

EARLY TERMINATIONS GRANTED SEPTEMBER 1, 2019 THRU SEPTEMBER 30, 2019—Continued

20191990	G	LMI PRS Aggregator, L.P.; Powerhouse Retail Services, LLC; LMI PRS Aggregator, L.P.
20192002	G	Spur Energy Partners Holdings LLC; Concho Resources Inc.; Spur Energy Partners Holdings LLC.
20192012	G	Redwood Ahead Acquisition, LLC; CSC Falcon Holdings, L.P.; Redwood Ahead Acquisition, LLC.
20192013	G	Athene Holding Ltd.; General Electric Company; Athene Holding Ltd.
20192015	G	CSC Falcon Holdings, L.P.; Redwood Ahead Acquisition, LLC; CSC Falcon Holdings, L.P.
20192017	G	CNH Industrial N.V.; Nikola Corporation; CNH Industrial N.V.
20192019	G	John Sherman; David D. Glass & Ruth A. Glass; John Sherman.
20192024	G	Highbridge Multi-Strategy Master Fund, L.P.; Nalpropion Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; Highbridge Multi- Strategy Master Fund, L.P.
09/26/2019		
20191949	G	MasTec, Inc.; QuadGen Wireless Solutions Inc.; MasTec, Inc.
09/27/2019		
20192034	G	Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.; Virtus Partners Holdings, LLC; Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.
20192035	G	Michael Paulus; Prudential Financial, Inc.; Michael Paulus.
20192036	G	Michael Rowell; Prudential Financial, Inc.; Michael Rowell.
20192037	G	Prudential Financial, Inc.; Michael Paulus; Prudential Financial, Inc.
20192038	G	Prudential Financial, Inc.; Michael Rowell; Prudential Financial, Inc.
20192041	G	Cigna Corporation; Verity Solutions Group, Inc.; Cigna Corporation.
20192045	G	DFB Healthcare Acquisitions Corp.; AdaptHealth Holdings LLC; DFB Healthcare Acquisitions Corp.
20192050	G	Stichting Bravak; Charles J. Silver; Stichting Bravak.
20192056	G	Marlin Heritage II, L.P.; John D. Whitlock; Marlin Heritage II, L.P.
20192057	G	Legacy Acquisition Corporation.; Blue Focus Intelligent Communications Group, Ltd.; Legacy Acquisition Corporation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Theresa Kingsberry (202–326–3100),
Program Support Specialist, Federal
Trade Commission Premerger
Notification Office, Bureau of
Competition, Room CC–5301,
Washington, DC 20024.

By direction of the Commission.

April Tabor,
Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–22737 Filed 10–17–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750–01–P

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES**

**Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention**

[60Day–20–0997; Docket No. CDC–2019–
0087]

**Proposed Data Collection Submitted
for Public Comment and
Recommendations**

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention (CDC), Department of Health
and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of
its continuing effort to reduce public
burden and maximize the utility of
government information, invites the
general public and other Federal
agencies the opportunity to comment on
a proposed and/or continuing
information collection, as required by
the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

This notice invites comment on a
proposed information collection project
titled Standardized National Hypothesis
Generating Questionnaire. The
information collected will be used to
define a core set of data elements to be
used for hypothesis generation once a
given situation is determined to be a
multistate foodborne outbreak
investigation.

DATES: CDC must receive written
comments on or before December 17,
2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments,
identified by Docket No. CDC–2019–
0087 by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:*
Regulations.gov. Follow the instructions
for submitting comments.
- *Mail:* Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information
Collection Review Office, Centers for
Disease Control and Prevention, 1600
Clifton Road NE, MS–D74, Atlanta,
Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received
must include the agency name and
Docket Number. CDC will post, without
change, all relevant comments to
Regulations.gov.

*Please note: Submit all comments
through the Federal eRulemaking portal
(regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the
address listed above.*

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To
request more information on the
proposed project or to obtain a copy of
the information collection plan and
instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, of
the Information Collection Review
Office, Centers for Disease Control and

Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS–
D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; phone:
404–639–7570; Email: *omb@cdc.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the
Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA)
(44 U.S.C. 3501–3520), Federal agencies
must obtain approval from the Office of
Management and Budget (OMB) for each
collection of information they conduct
or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also
requires Federal agencies to provide a
60-day notice in the **Federal Register**
concerning each proposed collection of
information, including each new
proposed collection, each proposed
extension of existing collection of
information, and each reinstatement of
previously approved information
collection before submitting the
collection to the OMB for approval. To
comply with this requirement, we are
publishing this notice of a proposed
data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in
comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed
collection of information is necessary
for the proper performance of the
functions of the agency, including
whether the information will have
practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of the
agency’s estimate of the burden of the
proposed collection of information,
including the validity of the
methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and
clarity of the information to be
collected; and
4. Minimize the burden of the
collection of information on those who

are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

- 5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Standardized National Hypothesis Generating Questionnaire (OMB Control No. 0920-0997, Exp. 2/29/2020)—Revision—National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases (NCEZID), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

It is estimated that each year roughly one in six Americans get sick, 128,000 are hospitalized, and 3,000 die of foodborne diseases. CDC and partners ensure rapid and coordinated surveillance, detection, and response to multistate outbreaks, to limit the number of illnesses, and to learn how to prevent similar outbreaks from happening in the future.

Conducting interviews during the initial hypothesis-generating phase of multistate foodborne disease outbreaks presents numerous challenges. In the U.S. there is not a standard, national form or data collection system for illnesses caused by many enteric pathogens. Data elements for hypothesis generation must be developed and agreed upon for each investigation. This process can take several days to weeks and may cause interviews to occur long after a person becomes ill.

CDC requests a revision to this project to collect standardized information, called the Standardized National Hypothesis-Generating Questionnaire (SNHGQ), from individuals who have become ill during a multistate foodborne disease event. Since the questionnaire is designed to be administered by public health officials as part of multistate hypothesis-generating interview activities, this questionnaire is not expected to entail significant burden to respondents.

The Standardized National Hypothesis-Generating Core Elements Project was established with the goal to define a core set of data elements to be used for hypothesis generation during multistate foodborne investigations. These elements represent the minimum set of information that should be available for all outbreak-associated cases identified during hypothesis generation. The core elements would ensure that similar exposures would be ascertained across many jurisdictions, allowing for rapid pooling of data to improve the timeliness of hypothesis-generating analyses and shorten the time to pinpoint how and where contamination events occur.

The Standardized National Hypothesis Generating Questionnaire was designed as a data collection tool for the core elements, to be used when a multistate cluster of enteric disease infections is identified. The questionnaire is designed to be administered over the phone by public health officials to collect core elements data from case-patients or their proxies. Both the content of the questionnaire (the core elements) and the format were

developed through a series of working groups comprised of local, state, and federal public health partners.

Since the last revision of the SNHGQ in 2016, ORPB has investigated over 700 multistate foodborne and enteric clusters of infection involving over 26,000 ill people. Of which, an outbreak vehicle has been identified in 200 of these investigations. These outbreaks have led to over 50 recalls and countless regulatory actions that have removed millions of pounds of contaminated vehicles out of commerce. In almost all instances, the SNHGQ or iterations of the SNHGQ have been instrumental in the successful investigation of these outbreaks. The questionnaire has allowed investigators to more efficiently and effectively interview ill persons as they are identified. Because these exposures are captured in a common, standard format, we have been able to share and analyze data rapidly across jurisdictional lines. Faster interview response and analysis times have allowed for more rapid epidemiologic investigation and quicker regulatory action, thus helping to prevent thousands of additional illnesses from occurring and spurring industry to adopt and implement new food safety measures in an effort to prevent future outbreaks.

The total estimated annualized burden for the Standardized National Generating Questionnaire is 3,000 hours (approximately 4,000 individuals identified during the hypothesis-generating phase of outbreak investigations with 45 minutes/response). There are no costs to respondents other than their time.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Ill individuals identified as part of an outbreak investigation.	Standardized National Hypothesis Generating Questionnaire.	4,000	1	45/60	3,000
Total	3,000

Jeffrey M. Zirger,

Lead, Information Collection Review Office, Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of Science, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2019-22735 Filed 10-17-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-18-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day–20–0881; Docket No. CDC–2019–0086]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other Federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a proposed and/or continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled “Data Calls for the Laboratory Response Network.” This is data collected from its members concerning their capacity to respond to public health emergencies.

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before December 17, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC–2019–0086 by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal: Regulations.gov.* Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- *Mail:* Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS–D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without change, all relevant comments to *Regulations.gov*.

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and

instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, of the Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS–D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; phone: 404–639–7570; Email: *omb@cdc.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submissions of responses.
5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Data Calls for the Laboratory Response Network (OMB Control No. 0920–0881, Exp. 3/31/2020)—Extension—National Center for Emerging Zoonotic and Infectious Diseases (NCEZID), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

The Laboratory Response Network (LRN) was established by the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in accordance with Presidential Decision Directive 39 (Attachment 1), which outlined national anti-terrorism policies and assigned specific missions to Federal Departments and agencies. The Administration has stated that it is the policy of the United States to use all appropriate means, to deter, defeat, and respond to all terrorist attacks on our territory and resources, both with people and facilities. The LRN’s mission is to maintain an integrated national and international network of laboratories that can respond quickly to suspected acts of biological, chemical, or radiological terrorism, emerging infectious diseases, and other public health threats and emergencies.

Federal, state and local public health laboratories join the LRN voluntarily. When laboratories join, they assume specific responsibilities and are required to provide facility information to the LRN Program Office at CDC as well as test results for real samples or proficiency tests. LRN laboratories participate in Proficiency Testing Challenges, Exercises and Validation Studies each year. LRN information collection is covered by OMB Control No. 0920–0852.

CDC may conduct a Special Data Call to obtain additional information from LRN laboratories regarding biological terrorism or emerging infectious disease preparedness. Although the LRN Program Office at CDC has an extensive database of information regarding all network members, LRN Special Data Calls are sometimes needed to address issues concerning the response capabilities of member facilities for priority threat agents or to assess the network’s ability to respond to new emerging threats. Special Data Calls may be conducted via broadcast email that asks respondents to send information via email to the LRN Help Desk or through online survey tools (*i.e.*, Survey Monkey) which require respondents to go to a web link and answer a series of questions (Attachment 3). This request for extension is a generic clearance that is necessary for any impromptu data calls that are needed.