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Introduction

The Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (as amended) directs EXIM to report annually to the U.S. Congress on any actions taken toward providing export credit programs that are competitive with those offered by official foreign export credit agencies.

The Report measures competitiveness through a series of comparisons which draw on quantitative information about the programs and policies of the major foreign export credit agencies. For instance, the Report provides a comparative assessment of the general financing elements (terms and conditions) as well as the parameters of the major export credit and related programs (such as aircraft, project finance, co-financing, environmental exports, and services exports). EXIM further evaluates noteworthy public policy considerations that affect EXIM's support and therefore have the potential to impact U.S. exporter competitiveness (e.g., economic impact, U.S. content requirements, and shipping polices).

As part of this report, Congress requires EXIM to conduct a survey of users of its programs to gain insights into the real-world utility of EXIM's export credit support and the competitiveness of EXIM's programs. Your organization's views are essential in understanding how EXIM can support the success of American businesses in the international marketplace. Your participation is also critical in obtaining a representative and valid sample of EXIM Bank users and substantiating the Bank's true performance.

Instructions

- Please respond to all questions based on the company's most recent experiences.
- If your company engaged EXIM for more than one transaction, please respond with your average experience and use the general comments area in each section to discuss how a specific deal differed (e.g., your company's experience with the long-term loan program compared to the medium-term insurance program).
- You may forward the survey link to the most appropriate contact person at your organization to respond to a specific section. EXIM will consolidate separate submissions.
- Questions that require a response are marked with an asterisk (*).

Contact Information

* 1. Name

2. Title

3. Phone

4. E-mail

* 5. Company

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lend	der Survey 2018
Company Information	
* 6. What EXIM programs(s) did your company (Choose all that apply)	utilize? This includes transactions awaiting EXIM approval.
Long-term guarantee	Medium-term Ioan
Long-term loan	Short-term insurance
Medium-term guarantee	Working capital
Medium-term insurance	Company did no business with EXIM
* 7. Is your company an exporter, a lender, proj	ect sponsor, or a sub-supplier? (Choose all that apply)
Exporter	
Lender	
Project Sponsor	
Sub-supplier	
Other (please specify)	

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018				
Supplier Information				
8. How many suppliers did your company use	to execute export contracts?			
None	─ 76 - 100			
1 - 25	0 100+			
26 - 50	Oon't know			
51 - 75				
9. How many employees did your supplier(s) e	amplov2			
Under 500	impioy :			
500 - 1,000				
1,000 - 10,000				
10,000+				
Oon't know				
Not applicable				

Foreign ECA Experience

* 10. Did your company work on a transaction with another Export Credit Agency (ECA) besides EXIM? (i.e., did another ECA finance the export of your company's product or guarantee a loan from your bank).

Yes

No

-	etitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender	
oreig	gn ECA Experience (continued)	
11.	With which foreign ECAs did your company do	o business? (Choose all that apply)
	BNDES (Brazil)	Finnvera (Finland)
	CESCE (Spain)	GIEK/ECN (Norway)
	Bpifrance (France)	JBIC/NEXI (Japan)
	UKEF (United Kingdom)	KSURE/KEXIM (Korea)
	EDC (Canada)	SACE (Italy)
	Euler Hermes (Germany)	Sinosure/China Exim (China)
	Other (please specify)	
12.	How did your organization come into contact v	vith the foreign ECA?
\bigcirc	The foreign ECA reached out to our organization	
\bigcirc	Our organization reached out to the ECA based on past	experience
\bigcirc	Our organization reached out to the ECA based on the o	content of the export(s) needing financing
\bigcirc	Other (please specify)	
	1	
13.	Which of the following was the primary basis f	or support?
\bigcirc	Content from the ECA's country in a U.S. export	
\bigcirc	Production facilities and/or foreign offices in the ECA's of	country
\bigcirc	The ECA's country will import final goods or products fro	om the project (e.g., an off-take agreement)
\bigcirc	Other (please specify)	

14. Overall, how would you compare EXIM to other ECAs?

- EXIM is far less competitive
- EXIM is slightly less competitive
- EXIM is equally competitive
- EXIM is slightly more competitive
- EXIM is much more competitive
- Don't know

Foreign ECA Experience (continued)

- 15. Do you work with another ECAs' headquarters, satellite offices, or both?
- Headquarters
- Satellite
- Both
- 🔵 Don't know
- 16. How did EXIM's response time to routine calls and inquiries compare with that of other ECAs?
- EXIM had much slower response time
- EXIM had slightly slower response time
- EXIM had equal response time
- EXIM had slightly faster response time
- EXIM had much faster response time
- 🔵 Don't know

17. How did EXIM's ease of doing business impact EXIM's competitiveness with other ECA's?

- Made EXIM far less competitive
- Made EXIM slightly less competitive
- Made EXIM equally competitive
- Made EXIM slightly more competitive
- Made EXIM much more competitive
- Don't know

18. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with foreign ECAs.

19. Compared with prior to July 2015 (when EXIM lost its quorum and became generally unable to finance transactions greater than \$10 million in value or with a tenor longer than seven years), how would you describe your relationship with foreign ECAs?

Much more engaged than before

- More engaged than before
- No change
- C Less engaged than before
- Much less engaged than before

Please provide additional comments on why or how your relationship with ECAs other than EXIM has changed.

Competitiveness	Report:	Exporter	and L	.ender	Survev	2018
					/	

Direct ECA Competition

* 20. Did you work on a transaction where a buyer chose between two suppliers who were each supported by an export credit agency?

Yes

No

Comp	oetitiveness	Report: I	Exporter	and Ler	าder Sเ	Irvev	2018

Direct ECA Competition (continued)

- 21. Did the buyer choose the supplier supported by U.S. EXIM or the foreign ECA?
- U.S. EXIM supported company
- Foreign ECA supported company
- 22. What do you believe was the main factor in the buyer's decision?
- Non-ECA related factor (e.g., quality of goods, after-sale support, etc.)
- Interest rate
- Exposure fee
- Tenor
- Speed of doing business
- Shipping policy
- Environmental policy
- Foreign content policy
- Economic impact policy

Other (please specify)

Short-term Support

Short-term Support: Programs under which credit terms of up to one year are offered to foreign buyers.

23. Is your organization a small- or medium-sized enterprise (SME)? (For the purposes of this question, please use the Small Business Administrations definition of an SME, available here: https://www.sba.gov/document/support--table-size-standards)

'es

🔵 No

24. Why did your organization use official short-term export credit insurance in CY2018? (Choose all that apply)

Т	ransaction	risk o	of non-paym	ient
---	------------	--------	-------------	------

Country risk

Commercial bank requirement

Corporate philosophy

Reduce financing cost

Increase financing amounts

Other (please specify)

25. How important were each of the following factors to your organization when selecting between official and private sector short-term export credit providers?

	Very important	Important	Neither important nor unimportant	Not important	Not important at all
Dependability/Predictability	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Individual credit limits	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Cover (e.g., 90% vs. 95%)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Price/premium rates	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Minimum premium amounts	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Response time	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Exclusions or limitations	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Risk appetite	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Ease of use	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Terms (e.g., deductibles)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Documentary/reporting requirements	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

26. Please provide any additional comments you think relevant regarding your experience with EXIM's short-term insurance program.

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Short-term Support (continued)
* 27. Did your organization utilize the short-term insurance program of another ECA in CY 2018?
Yes
No
If yes, please specify.
28. Compared with EXIM, how would you rate the short-term program offered by your answer to #27 above?
Much better
Better
About the same
Worse
Much worse
29. Please provide general comments on your experience using the short-term programs of other ECAs.

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Short-term Support (continued)
* 30. Did your organization utilize the short-term insurance program of a private insurer in CY 2018?
Yes
No
If yes, please specify.
31. Compared with EXIM, how would you rate the short-term program offered by your answer to #30 above?
Much better
Better
About the same
Worse
Much worse
32. Please provide general comments on your experience using the short-term programs of private insurers.

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Aircraft
* 33. Did your company utilize EXIM to finance aircraft?

Aircraft (continued)

- 34. Overall, how did EXIM's support for aircraft transactions compare with that offered by other ECAs?
- EXIM is far less competitive
- EXIM is slightly less competitive
- EXIM is equally competitive
- EXIM is slightly more competitive
- EXIM is much more competitive
- O Don't know

35. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's aircraft financing.

Competitiveness	Report: Ex	porter and Ler	nder Survey	2018
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Project and Structured Finance

Project finance: The financing of an asset (or "project") whereby the lender relies purely on the underlying cash flows being generated by the asset as the sole source of repayment for the loan.

Structured finance: Financing relies on the underlying project's revenues to ensure against the risk of non-payment, but is not the sole source of repayment.

* 36. Did your company utilize EXIM for project or structured finance deals?

Yes

) No

Competitiveness	Report [.] Ex	norter and l	l ender Si	urvev 2018
Competitiveness		porter ana i		

Project and Structured Finance (continued)

37. Overall, how did EXIM's support for project finance or structured finance transactions compare with that offered by other ECAs?

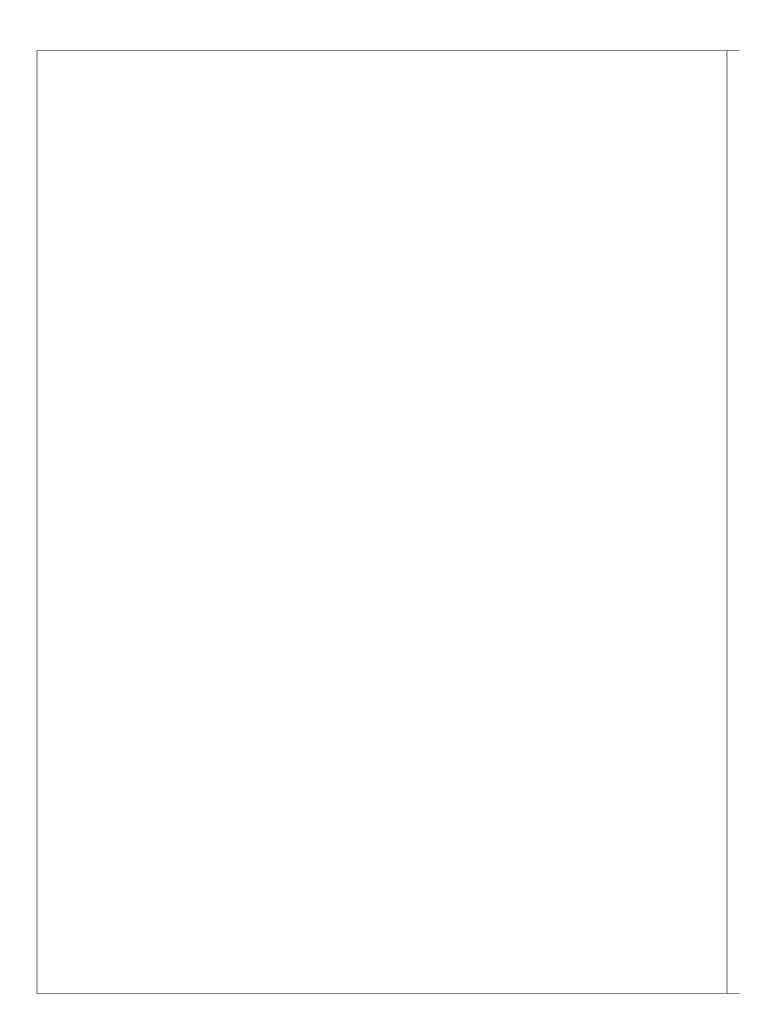
EXIM	is	far	less	competitive

- EXIM is slightly less competitive
- EXIM is equally competitive
- EXIM is slightly more competitive
- EXIM is much more competitive
- Don't know

38. Specifically, how did EXIM's support for project or structured finance transactions compare with that offered by each of the following ECAs?

	EXIM is far less competitive	EXIM is slightly less competitive	EXIM is equally competitive	EXIM is slightly more competitive	EXIM is much more competitive	Don't know
BNDES (Brazil)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Bpifrance (France)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
UKEF (United Kingdom)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
EDC (Canada)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Euler Hermes (Germany)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
JBIC/NEXI (Japan)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
KSURE/KEXIM (Korea)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
SACE (Italy)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Sinosure/China Exim (China)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other (please specify)						

39. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's project or structured finance program.



			urvey 2018			
over Policy						
over policy : The extent to wh CA's general attitude about a		en for business in	a country across t	enors and buyer t	ypes. It should re	present an
40. How did EXIM's co	ountry cover po	olicy compare	with that of othe	er ECAs?		
EXIM is far less comp	etitive					
EXIM is slightly less c	ompetitive					
EXIM is equally comp	etitive					
EXIM is slightly more	competitive					
EXIM is much more co	ompetitive					
Oon't know						
41. For each of the fol		EXIM is slightly ESS competitive		y compare with EXIM is slightly more competitive	EXIM is much more competitive	ECAS? Don't know
Availability of cover by market	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Use of country exposure limits	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
42. Please provide ge	neral commen	ts on your com	ıpany's experie	nce with EXIM	's cover policy	<i>'</i> .

Risk Taking

Non-sovereign entities: Public or private entities that do not carry the full faith and credit of a sovereign state.

Risk taking: The extent to which an ECA is willing to provide export credit support in a market.

Sovereign entities: Entities that are explicitly and legally mandated to enter into a debt payment obligation on behalf of a sovereign state, typically the ministry of finance or central bank.

43. How did other ECAs willingness to take risk taking compare with EXIM?

- EXIM is less willing to take risk
- EXIM is the same
- EXIM is more willing to take risk
- 🕥 Don't know

44. For each of the following types of buyers, how did other ECAs' risk appetite compare with that of other EXIM?

	EXIM is less willing to take risk	EXIM is the same	EXIM is more willing to take risk	Don't know
Sovereign buyers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Public non-sovereign buyers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Corporate buyers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

45. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's approach to risk taking.

Interest Rates

Commercial Interest Reference Rate (CIRR): The official fixed interest rate offered under EXIM's direct loan program.

Floating interest rate : The interest rate offered by banks using EXIM's guarantee program.

Interest rates: Either the fixed rate CIRR for direct loans as established by the OECD rules on export credits or floating rates charged by guaranteed or insured lenders.

46. For each of the following types of interest rates, how did EXIM's interest rates compare with those of other ECAs?

	EXIM's rates are lower	EXIM's rates are the same	EXIM's rates are higher	Don't know			
CIRR-based fixed interest rates	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc			
Floating interest rates	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc			
47. Compared to EXI	M, when do other ECAs	set the interest ra	te?				
Earlier in the process	than EXIM						
Same time in the pro	cess than EXIM						
Later in the process t	han EXIM						
Don't know							
48. Compared to EXI	M, how long do other EC	As set the interes	t rate?				
Shorter amount of time than EXIM							
Same amount of time as EXIM							
Longer amount of time than EXIM							
Oon't know							
49. What interest rate	flexibilities do other EC	As offer that EXIN	I does not?				

50. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's approach to interest rates.

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Exposure Fees
Exposure fees (or risk premia): Fees that cover the risk of nonpayment for a transaction.
51. Overall, how did EXIM's exposure fees compare with those offered by other ECAs?
EXIM's fees are lower
EXIM's fees are the same
EXIM's fees are higher
O Don't know
52. What was your company exposure fee payment method? (choose all that apply)
Upfront
As drawn
Don't know
53. Did EXIM's method of collecting upfront exposure fees pose any competitive implications for your
company's ability to finance transactions through EXIM?
Yes
No
O Don't know
Not applicable
54. Did your company benefit from EXIM's exposure fee financing?
Yes
No
O Don't know
55. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's exposure fee.

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 201	Competitiveness	Report: Export	er and Lender	Survey	/ 201
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Environmental Review

Environmental review: A review of the environmental impacts of a project pursuant to EXIM's Environmental Procedures and Guidelines.

- * 56. Did your company have experience with EXIM's environmental review?
 - O Yes
 -) No
 - Don't know

Environmental Review (continued)

- 57. How did EXIM's environmental review compare with that required by other ECAs?
- EXIM is far less competitive
- EXIM is slightly less competitive
- EXIM is equally competitive
- EXIM is slightly more competitive
- EXIM is much more competitive
- O Don't know

58. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's environmental review.

Competitiveness	Report: Ex	porter and L	_ender Survey	2018
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Environmentally Beneficial Exports

Environmentally beneficial exports: Exports qualifying for enhanced support under EXIM's Environmental Export Program (e.g., renewable energy and water exports).

* 59. Did your company have experience with EXIM's environmentally beneficial exports program?

- 🔵 Yes
 - No

Don't know

Environmentally Beneficial Exports (continued)

60. For the following aspects, how did EXIM's environmentally beneficial exports program compare with similar programs of other ECAs?

	EXIM is far less competitive	EXIM is slightly less competitive	EXIM is equally competitive	EXIM is slightly more competitive	EXIM is much more competitive	Don't know
Renewable energy extended terms	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Renewable express program	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Premia amount	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Premia payment method	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Support of energy efficient exports	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

61. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's environmentally beneficial exports program.

Competitiveness	Report: Ex	porter and L	ender Surve	ey 2018

Services

Services: Economic output that is intangible in nature and that is generally produced and consumed at the same time.

* 62. Did your company have experience with EXIM's financing of services?

- O Yes
 -) No
 - Don't know

Services (continued)

63. How did EXIM's support for services compare with that offered by other ECAs?

EXIM is far less competitive

EXIM is slightly less competitive

EXIM is equally competitive

EXIM is slightly more competitive

EXIM is much more competitive

O Don't know

64. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's policies towards services.

Competitiveness Re	port: Exporte	r and Lender	Survey	2018
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Co-Financing

Co-financing (also referred to as "reinsurance" and "one-stop-shop"): Financing arrangements that allow an exporter to market a single ECA financing package to a buyer interested in procuring goods and services from two (or more) countries.

- * 65. Did your company have experience with EXIM's co-financing program?
 - Yes
 - No
 - Don't know

Co-Financing (continued)

66. How did EXIM's co-financing program compare with that of other ECAs?

EXIM is far less competitive

EXIM is slightly less competitive

EXIM is equally competitive

EXIM is slightly more competitive

EXIM is much more competitive

O Don't know

67. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's co-financing program.

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Local Costs
Local costs: Project-related costs for goods and services originated and incurred in the buyer's country.
* 68. Did any of your company's transactions benefit from local cost financing?
○ Yes
Νο
On't know

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Local Costs (continued)
69. Please identify the nature of the local costs used by your company. (choose all that apply)
Inland freight and transportation
Taxes
Local construction, labor and installation
Deliveries from local subsidiaries and/or affiliates
Other (please specify)
70. Did EXIM's local cost policy affect your company's sourcing decisions?
Yes
No
O Don't know
71. How does EXIM's local cost policy compare to other ECAs?
EXIM is far less competitive
EXIM is slightly less competitive
EXIM is equally competitive
EXIM is slightly more competitive
EXIM is much more competitive
O Don't know
72. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM local cost policy.

Content Policy

Foreign content: The portion of an export that originates outside the seller's country, excluding local costs incurred in the buyer's country. A product must be shipped from the United States to qualify as either U.S. export or U.S. content.

* 73. Did any of your company's transactions with EXIM involve foreign content?

- Yes
- No

Content Policy (continued)

Aggregation: An exporter can choose to certify to the foreign content within his/her products on an item-by-item basis or can choose to aggregate the level of foreign content of all the items listed in a single invoice.

Average annual content certification: Exporters can choose to calculate the average foreign content for each export from a specific location/manufacturing facility, which is based on a projected level of foreign content. This calculation is applied to EXIM financing for that specific export for the following year.

Codification of EXIM's services content policy: During EXIM's 2013-2014 content review process, the Bank sought to clarify and codify its services content policy by defining eligibility standards for: 1) what constitutes an eligible services contract; 2) which workers qualify as U.S. content; 3) the treatment of licenses; and 4) the content requirements for tools used in the execution of a services export contract.

74. Did EXIM's foreign content policy affect your company's sourcing decisions?

🔵 Yes

🔵 No

Don't know

75. If yes, please explain how it affected your sourcing decision.

76. How does EXIM's foreign content policy compare with other ECAs?

- EXIM is far less competitive
- EXIM is slightly less competitive
- EXIM is equally competitive
- EXIM is slightly more competitive
- EXIM is much more competitive
- Don't know

77. Which, if any, of EXIM's efforts to add additional flexibilities to its foreign content policy helped increase EXIM's competitiveness vis-a-vis other ECA's foreign content policies? (choose all that apply)

Codifying services policy

Average annual content certification

- Allowing aggregation of content
- None of the flexibilities increased EXIM competitiveness

78. Please provide comments on your company's experience with EXIM content policy.

Competitiveness report. Exporter and Lender Survey 20	npetitiveness Report: Exporter and Le	ender Surve	y 2018
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Economic Impact

Economic impact: The Congressional requirement that EXIM assess whether the extension of EXIM financing support is likely to cause substantial injury to U.S. industry or would result in the production of substantially the same product that is the subject of specified trade measures.

* 79. Did EXIM's economic impact policy affect any of your company's transactions?

- Yes
- No

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Economic Impact (continued)
80. Did EXIM's economic impact policy affect your company's sourcing decisions?
◯ No
Don't know
81. How does this requirement compare with other ECA's?
EXIM is far less competitive
EXIM is slightly less competitive
EXIM is equally competitive
EXIM is slightly more competitive
EXIM is much more competitive
O Don't know
82. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's economic impact policy.

Competitiveness report. Exporter and Lender Survey 20	npetitiveness Report: Exporter and Le	ender Surve	y 2018
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Shipping Policy

Certifications or determinations (historically referred to as waivers): When MARAD advises EXIM whether shipments on foreign flagged vessels are eligible for EXIM financing. For certifications MARAD considers vessel availability, and for determinations MARAD considers other related matters such as future shipments under the transaction.

MARAD: U.S. Marine Administration.

- * 83. Did any of your deals have to conform to the requirement to ship on U.S. flag vessels?
 - 🔵 Yes
 - No

ompetitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
hipping Policy (continued)
84. Did you approach MARAD for any certifications of Non-Availability?
Yes
No
O Don't know
85. If yes, was your company satisfied with the outcome? Please elaborate in comments section
Yes
No
Don't know
Comment
86. Did you approach MARAD for any determination (e.g. Compensatory, General, Reachback)?
Yes
No
O Don't know
87. If yes, was your company satisfied with the outcome? Please elaborate in comments section below.
Yes
No
Oon't know
Comment

	ions that were affected by the U.S. flag vessel shipping requirement, how many had
the following final outc U.S. export transaction	omes.
went forward with EXIM	
financing	
U.S. export transaction went forward without EXIM	
financing	
U.S. export transaction did	
not go forward because buyer selected another	
competitor	
Makes EXIM far less of Makes EXIM slightly lo Makes EXIM equally of Makes EXIM slightly r Makes EXIM slightly r Don't know	ess competitive competitive nore competitive
91. Are you aware of a	any other ECA that has a domestic flag shipping requirement?
If so, which ECA?	

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Non Standard Financing (Non-OECD Financing)
Non-OECD Financing: Financing that does not fall under the scope of the OECD Arrangement.
* 92. Did your company encounter competition benefiting from support provided outside of the OECD Arrangement?
Yes
No
O Don't know

Non Standard Financing (Non-OECD Financing)

93. From which country?

94. How did this competition impact your sales?

95. Please provide general comments on your company's experience competing with businesses that benefit from non-OECD financing.

Competitiveness	Report:	Exporter	and Lender	Survey 2018	
				<i>,</i>	

Non Standard Financing (Untied Financing)

Untied financing: A form of credit support that is extended by a government entity to a recipient for the purpose of providing credit and is not linked to or conditioned upon the purchase of goods and services/exports from the ECA's country.

* 96. Did your company encounter competition benefiting from official untied financing programs?

- Yes
-) No
- Don't know

Non Standard Financing (Untied Financing)

97. From which country?

98. How did this competition impact your sales?

99. Please provide general comments on your company's experience competing with businesses that benefit from untied financing.

Tied Aid

Tied aid: Concessional financing support provided by donor governments in the form of a grant or a "soft" loan for which capital goods procurement by developing countries is contractually linked or tied to procurement from firms located in the donor country.

* 100. Did your company encounter foreign competition benefiting from tied aid financing programs?

- Yes
-) No
- Don't know

Tied Aid (continued)

101. In general, how did EXIM's tied aid financing compare with that offered by other ECAs?

EXIM is far less competitive

EXIM is slightly less competitive

- EXIM is equally competitive
- EXIM is slightly more competitive
- EXIM is much more competitive
- O Don't know

102. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with tied aid.

Development Finance Institutions

Bilateral Development Finance Institutions (DFI): An official government institution that provides support to encourage private sector entities to do business in foreign markets for development purposes. Examples of bilateral DFIs include: OPIC - United States, KfW/DEG - Germany, Proparco - France, and the CDC Group - United Kingdom.

103. In the past year, did your organization work on a transaction with a DFI?

🔵 Yes

🔵 No

Not sure

If yes, please specify.

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Development Finance Institutions (continued)
104. What type of support did the DFI provide?
Debt
Equity
Please describe the type of support provided.

105. Compared with an ECA, how would you describe the following aspects of the DFI you worked with in terms of responsiveness to your needs?

	Much more responsive	More responsive	About the same	Less responsive	Much less responsive
Speed of doing business	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Risk appetite	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Pricing	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Scale (i.e., available funding)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Domestic content requirements	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

106. Please provide additional comments you think relevant regarding your experience working with DFIs.

Foreign Currency Guarantee

Foreign currency guarantee: ECA-covered export credit that is denominated in a currency (either hard or soft) other than the ECA's domestic currency. Hard currencies refer to readily convertible currencies such as the Euro or Yen. Soft currencies refer to currencies, not readily convertible, such as the Mexican peso or South African rand.

* 107. Did your company use EXIM's foreign currency guarantee program?

- Yes
- No

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Foreign Currency Guarantee (continued)
108. Generally speaking, how did EXIM's foreign currency guarantee program compare with that offered by other ECAs?
EXIM is far less competitive
EXIM is slightly less competitive
EXIM is equally competitive
EXIM is slightly more competitive
EXIM is much more competitive
O Don't know
109. Which of the following types of support did your company request from EXIM?
Hard Currency
Soft Currency
Both Hard and Soft Currency
O Don't know

110. Please provide general comments on your company's experience with EXIM's foreign currency guarantee program.

Denied Deals

Denied deals: Transactions that were submitted to EXIM but for some reason not approved.

* 111. Did EXIM deny any of your company's applications?

- Yes
- 🔵 No

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender S	urvey 2018
Denied Deals (continued)	
112. How many of your company's EXIM application	ns were denied?
<u> </u>	4
○ 2	5
3	6+
113. What happened to those transactions that EXI	M denied? (choose all that apply)
Won without EXIM support	Still in process/no decision yet
Sourced from non-U.S. supplier	Postponed
Sourced from your company's foreign subsidiary	Buyer cancelled procurement
Sourced from other U.S. supplier	Don't know
Other (please specify)	
114. Please provide any general comments on den	ied deals.

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 201	Competitiveness	Report: Exp	orter and Lend	er Survey 201
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Deterred Deals

Deterred deals: Transactions that either did not come to EXIM because of prior knowledge of EXIM's eligibility requirements and/or policy or the application was withdrawn by the exporter because the exporter and/or lender realized that EXIM approval was going to be difficult to obtain.

* 115. Did any of EXIM's policies deter your company from seeking EXIM support for any transactions?

- Yes
- 🔵 No

Deterred Deals (continued)

116. Which of the following were reasons for not apply (choose all that apply)	ying to, or withdrawing an application from, EXIM?
Co-financing: Lack of availability and/or flexibility	Interest rates: Inability to access to EXIM direct loan
Cover policy: Off cover in requested market and/or specific	Local costs: Requirement to demonstrate foreign competition

tenor		and/or local financing not available from commercial market (medium term only)	
Economic impact: Product(s) subject to specific trade measure	e	MARAD PR-17: Requirement to ship on U.S. flagged vessel	
Economic impact: Subject to detailed economic analysis		MARAD PR-17: Determination not made	
Environmental policies: Requirement to publish ex-ante overly transparent for competitive reasons	, 	MARAD PR-17: Processing time for determination	
Environmental policies: Environmental review process		Market Windows: Request to match financing not granted/Dic	
Exposure fees: Better pricing from other ECA		not meet EXIM requirement(s) to match	
Exposure fees: Lack of predictability		Risk-taking: Requirement for risk mitigation and related costs (legal, financial, etc.)	
Foreign currency guarantee: Lack of availability		Services: Stand-alone services not covered	
Foreign currency guarantee: EXIM crystallization requirement		Services: Associated services not covered	
Foreign content: Did not meet EXIM content requirements		Tied aid: Transaction did not meet, or not likely to meet, EXIN tied aid policy	
Interest rates: Lender guarantee interest rate cost prohibitive		Tied aid: Processing time	
		Untied financing: Absence of untied financing program	
Other (please specify)			
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117. Please provide any general comments on deterred deals that you may wish to share.

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018
Global Government Influences - U.S.
* 118. Did any U.S. government actions impact your business with EXIM?
Yes
Νο
On't know

Global Government Influences - U.S. (continued)

119. Overall, what type of impact did these U.S. government actions have?

Positive

Negative

Neutral

120. Please provide specific examples of which U.S. government actions impacted your deals.

121. Since July 2015 (when EXIM generally lost the ability to approve transactions with a value greater than \$10 million or with a tenor greater than seven years), how would you rate the ability of the following types of organizations to meet your financing and/or insurance needs for individual sales out of the United States?

	More than sufficient	Sufficient	Deficient	Strongly deficient	N/A
Commercial banks	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Private insurance	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Overseas Private Investment Corporation (OPIC)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

Competitiveness Report: Exporter and Lender Survey 2018	
Global Government Influences - Foreign Countries	
* 122. Did any foreign government actions impact your business with EXIM?	
Yes	
Νο	
O Don't know	

Competitiveness	s Report:	Exporter	' and L	ender	Survey	2018
					/	

Global Government Influences - Foreign Countries (Continued)

123. Overall, what type of impact did these foreign government actions have?

Positive

Negative

Neutral

124. Please provide specific examples of which foreign government actions impacted your deals.