#### Supporting Statement – Part A Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) Incident Management Survey CMS-10692, OMB 0938-TBD (New)

## Background

This is a new information collection request. It sets out a survey (HCBS Incident Management Survey) that states will be requested to complete and submit via a web-based platform in order to identify methods and promising practices for identifying, reporting, tracking, and resolving incidents of abuse, neglect, and exploitation. The results of the survey will also be used to review the strengths and weaknesses of each state's incident management system and will inform guidance to help ensure states comply with sections 1902(a)(30)(A) and 1915(c)(2)(A) of the Social Security Act.

The survey will be disseminated to all 51 state Medicaid agencies (including the District of Columbia) to assess incident management systems in section 1915(c) waivers.

## A. Justification

#### 1. Need and Legal Basis

Section 1915(c) of the Social Security Act ("the Act") authorizes the Secretary of Health and Human Services (HHS) to waive certain specific Medicaid statutory requirements so that a state may offer home and community-based services to state-specified target group(s) of Medicaid beneficiaries who need a level of institutional care that is provided under the Medicaid State plan.

In order to receive approval for a section 1915(c) waiver, states must submit an application to CMS that includes a description of their safeguards related to assuring participant health and welfare (e.g., response to critical incidents, such as abuse, neglect, or exploitation). Per section 1915(c)(2)(A) of the Act, states operating 1915(c) waivers are required to provide assurances that necessary safeguards have been taken to protect the health and welfare of waiver participants. Specifically, states must demonstrate on an ongoing basis that they identify, address, and seek to prevent instances of abuse, neglect, exploitation, and unexplained death, and that they have an incident management system that effectively resolves incidents and prevents further similar incidents to the greatest extent possible. States must also comply with section 1902(a)(30)(A) of the Act, which requires that states have methods and procedures in place to assure that payments to providers are consistent with efficiency, economy and quality of care.

Over the last several years CMS has conducted site-visits and/or been involved in follow up activities in a minimum of three states where abuse, neglect and/or exploitation were identified outside the system the state established to identify and remediate such occurrences. Simultaneously, the Office of the Inspector General (OIG) conducted a series of audits of states' section 1915(c) waiver programs focusing on abuse, neglect and exploitation. OIG findings to date have indicated that the states have not complied with the

specifications of their waiver oversight programs with regards to health and welfare and as a result individuals have been placed in jeopardy.<sup>1</sup>

Further, in a 2018 report<sup>2</sup>, the U.S. Government Accountability Office (GAO) concluded that improved federal oversight of beneficiary health and welfare in home and communitybased waiver programs, including section 1915(c) waivers, is needed. Specifically, they indicated that "CMS lacks assurance that it is receiving consistent, complete, and relevant information on deficiencies that is needed to oversee beneficiary health and welfare." GAO recommended that the Administrator of CMS provide guidance and clarify requirements regarding the monitoring and reporting of deficiencies that states using home and community-based services waivers are required to report on their annual reports. CMS concurred with this recommendation and stated that it will issue guidance to states to reaffirm reporting requirements. GAO will continue to monitor actions in response to this recommendation.

OIG has announced that they are or will be conducting additional health and welfare audits in an unknown number of states. It is anticipated that an increased number of states will require intensive technical assistance in response to or as a result of these audits. To help inform technical assistance activities and ensure that states have necessary guidance for meeting section 1915(c) waiver reporting requirements, CMS is proposing to issue this HCBS Incident Management Survey to identify methods and promising practices for identifying, reporting, tracking, and resolving incidents of abuse, neglect, and exploitation. In addition, the survey will help CMS refine its reporting guidelines for states by providing a comprehensive understanding of how states organize their incident management systems. The results of the survey will also be used to review the strengths and weaknesses of each state's incident management system, assist states in improving their ability to monitor and accurately report on deficiencies related to health and welfare, and inform guidance to help ensure states comply with sections 1902(a)(30)(A) and 1915(c)(2)(A) of the Act.

2. Information Users

The information will be reviewed by the Disabled and Elderly and Health Programs Group and its contractors, Lewis & Ellis and Navigant Consulting, within the Centers for Medicaid and CHIP Services to determine promising practices for incident management and to assess the strengths and weaknesses' of states' incident management systems. The survey will be submitted by states via a web-based link in an email from CMS' contractors and responses will be stored in an internal database.

## 3. <u>Use of Information Technology</u>

Information will be collected through a web-based Qualtrics survey. Results will be uploaded to an Excel spreadsheet using the Qualtrics tool. Respondents will access the survey through a web-based link provided by CMS. The survey does not require a signature.

<sup>1</sup> Report of OIG audit findings and recommendations

<sup>2</sup> Report of GAO findings and recommendations

## 4. <u>Duplication of Efforts</u>

This information collection does not duplicate any other effort and the information cannot be obtained from any other source.

#### 5. <u>Small Businesses</u>

This collection does not impact small businesses or other small entities.

#### 6. <u>Less Frequent Collection</u>

CMS is requesting states complete a survey for each HCBS 1915(c) waiver operating in the state, and is requesting that the operating agency complete the survey for the respective waiver with input from the State Medicaid Agency. As noted in the survey, if incident management systems are aligned across waivers or the same individual is responsible for multiple waivers, the survey will allow the state to indicate such and complete the survey only once if it applies to multiple waivers. On average, there are over 270 waivers at a given time: each state has approximately five 1915(c) waivers. Although it is not precisely known how many distinct incident management systems are in operation throughout the country, some states employ the same incident management system across their waivers and therefore will require only one survey response, while others employ an incident management system specific to each waiver and will require multiple responses. In these cases, CMS is requesting states submit a response for each incident management system because these systems may have significant variation within a given state depending on the target populations, operational entities, and service arrays of their respective waivers.

#### 7. <u>Special Circumstances</u>

There are no special circumstances that would require an information collection to be conducted in a manner that requires respondents to:

• Report information to the agency more often than quarterly;

• Prepare a written response to a collection of information in fewer than 30 days after receipt of it;

- Submit more than an original and two copies of any document;
- Retain records, other than health, medical, government contract, grant-in-aid, or tax records for more than three years;

• Collect data in connection with a statistical survey that is not designed to produce valid and reliable results that can be generalized to the universe of study,

• Use a statistical data classification that has not been reviewed and approved by OMB;

• Include a pledge of confidentiality that is not supported by authority established in statute or regulation that is not supported by disclosure and data security policies that are consistent with the pledge, or which unnecessarily impedes sharing of data with other agencies for compatible confidential use; or

• Submit proprietary trade secret, or other confidential information unless the agency can demonstrate that it has instituted procedures to protect the information's confidentiality to the extent permitted by law.

## 8. <u>Federal Register/Outside Consultation</u>

The 60-day notice published in the Federal Register on December 14, 2018 (83 FR 64346). Comments were received. They are attached to this information collection request along with our response to those comments.

## 9. Payments/Gifts to Respondents

Payments or gifts will not be provided to respondents.

## 10. Confidentiality

Describe any assurance of confidentiality provided to respondents and the basis for the assurance in statute, regulation, or agency policy.

Assurances of confidentiality will not be provided to respondents. The information being requested for this data collection is intended to be shared publicly and will be used to inform the provision of future training activities and technical assistance. Further, as noted in #11 below, there are no sensitive questions associated with this collection.

#### 11. Sensitive Questions

There are no sensitive questions associated with this collection. Specifically, the collection does not solicit questions of a sensitive nature, such as sexual behavior and attitudes, religious beliefs, and other matters that are commonly considered private.

#### 12. Burden Estimates (Hours & Wages)

## Wage Estimates

To derive average costs, we are using data from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics' May 2017 National Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates for all salary estimates (http://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes\_nat.htm). In this regard, the following table presents the mean hourly wage, the cost of fringe benefits (calculated at 100 percent of salary), and the adjusted hourly wage.

Occupation Title	Occupation Code	Mean Hourly Wage	Fringe Benefits and Overhead	Adjusted Hourly Wage
Social and Community Service Managers	11-9151	\$33.91/hr	\$33.91/hr	\$67.82/hr

As indicated, we are adjusting our employee hourly wage estimates by a factor of 100 percent. This is necessarily a rough adjustment, both because fringe benefits and overhead costs vary significantly from employer to employer, and because methods of estimating these costs vary widely from study to study. Nonetheless, we believe that doubling the

hourly wage to estimate total cost is a reasonably accurate estimation method.

# Collection of Information Requirements and Associated Burden Estimates

The HCBS Incident Management Survey will be disseminated to all 51 state Medicaid agencies (including the District of Columbia) to assess incident management systems in section 1915(c) waivers. Based on the results of a pilot survey, it is estimated that states will submit on average two responses each, totaling approximately 102 different respondents from 50 states and DC. We estimate that it will take 1.5 hours for a social/community service manager to gather information and complete the survey at \$67.82/hr. We estimate a one-time state burden of 153 hr [(102 responses x 1.5 hr/response) and \$10,376 (153 hr x \$67.82/hr).

# Burden Summary

				Total		
				Annual	Labor	Total
			Burden per	Burden	Cost	Cost
Requirement	Respondents	Responses	Response	(hours)	(\$/hr)	(\$)
Incident	51	102	1.5 hours	153	67.82	10,376
Management						
Survey						

Collection of Information Instruments and Instruction/Guidance Documents

- HCBS Incident Management Survey (available at <u>https://navigantmarketing.co1.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV\_6id5ehNBH6LuU5v</u>)
- HCBS Incident Management Survey (PDF version)
- Introductory letter to be sent to states that includes background and purpose of the survey, helpful tips and guidelines, and each state's individualized survey link.

# 13. <u>Capital Costs</u>

CMS does not anticipate that any capital costs will be required for this collection.

## 14. Cost to Federal Government

Provide estimates of annualized cost to the Federal government. Also, provide a description of the method used to estimate cost, which should include quantifying hours, operational expenses (such as equipment, overhead, printing, and support staff), and any other expense that would not have been incurred without this collection of information. Agencies also may aggregate cost estimates from Items 12, 13, and 14 in a single table.

The table below shows estimates of the average annual cost of the project to the Federal government. Contractor costs are based on GSA labor categories<sup>3</sup> and account for

<sup>3</sup> Sources for contractor labor categories used in this cost projection are listed below:

GSA Text Reference File for L&E

GSA Text Reference File for Solutions By Design

development of the survey, analysis of results, and development of presentations, reports and other materials. CMS staff costs are based on OPM GS wage tables<sup>4</sup> and account for review and development of the survey, presentations, reports, and others materials.

Title	Rate (FFY18 Wage & Benefits)	Total Hours	Cost
Managing Consultant	\$199.00	373	\$74,227
Associate Director	\$250.00	18	\$4,500
Director	\$278.00	62	\$17,236
Senior Consultant	\$145.00	318	\$46,110
Consultant	\$110.00	67	\$7,370
		Total Contractor	
		Costs FY18	\$149,443

Table of CMS Contractor Costs – FY18

Table of CMS Staff Costs – FY18^

Title	Rate (FFY18 Wage & Benefits)	Total Hours	Cost
Division Director (GS-15)	\$147.00	30	\$4,410
Deputy Division Director (GS-14)	\$125.00	30	\$3,750
Health Insurance Specialist (GS-13)	\$106.00	50	\$5,300
Contract Specialist (GS-13)	\$106.00	5	\$530
		Total CMS Costs	
		FY18	\$13,990
		Final FY18 Cost	
		(CMS Staff and	
		Contractors)	\$163,433

^ All CMS staff costs assume a step level of 15  $\,$ 

## Table of CMS Contractor Costs – FY19

Title	Rate (FFY18 Wage & Benefits)	Total Hours	Cost
Managing Consultant	\$202.98	20	\$4,060
Associate Director	\$255.00	260	\$66,300
Director	\$283.56	104	\$29,490
Senior Consultant	\$147.90	290	\$42,891
Consultant	\$112.20	360	\$40,392
		Total Contractor	
		Costs FY19	\$183,133

GSA Text Reference File for Navigant Consulting

<sup>4</sup> CMS Wage Table used to develop staff costs

## *Table of CMS Staff Costs – FY19*^

Title	Rate (FFY18 Wage & Benefits)	Total Hours	Cost
Division Director (GS-15)	\$149.94	27	\$4,048
Deputy Division Director (GS-14)	\$128.50	27	\$3,470
Health Insurance Specialist (GS-13)	\$108.12	35	\$3,784
Contract Specialist (GS-13)	\$108.12	5	\$541
		Total CMS Costs	
		FY19	\$11,843
		Final FY19 Cost	
		(CMS Staff and	
		Contractors)	\$194,976
		TOTAL COST	
		(FY18 & FY19)	\$358,409

<sup>^</sup> All CMS staff costs assume a step level of 15. FY19 wage & benefits assume 2% inflation.

Average costs \$192,705 (\$385,409/2)

## 15. <u>Changes to Burden</u>

N/A, there are no changes to the burden as this is a new submission.

## 16. <u>Publication/Tabulation Dates</u>

CMS anticipates publishing a report by 9/28/19 and presenting preliminary findings at the National Association of States United for Aging and Disabilities conference in August 2019. The report will be posted to Medicaid.gov and disseminated via Medicaid email updates. The report and presentation will include basic descriptive statistical analyses, including measures of central tendency for quantitative data, as well as qualitative analyses of free-form responses. The report will identify and explain promising practices in incident management systems identified through review and analysis of the research conducted as part of the survey. The report will include information related to:

- Methods for identifying, reporting, tracking, and resolving incidents of abuse, neglect, and exploitation,
- Methods for aggregating incident reports to identify and track trends,
- Performance metrics for preventing future incidents,
- Methods for detecting unnecessary and/or recurrent hospitalizations,
- Safeguards for ensuring that when individuals are the victims of abuse, neglect, or exploitation by HCBS providers, additional Medicaid funds are available to treat the individual to ameliorate the situation,
- Linkages of incident management systems with Medicaid fraud, waste, and abuse systems to determine whether abuse, neglect, or exploitation is associated with Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse (e.g., a state's Medicaid fraud system detects fraud, waste, or abuse and the state performs a crosscheck with their incident management system to ensure abuse, neglect, or exploitation did not occur),

- Methods for ensuring the health and welfare of individuals receiving services from providers who have committed fraud, waste, or abuse; and,
- Strengths and challenges of states' incident management systems.

CMS will not use this data to issue a report that evaluates and/or ranks each state in comparison to the other states but rather to determine how best to assist states in creating good quality systems to offer protection from abuse, neglect and exploitation as well as fraud, waste and fiscal abuse.

#### 17. Expiration Date

The expiration date is displayed along with the PRA Disclosure Statement.

#### 18. Certification Statement

There is no exception to the certification statement identified in Item 19, "Certification for Paperwork Reduction Act Submissions," of OMB Form 83-1.