## DP18-1815PHHF18

## Improving the Health of Americans through Prevention and Management of Diabetes and Heart Disease and Stroke

Strategies for Preventing and Managing Diabetes and Heart Disease and Stroke

Category A: Diabetes Management and Type 2 Diabetes Prevention Strategies			
Strategy	References that Provide Evidence Base for Recommending these Strategies		
A1: Improve access to and participation in ADA- recognized/ADCES- accredited DSMES programs in underserved areas	<ol> <li>2017 National Standards for Diabetes Self-Management Education and Support. Diabetes Care. 2017; 40:1409–1419. Retrieved from http://care.diabetesjournals.org/content/40/10/1409.full-text.pdf.</li> <li>Klein HA, Jackson SM, Street K, Whitacre JC, Klein J. Diabetes self- management education: miles to go. Nurs Res Pract. 2013:581012.</li> <li>Powers, MA, Bardsley, J, Cypress, M, et al. Diabetes Self-management Education and Support in Type 2 Diabetes: A Joint Position Statement of the American Diabetes Association, the American Association of Diabetes Educators, and the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics. Diabetes Care. Jul 2015; 38(7): 1372-1382. https://doi.org/10.2337/dc15- 0730</li> <li>Morgan JM, Mensa-Wilmot Y, Bowen S, Murphy M, Bonner T, Rutledge S, et al. Implementing Key Drivers for Diabetes Self- Management Education and Support Programs: Early Outcomes, Activities, Facilitators, and Barriers. Prev Chronic Dis 2018;15:170399. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.5888/pcd15.170399</li> </ol>		
A2: Expand or strengthen DSMES coverage policy among public or private insurers or employers, with emphasis on one or more of the following: Medicaid and employers	<ol> <li>2017 National Standards for Diabetes Self-Management Education and Support. Diabetes Care. 2017; 40:1409–1419. Retrieved from http://care.diabetesjournals.org/content/40/10/1409.full-text.pdf.</li> <li>Powers, MA, Bardsley, J, Cypress, M, et al. Diabetes Self-management Education and Support in Type 2 Diabetes: A Joint Position Statement of the American Diabetes Association, the American Association of Diabetes Educators, and the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics. Diabetes Care. Jul 2015; 38(7): 1372-1382. https://doi.org/10.2337/dc15- 0730</li> <li>Morgan JM, Mensa-Wilmot Y, Bowen S, Murphy M, Bonner T, Rutledge S, et al. Implementing Key Drivers for Diabetes Self- Management Education and Support Programs: Early Outcomes, Activities, Facilitators, and Barriers. Prev Chronic Dis 2018;15:170399. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.5888/pcd15.170399</li> </ol>		
<b>A3:</b> Increase engagement of pharmacists in the provision of medication management or DSMES for people with diabetes	<ol> <li>2017 National Standards for Diabetes Self-Management Education and Support. Diabetes Care. 2017; 40:1409–1419. Retrieved from http://care.diabetesjournals.org/content/40/10/1409.full-text.pdf.</li> <li>2. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>Collaborative Practice</i> <i>Agreements and Pharmacists' Patient Care Services</i>. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. https://www.cdc.gov/dhdsp/pubs/docs/Translational Tools Pharmacists. pdf</li> <li>3. Joint Commission of Pharmacy Practitioners. Pharmacists' Patient Care Process. 2014 <u>https://jcpp.net/wp-content/uploads/2015/09/Patient_Care</u> <u>Process_Template_Presentation-Final.pdf</u>.</li> <li>4. Klein HA, Jackson SM, Street K, Whitacre JC, Klein J. Diabetes self- management education: miles to go. Nurs Res Pract. 2013:581012.</li> </ol>		

	5.	Patient-Centered Primary Care Collaborative. <i>The Patient-Centered</i>
		Medical Home: Integrating Comprehensive Medication Management to
		Optimize Patient Outcomes – Resource Guide. 2nd ed.
		2012. <u>https://www.pcpcc.org/sites/default/files/media/medmanagement.p</u> df.
	6.	
	0.	Powers, MA, Bardsley, J, Cypress, M, et al. Diabetes Self-management Education and Support in Type 2 Diabetes: A Joint Position Statement of
		the American Diabetes Association, the American Association of
		Diabetes Educators, and the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics.
		Diabetes Care. Jul 2015; 38(7): 1372-1382. https://doi.org/10.2337/dc15-
		0730
A4: Assist health care	1.	Albright, Ann L., and Edward W. Gregg. Preventing type 2 diabetes in
organizations in	1,	communities across the US: The National Diabetes Prevention
implementing systems to		Program. American Journal of Preventive Medicine 44.4 (2013): S346-
identify people with		S351. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.amepre.2012.12.009</u>
prediabetes and refer them	2	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. 2018 CDC Diabetes
to CDC-recognized	۷.	Prevention Recognition Program Standards. Atlanta, GA: Centers for
lifestyle change programs		Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human
for type 2 diabetes		Services. https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/prevention/pdf/dprp-
prevention		standards.pdf
prevention	3.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>The National Diabetes</i>
	0.	Prevention Program. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and
		Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
		https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/prevention/index.html
	4.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>Resources for Health Care</i>
		Professionals. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,
		U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
		https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/prevention/lifestyle-program/resources/
		professionals.html
	5.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Community-Clinical
		Linkages for the Prevention and Control of Chronic Diseases: A
		Practitioner's Guide. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and
		Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; 2016.
		https://www.cdc.gov/dhdsp/pubs/docs/ccl-practitioners-guide.pdf
	6.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>Preventing Type 2</i>
		Diabetes: A Guide to Refer Your Patients with Prediabetes to an
		Evidence-based Diabetes Prevention Program. Atlanta, GA: Centers for
		Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human
	-	Services. <u>https://preventdiabetesstat.org/toolkit.html</u>
	<u>7.</u>	National DPP Customer Service Center <u>https://nationaldppcsc.cdc.gov/s/</u>
<b>A5:</b> Collaborate with	1.	Albright, Ann L., and Edward W. Gregg. Preventing type 2 diabetes in communities across the US: The National Diabetes Prevention
payers and relevant public		Program. American Journal of Preventive Medicine 44.4 (2013): S346-
and private sector organizations within the		
state to expand availability	2.	S351. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.amepre.2012.12.009</u> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>National DPP Coverage</i>
of the National DPP as a	۷.	<i>Toolkit</i> . Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S.
covered benefit for one or		Department of Health and Human Service. <u>www.coveragetoolkit.org</u>
more of the following	3.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. 2018 CDC Diabetes
groups: Medicaid	0.	Prevention Recognition Program Standards. Atlanta, GA: Centers for
beneficiaries; state/public		Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human
employees; employees of		Services. <u>https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/prevention/pdf/dprp-</u>
private sector organizations		standards.pdf
	4.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>Diabetes Prevention Impact</i>

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	6.	<ul> <li><i>Toolkit</i>. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Service.</li> <li><u>https://nccd.cdc.gov/Toolkit/DiabetesImpact/</u></li> <li>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>Diabetes State Burden Toolkit</i>. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.</li> <li><u>https://nccd.cdc.gov/Toolkit/DiabetesBurden</u></li> <li>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>Preventing Type 2</i></li> <li><i>Diabetes:</i> A Guide to Refer Your Patients with Prediabetes to an Evidence-based Diabetes Prevention Program. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. <a href="https://preventdiabetesstat.org/toolkit.html">https://nccd.cdc.gov/Toolkit/DiabetesBurden</a></li> <li>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>Preventing Type 2</i></li> <li><i>Diabetes:</i> A Guide to Refer Your Patients with Prediabetes to an Evidence-based Diabetes Prevention Program. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. <a href="https://preventdiabetesstat.org/toolkit.html">https://preventdiabetesstat.org/toolkit.html</a></li> <li>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>CDC 6/18 Initiative: Prevent Type 2 Diabetes.</i> Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/sixeighteen/diabetes/index.htm">https://www.cdc.gov/sixeighteen/diabetes/index.htm</a></li> </ul>
<b>A6:</b> Implement strategies to increase enrollment in CDC-recognized lifestyle change programs	2.	Albright, Ann L., and Edward W. Gregg. "Preventing type 2 diabetes in communities across the US: The National Diabetes Prevention Program." <i>American Journal of Preventive Medicine</i> 44.4 (2013): S346- S351. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.amepre.2012.12.009</u> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>2018 CDC Diabetes</i> <i>Prevention Recognition Program Standards</i> . Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. <u>https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/prevention/pdf/dprp- standards.pdf</u> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>Addressing Chronic</i>
		Disease through Community Health Workers. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; 2018. <u>https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/prevention/pdf/dprp- standards.pdf</u>
<b>A7:</b> Develop a statewide	1.	2017 National Standards for Diabetes Self-Management Education and
infrastructure to promote long-term sustainability/reimburseme nt for Community Health Workers (CHWs) as a means to establish or expand their use in a)	2.	Support. Diabetes Care. 2017; 40:1409–1419. Retrieved from http://care.diabetesjournals.org/content/40/10/1409.full-text.pdf. Albright, Ann L., and Edward W. Gregg. "Preventing type 2 diabetes in communities across the US: The National Diabetes Prevention Program." <i>American Journal of Preventive Medicine</i> 44.4 (2013): S346- S351. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.amepre.2012.12.009</u> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>2018 CDC Diabetes</i>
CDC-recognized lifestyle change programs for type 2 diabetes prevention and/or b)		<i>Prevention Recognition Program Standards</i> . Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. <u>https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/prevention/pdf/dprp-</u> <u>standards.pdf</u>
ADA-recognized/ADCES- accredited DSMES programs for diabetes management	4.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <i>Addressing Chronic Disease through Community Health Workers</i> . Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; 2018. <u>https://www.cdc.gov/dhdsp/docs/chw_brief.pdf</u>

Category B: Cardiovascular Disease Prevention and Management		
Strategy	<b>References that Provide Evidence Base for</b>	
	<b>Recommending these Strategies</b>	

Disease Control and Prevention.
ng clinical decision support systems. Best or Cardiovascular Disease Prevention
A Guide to Effective Health Care System
ns and Community Programs Linked to
vices. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease
Prevention, US Dept of Health and
vices; 2017: 43-47. <sup>i</sup>
Disease Control and Prevention.
ng clinical decision support systems. Best or Cardiovascular Disease Prevention
A Guide to Effective Health Care System
and Community Programs Linked to
vices. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease
Prevention, US Dept of Health and
vices; 2017: 43-47.
Disease Control and Prevention.
eam-based care to improve high blood
ntrol. Best Practices for Cardiovascular
evention Programs: A Guide to Effective e System Interventions and Community
inked to Clinical Services. Atlanta, GA:
Disease Control and Prevention, US Dept
nd Human Services; 2017: 18-22.
Disease Control and Prevention.
Community pharmacists and medication
nagement. Best Practices for
ular Disease Prevention Programs: A
fective Health Care System Interventions Inity Programs Linked to Clinical
tlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control
ion, US Dept of Health and Human
017: 55-59.
Disease Control and Prevention.
community health workers on clinical care
n the community. <i>Best Practices for</i>
ular Disease Prevention Programs: A
fective Health Care System Interventions Inity Programs Linked to Clinical
tlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control
ion, US Dept of Health and Human
)17: 50-54.
Disease Control and Prevention. Self-
lood pressure monitoring with clinical
st Practices for Cardiovascular Disease
Programs: A Guide to Effective Health
n Interventions and Community Programs linical Services. Atlanta, GA: Centers for
ntrol and Prevention, US Dept of Health
Services; 2017: 28-32.
Disease Control and Prevention. Self-

cholesterol to community programs/resources	Cardiovascular Disease Prevention Programs: A
	Guide to Effective Health Care System Interventions
	and Community Programs Linked to Clinical
	Services. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control
	and Prevention, US Dept of Health and Human
	Services; 2017: 33-37.

<sup>i</sup> Electronic source: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/dhdsp/pubs/docs/Best-Practices-Guide-508.pdf</u>