
- 3. TB occurs throughout the world. TB is more common in certain parts of the world, including Asia, Africa, Eastern Europe, and Latin America.
- 4. People born in [China/Guatemala/India/Mexico/the Philippines/Vietnam] are at a higher risk of having tuberculosis (TB) than people born in the United States.
- 5. Without treatment, 1 in 10 people with inactive tuberculosis (TB) will get sick in the future. For some people, that risk is much higher.
 - a. People with other health conditions such as HIV, diabetes, or other conditions that affect their immune system are more likely to get sick with TB disease.
- 6. Active tuberculosis (TB) disease can make you and others around you very sick.

*Category: Call to Action - What You Should Do

Testing Element(s): Most compelling / critical CTA (using rating scale); preferred terminology for doctor vs. healthcare provider

- 1. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends that people born in [China/Guatemala/India/Mexico/the Philippines/Vietnam] get tested for tuberculosis (TB). Talk to your doctor about getting tested for TB.
- 2. Even if you do not feel sick, talk to your doctor about getting tested for tuberculosis (TB).
- 3. If you were born in [China/ Guatemala/India/Mexico/the Philippines/Vietnam], talk to your doctor about getting tested for tuberculosis (TB).
- 4. Protect yourself and your loved ones from tuberculosis (TB). Talk to your doctor about getting tested today.

Category: Benefits of Action - Why You Should Do It

Testing Element(s): Which message resonates best with consumers (using rating scale)

1. The only way to know if you have tuberculosis (TB) is to get tested.

- 2. Getting tested for tuberculosis (TB) can help protect you and your loved ones from getting sick.
 - a. Getting tested for tuberculosis (TB) can protect yourself, your family and friends, and your community.
- 3. If you test positive for tuberculosis (TB), treatments are available.
- 4. If you test positive for inactive tuberculosis (TB), treatments are available that can prevent you from getting sick and spreading it to others.