U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

STAINLESS STEEL FLANGES FROM CHINA AND INDIA

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by <u>August 30, 2017</u>
See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its antidumping and countervailing duty investigations concerning stainless steel (SS) flanges from China and India (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-585-586 and 731-TA-1383-1384 (Preliminary)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

A -l -l	
Address	
City	State Zip Code
Website	
Has your firm importe	d SS flanges (as defined on next page) from any country at any time since January 1, 2014?
NO (Sign th	e certification below and promptly return only this page of the questionnaire to the Commission)
YES (Compl	ete all parts of the questionnaire, and return the entire questionnaire to the Commission)
	CERTIFICATION erein supplied in response to this questionnaire is complete and correct to the best of the standard that the information submitted is subject to small and position to the Commission.
- 1000000	stand that the information submitted is subject to audit and verification by the Commission of grant consent for the Commission, and its employees and contract personnel, to us stionnaire and throughout this proceeding in any other import-injury proceedings conduct
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PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

<u>Background</u>.--This proceeding was instituted in response to a petition filed on August 16, 2017, by Core Pipe Products, Inc., Carol Stream, Illinois and Maass Flange Corporation, Houston, Texas. Antidumping and Countervailing duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of dumping and subsidization. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at http://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2017/stainless steel flanges china and india/preliminar y.htm.

SS flanges covered by this investigations are certain forged stainless steel flanges, whether unfinished, semi-finished, or finished, generally manufactured to the material specification of ASTM/ASME A/SA182, and made in alloys such as, but not limited to, 304, 304L, 316, and 316L (or combinations thereof). The scope includes six general types of flanges. They are: (1) weld neck, used in butt-weld line connection; (2) threaded, used for threaded line connections; (3) slip-on, used to slide over pipe; (4) lap joint, used with stub-ends/butt-weld line connections; (5) socket weld, used to fit pipe into a machine recession; and (6) blind, used to seal off a line. The sizes and descriptions of the flanges within the scope include all pressure classes of ASME B16.5 and range from one-half inch to twenty-four inches nominal pipe size ("NPS"). Specifically excluded from the scope of these orders are cast stainless steel flanges. Cast stainless steel flanges generally are manufactured to specification ASTM A351.

Unfinished stainless steel flanges possess the approximate shape of finished stainless steel flanges and have not yet been machined to final specification after the initial casting, forging, or like operations. These machining processes may include boring, facing, spot facing, drilling, tapering, threading, beveling, heating, or compressing.

The country of origin for certain forged stainless steel flanges, whether unfinished, semi-finished, or finished is the country where the flange was forged. Subject merchandise includes stainless steel flanges as defined above that have been further processed in a third country, including but not limited to processing such as boring, facing, spot facing, drilling, tapering, threading, beveling, heating, or compressing, or any other processing that would not otherwise remove the merchandise from the scope of the investigations if performed in the country of manufacture of the stainless steel flanges.

Merchandise subject to the investigations is typically imported under subheadings 7307.21.1000 and 7307.21.5000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS). While HTS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope is dispositive.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing SS flanges (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Reporting of information.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a

manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.-- The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

Valid number error messages.—If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Justin Enck (202-205-3363, justin.enck@usitc.gov).

I-1. <u>OMB statistics</u>.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

I-2. <u>Establishments covered</u>.--Provide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this questionnaire. If your firm is publicly traded, please specify the stock exchange and trading symbol.

OwnershipIs your firm o	owned, in whole or in part, by any	other firm?
☐ No ☐ YesL	ist the following information	, 2012, 11111
Firm name	Address	Extent of ownership (percent)

U.S. Im	porters' Questionnaire	SS flanges (Preliminary)		Page 5	
I-4.	Related importers/exportersDoes your firm have any related firms, either domestic or foreign, that are engaged in importing SS flanges from China and India into the United States or that are engaged in exporting SS flanges from China and India to the United States?				
	□ No □ Yes	List the following inforn	nation.		
	Firm name	Country		Affiliation	
I-5.	engaged in the product	•	ated firms, either domes	tic or foreign, that are	
	Firm name	Country		Affiliation	
I-6.	Importing operations -	-Please indicate the natu	re of your firm's importin	g operations on SS	
I-6.		-Please indicate the natural answer may be applicab	re of your firm's importin le.	g operations on SS	
I-6.				g operations on SS Customs broker or freight forwarder	

FTZ, TIB, or bonded warehouses.—Please indicate whether your firm enters SS flanges withdraws such merchandise from, foreign trade zones or bonded warehouses. Also in whether your firm imports SS flanges under the TIB (temporary importation under bon program. "Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize sy procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchan well as other savings. A foreign trade zone must be designed as such pursuant to the reprocedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act. "Bonded warehouse" is a secured facility supervised by U.S. customs, where dutiable is imports are stored pending their re-export, or release after payment of import duties, to other charges. A bonded warehouse must be designed as such pursuant to the rules an procedures set forth in 19 U.S.C. § 1555. "Temporary Importation under Bond ("TIB") program" is a procedure whereby import merchandise may be entered under certain conditions for a limited time into the Unite etc. that would otherwise be owed on the importation and agrees to export or destroy merchandise within a specified time or pay liquidated damages. This program is restric certain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.79 Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States(HTS).			Contact per
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etc. that would otherwise be owed on the importation and agrees to export or destroy merchandise within a specified time or pay liquidated damages. This program is restrictertain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States(HTS).	"Bonded warehouse" is a so imports are stored pending other charges. A bonded wa procedures set forth in 19 U "Temporary Importation un	ecured facility supervised by U their re-export, or release aft arehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is	er payment of import duties, ta s such pursuant to the rules and s a procedure whereby importe
merchandise within a specified time or pay liquidated damages. This program is restricted to the certain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS).	"Bonded warehouse" is a seimports are stored pending other charges. A bonded warehouse set forth in 19 L "Temporary Importation under the second seco	ecured facility supervised by Utheir re-export, or release after arehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is ed under certain conditions for the superscript of the supersc	er payment of import duties, ta s such pursuant to the rules and s a procedure whereby importer r a limited time into the United
certain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States(HTS).	"Bonded warehouse" is a se imports are stored pending other charges. A bonded wa procedures set forth in 19 U "Temporary Importation un merchandise may be entere free of duty. Under the prog	ecured facility supervised by Utheir re-export, or release after arehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is ed under certain conditions for gram, an importer posts a bor	er payment of import duties, ta s such pursuant to the rules and s a procedure whereby importer r a limited time into the United and for twice the amount of duty,
Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States(HTS). Item	"Bonded warehouse" is a seimports are stored pending other charges. A bonded warehouse procedures set forth in 19 U"Temporary Importation unmerchandise may be enterestree of duty. Under the project, that would otherwise be	ecured facility supervised by Utheir re-export, or release after arehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is ded under certain conditions for gram, an importer posts a borde owed on the importation and their posts and the importation are	er payment of import duties, ta s such pursuant to the rules and s a procedure whereby importer r a limited time into the United and for twice the amount of duty, and agrees to export or destroy the
Item No Yes	"Bonded warehouse" is a seimports are stored pending other charges. A bonded warehouse set forth in 19 L "Temporary Importation und merchandise may be entered free of duty. Under the project. that would otherwise be merchandise within a specific	ecured facility supervised by their re-export, or release afterehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is ded under certain conditions for gram, an importer posts a borse owed on the importation ar fied time or pay liquidated da	er payment of import duties, ta s such pursuant to the rules and s a procedure whereby importer r a limited time into the United and for twice the amount of duty, and agrees to export or destroy the mages. This program is restricted
	"Bonded warehouse" is a seimports are stored pending other charges. A bonded warehouse set forth in 19 U"Temporary Importation unmerchandise may be enterested free of duty. Under the project, that would otherwise be merchandise within a specificertain categories of merchandise	ecured facility supervised by Utheir re-export, or release after arehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is ed under certain conditions for gram, an importer posts a borde owed on the importation are fied time or pay liquidated day andise listed in subheadings 9	er payment of import duties, ta s such pursuant to the rules and s a procedure whereby importer r a limited time into the United and for twice the amount of duty, and agrees to export or destroy the mages. This program is restricted
Foreign trade zones	"Bonded warehouse" is a seimports are stored pending other charges. A bonded warehouse set forth in 19 U"Temporary Importation unmerchandise may be enterested free of duty. Under the project, that would otherwise be merchandise within a specificertain categories of merchandise	ecured facility supervised by Utheir re-export, or release after arehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is ed under certain conditions for gram, an importer posts a borde owed on the importation are fied time or pay liquidated day andise listed in subheadings 9	er payment of import duties, ta s such pursuant to the rules and s a procedure whereby importer r a limited time into the United and for twice the amount of duty, and agrees to export or destroy the mages. This program is restricted
	"Bonded warehouse" is a seimports are stored pending other charges. A bonded warehouse set forth in 19 L "Temporary Importation use merchandise may be entered free of duty. Under the project, that would otherwise be merchandise within a specific certain categories of merchandised Tariff Schedules.	ecured facility supervised by Utheir re-export, or release after arehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is ed under certain conditions for gram, an importer posts a borate owed on the importation are fied time or pay liquidated da andise listed in subheadings Second the United States (HTS).	er payment of import duties, ta s such pursuant to the rules and s a procedure whereby importer r a limited time into the United and for twice the amount of duty, and agrees to export or destroy the mages. This program is restricted 1813.00.05 through 9813.00.75
Bonded warehouses	"Bonded warehouse" is a seimports are stored pending other charges. A bonded warehouse set forth in 19 L "Temporary Importation us merchandise may be entered free of duty. Under the project. that would otherwise be merchandise within a specific certain categories of merchandised Tariff Schedules.	ecured facility supervised by Utheir re-export, or release after arehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is ed under certain conditions for gram, an importer posts a borate owed on the importation are fied time or pay liquidated da andise listed in subheadings Second the United States (HTS).	er payment of import duties, ta s such pursuant to the rules and s a procedure whereby importer r a limited time into the United and for twice the amount of duty, and agrees to export or destroy the mages. This program is restricted 1813.00.05 through 9813.00.75
Temporary importation under bond	"Bonded warehouse" is a seimports are stored pending other charges. A bonded warehouse set forth in 19 U"Temporary Importation us merchandise may be enterested free of duty. Under the project, that would otherwise be merchandise within a specific certain categories of merch Harmonized Tariff Schedule Item Foreign trade zones	ecured facility supervised by Utheir re-export, or release after arehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is ed under certain conditions for gram, an importer posts a borate owed on the importation are fied time or pay liquidated da andise listed in subheadings Second the United States (HTS).	er payment of import duties, ta s such pursuant to the rules and s a procedure whereby importer r a limited time into the United and for twice the amount of duty, and agrees to export or destroy the mages. This program is restricted 1813.00.05 through 9813.00.75
Foreign trade zones	"Bonded warehouse" is a seimports are stored pending other charges. A bonded warehouse set forth in 19 U"Temporary Importation unmerchandise may be enterested free of duty. Under the project, that would otherwise be merchandise within a specificertain categories of merchandise	ecured facility supervised by Utheir re-export, or release after arehouse must be designed as J.S.C. § 1555. Inder Bond ("TIB") program" is ed under certain conditions for gram, an importer posts a borde owed on the importation are fied time or pay liquidated day andise listed in subheadings 9	er payment of import duties, is such pursuant to the rules and a procedure whereby imporing a limited time into the United for twice the amount of duting agrees to export or destroymages. This program is restri

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Justin Enck (202-205-3363, justin.enck@usitc.gov). Supply all data requested on a calendar-year basis.

II-1.	<u>Contact information</u> Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which				
	Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted				
	in Part II.				

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

II-2. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the importation of SS flanges since January 1, 2014.

(ched	ck as many as appropriate)	(If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable)
	Office/warehouse openings	
	Office/warehouse closings	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Prolonged shutdowns or importation curtailments	
	Revised labor agreements	
	Other (e.g., technology)	

∐ No ☐ Ye	es–Fill out the table b			
	1	ntity (in 1,000 pound		
Period/Source	Jul-Sept 2017	Oct-Dec 2017	Jan-Mar 2018	Apr-Jun 2018
China				
India Other sources				
and mist seven month	s in 2017 combined)			ths in 2016
	es-Report the quanti	ry of such import bel	,	
	es-Report the quanti		,	
□ No □ Ye	es-Report the quanti	ry of such import bel	,	
☐ No ☐ Ye	es-Report the quantit	ry of such import bel	ds)	
□ No □ Ye	es-Report the quantit	ry of such import bel	ds)	

Definitions

"Imports" –Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty) or consignee (i.e., to which the merchandise was first delivered).

"Import quantities" –Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values" — Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"U.S. commercial shipments"— Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related domestic firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owns, manages, or otherwise controls.

"Export shipments"— Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5a. <u>U.S. imports from China</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of SS flanges imported from China by your firm during the specified periods.

China

Qu	antity (<i>in 1,000</i>	•			
		Calendar years	S	Januar	y-June
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: ² Quantity (F)					
Value ² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
To finishers/converters (quantity) (M)					
(quantity) (M) ¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Sales to related firms (including interuses a different basis for valuing these saprovide value data using that basis for each of the provider o	rnal consumptior ales within your o ach of the period	company, please s noted above:	specify that basis		

II-5a. U.S. imports from China.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years			January-June	
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
K + L + M – D = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-5b. <u>U.S. imports by type from China</u>.—Report your firm's imports of SS flanges imported from China by during the specified periods.

China

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds) and value (in \$1,000)								
		Calendar years			y-June			
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017			
U.S. imports: Finished SS flanges: Quantity (N)								
Value (O)								
Unfinished SS flanges: Quantity (P)								
Value (Q)								

<u>RECONCILIATION OF IMPORTS BY TYPE</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for U.S. imports in this question (i.e., lines N through Q) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments the previous question (i.e., lines B through C) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Quantity: $N + P - B = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0
Value: O + Q – C = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-6a. <u>U.S. imports from India</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of SS flanges imported from India by your firm during the specified periods.

India

Qu	antity (<i>in 1,000</i>	<i>pounds</i>), valu	e (<i>in \$1,000</i>)		
		Calendar years	5	Januar	y-June
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption/ company transfers: ² Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)					
Value (I)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)					
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)					
To end users (<i>quantity</i>) (L)					
To finishers/converters (quantity) (M)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Sales to related firms (including interuses a different basis for valuing these saprovide value data using that basis for each of the same same same same same same same sam	rnal consumptior ales within your o ach of the period	company, please	specify that basis		

II-6a. <u>U.S. imports from India</u>.—*Continued*

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-6b. <u>U.S. imports by type from India</u>.—Report your firm's imports of SS flanges imported from India by during the specified periods.

India

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds) and value (in \$1,000)								
		Calendar years			y-June			
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017			
U.S. imports: Finished SS flanges: Quantity (N)								
Value (O)								
Unfinished SS flanges: Quantity (P)								
Value (Q)								

<u>RECONCILIATION OF IMPORTS BY TYPE</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for U.S. imports in this question (i.e., lines N through Q) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments the previous question (i.e., lines B through C) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Quantity: $N + P - B = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0
Value: O + Q – C = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-7a. <u>U.S. imports from all other sources</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of SS flanges imported from all other sources by your firm during the specified periods.

All other sources

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds), value (in \$1,000)							
		Calendar years	5	Januar	y-June		
ltem	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017		
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)							
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)							
Value (C)							
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)							
Value (E)							
Internal consumption/ company transfers: Quantity (F)							
Value² (G)							
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (H)							
Value (I)							
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (J)							
Channels of distribution: Commercial U.S. shipments: To distributors (quantity) (K)							
To end users (<i>quantity</i>) (L)							
To finishers/converters (quantity) (M)							
¹ Please identify the foreign producer. ² Sales to related firms (including inte uses a different basis for valuing these sprovide value data using that basis for each lidentify your firm's principal export	rnal consumptio ales within your ach of the period	n) must be valued company, please ds noted above: _	specify that basis				

II-7a. U.S. imports from all other sources.—Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.</u>--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line J) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
A + B - D - F - H - J = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines K and L) in each time period equal the quantity reported for commercial U.S. shipments (i.e., line D) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-June		
Reconciliation item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
K + L + M - D = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-7b. <u>U.S. imports by type from all other sources</u>.—Report your firm's imports of SS flanges imported from all other sources by during the specified periods.

All other sources

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds) and value (in \$1,000)								
		Calendar years		Januar	y-June			
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017			
U.S. imports: Finished SS flanges: Quantity (N)								
Value (O)								
Unfinished SS flanges: Quantity (P)								
Value (Q)								

<u>RECONCILIATION OF IMPORTS BY TYPE</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for U.S. imports in this question (i.e., lines N through Q) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments the previous question (i.e., lines B through C) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years		January-June		
Reconciliation	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017
Quantity: $N + P - B = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0
Value: O + Q – C = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-8 <u>U.S. imports of flanges excluded from the investigations</u>.—Report your firm's imports of SS flanges that are less than one-half inch or greater than 24 inches nominal pipe size inches (as these are excluded from the definition of covered SS flanges on page 2) during the specified periods.

Note.—These products are not covered by the petition and should not be included with any other data requested in this questionnaire.

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds) and value (in \$1,000)						
		Calendar years	3	January-June		
Item	2014	2015	2016	2016	2017	
U.S. imports of SS flanges less than 0.5" or greater than 24" NPS:						
China: Quantity						
Value						
India: Quantity						
Value						
All other sources: Quantity						
Value						

II-9.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part II that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Tana von Kessler (202-205-2389, tana.vonkessler@usitc.gov).

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in Part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	
Fax	

PRICE DATA

III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2014 of the following products your firm imported from China and India:

<u>Product 1</u>.—Weld-Neck stainless steel flanges, finished, 2-inch nominal pipe size, class 150, of 316/316L alloy steel meeting ASME/ANSI B16.5 specifications.

<u>Product 2</u>.—Slip-On stainless steel flanges, finished, 4-inch nominal pipe size, class 150, of 304/304L alloy steel meeting ASME/ANSI B16.5 specifications.

<u>Product 3</u>.—Slip-On stainless steel flanges, finished, 6-inch nominal pipe size, class 150, of 304/304L alloy steel meeting ASME/ANSI B16.5 specifications.

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> <u>point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

During January 2014-June 2017, did your firm import from China and India and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products (or any products that were competitive with these products)?

YesPlease complete the following pricing data table(s) as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2(a). <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China and sold by your firm.

China

Report data in *actual pieces* (not 1,000 pounds) and *actual dollars* (not 1,000s).

Produ Quantity	value	Produ Quantity	value	Produ Quantity	
Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
					Value
			freight, and the v	alue of returned goo	ds), f.o.b. yo
	re provided on	re provided on the first page of F	re provided on the first page of Part III. not exactly meet the product specifications but is con	re provided on the first page of Part III.	alues less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goo re provided on the first page of Part III. not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, p

Product 1:

Product 2:

Product 3:

Product 2: Product 3:

III-2(b). <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China and sold by your firm.

India

Report data in *actual pieces* (not 1,000 pounds) and *actual dollars* (not 1,000s).

2014: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2015: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), ffirm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.			(Quantity in p	ieces, value in doll	ars)		
2014: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2015: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.		Product 1		Product 2		Product 3	
January-March April-June July-September October-December 2015: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provided description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
April-June July-September October-December 2015: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June	2014:						
July-September October-December 2015: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June	January-March						
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2015: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), ffirm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provided description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	July-September						
January-March April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), ffirm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, providedescription of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	October-December						
April-June July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	2015:						
July-September October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), ffirm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	January-March						
October-December 2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), ffirm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	April-June						
2016: January-March April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), firm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provided description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	July-September						
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April-June July-September October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), ffirm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	2016:						
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October-December 2017: January-March April-June 1 Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), ffirm's U.S. point of shipment. 2 Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	April-June						
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January-March April-June ¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), ffirm's U.S. point of shipment. ² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	October-December						
April-June ¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f firm's U.S. point of shipment. ² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	2017:						
Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f firm's U.S. point of shipment. Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	January-March						
firm's U.S. point of shipment. ² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III. Note -If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provid description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	April-June						
description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.	firm's U.S. point of shipment.				freight, and the v	value of returned goo	ds), f.o.b. yo
Draduct 1.							rovide a
Product 1:	Product 1:						

III-2(d).

III-2 (c). <u>Price data checklist.</u>--Please check that the pricing data in question III-2(a) has been correctly reported.

the price data reported above:	√ if Yes
In actual dollars (not \$1,000)?	
In pieces (not 1,000 pounds)?	
F.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., does not include U.S. transport costs)?	
Net of all discounts and rebates?	
Have returns credited to the quarter in which the sale occurred?	
Less than reported commercial shipments in Part II in each year by source?	

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

115	Importers'	Ouestionn:	22cir	flanges	(Preliminar	١,
U.S.	importers	Questionna	aire55	nanges	tereiiminar	v

III-3.	Price settingHow does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of SS flanges
	(check all that apply)? If your firm issues price lists, please submit sample pages of a recent list.

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

III-4. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

III-5. Pricing terms.--

(a) What are your firm's typical sales terms for SS flanges imported from China and India?

Net 30 days	Net 60 days	2/10 net 30 days	Other	Other (specify)

(b) On what basis are your firm's prices of imported SS flanges from China and India usually quoted (check one)?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

III-6. <u>Contract versus spot</u>.--Approximately what share of your firm's sales of SS flanges imported from China and India in 2016 was on a (1) long-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) short-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

		Туре о	of sale			
	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum to 100.0%	d o
Share of 2016 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

III-7. <u>Contract provisions.</u>—Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for SS flanges from China and India (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a long-term, short-term and/or annual contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
ana, or price	Both			
Meet or release	Yes			
provision	No			
Not applicable				

III-8. <u>Lead times.</u>—What is your firm's share of sales of SS flanges imported from China and India from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of SS flanges?

Source	Share of 2016 sales	Lead time (Average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

III-9.	Shipping	information
--------	----------	-------------

(a)	What is the approximate percentage of the cost of SS flanges imported from China and India that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs? percent.
(b)	Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations? Your firm Purchaser (check one)
(c)	When your firm sells SS flanges imported from China and India, from where is it shipped? Point of importation Storage facility (check one)
(d)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of SS flanges imported from China and India that are delivered the following distances from your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Distance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Share
Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

III-10. <u>Geographical shipments.</u>—In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold SS flanges imported from subject countries since January 1, 2014 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	China	India
NortheastCT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.		
Midwest.–IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.		
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.		
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.		
Mountains.—AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.		
Pacific Coast.—CA, OR, and WA.		
Other .—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.		

III-11. **End uses.--**List the end uses of the SS flanges that your firm imports. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by SS flanges and other inputs?

		t of end-use product ted for by	Total	
			(should sum to	
End use product	SS flanges	Other inputs	100.0% across)	
	%	%	0.0 %	
	%	%	0.0 %	
	%	%	0.0 %	

	N	0	YesP	lease fill ou	t the ta	bie.		
		F	nd use in v	which this	Н		anges in the price for ected the price for t	e of this substitute or SS flanges?
Substitute			substitute is used			Yes	Explanation	
1.								
2.								
3.								
III-1	States (if kno	wn) for SS 1	flanges ha	s changed b	y secto	r since	•	Explain any trend
III-1	States (if kno	wn) for SS 1	flanges ha	s changed b	y secto	r since these		Explain any trend
	States (if kno and describe	wn) for SS t the princip Overall	flanges had al factors	s changed b that have a Overall	y secto ffected Fluct with	r since these uate no	January 1, 2014. changes in demar	Explain any trend nd.
r	States (if kno and describe	wn) for SS t the princip	flanges ha	s changed b that have a	y secto ffected Fluct	r since these uate no	January 1, 2014. changes in demar	Explain any trend
l I and	States (if kno and describe Market Gas Sector:	wn) for SS t the princip Overall	flanges had al factors	s changed b that have a Overall	y secto ffected Fluct with	r since these uate no	January 1, 2014. changes in demar	Explain any trend nd.
l I and	States (if kno and describe	wn) for SS t the princip Overall	flanges had al factors	s changed b that have a Overall	y secto ffected Fluct with	r since these uate no	January 1, 2014. changes in demar	Explain any trend nd.
I I and hin th	States (if kno and describe Market Gas Sector:	wn) for SS t the princip Overall	flanges had al factors	s changed b that have a Overall	y secto ffected Fluct with	r since these uate no	January 1, 2014. changes in demar	Explain any trend nd.
I and hin the	States (if kno and describe Market Gas Sector: The United States	wn) for SS t the princip Overall	flanges had al factors	s changed b that have a Overall	y secto ffected Fluct with	r since these uate no	January 1, 2014. changes in demar	Explain any trend nd.
I and hin the side the	States (if kno and describe Market Gas Sector: The United States The United States	wn) for SS t the princip Overall	flanges had al factors	s changed b that have a Overall	y secto ffected Fluct with	r since these uate no	January 1, 2014. changes in demar	Explain any trend nd.

III-14.			lave there been ar	ny significant changes in the product range, product mix or 1, 2014?				
	No	Yes	If yes, please des	cribe.				
III-15.	Conditions of competition.—							
	(a) Is the SS flanges market subject to business cycles (other than general economy-wide conditions) and/or other conditions of competition distinctive to SS flanges?							
	Check all	that apply	y .	Please describe.				
	☐ No			Skip to question III-16.				
			ness cycles (e.g. business)					
			r distinctive as of competition					
	-		e been any change January 1, 2014?	es in the business cycles or conditions of competition for				
	No	Yes	If yes, describe	e.				
III-16.	Supply constraintsHas your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply SS flanges since January 1, 2014 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order entry," declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the quantity promised, being unable to meet timely shipment commitments, etc.)?							
	No	Yes	If yes, please des	cribe.				

III-17. Raw materials.--How have SS flanges raw material prices changed since January 1, 2014?

Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for SS flanges.

III-18. <u>Interchangeability.--</u>Is SS flanges produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable

F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable

S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable

N = the products are *never* interchangeable

0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	China	India	Other countries	
United States				
China				
India				
For any country-pair producing SS flanges that is <i>sometimes</i> or <i>never</i> interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude interchangeable use:				

III-19. <u>Factors other than price</u>.--Are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between SS flanges produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	China	India	Other countries		
United States					
China					
India					

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's sales of SS flanges, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-20. Approved manufacturers' lists.—

(a)	Please estimate the share of your firm's commercial U.S. shipments of flanges that were to
	customers that required the listing of the producer on an approved manufacturers' list (whether
	published or proprietary).

	Share of 2016 sales
Estimated share of your firm's commercial U.S. shipments of	
imported flanges subject to an approved manufacturers' listing	%

(b) With what frequency are flanges produced by firms listed on approved manufacturers' lists and flanges produced by firms not on approved manufacturers' lists interchangeable?

Always	Usually	Sometimes	Never	
Please explain your an	swer:			

III-21. <u>Customer identification.</u>--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for SS flanges since January 1, 2014. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's total shipments of SS flanges that each of these customers accounted for in 2016.

	Customer's name	Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2016 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

III-22.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III that did not provide a narrative response box, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

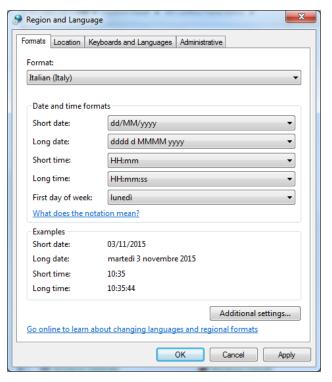
Correcting Valid number error messages.—If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The US International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

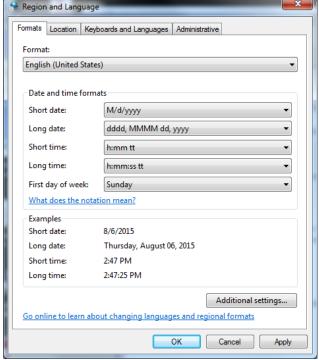
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the questionnaire. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

http://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2017/stainless_steel_flanges_china_and_india/prel_iminary.htm.

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: SSF

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to Justin.enck@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm did not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.