U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

FABRICATED STRUCTURAL STEEL

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by February 15, 2019

See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its countervailing duty and antidumping investigations concerning fabricated structural steel from Canada, China, and Mexico (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-615-617 and 731-TA-1432-1434 (Preliminary)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

City			State	Zip (ode		
Website _							
Has your firm imported fabricated structural steel (as defined on next page) from any country at any time since January 1, 2015?							
☐ NO	(Sign the ce	rtification below and	d promptly return o r	nly this page of	the questionna	ire to the Commissi	on)
YES	(Complete a	III parts of the quest	ionnaire, and return	the entire que	stionnaire to th	e Commission)	
Tollowing	ink: <u>nttps://</u>	dropbox.usitc.go	<u>v/oinv/</u> . (PIN: F/	HD3)			
e and belief	and understa	in supplied in read and that the inforn arant consent for	nation submitted	uestionnaire is subject to	audit and ver	ification by the C	omm
e and belief this certific on provided hission on the dersigned, ac g or other p (a) for deve and evaluati 3; or (ii) by (and understal ation I also g in this question same or simil knowledge the roceedings mail loping or mail ons relating J.S. governme		sponse to this quation submitted the Commission, ghout this procee ubmitted in responses of this or a response of this or a responsel, and to contract personnel,	uestionnaire is subject to , and its em ding in any c onse to this the Commissipated procee operations o	audit and ver ployees and other import-in request for in sion, its emplo ding, or (b) in of the Commi	ification by the Contract personn njury proceedings formation and the pyees and Offices internal investigussion including u	omm el, to cons nroug , and ation
e and belief this certific on provided hission on the dersigned, ac g or other p (a) for deve and evaluati 3; or (ii) by (and understal ation I also g in this question same or simil knowledge the roceedings mail loping or mail ons relating J.S. governments	nd that the information to consent for and through ar merchandise. The control of the control of the programs, and employees and the metaling the recontrol of the programs, and employees and	sponse to this quation submitted the Commission ghout this procee abmitted in responses of this or a response of this or a response of the contract personnel agreements.	uestionnaire is subject to , and its em ding in any c onse to this the Commissipated procee operations o	audit and ver ployees and other import-in request for in sion, its emplo ding, or (b) in of the Commi	ification by the Contract personn njury proceedings formation and the pyees and Offices internal investigussion including u	ommel, to construction

PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.--This proceeding was instituted in response to a petition filed on February 4, 2019, by the American Institute of Steel Construction LLC, Chicago, IL. Countervailing and/or antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of subsidization and/or dumping. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2019/fabricated structural steel canada china and/preliminary.htm.

<u>Fabricated structural steel</u> covered by these investigations includes carbon and alloy (including stainless) steel products such as angles, columns, beams, girders, plates, flange shapes (including manufactured structural shapes utilizing welded plates as a substitute for rolled wide flange sections), channels, hollow structural section ("HSS") shapes, base plates, plate-work components, and other steel products that have been fabricated for assembly or installation into a structure (fabricated structural steel). Fabrication includes, but is not limited to, cutting, drilling, welding, joining, bolting, bending, punching, pressure fitting, molding, adhesion, and other processes.

Fabricated structural steel products included in the scope of these investigations are products in which: (1) iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; and (2) the carbon content is two percent or less by weight.

Fabricated structural steel is covered by the scope of the investigations regardless of whether it is painted, varnished, or coated with plastics or other metallic or non-metallic substances. Fabricated structural steel may be either assembled; disassembled, but containing characteristics or items, such as holes, fasteners, nuts, bolts, rivets, screws, tongue and grooves, hinges, or joints, so that the product(s) may be joined, attached, or assembled to one or more additional product(s); or partially assembled, such as into modules, modularized construction units, or sub-assemblies of fabricated structural steel. Products under investigation include carbon and alloy steel products that have been fabricated for erection or assembly into structures, including but not limited to, buildings (commercial, office, institutional, and multi-family residential); industrial and utility projects; parking decks; arenas and convention centers; medical facilities; and ports, transportation and infrastructure facilities.

Subject merchandise includes fabricated structural steel that has been assembled or further processed in the subject country or a third country, including but not limited to painting, varnishing, trimming, cutting, drilling, welding, joining, bolting, punching, bending, beveling, riveting, galvanizing, coating, and/or slitting or any other processing that would not otherwise remove the merchandise from the scope of the investigation if performed in the country of manufacture of the fabricated structural steel. Fabricated structural steel may be attached, joined, or assembled with non-steel components at the time of importation. The inclusion, attachment, joining, or assembly of non-steel components with fabricated structural steel does not remove the fabricated structural steel from the scope.

All products that meet the written physical description are within the scope of these investigations unless specifically excluded. Specifically excluded from the scope of these investigations is certain fabricated steel concrete reinforcing bar ("rebar"). Fabricated rebar is excluded from the scope only if (i) it is a unitary piece of fabricated rebar, not joined, welded, or otherwise connected with any other steel product or part; or (ii) it is joined, welded, or otherwise connected only to other rebar.

Also excluded from this scope is fabricated structural steel used for bridges and bridge sections. For the purpose of this scope, fabricated structural steel used for bridges and bridge sections is defined as fabricated structural steel that is used in bridges and bridge sections and that conforms to American Association of State and Highway and Transportation Officials ("AASHTO") bridge construction requirements or any state or local derivatives of the AASHTO bridge construction requirements.

Also excluded from this scope are pre-engineered metal building systems. For the purposes of this scope, pre-engineered metal building systems are defined as complete metal buildings that integrate steel framing, roofing and walls to form one, pre-engineered building system and are designed and manufactured to Metal Building Manufacturers Association guide specifications. Pre-engineered metal building systems are typically limited in height to no more than 60 feet or two stories.

Also excluded from this scope are steel roof and floor decking systems designed and manufactured to Steel Deck Institute standards.

Also excluded from the scope are open web steel bar joists and joist girders that are designed and manufactured to Steel Joist Institute specifications.

Fabricated structural steel is currently imported under statistical reporting numbers 7308.90.9590, 7308.90.3000, and 7308.90.6000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS"). They may also be imported under HTSUS statistical reporting numbers 7216.91.0010, 7216.91.0090, 7216.99.0010, 7216.99.0090, 7228.70.6000, 7301.10.0000, 7301.20.1000, 7301.20.5000, 7308.40.0000, 7308.90.9530, and 9406.90.0030. The HTSUS provisions are for convenience and customs purposes; the written description of the scope is dispositive.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing fabricated structural steel (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Reporting of information.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.-- The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

Valid number error messages.—If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Mary Messer (202-205-3193, Mary.Messer@usitc.gov).

<u>D-GRIDS tool.</u>--The Commission has a tool that firms can use to move data from their own MS Excel compilation files into self-contained data tables within this MS Word questionnaire, thereby reducing the amount of cell-by-cell data entry that would be required to complete this form. This tool is a macroenabled MS Excel file available for download from the Commission's generic questionnaires webpage (https://www.usitc.gov/trade_remedy/question.htm) called the "D-GRIDs tool." Use of this tool to help your firm complete this questionnaire is *optional*. Firms opting to use the D-GRIDs tool to populate their data into this questionnaire will need the D-GRIDs specification sheet PDF file specific to this proceeding (available on the case page which is linked under the "Background" above) which includes the necessary references relating to this questionnaire, as well as the macro-enable MS Excel D-GRIDs tool itself from the generic questionnaires page. More detailed instructions on how to use the D-GRIDs tool are available within the D-GRIDs tool itself.

I-1. OMB statistics.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

I-2.	<u>Establishments covered</u> Provide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this questionnaire. If your firm is publicly traded, please specify the stock exchange and trading symbol.							
		" <u>Establishment</u> "Each facility of a firm involved in the <u>importation</u> of fabricated structural steel, including auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such facilities.						
I-3.	_	, in whole or in part, by any other firm?						
	Firm name	Address	Extent of ownership (percent)					
I-4.	foreign, that are engaged in imp	Does your firm have any related firms, either orting fabricated structural steel from Canacer that are engaged in exporting fabricated structured United States?	la, China, and/or					
	☐ No ☐ YesList the	following information.						
	Firm name	Country	Affiliation					
		1	l					

U.S. Importers' Questionnaire - Fabricated Structural Steel Page 6 I-5. Related producers.--Does your firm have any related firms, either domestic or foreign, that are engaged in the production of fabricated structural steel? No Yes--List the following information. Firm name Country Affiliation I-6. **Importing operations**.--Please indicate the nature of your firm's importing operations on fabricated structural steel. More than one answer may be applicable. Takes title to the Consignee of the **Customs broker or** Importer of record imported product(s) imported products(s) freight forwarder I-7. Consignee.--If your firm is an importer of record of fabricated structural steel but is not the consignee, please list the consignees below (firm name, address, telephone number, and individual to contact). **Contact person** and phone **Address** number Firm name

I-8.	FTZ, TIB, or bonded warehouses Please indicate whether your firm enters fabricated structura
	steel into, or withdraws such merchandise from, foreign trade zones or bonded warehouses.
	Also indicate whether your firm imports fabricated structural steel under the TIB (temporary
	importation under bond) program.

"Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise, as well as other savings. A foreign trade zone must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.

"Bonded warehouse" is a secured facility supervised by U.S. customs, where dutiable landed imports are stored pending their re-export, or release after payment of import duties, taxes, and other charges. A bonded warehouse must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in 19 U.S.C. § 1555.

"Temporary Importation under Bond ("TIB") program" is a procedure whereby imported merchandise may be entered under certain conditions for a limited time into the United States free of duty. Under the program, an importer posts a bond for twice the amount of duty, taxes, etc. that would otherwise be owed on the importation and agrees to export or destroy the merchandise within a specified time or pay liquidated damages. This program is restricted to certain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS).

Item	No	Yes
Foreign trade zones		
Bonded warehouses		
Temporary importation under bond		

I-9. Other trade actions.--To your knowledge, have the products subject to this proceeding been the subject of any other import relief proceedings in the United States or in any other countries?

No	Yes	If yes, Yes–Please specify.

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Prolonged shutdowns or importation curtailments

Revised labor agreements

Other (e.g., technology)

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Mary Messer (202-205-3193.

Mary.N	/lesser(<u>@usitc.gov</u>). Supply all data requ	uested on a <u>calendar-year</u> basis.
II-1.		nission staff may contact that inc	the responsible individual and the manner by which dividual regarding the confidential information submitted
	Name		
	Title		
	Email		
	Telep	hone	
II-2.			te whether your firm has experienced any of the following of fabricated structural steel since January 1, 2015.
	(che	ck as many as appropriate)	(If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable)
		Office/warehouse openings	
		Office/warehouse closings	
		Relocations	
		Expansions	
		Acquisitions	
		Consolidations	

	<u>Arranged imports</u> Has your firm imported or arranged for the importation of fabricated structural steel for delivery after September 30, 2018 ?						
	_	t merchar	•	•	laced an order with a ot scheduled to occu		
	No	Yes					
			If yes, fill out the	table below.			
	_		,				
				T	riod		
	Sou	ırce	Oct-Dec 2018	Jan-Mar 2019	Apr-Jun 2019	Jul-Sept 2019	
				Quantity (i	n short tons)	T	
	Canada						
	China						
	Mexico						
	All other	sources					
3b.			-		-Has your firm impor		
3b.	structural	steel fron	-	en February 2018 a	-Has your firm impoi nd January 2019 (i.e		
3b.	structural months in	steel fron 2018 and	m any source betwe	en February 2018 a 2019 combined)?		., the last 11	
3b.	structural months in	steel fron 2018 and	m any source betwe	en February 2018 a 2019 combined)?	nd January 2019 (i.e	., the last 11	
3b.	structural months in	steel fron 2018 and	If yes, report the	en February 2018 a 2019 combined)?	nd January 2019 (i.e	., the last 11	
3b.	structural months in	steel fron 2018 and	If yes, report the	en February 2018 a 2019 combined)? quantity of such im	nd January 2019 (i.e	ce.	
3b.	structural months in No Canada	steel fron 2018 and	If yes, report the	en February 2018 a 2019 combined)? quantity of such im	nd January 2019 (i.e	ce.	
3b.	structural months in	steel fron 2018 and	If yes, report the	en February 2018 a 2019 combined)? quantity of such im	nd January 2019 (i.e	ce.	
3b.	structural months in No Canada China Mexico	Yes	If yes, report the	en February 2018 a 2019 combined)? quantity of such im	nd January 2019 (i.e	ce.	
3b.	structural months in No Canada China	Yes	If yes, report the	en February 2018 a 2019 combined)? quantity of such im	nd January 2019 (i.e	ce.	
3b.	structural months in No Canada China Mexico All other:	yes Sources or import ates, please	If yes, report the control of the first month in th	en February 2018 a 2019 combined)? quantity of such im uantity (in short too	nd January 2019 (i.e	January 2019	

Definitions

"Imports" – Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty) or consignee (i.e., to which the merchandise was first delivered).

"Import quantities" –Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values" — Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"U.S. commercial shipments"— Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related domestic firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owns, manages, or otherwise controls.

"Export shipments"— Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5a. <u>U.S. imports from Canada</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of fabricated structural steel imported from Canada by your firm during the specified periods.

Canada

	Quantity (in sho	ort tons), value	(in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years	January-September		
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)					
Value² (I)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Internal consumption and transfers to basis for valuing these transactions in youthed the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in the data pr	to related firms r our records, pleas ould be based on	nust be valued at se specify that ba	sis (e.g., cost, cost	•	

II-5a. U.S. imports from Canada.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.—Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		Calendar years	5	January-	September
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

II-5b. <u>Channels of distribution: Canada</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related U.S. firms) of imports from Canada, by channel of distribution.

Canada

		Calendar yea	January-September		
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
		Qı	uantity (in shor	t tons)	
Channels of distribution:					
U.S. shipments:					
To distributors (M)					
To end users and/or job site (N)					

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years			eptember
Reconciliation item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-5c. <u>Stage of assembly: Canada</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Canada, by stage of assembly.

Canada

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)								
	Calendar years			January-September				
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018			
U.S. shipments: Assembled or partially assembled fabricated structural steel ("FSS"):1 Quantity (O)								
Value (P)								
Other in-scope FSS, including disassembled FSS: ² Quantity (Q)								
Value ² (R)								

¹ Examples of partially assembled FSS include, but are not limited to, modules, modularized construction units, or sub-assemblies of FSS. See definition of assembled and partially assembled FSS on page 2.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for stage of assembly (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-S	eptember
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
O + Q - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0
P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

² See definition of disassembled FSS on page 2.

II-6a. <u>U.S. imports from China</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of fabricated structural steel imported from China by your firm during the specified periods.

China

(Quantity (in sho	ort tons), value	(in \$1,000)		
	Calendar years			January-Septem	
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)					
Value² (I)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producer ² Internal consumption and transfers basis for valuing these transactions in you the data provided above in this table should be a provided above in the stable should be a provided by a principal export.	to related firms rour records, pleasould be based on	must be valued at se specify that ba I fair market value	sis (e.g., cost, cost	•	

II-6a. U.S. imports from China.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		Calendar years	January-	September	
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

II-6b. <u>Channels of distribution: China.</u>--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related U.S. firms) of imports from China, by channel of distribution.

China

	Calendar years			January-September		
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018	
	Quantity (in short tons)					
Channels of distribution:						
U.S. shipments:						
To distributors (M)						
To end users and/or job site (N)						

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-S	eptember	
Reconciliation item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-6c. <u>Stage of assembly: China</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from China, by stage of assembly.

China

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)								
		Calendar years			eptember			
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018			
U.S. shipments: Assembled or partially assembled fabricated structural steel ("FSS"):1 Quantity (O)								
Value (P)								
Other in-scope FSS, including disassembled FSS: ² Quantity (Q)								
Value² (R)								

¹ Examples of partially assembled FSS include, but are not limited to, modules, modularized construction units, or sub-assemblies of FSS. See definition of assembled and partially assembled FSS on page 2.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for stage of assembly (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar year	rs January-September		
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
O + Q - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0
P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

² See definition of disassembled FSS on page 2.

II-7a. <u>U.S. imports from Mexico</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of fabricated structural steel imported from Mexico by your firm during the specified periods.

Mexico

	Quantity (in sho	ort tons), value	(in \$1,000)			
	Calendar years			January-Septemb		
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)						
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)						
Value (C)						
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)						
Value (E)						
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)						
Value² (G)						
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)						
Value² (I)						
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)						
Value (K)						
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)						
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Internal consumption and transfers to basis for valuing these transactions in youthed the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in the data pr	to related firms r our records, pleas ould be based on	nust be valued at se specify that ba	sis (e.g., cost, cost	•		

II-7a. U.S. imports from Mexico.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.—Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		Calendar years	January-	September	
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

II-7b. <u>Channels of distribution: Mexico.</u>--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related U.S. firms) of imports from Mexico, by channel of distribution.

Mexico

	Calendar years			January-September			
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018		
	Quantity (in short tons)						
Channels of distribution:							
U.S. shipments:							
To distributors (M)							
To end users and/or job site (N)							

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-S	eptember	
Reconciliation item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-7c. <u>Stage of assembly: Mexico</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Mexico, by stage of assembly.

Mexico

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)						
		Calendar year	January-So	eptember		
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018	
U.S. shipments: Assembled or partially assembled fabricated structural steel ("FSS"):1 Quantity (O)						
Value (P)						
Other in-scope FSS, including disassembled FSS: ² Quantity (Q)						
Value² (R)						

¹ Examples of partially assembled FSS include, but are not limited to, modules, modularized construction units, or sub-assemblies of FSS. See definition of assembled and partially assembled FSS on page 2.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for stage of assembly (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-September		
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018	
O + Q - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not						
revise.	0	0	0	0	0	
P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if not						
revise.	0	0	0	0	0	

² See definition of disassembled FSS on page 2.

II-8a. <u>Imports from all other sources</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of fabricated structural steel imported from **all other sources** by your firm during the specified periods.

All other sources

Calendar years January-September		
2016 2017 2017 2018	2015	Item
		Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)
		Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)
		Value (C)
		U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)
		Value (E)
		Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)
		Value² (G)
		Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H) Value ² (I)
		Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)
		Value (K)
		End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)
ust be valued at fair market value. If your firm uses specify that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus, <i>etc.</i>):	to related firms mour records, please ould be based on f	Value (K) End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L) 1 Please identify the foreign producers 2 Internal consumption and transfers

³ Identify your firm's principal export markets: _____.

II-8a. Imports from all other sources.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.—Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-September	
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal					
zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

II-8b. <u>Channels of distribution: All Other Sources.</u>--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related U.S. firms) of imports from all other sources, by channel of distribution.

All other sources

	Calendar years			January-September	
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
		Qı	uantity (in shor	t tons)	
Channels of distribution:					
U.S. shipments:					
To distributors (M)					
To end users and/or job site (N)					

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			Calendar years January-September	
Reconciliation item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-8c. <u>Stage of assembly: All other sources</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from all other sources, by stage of assembly.

All other sources

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)						
		Calendar year	January-September			
Item	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018	
U.S. shipments: Assembled or partially assembled fabricated structural steel ("FSS"): Quantity (0)						
Value (P)						
Other in-scope FSS, including disassembled FSS: ² Quantity (Q)						
Value² (R)						

¹ Examples of partially assembled FSS include, but are not limited to, modules, modularized construction units, or sub-assemblies of FSS. See definition of assembled and partially assembled FSS on page 2.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for stage of assembly (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January-September		
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017	2017	2018	
O + Q - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not						
revise.	0	0	0	0	0	
P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if not						
revise.	0	0	0	0	0	

² See definition of disassembled FSS on page 2.

	<u>Transfers to related firms.</u> If your firm reported transfers to related firms in any of the data tables in part II, please identify the firm(s) and indicate the nature of the relationship between your firm and the related firms (e.g., joint venture, wholly owned subsidiary) and whether the transfers were priced at market value or by a non-market formula.
).	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part II for which a narrative response box was not provided, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Amelia Preece (202-205-3250, Amelia.Preece@usitc.gov).

III-1. <u>Contact information</u>.--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

PRICE DATA

III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data¹ for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2015 of the following products produced by your firm.

<u>Product 1.</u>—Fabricated light structural,² Grade 50, 0-19 lbs. per linear foot, sold for industrial projects.³

<u>Product 2.</u>—Fabricated medium structural,² Grade 50, 20-119 lbs. per linear foot, sold for industrial projects.³

<u>Product 3.</u>—Fabricated extra heavy structural,² Grade 50, 120 lbs. or greater per linear foot, sold for industrial projects.³

<u>Product 4.</u>—Fabricated structural steel⁴ sold for schools, libraries, labs, and hospitals, 2-4 stories.

<u>Product 5.</u>—Fabricated structural steel⁴ sold for office buildings, multi-family residential buildings, and mixed-use buildings, 5-19 stories.

<u>Product 6.</u>—Fabricated structural steel⁴ sold for office buildings, multi-family residential buildings, and mixed-use buildings, 20 stories and greater.

- ¹ Quantity and value data should be reported based on the quantity and value of the product included in the final bid on which the project was awarded.
- ² The term "structural" includes beams, columns, and vertical bracing.
- ³ The term "industrial project" includes electric power facilities; oil, gas, and refined products production, processing and storage facilities; alternative fuels facilities; petroleum refining facilities; chemical processing facilities; and metals and minerals processing facilities.

⁴ The term "fabricated structural steel" includes the merchandise defined in the scope of this proceeding and does not include merchandise excluded from the scope.

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> point of shipment and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates). Values should <u>not</u> include the value associated with erection or other on-site services.

and se	g January 2015-September 2018, did your firm import from Canada, China, and/or Mexico ell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products (or any products that were etitive with these products)?
	YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
	NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2a. Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Canada and sold by your firm.

Canada

Report data in **pounds** and *actual dollars* (not 1,000s).

		(Quantity in p	ounds, value in do	llars)			
	Produ	ıct 2	Product 3				
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2017:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2018:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Note -If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but	is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in	your firm's reported pricing data.

Note: If your first is product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 1:

Product 2: Product 3:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2a. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Canada and sold by your firm.

Canada

Report data in **pounds** and *actual dollars* (not 1,000s).

(Quantity <i>in pounds,</i> value <i>in dollars</i>) Product 4 Product 5 Product 6						
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2015:	-					
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2018:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Note -If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but	is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in	your firm's reported pricing data.

					_	
Product 4:						
Product 5:						
Product 6:						

III-2a. Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China and sold by your firm.

China

Report data in **pounds** and **actual dollars** (not 1,000s).

		(Quantity in p	ounds, value in do	llars)			
	Produ	ict 1	Produ	ıct 2	Product 3		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2017:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2018:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Product 3:

Note -If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but	is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in	your firm's reported pricing data.

provide a de	scription of y	our firm's product	. Also, plea	se explain	any anomalie	s in your firm's re	ported pri	cing da	ata.	ĺ
Product 1:										
Product 2:										

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2a. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China and sold by your firm.

China

Report data in **pounds** and *actual dollars* (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in pounds, value in dollars) Product 4 Product 5 Product 6							
Period of shipment	Quantity Value		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2017:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2018:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

Note -If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but	is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in	your firm's reported pricing data.

provide a description of your min's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your min's reported pricing data.
Product 4:
Product 5:
Product 6:

III-2a. Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Mexico and sold by your firm.

Mexico

Report data in **pounds** and **actual dollars** (not 1,000s).

<u> </u>			ounds, value in do		1		
	Produ	ıct 1	Produ	ıct 2	Product 3		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2017:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2018:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September		•		•		•	

goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Product 3:

Note -If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but	is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in	your firm's reported pricing data.

provide	a descripti	on of your firm's produ	ct. Also, pl	ease explair	n any anomal	lies in your firm's re	eported pricing	data.	ŕ
Produc	t 1:								
Produc	t 2:								

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2a. Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Mexico and sold by your firm.

Mexico

Report data in **pounds** and *actual dollars* (not 1,000s).

	Produ	ıct 4	Produ	ıct 5	Product 6		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2017:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2018:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly me	et the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of your firm's product. Also	, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

•	•	•	• •	•	•	•	•	-	
Product 4:									
Product 5:									
Product 6:									

III-2b.	Price data checklistPlease check that the pricing data in question III-2(a) has been correctly
	reported.

Is the price data reported above:	√ if Yes				
In actual dollars (<i>not</i> \$1,000)?					
In pounds (<i>not</i> short tons)?					
F.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., does not include U.S. transport costs)?					
Net of all discounts and rebates?					
Have returns credited to the quarter in which the sale occurred?					
Less than reported commercial shipments in part II in each year?					

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

U.S.	Importers'	Questionnaire	- Fabricated	Structural	Steel
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III-3.	<u>Price setting.</u> How does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of fabricated
	structural steel (check all that apply)? If your firm issues price lists, please submit sample pages
	of a recent list.

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

III-4. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

III-5. **Pricing terms.**--On what basis are your firm's prices of imported fabricated structural steel from Canada, China, and Mexico usually quoted *(check one)*?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

III-6. <u>Contract versus spot.</u>—Approximately what share of your firm's sales of fabricated structural steel imported from Canada, China, and/or Mexico in 2017 was on a (1) short-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) long-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

	Type of sale					
Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum t 100.0%	ld o
Share of 2017 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

III-7. <u>Contract provisions.</u>— Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for fabricated structural steel imported from Canada, China, and/or Mexico (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a short-term, annual and/or long-term contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)					
Average contract duration	No. of days		365						
Price renegotiation	Yes								
(during contract period)	No								
	Quantity								
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price								
3.1.5, 5.1 p.1.50	Both								
Indexed to raw	Yes								
material costs ¹	No								
Not applicable									
¹ Please identify the in	dexes used:	¹ Please identify the indexes used:							

III-8. <u>Lead times.</u>—What is your firm's share of sales of fabricated structural steel imported from Canada, China, and/or Mexico from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of fabricated structural steel?

Source	Share of 2017 sales	Lead time (average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

II-9.	Shipping information.—							
	(a)	What is the approximate percentage of the cost of fabricated structural steel imporfrom Canada, China, and Mexico that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs? percent.						
	(b)	(b) Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations? Your firm Purchaser (check one)						
	(c)	 When your firm sells fabricated structural steel imported from Canada, China, and Mexico, from where is it shipped? Point of importation Storage facility (check one) 						
	(d)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's saimported from Canada, China, and Mexico that are defrom your firm's U.S. point of shipment.						
		Distance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Share					
		Within 100 miles	%					

Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

III-10. <u>Geographical shipments.</u>—In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold fabricated structural steel imported from subject countries since January 1, 2015 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	Canada	China	Mexico
Northeast.—CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.			
Midwest.–IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.			
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.			
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.			
Mountains.—AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.			
Pacific Coast.—CA, OR, and WA.			
Other .—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.			

III-11. **End uses.**--List the most common types of structures that use the fabricated structural steel that your firm imports. For each type of structure, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> of the structure is accounted for by fabricated structural steel and other inputs?

	Share of total cost of		
Type of structure	Fabricated structural steel	Total (should sum to 100.0% across)	
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

			Eahricat	ed structur	al			Total (should sum to
Type of structure		tructure	steel		u1	Other inputs		100.0% across)
			%			%	0.0 %	
				%			%	0.0 %
				%			%	0.0 %
III-12	2. Substitutes. -		_	oe substitut lease fill out			d structural	steel?
		10	1esP	iease iiii ou	t the tat	ne.		
		E	nd use in v	which this	I		he price for	orice of this substitute fabricated structural el?
	Substitute		substitute is used		No	Yes	E	Explanation
1.								
2.								
3.								
III-13	States (if kno	wn) for fab	ricated str	uctural stee	el has ch	anged s	ince Januar	sside of the United y 1, 2015. Explain any es in demand.
N	larket	Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease		ate with ar trend		olanation and factors
	n the United States							Jianation and factors
ide the	e United States	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1				

U.S. Im	iporters' Qu	iestionnair	e - Fabricated Str	uctural Steel Page 37			
III-14.	<u>Product changes.</u> Have there been any significant changes in the product range, product mix or marketing of fabricated structural steel since January 1, 2015?						
	No	Yes	If yes, please des	cribe.			
III-15.	(a) Is the econo	Conditions of competition.— (a) Is the fabricated structural steel market subject to business cycles (other than general economy-wide conditions) and/or other conditions of competition distinctive to fabricated structural steel?					
	Check all	that apply	•	Please describe.			
	☐ No			Skip to question III-16.			
	Yes-Business cycles (e.g. seasonal business)						
			distinctive s of competition				
	(b) If yes, have there been any changes in the business cycles or conditions of competition for fabricated structural steel since January 1, 2015?						
	No	Yes	If yes, describe	е.			
III-16.	Supply constraintsHas your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply fabricated structural steel since January 1, 2015 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order entry," declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the quantity promised, being unable to meet timely shipment commitment etc.)?						
	No	Yes	If ves, please des	cribe.			

III-17. Raw materials.--How have fabricated structural steel raw material prices changed since January 1, 2015?

Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for fabricated structural steel.

III-18. <u>Interchangeability.</u>—Is fabricated structural steel produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Canada	China	Mexico	Other countries				
United States								
Canada								
China								
Mexico								
For any country-pair producing fabricated structural steel that is <i>sometimes</i> or <i>never</i> interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude interchangeable use:								

III-19. <u>Factors other than price</u>.--Are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between fabricated structural steel produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Canada	China	Mexico	Other countries
United States				
Canada				
China				
Mexico				

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's sales of fabricated structural steel, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-20. <u>Customer identification.</u>--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for fabricated structural steel since January 1, 2015. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's total shipments of fabricated structural steel that each of these customers accounted for in 2017.

	Customer's name	Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2017 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

III-21.	Other explanations.—If your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III for which a narrative response box was not provided, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

U.S. Importers' Questic	nnaire - Fa	bricated	Structural S	iteel		Page 41		
-22. Impact of the section 232 investigationThis question concerns the section 232 investigation and subsequent tariffs imposed on imported steel and aluminum products.								
	n imported	steel pro	ducts begin	•		ibsequent imposition i impact on the		
Yes —Plea	Yes—Please fill out table below and answer part (b) No Don't know							
]						
Item Response								
Impact on your firm ¹								
Impact on overall U.S.	pact on overall U.S. market ¹							
¹ Please identify the before and after the app						erations/overall market		
investi		-				the impact of the 232 eel products beginning		
Republic to the second				ation and factors				
Overall demand for FSS in the U.S. market								
Supply of FSS in the U.S. market								

Prices for FSS in the U.S. market

Raw material costs for

FSS in the U.S. market

Raw material costs for FSS in the U.S. market

U.S. Importers Questionnaire - Fabricated Structural Steel Page 42									
III-23. Impact of the section 301 investigationThis question concerns the section 301 investigation and subsequent announcement of additional tariffs proposed and implemented by the United States in response to Chinese trade practices.									
(a) Did the announcement of the 301 investigation in June 2018 or the subsequent imposition of tariffs on Chinese-origin products have an impact on the fabricated structural steel market?									
	Yes—Please fill out table below and answer part (b) No Don't know								
	Item Response								
Impact on y	Impact on your firm ¹								
Impact on o	Impact on overall U.S. market ¹								
¹ Please identify the magnitude and timing of any effects, and compare your firm's operations/overall market before and after the announcement of the section 301 measures.									
(b) Assessment of impact of the section 301 investigation Please indicate the impact of the announcements and subsequent imposition of duties under the section 301 investigation.									
Fluctuate with no clear Item Increase Change Decrease trend Explanation and factors						ation and factors			
Overall de FSS in the U									
Supply of U.S. m									
Prices for U.S. m									

U.S. market Raw material costs for

FSS in the U.S. market

U.S. Importers' Questio	nnaire - F a	abricated :	Structural S	iteel		Page 43			
IV-24. Impact of the CTL Plate AD/CVD order This question concerns the most recent antidumping and countervailing duty orders on CTL (cut-to-length) plate.									
(a) Did the petition on CTL plate in April 2016 or the subsequent issuance of antidumping and countervailing duty orders over the first half of 2017 have an impact on the fabricated structural steel market?									
	Yes—Please fill out table below and answer part (b) No Don't know								
Item Response									
Impact on your firm ¹									
Impact on overall U.S.	market ¹								
¹ Please identify the r before and after the issue	_	_	-	s, and compar	e your firm's op	erations/overall market			
	CTL plate	in April 20	16 and the	subsequent	Please indic issuance of an	ate the impact of the tidumping and			
No Clear Item Increase change Decrease trend Explanation and factors						ation and factors			
Overall demand for FSS in the U.S. market									
Supply of FSS in the U.S. market									
Prices for FSS in the									

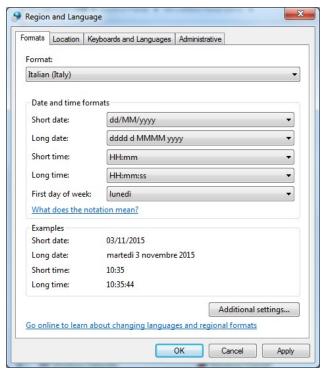
Correcting Valid number error messages.—If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The US International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

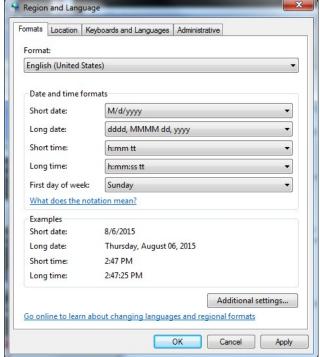
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the questionnaire. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2019/fabricated structural steel canada china and/preliminary.htm.

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: FABS

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to mary.messer@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm did not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.