

SUPPORTING STATEMENT

CLAIM FOR MEDICAL REIMBURSEMENT 1240-0007 (OWCP-915)

This Information Collection Request revises the currently approved ICR to incorporate regulatory updates implementing the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA), 42 U.S.C. 7384 *et seq.*

A. Justification

1. Explain the circumstances that make the collection of information necessary. Identify any legal or administrative requirements that necessitate the collections. Attach a copy of the appropriate section of each statute and of each regulation mandating or authorizing the collection of information.

The Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (OWCP) administers the Federal Employees' Compensation Act (FECA), 5 U.S.C. 8101 *et seq.*, the Black Lung Benefits Act (BLBA), 30 U.S.C. 901 *et seq.*, and the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA), 42 U.S.C. 7384 *et seq.* All three statutes require OWCP to pay for covered medical treatment that is provided to beneficiaries, and also to reimburse beneficiaries for any out-of-pocket covered medical expenses they have paid. Form OWCP-915, Claim for Medical Reimbursement, is used for this purpose and collects the necessary beneficiary and medical provider data in a standard format. Beneficiaries must also attach billing information prepared by the medical provider (Form OWCP-1500 for professional medical services, Form OWCP-04 for institutional providers and hospitals, or a paper bill for prescription drugs dispensed by a pharmacy) and proof of payment by the beneficiary. The hour and cost burdens to collect the billing information from medical providers in the required attachments to Form OWCP-915 are accounted for in OMB Nos. 1240-0019, 1240-0044, and 1240-0050. This is the same billing information a medical provider reports when it bills OWCP directly. Regulations implementing the FECA, BLBA and EEOICPA programs require the collection of information that is needed to determine if reimbursement claims submitted by beneficiaries can be paid. (20 CFR 10.802, 30.702, 725.701 and 725.716).

2. Indicate how, by whom, and for what purpose the information is to be used. Except for a new collection, indicate the actual

use the agency has made of the information received from the current collection.

All claims for reimbursement undergo automated scanning upon receipt at OWCP's Central Mail Facility. Because Form OWCP-915 presents the required information in a standard format, scanning allows claims that meet payment criteria to be paid very quickly, ensuring timely reimbursement payments to beneficiaries. When a beneficiary pays for services out of his or her own pocket, OWCP needs to collect basic information about the beneficiary and the amount paid, and also needs to process the actual bills that have been paid. To accomplish this, OWCP's medical billing contractor evaluates the billing data elements that are approved in OMB Nos. 1240-0019, 1240-0044, and 1240-0050. If all the data requested on Form OWCP-915 is not collected, OWCP's contractor cannot process the attached medical bills properly and either pay or deny the reimbursement claim in a timely manner.

3. Describe whether, and to what extent, the collection of information involves the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g. permitting electronic submission of responses, and the basis for the decision for adopting this means of collection. Also describe any consideration of using information technology to reduce burden.

Form OWCP-915 is currently posted on the Internet at <http://www.dol.gov/owcp/dfec/regs/compliance/OWCP-915.pdf>. All reimbursement claims are received at one location, scanned, and undergo an automated review that utilizes a comprehensive set of tables to compare the services rendered with treatment suites for the medical condition(s) accepted by the pertinent program. OWCP is working to expand its ability to accept electronic bills, but because Form OWCP-915 requires attachments (bills prepared by the medical provider and paper proof of payment made by the beneficiary), submission of this information electronically is not feasible. However, use of a standard claim form keeps the paperwork burden on the public to a minimum by nearly eliminating the need to ask for required information that wasn't submitted with the original reimbursement claim.

4. Describe efforts to identify duplication. Show specifically why any similar information already available cannot be used or modified for use for the purposes described in Item 2 above.

The information collected on this form is not duplicative of any information available elsewhere. The beneficiary is the only source of the information that he or she paid for these out-of-pocket expenditures.

5. If the collection information impacts small businesses or other small entities, describe any methods used to minimize burden.

This information collection has been streamlined to obtain the minimum information needed for OWCP's bill processing system while imposing the minimum burden on respondents. The required attachments to Form OWCP-915 do not impose additional burdens on small businesses or other small entities since providing billing information to the beneficiary at the time payment is requested is part of a medical provider's usual business practices.

6. Describe the consequence of Federal program or policy activities if the collection is not conducted or is conducted less frequently, as well as any technical or legal obstacles to reducing burden.

Please refer to Nos. 1 and 2 on page 1. The information required from medical providers is the minimum needed to meet the bill processing needs of the three programs and is collected with widely recognized standard billing formats. Reimbursement claims for medical services provided to and paid for by beneficiaries cannot be processed by OWCP's medical bill contractor without the information collected. Frequency of data collection is based on how often the beneficiary claims reimbursement. Because Form OWCP-915 lends itself to multiple visits or services, the number of times a respondent files the form will vary with the number of times during any period that the respondent decides to submit a reimbursement claim. Less frequent collection of this data would result in delayed reimbursement payments to beneficiaries.

7. Explain any special circumstances required in the conduct of this information collection.

There are no special circumstances for the collection of this information.

8. If applicable, provide a copy and identify the date and page number of publication in the Federal Register of the agency's notice, required by 5 CFR 1320.8 (d), soliciting comments on the information collection prior to submission to OMB. Summarize

public comments received in response to that notice and describe actions taken by the agency in response to these comments.

OWCP published a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) that involved Form OWCP-915 in the Federal Register on November 18, 2015 and sought comments. No comments on the Form OWCP-915 were received.

9. Explain any decision to provide any payment or gift to respondents, other than remuneration of contractors or grantees.

There are no payments or gifts made to respondents.

10. Describe any assurance of confidentiality provided to respondents and the basis for the assurance in statute, regulations, or agency policy.

All reimbursement requests that are submitted to OWCP are fully protected by the Privacy Act in the following systems of records: DOL/GOVT-1 (FECA), 81 FR 25776 (Apr. 29, 2016); DOL/OWCP-2 (BLBA), 81 FR 25858 (Apr. 29, 2016); and DOL/OWCP-11 (EEOICPA), 81 FR 25868 (Apr. 29, 2016). A Privacy Act Statement is included on the form.

11. Provide additional justification for any questions of a sensitive nature, such as sexual behavior and attitudes, religious beliefs, and other matters that are commonly considered private. This justification should include the reasons why the agency considers the questions necessary; the specific uses to be made of the information, the explanation to be given to persons from whom the information is requested, and any steps to be taken to obtain their consent.

There are no questions of a sensitive nature on the Form OWCP-915.

12. Provide estimates of the hour burden of the collection of information. The statement should:

- **Indicate the number of respondents, frequency of response, annual hour burden, and an explanation of how the burden was estimated. Unless directed to do so, agencies should not make special surveys to obtain information on which to base burden estimates. Consultation with a sample of potential respondents is desirable. If the burden on respondents is expected to**

vary widely because of differences in activity, size, or complexity, show the range of estimated burden and explain the reason for the variance. Generally, estimates should not include burden hours for customary and usual business practices. Provide estimates of the hour burden of the collection of information.

The following burden estimates for the three programs have been derived by averaging data for FY2015 through FY2017:

FECA: Approximately 8,655 respondents submit a claim for reimbursement for a total number of responses of 24,189 for the FECA program. It is estimated that each Form OWCP-915 claiming reimbursement takes about 10 minutes for the beneficiary to prepare, which results in an annual hour burden of 4,015 hours (24,189 responses x 0.166 = 4,015 hours).

BLBA: Approximately 24 respondents submit a reimbursement claim, for a total number of responses of 88 for the BLBA program. It is estimated that each Form OWCP-915 claiming reimbursement takes about 10 minutes for the beneficiary to prepare, which results in an annual hour burden of 15 hours (88 responses x 0.166 = 15 hours).

EEOICPA: About 1,581 respondents submit a reimbursement claim for a total number of responses of 10,287 for the EEOICPA program. It is estimated that each Form OWCP-915 claiming reimbursement takes about 10 minutes for the beneficiary to prepare, for an annual hour burden of 1,708 hours (10,287 responses x 0.166 = 1,708).

Combining the burden hours for all three programs, Form OWCP-915 has a total respondent annual burden hour estimate of 5,738 hours (4,015 + 15 + 1,708 hours = 5,738). The specific wage category of beneficiaries who provide this information is not documented in OWCP's bill processing system. Therefore, using the current national average wage rate (based on Bureau of Labor Statistics data <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.t01.htm>) of \$23.23 per hour, the respondent annualized cost estimate for this collection is \$133,294 (5,738 X 23.23 = 133,294).

13. Annual Costs to Respondents (capital/start-up & operation and maintenance).

There are no recordkeeping or collection costs associated with the beneficiary information collected on Form OWCP-915. The only operation and maintenance cost is for postage. An estimated annual total of 34,564 mailed responses at \$1.72 per response (\$1.57 in postage for 4 ounces to accommodate attachments + \$.15 for large size envelope) = annual operation and maintenance costs of \$59,450.

14. Provide estimates of annualized cost to the Federal government.

The estimated costs to the Federal government for collecting the information on Form OWCP-915 are set out below:

Printing costs: OWCP estimates that it will print 100,000 OWCP-915 forms yearly at a cost of \$2,400 per each fifty thousand forms. Therefore, printing costs for the OWCP-915 will amount to \$4,800 per year.

Mailing/Developmental costs: Beneficiaries seeking reimbursement for out-of-pocket medical expenses under FECA, BLBA and EEOICPA may download copies of Form OWCP-915 from the Internet. The form is also included in the packet of materials that OWCP mails to a beneficiary when it accepts the beneficiary's claim under one of the programs and for that reason, no additional mailing costs for the form are normally incurred. There are also no developmental costs associated with this collection of information.

FECA: Under OWCP's contractor medical bill processing system, the contractor cost to process one Form OWCP-915 is \$4.34. Therefore, the contractor cost to process 24,189 forms for the FECA program will be \$104,980 (24,189 forms x \$4.34/form = \$104,980).

Reimbursement claims that suspend out of the contractor medical bill processing system and require manual review are examined by 80 bill resolution clerks and coding specialists employed by the FECA program at the GS-5 level, and by 12 at the GS-9 level; approximately 5% of their time is required for this function. Thus, the cost to provide this review function is \$175,374 [(80 x \$36,130 /year (GS 5, step 4 using [Salary Table 2017-RUS](#)) x 5% = \$144,520; 12 x \$51,424/year (GS 9, step 2 using [Salary Table 2017-RUS](#)) x 5% = \$30,854; \$144,520 + \$30,854 = \$175,374)].

Total FECA Processing/Reviewing costs: \$280,354 (\$104,980 + \$175,374).

BLBA: OWCP's contractor medical bill processing system also performs all manual review functions for the BLBA program, at the same contractor cost of \$4.34 per form. Therefore, the contractor cost to process and review 88 forms for the BLBA program will be \$382 (88 forms x \$4.34/form = \$382).

EEOICPA: As it does for FECA, OWCP's contractor medical bill processing system processes Forms OWCP-915 for the EEICPA program at a cost of \$4.34 per form. Therefore, the contractor cost to process the 10,287 forms submitted for the EEICPA program will be \$44,646 (10,287 forms x \$4.34/form = \$44,646).

Two Federal employees in Washington, DC review all claims for reimbursement under the EEICPA program that suspend out of the contractor bill processing system: a payment systems manager (GS-14, step 3 using [Salary Table 2017-DCB](#)) at \$119,489 yearly and an assistant payment systems manager (GS-13, step 7 using [Salary Table 2017-DCB](#)) at \$113,755 yearly. About 5% of their time is attributable to this reviewing function, for a cost of \$11,662 ($\$119,489 + \$113,755 = \$233,244 \times 5\% = \$11,662$).

Total EEICPA Processing/Reviewing costs: \$56,308 (\$44,646 + \$11,662).

Total Federal Costs: \$341,844 [\$4,800 (printing costs) + \$280,354 (FECA processing and reviewing costs) + \$382 (BLBA processing costs) + \$56,308 (EEICPA processing and reviewing costs)].

15. Explain the reasons for any program changes or adjustments.

The agency received 34,564 responses. This results in an increase of 431 burden hours (5,283 previously approved hours - 5,738 hours = 455 hours). Costs also increased by \$1,570 because of the increased number of responses (\$54,737 previously approved - \$56,307 = -\$1,570). In addition, the final BLBA rule continues the current information collection requirements, but would change where the regulatory authorities are codified. This ICR updates the regulatory citation for the BLBA program's authority to collect the information.

16. For collections of information whose results will be published, outline plans for tabulation and publication. Address any complex analytical techniques that will be used. Provide the time schedule for the entire project, including beginning and ending dates of the collection information, completion of report, publication dates, and other actions.

There are no plans to publish data collected by Form OWCP-915.

17. If seeking approval to not display the expiration date for OMB approval of the information collection, explain the reasons that display would be inappropriate.

This information collection request does not seek a waiver from the requirement to display the expiration date.

18. Explain each exception to the certification statement identified in ROCIS.

There are no exceptions to the certification statement.

B. Collections of Information Employing Statistical Methods

Statistical methods are not used in these collections of information.