**Supporting Statement - Part A**

**Hospice Information for Medicare Part D Plans**

**CMS-10538, OMB 0938-1269**

**Background**

The Social Security Act in section 1861(dd) and Federal regulations in 42 CFR §418.106 and § 418.202(f) require hospice programs to provide individuals under hospice care with drugs and biologicals related to the palliation and management of the terminal illness as defined in the hospice plan of care. Medicare payment is made to the hospice for each day an eligible beneficiary is under the hospice’s care, regardless of the amount of services provided on any given day. Because hospice care is a Medicare Part A benefit, drugs provided by the hospice and covered under the Medicare payment to the hospice program are not covered under Part D.

For prescription drugs to be covered under Part D when the enrollee has elected hospice, the drug must be for treatment of a condition that is completely unrelated to the terminal illness and/or related conditions. The DHHS Office of the Inspector General (OIG) released a report in June 2012 identifying situations in which Medicare may be paying twice for prescription drugs for hospice beneficiaries, who in turn could also be paying unnecessary co-payments for prescription drugs. CMS has issued numerous guidance documents to the industry expressing concern that Part D sponsors may be paying for drugs that should be the responsibility of the Medicare hospice provider. In the latest guidance released on July 18, 2014, CMS encouraged sponsors to place beneficiary-level prior authorization (PA) requirements on the following four categories of prescription drugs identified by the OIG as typically used to treat the common symptoms generally experienced during the end of life: analgesics, antinauseants (antiemetics), laxatives, and antianxiety drugs (anxiolytics).

This is a reinstatement of the existing form. We are revising only the beneficiary’s Medicare Identifier number to accommodate the change from the Health Insurance Claim Number (HICN) which is based on the Social Security Number (SSN), to the Medicare Beneficiary Identifier (MBI). This is being done to a statutory mandate to remove the social security number derivative from the beneficiary’s card.

**A. Justification**

1. Need and Legal Basis

In response to the CMS request for comment on the guidance issued December 6, 2013, many industry commenters recommended that we require the use of a standard PA form to facilitate coordination between Part D sponsors, hospices and prescribers. The industry in conjunction with the National Council for Prescription Drug Programs, (NCPDP) has developed a standard form that with minor modifications will meet the program needs. CMS encourages use of this form and will likely propose requiring its use in future rulemaking.

We are revising the form because the Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act (MACRA) of 2015, requires the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) to remove SSNs from all Medicare cards by April 2019. A new MBI will replace the SSN-based HICN on the new Medicare cards for Medicare transactions, like billing, eligibility status, and claim status. Therefore health plans will be moving to use of the MBI on all forms and materials.

2. Information Users

The form would be completed by the prescriber or the beneficiary’s hospice, or if the prescriber or hospice provides the information verbally to the Part D sponsor, the form would be completed by the sponsor. Information provided on the form would be used by the Part D sponsor to establish coverage of the drug under Medicare Part D. Per statute, drugs that are necessary for the palliation and management of the terminal illness and related conditions are not eligible for payment under Part D. The standard form provides a vehicle for the hospice provider, prescriber or sponsor to document that the drug prescribed is “unrelated” to the terminal illness and related conditions. It also gives a hospice organization the option to communicate a beneficiary’s change in hospice status and/care plan to Part D sponsors.

3. Use of Information Technology

This collection is not currently available for completion electronically. However, Part D sponsors are encouraged to incorporate these data into electronic health records, bi-directional digital communications with providers, and other aspects of national health information technology.

4. Duplication of Efforts

This is not a duplication of effort and the information cannot be obtained from any other source.

5. Small Businesses

The Small Business Administration (SBA) defines a small business in the service sector, as having revenues of less than $7.0 million to $34.5 million in any 1 year, or being nonprofit organizations. While the SBA does not define a size threshold in terms of annual revenues for hospices, it does define one for home health agencies ($14 million; see <http://www.sba.gov/content/small-business-size-standards>). For the purposes of this PRA, because the hospice benefit is a home-based benefit, we are applying the SBA definition of “small” for home health agencies to hospices, and use this definition of “small” in determining if this information collection tool (IC) has a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities (for example, hospices). We estimate that 95 percent of hospices have Medicare revenues below $14 million or are nonprofit organizations and therefore are considered small entities.

HHS’s practice is to consider effects economically “significant” only if they reach a threshold of 3 to 5 percent or more of total revenue or total costs. The estimated impact of this IC is below that threshold; therefore, we estimate that it will generally not impose a significant impact on small businesses and other small organizational entities.

Part D sponsors must possess an insurance license and be able to accept risk. Generally, State statutory licensure requirements effectively prevent small organizations from accepting the level of risk needed to provide the pharmacy benefits required in the Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program. Thus, Part D prescription benefit plan sponsors are not small businesses.

6. Less Frequent Collection

The form would not affect the timing of information collected rather it would provide a standard instrument for collection of the data required.

7. Special Circumstances

There are no special circumstances that would require an information collection to be conducted in a manner that requires respondents to:

* Report information to the agency more often than quarterly;
* Prepare a written response to a collection of information in fewer than 30 days after receipt of it;
* Submit more than an original and two copies of any document;
* Retain records, other than health, medical, government contract, grant-in-aid, or tax records for more than three years;
* Collect data in connection with a statistical survey that is not designed to produce valid and reliable results that can be generalized to the universe of study,
* Use a statistical data classification that has not been reviewed and approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB);
* Include a pledge of confidentiality that is not supported by authority established in statute or regulation that is not supported by disclosure and data security policies that are consistent with the pledge, or which unnecessarily impedes sharing of data with other agencies for compatible confidential use; or
* Submit proprietary trade secret, or other confidential information unless the agency can demonstrate that it has instituted procedures to protect the information's confidentiality to the extent permitted by law.

8. Federal Register/Outside Consultation

The 60-day notice published in the Federal Register on March 27, 2018 (83 FR 13130). We did not receive any comments.

The 30-day notice published in the Federal Register on June 8, 2018 (83 FR 26691). We did not receive any comments.

9. Payments/Gifts to Respondents

Not applicable.

10. Confidentiality

Part D sponsors, healthcare providers, and hospice providers are subject to Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) privacy and security requirements.

11. Sensitive Questions

The discussion of sensitive issues is inherent in the delivery of health care and interactions between patients and their healthcare providers. For example, this form may include certain medications and conditions that are considered “sensitive,” such as mental health disease or HIV/AIDS. These interactions and the use of the standardized format are subject to HIPAA privacy and security requirements.

12. Burden Estimates (Hours & Wages)

*Wage Estimates*

To derive average costs, we used data from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics’ May 2017 National Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates for all salary estimates (<http://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes_nat.htm>). In this regard, the following table presents the median hourly wage, the cost of fringe benefits (calculated at 100 percent of salary), and the adjusted hourly wage.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Occupation Title | Occupation Code | Mean Hourly Wage | Fringe Benefit (at 100%) | Adjusted Hourly Wage |
| Pharmacy Technicians | 29-2052 | $15.90/hr | $15.90/hr | $31.80/hr |
| Registered Nurses | 29-1141 | $35.36/hr | $35.36/hr | $70.72/hr |

*Burden Estimates*

The following assumptions are used to project the burden associated with this standardized form:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **# of Part D Parent Organizations** | **424 (respondents)** |
| Gross covered drug costs under Part D for beneficiaries in hospice, CY 2012 | $417.9 million |
| # paid Part D claims for beneficiaries in hospice, CY 2012 | 7.2 million |
| # beneficiaries in hospice with paid Part D claims during the election period | 478,647 |
| # of hospice elections for beneficiaries who were on the any of the four categories of drugs identified above (281,764 analgesics; 72,860 antiemetics; 45,452 laxatives; and 59,934 anti-anxiety drugs) | 152,632 |
| **Estimate of number of PAs required (initial fills of drugs in four categories)** | **376,487 (responses)** |
| Hourly rate of a pharmacy technician | $31.80/hr |
| # of Medicare-participating hospices, CY 2012 | 3,897 |
| # of Medicare-billing hospices, CY 2012 claims | 3,727 |
| Hourly rate of a registered nurse | $70.72/hr |

We estimate 478,647 unique prescriptions were paid under the Part D benefit for beneficiaries in hospice elections in CY 2012. Of those prescriptions, **376,487** would require prior authorization because they would be for initial fills for drugs in the four categories for which prior authorization is suggested. To identify unique prescriptions, we used the first 9 digits of the 11-digit NDC code on each Part D record (the first 5 digits is the FDA “labeler” code of the drug’s manufacturer and the next 4 digits are the “product” code for the drug, the last 2 digits are the “package” code giving the package form or the size of the package).

The form would be used only after a beneficiary has elected hospice and when a drug as prescribed is unrelated to the beneficiary’s terminal illness and related conditions. The form may be completed by a hospice nurse or the prescriber when providing written information to the Part D sponsor prior to a claim being submitted, after a claim has rejected due to a hospice PA reject, but prior to the submission of a coverage determination request, or in response to a coverage determination request. When this information is provided verbally, the Part D sponsor would complete the form to document the basis for the coverage of the drug under Part D.

We estimate that two-thirds of the forms (**248,481 forms** = 376,487 x 0.666) would be completed by a hospice nurse or a nurse in the prescriber’s office and the remaining **128,006 forms** (376,487 – 248,481) would be completed by the Part D sponsor’s pharmacy technician.

We further estimate that the hospice or prescriber nurse would require 5 minutes per prescription to complete the form. For hospices and prescribers we estimate a total burden of **20,707 hours** (248,481 forms x 5 min/60) at a cost of **$1,464,399** (20,707 hr x $70.72/hr).

We also estimate that the pharmacy technicians who staff each Part D sponsor’s pharmacy help desk to coordinate with hospice providers in satisfying the sponsor’s PA requirements would require 5 minutes per prescription to complete the remaining third of the forms. This means that the pharmacy technician would receive the information verbally from the hospice or prescriber for 128,006 forms. The total time for form completion by the sponsors’ pharmacy technicians is estimated to be **10,667 hours** (128,006 forms x 5 min/60) at a cost of **$339,211** (10,667 hr x $31.80/hr).

In aggregate we estimate an annual burden of **31,374 hours** (20,707 hr + 10,667 hr) at a cost of **$1,803,610** ($1,464,399 + $339,211).

13. Capital Costs

There are no capital costs associated with the standardized format.

14. Cost to Federal Government

There are no additional costs to the Federal Government associated with use of the standardized format. CMS will not collect the completed forms.

15. Changes to Burden

With regard to the form, we are revising only the beneficiary’s Medicare Identifier number to accommodate the change from the Health Insurance Claim Number (HICN) which is based on the Social Security Number (SSN), to the Medicare Beneficiary Identifier (MBI). This is being done to a statutory mandate to remove the social security number derivative from the beneficiary’s card.

Our burden estimates remain unchanged with the exception of adjusting costs based on the most recent BLS wage information.

16. Publication/Tabulation Dates

Not applicable.

17. Expiration Date

The expiration date is displayed within the PRA Disclosure Statement

18. Certification Statement

No deviations.

**B. Collections of Information Employing Statistical Methods**

This form is neither a survey nor questionnaire for statistical analysis. Rather, the form can be used by Part D sponsors to collect beneficiary-specific drug information so that a determination can be made as to whether the drugs are eligible for coverage under Part D.