

Safety Network			1	www.cdc.gov/nhs
Patient Safety (Component—Annual I	Iospital	Survey	
Instructions for this form are available at	: http://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/forms/in	<u>str/57_103-T</u>	<u>OI.pdf</u>	
Page 1 of 14				
*required for saving		cking #:		
Facility ID:	*Su	rvey Year:		
Facility Characteristics (completed by	Infection Preventionist)			
*Ownership (check one):				
For profit	Not for profit, including church		vernment	
Military	\Box Veterans Affairs	🗌 Phy	rsician owned	
If facility is a Hospital:				
*Number of patient days:				
*Number of admissions:				
For any Hospital:				
*Is your hospital a teaching hospital for p	hysicians and/or physicians-in-training	j ?	🗌 Yes	🗆 No
If Yes, what type:	Major	Graduate	🗌 Underg	graduate
*Number of beds set up and staffed in the ICU (including adult, pediatric, and neona b. All other inpatient locations:		by NHSN): 		
Facility Microbiology Laboratory Pract	ices (completed with input from Mi	icrobiology L	aboratory Lea	ud)
*1. Does your facility have its own on-site antimicrobial susceptibility testing?	laboratory that performs bacterial		□ Yes	🗌 No
If No, where is your facility's antimicrobia	I susceptibility testing performed? (ch	eck one)		
□ Affiliated medical center				
Commercial referral laboratory				
☐ Other local/regional, non-affiliated refe	erence laboratory			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Cont	inued >>
Assurance of Confidentiality: The information obtai collected with a guarantee that it will be held in stric released without the consent of the individual, or the USC 242b, 242k, and 242m(d)).	t confidence, will be used only for the purpose	s stated, and will	not otherwise be d	isclosed or
Public reporting burden of this collection of informat searching existing data sources, gathering and mai may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not re number. Send comments regarding this burden est burden to CDC, Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 C	ntaining the data needed, and completing and quired to respond to a collection of information timate or any other aspect of this collection of i	reviewing the coll unless it displays nformation, includ	lection of informati s a currently valid (ding suggestions fo	on. An agency DMB control
CDC 57.103 (Front) Rev. 11, v9.2				



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Facility Microbiology Laboratory Practices (continued)

*2. For the following organisms please indicate which methods are used for:

(1) Primary susceptibility testing and

(2) Secondary, supplemental, or confirmatory testing (if performed).

If your laboratory does not perform susceptibility testing, please indicate the methods used at the outside laboratory.

Please use the testing codes listed below the table.

Please use the testing codes listed below the table.			
Pathogen	(1) Primary	(2) Seconda	ry Comments
Staphylococcus aureus			····
Enterobacteriaceae			
1 = Kirby-Bauer disk diffusion	5.1 = MicroScan - <u>Walk</u>	<u>Away</u> 10) = E test
2 = Vitek (Legacy)	5.2 = MicroScan auto <u>S</u>		2 = Vancomycin agar screen (BHI vancomycin)
2.1 = Vitek 2	6 = Other broth micro c method	lilution 13	B = Other (describe in Comments ection)
3.1 = BD Phoenix	7 = Agar dilution metho	d	
4 = Sensititre			
*3. Has the laboratory implemented the revised cept for Enterobacteriaceae recommended by CLSI as of		actam breakpo	ints 🗌 Yes 🗌 No
*4. Has the laboratory implemented the revised carb Enterobacteriaceae recommended by CLSI as of 20	apenem breakpoints f	or	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
*5. Does the laboratory perform a test for presence of		nis does not ind	clude 🗌 Yes 🗌 No
automated testing instrument expert rules)			
If Yes, please indicate what is done if carbapenema	se production is detect	ed: (check one	2)
	•		-)
Change susceptible carbapenem results to resist			
□ Report carbapenem MIC results without an interp	pretation		
□ No changes are made in the interpretation of carl practices	papenems, the test is u	used for epider	niological or infection control
If Yes, which test is routinely performed to detect ca	rbapenemase: (check	all that apply)	
Modified Hodge Test	🗌 Carba	NP	
□ mCIM/CIM	🗌 Rapid	CARB Blue	
E test	\Box Other (specify):	
\Box Cepheid, BioFire array, Verigene®			
If Yes, does the laboratory have a policy to routinely	notify any of the follow	ving when CP-	CRE are detected?
Physician		5	····
Infection Control			



Patient Safety Component—Annual Hospital Survey			
Page 3 of 14			
Facility Microbiology Labora	tory Practices (continued)		
*6. Does the laboratory perform Gram-negative bacilli?	n colistin or polymyxin B susceptibility test	ing for drug-resistant	□ Yes □ No
	s: (check all that apply; answers listed are are recommended for use in polymyxin s		susceptibility testing
□ Vitek 2	☐ MicroScan autoSCAN	🗌 Kirby-Bauer disk	diffusion
□ BD Phoenix	\Box Other broth microdilution method	□ Accelerate Phen	0
□ Sensititre	\Box Agar dilution method	\Box Other (specify):	
🗌 MicroScan- WalkAway	E test		
laboratory serving your facility? MALDI-TOF MS System MALDI-TOF MS System Vitek-2 BD Phoenix MicroScan	(Vitek MS) (Bruker Biotyper) Kit (e.g., API 20C, RapID, Germ Tube, PN		or at the outside
8*. <i>Candida</i> isolated from whic that apply) Blood Other normally sterile be Urine Respiratory Other (specify) None are fully identified		Illy identified to the sp	ecies level? (check all
9*. What method is used for ar laboratory serving your facility?	ntifungal susceptibility testing (AFST) at yo ? (check all that apply)	our facility's laboratory	or the outside
Broth microdilution	YeastOne colorimetric microdilution	E test	\Box Vitek 2 card
Disk diffusion Continued >>	Other (specify):	-	



Form Approved
OMB No. 0920-0666
Exp. Date: xx/xx/20xx
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Page 40:14 10. Antifungal susceptibility testing is performed on fungal isolates in which of the following situations: Candida albicans: Chardia albicans: Candida glabraia:		OMB No. 0920-060 Exp. Date: xx/xx/20 www.cdc.gov/nh
Candida atbicans: Childra atbicans: Childra atbicans: Childra (specify): Candida glabrata: Childra glabrata: Candida glabrata: <		
Other (specify): Candida glabrata: Always Only when isolated from sterile sites (eg: blood, CSF, etc) Only when ordered by a clinician; Other (specify): Only when isolated from sterile sites (eg: blood, CSF, etc) Only when ordered by a clinician; It other Candida species: Only when isolated from sterile sites (eg: blood, CSF, etc) Only when ordered by a clinician; Teaclity Microbiology Laboratory Practices (continued) *11. What is the primary testing method for C. difficile used most often by your facility's laboratory or the outside laboratory where your facility's testing is performed? (check one) Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) (e.g., PCR, LAMP) NAAT positive (2-step algorithm) GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm) GUH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results Toxigenic culture (C. difficile culture followed by detection of toxins) *12. Please indicate the primary and definitive method used to identify microbes from blood cultures collected in your facility. (Setter ONE ANSWER) MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS) MALDI-TOF MS System (Witek MS) MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS) Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.) Rapid Identification (e.g., Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, OmniLog, Sherlock, etc.) 13. Please indicate any additional secondrany methods us		
Always Only when isolated from sterile sites (eg: blood, CSF, etc) Only when ordered by a clinician; Other (specify):	Other (specify):	nician; 🗌
Other (specify): All other Candida species: Alw and ther Candida species: Other (specify): Facility Microbiology Laboratory Practices (continued) *11. What is the primary testing method for C. difficite used most often by your facility's laboratory or the outside laboratory where your facility's testing is performed? (check one) Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) (e.g., PCR, LAMP) NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm) GIU anate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-step algorithm) GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm) GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results Toxigenic culture (C. difficile culture followed by detection of toxins) *12. Please indicate the primary and definitive method used to identify microbes from blood cultures collected in your facility. (SELECT ONE ANSWER) MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS) MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, OmniLog, Sherlock, etc.) Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.) Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.) L6S rRNA Sequencing *13. Please indicate any additional secondary methods used for microbe identification from blood cultures collected in your facility (e.g., a rapid method	Candida glabrata:	
Always Only when isolated from sterile sites (eg: blood, CSF, etc) Only when ordered by a clinician; Other (specify):	Other (specify):	nician; 🗌
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your facility (e.g., a rapid method that is confirmed with the primary method, a secondary method if the primary method fails to give an identification, or a method that is used in conjunction with the primary method). (SELECT ALL THAT APPLY) MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS) MALDI-TOF MS System (Bruker Biotyper) Automated Instrument (e.g., Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, OmniLog, Sherlock, etc.) Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.) Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.)	□16S rRNA Sequencing	
 MALDI-TOF MS System (Bruker Biotyper) Automated Instrument (e.g., Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, OmniLog, Sherlock, etc.) Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.) Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.) 	your facility (e.g., a rapid method that is confirmed with the primary method, a secondary method if the prin fails to give an identification, or a method that is used in conjunction with the primary method). (SELECT	mary method
 Automated Instrument (e.g., Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, OmniLog, Sherlock, etc.) Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.) Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.) 	MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS)	
□ Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.) □_Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.)	MALDI-TOF MS System (Bruker Biotyper)	
□_Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.)	Automated Instrument (e.g., Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, OmniLog, Sherlock, etc.)	
	🗆 Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.)	
16S rRNA Sequencing	□_Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.)	
	16S rRNA Sequencing	



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Infection Control Practices
(completed with input from Hospital Epidemiologist and/or Quality Improvement Coordinator)
*14. Number or fraction of infection preventionists (IPs) in facility:
a. Total hours per week performing surveillance:
b. Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance:
*15. Number or fraction of full-time employees (FTEs) for a designated hospital epidemiologist (or equivalent role) affiliated with your facility:
Infection Control Practices
(completed with input from Hospital Epidemiologist and/or Quality Improvement Coordinator)
*16. Is it a policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with MRSA are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check one)
\Box Yes, all infected or colonized patients
\Box Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
If Yes, please check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while I your facility (check one):
\Box All infected or colonized patients
□ Only all infected patients
\Box Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
\Box Patients admitted to high risk settings
Patients at high risk for transmission
*17. Is it a policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with VRE are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check one)
\Box Yes, all infected or colonized patients
\Box Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
If Yes, please check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while I your facility (check one):
□ All infected or colonized patients
□ Only all infected patients
\Box Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
\square Patients admitted to high risk settings
\Box Patients at high risk for transmission



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*18. Is it a policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with CRE (regardless of confirmatory testing for carbapenemase production) are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check one)
\Box Yes, all infected or colonized patients
\square Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
If Yes, please check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while I your facility (check one):
\Box All infected or colonized patients
\Box Only all infected patients
\Box Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
\Box Patients admitted to high risk settings
\Box Patients at high risk for transmission
*19. Is it a policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with suspected or confirmed ESBL-producing or extended spectrum cephalosporin resistant Enterobacteriaceae are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check one)
\Box Yes, all infected or colonized patients
\square Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
If Yes, please check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while I your facility (check one):
\Box All infected or colonized patients
\Box Only all infected patients
\square Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
\Box Patients admitted to high risk settings
\Box Patients at high risk for transmission
Infection Control Practices
(completed with input from Hospital Epidemiologist and/or Quality Improvement Coordinator)
*20. Does the facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for CRE?
If Yes I which cituations does the facility routingly perform correspond testing for CDE2 (check all that apply)
If Yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for CRE? (check all that apply)
U Surveillance testing at admission for all patients
U Surveillance testing of epidemiologically-linked patients of newly identified CRE patients (e.g., roommates)
Surveillance testing at admission of high-risk patients (e.g., admitted from LTAC or LTCF)
\Box Surveillance testing at admission of patients admitted to high-risk settings (e.g. ICU)
□ Other (please specify):



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*21. Does the facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for MRSA for any patients admitted to non-NICU settings?	□ Yes	□ No
If yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for MRSA_for (check all that apply)	r non-NICU	settings?
\Box Surveillance testing at admission for all patients		
\Box Surveillance testing at admission of high-risk patients (e.g., admitted from LTAC or L	TCF)	
\square Surveillance testing at admission of patients admitted to high-risk settings (e.g. ICU)		
\square Surveillance testing of pre-operative patients to prevent surgical site infections		
□ Other (please specify):		
*22.Does the facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for MRSA for any patients admitted to -NICU settings?		
If yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for MRSA for all that apply)	NICU sett	ings? (check
\Box Surveillance testing at admission for all transferred patients		
\square Surveillance testing of patients from known MRSA positive mothers		
\Box Surveillance testing of high-risk patients (e.g. infants born premature)		
\Box Routine active surveillance testing (i.e., point prevalence surveys)		
□ Other (please specify):		
*23. Does the facility routinely use chlorhexidine bathing on any patient to prevent infection or transmission of MDROs at your facility? (Note: this does not include the use of such bathing in pre-operative patients to prevent SSIs)	□ Yes	□ No
*24. Does the facility routinely use a combination of topical chlorhexidine <u>AND</u> intranasal mupirocin (or equivalent agent) on any patients to prevent infection or transmission of MRSA at your facility? (Note: this does not include the use of these agents in pre-operative surgical patients or dialysis patients)	□ Yes	🗆 No
Facility Neonatal Patient Care Practices and Neonatal Admission Information		
(To be completed with input from the NICU Medical Director, Lead Neonatal Physician, Manager, and/or Lead Neonatal Nurse Practitioner)*	Neonatal N	lurse
*25. Was this section completed in collaboration with your facility's neonatal patient care team from at least one of the following neonatal patient care team members: NICU Medical Director, Physician, Neonatal Nurse Manager, Lead Neonatal Nurse Practitioner)?		
□ Yes		
\Box N/A, my facility does not provide neonatal patient care services		
If N/A was selected in question 25 above, questions 26-30 below do not apply to your fac skipped. If your facility does care for neonates (at any level), please complete questions		hould be



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Questions should be answered based on the policies and practices that were in place for the m calendar year.	ajority of th	ne last full
*26. Excluding Level I units (well newborn nurseries), record the number of neonatal admission Nurseries (Level II) and Intensive Care Units (Level II/III, Level III, Level IV):	s to Specia	al Care
a. Inborn Admissions:		
b. Outborn Admissions:		
	<i>"</i>	
*27. Excluding Level I units (well newborn nurseries), record the number of neonatal admission outborn) to Special Care (Level II) and Intensive Care (Level II/III, Level III, Level IV) in each of categories:		
a. Less than or equal to 750 grams:		
b. 751-1000 grams:		
c. 1001-1500 grams:		
d. 1501-2500 grams:		
e. More than 2500 grams:		
*28. Does your facility provide Level III (or higher) neonatal intensive care as defined by the American Academy of Pediatrics (e.g. capable of providing sustained life support, comprehensive care for infants born <32 weeks gestation and weighing <1500 grams, a full range of respiratory support that may include conventional and/or high-frequency ventilation)?	□ Yes	□ No
*29 Does your facility accept neonates as transfers for any of the following procedures: Omphalocele repair; ventriculoperitoneal shunt; tracheoesophageal fistula (TEF)/esophageal atresia repair; bowel resection/reanastomosis; meningomyelocele repair; cardiac catheterization.	□ Yes	□ No
*30. If your facility administers antimicrobials (oral or parenteral) to newborns residing in their m NHSN location(s) is the baby mapped? (Select all that apply)	other's roc	om, to which
\Box N/A, my facility requires that newborns be transferred to a higher level of care (i.e. special neonatal intensive care unit) in order for antimicrobials to be administered	l care nurs	ery or
Level I neonatal unit (well newborn nursery)		
igsquirin Labor and Delivery Ward, Postpartum Ward, or Labor, Delivery, Recovery, Postpartum S	uite	
Antibiotic Stewardship Practices		
(completed with input from Physician and Pharmacist Stewardship Champions)		
31*. Our facility has a formal statement of support for antibiotic stewardship (e.g., a written policy or statement approved by the board).	□ Yes	🗆 No
32*. Facility leadership has demonstrated a commitment to antibiotic stewardship efforts by: (C	heck all the	at apply.)
☐ Communicating to staff about stewardship activities, via email, newsletters, events, or oth		
Providing opportunities for staff training and development on antibiotic stewardship.		
Allocating information technology resources to support antibiotic stewardship efforts.		
□ None of the above		
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National Healthcare Safety Network

 33*. Our facility has a committee responsible for antibiotic stewardship. If Yes, membership in our facility's antibiotic stewardship committee includes: (Check all that a Non-infectious diseases trained prescriber(s) Infectious disease physician(s) Pharmacist(s) Nurse(s) Infection preventionist(s) Microbiologist(s) Information technologist(s) A patient representative None of the Above 	☐ Yes apply.)	□ No
 34*. Our facility has a leader (or co-leaders) responsible for antibiotic stewardship outcomes. If Yes, what is the position of this leader? (Check one.) Physician Pharmacist Co-led by both Pharmacist and Physician Other (please specify):	□ Yes	□ No
If Physician or Co-led is selected, which of the following describes your antibiotic stewardship (Check all that apply.) Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description Is physically on-site in your facility (either part-time or full-time) Completed an ID fellowship Completed a certificate program or other coursework None of the above	physician	leader?
If Pharmacist or Co-led is selected, which of the following describes your antibiotic stewardsh leader? (Check all that apply.) Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description Is physically on-site in your facility (either part-time or full-time) Completed a PGY2 ID residency and/or ID fellowship Completed a certificate program or other coursework None of the above	nip pharma a	cist
If Physician or Other, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	□ Yes	🗆 No



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35*. Our facility has a policy or formal procedure for: (Check all that apply.)
Required documentation of indication for antibiotic orders.
If selected: Our stewardship team monitors adherence to the policy or formal procedure for required documentation of indication for all antibiotic orders.
Required documentation of duration for antibiotic orders.
The treating team to review antibiotics 48-72 hours after initial order (i.e., antibiotic time-out).
☐ The stewardship team to review courses of therapy for specific antibiotic agents and provide real-time feedback and recommendations to the treating team (i.e., prospective audit and feedback).
If selected: For which categories of antimicrobials? (Check all that apply.)
Cefepime, ceftizidime, or piperacillin/tazobactam
Ertapenem, imipenem/cilastatin, or meropenem
Ceftazidime/avibactam, ceftolozane/tazobactam, meropenem/vaborbactam, or other recently FDA- approved beta-lactam/beta-lactamase inhibitors
Colistin or polymyxin B
Quinolones
□□ Vancomycin
Daptomycin, linezolid, or other anti-MRSA agents
□□ Anidulafungin, caspofungin, or micafungin
III Isavuconazole, posaconazole, or voriconazole
Amphotericin B and/or lipid-based amphotericin B
□□ None of the above
Required authorization by the stewardship team before restricted antibiotics on the formulary can be dispensed (i.e., prior authorization).
If selected: For which categories of antimicrobials? (Check all that apply.)
Cefepime, ceftizidime, or piperacillin/tazobactam
Ertapenem, imipenem/cilastatin, or meropenem
Ceftazidime/avibactam, ceftolozane/tazobactam, meropenem/vaborbactam, or other recently FDA- approved beta-lactam/beta-lactamase inhibitors



- Colistin or polymyxin B
- Quinolones
- □ Vancomycin
- Daptomycin, linezolid, or other anti-MRSA agents
- Anidulafungin, caspofungin, or micafungin
- I savuconazole, posaconazole, or voriconazole
- Amphotericin B and/or lipid-based amphotericin B
- □ None of the above

□ None of the above

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36*. Providers have access to facility- or region-specific treatment guidelines or recommendations for commonly encountered infections.	□ Yes	□ No
If Yes: Our stewardship team monitors adherence to facility- or region-specific treatment guidelines or recommendations for commonly encountered infections.	□ Yes	🗆 No
37*. Our facility targets select diagnoses for active interventions to optimize antibiotic use (e.g., intervening on duration of therapy for patients with community-acquired pneumonia according to clinical response).	□ Yes	🗆 No
38*. Our stewardship team monitors: (Check all that apply.)		
Antibiotic resistance patterns (either facility- or region-specific)		
Clostridioides difficile		
Antibiotic use in days of therapy (DOT) per 1000 patient days or days present, at least qu	uarterly	
Antibiotic use in defined daily doses (DDD) per 1000 patient days, at least quarterly		
Antibiotic expenditures (i.e., purchasing costs), at least quarterly		
Antibiotic use in some other way (please specify):		
□ None of the above		
If antibiotic use in DOT, DDD, or some other way is selected: Our stewardship team provides individual-, unit-, or service-specific reports on antibiotic use to prescribers, at least annually.	□ Yes	□ No
If Yes is selected: Our stewardship team uses individual-, unit-, or service-specific antibiotic use reports to target feedback to prescribers about how they can improve 57.103(Back), Rev11, v9.2	□ Yes	□ No



their antibiotic prescribing, at least annually.

39*. Our stewardship team provides the following updates or reports, at least annually: (Check all that apply.)

Updates to facility leadership on antibiotic use and stewardship efforts.

Outcomes for antibiotic stewardship interventions to staff.

□ None of the above

40*. Which of the following groups receive education on appropriate antibiotic use at least annually? (Check all that apply.)

- Prescribers
- Nursing staff
- Pharmacists
- □ None of the above

Optional Antibiotic Stewardship Practices Questions

Responses to the following questions are not required to complete the annual survey.

Please provide additional information about your facility's antibiotic stewardship activities and leadership.

41. Antibiotic stewardship activities are integrated into quality improvement and/or		
patient safety initiatives.	🗌 Yes	

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42. Our facility accesses targeted remote stewardship expertise (e.g., tele- stewardship) to obtain facility-specific support for our antibiotic stewardship efforts.	🗆 Yes 🗌 No	
43. Our facility has a clinical decision support tool embedded in the electronic health record for antibiotic use or stewardship interventions available to prescribers.	□ Yes □ No	
44. Our stewardship team works with the microbiology laboratory to inform cascade and/or selective reporting protocols for isolate susceptibilities.	Not applicable, our facility does not use cascade and/or selective reporting	
45. Our stewardship team monitors compliance with appropriate surgical prophylaxis.	🗆 Yes 🗌 No	



46. If you selected 'Yes' to question 34 (your facility has a leader (or co-leaders) responsible for antibiotic stewardship outcomes): Which committees or leadership entities provide oversight of your facility's antibiotic stewardship efforts? (Check all that apply.)

- Pharmacy director
- Pharmacy & therapeutics
- Patient safety
- Quality improvement
- Executive leadership (e.g., CEO, CMO)
- Board of directors
- Other (please specify):

None

47. If you selected 'Physician' or 'Co-led...' (your facility's leader (or co-leader) responsible for antibiotic stewardship outcomes is a Physician): On average, what percent time does the **physician** (co) leader dedicate to antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one.)

□ 1-25%

26-50%

□ 51-75%

76-100%

48. If you selected 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led...' (your facility's leader (or co-leader) responsible for antibiotic stewardship outcomes is a Pharmacist): On average, what percent time does the **pharmacist** (co) leader dedicate to antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one.)

[] 1-25%

26-50%

□ 51-75%

[] 76-100%

49. If you selected that the physician (co) leader has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description: What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the **physician** (co) leader's contract or job description? (Check one.)

0 1-25%



- 26-50%
- □ 51-75%
- [] 76-100%
- Not specified

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50. If you selected that the pharmacist (co) leader has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description: What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the **pharmacist** (co) leader's contract or job description? (Check one.)

26-50%

□ 51-75%

□ 76-100%

Not specified

Water Management Program (prevent legionella)

(*Optional section. Responses to the following questions are not required to complete the annual survey.
Completed with input from facility water management team.)

51. Have you performed an assessment of the water systems in your facility to identify areas of risk for growth and transmission of Legionella and other opportunistic waterborne pathogens? (e.g. pseudomonas, acinetobacter, burkholderia, and nontuberculous mycobacteria)	□ Yes	□ No
If Yes, when? (Check one)		

 $\Box \leq 1$ year ago $\Box \geq 1-3$ years ago

 $\square \ge 3$ years ago \square Other (please specify):

52. Has your hospital established a team specifically for the purpose of developing		
and implementing a water management program to prevent the growth and	🗌 Yes	🗌 No
transmission of Legionella and other waterborne pathogens?		



If Yes, who is represented on the team? (Check all that apply)			
☐ Hospital Epidemiologist/ Infection Preventionist	Compliance Officer		
□ Hospital Administrator	□ Risk/Quality Management Staff		
□ Facilities Manager/ Engineer	□ Infectious Disease Clinician		
53. Do you regularly monitor the following parameters in your building's	water system? (Check all	that apply)	
Disinfectant (such as residual chlorine):		□ Yes	🗆 No
If Yes, do you have a plan for corrective actions when the follo parameters are not within acceptable limits as determined by your wate management program?		□ Yes	🗆 No
Temperature:		□ Yes	🗆 No
If Yes, do you have a plan for corrective actions when the follo parameters are not within acceptable limits as determined by your wate management program?		□ Yes	🗌 No
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(Question 53 continued.)			
If Yes, do you have a plan for corrective actions when the follo parameters are not within acceptable limits as determined by your wate management program?		□ Yes	🗆 No
Specific tests for Legionella:		🗌 Yes	🗌 No
If Yes, do you have a plan for corrective actions when the follo parameters are not within acceptable limits as determined by your wate management program?		🗌 Yes	🗆 No