Attachment 17

**References**

Abdul-Quader A, Heckathorn D, McKnight C et al. Effectiveness of respondent-driven sampling for recruiting drug users in New York City: Findings from a pilot study. Journal of Urban Health 2006; 83(3):459-476.

Abreu, DA, F Winters. Using Monetary Incentives to Reduce Attrition in the Survey of Income and Program Participation. Proceedings of the Survey Research Methods Section of the American Statistical Association. Washington, DC, 1999.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Estimated HIV incidence and prevalence in the United States, 2010–2016. HIV Surveillance Supplemental Report 2019;24(No. 1). http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/library/reports/hiv-surveillance.html. Published February 2019. Accessed February 27, 2019.

Church, A. H. Estimating the Effect of Incentives on Mail Survey Response Rates: A Meta-Analysis. Public Opinion Quarterly 1993; 57(1): 62-79.

Diaz RM, Ayala G, Bein E, Henne J, Marin BV. The impact of homophobia, poverty, and racism on the mental health of gay and bisexual Latino men: Findings from 3 US cities. American Journal of Public Health 2001; 91(6):927-932.

Draus P, Siegal H, Carlson R, Falck R, Wang J. Cracking the cornfields: Recruiting illicit stimulant drug users in rural Ohio. The Sociological Quarterly 2005; 46:165-189.

Grey JA, Bernstein KT, Sullivan PS, Purcell DW, Chesson HW, Gift TL, Rosenberg ES. Estimating the Population Sizes of Men Who Have Sex With Men in US States and Counties Using Data From the American Community Survey. JMIR Public Health Surveill. 2016; 21;2(1):e14.

Halberti, CH, S Kumanyika, M Bowman, SL Bellamy, V Briggs, S Brown, B Bryant, E Delmoor, JC Johnson, J Purnell, R Rogers, B Weathers. Participation rates and representativeness of African Americans recruited to a health promotion program. Health Education Research 2010; 25(1) 6-13.

Heckathorn D. Respondent-driven sampling: a new approach to the study of hidden populations. Social Problems 1997; 44(2):174-199.

Heckathorn D. Respondent-driven sampling II: Deriving valid population estimates from chain-referral samples of hidden populations. Social Problems 2002; 49(1):11-34.

Heckathorn D, Semaan S, Broadhead R, James Hughes. Extensions of respondent-driven sampling: a new approach to the study of injeciton drug users aged 18-25. AIDS and Behavior 2002; 6(1):55-67.

Johnston LG, Sabin K, Mai Thu Hien, Phame Thi Houng. Assessment of respondent driven sampling for recruiting female sex workers in two Vietnamese cities: Reaching the unseen sex worker. Journal of Urban Health 2006; 83(7):i16-i28.

Kulka R. The use of incentives to survey "hard to reach" respondents:a brief review of empirical research and current research practice. Seminar on New Directions in Statistical Methodology, 1995 #23, 256-289. 1995. FCSM Statistical Policy Working Papers. Ref Type: Report

Lansky, A, AS Abdul-Quader, M Cribbin, T Hall, TJ Finlayson, RS Garfein, LS Lin, PS Sullivan. Developing an HIV behavioral surveillance system for injecting drug users: the National HIV Behavioral Surveillance System. Public Health Reports 2007; 122(S1): 48-55.

Mackellar D, Valleroy L, Karon J, Lemp G, Janssen R. The Young Men's Survey: Methods for estimating HIV seroprevalence and risk factors among young men who have sex with men. Public Health Reports 1996; 111(S1):138-144.

Magnani R, Sabin K, Saidel T, Heckathorn D. Review of sampling hard-to-reach and hidden populations for HIV surveillance. AIDS 2005; 19(Suppl 2):S67-S72.

Mansergh G, Naorat S, Jommaroeng R et al. Adaptation of venue-day-time smapling in Southeast Asia to access men who have sex with men for HIV assessment in Bangkok. Field Methods 2006; 18(2):135-152

McFarland W, Caceres C. HIV surveillance among men who have sex with men. AIDS 2001;

15(Supplement 3):S23-S32.

McKnight C, Des Jarlais D, Bramson H et al. Respondent-driven sampling in a study of drug users in New York City: Notes from the field. Journal of Urban Health 2006; 83(7):i54-i59.

Muhib F, Lin L, Stueve A et al. A venue-based method for sampling hard-to-reach populations. Public Health Reports 2001; 116(Supplement 1):216-222.

Ramirez-Valles J, Heckathorn D, Vazquez R, Diaz RM, Carlson R. From networks to populations: The development and application of respondent-driven sampling among IDUs and Latino gay men. AIDS and Behavior 2005; 9(4):387-402.

Semaan S, Lauby J, Liebman J. Street and network sampling in evaluation studies of HIV risk-reduction interventions. AIDS Reviews 2002; 4:213-223.

Shettle, C, and G Mooney. Monetary Incentives in Government Surveys. Journal of Official Statistics. 1999. 15: 231–50.

Stormer A, Tun W, Guli L et al. An analysis of respondent driven sampling with injection drug users (IDU) in Albania and the Russian Federation. Journal of Urban Health 2006; 83(7):i73-i82.

Stueve A, O'Donnell L, Duran R, San Doval A, Blome J. Time-space sampling in minority communities: Results with young Latino men who have sex with men. American Journal of Public Health 2001;

91(6):922-926.

Thiede, H, M Romero, K Bordelon, H Hagan, CS Murril. Using a jail-based survey to monitor HIV and risk behaviors among Seattle area injection drug users. Journal of Urban Health 2001; 78(2): 264-278.

Valleroy L, Mackellar D, Karon J et al. HIV prevalence and associated risks in young men who have sex with men. JAMA 2000; 284(2):198-204.

Wang J, Carlson R, Falck R, Siegal H, Rahman A, Li L. Respondent-driven sampling to recruit MDMA users: a methodological assessment. Drug and Alcohol Dependence 2005; 78(5):147-157.

Whiteman, MK, P Langenberg, K Kjerulff, et al. A randomized trial or incentives to improve response rates to a mailed women’s health questionnaire. Journal of Womens Health 2003; 12: 821-828.

Xia Q, Tholandi M, Osmond D et al. The effect of venue sampling on estimates of HIV prevalence and sexual risk behaviors in men who have sex with men. Sexually Transmitted Diseases 2006; 33(9):545-550.

Yancey, AK, AN Ortega, SK Kumanyika. Effective recruitment and retention of minority research participants. Annual Review of Public Health 2006; 27(1): 1-28.

Yeka W, Maibani-Michie G, Prybylski D, Colby D. Application of respondent driven sampling to collect baseline data on FSWs and MSM for HIV risk reduction interventions in two urban centres in Papua New Guinea. Journal of Urban Health 2006; 83(7):i60-i72.