➤ Student Conduct Assessment

MS Coalition Against Sexual Assault OVW Campus Program Technical Assistance Provider

This assessment is to assist MSCASA in identifying the training priority areas for campus grantees to ensure TA is tailored to needs of the campus. Please complete each questions openly for there are no right or wrong answers. The results will be used to help in ensuring we are appropriately assisting your campus in reaching their goals in strengthening policy and response to violence against women violations.

The questions listed pertain to violence against women only, not the institution's overall judicial process or student conduct policy. Terms, dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking are used interchangeably with violence against women. The Grant to Reduce Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking on Campus is referred to as Campus Program. Judicial Board is inclusive of student disciplinary board or officer.

١.	What kind of the resolution process does your campus utilize resolve sexual assault, dating/domestic violence, and stalking violations? Select all that apply Judicial or disciplinary Board Sexual Assault/Misconduct Board Single Hearing Officer Model Stand Alone Investigative Model Integrated Model (investigative and board model) Other None
	 a. If you have a judicial hearing board model, how many people are on your board? □ 3-5 □ 6-10 □ 10-15 □ More
	b. Do students serve on your board? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	c. Is it an all student board? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	d. Are members appointed or selected through a process Appointed Voted Volunteer Serving Term

2.	Who conducts your sexual misconduct investigations? ☐ Title IX Coordinator ☐ Disciplinary Board ☐ External Investigator ☐ Single Investigator (staff member assigned to conduct investigation not a part of the disciplinary board)
3.	Do you have an appeals process? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	a. If yes, are appeals heard by ☐ Appeals Board ☐ Dean of Students ☐ Other ☐ Do you have a Title IX Coordinator?
4.	Do you have a Title IX Coordinator Yes No
5.	Do you have Deputy Title IX Coordinators? ☐ Yes ☐ No
6.	In what office or department is the Title IX Coordinator housed?
7.	What role does your Title Coordinator have in sexual misconduct violations? Select all that apply. Interview person (s) involved in the alleged violation i.e. respondent, witnesses, complainants Maintain tracking system of reports of sexual misconduct Determine finding of responsibility Determine sanctioning Evidence collection to be presented to judicial or disciplinary board Ensure policies and procedures are adhered to Other None of the above
8.	Has your judicial/conduct board received specialized training on sexual assault, dating and domestic violence or stalking in the past year? If no, proceed to question #11. If yes, please answer the following questions: a. How many hours total of training on sexual assault/misconduct, dating/domestic violence and stalking has your board received in the past year? b. What topics were covered in training (check all that apply) Sexual Assault Domestic Dating Violence Stalking

	c. How often does training on these topics occur? ☐ Once, when a person joins the board. ☐ Less than once a year ☐ Yearly
	☐ More than once a year
	d. How long is each training session? An hour Several hours A day More than one day
	 e. Who is usually involved in these training? Title IX officer only. Head of conduct board only. All conduct board/judicial members Only new members of conduct/judicial board All of the above All of the above plus community partners such as local county prosecutors or law enforcement.
9.	Which of the following topics have been covered in trainings for your judicial board/Title IX or hearing officer in the past 5 years (in the PAST ONE YEAR for grantees in second and third year of their campus grant)? Select all that apply. Questioning related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking Listening skills related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking Deliberations related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking Due Process related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking Conduct Process elated to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking Critical Thinking Skills specialized for addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking How to Prepare for a Hearing related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking Analyzing Policy related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking Cultural Competency related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking Hearing Decorum related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking Standards of Proof related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking Psychology/Sociology of the Accused Psychology/Sociology of the Victim Deliberation Skills related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking
	□ Sanctioning/Remedies related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking □ Rationale for sanctioning related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking □ Appeals Process related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking □ Trauma Informed Responses to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking □ Consent for sexual contact and related to sexual assault □ Hearing Accommodations related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking □ Equitable Process for Respondent and Complainant related to addressing sexual assault, dating or domestic violence, or stalking
	 ☐ Basic aspects of sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, stalking (e.g. power and control wheel, rape myths). ☐ Delayed disclosure by victims of sexual assault ☐ Title IX- Office of Civil Rights, Dear Colleague Letter (DCL)

 □ FERPA □ Jeanne Clery Act □ Definitions of SV, DV, Stalking □ LGBTQ (lesbian, gay, bi-sexual, transgender, queer) community □ International Students □ ADA/Disability □ Technology □ Alcohol Facilitated Assault □ Compromised Investigations related to sexual misconduct, dating/domestic violence, and stalking. □ Other, please explain
10. In the past year has your campus disciplinary or judicial board/officer, and/or Title IX Coordinator participated in any trainings hosted by national or local organizations listed below (Check all that apply) National Center for Higher Education Risk Management (NCHERM) Association of Title IX Administrators (ATIXA) Local or state trainings Student Affairs Administrators in Higher Education (NASPA) Stalking Resource Center Office on Civil Rights, Department of Education The Clery Center Victims Rights Law Center
11. Has your board/officer been provide training on Title IX updates as of 2011?☐ Yes☐ No
 a. If yes, was training general or specific to Title IX requirements i.e. confidentiality, responsible employees? ☐ Yes ☐ No
12. Please select changes, if any, the judicial board has made in the past year as a result of training received. Select all that apply. Campus policies related to sexual misconduct were developed Campus policies related to stalking were developed Judicial training was developed or revised Judicial processes related to sexual misconduct, dating/domestic violence and stalking were developed. Judicial processes related to sexual misconduct, dating/domestic violence and stalking were modified. Judicial board was evaluated Increased support or buy-in amongst judicial board members Improved policy adherence Campus policies related to sexual misconduct were revised Campus policies related to dating or domestic violence were revised Campus policies related to stalking were revised. No changes made

13.	What mechanism is used to determine if judicial board training has been effective or ineffective? Select all that apply. Pre/Post Test Participant satisfaction questions Debrief/Discussion Informal feedback Other None
14.	Which campus program partners are part of the revision process for your policy? Select all that apply. Community Partners (i.e. rape crisis, domestic violence shelter) Campus program staff Students Student Affairs Departments Faculty College Administrators Other None
15.	Which campus program partners are a part of the revision for the judiciary process? Select all that apply. Community Partners (i.e. rape crisis, domestic violence shelter) Campus program staff Students Student Affairs Departments Faculty Judicial Board College Administrators Other Do Not Know
16.	Who is essential to approving recommendations for revising your campus policy? Select all that apply. College Dean of Students College Legal Counsel Faculty President's/Chancellor's Office Judicial Board or Officer Students Other Do Not Know
17.	Does your campus have a policy for: ☐ Sexual Assault/Misconduct ☐ Dating/Domestic Violence ☐ Stalking
18.	If yes, each policy separate or combined? ☐ Separate ☐ All crimes included in sexual misconduct/assault policy ☐ Other

19.	When was the last time your sexual misconduct policy was revised? Do not have one Less than 1 year ago In the process of revising now More than 1 year ago More than 5 years ago
20.	When was the last time your dating/domestic violence policy was revised? □ Do not have one □ Less than 1 year ago □ In the process of revising now □ More than 1 year ago □ More than 5 years ago
21.	When was the last time your stalking policy was revised? Do not have one Less than 1 year ago In the process of revising now More than 1 year ago More than 5 years ago
22.	Do you have a Coordinated Community Response Team or Sexual Assault Resource Team? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	a. If yes, is judicial/conduct an active part of that team? ☐ Yes ☐ No
23.	Have you collected information about campus (student, faculty) perceptions of your conduct/judicial system? ☐ Yes ☐ No
24.	Have you collected information about campus community knowledge of campus policies about sexual assault/misconduct, dating/domestic violence, and stalking? Yes No
25.	Have you collected information about student and/or faculty knowledge of campus resources and procedures related to sexual assault/misconduct, dating/domestic violence and stalking? Yes No

26.	What are the 3 biggest accomplishments of your conduct/judicial board in the past year related to sexual assault, domestic and dating violence and stalking?
	1
	2
	3
	What are the 3 biggest challenges your conduct/judicial board has faced in the past year related to sexual assault, domestic and dating violence and stalking?
	1
	2

28. Indicate whether each of the following pieces are part of your current policies and procedures related to sexual misconduct. Dating/domestic violence, and stalking. Existing policy may include draft policies that have been submitted for approval.

Allowing of voluntary mediation between the victim and accused	YES	NO	Don't Know
Definition of non-consent that includes drugs or alcohol, intellectual or other disability, and/or underage	YES	NO	Don't Know
Campus investigation of violence against women cases are delayed until criminal investigations are concluded	YES	NO	Don't Know
The victim and accused are provided periodic updates	YES	NO	Don't Know
Sanction imposed on the accused student is disclosed to the victim	YES	NO	Don't Know
Direct and concise protocol for reporting sexual assault, domestic/dating violence and stalking	YES	NO	Don't Know
Language to define sexual assault, domestic/dating violence and stalking is clear and concise	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy provides examples of prohibited sexual misconduct	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy describes the sanctions for violence against women violations	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy explains how to file reports to campus law enforcement and off- campus law enforcement	YES	NO	Don't Know
Procedures used provide resources for physical and emotional support of victims	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy includes a clear statement of victim and accused rights	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy includes Amnesty or Good Samaritan clause (non-punishment for drug/alcohol, visitation violations for victims or third party reports	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy includes timeline for reporting incidents of violence against women crimes	YES	NO	Don't Know
Accessibility of contact options for on/off campus services (i.e. e-mail, web address, phone number)	YES	NO	Don't Know
Option for filing anonymous or third party reports	YES	NO	Don't Know
Campus community members are regularly given information on federal laws (i.e. Title IX, FERPA, Jeanne Clery)	YES	NO	Don't Know
Campus provides explanations of judicial process and how to file a complaint with the student disciplinary office	YES	NO	Don't Know

Campus has victim safety accommodations available (i.e. academic schedule modifications or housing assignment, escort, no-contact order)	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy is readily accessible (i.e. website, student handbook)	YES	NO	Don't Know
Student policy is distinguished from employee policies	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy includes clear statements explaining limitations of confidentiality	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy includes a list of confidential resource offices and mandatory reporters	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy has been examined and brought in line with the campus mission and value statement	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy includes a statement about the campus's position regarding violence against women violations (e.g. that it will not be tolerated)	YES	NO	Don't Know
The policy explains physical jurisdictional limits	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy avoids heavy legal terminology	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy and procedures specify a timeframe an incident of sexual misconduct, dating/domestic violence, or stalking can be reported for disciplinary action	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy and procedures specify a timeframe within which a case of sexual misconduct, dating/domestic violence, or stalking will be resolved	YES	NO	Don't Know
Respondent and complainant are allowed access to disciplinary records	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy includes a statement on campus response to Hostile Environments	YES	NO	Don't Know
Procedures allow for victim support and advocacy as a part of process	YES	NO	Don't Know
Policy includes clear description of responsible employees and procedures they should follow for reporting.	YES	NO	Don't Know
Training is provided to students to make them aware of policies and procedures	YES	NO	Don't Know
Training is provided to all faculty (not just newly hired) to make them aware of policies and procedures	YES	NO	Don't Know
Training is provided to all staff (not just newly hired) to make them aware of policies and procedures	YES	NO	Don't Know
Procedures regarding investigation of cases of sexual misconduct, dating/domestic violence and stalking on campus have been clearly written down and are transparent.	YES	NO	Don't Know
Defendant is informed of rights before the hearing	YES	NO	Don't Know
Defendant receives written notice of the charges prior to the hearing	YES	NO	Don't Know
Defendant may bring an adviser or lawyer	YES	NO	Don't Know
Victim may bring an adviser or lawyer	YES	NO	Don't Know
Victim is permitted to be present at the hearing	YES	NO	Don't Know
Defendant has the right to challenge hearing panel members concerning impartiality/conflict of interest	YES	NO	Don't Know

29.	Does your school utilize any of the following evidentiary concepts in its adjudication process? (check all that apply) Names of
	witnesses are made available to the opposing party prior to the hearing
	☐ Your state's rape shield laws or the equivalent are applied to the proceedings
	☐ Hearsay evidence is not allowed
	☐ Victim may make a "victim impact statement"
	☐ Formal rules of evidence apply in judicial hearings
	☐ Don't know

30. Which penalties does your school impose on sexual assault/misconduct offense cases? (Check all that apply)
☐ Community service
☐ Expulsion
☐ Counseling
☐ Fraternity sanctions
□ No-contact order
☐ Athletic team sanctions
☐ Fine
☐ Restitution
☐ Suspension
□ Don't know
□ Other (specify):
Name of person and position completing assessment:
List person(s) that contributed to completion of assessment:

➤ Coordinated Community Response Team Assessment

California Coalition Against Sexual Assault OVW Campus Program Technical Assistance Provider

1.	Which disciplines/departments are part of your CCRT? (select all that apply)?
	☐ Athletics ☐ Campus Law Enforcement ☐ Campus Security ☐ Campus Forensic Examiner ☐ Campus Victim Advocate ☐ Dean of Students or similar ☐ Residence Life Department ☐ Student Counseling Services ☐ Student Health Services ☐ Culturally specific organizations or groups: How many of these groups ☐ Community based sexual violence nonprofit organization ☐ Criminal justice partner ☐ Other partners (please list offices or positions represented)
	ease read each of the following statements and then indicate how confident you are that you could do what is described. confident are you that you can
2.	Explain to others the importance of campus CCR teams. > 0-100%
3.	Suggest and support the development of partnerships (on and off campus) that are essential in creating campus community change. > 0-100%
4.	Collaborate with and engage community partners and key stakeholders. • 0-100%
5.	Explain to community partners the importance and purpose of their role as part of the campus-based CCR team. • 0-100%
Elen	nents of Effective Strategies
To w	hat degree are you able to effectively
6.	Choose assessment tools and data to track progress of your CCR team and make changes to strategic plan as needed. • 0-100%
7.	Show impact of CCR team work both to members of the CCR team and to the campus community. > 0-100%

	Create messages about CCR team work that engages/motivates a diverse group of leaders and stakeholders; the importance of trust, leaderships, shared goals; the importance of goal setting and course corrections. > 0-100%
9.	Use social media to enhance work of the CCR team and understand how media advocacy works to supplement ending sexual violence, dating violence, and stalking in campus work. • 0-100%
10	Describe the importance of diverse representation in the CCR team structure to accomplish culturally relevant prevention and response efforts. • 0-100%
11.	Define key elements of a trauma-informed approach to campus change work. > 0-100%
12	Implement trauma-informed practices on your campus? • 0-100%
Diss	emination/Sustainability
To w	hat degree are you able to effectively
13	Assess the roles and responsibilities of CCR team members and their perceptions of the effectiveness of the CCR team on an on-go
	ing basis. > 0-100%
14	
	> 0-100% Build the membership of your CCR team over time including partnerships with campus media relations and with community partners beyond campus.
15	 O-100% Build the membership of your CCR team over time including partnerships with campus media relations and with community partners beyond campus. O-100% Strategize media advocacy and media products on campus.
15	 Do-100% Build the membership of your CCR team over time including partnerships with campus media relations and with community partners beyond campus. Do-100% Strategize media advocacy and media products on campus. Do-100% Develop strategic plans that will outline goals, specific tasks, and meet deadlines.

Managing the CCR team

How confident are you that you can:

19.	Help	all CCR team members develop shared goals.
	>	0-100%
20.		ge disagreements among CCR team members? 0-100%
21.		ge CCR team meeting so that everyone has a voice and a role to play? 0-100%
22.		ve representation of diverse stakeholders as members of your CCR team. 0-100%
23.		plan in place to ensure continuity of the project if there is a change in project director. 0-100%

Clery Compliance Assessment

Clery Center for Security On Campus OVW Campus Program Technical Assistance Provider

About the Clery Center for Security On Campus

The Clery Center for Security On Campus is a national nonprofit organization that works with college and university communities to create safer campuses. Through our key pillars of training and education, advocacy, and policy, the Clery Center works towards its vision of a world where all college students are safe and can learn and grow in environments of compassion and respect. To learn more about the Clery Center and how you can be involved in our work, please visit www.clerycenter.org.

About the Jeanne Clery Act Self-Assessment Survey

The Clery Center developed the Jeanne Clery Act Self-Assessment Tool for Campus Multidisciplinary Teams in 2013. The full-version digital tool, revised in 2015 to include provisions of the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Amendments to the Clery Act, is available exclusively to members of the Clery Center's Collaborative Program. More information about this comprehensive tool can be found on the Clery Center's website here.

In partnership with the U.S. Department of Education's Clery Act Compliance Division and the U.S. Department of Justice, Office on Violence Against Women, the Clery Center is pleased to share a new, open-source version of the Tool that helps all campuses evaluate their systems and processes related to Clery Act compliance, including policies and protocols, victim assistance, record-keeping, and more.

This open-source Jeanne Clery Act Self-Assessment Survey is divided into the following key areas:

- ▶ GEOGRAPHY
- CRIME STATISTICS (Collecting Crime Statistics from CSAs & Law Enforcement, Reporting Statistics in the Annual Security Report)
- ► CRIME LOG & CAMPUS ALERTS (Daily Crime Log, Emergency Notification & Timely Warnings)
- ► RIGHTS & OPTIONS FOR SURVIVORS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT, DATING VIOLENCE, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE & STALKING (Awareness & Prevention Programs, Reporting Options & Disciplinary Procedures)
- ON-CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING REQUIREMENTS (Missing Student, Fire Safety)

Each section includes basic questions that invite participants to evaluate key areas of compliance through a self-rating system.

This is an anonymous survey. Non-identifiable data will be sent to the Clery Center in order to analyze trends and identify needed resources. The Clery Center would like to thank the U.S. Department of Education and the U.S. Department of Justice, Office on Violence Against Women, for their support of this project. If you have any questions or need assistance while using this Survey, please contact the Clery Center's staff at (484) 580-8754 or info@clerycenter.org.

CLERY ACT COMPLIANCE — GENERAL

Please review and evaluate the following statements.

1.	Our institution has effect ☐ Strongly Agree	tive systems and p Agre		to support Cle Iisagree	ry Act compliance ☐Strongly		safety. □Unsure (N/A)	
2.	•	rtments responsib	le for key elemen	its of Clery Act	compliance are k	nowledgeable	about the law and their	
	responsibilities. □Strongly Agree	□Agre	e □D	isagree	□Strongly	Disagree	□Unsure (N/A)	
3.	Our campus conducts ar	nnual and ongoing	tests of emerger	ncy response p	rotocols.			
	☐Strongly Agree	□Agre	e □D	isagree	□Strongly	Disagree	□Unsure (N/A)	
4.	Individuals responsible evaluate and implemen	-	ery Act complian	ce and campus	safety efforts ha	ve the authorit	ty and buy-in necessary t	t
	☐Strongly Agree	□Agre	e □D	isagree	\square Strongly	Disagree	□Unsure (N/A)	
5.	Our campus has an effect maintaining these recor	•		-related comm	unications, crime	reports, and o	other information and	
	☐Strongly Agree	□Agre		isagree	\square Strongly	Disagree	□Unsure (N/A)	
6.	Our institution creates a related to campus safet	•	nnual security rep	oort by Octobei	1st of each year	detailing crime	e statistics and policies	
	Strongly Agree	,. □Agre	e □D	isagree	\square Strongly	Disagree	□Unsure (N/A)	
7.		•	•	•	blish an annual fi	re safety repor	t that includes statistics	
	for the past 3 calendar y ☐Strongly Agree	ears as well as pol □Agre	•	ls. Visagree	□Strongly	Disagree	□Unsure (N/A)	
GEO(GRAPHY							
Plea	se review and evaluat	e the following s	tatements.					
8.	Clery Geography: Your con-campus student hou			<i>.</i>	eas that are repor	table under th	e Clery Act (on-campus,	
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	. ,	Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)	
9.	Defining Clery Geograpl ☐ Excellent	ny: Your institution □Good	's process for defi ☐ Average	•	nting, and review Improvement	ing its Clery ge □Poor	ography. □Unsure (N/A)	
			,					
10.	Coordination: Coordinat individuals/department		•	•		nagement and	or acquisition with	
	☐Excellent	Good	□Average		Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)	
11.	Study Abroad & Remote geography.	Locations: Evalua	tion of study abro	oad and remote	e locations when	determining th	ne institution's Clery	
	☐ Excellent	\square Good	□Average	□Needs	Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)	

CRIME STATISTICS

Please review and evaluate the following statements.

12. Identifying Campus Security Authorities (CSAs): Your institution's process for identifying all campus security authorities (CSAs)				authorities (CSAs) by	
☐ Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
, ,	•	-	responsibility to report crimes	(and alleged o	crimes), when they need
☐ Excellent	Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
	•	ing crime reports ar	nd statistics from CSAs and loca	al law enforce	ment to include within
☐ Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
geography for the followi	ng crimes:	classifying incomir	ng crime reports based on Clery	y Act crime de	finitions and Clery
□Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
Negligent Manslaughter □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
Sex Offenses (Rape, Fond □Excellent	lling, Incest, Statu □Good	tory Rape) □Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
Robbery □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
Aggravated Assault □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
Burglary □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
Motor Vehicle Theft ☐ Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
Arrests: Drug, Liquor, & V □Excellent	Veapons Law Viola □Good	tions □Average	□Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
Referrals for Disciplinary □Excellent	Action: Drug, Liqu □Good	or, & Weapons Law □Average	Violations ☐Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
, ,		•	luating reports of dating viole	nce, domestic	violence, and stalking
☐ Excellent		Ty geography. ☐ Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
	function, not title or departice of the complex of	function, not title or department. Excellent	function, not title or department. Excellent	function, not title or department. Excellent	function, not title or department. Excellent

1/.	Simple Assault, Intimidat		•	uating reports of alleged crime of Property) that are motivated	• ,	'
	Race □Excellent	$\square Good$	□Average	□Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
	Gender □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
	Gender Identity □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
	Religion □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
	Sexual Orientation □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
	Ethnicity □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
	National Origin □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
	Disability □Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
18.	Training of Personnel: Tra ☐ Excellent	ining of campus of □Good	ficials responsible fo □Average	or receiving and classifying rep Needs Improvement	oorts of crimes Poor	s. □Unsure (N/A)
19.	Personally Identifiable In institution's disclosure of		ires for ensuring tha	at personally identifiable infor	mation is not	included within your
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
20.	Duplicate Reports: Your in	• • •	ch for identifying an	d removing duplicate reports	of alleged crir	nes for inclusion within
	☐ Excellent	.s. □Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
21.	Documentation of Report ☐ Excellent	ts: Your campus's pi □Good	rocess to keep record Average	ds of reports of alleged crimes □Needs Improvement	from CSAs an □Poor	d local law enforcement. □Unsure (N/A)
CRIN	NE LOG & CAMPUS ALEI	RTS				
Pleas	Please review and evaluate the following statements.					
22.	Patrol Jurisdiction: Your c ☐ Excellent	ampus's process fo ☐Good	r defining and docu □Average	menting its patrol jurisdiction. □Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)

23.	Daily Crime Log: Your car ty within the daily crime		, ,	all crimes, not just Clery crime	es, reported to	campus police or securi-
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
24.	Public Inspection of Crimas the media and genera	,	and availability of	the daily crime log to all mem	bers of the car	npus community, as well
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
25.	Evaluating Need for Time or emergency notificatio	,	<i>,</i>	s: Your institution's protocols f	or determinin	g when a timely warning
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
26.	Issuing Warnings & Notifitions to the campus com		pus's process for dev	reloping and disseminating tir	nely warnings	and emergency notifica-
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
27.		· .		of archived crime logs, timely eports or issue alerts to the co		d emergency notifica-
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
	FNICE ACAINICT WOLATI	N ACT (MANA/AN A	MENDAGNIC TO	CLEDY DICUTE O ADTIQUE	FOD CHDVIV	ODC OF CEVILAL
	ENCE AGAINST WOMEI JUIT DATING VIOLENCE			CLERY: RIGHTS & OPTIONS	FOR SOKAIA	OK2 OF SEXUAL

On October 20, 2014, the U.S. Department of Education published the final regulations for the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) amendments to the Clery Act. The regulations expand rights afforded to campus survivors of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. Institutions of higher education are required to comply with these new regulations by July 1, 2015.

The Clery Center offers a summary of these changes on its website (http://clerycenter.org/article/vawa-amendments-clery), and has a number of resources available to help campuses navigate these new requirements.

- U.S. Department of Education Documents
 - Final Regulations VAWA Amendments to Clery
 - "Dear Colleague Letter" (July 14, 2014)
- Clery Center Resources
 - Clery Center VAWA Amendments to Clery Checklist
 - Webinar Recording: "From Outline to Action: Implementation of the VAWA Amendments to Clery" (December 10, 2014)- Presented by James Moore, U.S. Department of Education
 - Webinar Recording: "VAWA Amendments to Clery: Recognizing & Responding to Stalking on Campus" (February 17, 2015) Presented by Michelle Garcia and Rebecca Dreke, Stalking Resource Center
 - Training Seminars & Webinars

AWARENESS & PREVENTION PROGRAMS

Please review and evaluate the following statements.

28.	•		. , .	vering sexual assault, dating v		
	□Excellent	\square Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
29.	Prevention & Awareness sexual assault, dating vi			verall strategy for prevention g.	and awarenes	s programs related to
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
30.	Marketing & Promotion ty.	of Programs: Pron	notion of your instit	ution's awareness and prevent	ion programs	to the campus communi-
	□Excellent	$\square Good$	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
31.	Relevance of Programs:	Relevance of awar	eness and prevention	on programs to their intended	audiences.	
	□Excellent	\square Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
32.	Program Outcomes: You	r campus's process	for gathering feed	oack and/or outcomes from pr	ogram particip	oants.
	□Excellent	\square Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
33.	Primary Prevention Programpus's primary preve		•	ptions for bystander intervent	ion as well as ı	risk reduction in your
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
34.				finitions of sexual assault, dati he applicable jurisdiction with	•	
	□Excellent	\square Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
35.	Documentation of Prograudience.	rams: Documentat	ion of prevention ar	nd awareness programs, includ	ling type, freq	uency, and intended
	□Excellent	\square Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
Repo	orting Options & Disci	plinary Procedu	res			
Plea	se review and evaluato	e the following s	tatements.			
36.	Response Protocols: You violence, or stalking.	r institution's prot	ocols for responding	to an alleged incident of sexu	ıal assault, dor	mestic violence, dating
	☐ Excellent	\square Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
37.	Accommodations & Prot victim, if requested and			ss for providing accommodation	ons and/or pro	tective measures to a
	Excellent		□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)

38.		•	•	mation regarding how to file a stalking, including steps, antic		•
	□Excellent	$\square Good$	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
39.	Disciplinary Procedures: Y stalking.	our institution's di	sciplinary procedure	es for sexual assault, dating vio	olence, domes	tic violence, and
	□Excellent	$\square Good$	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
40.		sexual assault, and	d stalking, as well a	s who conduct disciplinary hea s how to conduct an investigat	_	
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
41.	Fair, Prompt & Equitable: hearings.	Process to ensure a	a fair, prompt, and e	quitable process for both the	accuser and th	e accused in disciplinary
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
42.	Notifying Local Law Enfor chooses to do so).	cement: Your camp	ous's process for ass	isting victims in notifying loca	l law enforcen	nent (if the victim
	□Excellent	\square Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
43.	2	ns and changes to		to victims regarding protective ansportation, and working site		•
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
44.	Written Information abou on and off campus resour	•	us Resources: Your c	ampus's written communication	ons to student	s and employees about
	□Excellent	$\square Good$	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
45.	•		•	cess for providing a student or eged offense occurred on- or c		tim with a written expla-
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	□ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)
46.	Maintaining Confidentiali □Excellent	ity: Your campus's ¡ □Good	orocess for maintair □Average	ning confidentiality of accomm ☐ Needs Improvement	nodations and, □Poor	or protective measures. ☐Unsure (N/A)
47.	Documentation of Discipl communications.	inary Procedures: [Documentation of re	eports and disciplinary proced	ures, including	gall information and
	□Excellent	□Good	□Average	☐ Needs Improvement	□Poor	□Unsure (N/A)

ON-CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING REQUIREMENTS

Note: The requirements under the Clery Act discussed in the "Missing Student" and "Fire Safety" sections of the Self-Assessment Survey are only applicable for institutions of higher education that have on-campus housing. If your institution does not have on-campus student housing, please skip these questions and proceed to the conclusion of the Survey.

Missing Student Please review and evaluate the following statements. 48. Receiving Missing Student Reports: Your institution's process for receiving and processing reports of missing students. □ Excellent □Good ☐ Average □ Needs Improvement □ Poor □Unsure (N/A) 49. Training of Personnel: Training of officials designated as contacts to ensure understanding of the requirement and how to handle reports. □ Excellent □Good □Average □ Needs Improvement Poor \square Unsure (N/A) 50. Public Safety/Law Enforcement: Process for ensuring that all missing student reports are referred immediately to your institution's police or public safety department (or to local law enforcement if your institution does not have campus police or security). □ Excellent □Good □Average □ Needs Improvement Poor \square Unsure (N/A) 51. Documentation of Reports: Your campus's process for documenting and archiving reports and records related to missing students □Good □ Needs Improvement ☐ Fxcellent □ Average Poor \square Unsure (N/A) 52. Separate Contact Information: Your institution's protocols for keeping general emergency contact information separate from missing student contact information. □ Excellent Good □ Average □ Needs Improvement □ Poor □Unsure (N/A) Fire Safety Please review and evaluate the following statements. 53. Fire Log: Your campus's process for accurately recording all fires reported to institution officials within the fire log. □ Excellent □Good □Average □ Needs Improvement □ Poor □Unsure (N/A) 54. Public Inspection of Fire Log: Accessibility and availability of the fire log to members of the campus community, as well as the media and general public. □ Excellent □Good □ Average □ Needs Improvement □ Poor □Unsure (N/A) 55. Documentation of Reports & Logs: Documentation of archived fire logs, including information related to dispatches, response to incidents, and other reported fires. □ Excellent □Good □Average □ Needs Improvement Poor \square Unsure (N/A) 56. Use of Fire Log for Annual Statistics: Your campus uses the fire log when gathering statistics for use in the annual fire safety report. □ Excellent □Good □Average □ Needs Improvement Poor □Unsure (N/A)

57. Annual Fire Safety Report: The report shares all necessary statistics for each on-campus student housing facility as well as evacua-

58. Combining Logs & Reports: If applicable, your institution labels the daily crime log and annual security report separately from the

□ Needs Improvement

□ Needs Improvement

tion procedures, in addition to information regarding fire safety education programs.

□ Average

□ Average

□ Good

fire log and annual fire safety report.

□ Excellent

□Unsure (N/A)

□Unsure (N/A)

□ Poor

□ Poor

➤ Cultural Competency Assessment

Black Women's Blueprint & National Organization of Sister's of Color Ending Sexual Assault OVW Campus Program Technical Assistance Provider

1.	Please write your own definition of what "cultural competence" means in the context of your work on sexual assault, dating and domestic violence and stalking.
2.	Which of the following best describes the representation of cultural groups on your campus CCRT? We have full representation of different cultural groups on our campus and they are active participants in the CCRT. We have a few representatives of different cultural groups. We have one representative of a cultural group. We do not have any cultural groups represented on our CCR but are actively recruiting members. We do not have any cultural groups represented and are unsure how to get started with that.
3.	Please list all of the cultural groups on your campus:
4.	Which of these groups are represented as part of your CCRT?
5.	To what extent have members of your CCRT done work to reflect on your own cultural competence in relation to your work on sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, and stalking. We have not done this training. Individual members of our CCRT have had this training, but not everyone. All members have had some sort of training on this issue. This is a recurring topic of discussion on our CCRT.
б.	Are any of your mandatory education strategies culturally specific (e.g. LGBT or designed for a specific racial, ethnic, or faith group)?
	☐ Yes ☐ No
7.	Are any of your campus resource materials culturally specific (e.g. LGBT or designed for a specific racial, ethnic, or faith group)? ☐ Yes ☐ No

	, ,	ment with the following			
8.	l am confident that our ∈ ☐ Strongly Disagree	CCRT has the can build trust v □Somewhat Agree	with culturally speci Neutral	fic groups on our campus. □Somewhat Agree	□Strongly Agree
9.	Our CCRT has regular constalking.	nversations about cultural co	mpetency in relation	n to sexual assault, dating an	d domestic violence and
	Strongly Disagree	□Somewhat Agree	☐ Neutral	☐Somewhat Agree	□Strongly Agree
	Our campus incorporate] Strongly Disagree	s all aspects of culture in stra □Somewhat Agree	ategies to respond to	sexual assault, dating and d □Somewhat Agree	omestic violence, and stalking. □Strongly Agree
	Our CCRT regularly conso Strongly Disagree	ults culturally diverse commu □Somewhat Agree	unity members whe	n creating policies. □Somewhat Agree	□Strongly Agree
12.	•	•	rriers that prevent gr	oups from accessing services	related to sexual assault,
	domestic and dating vio Strongly Disagree	□Somewhat Agree	☐ Neutral	☐Somewhat Agree	☐Strongly Agree
13.	goals and objectives. We have not yet or a preparation for a we have conducted. We have conducted.	done this needs assessment is in progr ed needs assessments with s ed needs assessments with a	ress ome groups but not ill relevant groups	ŕ	dentify needs, create program
	Our campus explicitly re] Strongly Disagree	cognizes and shows commit	ment to cultural dive □ Neutral	ersity in its mission statemen □Somewhat Agree	t and goals. □Strongly Agree
15.	Our campus collects dat and domestic violence a] Strongly Disagree	•	re service delivery fo	r culturally specific groups re	ated to sexual assault, dating ☐Strongly Agree
16.	Do you have specific goa ☐ Yes ☐ No	als related to cultural compet	tence written in you	grant strategic plan?	
17.		any strategic planning goals ind stalking on your campus		g culturally competent respo	nses to sexual assault, dating

18.	What is the biggest resource or strength your campus has related to culturally competent work on sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, and stalking?
19.	What is the biggest challenge you face on your campus related to culturally specific work on sexual assault, dating and domestic violence and stalking?
19.	
19.	
19.	
19.	
19.	

➤ Engaging Men Assessment

Men Can Stop Rape OVW Campus Program Technical Assistance Provider

This checklist is intended to provide both you and your Campus Program Technical Assistance providers with a sense of your progress in your efforts to engage campus men in the prevention of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. The list is based in part on the idea that campuses begin in different places in this work. At the start of your Campus Program grant, it is possible you may have done little to none of the work associated with the checkpoints below, or it is possible that you may have already completed much of the work associated with the checkpoints. Either case is fine. There are no right and wrong answers.

The checklist first generally captures where your campus is in efforts to engage campus men in prevention, and then it considers progression in three core areas:

- Community engagement understand how to motivate a wide spectrum of men across the campus and community to become engaged in prevention
- Effective Strategies develop multiple, effective strategies to engage a wide spectrum of men across the campus, and develop a plan for sustaining the strategies
- Dissemination disseminate and sustain multiple practices to engage and mobilize campus men in prevention

The checkpoints in these three areas more directly relate to engaging men work that might be associated with your Campus Program grant. Given all that you will be working to accomplish during the three years of this grant, you will likely have to prioritize some checkpoints on the list over others. While the list suggests sequential progress, it might be the case that your progress is more shaped by your campus needs or unique circumstances.

PROGRESS CHECKLIST QUESTIONS

Please check the statement below that best describes where your campus is in its efforts to engage men in prevention.

CAMPUS

<u> </u>	-ORIS IO ENGAGE MEN
	There are no efforts to engage men in prevention on my campus and no planning efforts or motivation to begin efforts.
	Although a few individuals on campus are motivated to initiate efforts to engage men in prevention, little or nothing has been done to establish engaging men programming.
	A few members of the campus community have learned about efforts to engage men in prevention, but the extent of their knowledge is limited.
	Some campus community members have begun a discussion about developing campus community efforts to engage campus men in prevention.
	The campus community believes that engaging campus men in prevention is important, but has not had the resources to start efforts to engage campus men in prevention.
	Some members of the campus community have initiated some engaging campus men programming in limited ways.
	The attitude in the campus community is "men have to be part of the solution," and campus community members have begun the planning process for establishing substantial engaging men programming.
	Campus community leaders are supportive of expanding/improving initial efforts to engage campus men in prevention.
	An increasing number of campus men have knowledge of healthy masculinity and the role men can play in prevention, and they are working to increase the engagement of campus men as a whole.

	☐ Several different engaging men programs, activities, and policies are in place, covering diverse groups of campus men and reaching a wide range of campus men.
	Diverse and substantial efforts to engage campus men in prevention have been running consistently for two or more years.
	Diverse and substantial efforts to engage campus men in prevention have been running consistently for two or more years, although sustaining some of the efforts has been challenging.
Plea	se check "yes" or "no" to all of the numbered statements below.
COMI	MUNITY ENGAGEMENT
1.	Influential campus men are part of the CCR team. □ Yes □ No
2.	The CCRT or a subcommittee of the CCRT has assessed and engaged any expertise on masculinity and gender-based violence that exists on campus and in the community. □ Yes □ No
3.	The CCRT or a subcommittee of the CCRT has assessed and engaged any expertise on evaluation that exists on campus but has not engaged this expertise in relation to evaluating engaging campus men work. □ Yes □ No
4.	The CCRT or a subcommittee of the CCRT has assessed and engaged any expertise on evaluation that exists on campus to assist with evaluating engaging campus men work. □ Yes □ No
5.	Members of the CCRT have been trained or educated on connections among primary prevention of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking but not on healthy masculinity and engaging men in primary prevention. □ Yes □ No
6.	Members of the CCRT have been trained or educated on connections among unhealthy and healthy masculine social norms, gender-based violence, male survivors, and primary prevention of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. □ Yes □ No
7.	Members of the CCRT have been trained or educated on how to connect engaging campus men work with men's motivation to partner in prevention. □ Yes □ No
8.	Members of the CCRT have been trained or educated on using theory-driven, effective techniques of persuasion to engage campus men in prevention. □ Yes □ No
9.	Members of the CCRT have been trained or educated to effectively use branding elements to engage campus men as an audience. ☐ Yes ☐ No
10.	Members of the CCRT have been trained or educated on masculinity in relation to different sub-groups of campus men based on factors like social identity, organizational participation, and leadership position. □Yes □No

	Members of the CCRT have been trained or educated on engaging campus men in prevention and employing comprehensive, coordinated, and ongoing strategies. ☐ Yes ☐ No
12.	Our campus has conducted assessments to learn about campus men (readiness assessment, climate surveys, key informant interviews, focus groups, etc.). □ Yes □ No
13.	Our campus has evaluated any gaps it has in understanding how to motivate a wide spectrum of men across the campus and community to become engaged in prevention and seeks to fill those gaps through training and education.
14.	The CCRT has regularly reviewed the logic model or strategic plan as it applies to engaging campus men and made any necessary adjustments. ☐ Yes ☐ No
15.	The CCRT has made certain that any new CCRT members receive training and education on engaging men. \square Yes \square No
16.	Our campus has identified key men who are leaders and willing to work with CCR team as allies. \square Yes \square No
Plea	se check "yes" or "no" to all of the numbered statements below.
EFFE(THUE CTD ATTCLES
	LIIVE STRATEGIES
	Our campus has answered key strategic questions about engaging men: Where have we been and where are we right now in engaging campus men? Where do we want to go? How are we going to get there? □Yes □No
	Our campus has answered key strategic questions about engaging men: Where have we been and where are we right now in engaging campus men? Where do we want to go? How are we going to get there?
18.	Our campus has answered key strategic questions about engaging men: Where have we been and where are we right now in engaging campus men? Where do we want to go? How are we going to get there? □ Yes □ No Our campus has developed a logic model or strategic plan that incorporates engaging men or has developed a logic model or strategic plan solely based on engaging men.
18. 19.	Our campus has answered key strategic questions about engaging men: Where have we been and where are we right now in engaging campus men? Where do we want to go? How are we going to get there? □Yes □No Our campus has developed a logic model or strategic plan that incorporates engaging men or has developed a logic model or strategic plan solely based on engaging men. □Yes □No Our engaging men strategic planning process has included key campus constituents, including students.
18. 19. 20.	Our campus has answered key strategic questions about engaging men: Where have we been and where are we right now in engaging campus men? Where do we want to go? How are we going to get there? □Yes □No Our campus has developed a logic model or strategic plan that incorporates engaging men or has developed a logic model or strategic plan solely based on engaging men. □Yes □No Our engaging men strategic planning process has included key campus constituents, including students. □Yes □No Our campus has developed persuasive messaging, branding, and clear roles for engaging campus men.

23.	The CCRT has reviewed the logic model or strategic plan throughout the year and made any necessary adjustments. ☐ Yes ☐ No
24.	The CCRT has used its training and the results of its assessments about men in the campus community to finalize the development of theory-informed engaging campus men programming and campaigns based on multiple, varied activities that involve effective branding and are ongoing. □ Yes □ No
25.	The CCRT has used its training on masculinity and unhealthy and healthy social norms to develop positive engaging campus men programming and campaigns. □Yes □No
26.	The design of engaging men programming has included attention to collaborative practices and exercises that allow for expression of men's diverse cultural experiences and needs. □Yes □No
27.	Engaging men programming has been designed to take into account stages of change that men and communities may go through and uses techniques appropriate for motivating that change at different stages of readiness. □ Yes □ No
28.	Any engaging men campaigns created represent the diversity of men on the campus. \square Yes \square No
29.	The CCRT has developed a plan for disseminating the branded engaging men programming and campaigns. \square Yes \square No
30.	Our campus has worked with evaluation experts to develop manageable evaluation tools and protocols for the engaging men programming and campaigns. □Yes □No
31.	The CCRT has created a new logic model or strategic plan focused on building on and sustaining engaging campus men work. ☐ Yes ☐ No
32.	Based on the evaluation/assessment results focusing on the effectiveness of the engaging campus men programming that has been implemented, revisions and improvements have been made. □Yes □No
Pleas	se check "yes" or "no" to all of the numbered statements below.
DISSE	MINATION
	The strategic plan and the results of any assessments focusing on engaging men are disseminated to key influential constituents across the campus to build a broad spectrum of campus male allies who can speak to the issue of engaging men in informed ways. □ Yes □ No
34.	Multiple educators consisting of students, administrators, faculty, staff, and community members have been trained to either conduct engaging men trainings and workshops or be spokespersons for the engaging men programming and campaigns. □Yes □No

35.	The CCRT has begun implementing theory-informed engaging campus men programming and campaigns based on multiple, varied activities that involve effective branding and are ongoing. ☐ Yes ☐ No
36.	Our campus has done awareness campaigns for men (White Ribbon Campaign, Walking a Mile in Her Shoes, etc.) □ Yes □ No
37.	The engaging campus men brand has been used across all engaging campus men programming and campaigns to connect them and make them more coherent. ☐ Yes ☐ No
38.	Our campus has widely disseminated theory-informed engaging campus men programming and campaigns based on multiple, varied activities that involve effective branding and are ongoing.
39.	Multiple educators consisting of students, administrators, faculty, staff, and community members continue to be trained to either conduct engaging men trainings/workshops or be spokespersons for the engaging men programming and campaigns. □ Yes □ No
40.	The CCRT and its allies engage appropriate parts of the campus in evaluating/assessing the effectiveness of engaging men programming and campaigns. ☐ Yes ☐ No
41.	The CCRT disseminates the results of the evaluations, especially to campus influencers who can help sustain the programming. □Yes □No

►Law Enforcement/Campus Security Assessment

East Central Oklahoma University OVW Campus Program Technical Assistance Provider

lame:			Position:				
2.	Please indicate areas where your campus I sexual assault/misconduct, dating/domes state level).		, ,		•	_	
	a. CCRT Meetings:	•	•	LE does not attend	□Don't	t have one	
	➤ If yes, indicate the level of at □Never attend □Occasionally	tendance/invol □Regularly		tion (chair, committee	e membe	r, leadership position)	
	b. Community Task Force:		-	LE does not attend	□Don't	t have one	
	➤ If yes, indicate the level of at ☐Never attend ☐Occasionally	Tendance/Invol □Regularly		tion (chair, committee	e membe	r, leadership position)	
	c. Awareness Events:		es, LE attends	☐ No, LE does not	attend	□Don't have one	
	If yes, indicate the level of attendance/ ☐Never attend ☐Occasionally	'involvement: ☐Regularly	☐Hold posi	tion (chair, committee	e membe	r, leadership position)	
	d. Sexual Assault Response Team (SA		es, LE attends	☐ No, LE does not	attend	□Don't have one	
	If yes, indicate the level of attendance/ ☐Never attend ☐Occasionally	'involvement: ☐Regularly	☐Hold posi	tion (chair, committee	e membe	r, leadership position)	
	e. CRITICAL Incident Team:		-	☐ No, LE does not	attend	□Don't have one	
	➤ If yes, indicate the level of at □Never attend □Occasionally	Tendance/Invol		tion (chair, committee	e membe	r, leadership position)	
	f. Behavioral Assessment Team:		es, LE attends	☐ No, LE does not	attend	□Don't have one	
	➤ If yes, indicate the level of at □Never attend □Occasionally	Tendance/Invol □Regularly		tion (chair, committee	e membe	r, leadership position)	
	g. Crisis Intervention Team:➤ If yes, indicate the level of at		es, LE attends vement:	☐ No, LE does not	attend	□Don't have one	
	□Never attend □Occasionally	□ Regularly	□Hold nosi	tion (chair committee	membe	r leadershin nosition)	

	h. Emergency Preparedness Team➤ If yes, indicate the level of atter		☐ No, LE does not attend	□Don't have one
	·		on (chair, committee member	, leadership position)
	i. Lethality Assessment Team:If yes, indicate the level of atter	•	☐ No, LE does not attend	□Don't have one
	· ·		on (chair, committee member	, leadership position)
	j. Fatality Review Board:If yes, indicate the level of atter	· ·	☐ No, LE does not attend	□Don't have one
	· ·		on (chair, committee member	, leadership position)
	k. Cybercrime Unit:➤ If yes, indicate the level of atter		☐ No, LE does not attend	□Don't have one
	•		on (chair, committee member	, leadership position)
	I. Specialized DV/SA Crime Units:If yes, indicate the level of attender		☐ No, LE does not attend	□Don't have one
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		on (chair, committee member	, leadership position)
3.	Does your university (not including the OVW conduct? Dating/domestic violence, and stall	king cases? If yes, please ch t and/or domestic violence s	•	onnel to sexual assault/mis-
4.	Is there currently a State or Nationally recogn rity unit? ☐ Yes ☐ No	iized intimate partner or sex	xual violence expert in your ca	mpus law enforcement/secu-
5.	Is there currently a State or Nationally recogn ment unit? ☐ Yes ☐ No	nized intimate partner or sex	cual violence expert in your lo	cal off-campus law enforce-
6.	How would you rate your campuses relations □ very negative □ somewhat negative □ neither positive nor negative □ somewhat positive □ very positive	hip with your local off-camp	ous police department?	

7.	How much does your campus collaborate with local off-campus police department(s) related to sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, and stalking: one collaboration at all very little collaboration one collaboration one collaboration one a good deal of collaboration
8.	What resources has your agency accessed in the past year to enhance their understanding of Sexual Assault/misconduct, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking? (Select all that apply) Online Training Collaborations/consultations with State sexual assault/domestic violence Coalitions Training or collaboration with Prosecutor/DA Training or consultations with Local sexual assault or domestic violence crisis agencies In-State conference or training Out-of-State conferences or trainings Consultations with National Law Enforcement Association (IACP, IACLEA, FLETC, Other) experts or materials Local/Regional Expert Trainer who provided in-house training on your campus
9.	When was a stalking policy implemented / revised on your campus? No stalking policy in place Stalking policy is in draft stage Within the past 12 months Within the last 3 years Stalking policy is older than 5 years Other
10.	Does your stalking policy outline the use of technology to stalk? \square Yes \square No
11.	In approximately what percentage of sexual and gender-based violence cases, did officers provide to victims written resources and options for advocacy, victim services, etc.?%
12.	How often does your law enforcement department call an advocate or offer to call an advocate during an initial report of sexual or gender-based violence? If not every time, what are some of the barriers? □ Never □ Rarely □ Ocassionally □ Often □ Most of the Time □ Every Time
13.	Does your Police/Security Department have a written policy or mandate for referring to/calling an advocate when a victim reports sexual or gender-based violence? □ Yes □ No
	➤ If yes, please provide an example/describe.
	➤ If yes, is there a formal avenue for confirming this resource provision is done (i.e. on the intake/report form, on a check-list)? □ Yes □ No

14.	Does your department have a policy in place that recommends a basic preliminary report and follow-up interview/report after victim has had 2-3 sleep cycles? □ Yes □ No
15.	How confident are you that your campus public safety/law enforcement department has a good understanding of university policies and procedures related to the SaVE Act/Clery?% confident
	0% confidence
16.	How confident are you that your campus public safety/law enforcement department has a good understanding of university policies and procedures related to Title IX requirements?% confident
	0% confidence
17.	How confident are you that campus security/law enforcement officers on your campus understand what trauma-informed work is? % confident
	0% confidence
18.	How confident are you that campus security/campus law enforcement will work with victims using a strong understanding of how trauma impacts victims?% confident
	0% confidence
19.	How confident are you that campus security/campus law enforcement are able to work well with culturally underrepresented groups on your campus?% confident
	0% confidence
20.	How confident are you that campus security/campus law enforcement know how to build positive relationships and community perceptions of law enforcement across all areas of campus?% confident
	0% confidence
21.	Please answer the following questions by choosing the answer that best reflects campus security/law enforcement protocols and practices and when they were last reviewed and discussed for revision.
	 a. Sexual Assault Response Protocol/Practices for campus security/law enforcement □ Do not have a specific protocol
	☐ Currently being discussed and revised
	☐ Revised within the last year ☐ Revised within last 2-5 years
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	 b. Domestic Violence/dating violence response protocol/practices for campus security/law enforcement □ Do not have one
	☐ Currently being revised
	☐ Revised within the last year
	☐ Revised within last 2-5 years
	c. Stalking response protocol/practices for law enforcement/campus security
	☐ Do not have one
	☐ Currently being revised
	Revised within the last year
	☐ Revised within last 2-5 years

22.	Are dispatchers/call-takers required to follow a protocol/manual/flowchart or other tool when taking a domestic violence call? □ Yes □ No
23.	If yes, how do you know that this tool is being used?
24.	About how much of the time do you think these protocols are followed?% of the time
25.	Which of the following best describes your campus regarding a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with local law enforcement? We have no MOU We are in the process of developing an MOU We have a general MOU, but it does not include specific information related to sexual and gender-based violence We have a blanket MOU that includes specific information related to sexual and gender-based violence We have separate/additional MOU that is specific to sexual and gender-based violence.
26.	If your MOU includes or is dedicated to specific information related to sexual and gender-based violence, what elements below are included? MOU specifically includes sexual assault MOU specifically includes stalking MOU specifically includes domestic/dating violence MOU includes assignment of investigative responsibility for sexual assault cases MOU clearly defines jurisdiction for sexual assault, stalking, dating/domestic violence cases MOU Clearly outlines lines and flow of communication and information sharing If your campus is located in a jurisdiction that recognizes Misdemeanor Sexual Assault, MOU outlines Investigative Responsibility (campus LE vs municipal/other) MOU Clearly outlines circumstances that qualify as Misdemeanor Sexual Assault
27.	How many sexual assault/misconduct/dating violence/domestic violence/stalking offenders are formally charged in the school disciplinary system yearly?
28.	How many sexual assault/misconduct/dating violence/domestic violence/stalking offenders are formally charged in the criminal justice system yearly?
29.	How many sexual assault/misconduct cases were handled by female officers in the past year?
30.	How many sexual assault/misconduct cases were handled by male officers in the past year?
31.	Does your department use any type of checklist to help officers evaluate their initial response and follow-up to a report of sexual assault, domestic/dating violence or stalking? (i.e. Checklist of Appropriate Actions, IACP Response To Sexual Assault Checklist,) checklist)? □ Yes □ No
32.	Does your campus security/law enforcement department have a way to regularly collect feedback from victims/survivors who report to ask them about their experiences with law enforcement (i.e. Form For Evaluating Police Response)? □ Yes □ No

TRAINING

33. Does your Police/Security Department have a policy regarding certification/continuing edu	cation/training in the following areas?					
a. Domestic/Dating Violence	□Yes □No					
b. Sexual Assault	□Yes □No					
c. Stalking	□Yes □No					
d. Interconnectedness of Domestic/Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking	□Yes □No					
e. Sexual harassment	□Yes □No					
f. Trafficking	□Yes □No					
. .						
34. On a scale from 1-5 (with 1 being not at all and 5 being very well) How well does your law accommodate varied learning styles (i.e, visual, auditory, tactile, etc.)?	enforcement training content and format					
35. On a scale from 1-5 (with 1 being not at all and 5 being very well) How well does your law opromote an understanding and sensitivity to cultural diversity?	enforcement training content and format					
36. How often are your dispatchers or call-takers trained in the area of sexual and gender-base ☐ During new job orientation/first weeks on the job. ☐ Yearly	ed violence?					
☐ More than once a year						
☐ As needed when new/updated policies or best practices are released						
□ Never						
37. How many total training hours do new officer/new hires receive (i.e. during orientation, ne	w-staff training, etc)?					
a. How many of the total hours are dedicated to trauma-focused training and sexual/	gender-based violence?					
b. What format/type of training is included? Check all that apply. Online	,, ,					
☐ Watched Video						
☐ Live/in-person lecture style						
Live/in-person group work/tabletop exercise/discussion						
☐ Scenario Based						
☐ Conference						
☐ Other						
c. What topics are covered in this training? Check all that apply.						
☐ Understanding myths and biases						
☐ Consent						
☐ Securing victim safety						
☐ Understanding trauma						
☐ Needed medical attention						
Rights						
Referrals/resources						
☐ Trauma sensitive interviewing techniques						
☐ Cultural competence						
☐ Best practices in sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalki	ng					
☐ Improving community relationships with LE						
☐ Understanding stalking behavior						
☐ Stalking investigation and response						
☐ Interconnectedness of stalking with Sexual assault and domestic/dating viole	nce					

	d. How often is	this training conduc □Always	cted by experienced mem ☐Sometimes	pers or former members of ☐Never	law enforcement?
	e. How often d	oes a trainer co-trair □Always	n with an advocate? □Sometimes	□Never	
	f. Are evaluation ☐ Yes		ta compiled for trainers/s	essions?	
	➤ If yes, ch		ntisfaction only erceptions of outcomes test assessment of outcon	nes	
	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,,	ner was able to engage you at all 5=fully engaged th	r audience? e audience
		1-5, how relatable vat all credible	would you consider your t 3 = somewhat credible		_
38. How	many total trair	ing hours does exist	ing staff receive yearly? _		
		f the total hours are stalking?		sed training and training o	n sexual assault, dating and domestic
	□ Online □ Watche □ Live/in-	d Video person lecture style person group work/ o Based	,,		rity department? Check all that apply.
	☐ Underst ☐ Consent ☐ Securin ☐ Underst ☐ Underst ☐ Rights ☐ Referra ☐ Cultura	tanding myths and b t g victim safety tanding trauma tanding needed med ls/resources I competence	oiases dical attention	dating and domestic violen	ce and stalking? Check all that apply.
	☐ Best pro ☐ Percept ☐ Improvi	ions of LE by campu	nult, domestic violence, da	ting violence, and stalking urity/law enforcement	

46.	Please describe efforts you are making to make community perceptions of campus security/campus law enforcement positive.
47.	What are the two biggest challenges to creating positive community perceptions of law enforcement on your campus?

► Mandatory Education Assessment

Green Dot etc., inc.

OVW Campus Program Technical Assistance Provider

1.	Who do you currently have education programs related to sexual ass campus? Faculty Administrators Staff First year students Second, third, and fourth year students Graduate students	sault, dating and domestic violence and stalking for on your			
2.	Is education mandatory for any of these groups? ☐ Student-athletes ☐ Student greek life participants ☐ First year students ☐ Second through 4th year students ☐ Faculty ☐ Staff ☐ Administrators				
3.	How many hours of mandatory training related to sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, and stalking do students get across their time on your campus?				
4.	On average, how many doses or exposures does an average student on you campus have to education materials about sexual assault, dating and domestic violence and stalking each year?				
5.	Do faculty and staff receive training related to sexual assault, dating employees? ☐ Yes ☐ No	and domestic violence and stalking when they begin as new			
6.	Do faculty and staff receive any ongoing training related to sexual as \square Yes \square No	ssault, dating and domestic violence and stalking?			
7.	Which of the following topics are covered in education on sexual ass students on your campus. Please check all that apply:	ault, dating and domestic violence and stalking provided to			
	 □ Student conduct policy □ Reporting options for sexual assault, dating and domestic violence and stalking □ Resources for seeking help with sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, and stalking □ Defining what sexual assault it □ Definitions of dating and domestic violence □ Definitions of stalking □ Bystander intervention skills 	 □ Risk reduction/ self-defense □ Rape myths □ Continuum of violence □ Male/female socialization and gender roles □ Statistics about prevalence □ Engaging men 			

8.	Which of the following best describes education programs on your campus related to sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, and stalking? (Choose one statement) They are programs we developed ourselves and have been using for years. They are programs we have purchased training on from outside vendors. They are programs we have received training on and have adapted for our campus.
9.	Approximately what percentage of each of the following groups do you reach with your education strategies related to sexual assault, dating and domestic violence and stalking? First year students% Faculty% Students beyond their first year% Staff% Administrators% Parents%
10.	What is the strongest aspect of your current education work?
11.	What is the biggest challenge to providing education on your campus?
12.	Rank the order the modalities for disseminating your program, write from (1) for most common to (9) for least common (write n/a
	for those that don't apply). Face to face instruction (professional staff)
	Face to face instruction (professional staff)Face to face instruction (peer facilitated)
	Printed materials
	Outside speaker Web-based information (interactive)
	Web-based information (interactive)
	Theater programs
	Videos/film Social Marketing Campaign

13.	Across all their years on your campus, approximately how	v many times do	they receive ea	ch of these typ	es of education about sexual
	assault, dating and domestic violence, and stalking:	0 time	once	twice	3 or more
Face t	o face instruction (professional staff)	o cirric	Once	tirice	5 of more
	o face instruction (peer facilitated)				
	ed materials				
Outsi	de speaker				
Web-	based information (interactive)				
Web-	based information (passive)				
Theat	er programs				
Video	s/film				
Socia	Marketing Campaign				
15.	Within their first year, approximately how many times is information? Do you collect information about the impact of your educe □ Yes □ No	cation work? 't like about the p get the education	orogram onal message ar □attitudes	nd a treatment □behavior	group that does.
4-	□Yes □No				
17.	What are the key services provided by the unit? (select al	I that apply)			
	☐ Intervention				
	☐ Prevention education ☐ Awareness				
	☐ Skill development				
	☐ Training for faculty and staff				
	indining for faculty and staff				
18.	Using a scale from 0% to 100% indicate your confidence Finding and using research to inform choice and do Using best practices from research on what works Taking steps to change the negative perception of tive perceptions about programs to prevent it. Changing how messages are presented so that the ties on my campus. Using education strategies that engage internal modeling power based viole Engaging first year students in power based viole Engaging faculty in efforts to end power-based vi	lesign of education of sexual assault, of sexual assault, of ey more effective motivation of audiof my groups edunce prevention.	on strategies. sexual assault, lating violence, ely engage man iences to work	domestic viole y different sub	ence, and stalking and nega- -groups and sub-communi-
	Having productive conversations with campus add		ut their role in e	nding power-k	pased violence on campus.

Describe the logic model for the educational work I and colleagues are doing.
Key elements of diffusing new knowledge etc
19. Rate your collaboration with the following groups on scale of 1 (very weak) to 5 (very strong):
☐ Athletics
☐ Campus Security
☐ Counseling services
Dean of Students Office
☐ Faculty
Greek system
Health Promotion
☐ Local DV/SA agencies
Local law enforcement
Office for Diversity
Other administrators
Religious life
Residential life
☐ Student groups
Office of the President

➤Strategic Planning and Assessment Grantee Assessment

1. How much do you agree with the following statements?

	1	2	3	4	5	
	Not at all		Somewhat		Strongly agree	
	Evaluation da I can improve Collecting ass and stalking.	ta is more resour my work by usin essment data ca	n improve the sustainab	orth.	post-test information. k on sexual assault, dating a s to be valuable to my work.	nd domestic violence
2.	dent that you could do th	nis.		•	e using the scale of 0% cont	
					100	
		rategic planning use a logic model mportance of ass ive measures to a	tegic planning process. goals to guide your work. I for pieces of your work. sessment to others on your assess progress and effect t the impact of your wor	ur campus. tiveness of you	ur work. o sexual assault, dating and o	domestic violence and
	Analyze data Effectively pre	esent and commi	unicate to others about a	ssessment dat		violence and stalking.
	_		le that someone else cou m and policy choices.	ld read and un	derstand.	
				t vou can use v	vhat they say to inform your	work.
			ewing research articles t	•		
		•	s with local researchers t		essment work.	
	Conduct a nee	eds assessment.				
		-	ocess evaluation.			
		•	luation of the effectiven	ess of a progra	m or training.	
		onduct a focus gr				
		and post-test su	•			
	•	•	subjects review board to	o protect partic	cipants I am assessing.	
	,	from a focus grou	•			
	•	from pre- and po	different forms of data.			
				nt types of acce	essment or evaluation data.	
			prove my program.	ic types of asse	255ment of evaluation data.	

3.	How often do you review research literature related to sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, and stalking prevention and response? Never Rarely Sometimes Regularly
4.	Are any of the sexual assault, dating and domestic violence and stalking prevention strategies your campus is using theory based?
	□Yes □No If yes, approximately what percentage of your programs and strategies are theory-based?
5.	Are any of the sexual assault, dating and domestic violence and stalking response strategies that your campus is using evidence based? ☐ Yes ☐ No ➤ If yes, approximately what percentage of your response strategies?
6.	In the past year I have created a logic model for some aspect of my work on sexual assault, dating and domestic violence and stalking. □ Yes □ No
7.	Have you conducted any assessments of the effectiveness of your work in the past year? ☐ Yes ☐ No ➤ If yes, in which areas (check all that apply): ☐ Understanding the needs of culturally diverse groups ☐ Engaging men ☐ Conduct/Judicial programs ☐ Law Enforcement/ Campus Security ☐ Mandatory Education ☐ Coordinated Community Response
8.	Which of the following types of assessment have you used in your work in the past year (choose all that apply) Needs assessment surveys including campus climate surveys Needs assessment focus groups Focus groups about program/policy/training effectiveness Participant satisfaction questions Pre- post test outcome assessments Pre and post-test outcome assessments using a control group Other:
9.	Have you shared assessment or evaluation findings with someone outside your CCRT in the past year? □ Yes □ No
10.	Have you used a logic model or strategic plan to communicate with someone outside your CCRT in the past year? □ Yes □ No

11.		IYes ➤ viole	mpus done a climate survey related to sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, and stalking in the past two years? No If yes, have you or your CCRT had input on a campus climate survey related to sexual assault, dating and domestic ence and stalking? No
12.	What 1.	are th	e 3 biggest challenges to strategic planning for the OVW Campus grant you face?
	2.		
	3.		
13.	What 1.	are th	e 3 biggest strengths or successes you have had related to strategic planning on the OVW campus grant?
	2.		
	3.		
14.	What 1.	are th	e 3 biggest challenges to assessing the impact of your work on the OVW Campus grant you face?
	2.		
	3.		
15.	What 1.	are th	e 3 biggest strengths or successes you have had related to assessing the impact of work on the OVW campus grant?
	2.		
	3.		