

(3) is the estimate of burden accurate; (4) how might the NPS enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (5) how might the NPS minimize the burden of this collection on the respondents, including through the use of information technology.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request to OMB to approve this ICR. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

**Abstract:** Each year, more than 7,000 visitors to the various units of the National Park System file reports of lost or found items. Reporting of lost or found personal property in national parks is governed by 36 CFR 2.22, “Disposition of Property” which requires unattended property be impounded and deemed to be abandoned unless claimed by the owner or an authorized representative within 60 days. The 60-day period commences upon notification to the rightful owner of the property, if the owner can be identified, or from the time the property was placed in the superintendent’s custody, if the owner cannot be identified.

Unclaimed property must be stored for a minimum period of 60 days and, unless claimed by the owner or an authorized representative, may be claimed by the finder, provided the finder is not an employee of the NPS. Found property not claimed by the owner, an authorized representative of the owner, or the finder, shall be deemed abandoned and disposed of in accordance with Title 41 Code of Federal Regulations.

In order to comply with the requirements of 36 CFR 2.22, the NPS uses Form 10–166, “Lost—Found Report,” to allow the park to properly identify personal property reported as lost or found and to return found items to the legitimate owner, when possible, or to the finder if the item is not claimed by the owner or their authorized representative. NPS Form 10–166 collects the following information from the visitor filing the report:

- Park name, receiving station (if appropriate), and date item was lost or found;

- Name, address, city, state, zip code, email address, and contact phone numbers (cell and home);

- Type of item, detailed description of item, and location where the item was last seen or found; and

- Photograph of item (if available).

**Title of Collection:** National Park Service Lost and Found Report, 36 CFR 2.22.

**OMB Control Number:** 1024–0279.  
**Form Number:** NPS Form 10–166, “Lost—Found Report.”

**Type of Review:** Extension of a currently approved collection.

**Respondents/Affected Public:** Individuals and visitors of NPS units who file reports of lost or found items.

**Total Estimated Number of Annual Respondents:** 7,200.

**Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses:** 7,200.

**Estimated Completion Time per Response:** 5 minutes.

**Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours:** 600.

**Respondent’s Obligation:** Voluntary.  
**Frequency of Collection:** On occasion.

**Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost:** None.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C.

#### **Phadrea Ponds,**

*Acting, Information Collection Clearance Officer, National Park Service.*

[FR Doc. 2020–01675 Filed 1–29–20; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4312–52–P**

## **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

### **National Park Service**

**[NPS–WASO–CR–HPS–NPS0028085; PPWOCRADP1, PRN00HP12.CS0000, XXXP104214 (200); OMB Control Number 1024–0009]**

#### **Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission to the Office of Management and Budget for Review and Approval; Historic Preservation Certification Application**

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of information collection; request for comment.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we, the National Park Service (NPS) are

proposing to renew an information collection.

**DATES:** Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before March 2, 2020.

**ADDRESSES:** Send written comments on this information collection request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget’s (OMB) Desk Officer for the Department of the Interior by email at [OIRA\\_Submission@omb.eop.gov](mailto:OIRA_Submission@omb.eop.gov); or by facsimile at 202–395–5806. Please provide a copy of your comments to Phadrea Ponds, Acting Information Collection Clearance Officer, National Park Service, 1201 Oakridge Drive, Fort Collins, CO 80525; or by email at [phadrea\\_ponds@nps.gov](mailto:phadrea_ponds@nps.gov). Please reference OMB Control Number 1024–0009 in the subject line of your comments.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** To request additional information about this ICR, contact Brian Goeken, Chief, Technical Preservation Services, 1849 C St. NW, Room 2255, Washington, DC 20240; or by email at [brian\\_goeken@nps.gov](mailto:brian_goeken@nps.gov); or by telephone at 202–354–2033. Please reference OMB Control Number 1024–0009 in the subject line of your comments. You may also view the ICR at <http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain>.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we provide the general public and other Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on new, proposed, revised, and continuing collections of information. This helps us assess the impact of our information collection requirements and minimize the public’s reporting burden. It also helps the public understand our information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format.

On July 3, 2019, we published a **Federal Register** notice soliciting comments on this collection of information for 60 days, ending on September 3, 2019 (84 FR 31909). We received three (3) public comments on this notice.

*Ogee, LLC* suggested the use of a standardized list or more detailed organization of the description of work section in the Part 2 section of the application and that no portions of the scope of work for the project were unintentionally omitted.

*NPS Response:* We are considering the creation of additional guidance and application examples that would provide more direction on how to organize and structure the required description of work information.

*Historic Tax Credit Coalition (HTTC)* suggested that more information be collected regarding the rehabilitation of affordable housing units as part of the tax incentives program. Specifically, (1) number of rental housing units that are being created, (2) units created for “special needs” (*i.e.*, members of a specified group under a federal or state housing program, or person engaged in artistic or literary activities), and (3) how are units that are “considered affordable and/or accessible,” being measured.

*NPS Response:* We contacted the commenter to discuss possible new field(s) and how existing and new fields could be labeled or defined. The application form already requests some of this information. While the wording of the field names could be changed or further defined in the instructions, we did not update the forms because there is limited space available for new fields without having to add an additional page to the application. The commenter was unable to make any specific suggestions; therefore, we are not proposing any changes at this time in response to this comment.

*Ogee, LLC and Historic Tax Credit Coalition (HTTC)* both suggested that the NPS should provide or further explore the use of electronic submissions.

*NPS Response:* Currently, there are a number of logistical, technological, and practical factors that make submission of the application via electronic means presently unworkable, but we continue to explore this as a future option.

*Artifacts-Inc.* suggested that the program should work more closely with State Historic Preservation Offices (SHPOs) to administer the review process.

*NPS Response:* By law the National Park Service must make all final certification decisions. However, NPS partners with SHPOs to administer the certification program. The SHPOs are often the first point of contact meeting with applicants to answer questions, make site visits, and forward applications to the NPS after reviewing and making recommendations.

We are again soliciting comments on the proposed ICR described below. We are especially interested in public comment addressing the following issues: (1) Is the collection necessary to the proper functions of the NPS; (2) will this information be processed and used in a timely manner; (3) is the estimate of burden accurate; (4) how might the NPS enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (5) how might the NPS minimize the burden of this collection

on the respondents, including through the use of information technology.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request to OMB to approve this ICR. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

*Abstract:* The Federal Historic Preservation Tax Incentives Program encourages private-sector investment in the rehabilitation and re-use of historic buildings. Through this program, underutilized or vacant buildings throughout the country of every period, size, style, and type have been rehabilitated and reused in a manner that maintains their historic character. To be eligible for tax incentives for historic buildings, a building must be listed individually on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP); or located in a registered historic district and certified by the NPS as contributing to the historic significance of that district. A registered historic district is any district listed on the NRHP; or a state or local district if the district and the enabling statute have also been certified by the NPS. The NRHP is the official list of the Nation’s historic places worthy of preservation.

Section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code requires that the Secretary of the Interior certify to the Secretary of the Treasury upon application by owners of historic properties for Federal tax benefits: (a) The historic significance of the property, and (b) that the rehabilitation work is consistent with its historic character. The NPS administers the program with the Internal Revenue Service in partnership with the State Historic Preservation Offices (SHPOs). The NPS uses the information collected in the Historic Preservation Certification Application (Forms 10–168, 10–168a, 10–168b, and 10–168c) to evaluate the condition and historic significance of buildings undergoing rehabilitation, and to evaluate whether the rehabilitation work meets the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for Rehabilitation.

Regulations codified in 36 CFR part 67 contain a requirement for completion of an application form. The NPS needs the information required on the application form to allow the authorized

officer to determine if the project is qualified to obtain historic preservation certifications from the Secretary of the Interior. These certifications are necessary for an applicant to receive substantial federal tax incentives authorized by Section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code. These incentives include a 20% federal income tax credit for the rehabilitation of income-producing historic buildings and an income tax deduction for the charitable donation of easements on historic properties. The Internal Revenue Code also provides a 10% federal income tax credit for the rehabilitation of non-historic, nonresidential buildings built before 1936. An owner of a non-historic building in a historic district must also use the application to obtain a certification from the Secretary of the Interior that his or her building does not contribute to the significance of the historic district before claiming this lesser tax credit for rehabilitation. The 10% credit was repealed as part of the 2017 tax reform legislation but remains in effect under certain transition rules.

SHPOs are the first point of contact for property owners wishing to use the rehabilitation tax credits. They help applicants determine if an historic building is eligible for Federal or State historic preservation tax incentives, provide guidance on an application before or after the project begins, and provide advice on appropriate preservation work. SHPOs use Forms 10–168d and 10–168e to make recommendations to NPS.

In accordance with 36 CFR 67, we also collect information for: (1) Certifications of State and local statutes (§ 67.8), (2) certifications of State or local historic districts (§ 67.9), and (3) appeals (§ 67.10).

*Title of Collection:* Historic Preservation Certifications, 36 CFR part 67.

*OMB Control Number:* 1024–0009.

*Form Number:* NPS Forms 10–168, 10–168a, 10–168b, 10–168c, 10–168d, and 10–168e.

*Type of Review:* Extension of a currently approved collection.

*Respondents/Affected Public:* Individuals, organizations, companies and businesses, and State or tribal governments.

*Respondent’s Obligation:* Required to obtain or retain a benefit.

*Frequency of Collection:* On occasion.

*Total Estimated Annual Non-hour Burden Cost:* \$4,612,811 based primarily on application fees and other costs (includes printing photographs and architectural drawings).

Activity	Estimated total annual responses	Estimated average completion time	Estimated total annual burden hours *
Form 10–168 (Part 1):			
Individuals .....	88	15	1,320
Private Sector .....	1,663	15	24,945
Form 10–168a (Part 2):			
Individuals .....	77	51	3,927
Private Sector .....	1,473	51	75,123
Form 10–168b (Amendment):			
Individuals .....	77	6	462
Private Sector .....	1,473	6	8,832
Form 10–168c (Part 3):			
Individuals .....	53	12	636
Private Sector .....	1,000	12	12,000
Forms 10–168d and 10–168e (State Review Sheets):			
Form 10–168d .....	1,751	3	5,253
Form 10–168e (Part 2s) .....	1,550	5	7,750
Form 10–168e (Part 3s) .....	1,053	4	4,212
Form 10–168e (for Amendments) .....	1,549	3	4,647
Certification of Statutes .....	1	5	5
Cert of Historic Districts .....	2	20	40
Appeals:			
Individuals .....	3	40	120
Private Sector .....	29	40	1,160
<b>Totals .....</b>	<b>11,841</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>150,432</b>

\* Rounded.

An agency may not conduct, or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

**Phadrea Ponds,**

*Acting, NPS Information Collection Clearance Officer, National Park Service.*

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**INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION**

[Investigation No. 337–TA–1115]

**Certain Blow-Molded Bag-In-Container Devices, Associated Components, and End Products Containing or Using Same; Notice of a Commission Determination To Terminate the Investigation in Whole Based on Withdrawal of the Complaint; Termination of the Investigation**

**AGENCY:** U.S. International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined to terminate the investigation in whole based on the withdrawal of the complaint. The investigation is terminated.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Michael Liberman, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–3115. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are or will be available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal on (202) 205–1810.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Commission instituted this investigation under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337, on June 5, 2018, based on a complaint filed by Anheuser-Busch InBev S.A. of Leuven, Belgium and Anheuser-Busch, LLC of St. Louis, Missouri (collectively, “Complainants”). 83 FR 26088–89 (Jun. 5, 2018). Supplements to the complaint were filed on May 4, 2018, and May 15, 2018. The complaint alleges a violation of section 337 by reason of infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent Nos.

9,162,372 (“the ’372 patent”); 9,517,876; 9,555,572 (“the ’572 patent”); and 9,944,453. The notice of investigation names as respondents Heineken International B.V. of Amsterdam, Netherlands; Heineken N.V. of Amsterdam, Netherlands; Heineken USA Inc. of White Plains, New York; Heineken Holding N.V. of Amsterdam, Netherlands; Heineken Beer Systems B.V. of Amsterdam, Netherlands; Heineken Brouwerijen B.V. of Amsterdam, Netherlands; Heineken Export Americas B.V. of Amsterdam, Netherlands; and Heineken Global Procurement B.V. of Amsterdam, Netherlands (collectively, “Respondents”). *Id.* at 26089. The Office of Unfair Import Investigations is not participating in this investigation. Subsequently, the investigation was terminated in part as to the ’372 and ’572 patents. Order No. 26 (March 21, 2019), *not reviewed*, Commission Notice (April 11, 2019).

Pursuant to Commission Rule 210.21(a), 19 CFR 210.21(a), on April 29, 2019, Complainants moved to terminate this investigation in whole on the basis of withdrawal of the complaint. On April 30, 2019, Respondents filed a response opposing the motion. Respondents contended that termination is inappropriate given the advanced posture of the investigation and the fact that they had only temporarily halted importation of their accused products.