U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

CUT-TO-LENGTH CARBON STEEL PLATE ("CTL PLATE") FROM INDIA, INDONESIA, AND KOREA

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by October 30, 2017

See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its review of the countervailing duty and antidumping duty orders concerning cut-to-length carbon steel plate ("CTL plate") from India, Indonesia, and Korea (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-388, 389, and 391 and 731-TA-817, 818, and 821 (Third Review)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

Name of f	rm	
Address		
City	StateZip Code	
Website_		
Has your f January 1,	rm imported <u>CTL plate</u> (as defined on the next page) <i>from any country</i> at any time since 2011?	
☐ NO	(Sign the certification below and promptly return only this page of the questionnaire to the Commission)	
☐ YES	(Complete all parts of the questionnaire, and return the entire questionnaire to the Commission)	
-	stionnaire via the Commission <i>Drop Box</i> by clicking on the following link: pbox.usitc.gov/oinv/. (PIN: CTLP)	
	CERTIFICATION	
d understand that the esent for the Commis	tion herein supplied in response to this questionnaire is complete and correct to the best of my knowledge information submitted is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. By means of this certification i ion, and its employees and contract personnel, to use the information provided in this questionnaire and it wer import-injury investigations or reviews conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise	l also grant throughout
ceedings may be dis intaining the records grams, personnel, an	wledge that information submitted in response to this request for information and throughout this proceedi losed to and used:(i) by the Commission, its employees and Offices, and contract personnel (a) for devolution of this or a related proceeding, or (b) in internal investigations, audits, reviews, and evaluations related proceeding, or (b) in internal investigations, audits, reviews, and evaluations related operations of the Commission including under 5 U.S.C. Appendix 3; or (ii) by U.S. government employees at rescurity purposes. I understand that all contract personnel will sign appropriate nondisclosure agreements.	veloping or ting to the
me of Authorized Offi	ial Title of Authorized Official Date	
	Phone:	
nature	Email address	
	Fax:	

PART I.--GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.--On February 10, 2000, the Department of Commerce ("Commerce") issued an antidumping order on imports of CTL plate from Japan as well as countervailing and antidumping duty orders on imports of CTL plate from France, India, Indonesia, Italy, and Korea (65 FR 6585 and 65 FR 6587). Following first five-year reviews by Commerce and the U.S. International Trade Commission ("Commission"), effective December 6, 2005, Commerce issued continuations of the countervailing and antidumping duty orders on CTL plate from India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, and Korea (70 FR 72607). Following second five-year reviews by Commerce and the Commission, effective January 4, 2012, Commerce issued a second continuation of the countervailing and antidumping duty orders on CTL plate from India, Indonesia, and Korea (77 FR 264). On December 1, 2016, the Commission instituted a review pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1675(c)) (the Act) to determine whether revocation of the orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the domestic industry within a reasonably foreseeable time. If both the Commission and Commerce make affirmative determinations, the orders will remain in place. If either the Commission or Commerce makes a negative determination, Commerce will revoke the orders. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2016/cut to length carbon quality steel plate india/th ird review full.htm.

<u>CTL plate</u> covered by these reviews is certain hot-rolled carbon-quality steel: (1) Universal mill plates (i.e., flat-rolled products rolled on four faces or in a closed box pass, of a width exceeding 150 mm but not exceeding 1250 mm, and of a nominal or actual thickness of not less than 4 mm, which are cut-to-length (not in coils) and without patterns in relief), of iron or non-alloy-quality steel; and (2) flat-rolled products, hot-rolled, of a nominal or actual thickness of 4.75 mm or more and of a width which exceeds 150 mm and measures at least twice the thickness, and which are cut-to-length (not in coils).

Steel products to be included in the scope are of rectangular, square, circular or other shape and of rectangular or non-rectangular cross-section where such non-rectangular cross-section is achieved subsequent to the rolling process (i.e., products which have been "worked after rolling")—for example, products which have been beveled or rounded at the edges. Steel products that meet the noted physical characteristics that are painted, varnished or coated with plastic or other non-metallic substances are included within the scope. Also, specifically included in the scope are high strength, low alloy ("HSLA") steels. HSLA steels are recognized as steels with microalloying levels of elements such as chromium, copper, niobium, titanium, vanadium, and molybdenum.

Steel products to be included in the scope, regardless of Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS") definitions, are products in which: (1) Iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements, (2) the carbon content is two percent or less, by weight, and (3) none of the elements listed below is equal to or exceeds the quantity, by weight, respectively indicated: 1.80 percent of manganese, or 1.50 percent of silicon, or 1.00 percent of copper, or 0.50 percent of aluminum, or 1.25 percent of chromium, or 0.30 percent of cobalt, or 0.40 percent of lead, or 1.25 percent of nickel, or 0.30 percent of tungsten, or 0.10 percent of molybdenum, or 0.10 percent of niobium, or 0.41 percent of titanium or 0.15 percent of vanadium, or 0.15 percent zirconium. All products that meet the written physical description, and in which the chemistry quantities do not equal or exceed any one of the levels listed above, are within the scope unless otherwise specifically excluded. The following products are specifically excluded from the orders:

- (1) Products clad, plated, or coated with metal, whether or not painted, varnished or coated with plastic or other non-metallic substances;
- (2) SAE grades (formerly AISI grades) of series 2300 and above;
- (3) products made to ASTM A710 and A736 or their proprietary equivalents;
- (4) abrasion-resistant steels (i.e., USS AR 400, USS AR 500);
- (5) products made to ASTM A202, A225, A514 grade S, A517 grade S, or their proprietary equivalents;
- (6) ball bearing steels;
- (7) tool steels; and
- (8) silicon manganese steel or silicon electric steel.

CTL plate is currently classifiable in the HTSUS under statistical reporting numbers: 7208.40.3030, 7208.40.3060, 7208.51.0030, 7208.51.0045, 7208.51.0060, 7208.52.0000, 7208.53.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7210.90.9000, 7211.13.0000, 7211.14.0030, 7211.14.0045, 7211.90.0000, 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, 7212.50.0000, 7225.40.3050, 7225.40.7000, 7225.50.6000, 7225.99.0090, 7226.91.5000, 7226.91.7000, 7226.91.8000, and 7226.99.0000.The HTSUS provisions are for convenience and customs purposes; the written description of the scope is dispositive.

<u>Primary HTS numbers</u>.--For the purposes of this questionnaire the primary HTS numbers for in-scope CTL plate are 7208.40.3030, 7208.40.3060, 7208.51.0030, 7208.51.0045, 7208.51.0060, 7208.52.0000, 7208.53.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7210.90.9000, 7211.13.0000, 7211.14.0030, 7211.14.0045, 7211.90.0000, 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, and 7212.50.0000.

Reporting of information.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, purchaser and/or foreign producer questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages</u>.--If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Carolyn Carlson (202-205-3002, <u>Carolyn.Carlson@usitc.gov</u>).

I-1. <u>OMB statistics</u>.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

I-2. <u>Establishments covered</u>.--Provide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this questionnaire. If your firm is publicly traded, please specify the stock exchange and trading symbol.

"Establishment" – Each facility of a firm involved in the importation of CTL plate, including
auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such
facilities.

mporters' Questionnair	e – CTL plate	Page 5
OwnershipIs your	firm owned, in whole or in part, by any ot	her firm?
□ No □ Y	esList the following information.	
Firm name	Address	Extent of ownership (percent)
foreign, that are eng exporting CTL plate t	xporters Does your firm have any relate aged in importing CTL plate into the Unite o the United States? esList the following information.	
Firm name	Country	Affiliation
engaged in the produ	esList the following information.	
Firm name	Country	Affiliation

110	Importors'	Questionnaire	- CTL plate
U.S.	importers	Questionnaire	- CIL biate

Importer of record	Takes title to the imported product(s)	Consigned imported pr		Customs broker of freight forwarde
	m is an importer of reco	•		• ,
Firm name	Address			Contact person a phone number
"Foreign trade zone" – procedures that allow own. Well as other savings. A	a designated location in delayed or reduced custo A foreign trade zone mus the Foreign-Trade Zones	the United Sta oms duty paym of be designed a	ites where f	eign merchandise, a
"Foreign trade zone" — procedures that allow owell as other savings. A procedures set forth in "Bonded warehouse" — imports are stored penother charges. A bonded warehouse are stored penother charges.	delayed or reduced custon foreign trade zone must the Foreign-Trade Zones a secured facility superding their re-export, or red warehouse must be de	the United Sta oms duty paym of be designed a s Act. vised by U.S. cu elease after pa	ites where fents on fore ents on fore as such purs ustoms, whe yment of in	firms utilize special eign merchandise, a suant to the rules ar ere dutiable landed nport duties, taxes,
procedures that allow of well as other savings. A procedures set forth in "Bonded warehouse" - imports are stored pen other charges. A bonde procedures set forth in	delayed or reduced custon foreign trade zone must the Foreign-Trade Zones a secured facility superding their re-export, or red warehouse must be de 19 U.S.C. § 1555.	the United Sta oms duty paym of be designed a s Act. vised by U.S. cu elease after pa esigned as such	ites where fents on fore eas such purs ustoms, whe yment of in pursuant t	firms utilize special eign merchandise, a suant to the rules ar ere dutiable landed apport duties, taxes, to the rules and
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"Foreign trade zone" — procedures that allow of well as other savings. A procedures set forth in "Bonded warehouse"— imports are stored penother charges. A bonded procedures set forth in "Temporary Importation merchandise may be enfree of duty. Under the etc. that would otherw merchandise within a secretain categories of merchandized Tariff Schemen."	delayed or reduced custors foreign trade zone must the Foreign-Trade Zones a secured facility superding their re-export, or red warehouse must be de 19 U.S.C. § 1555. In under Bond ("TIB") puntered under certain comprogram, an importer poise be owed on the imported pecified time or pay liquerchandise listed in subtractions.	the United Statems duty payment be designed as Act. vised by U.S. cuelease after paresigned as such ditions for a linustration and agaidated damage deadings 9813.0	etes where fents on fore as such pursustoms, when yment of in a pursuant to cedure who ited time in twice the arees to expose. This program, and the control of the control	firms utilize special eign merchandise, a suant to the rules are dutiable landed apport duties, taxes, to the rules and hereby, imported anto the United State amount of duty, tax ort or destroy the gram is restricted to

I-9.	<u>Business plan</u> In Parts II and III of this questionnaire we request a copy of your company's business plan. Does your company or any related firm have a business plan or any internal documents that describe, discuss, or analyze expected market conditions for CTL plate?
	No YesPlease provide the requested documents. If you are not providing the requested documents, please explain why not.
I-10.	Other trade actionsTo your knowledge, have the products subject to this proceeding been the subject of any other import relief proceedings in the United States or in any other countries?
	No YesPlease specify.

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Carolyn Carlson (202-205-3002, <u>Carolyn.Carlson@usitc.gov</u>). Supply all data requested on a <u>calendar-year</u> basis.

II-1.	Contact information. Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which
	Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted
	in part II.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

II-2. <u>Changes in operations</u>.--Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the importation of CTL plate since January 1, 2011.

Chec	k as many as appropriate.	If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable.
	Office/warehouse openings	
	Office/warehouse closings	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Prolonged shutdowns or importation curtailments	
	Revised labor agreements	
	Other (e.g., technology)	

	,	•		
U.S.	Importers'	Questionnaire	– CIL	plate

		antity (in short tons)	Ou	
Sept 2018	n 2018 Jul-S	Jan-Mar 2018 Apr-Jun 20	Oct-Dec 2017	Period/Source
				India
				Indonesia
				Korea (other than POSCO)
				Korea POSCO
				Other sources
		r firm also produces CTL plate in th his product. If your firm's reasons		Korea POSCO Other sources Reasons for importing

Definitions

"Imports" – Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty) or consignee (i.e., to which the merchandise was first delivered).

"Micro-alloy steel CTL plate" – CTL plate having one or more of the following elements is present in the quantity, by weight, as indicated:

0.30-1.25 percent of nickel, or
0.08-0.10 percent of molybdenum, or
0.06-0.10 percent of niobium, or
0.05-0.41 percent of titanium, or
0.05-0.15 percent zirconium

[&]quot;Import quantities" - Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values" – Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"U.S. commercial shipments" – Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related domestic firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" – A firm that your firm solely or jointly owns, manages, or otherwise controls.

"Export shipments" – Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" – Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5. <u>Imports from India</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from India during the specified periods.

INDIA

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)							
	(Calendar yea	January to	September			
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017		
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)							
Imports: ¹ Under primary HTS numbers: ² Quantity (B)							
Value (C)							
Under other HTS numbers (including micro-alloy steel CTL plate) ³ Quantity (D)							
Value (E)							
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F)							
Value (G)							
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (H)							
Value ⁴ (I)							
Export shipments: ⁵ Quantity (J)							
Value (K)							
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)							
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (M) To end users (quantity) Construction (N)							
• •							
Other (O) Please identify the foreign producers, if known: Primary HTS numbers: 7208.40.3030, 7208.40.307208.53.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7210.907212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, and 7212.50.0000. Please identify the other statistical reporting nur Sales to related firms (including internal consum uses a different basis for valuing these sales within y provide value data using that basis for each of the performance of the pe	060, 7208.51.0 0.9000, 7211.1 mbers under w ption) must be our company, eriods noted al	3.0000, 7211.1 which your firm a valued at fair please specify	14.0030, 7211 classified its i market value	.14.0045, 7211. mports of CTL p . In the event t	90.0000, plate: hat your firm		

II-5. Imports from India.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.</u>--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	C	alendar year	January to	September	
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January to	September
Reconciliation item	2014	2016	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-6. <u>Imports from Indonesia</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from Indonesia during the specified periods.

INDONESIA

Quantity (in	short tons),	value (<i>in \$1,0</i>	000)		
	(Calendar year	rs	January to	September
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Under primary HTS numbers: ² Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
Under other HTS numbers (including micro-alloy steel CTL plate) ³ Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F)					
Value (G)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (H)					
Value ⁴ (I)					
Export shipments: ⁵ Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (M) To end users (quantity) Construction (N)					
Other (O)					
Please identify the foreign producers, if known: Primary HTS numbers: 7208.40.3030, 7208.40.30 7208.53.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7210.90. 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, and 7212.50.0000. Please identify the other statistical reporting num Sales to related firms (including internal consumpuses a different basis for valuing these sales within your provide value data using that basis for each of the pe Identify your firm's principal export markets:	9000, 7211.1 nbers under votion) must bour company,	3.0000, 7211.1 which your firm e valued at fair please specify	.4.0030, 7211 classified its i market value	.14.0045, 7211. mports of CTL p . In the event th	90.0000, late: nat your firm

II-6. Imports from Indonesia.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.</u>--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		alendar year	January to	September	
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	C	alendar year	January to	September	
Reconciliation item	2014	2016	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-7. <u>Imports from Korea (excluding POSCO)</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from Korea (excluding POSCO) during the specified periods.

KOREA (EXCLUDING POSCO)

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)							
		Calendar year	January to	September			
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017		
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)							
Imports: ¹ Under primary HTS numbers: ² Quantity (B)							
Value (C)							
Under other HTS numbers (including micro-alloy steel CTL plate) ³ Quantity (D)							
Value (E)							
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F)							
Value (G)							
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (H)							
Value ⁴ (I)							
Export shipments: ⁵ Quantity (J)							
Value (K)							
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)							
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (M) To end users (quantity)							
Construction (N)							
Other (O)							
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known: _ ² Primary HTS numbers: 7208.40.3030, 7208.40.306 7208.53.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7210.90. 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, and 7212.50.0000. ³ Please identify the other statistical reporting num ⁴ Sales to related firms (including internal consump uses a different basis for valuing these sales within yo provide value data using that basis for each of the per ⁵ Identify your firm's principal export markets:	50, 7208.51.0 9000, 7211.5 bers under v tion) must b ur company riods noted a	13.0000, 7211.1 which your firm e valued at fair , please specify	4.0030, 7211 classified its i market value	.14.0045, 7211. mports of CTL p . In the event tl	90.0000, plate: hat your firm		

II-7. <u>Imports from Korea (excluding POSCO)</u>.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.</u>--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	C	alendar year	January to	September	
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January to	September
Reconciliation item	2014	2016	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-8. <u>Imports from Korea (POSCO)</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from Korea (POSCO) during the specified periods.

KOREA (POSCO)

Quantity (in	short tons),	value (<i>in \$1,0</i>	000)	_	
		Calendar year	January to	September	
ltem	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports:1					
Under primary HTS numbers: ²					
Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
Under other HTS numbers (including					
micro-alloy steel CTL plate) ³					
Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
U.S. shipments:					
Commercial shipments:					
Quantity (F)					
Value (G)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers:					
Quantity (H)					
Value ⁴ (I)					
Export shipments:5					
Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
Channels of distribution:					
U.S. shipments:					
To distributors (<i>quantity</i>) (M)					
To end users (quantity)					
Construction (N)					
Other (O)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known:		1	•	-1	
² Primary HTS numbers: 7208.40.3030, 7208.40.30	60, 7208.51.0	030, 7208.51.0	0045, 7208.51	.0060, 7208.52.	0000,
7208.53.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7210.90	.9000, 7211.1	3.0000, 7211.1	4.0030, 7211	.14.0045, 7211.	90.0000,
7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, and 7212.50.0000.					
³ Please identify the other statistical reporting nun	nbers under w	hich your firm	classified its i	mports of CTL p	late:
⁴ Sales to related firms (including internal consump	otion) must be	e valued at fair	market value	. In the event th	nat your firm
uses a different basis for valuing these sales within yo			that basis (e.g	g., cost, cost plu	s, etc.) and
provide value data using that basis for each of the pe	riods noted a	bove:			
5 Identify your firm's principal export markets:					

II-8. <u>Imports from Korea (POSCO)</u>.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.</u>--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		alendar year	January to	September	
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	C	alendar year	S	January to	September
Reconciliation item	2014	2016	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-9. <u>Imports from all other sources</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of CTL plate imported from **all other sources combined** during the specified periods.

ALL OTHER SOURCES COMBINED

Quantity (in :	short tons),	value (<i>in \$1,0</i>	<i>000</i>)		
	Calendar years			January to September	
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Under primary HTS numbers: ² Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
Under other HTS numbers (including micro-alloy steel CTL plate) ³ Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F)					
Value (G)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (H)					
Value ⁴ (I)					
Export shipments: ⁵ Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (M)					
To end users (<i>quantity</i>) Construction (N)					
Other (O)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known: ² Primary HTS numbers: 7208.40.3030, 7208.40.30 7208.53.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7210.90. 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, and 7212.50.0000. ³ Please identify the other statistical reporting num ⁴ Sales to related firms (including internal consumpuses a different basis for valuing these sales within your provide value data using that basis for each of the pe	9000, 7211.1 bers under wition) must bour company,	3.0000, 7211.1 which your firm e valued at fair please specify	classified its i	.14.0045, 7211. mports of CTL p	.90.0000, plate: hat your firm

II-9. Imports from all other sources.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.</u>--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	C	alendar year	S	January to	September
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B + D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	C	Calendar year	S	January to	September
Reconciliation item	2014	2016	2016	2016	2017
M + N + O - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-10. <u>Product type.</u>--Please indicate the type of CTL plate your firm imported in 2016. (Check all that are applicable to your firm).

Type of CTL plate	India	Indonesia	Korea (excluding POSCO)	Korea (POSCO)	Other
Carbon/micro-alloy pressure vessel plate					
Oil-drilling platform plate					
Shipbuilding plate					
X-70 (or higher) plate for line pipe having a width not exceeding 120 inches					
X-70 (or higher) plate for line pipe having a width greater than 120 inches ¹					
Carbon/micro-alloy plate for line pipe other than X- 70					
Carbon/micro-alloy plate for sour service					
Ultra high strength steel (UHSS) or advanced high strength steel (AHSS) carbon/micro-alloy plate					
¹ Please report the maximum thicknes	s of X-70 grade CTI	plate your firm p	roduced in 2016.		

For questions II-11 and II-12, if your firm's response differs for particular orders, please indicate ar
explain the particular effect of imposition and/or revocation of specific orders.

of CTL plate in the and antidumping place and if the o	or organizat e future? Plo duty orders Irders were to Ibject to the	ion, includi ease consid on CTL pla to be revok	buld your firm anticipate any changes in in the character ng its imports, U.S. shipments of imports, or inventories er both anticipated changes if the countervailing duty te from India, Indonesia, and Korea were to remain in ed. Please also note that imports from Korean firm I should not be considered as a part of your response if
	No	Yes	If yes, supply details as to the time, nature, and significant changes and provide underlying assumptions, alorelevant portions of business plans or other supporting documentations that address this issue.
If orders remain in place			
If orders are revoked			
hat did not prov	ide a narrati e space prov	ve respons vided below	like to further explain a response to a question in Part II e box, please note the question number and the v. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your ction, including but not limited to technical issues with

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from **Fernando Gracia (202-205-2747, Fernando.Gracia@usitc.gov)**.

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

PRICE DATA

- III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers of the following products your firm imported from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea:
 - <u>Product 1</u>.—Hot-rolled carbon steel plate, ASTM A-36 or equivalent as rolled, mill edge, not heat treated, not cleaned or oiled, in cut lengths, 72" through 96" in width, 0.250" thick.
 - <u>Product 2</u>.—Hot-rolled carbon steel plate, ASTM A-36 or equivalent as rolled, mill edge, not heat treated, not cleaned or oiled, in cut lengths, 72" through 96" in width, 0.3125" thick.
 - <u>Product 3</u>.—Hot-rolled carbon steel plate, ASTM A-36 or equivalent as rolled, mill edge, not heat treated, not cleaned or oiled, in cut lengths, 72" through 120" in width, 0.375" through 3.00" in thickness.
 - <u>Product 4</u>.—Hot-rolled carbon steel plate, high strength low allow (HSLA), ASTM A-572, Grade 50, mill edge, not cleaned or oiled, in cut lengths, 72" through 120" in width, 0.5" through 1.5" in thickness.

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S. point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

(a)	Ko	uring January 2014 - September 2017, did your firm import from India, Indonesia, and/or orea (excluding POSCO) and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed roducts (or any products that were competitive with these products)?
		YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
		NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2(b). Price data (India).--Report below the quarterly price data for pricing products imported from India and sold by your firm.

INDIA

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
Product 3							
y Value							

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1: Product 2:

Product 3:

III-2(b). Price data (India).--Continued

INDIA

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

(Quantity <i>in short tons,</i> value <i>in dollars</i>)							
	Produ	ict 4	Produ	ct 5			
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value			
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2017:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
1 Net velves /: a successed	la a control a la ana a III alta a a cont		and the same of the same of the same	l £t			

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:

Product 5:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2(c). Price data (Indonesia).--Report below the quarterly price data for pricing products imported from Indonesia and sold by your firm.

INDONESIA

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

			tons, value in dol		1	_
	Product 1		Produ	ıct 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your min steported pricing data.
Product 1:
Product 2:
Product 3:

ods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of snipment.

Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2(c). Price data (Indonesia)--Continued

INDONESIA

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity in	n short tons, value in d	ollars)	
	Product 4		Produ	ıct 5
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2015:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2016:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2017:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:

Product 5:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Product 2: Product 3:

III-2(d). Price data (Korea, excluding POSCO).--Report below the quarterly price data for pricing products imported from India and sold by your firm.

KOREA (EXCLUDING POSCO)

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Qı	uantity <i>in shor</i> t	t tons, value in doi	lars)		
	Product 1 Product 2		Product 3			
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015: January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017: January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
¹ Net values (i.e., gross s goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S ² Pricing product definition NoteIf your firm's product provide a description of the	 point of shipment ons are provided o does not exactly n 	t. n the first page neet the produ	of Part III.	ut is competitive	e with the specifie	
Product 1:	•	,	•		-	

III-2(d). Price data (Korea, excluding POSCO).—Continued

KOREA (EXCLUDING POSCO)

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity in	n short tons, value in d	ollars)	
	Product 4		Produ	uct 5
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2015:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2016:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
October-December				
2017:				
January-March				
April-June				
July-September				
1 Not values (i.e., gross sal	os valuos loss all dissount	ts allowances rehates	propaid froight and thou	alue of roturned

Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:

Product 5:

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

U.S. Importers' Questionnaire -	- CTL	plate
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III-2 (e). Price data checklist	Please check that the pricing data in question I	II-2(b) has been correctly
reported.		

Is the price data reported above:	√ if Yes
In actual dollars (not \$1,000)?	
F.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., does not include U.S. transport costs)?	
Net of all discounts and rebates?	
Have returns credited to the quarter in which the sale occurred?	
Less than reported commercial shipments in question II-7 – II-9 in each year?	

III-2(f). <u>Pricing data methodology</u>.--Please describe the method and the kinds of documents/records that were used to compile your price data.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

U.S. Importers' Questionnaire - CTL plate

III-3.	<u>Price setting</u> How does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of CTL plate
	(check all that apply)? If your firm issues price lists, please submit sample pages of a recent list.

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

III-4. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

III-5. Pricing terms.--

(a) What are your firm's typical sales terms for CTL plate imported from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea (excluding POSCO)?

Net 30 days	Net 60 days	2/10 net 30 days	Other	Other (specify)

(b) On what basis are your firm's prices of imported CTL plate from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea (excluding POSCO) usually quoted? *(check one)*

Delivered F.o.b.		If f.o.b., specify point		

III-6. <u>Contract versus spot</u>.--Approximately what share of your firm's sales of CTL plate imported from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea (excluding POSCO) in 2016 was on a (1) long-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) short-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

	Type of sale					
ltem	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum t 100.0%	ld o
Share of your 2016 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

III-7. <u>Contract provisions</u>.--Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for CTL plate from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea (excluding POSCO) (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a long-term, short-term, and/or contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
<u>.</u>	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
aa, o. pee	Both			
Meet or release	Yes			
provision	No			
Not applicable				

III-8. <u>Lead times</u>.--What is your firm's share of sales of CTL plate imported from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea (excluding POSCO) from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of CTL plate?

Source	Share of 2016 sales	Lead time (average number of days)
From inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

III-9.	Shinning	information	_
111-5.	JUNDUUR	IIIIOIIIIauoii	_

(a)	What is the approximate percentage of the cost of CTL plate imported from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea (excluding POSCO) that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs?%
(b)	Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations?
	☐ Your firm ☐ Purchaser (check one)
(c)	When your firm sells CTL plate imported from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea (excluding POSCO), from where is it shipped?
	Point of importation Storage facility (check one)
(d)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your sales of CTL plate imported from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea (excluding POSCO) that are delivered the following distances from your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Distance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Share
Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

III-10.	Geographical shipments In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold CTL plate
	imported from subject sources since January 1, 2011 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	India	Indonesia	Korea
NortheastCT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.			
Midwest .–IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.			
Southeast .—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.			
Central Southwest.–AR, LA, OK, and TX.			
Mountains.—AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.			
Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.			
Other.—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.			

III-11. End uses.--

(a) List the end uses of the CTL plate that your firm imports. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by CTL plate and other inputs?

	Share of total cost account	Total	
			(should sum to
End use product	CTL plate	Other inputs	100.0% across)
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

(b) Have there been any changes in the end uses of CTL plate since January 1, 2011? Do you anticipate any future changes?

Changes in end uses	No	Yes	Explain
Changes since January 1, 2011			
Anticipated changes			

U.S. Im	porters'	Questionn	aire – (CTL pla	ite			Page 36
III-12.	<u>Substit</u>	tutes						
	(a)	Can other	produ	cts be	substituted for C	TL pla	ite?	
		☐ No		Yes	Please fill out t	he tal	ole.	
			Fr	nd use	in which this	На		ranges in the price of this substitute fected the price for CTL plate?
_	Substitute		substitute is used		No	Yes	Explanation	
1.								
2.								
3.								
	(b)			•	-			es of products that can be you anticipate any future changes?
	Cha	anges in						

Explain

Yes

No

substitutes

Changes since January 1, 2011

Anticipated changes

III-13. Availability of supply.--Has the availability of CTL plate in the U.S. market changed since January 1, 2011? Do you anticipate any future changes?

Availability in the U.S.			Please explain, noting the countries and reasons for				
market	No	Yes	the changes.				
Changes since January 1, 2	Changes since January 1, 2011:						
U.Sproduced product							
Imports from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea (Excluding POSCO)							
Imports from all other countries							
Anticipated changes:							
U.Sproduced product							
Imports from India, Indonesia, and/or Korea (Excluding POSCO)							
Imports from all other countries							

III-14. **Demand trends**.--

(a) Indicate how demand within the United States and outside of the United States (if known) for CTL plate has changed since January 1, 2011. Explain any trends and describe the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand. If not known for a particular sector, please leave that row blank.

				1		
	January 1,	2011-Decemb	er 31, 2013	Sino	ce January 1, 2	014
Market	Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease
Within the United States						
Within the United States for the following sectors: Agricultural and electrical equipment						
Automotive						
Construction						
Machinery, tools & industrial equipment						
Oil and gas industry						
Rail transportation						
Shipbuilding and marine equipment						
Wind towers						
Other ¹						
Outside the United States						
¹ Please describe the "other" sectors:						

ı	11 1 1	Demand	+40000	Canti	
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(b)	Have any changes in raw material costs affected your firm's price negotiations and/or
	selling prices (including surcharges) since January 1, 2011? If there are relevant
	surcharges, please identify them specifically.

No	Yes	Please explain.

(c) Are your firm's sales of CTL plate indexed to raw material costs?

No	Please explain, identifying the particular raw materials index or indices, and how frequently prices are adjusted based on the index or indices.

III-15. **Product changes**.--Have there been any significant changes in the product range, product mix, or marketing of CTL plate since January 1, 2011? Do you anticipate any future changes?

Changes in product range, product mix, or marketing	Yes	Explain
Changes since January 1, 2011		
Anticipated changes		

III-16.	Conditions	of com	petition

(a)	Is the CTL plate market subject to business cycles (other than general economy-wid	le
	conditions) and/or other conditions of competition distinctive to CTL plate?	

Check all that apply.		Please describe.		
No		Skip to question III-17.		
Yes-Business cycles (e.g. seasonal business)				
Yes-Other distinctive conditions of competition				
(b) If yes, have there been any changes in the business cycles or conditions of competition for CTL plate since January 1, 2011?				
Yes	If yes, describe	•		
	No Yes-Business seasonal business on ditions of the bate since January	No Yes-Business cycles (e.g. seasonal business) Yes-Other distinctive conditions of competition have there been any changes ate since January 1, 2011?		

III-17. <u>Supply constraints</u>.--Has your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply CTL plate since January 1, 2011 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order entry," declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the quantity promised, being unable to meet timely shipment commitments, etc.)?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-18. Raw materials.--Indicate how CTL plate raw material prices have changed since January 1, 2011, and how you expect they will change in the future.

Raw materials prices	Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for CTL plate.
Changes since January 1, 2011					
Anticipated changes					

III-19.	<u>Price comparisons</u> Please compare market prices of CTL plate in U.S. and non-U.S. markets if known. Provide information as to time periods and regions for any price comparisons.

III-20. Market studies.--Please provide as a separate attachment to this request any studies, surveys, etc. that you are aware of that quantify and/or otherwise discuss CTL plate supply (including production capacity and capacity utilization) and demand in (1) the United States, (2) each of the other major producing/consuming countries, including India, Indonesia, and/or Korea, and (3) the world as a whole. Of particular interest is such data from 2011 to the present and forecasts for the future.

- U.S. Importers' Questionnaire CTL plate
- III-21. <u>Interchangeability</u>.--Is CTL plate produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	India	Indonesia	Korea ¹	Other countries ¹
United States				
India				
Indonesia				
Korea ¹				

For any country-pair producing CTL plate that is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude interchangeable use:

¹ "Korea" includes CTL plate from all producers in Korea other than POSCO; "Other countries" includes CTL plate from POSCO.

III-22. <u>Factors other than price</u>.--Are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, etc.) between CTL plate produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	India	Indonesia	Korea ¹	Other countries ¹
United States				
India				
Indonesia				
Korea ¹				

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's sales of CTL plate, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-23.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part II
	that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

¹ "Korea" includes CTL plate from all producers in Korea other than POSCO; "Other countries" includes CTL plate from POSCO.

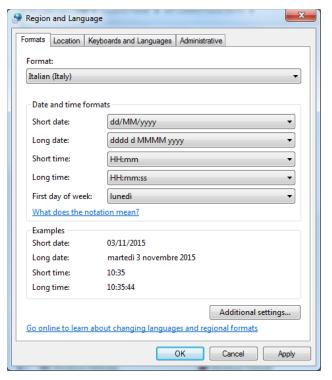
Correcting Valid number error messages.—If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The US International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

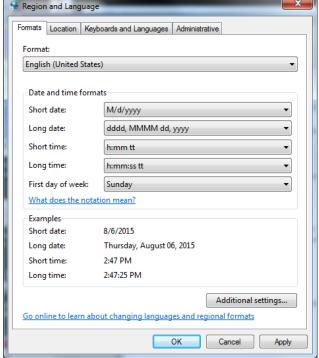
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the questionnaire. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2016/cut to length carbon quality stee l plate india/third review full.htm

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.--Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: CTLP

• E-mail.--E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to Carolyn.Carlson@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm <u>does not</u> **import this product**, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.--If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.