§ 1401a. Value

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(a) Generally

- (1) Except as otherwise specifically provided for in this chapter, imported merchandise shall be appraised, for the purposes of this chapter, on the basis of the following:
- (A) The transaction value provided for under subsection (b) of this section.
- (B) The transaction value of identical merchandise provided for under subsection (c) of this section, if the value referred to in subparagraph (A) cannot be determined, or can be determined but cannot be used by reason of subsection (b)(2) of this section.
- (C) The transaction value of similar merchandise provided for under subsection (c) of this section, if the value referred to in subparagraph (B) cannot be determined.
- (D) The deductive value provided for under subsection (d) of this section, if the value referred to in subparagraph (C) cannot be determined and if the importer does not request alternative valuation under paragraph (2).
- (E) The computed value provided for under subsection (e) of this section, if the value referred to in subparagraph (D) cannot be determined.
- (F) The value provided for under subsection (f) of this section, if the value referred to in subparagraph (E) cannot be determined.
- (2) If the value referred to in paragraph (1)(C) cannot be determined with respect to imported merchandise, the merchandise shall be appraised on the basis of the computed value provided for under paragraph (1)(E), rather than the deductive value provided for under paragraph (1)(D), if the importer makes a request to that effect to the customs officer concerned within such time as the Secretary shall prescribe. If the computed value of the merchandise cannot subsequently be determined, the merchandise may not be appraised on the basis of the value referred to in paragraph (1)(F) unless the deductive value of the merchandise cannot be determined under paragraph (1)(D).
- (3) Upon written request therefor by the importer of merchandise, and subject to provisions of law regarding the disclosure of information, the customs officer concerned shall provide the importer with a written explanation of how the value of that merchandise was determined under this section.
- (b) Transaction value of imported merchandise
- (1) The transaction value of imported merchandise is the price actually paid or payable for the merchandise when sold for exportation to the United States, plus amounts equal to—
- (A) the packing costs incurred by the buyer with respect to the imported merchandise;
- (B) any selling commission incurred by the buyer with respect to the imported merchandise;
- (C) the value, apportioned as appropriate, of any assist;
- (D) any royalty or license fee related to the imported merchandise that the buyer is required to pay, directly or indirectly, as a condition of the sale of the imported merchandise for exportation to the United States; and
- (E) the proceeds of any subsequent resale, disposal, or use of the imported merchandise that accrue, directly or indirectly, to the seller.

The price actually paid or payable for imported merchandise shall be increased by the amounts attributable to the items (and no others) described in subparagraphs (A) through (E) only to the extent that each such amount

- (i) is not otherwise included within the price actually paid or payable; and
- (ii) is based on sufficient information. If sufficient information is not available, for any reason, with respect to any amount referred to in the preceding sentence, the transaction value of the imported merchandise concerned shall be treated, for purposes of this section, as one that cannot be determined.

(2)

- (A) The transaction value of imported merchandise determined under paragraph (1) shall be the appraised value of that merchandise for the purposes of this chapter only if
- (i) there are no restrictions on the disposition or use of the imported merchandise by the buyer other than restrictions that—
- (I) are imposed or required by law,
- (II) limit the geographical area in which the merchandise may be resold, or
- (III) do not substantially affect the value of the merchandise;
- (ii) the sale of, or the price actually paid or payable for, the imported merchandise is not subject to any condition or consideration for which a value cannot be determined with respect to the imported merchandise;
- (iii) no part of the proceeds of any subsequent resale, disposal, or use of the imported merchandise by the buyer will accrue directly or indirectly to the seller, unless an appropriate adjustment therefor can be made under paragraph (1)(E); and
- (iv) the buyer and seller are not related, or the buyer and seller are related but the transaction value is acceptable, for purposes of this subsection, under subparagraph (B).
- (B) The transaction value between a related buyer and seller is acceptable for the purposes of this subsection if an examination of the circumstances of the sale of the imported merchandise indicates that the relationship between such buyer and seller did not influence the price actually paid or payable; or if the transaction value of the imported merchandise closely approximates—
- (i) the transaction value of identical merchandise, or of similar merchandise, in sales to unrelated buyers in the United States; or
- (ii) the deductive value or computed value for identical merchandise or similar merchandise;
- but only if each value referred to in clause (i) or (ii) that is used for comparison relates to merchandise that was exported to the United States at or about the same time as the imported merchandise.
- (C) In applying the values used for comparison purposes under subparagraph (B), there shall be taken into account differences with respect to the sales involved (if such differences are based on sufficient information whether supplied by the buyer or otherwise available to the customs officer concerned) in—
- (i) commercial levels;
- (ii) quantity levels;
- (iii) the costs, commissions, values, fees, and proceeds described in paragraph (1); and

- (iv) the costs incurred by the seller in sales in which he and the buyer are not related that are not incurred by the seller in sales in which he and the buyer are related.
- (3) The transaction value of imported merchandise does not include any of the following, if identified separately from the price actually paid or payable and from any cost or other item referred to in paragraph (1):
- (A) Any reasonable cost or charge that is incurred for—
- (i) the construction, erection, assembly, or maintenance of, or the technical assistance provided with respect to, the merchandise after its importation into the United States; or (ii) the transportation of the merchandise after such importation.
- (B) The customs duties and other Federal taxes currently payable on the imported merchandise by reason of its importation, and any Federal excise tax on, or measured by the value of, such merchandise for which vendors in the United States are ordinarily liable.
- (4) For purposes of this subsection—
- (A) The term "price actually paid or payable" means the total payment (whether direct or indirect, and exclusive of any costs, charges, or expenses incurred for transportation, insurance, and related services incident to the international shipment of the merchandise from the country of exportation to the place of importation in the United States) made, or to be made, for imported merchandise by the buyer to, or for the benefit of, the seller.
- (B) Any rebate of, or other decrease in, the price actually paid or payable that is made or otherwise effected between the buyer and seller after the date of the importation of the merchandise into the United States shall be disregarded in determining the transaction value under paragraph (1).
- (c) Transaction value of identical merchandise and similar merchandise
- (1) The transaction value of identical merchandise, or of similar merchandise, is the transaction value (acceptable as the appraised value for purposes of this chapter under subsection (b) of this section but adjusted under paragraph (2) of this subsection) of imported merchandise that is—
- (A) with respect to the merchandise being appraised, either identical merchandise or similar merchandise, as the case may be; and
- (B) exported to the United States at or about the time that the merchandise being appraised is exported to the United States.
- (2) Transaction values determined under this subsection shall be based on sales of identical merchandise or similar merchandise, as the case may be, at the same commercial level and in substantially the same quantity as the sales of the merchandise being appraised. If no such sale is found, sales of identical merchandise or similar merchandise at either a different commercial level or in different quantities, or both, shall be used, but adjusted to take account of any such difference. Any adjustment made under this paragraph shall be based on sufficient information. If in applying this paragraph with respect to any imported merchandise, two or more transaction values for identical merchandise, or for similar merchandise, are determined, such imported merchandise shall be appraised on the basis of the lower or lowest of such values.
- (d) Deductive value
- (1) For purposes of this subsection, the term "merchandise concerned" means the merchandise being appraised, identical merchandise, or similar merchandise.

- (2)
- (A) The deductive value of the merchandise being appraised is whichever of the following prices (as adjusted under paragraph (3)) is appropriate depending upon when and in what condition the merchandise concerned is sold in the United States:
- (i) If the merchandise concerned is sold in the condition as imported at or about the date of importation of the merchandise being appraised, the price is the unit price at which the merchandise concerned is sold in the greatest aggregate quantity at or about such date.
- (ii) If the merchandise concerned is sold in the condition as imported but not sold at or about the date of importation of the merchandise being appraised, the price is the unit price at which the merchandise concerned is sold in the greatest aggregate quantity after the date of importation of the merchandise being appraised but before the close of the 90th day after the date of such importation.
- (iii) If the merchandise concerned was not sold in the condition as imported and not sold before the close of the 90th day after the date of importation of the merchandise being appraised, the price is the unit price at which the merchandise being appraised, after further processing, is sold in the greatest aggregate quantity before the 180th day after the date of such importation. This clause shall apply to appraisement of merchandise only if the importer so elects and notifies the customs officer concerned of that election within such time as shall be prescribed by the Secretary.
- (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the unit price at which merchandise is sold in the greatest aggregate quantity is the unit price at which such merchandise is sold to unrelated persons, at the first commercial level after importation (in cases to which subparagraph (A)(i) or (ii) applies) or after further processing (in cases to which subparagraph (A)(iii) applies) at which such sales take place, in a total volume that is (i) greater than the total volume sold at any other unit price, and
- (ii) sufficient to establish the unit price.
- (3)
- (A) the price determined under paragraph (2) shall be reduced by an amount equal to—
 (i) any commission usually paid or agreed to be paid, or the addition usually made for profit and general expenses, in connection with sales in the United States of imported merchandise that is of the same class or kind, regardless of the country of exportation, as the merchandise concerned;
- (ii) the actual costs and associated costs of transportation and insurance incurred with respect to international shipments of the merchandise concerned from the country of exportation to the United States:
- (iii) the usual costs and associated costs of transportation and insurance incurred with respect to shipments of such merchandise from the place of importation to the place of delivery in the United States, if such costs are not included as a general expense under clause (i);
- (iv) the customs duties and other Federal taxes currently payable on the merchandise concerned by reason of its importation, and any Federal excise tax on, or measured by the value of, such merchandise for which vendors in the United States are ordinarily liable; and

- (v) (but only in the case of a price determined under paragraph (2)(A)(iii)) the value added by the processing of the merchandise after importation to the extent that the value is based on sufficient information relating to cost of such processing.
- (B) For purposes of applying paragraph (A)—
- (i) the deduction made for profits and general expenses shall be based upon the importer's profits and general expenses, unless such profits and general expenses are inconsistent with those reflected in sales in the United States of imported merchandise of the same class or kind, in which case the deduction shall be based on the usual profit and general expenses reflected in such sales, as determined from sufficient information; and
- (ii) any State or local tax imposed on the importer with respect to the sale of imported merchandise shall be treated as a general expense.
- (C) The price determined under paragraph (2) shall be increased (but only to the extent that such costs are not otherwise included) by an amount equal to the packing costs incurred by the importer or the buyer, as the case may be, with respect to the merchandise concerned.
- (D) For purposes of determining the deductive value of imported merchandise, any sale to a person who supplies any assist for use in connection with the production or sale for export of the merchandise concerned shall be disregarded.
- (e) Computed value
- (1) The computed value of imported merchandise is the sum of—
- (A) the cost or value of the materials and the fabrication and other processing of any kind employed in the production of the imported merchandise;
- (B) an amount for profit and general expenses equal to that usually reflected in sales of merchandise of the same class or kind as the imported merchandise that are made by the producers in the country of exportation for export to the United States;
- (C) any assist, if its value is not included under subparagraph (A) or (B); and
- (D) the packing costs.
- (2) For purposes of paragraph (1)—
- (A) the cost or value of materials under paragraph (1)(A) shall not include the amount of any internal tax imposed by the country of exportation that is directly applicable to the materials or their disposition if the tax is remitted or refunded upon the exportation of the merchandise in the production of which the materials were used; and
- (B) the amount for profit and general expenses under paragraph (1)(B) shall be based upon the producer's profits and expenses, unless the producer's profits and expenses are inconsistent with those usually reflected in sales of merchandise of the same class or kind as the imported merchandise that are made by producers in the country of exportation for export to the United States, in which case the amount under paragraph (1)(B) shall be based on the usual profit and general expenses of such producers in such sales, as determined from sufficient information.
- (f) Value if other values cannot be determined or used
- (1) If the value of imported merchandise cannot be determined, or otherwise used for the purposes of this chapter, under subsections (b) through (e) of this section, the merchandise shall be appraised for the purposes of this chapter on the basis of a value that is derived from the methods set forth in such subsections, with such methods being reasonably adjusted to the extent necessary to arrive at a value.

- (2) Imported merchandise may not be appraised, for the purposes of this chapter, on the basis of—
- (A) the selling price in the United States of merchandise produced in the United States;
- (B) a system that provides for the appraisement of imported merchandise at the higher of two alternative values;
- (C) the price of merchandise in the domestic market of the country of exportation;
- (D) a cost of production, other than a value determined under subsection (e) of this section for merchandise that is identical merchandise or similar merchandise to the merchandise being appraised;
- (E) the price of merchandise for export to a country other than the United States;
- (F) minimum values for appraisement; or
- (G) arbitrary or fictitious values.

This paragraph shall not apply with respect to the ascertainment, determination, or estimation of foreign market value or United States price under subtitle IV of this chapter.

- (g) Special rules
- (1) For purposes of this section, the persons specified in any of the following subparagraphs shall be treated as persons who are related:
- (A) Members of the same family, including brothers and sisters (whether by whole or half blood), spouse, ancestors, and lineal descendants.
- (B) Any officer or director of an organization and such organization.
- (C) An officer or director of an organization and an officer or director of another organization, if each such individual is also an officer or director in the other organization.
- (D) Partners.
- (E) Employer and employee.
- (F) Any person directly or indirectly owning, controlling, or holding with power to vote, 5 percent or more of the outstanding voting stock or shares of any organization and such organization.
- (G) Two or more persons directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, any person.
- (2) For purposes of this section, merchandise (including, but not limited to, identical merchandise and similar merchandise) shall be treated as being of the same class or kind as other merchandise if it is within a group or range of merchandise produced by a particular industry or industry sector.
- (3) For purposes of this section, information that is submitted by an importer, buyer, or producer in regard to the appraisement of merchandise may not be rejected by the customs officer concerned on the basis of the accounting method by which that information was prepared, if the preparation was in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The term "generally accepted accounting principles" refers to any generally recognized consensus or substantial authoritative support regarding—
- (A) which economic resources and obligations should be recorded as assets and liabilities;
- (B) which changes in assets and liabilities should be recorded;
- (C) how the assets and liabilities and changes in them should be measured;
- (D) what information should be disclosed and how it should be disclosed; and

(E) which financial statements should be prepared.

The applicability of a particular set of generally accepted accounting principles will depend upon the basis on which the value of the merchandise is sought to be established.

(h) Definitions

As used in this section—

(1)

- (A) The term "assist" means any of the following if supplied directly or indirectly, and free of charge or at reduced cost, by the buyer of imported merchandise for use in connection with the production or the sale for export to the United States of the merchandise:
- (i) Materials, components, parts, and similar items incorporated in the imported merchandise.
- (ii) Tools, dies, molds, and similar items used in the production of the imported merchandise.
- (iii) Merchandise consumed in the production of the imported merchandise.
- (iv) Engineering, development, artwork, design work, and plans and sketches that are undertaken elsewhere than in the United States and are necessary for the production of the imported merchandise.
- (B) No service or work to which subparagraph (A)(iv) applies shall be treated as an assist for purposes of this section if such service or work—
- (i) is performed by an individual who is domiciled within the United States;
- (ii) is performed by that individual while he is acting as an employee or agent of the buyer of the imported merchandise; and
- (iii) is incidental to other engineering, development, artwork, design work, or plans or sketches that are undertaken within the United States.
- (C) For purposes of this section, the following apply in determining the value of assists described in subparagraph (A)(iv):
- (i) The value of an assist that is available in the public domain is the cost of obtaining copies of the assist.
- (ii) If the production of an assist occurred in the United States and one or more foreign countries, the value of the assist is the value thereof that is added outside the United States.
- (2) The term "identical merchandise" means—
- (A) merchandise that is identical in all respects to, and was produced in the same country and by the same person as, the merchandise being appraised; or
- (B) if merchandise meeting the requirements under subparagraph (A) cannot be found (or for purposes of applying subsection (b)(2)(B)(i) of this section, regardless of whether merchandise meeting such requirements can be found), merchandise that is identical in all respects to, and was produced in the same country as, but not produced by the same person as, the merchandise being appraised.

Such term does not include merchandise that incorporates or reflects any engineering, development, artwork, design work, or plan or sketch that—

(I) was supplied free or at reduced cost by the buyer of the merchandise for use in connection with the production or the sale for export to the United States of the merchandise; and

- (II) is not an assist because undertaken within the United States.
- (3) The term "packing costs" means the cost of all containers and coverings of whatever nature and of packing, whether for labor or materials, used in placing merchandise in condition, packed ready for shipment to the United States.
- (4) The term "similar merchandise" means—
- (A) merchandise that—
- (i) was produced in the same country and by the same person as the merchandise being appraised,
- (ii) is like the merchandise being appraised in characteristics and component material, and
- (iii) is commercially interchangeable with the merchandise being appraised; or
- (B) if merchandise meeting the requirements under subparagraph (A) cannot be found (or for purposes of applying subsection (b)(2)(B)(i) of this section, regardless of whether merchandise meeting such requirements can be found), merchandise that—
- (i) was produced in the same country as, but not produced by the same person as, the merchandise being appraised, and
- (ii) meets the requirement set forth in subparagraph (A)(ii) and (iii).
- Such term does not include merchandise that incorporates or reflects any engineering, development, artwork, design work, or plan or sketch that—
- (I) was supplied free or at reduced cost by the buyer of the merchandise for use in connection with the production or the sale for export to the United States of the merchandise; and
- (II) is not an assist because undertaken within the United States.
- (5) The term "sufficient information", when required under this section for determining—(A) any amount—
- (i) added under subsection (b)(1) of this section to the price actually paid or payable,
- (ii) deducted under subsection (d)(3) of this section as profit or general expense or value from further processing, or
- (iii) added under subsection (e)(2) of this section as profit or general expense;
- (B) any difference taken into account for purposes of subsection (b)(2)(C) of this section; or
- (C) any adjustment made under subsection (c)(2) of this section; means information that establishes the accuracy of such amount, difference, or adjustment.