## **Instructions for Form 869** Department of the Treasury **Internal Revenue Service**

which the contract price or contract on whether the ownership change is

(Rev. November 2018)

Interest Computation Under the Look-Back Method for Completed Long-Term Contracts

Section references are to the Internal Revengebsequent to the year of completion, computing look-back interest depends

## costs are adjusted for one or more of due to a constructive completion General Instructions hese long-term contracts from a prior transaction or a step-in-the shoes

# **Future Developments**

Code unless otherwise noted.

For the latest information about its instructions, such as legislation IRS.gov/Form8697

### What's New

- The tax rate used for the interest computation for individuals, corporations, and certain pass-through more (by value) of the beneficial entities has changed. See the instructions for Part II, line 2, later.
- The 2-year carryback rule will generally not apply to net operating losses (NOLs) arising in tax years ending after 2017. Exceptions apply tomid-contract change in taxpayer NOLs for farmers and non-life insurancesulting in the conversion of a C companies. See section 172(b) as amended by P.L. 115-97, section 13302.
- the alternative minimum tax for corporations has been repealed.

# Purpose of Form

long-term contracts that are accounted percentage of completion for under either the percentage of see Regulations section 1.460-4. For details and computational examples illustrating the use of the look-back method, see Regulations section 1.460-6.

# Who Must File

### **General Rule**

You must file Form 8697 for each tax Taxpayer year in which you completed a

### **Pass-Through Entities**

enacted after they were published, go the contract as enacted after they were published, go the contract as at the entity level to any contract for applies the look-back method to the which at least 95% of the gross incomere-transaction years. The new is from U.S. sources. A pass-through taxpayer is treated as entering into a entity is considered closely held if, at new contract and applies the look-back any time during any tax year for which method to the post-transaction years there is income under the contract, 50% on the contract's completion. In the interests in the entity is held (directly the new taxpayer applies the look-back indirectly) by or for five or fewer persons. For this purpose, rules similatransaction years. See Regulations to the constructive ownership rules of section 1.460-6(g) for additional section 1563(e) apply. For a guidance. corporation into an S corporation, the Construction Contracts look-back method is applied at the entitle look-back method does not apply to level with respect to contracts entered he regular taxable income from: • For tax years beginning after 2017, into prior to the conversion regardless of Any home construction contract (as whether the S corporation is considered fined in section 460(e)(5)(A)) or

method of section 460(b)(2) on certain he percentage of completion methodonoss receipts for the 3 tax years capitalized cost method and the ends with or includes the end of the 2017. See section 460(e). entity's tax year in which the contract was completed or adjusted in a post-completion tax year. The pass-through entity will provide on to complete this form.

Mid-Contract Change in Taxpayer.

# Mid-Contract Change in

If prior to the completion of a long-tersmall Contract Exception long-term contract entered into after contract accounted for using the The look-back method does not apply to February 28, 1986, that you accounted percentage of completion method or they contract completed within 2 years of federal income tax purposes. You also accounting for income from the same smaller of: must file Form 8697 for any tax year, contract, the taxpayer responsible for

these transactions, see Regulations section 1.460-4(a). In the case of developments related to Form 8697 and pass-through entity (partnership, S constructive completion transactions, its instructions, such as legislation corporation, or trust) that is not closelyne old taxpayer treats the contract as case of step-in-the-shoes transactions, method to both the pre- and post-

transaction. For guidance regarding

# **Exception for Certain**

closely held. See the section discussing Any other construction contract entered into by a taxpayer: (a) who If you are an owner of an interest inestimates the contract will be completed Use Form 8697 to figure the interest diess-through entity in which a long-tewithin 2 years from the date the contract or to be refunded under the look-back contract was being accounted for undergins and (b) whose average annual preceding the tax year in which the contract is entered into do not exceed completion method or the percentage pass-through entity is not subject to tsa 0 million. The annual gross receipts is completion-capitalized cost method. Fook-back method at the entity level, your eased to \$25 million (adjusted for guidance concerning these methods, must file this form for your tax year that lation) for contracts entered into after

> However, the look-back method does apply to the alternative minimum taxable income from any such contract that is Schedule K-1 the information you need therefore, must be accounted for using the percentage of completion method for alternative minimum tax purposes. See section 56(a)(3) for details.

for using either the percentage of percentage of completion capitalized the contract start date if the gross price completion-capitalized cost method, there is a transaction that the contract (as of contract completion-capitalized cost method formakes another taxpayer responsible feempletion) does not exceed the

Oct 22, 2018 Cat. No. 10703K • \$1 million or

# Filing Instructions

 1% of the taxpayer's average annual gross receipts for the 3 tax years befolf You Owe Interest (or No the tax year of contract completion. Interest Is To Be Refunded to

See section 460(b)(3)(B) for details. You)

### **De Minimis Exception**

You may elect not to apply the look-back method in certain de minimisou or the paid preparer. cases for completed contracts. The following cases if the election is madedue in the amount to be entered for totaleded to show more than 2

tax (after credits and other taxes) on redetermination years, sign only the first or contract year, the cumulative. Your return (for example, 2018 Form Form 8697. prior contract year, the cumulative taxable income (or loss) actually reported under the contract is within 10% of the cumulative look-back income (or loss). Cumulative look-back For partnerships (that are not closeform 8697 and any attached schedules income (or loss) is the amount of taxable income (or loss) that you would clude any interest due in the bottom have reported if you had used actual margin of the tax return. Attach a checkling a Corrected Form contract price and costs instead of estimated contract price and costs.

the cumulative taxable income (or loss)hone number, and "Form 8697 cumulative look-back income (or loss) under the contract as of the close of the selly held, include any interest due in When completing Part I, line 1, of the most recent year in which the look-backe amount to be entered for additionabrrected Form 8697, follow the had not been made).

To make the election, attach a statement to your timely filed income dantracts entered into prior to the return (determined with extensions) foonversion. See the rules related to the first tax year of the election. Writewill-Contract Change in Taxpayer, the top of the statement "NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION on the statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at a statement your name. on the statement your name, identifying titles, look-back interest is applied at number, and the effective date of the the owner level and not the entity level if both the original and corrected election. Also identify the trades or businesses that involve long-term contracts. Once made, the election applies to all contracts completed during the election year and all later this 9c). years, and may not be revoked without IRS consent. See Regulations section 1.460-6(j) for more details. If you time bject to the estimated tax penalty. filed your return without making the See Regulations section 1.460-6(f)(2).amount on the line for interest to be election, you may make the election of Interest Is To Be Refunded refunded to you, you must: an amended return filed no later than formonths after the due date of your tax **You** return (excluding extensions). Write Do not attach Form 8697 to your income 9697 and "Filed pursuant to section 301.9100" at return. Instead, file Form 8697 the top of the amended return.

1040, line 15). Write on the dotted line File Form 8697 by the date you are

held), write "From Form 8697" and

or money order for the full amount ma 697

2. In a post-completion year if, as offrite the partnership's employer

For S corporations that are not

For purposes of item 2, discounting and the amount of interest due. A follow these procedures following a

For closely held pass-through

Form 1120, Schedule J, Part I (for example, 2018 Form 1120, Schedule Jcorrected Form 8697, and file it

Look-back interest owed is not

separately with the IRS at the applicable2. File the corrected Form 8697 address listed below.

Individuals:

Department of Treasury Internal Revenue Service Philadelphia, PA 19255-0001 All others:

Department of Treasury Internal Revenue Service Cincinnati, OH 45999-0001

Attach Form 8697 to your income tax Form 8697 following the instructions for 8697 does not have to be completed by signature section of your income tax you or the paid preparer. signature of both spouses is required on look-back method does not apply in the For individuals, include any interestForm 8697. If additional Forms 8697 are

to the left of the entry space "From Forequired to file your income tax return 8697" and the amount of interest due(including extensions). Keep a copy of

for your records.

payable to "United States Treasury." You must file a corrected Form 8697 only if the amount shown on Part I, the close of the post-completion year, identification number (EIN), daytime line 6, or Part II, line 7, for any prior year changes as a result of an error you under the contract is within 10% of thenterest" on the check or money ordermade, an income tax examination, or the filing of an amended tax return.

method was applied to the contract (ofaxes (for example, 2018 Form 1120S)nstructions on the form but do not enter would have been applied if the election he 22c). Write on the dotted line to the adjusted taxable income from Part I, left of the entry space "From Form 869ሽሮ 3, of the original Form 8697. When completing Part I, line 5 (or Part II, under section 460(b)(2) does not appliclosely held S corporation would also line 6), of the corrected Form 8697, do not include the interest due, if any, from conversion from a C corporation for theart I, line 10 (or Part II, line 11), of the original Form 8697 that was included in your total tax when Form 8697 was filed with your tax return.

> If both the original and corrected Forms 8697 show an amount on the line

For corporations, include the amourforms 8697 show an amount on the line of interest due on the appropriate linefor interest to be refunded to you, write "Amended" in the top margin of the

separately.

 If your original Form 8697 shows an amount on the line for interest you owe and the corrected Form 8697 shows an

1. File an amended income tax

separately (but do not write "Amended" at the top of the form because this is the first Form 8697 that you will file separately).

 If the original Form 8697 shows an amount on the line for interest to be

refunded to you and the corrected Forimcluding tax years before the change 10% of the total contract price at that 8697 shows an amount on the line fororder was agreed to. time, interest you owe, you must:

- 1. File the corrected Form 8697 separately (with "Amended" written at General Rule the top) showing \$0 interest to be refunded and
- 2. File an amended income tax return and attach a copy of the corrected Form 8697.

### **Attachments**

each sheet.

# Applying the Look-Back **Method Under Special** Situations

### 10% Method

For purposes of the percentage of elect to postpone recognition of incomecount. and expense under a long-term contract entered into after July 10, 1989, until the However, you may elect not to least 10% of the estimated total contract any contract. The election not to costs have been incurred. For purposed scount is made on a of the look-back method, the recognited tract-by-contract basis and is of income and expense must be postponed for such contracts until the post-completion adjustments that arisend all later years, unless the IRS least 10% of the actual total contract this election, attach a statement to your Regulations section 1.460-6(e) for costs have been incurred. Therefore timely filed income tax return more details. costs have been incurred. Therefore, income and expense will be allocated (determined with extensions) for the first a different tax year if the first tax year after completion in which you specific Instructions that the 10% threshold is exceeded take into account any adjustment to the that the 10% threshold is exceeded first tax year that the 10% threshold ion the statement that you are making the top of the form above Part I exceeded based on estimated costs. The election to use the 10% method applies to all long-term contracts entered into during the tax year for which the election is made and all later details.

## Change Orders

A change order for a contract is not treated as a separate contract for method unless the change order would neer this method, the look-back method were completed or adjusted in a be treated as a separate contract under this method, the look-back filed were completed or adjusted in a the rules for severing and aggregating completion year (or after a later contracts provided in Regulations). purposes of applying the look-back contracts provided in Regulations section 1.460-1(e). Therefore, if a change order is not treated as a separate contract, that portion of the actual contract price and contract costs 1. The net undiscounted value of attributable to the change order mustibereases or decreases in the contract contracts were completed or adjusted. taken into account in allocating contraction of the lock back mothed income to all tax years of the contractapplication of the look-back method

account after the contract completionthat time, date for any reason, you must apply the 3. The taxpayer goes out of look-back method in the year such amounts are properly taken into If you need more space, attach separate completed in that year. Generally, the taxpayer reasonably believes to the back of Form 8697. But completed in that year. Generally, the sheets to the back of Form 8697. Put amount of each such post-completion or your name and identifying number on adjustment to total contract price or the time the amount is taken into account in computing taxable income to its value at the time the contract was completed. The discount rate for this method, attach a statement to your purpose is the federal midterm rate

binding with respect to all

For purposes of reapplying the look-back method after the year of contract completion, you may elect the iling Year delayed reapplication method to minimize the number of required only when one of the following conditions is met for that contract:

exceeds the smaller of \$1 million or

Post-Completion Adjustments 2. The net undiscounted value of increases or decreases in contract costs occurring from the time of the last application of the look-back method If the contract price or costs are reviseekceeds the smaller of \$1 million or to reflect amounts properly taken into 10% of the total actual contract costs at

existence,

4. The taxpayer reasonably believes

None of the above conditions contract costs is discounted, solely for (1-4) are met by the end of the 5th tax look-back purposes, from its value at year that begins after the last previous application of the look-back method.

To elect the delayed reapplication timely filed income tax return under section 1274(d) in effect at the (determined with extensions) for the first completion method, a taxpayer may time the amount is properly taken intoax year of the election. Indicate on the statement that you are making an election under Regulations section 1.460-6(e) to use the delayed first tax year as of the end of which at discount post-completion adjustments eapplication method. Once made, the election is binding for all long-term contracts for which you would reapply the look-back method in the absence of the election in the year of the election first tax year as of the end of which at with respect to that contract. To make consents to a revocation of the election.

based on actual costs differs from the contract price or contract costs. Indicate filers must complete the information election not to discount post-completige cording to the following instructions. adjustments under Regulations section then, complete either Part I or Part II as 1.460-6(c)(1)(ii)(C)(2) and identify the appropriate. Also sign the form at the contracts to which the election applies of page 2 if interest is to be refunded to you. A signature is not years. See section 460(b)(5) for more **Delayed Reapplication Method** required if you are filing the form with your tax return.

Fill in the filing year line at the top of the form to show the tax year in which the owner of an interest in a pass-through reapplication of the look-back methodentity that has completed or adjusted one or more contracts, enter your tax year that ends with or includes the end of the entity's tax year in which the

Enter the name shown on your federal income tax return for the filing year. If you are an individual filing a joint retu**tine 2** 

also enter your spouse's name as shown on Form 1040.

### Address

Enter your address only if you are filing this form separately. Include the number after the street address. If theure to take into account any other street address and you have a P.O. boxnay result from the increase (or show the box number instead.

## Item A—Identifying Number

security number. Other filers must use line 2 amounts should be zero and their EIN.

## Part I—Regular Method

Use Part I only if you are not electing, equin 2(c) blank and reflect the not have an election in effect, or are nathounts in the schedule below as required to use the simplified marginalescribed in item 3. impact method as described in the instructions for Part II. later.

### Filing year column

this form.

### Columns (a) and (b)

Enter at the top of each column the ending month and year for:

- required to report income from the • Any other tax year affected by suchcosts and (b) the amount of income
- years.

needed. On the additional Forms 8697ong-term contracts. enter your name, identifying number, and tax year. Complete lines 1 throughat result from a change in income from Lines 7 and 8 8 (as applicable), but do not enter totals great contracts and show the in column (c). Enter totals only in column (c) of the first Form 8697.

### Line 1

Do not reduce taxable income or increase a loss on line 1 by any carryback of a net operating loss, capitalAn owner of an interest in a loss, or net section 1256 contracts lospass-through entity is not required to except to the extent that carrybacks provide the detail listed in 1 and 2 above the due date (not including

not apply to net operating losses arisi@ntracts are completed or adjusted. in tax years ending after 2017. An exception applies to farmers and non-life insurance companies. See section 172(b) as amended by P.L. 115-97, section 13302.

In each column, show a net increase to line 3 results in a negative amount, it decrease to income as a negative amount.

decrease) to income from long-term contracts (for example, a change to If you are an individual, enter your social look-back adjustments, the sum of all

the application of the look-back, leavexception applies to farmers and

Include the following on an attached ines 4 and 5 schedule.

- 1. Identify each completed Enter the filing year listed at the top of 1. Identity each completed for the filing year listed at the top of 1. Identity each completed for the formal than refundable credits, for example, the formal than refundable credits. job name, or any other reasonable each contract.
- For each contract, report in • Each prior tax year in which you werelumns for each prior year: (a) the allocable to each prior year based on for look-back purposes). Include on actual contract price and costs. Total Note. If there were more than 2 prior the columns for each prior year and
  - in each column on the attached schedule agrees with the amounts shown on line 2.

must be taken into account to properly with respect to prior years. The entity extensions) of the return for the filing compute interest under section 460. should provide the line 2 amounts with year or Schedule K-1 or on a separate

> **Note.** Taxpayers reporting line 2 amounts from more than one Schedule K-1 (or a similar statement) interest may be different in cases long-term contracts.

income as a positive amount and a netepresents a look-back net operating loss (NOL). The adjustment in line 2 either created, increased, or decreased the net operating loss. The change in In figuring the net adjustment to bethe amount of the net operating loss apartment, suite, room, or other unit entered in each column on line 2, be would be carried back or forward to the appropriate tax year and the Post Office does not deliver mail to thencome and expense adjustments that hypothetical tax would be recomputed in the carryback/forward year. See Regulations section 1.460-6(c)(3)(v). However, the computation period for adjusted gross income affecting medi@mputing interest on NOLs is different. expenses under section 213). If there See the exceptions listed on lines 7 and 8 below.

> **Note.** The 2-year carryback rule does reflected in column 2(c). If there are not apply to net operating losses arising additional adjustments that result from tax years ending after 2017. An non-life insurance companies. See section 172(b) as amended by P.L. 115-97, section 13302.

Reduce the tax liability to be entered on lines 4 and 5 by allowable credits (other the credit for taxes withheld on wages, method used in your records to identitue earned income credit, the credit for federal tax on fuels, etc.), but do not take into account any credit carrybacks to the prior year in computing the amount of income previously reported than carrybacks that resulted from or completed long-term contract(s) and based on estimated contract price and were adjusted by the redetermination of your income from a long-term contract lines 4 and 5 any taxes (such as years, attach additional Forms 8697 ashow the net adjustment to income from required to be taken into account in the computation of your tax liability (as 3. Identify any other adjustments originally reported or as redetermined).

amounts in the columns for the affected the increase or decrease in tax for years so that the net adjustment showerach prior year, interest due or to be refunded must be computed at the applicable interest rate and compounded on a daily basis, generally from the due date (not including extensions) of the return for the prior

Note. The 2-year carryback rule doestatement for its tax year in which the is filed and any income tax due for that year has been fully paid.

### **Exceptions:**

 The time period for determining must attach a schedule detailing by involving loss or credit carrybacks or entity the net change to income from carryovers in order to properly reflect the time period during which the

taxpayer or IRS had use of the hypothetical underpayment or overpayment. See Regulations sectioninterest rates for non-corporate

• If a net operating loss, capital loss, Jan. 1, 2008). net section 1256 contracts loss, or credit carryback is being increased or made to net income from long-term contracts, the interest due or to be refunded must be computed on the increase or decrease in tax attributable hown in Table 3. to the change to the carryback only from the due date (not including extensions) Following the conversion of a C of the return for the prior year that

operating loss, capital loss, net section excess of \$10,000. 1256 contracts loss, or credit carrybackine 9 to such year, and the amount of the including extensions) of the return forperiods after the filing date of Form

section 6611(f).

computation must be used to producerefunded by the IRS if different) as the correct result in your case, use that terest income on your income tax method and attach an explanation of return for the tax year in which it is how the interest was computed.

### **Applicable Interest Rates**

section 6621 is used to calculate the interest for both hypothetical overpayments and underpayments. The orporations (other than S applicable interest rates are published or the amount computed by the IRS if n each column, show a net increase to quarterly in revenue rulings in the IRS.gov.

However, for contracts completed interest is not deductible. tax years ending after August 5, 1997, an interest rate is determined for each Estimated Tax Penalty interest accrual period. The interest accrual period starts on the day after the he estimated tax penalty. See return due date (not including ends on the return due date for the following tax year. The interest rate in Form 2220, line 2(b), for corporations income previously reported based on effect for the entire interest accrual period is the overpayment rate accrual period.

Even though the interest rates change quarterly, for look-back purposes the interest rate stays the

same for the accrual period which is use the simplified marginal impact generally one year. The applicable 1.460-6(c)(4)(ii) and (iii) for additional taxpayers are shown in Table 1 (for

> The applicable interest rates for interest rates for corporate taxpayers for actual contract price and actual amounts in excess of \$10,000 are

corporation into an S corporation, the impact method, attach a statement to generated the carryback and not fromlook-back method is applied at the enviry

Regulations section 1.460-6(g)(3)(iv). In the case of a decrease in tax on For the C corporation years, the line 6, if a refund has been allowed foltaxpayer would apply the rates reflected 60-6(d) to use the simplified marginal any part of the income tax liability show hable 2 for the first \$10,000 and applipant method. Once made, the on line 5 for any year as a result of a nate rates in Table 3 for the amounts in local back mathematical back and the constitution of the operating local part of the distribution of the operation of

refund exceeds the amount on line 4, See <u>If Interest Is To Be Refunded</u> to election.

interest is allowed on the amount of <u>You</u>, earlier, for where to file Form 86 **Columns (a), (b), and (c)** such excess only until the due date (notational interest to be refunded for the year in which the carryback arose 8697, if any, will be computed by the ending month and year for each prior received or accrued.

### Line 10

The overpayment rate designated under <u>See If You Owe Interest</u> un<u>der Filing</u> this amount on your tax return.

year in which it is paid or incurred. Fordecrease to income as a negative individuals and other taxpayers, this amount.

Regulations section 1.460-6(f)(2)(i). extensions) for each prior tax year andee the instructions for the 2018 Form. For each contract, report in columns 2210, line 2, for individuals and 2018 for each prior year: (a) the amount of

# Part II—Simplified

Part II is used only by pass-through each prior year and show the net entities required to apply the look-back adjustment to income from long-term method at the entity level (see Who Must File, earlier) and taxpayers electing (or with an election in effect) to

method. Under the simplified method, prior year hypothetical underpayments or overpayments in tax are figured using interest accrual periods beginning aftern assumed marginal tax rate, which is generally the highest statutory rate in effect for the prior year under section 1 (for an individual) or section 11 (for a decreased as a result of the adjustment proporate taxpayers for the first \$10,000 poration). This method eliminates the are shown in Table 2. The applicable need to refigure your tax liability based contract costs each time the look-back method is applied.

To elect the simplified marginal the due date of the return for the yearlewel (1120S) with respect to contracts determined with extensions) for the first which the carryback was absorbed. Seentered into prior to the conversion. See year of the election. Indicate on the statement that you are making an election under Regulations section look-back method in the year of the election and all later years, unless the IRS consents to a revocation of the election.

Enter at the top of each column the IRS and included in your refund. Report x year in which you were required to report income from the completed computation must be used to produce of index to the local terms.

> **Note.** If there were more than 3 prior tax years, attach additional Forms 8697 as needed. On the additional Forms 8697, enter your name, identifying number, and tax year. Complete lines 1 through 9 (as applicable), but do not nstructions, earlier, for how to report enter totals in column (d). Enter totals only in column (d) of the first Form 8697.

Internal Revenue Bulletin available at different) as interest expense for the taxome as a positive amount and a net

On an attached schedule:

• Identify each completed long-term contract by contract number, job name, ook-back interest owed is not subjector any other reasonable method used in your records to identify each contract; and

estimated contract price and costs and (b) the amount of income allocable to applicable on the first day of the interestarginal Impact Method each prior year based on actual contract contracts.

An owner of an interest in a pass-through entity is not required to Number of days in tax year before 7/1/87 provide the detailed schedule listed above for prior years. The entity should provide the line 1 amounts with Schedule K-1 or on a separate statement for its tax year in which the contracts are completed or adjusted.

**Note.** Taxpayers reporting line 1 amounts from more than one Schedule K-1 (or a similar statement) must attach a schedule detailing by entity the net change to income from long-term contracts.

### Line 2

Multiply the amount on line 1 by the applicable regular tax rate for each prior e. Tax years beginning after year shown in column (a), (b), or (c). The applicable regular tax rate is as follows:

**1.** Individuals and pass-through entities <sup>2017</sup> ..... in which, at all times during the year, more than 50% of the interests in the entity are held by individuals directly vine 3 through other pass-through entities:

a. Tax years beginning 50% before 1987. . . . . . . . **b.** Tax years beginning in 1987 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 38.5% c. Tax years beginning in 1988, 1989, or 1990. . 28% **d.** Tax years beginning in 1991 or 1992. . . . . . . 31% e. Tax years beginning in 1993 through 2000. . . 39.6% **f.** Tax years beginning in 2001 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 39.1%

g. Tax years beginning in 2002 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 38.6% h. Tax years beginning in 2003 through 2012. . . 35% i. Tax years beginning in 2013 through 2017. . . 39.6% j. Tax years beginning in 2018 or later . . . . . . . 37%

2. Corporations (other than S corporations) and pass-through entities not included in 1 above:

a. Tax years ending before July 1, 1987 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 46% b. For tax years beginning before July 1, 1987, that include July 1, 1987, the rate is 34% plus the following:

Number of days in tax year

**c.** Tax years beginning after June 30, 1987, and ending 34% before 1993. . . . . . . . . . .

d. For tax years beginning before 1993 that include January 1, 1993, the rate is 34% plus the following:

Number of days in tax year after 12/31/92 Number of days in tax year

1992, and ending before 2018 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 35% f. Tax years beginning after 21%

earlier, and complete line 3 in the same rlier. manner, using only income and deductions allowed for alternative minimum tax (AMT) purposes.

**Note.** For tax years beginning after 2017, the alternative minimum tax for **Line 11** corporations has been repealed.

Multiply the amount on line 3 by the applicable AMT rate, which is as follows:

28%

**b.** Tax years beginning in 1991 or 1992. . . . . . . c. Tax years beginning in 1993 or later.....

2. Corporations (other than S corporations) and pass-through entities not included in 1 above:

a. Tax years ending before 20% 2018 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . b. Tax years beginning after 0%

### Line 5

If both lines 2 and 4 are negative, enter whichever amount is greater. Treat both numbers as positive when making this comparison, but enter the amount as a negative number. (If the amount on one line is negative, but the amount on the other line is positive, enter the positive amount.)

### Lines 8 and 9

For the increase (or decrease) in tax for each prior year, interest due or to be refunded must be computed at the applicable interest rate and compounded on a daily basis from the due date (not including extensions) of the return for the prior year until the earlier of:

- The due date (not including) extensions) of the return for the filing
- The date the return for the filing year is filed and any income tax due for that year has been fully paid.

See *Applicable Interest Rates* in the See the instructions for Part II, line 1, instructions for Part I, lines 7 and 8,

### Line 10

See the instructions for Part I, line 9,

1/1/17

4/1/18

See the instructions for Part I, line 10, earlier.

### Table 1 Interest Rates for Non-corporate Taxpayers

1. Individuals and pass-through entities Trough Rate Table Page							
III III III	riduais ailu pass-tillo	ugii entiti	<sup>CS</sup> From	Through	Rate	Table	Page
			1/1/08	3/31/08	7%	67	621
more than 50% of the interests in the 4/1/08			4/1/08	6/30/08	6%	65	619
entity are held by individuals directly or 7/1/08			9/30/08	5%	63	617	
			10/1/08	12/31/08	6%	65	619
through other pass through chities.			1/1/09	3/31/09	5%	15	569
			4/1/09	12/31/10	4%	13	567
<b>a.</b> Ta	x years beginning in		1/1/11	3/31/11	3%	11	565
	through 1990	21%	4/1/11	9/30/11	4%	13	567
	_	21/0	10/1/11	12/31/11	3%	11	565
	x years beginning in		1/1/12	12/31/12	3%	59	613
1991	or 1992	24%	1/1/13	12/31/15	3%	11	565
<b>c.</b> Ta	x years beginning in		1/1/16	3/31/16	3%	59	613
	or later	28%	4/1/16	12/31/16	4%	61	615

3/31/18

9/30/18

13

5%

567

569

Table 2 Interest Rates for Corporate \$10,000 (1.5% for any amount Increases or Decreases in Tax exceeding \$10,000). of \$10,000 or Less

From	Through	Rate	Table	Page	
1/1/08	3/31/08	6%	65	619	
4/1/08	6/30/08	5%	63	617	
7/1/08	9/30/08	4%	61	615	
10/1/08	12/31/08	5%	63	617	
1/1/09	3/31/09	4%	13	567	
4/1/09	12/31/10	3%	11	565	
1/1/11	3/31/11	2%	9	563	
4/1/11	9/30/11	3%	11	565	
10/1/11	12/31/11	2%	9	563	
1/1/12	12/31/12	2%	57	611	
1/1/13	12/31/15	2%	9	563	
1/1/16	3/31/16	2%	57	611	
4/1/16	12/31/16	3%	59	613	
1/1/17	3/31/18	3%	11	565	
4/1/18	9/30/18	4%	13	567	

Table 3 Interest Rates for Corporate look-back method for completed **Exceeding \$10,000** 

From	Through	Rate	Table	Page	
1/1/08	3/31/08	4.5%	62	616	
4/1/08	6/30/08	3.5%	60	614	
7/1/08	9/30/08	2.5%	58	612	
10/1/08	12/31/08	3.5%	60	614	
1/1/09	3/31/09	2.5%	10	564	
4/1/09	12/31/10	1.5%	8	562	
1/1/11	3/31/11	.5%	-	-	
4/1/11	9/30/11	1.5%	8	562	
10/1/11	3/31/16	.5%	-	-	
4/1/16	12/31/16	1.5%	56	610	
1/1/17	3/31/18	1.5%	8	562	
4/1/18	9/30/18	2.5%	10	564	

### **Example of Applicable Interest** Rates for Look-back Interest.

A C corporation taxpayer completed contracts subject to look-back interest may become material in the during the 2017 calendar year. The and 2016 are redetermination years. The corporate tax return due date, without extensions, for all years is April We may give this information to the earlier.

Department of lustice for civil or earlier.

\$10,000 (1.5% for any amount exceeding \$10,000).

• 4/16/2017 - 4/15/2018: 3% for the 1betcause of tax treaties they have with

The interest rate and accrual period gencies to enforce federal nontax for the 2016 redetermination year wolfiminal laws and to combat terrorism. be:

\$10,000 (1.5% for any amount exceeding \$10,000).

tion Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the their individual income tax return. Internal Revenue laws of the United States. We need this information to ensure that you are complying with below. these laws and to figure and collect or refund the correct amount of interest.

Section 460 provides special rules for computing interest under the Increases or Decreases in Taxlong-term contracts. Section 6001 ar its regulations require you to file a re or statement with us for any tax you liable for. Section 6109 and its regulations require you to put your identifying number on what you file. you do not provide the information w ask for, or provide fraudulent information, you may forfeit any refu of interest otherwise owed to you and/part II..... be subject to penalties.

> You are not required to provide the subject to the Paperwork Reduction Actouracy of these time estimates or unless the form displays a valid OMB suggestions for making this form control number. Books or records administration of any Internal Revenue Service, Tax Forms and information are confidential, as requirede. NW, IR-6526, Washington, DC by section 6103.

Department of Justice for civil or

For computing look-back interest, their inal litigation, and to other federal interest rates and accrual period for the encies as authorized by law. We may 2015 redetermination year would be: give it to cities, states, the District of • 4/16/2016 - 4/15/2017: 3% for the 1stumbia, and U.S. commonwealths or possessions to carry out their tax laws. We may give it to foreign governments

The time needed to complete and file • 4/16/2017 - 4/15/2018: 3% for the 1% form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated burden for individual taxpayers filing this form is approved under OMB control Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduc<sub>number</sub> 1545-0074 and is included in the estimates shown in the instructions The estimated burden for all other taxpayers who file this form is shown

the United States. We also may disclose this information to federal and state

### Recordkeeping

5	Part I	8 hr., 36 min. 9 hr., 19 min.
nd et ı a	Learning about the Law or the form Part I Part II	2 hr., 22 min. 2 hr., 5 min.
. If we	Preparing, copying, assembling, and sending the form to the IRS	
un nd,	ବିart I	2 hr., 37 min. 2 hr., 19 min.

information requested on a form that is If you have comments concerning the simpler, we would be happy to hear relating to a form or its instructions mfrstm you. You can send us comments be retained as long as their contents from IRS.gov/FormComments. Or you can send your comments to Internal contracts were started in 2015, so 2013w. Generally, tax returns and return Publications Division, 1111 Constitution 20224. Don't send the tax form to this