U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

LOW MELT POLYESTER STAPLE FIBER FROM KOREA AND TAIWAN

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by <u>July 11, 2017</u>

See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its review of the antidumping duty investigations concerning low melt polyester staple fiber (PSF) from Korea and Taiwan (Inv. Nos. 731-TA-1378 and 1379 (Preliminary)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

City		State	Zip Code	
Website				
Has your firm impor 2014?	ted low melt PSF (as defin	ned on next page) fr	om any country at any time since Janua	ry 1,
NO (Sign	the certification below and p	promptly return only	this page of the questionnaire to the Commi	ssion)
YES (Com	plete all parts of the questio	nnaire, and return the	e entire questionnaire to the Commission)	
		CERTIFICATION		
e and belief and und this certification I on provided in this q	lerstand that the informa also grant consent for t	oonse to this ques ntion submitted is s the Commission, a	stionnaire is complete and correct to subject to audit and verification by the nd its employees and contract persong in any other import-injury proceeding	Comr nnel,
e and belief and und this certification I on provided in this q ission on the same o dersigned, acknowled g or other proceedin (a) for developing of and evaluations rela 3; or (ii) by U.S. gove	derstand that the informal also grant consent for the uestionnaire and through resimilar merchandise. I dige that information subjects that information subjects may be disclosed to the maintaining the recordating to the programs, parting the recordance of the programs, parting the the programs of the	conse to this question submitted is so the Commission, a hout this proceeding bmitted in respons and used: (i) by the dis of this or a relat personnel, and op contract personnel,	ubject to audit and verification by the nd its employees and contract perso	Comi nnel, ngs co thro ces, a tigati g und
e and belief and und this certification I on provided in this q ission on the same o dersigned, acknowled g or other proceedin (a) for developing of and evaluations rela 3; or (ii) by U.S. gove	derstand that the informal also grant consent for the uestionnaire and through a similar merchandise. I dige that information subsets and be disclosed to the maintaining the recordating to the programs, pernment employees and desire and desired.	conse to this question submitted is state the Commission, a hout this proceeding the contract in responsion of this or a relation personnel, and opposite the contract personnel, agreements.	subject to audit and verification by the nd its employees and contract persong in any other import-injury proceeding to this request for information and e Commission, its employees and Officing proceeding, or (b) in internal investmental investmental of the Commission including	Comi nnel, ngs co thro ces, a tigati g und
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e and belief and und this certification I on provided in this q ission on the same of dersigned, acknowled g or other proceeding (a) for developing of and evaluations relo 3; or (ii) by U.S. goversonnel will sign ap	derstand that the informal also grant consent for the uestionnaire and through r similar merchandise. Idge that information suborgs may be disclosed to the maintaining the recordating to the programs, pernment employees and oppopriate nondisclosure of the propriate of the prop	conse to this question submitted is state the Commission, a hout this proceeding the contract in responsion of this or a relation personnel, and opposite the contract personnel, agreements.	subject to audit and verification by the nd its employees and contract persong in any other import-injury proceeding to this request for information and the Commission, its employees and Officient proceeding, or (b) in internal investigations of the Commission including a solely for cybersecurity purposes. I un	Com nnel, ngs c thro ces, c tigat

PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.--This proceeding was instituted in response to a petition filed on June 27, 2017, by Nan Ya Plastics Corporation, America, Livingston, New Jersey. Antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of dumping. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2017/low melt polyester staple fiber korea and taiwa n/preliminary.htm

<u>Low melt polyester staple fiber</u> covered by these investigations is synthetic staple fibers, not carded or combed, specifically bi-component polyester fibers having a polyester fiber component that melts at a lower temperature than the other polyester fiber component, used for bonding fibers together ("low melt PSF"). The scope includes bi-component polyester staple fibers of any denier or cut length. The subject merchandise may be coated, usually with a finish or dye, or not coated.

The following merchandise is excluded from the scope: (1) polyester staple fiber equal to or greater than 3.3 decitex (greater than 3 denier, inclusive) that are not bi-component fiber, currently classifiable in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States at statistical reporting numbers 5503.20.0045 and 5503.20.0065; (2) polyester staple fiber of less than 3.3 decitex (less than 3 denier) that are not bi-component fiber, currently classifiable in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States at subheadings 5503.20.0025.

Low melt polyester staple fiber is classifiable under statistical reporting number 5503.20.0015 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise under the order is dispositive.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing low melt PSF (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Reporting of information.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.-- The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages.</u>--If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Porscha Stiger (202-205-3241, <u>porscha.stiger@usitc.gov</u>).

I-1. OMB statistics.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

auxiliary facilities oper facilities.	rated in conjunction with (whether o	r not physically separate from)
Our overhim le vour fi		
	rm owned, in whole or in part, by an sList the following information	y other firm?
Firm name	Address	Extent of ownership (percent)
	portersDoes your firm have any re ged in importing low melt PSF from k aged in exporting low melt PSF from	
foreign, that are engag States or that are enga		
foreign, that are engage States or that are engage States?	sList the following information.	
foreign, that are engage States or that are engage States?		Affiliation

No Yes	sList the following infor	mation.	
Firm name	Country		Affiliation
			_
			_
	Please indicate the nature answer may be applic Takes title to the imported product(s)	ure of your firm's importinable. Consignee of the imported products(s)	Customs bro
melt PSF. More than o	ne answer may be applic Takes title to the	Consignee of the	Customs bro
melt PSF. More than o Importer of record ConsigneeIf your fire	Takes title to the imported product(s)	Consignee of the	Customs bro
melt PSF. More than o Importer of record ConsigneeIf your fire	Takes title to the imported product(s)	Consignee of the imported products(s)	Customs bring freight forward Customs bring freight forward Customs bring freight frei

I-8.	FTZ, TIB, or bonded warehousesPlease indicate whether your firm enters low melt PSF into,
	or withdraws such merchandise from, foreign trade zones or bonded warehouses. Also indicate
	whether your firm imports low melt PSF under the TIB (temporary importation under bond)
	program.

"Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise, as well as other savings. A foreign trade zone must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.

"Bonded warehouse" is a secured facility supervised by U.S. customs, where dutiable landed imports are stored pending their re-export, or release after payment of import duties, taxes, and other charges. A bonded warehouse must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in 19 U.S.C. § 1555.

"Temporary Importation under Bond ("TIB") program" is a procedure whereby imported merchandise may be entered under certain conditions for a limited time into the United States free of duty. Under the program, an importer posts a bond for twice the amount of duty, taxes, etc. that would otherwise be owed on the importation and agrees to export or destroy the merchandise within a specified time or pay liquidated damages. This program is restricted to certain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS).

	No	Yes
Foreign trade zones		
Bonded warehouses		
Temporary importation under bond		

I-9.	Other trade actions To your knowledge, have the products subject to this proceeding been the subject of any other import relief proceedings in the United States or in any other countries?			
	No	Yes-Please specify.		

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Porscha Stiger (202-205-3241, porscha.stiger@usitc.gov). Supply all data requested on a calendar-year basis.

	taff may contact that individual regard	ing the confidential information submitted
in part II.		
Name		
Title		
Email		
Telephone		
Fax		

II-2. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the importation of low melt PSF since January 1, 2014.

(check as many as appropriate)		(If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable)
	Office/warehouse openings	
	Office/warehouse closings	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Prolonged shutdowns or importation curtailments	
	Revised labor agreements	
	Other (e.g., technology)	

J.S. In	nporters' Questionnaire	– Low melt PSF			Page 8	
l-3a.	<u>Arranged imports</u> Has your firm imported or arranged for the importation of low melt PSF for delivery after March 31, 2017 ?					
	"Arranged imports" are imports for which your firm has placed an order with a foreign supplier for subject merchandise, but delivery of those imports is not scheduled to occur until after the date listed above.					
	☐ No ☐ Ye	s–Fill out the table b	pelow.			
		Qua	ntity (<i>in 1,000 poun</i>	ds)		
	Period/Source	Apr-Jun 2017	Jul-Sept 2017	Oct-Dec 2017	Jan-Mar 2018	
	Korea					
	Taiwan					
	Other sources					
	from any source between and first five months in No	n 2017 combined)	ry of such import be		1013 111 2010	
	Sc	ource	June 201	6 through May 2017	,	
	Korea					
	Taiwan					
	Other sources					
I-4.	Reasons for importing please indicate the reaplease elaborate.					

Definitions

"Imports" –Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty) or consignee (i.e., to which the merchandise was first delivered).

"Import quantities" –Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values" — Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"U.S. commercial shipments"— Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related domestic firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owns, manages, or otherwise controls.

"Export shipments"— Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5a. <u>U.S. imports from Korea</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of low melt PSF imported from Korea by your firm during the specified periods.

Korea

Qı	antity (<i>in 1,00</i>	00 pounds), valu	e (<i>in \$1,000</i>)		
		Calendar years	5	January	-March
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: ² Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: ³ Quantity (F)					
Value³ (G)					
Export shipments: ⁴ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users (quantity) (L)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² What percentage of 2016 commercion of the volume of sales the coating types ³ Sales to related firms (including interpretates a different basis for valuing these supposed value data using that basis for each of the provide value data using that basis for each department of the provide value of th	al U.S. shipment of your firm's lo rnal consumptio ales within your ach of the period	w melt PSF: n) must be valued company, please ds noted above: _	 I at fair market va specify that basis		that your firm

II-5a. <u>U.S. imports from Korea</u>.–*Continued*

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January- March		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017	
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero						
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0	

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years			January	- March
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
K + L - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-5b. <u>U.S. shipments by denier size and melt point: Korea</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Korea by denier size and melt point.

Korea

Quantity (1,000 pounds); Value (<i>in \$1,000</i>)			
	Calendar year 2016		
ltem	Melting point at 120° C or lower	Melting point between 120° C and 170° C	Melting point at 170° C or greater
U.S. shipments.— Denier size of less than 3 Quantity (M)			
Value (N)			
Denier size of 3 to 8 Quantity (O)			
Value (P)			
Denier size greater than 8 Quantity (Q)			
Value (R)			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF US SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for US shipments by denier size and melt point (i.e., lines M through R) here match the data for US shipments reported in part "a" of this question (i.e., lines D through G) in 2016. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
Quantity: $M + O + Q - D - F = zero ("0")$, if not revise	0
Value: $N + P + R - E - G = zero$ ("0"), if not revise	0

II-5c. <u>U.S. shipments by recycled PET content: Korea</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Korea by recycled PET content.

Korea

Quantity (1,000 pounds); Value (in \$1,000)		
Item	Calendar year 2016	
U.S. shipments.— 100 percent virgin Quantity (S)		
Value (T)		
With any amount of recycled PETcontent ¹² Quantity (U)		
Value (V)		
¹ On average recycled PET content of this merchandise: percent. ² Are there any end use applications in which non-virgin low melt PSF cannot with virgin low melt PSF due to chemical imperfections or other technical limitaryes, please describe		

<u>RECONCILIATION OF US SHIPMENTS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for US shipments by recycled PET content (i.e., lines S through V) here match the data for US shipments reported in part "a" of this question (i.e., lines D through G) in 2016. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
Quantity: S + U - D -F = zero ("0"), if not revise	0
Value: $T + V - E - G = zero$ ("0"), if not revise	0

II-6a. <u>U.S. imports from Taiwan</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of low melt PSF imported from Taiwan by your firm during the specified periods.

Taiwan

Quantity (<i>in 1,000 pounds</i>), value (<i>in \$1,000</i>)					
		Calendar years	;	January	-March
ltem	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: 2 Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: ³ <i>Quantity</i> (F)					
Value³ (G)					
Export shipments: ⁴ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² What percentage of 2016 commercial of the volume of sales the coating types of Sales to related firms (including interference a different basis for valuing these satisfies a different basis for valuing these satisfies a different basis for valuing these satisfies a different basis for valuing that basis for each of the latest the satisfies a difference of the satisfies and satisfies and satisfies a difference of the satisfies and satisfies and satisfies a difference of the satisfies and satisfies a	al U.S. shipments of your firm's love and consumption ales within your ach of the period	s were sold with a w melt PSF: n) must be valued company, please	 at fair market va specify that basis		that your firm

II-6a. U.S. imports from Taiwan.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			Januar	y-March
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years Ja			January	- March
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
K + L – D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-6b. <u>U.S. shipments by denier size and melt point: Taiwan</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Taiwan by denier size and melt point.

Taiwan

Quantity (1,000 pounds); Value (<i>in \$1,000</i>)			
	Calendar year 2016		
ltem	Melting point at 120° C or lower	Melting point between 120° C and 170° C	Melting point at 170° C or greater
U.S. shipments.— Denier size of less than 3 Quantity (M)			
Value (N)			
Denier size of 3 to 8 Quantity (O)			
Value (P)			
Denier size greater than 8 Quantity (Q)			
Value (R)			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF US SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for US shipments by denier size and melt point (i.e., lines M through R) here match the data for US shipments reported in part "a" of this question (i.e., lines D through G) in 2016. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
Quantity: $M + O + Q - D - F = zero$ ("0"), if not revise	0
Value: $N + P + R - E - G = zero ("0")$, if not revise	0

II-6c. <u>U.S. shipments by recycled PET content: Taiwan</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Taiwan by recycled PET content.

Taiwan

Quantity (1,000 pounds); Value (in \$1,000)		
Item	Calendar year 2016	
U.S. shipments.— 100 percent virgin Quantity (S)		
Value (T)		
With any amount of recycled PETcontent ¹² Quantity (U)		
Value (V)		
¹ On average recycled PET content of this merchandise: percent. ² Are there any end use applications in which non-virgin low melt PSF cannot with virgin low melt PSF due to chemical imperfections or other technical limita yes, please describe		

<u>RECONCILIATION OF US SHIPMENTS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for US shipments by recycled PET content (i.e., lines S through V) here match the data for US shipments reported in part "a" of this question (i.e., lines D through G) in 2016. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
Quantity: S + U - D –F = zero ("0"), if not revise	0
Value: $T + V - E - G = zero$ ("0"), if not revise	0

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U.S. Importers' Questionnaire - Low melt PSF

(list sources:

II-7a. <u>U.S. imports from all other sources</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of low melt PSF imported from all other sources combined by your firm during the specified periods.

ALL OTHER SOURCES

Qua	ntity (<i>in 1,000</i>	pounds), value	e (<i>in \$1,000</i>)			
		Calendar years		January-March		
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017	
Beginning-of-period inventories						
(quantity) (A)						
Imports: ¹						
Quantity (B)						
Value (C)						
U.S. shipments:						
Commercial shipments: 2						
Quantity (D)						
Value (E)						
Internal consumption/						
company transfers: ³						
Quantity (F)						
Value ³ (G)						
Export shipments: ⁴						
Quantity (H)						
Value (I)						
End-of-period inventories						
(quantity) (J)						
Channels of distribution:						
Commercial U.S. shipments:						
To distributors (<i>quantity</i>) (K)						
To end users (<i>quantity</i>) (L)						
¹ Please identify the foreign producers,	if known:	•	•			
² What percentage of 2016 commercial				<u>ercent</u> . Please des	cribe in ord	
of the volume of sales the coating types of						
³ Sales to related firms (including interna						
uses a different basis for valuing these sale	•		•	(e.g., cost, cost plu	ıs, etc.) and	
provide value data using that basis for eac 4 Identify your firm's principal export ma	h of the periods		•		. ,	

II-7a. <u>U.S. imports from all other sources</u>.—*Continued*

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years January-March		y-March		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years			January-March		
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017		
K + L - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0		

II-7b. <u>U.S. shipments by denier size and melt point: All other sources</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from all other sources by denier size and melt point.

All Other Sources

Quant	tity (1,000 pounds); V	alue (<i>in \$1,000</i>)	
		Calendar year 2016	
ltem	Melting point at 120° C or lower	Melting point between 120° C and 170° C	Melting point at 170° C or greater
U.S. shipments.—			
Denier size of less than 3			
Quantity (M)			
Value (N)			
Denier size of 3 to 8 Quantity (O)			
Value (P)			
Denier size greater than 8 Quantity (Q)			
Value (R)			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF US SHIPMENTS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for US shipments by denier size and melt point (i.e., lines M through R) here match the data for US shipments reported in part "a" of this question (i.e., lines D through G) in 2016. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2016
Quantity: $M + O + Q - D - F = zero$ ("0"), if not revise	0
Value: $N + P + R - E - G = zero ("0")$, if not revise	0

II-8.

the MS Word questionnaire.

II-7c. <u>U.S. shipments by recycled PET content: All other sources</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from all other sources by recycled PET content.

Quantity (1,000 pounds); Value (in S	\$1,000)
Item	Calendar year 2016
U.S. shipments.—	
100 percent virgin	
Quantity (S)	
Value (T)	
With any amount of recycled PETcontent ¹²	
Quantity (U)	
Value (V)	
¹ Are there any end use applications in which non-virgin low melt I with virgin low melt PSF due to chemical imperfections or other techniques, please describe	
with virgin low melt PSF due to chemical imperfections or other techniques, please describe .	nical limitations: No Yes. If
with virgin low melt PSF due to chemical imperfections or other techn	antities and values reported for e match the data for US
with virgin low melt PSF due to chemical imperfections or other techniques, please describe RECONCILIATION OF US SHIPMENTSPlease ensure that the quality of this question (i.e., lines S through V) here shipments reported in part "a" of this question (i.e., lines D through the perfection of the commission to the Commission.	nical limitations: No Yes. If antities and values reported for the match the data for US tigh G) in 2016. If the calculated borted must be revised prior to
with virgin low melt PSF due to chemical imperfections or other techniques, please describe RECONCILIATION OF US SHIPMENTSPlease ensure that the quality of this question (i.e., lines S through V) here shipments reported in part "a" of this question (i.e., lines D through the low return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reposition to the Commission. Reconciliation	antities and values reported for the match the data for US and ported must be revised prior to Calendar year 2016
with virgin low melt PSF due to chemical imperfections or other techniques, please describe RECONCILIATION OF US SHIPMENTSPlease ensure that the quality of this question (i.e., lines S through V) here shipments reported in part "a" of this question (i.e., lines D through the perfection of the commission to the Commission.	nical limitations: No Yes. If antities and values reported for the match the data for US tigh G) in 2016. If the calculated borted must be revised prior to

firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Nabil Abbyad (202-708-1446, nabil.abbyad@usitc.gov).

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

PRICE DATA

- III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2014 of the following products your firm imported from Korea and Taiwan:
 - <u>Product 1</u>.--Low melt polyester staple fiber, 4 denier in diameter, 37-76 mm in cut length, sheath melt point of 110°C.
 - <u>Product 2</u>.--Low melt polyester staple fiber, 4 denier in diameter, 37-76 mm in cut length, sheath melt point of 180°C.
 - <u>Product 3.--Low melt polyester staple fiber, 2 denier in diameter, 37-76 mm in cut length, melt point of 110°C.</u>

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> <u>point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

During January 2014-March 2017, did your firm import from Korea and Taiwan and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products (or any products that were competitive with these products)?

YesPlease complete the following pricing data table(s) as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2(a). <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Korea and sold by your firm.

Korea

Report data in actual pounds (not 1,000s) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(0	Quantity in pou	nds, value in dolla	irs)		
	Product 1		Product 2		Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2014:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2015:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2016:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2017:						
January-March						

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product	t,
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	

Product 1:	
Product 2:	

Product 3:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2(b). <u>Price data.</u>--Report below the quarterly price data for pricing products imported from Taiwan and sold by your firm.

Taiwan

Report data in actual pounds (not 1,000s) and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

(Quantity <i>in pounds,</i> value <i>in dollars</i>)							
	Product 1		Product 2		Product 3		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2014:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2015:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2016:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2017:							
January-March							

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product	t,
provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	

Product	1:
Product	2:

Product 3:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2 (c). <u>Price data checklist.</u>--Please check that the pricing data in question III-2(a) and III-2(b) has been correctly reported.

	s the price data reported above:	√ if Yes				
	In actual dollars (not \$1,000) and actual pounds (not 1,000s)?					
	F.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., does not include U.S. transport costs)?					
	Net of all discounts and rebates?					
	Have returns credited to the quarter in which the sale occurred?					
	Less than reported commercial shipments in question II-5 in each year?					

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

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III-3.	Price settingHow does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of low melt PSF
	(check all that apply)? If your firm issues price lists, please submit sample pages of a recent list.

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

III-4. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

III-5. Pricing terms.--

(a) What are your firm's typical sales terms for low melt PSF imported from Korea and Taiwan?

Net 30 days	Net 60 days	2/10 net 30 days	Other	Other (specify)

(b) On what basis are your firm's prices of imported low melt PSF from Korea and Taiwan usually quoted *(check one)*?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

III-6. Contract versus spot.--Approximately what share of your firm's sales of low melt PSF imported from Korea and Taiwan in 2016 was on a (1) long-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) short-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum t 100.0%	ld o
Share of 2016 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

III-7. <u>Contract provisions.</u>--Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for low melt PSF from Korea and Taiwan (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a long-term, short-term and/or annual contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
ame, or proce	Both			
Meet or release	Yes			
provision	No			
Not applicable				

III-8. <u>Lead times.</u>—What is your firm's share of sales of low melt PSF imported from Korea and Taiwan from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of low melt PSF?

Source	Share of 2016 sales	Lead time (average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

III-9.	Shipping	information	.—

(a)	What is the approximate percentage of the cost of low melt PSF imported from Korea and Taiwan that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs? percent.
(b)	Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations? Your firm Purchaser (check one)
(c)	When your firm sells low melt PSF imported from Korea and Taiwan, from where is it shipped? Point of importation Storage facility (check one)
(d)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of low melt PSF imported from Korea and Taiwan that are delivered the following distances from your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Distance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Share
Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

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III-10.	Geographical shipmentsIn which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold low melt
	PSF imported from subject countries since January 1, 2014 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	Korea	Taiwan
NortheastCT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.		
Midwest.–IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.		
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.		
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.		
Mountains.—AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.		
Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.		
Other .—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.		

III-11. <u>End uses.--</u>List the end uses of the low melt PSF that your firm imports. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by low melt PSF and other inputs?

	Share of total cost	Total	
End use product	low melt PSF	(should sum to 100.0% across)	
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

III-12. <u>Substitutes</u> Can other products be substituted for low melt PSF?						
	☐ No	YesPlease fill out t	he ta	ble.		
		End use in which this	Н		ranges in the price of this substitute cted the price for low melt PSF?	
	Substitute	substitute is used	No	Yes	Explanation	
1.						
2.						
3.						

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III-13.	Demand trends. Indicate how demand within the United States and outside of the United
	States (if known) for low melt PSF has changed since January 1, 2014. Explain any trends and
	describe the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand.

					J	
Market		Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explanation and factors
Within the United States						
Outside the Ur	nited States					
III-14. <u>Product changes</u> Have there been a marketing of low melt PSF since Janua				_	the product range, product mix or	
	No	Yes If	yes, please	describe.		
(a) Is the low melt PSF market subject conditions) and/or other conditions			-			
	Check all	that apply.		Please	describe.	
		No		Skip to	question III-16.	
		Yes-Busines seasonal bu		g.		
	l	Yes-Other d		on		
(b) If yes, have there been any change low melt PSF since January 1, 2014				e business cycles (or conditions of competition for	
	No	Yes	If yes, desc	cribe.		

U.S. Importe	rs' Question	nnaire – Lov	v melt PSI
U.S. IIIIDUITE	is Questioi	mane – LOV	v illelt P3

III-16.	Supply constraintsHas your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply low melt PSF
	since January 1, 2014 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order
	entry," declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the
	quantity promised, being unable to meet timely shipment commitments, etc.)?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-17. Raw materials.--How have low melt PSF raw material prices changed since January 1, 2014?

Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for low melt PSF.

III-18. <u>Interchangeability.--</u>Is low melt PSF produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable

F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable

S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable

N = the products are *never* interchangeable

0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Korea	Taiwan	Other countries	
United States				
Korea				
Taiwan				
For any country-pair producing low melt PSF that is <i>sometimes</i> or <i>never</i> interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude interchangeable use:				

III-19. <u>Factors other than price</u>.--Are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between low melt PSF produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Korea	Taiwan	Other countries
United States			
Korea			
Taiwan			
For any country-pair for which factors other than price always or frequently are a significant factor in			

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's sales of low melt PSF, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-20. <u>Customer identification.</u>--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for low melt PSF since January 1, 2014. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's total shipments of low melt PSF that each of these customers accounted for in 2016.

Customer's name		Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2016 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

III-21.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

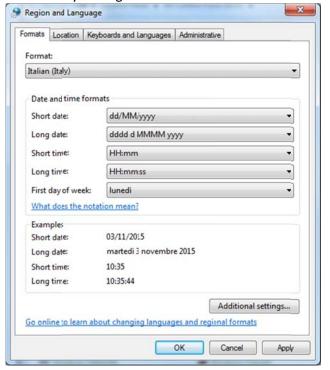
Correcting Valid number error messages. -- If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The US International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

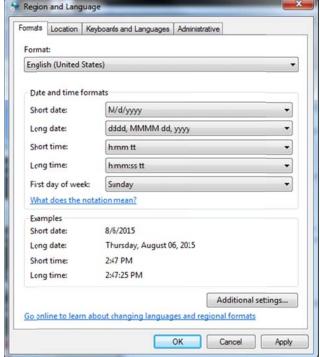
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the questionnaire. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2017/low_melt_polyester_staple_fiber_k orea and taiwan/preliminary.htm

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: LMPSF

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to porscha.stiger@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm did not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.