U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

ACETONE FROM BELGIUM, KOREA, SAUDI ARABIA, SINGAPORE, SOUTH AFRICA, AND SPAIN

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by March 6, 2019

See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its antidumping investigations concerning acetone from Belgium, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, and Spain (Inv. Nos. 731-TA-1435-1440 (Preliminary)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

Name of firm

City	State	Zip Code	
Website			
Has your firm imported	acetone (as defined on next page) from a	ny country at any time since January 1, 2	2016?
NO (Sign the	certification below and promptly return only t	his page of the questionnaire to the Commis	ssion)
YES (Complet	te all parts of the questionnaire, and return the	e entire questionnaire to the Commission)	
e and belief and unders this certification I also	CERTIFICATION erein supplied in response to this ques tand that the information submitted is s o grant consent for the Commission, a	ubject to audit and verification by the nd its employees and contract person	Comm nnel, t
e and belief and unders this certification I also on provided in this ques ission on the same or si lersigned, acknowledge g or other proceedings (a) for developing or n and evaluations relatin 3; or (ii) by U.S. govern	erein supplied in response to this ques tand that the information submitted is s o grant consent for the Commission, a tionnaire and throughout this proceedin	subject to audit and verification by the and its employees and contract person g in any other import-injury proceeding to this request for information and a Commission, its employees and Officed proceeding, or (b) in internal investerations of the Commission including	Comm nnel, to gs con through es, and tigation
e and belief and unders this certification I also on provided in this ques ission on the same or si lersigned, acknowledge g or other proceedings (a) for developing or n and evaluations relatin 3; or (ii) by U.S. govern	erein supplied in response to this questand that the information submitted is so grant consent for the Commission, and tionnaire and throughout this proceeding milar merchandise. that information submitted in response may be disclosed to and used: (i) by the naintaining the records of this or a relating to the programs, personnel, and open ment employees and contract personnel,	subject to audit and verification by the and its employees and contract person g in any other import-injury proceeding to this request for information and a Commission, its employees and Officed proceeding, or (b) in internal investerations of the Commission including	Comm nnel, to gs con throug es, and tigation

PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.--This proceeding was instituted in response to a petition filed on February 19, 2019, by AdvanSix Inc., Parsippany, New Jersey, Altivia Petrochemicals, LLC, Haverhill, Ohio, and Olin Corporation, Clayton, Missouri. Antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of dumping. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2019/acetone belgium korea saudi arabia singapore south/preliminary.htm

<u>Acetone</u> covered by these investigations is acetone of all grades of liquid or aqueous acetone. Acetone is also known under the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry ("IUPAC") name propan-2-one. In addition to the IUPAC name, acetone is also referred to as ß-ketopropane (or "beta-ketopropane"), ketone propane, methyl ketone, dimethyl ketone, DMK, dimethyl carbonyl, propanone, 2-propanone, dimethyl formaldehyde, pyroacetic acid, pyroacetic ether, and pyroactic spirit. Acetone is an isomer of the chemical formula C3H6O, with a specific molecular formula of CH3COCH3 or (CH3)2CO.

The scope includes acetone that is combined or mixed with other products, including, but not limited to, benzene, diethyl ether, methanol, chloroform, and ethanol. For such combined products, only the acetone component is covered by the scope of these investigations. Acetone that has been combined with other products is included within the scope, regardless of whether the combining occurs in third countries.

Acetone that is otherwise subject to these investigations is not excluded when commingled with acetone from sources not subject to these investigations. Only the subject merchandise component of such commingled products is covered by the scope of these investigations. The Chemical Abstracts Service ("CAS") registry number for acetone is 67-64-1.

The merchandise covered by these investigations is currently classifiable under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS") subheadings 2914.11.1000 and 2914.11.5000. Although these HTSUS subheadings and CAS registry number are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of these investigations is dispositive.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing acetone (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Reporting of information.—If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages.</u>—If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Abu B. Kanu (202-205-2597, abu.kanu@usitc.gov).

<u>D-GRIDS tool.</u>--The Commission has a tool that firms can use to move data from their own MS Excel compilation files into self-contained data tables within this MS Word questionnaire, thereby reducing the amount of cell-by-cell data entry that would be required to complete this form. This tool is a macroenabled MS Excel file available for download from the Commission's generic questionnaires webpage (https://www.usitc.gov/trade_remedy/question.htm) called the "D-GRIDs tool." Use of this tool to help your firm complete this questionnaire is *optional*. Firms opting to use the D-GRIDs tool to populate their data into this questionnaire will need the D-GRIDs specification sheet PDF file specific to this proceeding (available on the case page which is linked under the "Background" above) which includes the necessary references relating to this questionnaire, as well as the macro-enable MS Excel D-GRIDs tool itself from the generic questionnaires page. More detailed instructions on how to use the D-GRIDs tool are available within the D-GRIDs tool itself.

I-1.	OMB statisticsPlease report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to you
	firm of completing this questionnaire.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

I-2.	Establishments covered Provide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this
	questionnaire. If your firm is publicly traded, please specify the stock exchange and trading
	symbol.

"<u>Establishment</u>"--Each facility of a firm involved in the <u>importation</u> of acetone, including auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such

facilities.			

U.S. I	mporters' Questionnaire -	Acetone (Preliminary)	Page !		
I-3.	OwnershipIs your firm owned, in whole or in part, by any other firm?				
	☐ No ☐ Yes	List the following information			
	Firm name	Address	Extent of ownership (percent)		
I-4.	foreign, that are engag South Africa, and Spain Belgium, Korea, Saudi	ortersDoes your firm have any related in importing acetone from Belgium into the United States or that are engarabia, Singapore, South Africa, and Spre-List the following information.	n, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, gaged in exporting acetone from		
	Firm name	Country	Affiliation		

nporters' Questionnaire -	Acetone	(Preliminary)		Page	
-	roducersDoes your firm have any related firms, either domestic or foreign, that are not the production of acetone?				
☐ No ☐ Yes	List the	following inforn	nation.		
Firm name		Country		Affiliation	
acetone. More than on	e answer	may be applica	,	ig operations on	
Importer of record		s title to the ed product(s)	Consignee of the imported products(s)	Customs broker or freight forwarder	
			of acetone but is not the phone number, and indivi		
Firm name		Address		Contact person and phone number	
THE TOTAL		FRANCOS		Tidinoci .	

I-8.	FTZ, TIB, or bonded warehousesPlease indicate whether your firm enters acetone into, or
	withdraws such merchandise from, foreign trade zones or bonded warehouses. Also indicate
	whether your firm imports acetone under the TIB (temporary importation under bond) program

"Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise, as well as other savings. A foreign trade zone must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.

"Bonded warehouse" is a secured facility supervised by U.S. customs, where dutiable landed imports are stored pending their re-export, or release after payment of import duties, taxes, and other charges. A bonded warehouse must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in 19 U.S.C. § 1555.

"Temporary Importation under Bond ("TIB") program" is a procedure whereby imported merchandise may be entered under certain conditions for a limited time into the United States free of duty. Under the program, an importer posts a bond for twice the amount of duty, taxes, etc. that would otherwise be owed on the importation and agrees to export or destroy the merchandise within a specified time or pay liquidated damages. This program is restricted to certain categories of merchandise listed in subheadings 9813.00.05 through 9813.00.75 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS).

Item	No	Yes
Foreign trade zones		
Bonded warehouses		
Temporary importation under bond		

I-9. Other trade actions.--To your knowledge, have the products subject to this proceeding been the subject of any other import relief proceedings in the United States or in any other countries?

No	Yes	If yes, Yes-Please specify.	

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Abu B. Kanu (202-205-2597, abu.kanu@usitc.gov). **Supply all data requested on a** <u>calendar-year</u> **basis**.

II-1.			le individual and the manner by which ding the confidential information submitted
	Name		
	Title		
	Email		
	Telephone		

II-2. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the importation of acetone since January 1, 2016.

(che	ck as many as appropriate)	(If checked, please describe; leave blank if not applicable)
	Office/warehouse openings	
	Office/warehouse closings	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Prolonged shutdowns or importation curtailments	
	Revised labor agreements	
	Other (e.g., technology)	

U.S. Importers'	Questionnaire - Acetone	(Preliminary)
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II-3a.	Arranged importsHas your firm imported or arranged for the importation of acetone for
	delivery after December 31. 2018?

"Arranged imports" are imports for which your firm has placed an order with a foreign supplier for subject merchandise, but delivery of those imports is not scheduled to occur until after the date listed above.

No	Yes	
		If yes, fill out the table below.

	Period			
Source	Jan-Mar 2019	Apr-Jun 2019	Jul-Sept 2019	Oct-Dec 2019
		Quantity (in	short tons)	
Belgium				
Korea				
Saudi Arabia				
Singapore				
South Africa				
Spain				
All other sources				

II-3b. <u>Imports in the 12 month period preceding the petition</u>.--Has your firm imported acetone from any source between February 2018 through January 2019? (i.e., the last eleven months in 2018 and first month in 2019 combined)

No	Yes	
		If yes, report the quantity of such import below by source.

Quantity (in short tons)			
Source	February 2018 through January 2019		
Belgium			
Korea			
Saudi Arabia			
Singapore			
South Africa			
Spain			
All other sources			

II-4.	Commingling. Do you import acetone mixed any other chemicals such as benzene, diethyl ether
	methanol, chloroform, ethanol, and other?

No	Yes	
		If yes, report the quantity of such import below by shares.

	Pure Acetone	Blends
Period	Share	Share
2016		
2017		
2018		

II-5.	<u>Reasons for importing if producer</u> If your firm also produces acetone in the United States, please indicate the reasons for importing this product. If your firm's reasons differ by source, please elaborate.

Definitions

"Imports" –Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty) or consignee (i.e., to which the merchandise was first delivered).

"Import quantities" –Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values"—Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"U.S. commercial shipments"— Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related domestic firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owns, manages, or otherwise controls.

"Export shipments"— Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5a. <u>U.S. imports from Belgium</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of acetone imported from Belgium by your firm during the specified periods.

Belgium

Qua	antity (<i>in short tons</i>)	, value (<i>in \$1,000</i>)		
	Calendar years			
Item	2016	2017	2018	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)				
Imports: ¹				
Quantity (B)				
Value (C)				
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)				
Value (E)				
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)				
Value² (G)				
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)				
Value² (I)				
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)				
Value (K)				
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)				
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Internal consumption and transfers to r basis for valuing these transactions in your the data provided above in this table should ³ Identify your firm's principal export man	elated firms must be versions, please specify be based on fair mar	that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus,		

II-5a. U.S. imports from Belgium.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal			
zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless			

Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

II-5b. <u>Channels of distribution: Belgium</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Belgium by channel of distribution.

Belgium

	Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018
	Quantity (in short tons)		
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments:			
To distributors (M)			
To end users (N)			

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation item	2016	2017	2018
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not			
revise.	0	0	0

II-5c. <u>US shipments by grade: Belgium</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Belgium by grade.

Belgium

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)			
	Calendar years		
ltem	2016	2017	2018
U.S. shipments: Standard / technical grade: Quantity (O)			
Value (P)			
Specialty grades (e.g., low water, NF grade): Quantity (Q)			
Value (R)			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantity and value reported for US shipments by grade (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
Quantity: $O + Q - D - F - H = zero$			
("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0
Value: $P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if$			
not revise.	0	0	0

II-6a. <u>U.S. imports from Korea</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of acetone imported from Belgium by your firm during the specified periods.

Korea

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)				
	Calendar years			
Item	2016	2017	2018	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)				
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)				
Value (C)				
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)				
Value (E)				
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)				
Value² (G)				
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)				
Value² (I)				
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)				
Value (K)				
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)				
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, i ² Internal consumption and transfers to basis for valuing these transactions in your the data provided above in this table shoul ³ Identify your firm's principal export ma	related firms must be val records, please specify t d be based on fair marke	hat basis (e.g., cost, cost plus		

II-6a. U.S. imports from Korea.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal			
zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless			

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

II-6b. <u>Channels of distribution: Korea</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Korea by channel of distribution.

Korea

	Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018
	Quantity (in short tons)		
Channels of distribution:			
U.S. shipments:			
To distributors (M)			
To end users (N)			

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation item	2016	2017	2018
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not			
revise.	0	0	0

II-6c. <u>US shipments by grade: Korea</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Korea by grade.

Korea

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)			
	Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018
U.S. shipments: Standard / technical grade: Quantity (O)			
Value (P)			
Specialty grades (e.g., low water, NF grade): Quantity (Q)			
Value (R)			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantity and value reported for US shipments by grade (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
Quantity: $O + Q - D - F - H = zero$			
("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0
Value: $P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if$			
not revise.	0	0	0

II-7a. <u>U.S. imports from Saudi Arabia</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of acetone imported from Belgium by your firm during the specified periods.

Saudi Arabia

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)			
	Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)			
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)			
Value (C)			
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)			
Value² (G)			
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)			
Value ² (I)			
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)			
Value (K)			
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)			
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, i ² Internal consumption and transfers to basis for valuing these transactions in your the data provided above in this table shoul	related firms must be records, please specif ld be based on fair ma	y that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus	

II-7a. U.S. imports from Saudi Arabia.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2015	2016	2017
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless			

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

II-7b. <u>Channels of distribution: Saudi Arabia</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Saudi Arabia by channel of distribution.

Saudi Arabia

	Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018
	Quantity (in short tons)		
Channels of distribution:			
U.S. shipments:			
To distributors (M)			
To end users (N)			

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation item	2016	2017	2018
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not			
revise.	0	0	0

II-7c. <u>US shipments by grade: Saudi Arabia</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Saudi Arabia by grade.

Saudi Arabia

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)			
	Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018
U.S. shipments: Standard / technical grade: Quantity (O)			
Value (P)			
Specialty grades (e.g., low water, NF grade): Quantity (Q)			
Value (R)			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantity and value reported for US shipments by grade (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
Quantity: $O + Q - D - F - H = zero$			
("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0
Value: $P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if$			
not revise.	0	0	0

II-8a. <u>U.S. imports from Singapore</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of acetone imported from Belgium by your firm during the specified periods.

Singapore

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)			
		Calendar years	
Item	2016	2017	2018
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)			
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)			
Value (C)			
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)			
Value² (G)			
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)			
Value² (I)			
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)			
Value (K)			
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)			
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, ² Internal consumption and transfers to basis for valuing these transactions in you the data provided above in this table shou	related firms must be va r records, please specify ld be based on fair mark	that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus,	

II-8a. <u>U.S. imports from Singapore</u>.—*Continued*

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal			
zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless			

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: ______.

II-8b. <u>Channels of distribution: Singapore</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Singapore by channel of distribution.

Singapore

	Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018
		Quantity (in short tons)	
Channels of distribution:			
U.S. shipments:			
To distributors (M)			
To end users (N)			

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation item	2016	2017	2018
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not			
revise.	0	0	0

II-8c. <u>US shipments by grade: Singapore</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Singapore by grade.

Singapore

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)			
	Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018
U.S. shipments:			
Standard / technical grade:			
Quantity (O)			
Value (P)			
Specialty grades (e.g., low water,			
NF grade):			
Quantity (Q)			
Value (R)			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantity and value reported for US shipments by grade (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
Quantity: $O + Q - D - F - H = zero$			
("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0
Value: $P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if$			
not revise.	0	0	0

II-9a. <u>U.S. imports from South Africa</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of acetone imported from Belgium by your firm during the specified periods.

South Africa

Qu	antity (in short tons),	value (<i>in \$1,000</i>)	
	Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)			
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)			
Value (C)			
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)			
Value² (G)			
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)			
Value² (I)			
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)			
Value (K)			
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)			
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, i ² Internal consumption and transfers to basis for valuing these transactions in your the data provided above in this table shoul ³ Identify your firm's principal export ma	related firms must be va records, please specify d be based on fair mark	that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus,	

II-9a. U.S. imports from South Africa.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal			
zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless			

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

II-9b. <u>Channels of distribution: South Africa</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from South Africa by channel of distribution.

South Africa

Item		Calendar years		
	2016	2017	2018	
		Quantity (in short tons)		
Channels of distribution:				
U.S. shipments:				
To distributors (M)				
To end users (N)				

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation item	2016	2017	2018
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not			
revise.	0	0	0

II-9c. <u>US shipments by grade: South Africa</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from South Africa by grade.

South Africa

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)			
	Calendar years		
ltem	2016	2017	2018
U.S. shipments: Standard / technical grade: Quantity (O)			
Value (P)			
Specialty grades (e.g., low water, NF grade): Quantity (Q)			
Value (R)			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantity and value reported for US shipments by grade (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
Quantity: $O + Q - D - F - H = zero$			
("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0
Value: $P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if$			
not revise.	0	0	0

II-10a. <u>U.S. imports from Spain</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of acetone imported from Belgium by your firm during the specified periods.

Spain

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)				
		Calendar years		
Item	2016 2017		2018	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)				
Imports:¹ Quantity (B)				
Value (C)				
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)				
Value (E)				
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)				
Value² (G)				
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)				
Value² (I)				
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)				
Value (K)				
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)				
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if ² Internal consumption and transfers to r basis for valuing these transactions in your the data provided above in this table should ³ Identify your firm's principal export man	elated firms must be records, please specifd be based on fair man	y that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus		

II-10a. U.S. imports from Spain.—Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		Calendar years	
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal			
zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields at	ove are returning values	s other than zero (i.e., "0	") but are nonetheless
accurate:			

II-10b. <u>Channels of distribution: Spain</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Spain by channel of distribution.

Spain

		Calendar years	
Item	2016 2017 2018		2018
		Quantity (in short tons)	
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments: To distributors (M)			
To end users (N)			

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation item	2016	2017	2018
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not			
revise.	0	0	0

II-10c. <u>US shipments by grade: Spain</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Spain by grade.

Spain

Qua	ntity (in short tons) and	value (in \$1,000)		
		Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018	
U.S. shipments: Standard / technical grade: Quantity (O)				
Value (P)				
Specialty grades (e.g., low water, NF grade): Quantity (Q)				
Value (R)				

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantity and value reported for US shipments by grade (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar years		
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018
Quantity: $O + Q - D - F - H = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0
Value: $P + R - E - G - I = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

II-11a. Imports from all other sources.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of acetone imported from all other sources by your firm during the specified periods. .

All other sources

(list sources:	
•	

		Calendar years		
Item	2016	2017	2018	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)				
Imports: ¹ Quantity (B)				
Value (C)				
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)				
Value (E)				
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)				
Value² (G)				
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)				
Value² (I)				
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)				
Value (K)				
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)				

³ Identify your firm's principal export markets: ___

II-6a. Imports from all other sources.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., line B), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar years					
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018			
A + B - D - F - H - J - L = should equal						
zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0			
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields ab	nove are returning values	other than zero (i.e. "O	") but are nonetheless			

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:

II-11b. <u>Channels of distribution: All other sources</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from all other sources by channel of distribution.

All other sources

	Calendar years				
Item	2016	2017	2018		
		Quantity (in short tons)			
Channels of distribution:					
U.S. shipments:					
To distributors (M)					
To end users (N)					

		Calendar years					
Reconciliation item	2016	2017	2018				
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not							
revise.	0	0	0				

II-11c. <u>US shipments by grade: All other sources</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (*i.e.*, commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from all other sources by grade.

All other sources

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)							
	Calendar years						
ltem	2016	2017	2018				
U.S. shipments: Standard / technical grade: Quantity (O)							
Value (P)							
Specialty grades (e.g., low water, NF grade): Quantity (Q)							
Value (R)							

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS.</u>--Please ensure that the quantity and value reported for US shipments by grade (i.e., lines O through R) in each time period equal the quantity and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years						
Reconciliation	2016	2017	2018					
Quantity: $O + Q - D - F - H = zero$								
("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0					
Value: $P + R - E - G - I = zero ("0"), if$								
not revise.	0	0	0					

I-8. Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a restor which a narrative response box was not provided, please note to explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limit the MS Word questionnaire.	f the relationship between bsidiary) and whether the
the was word questionnane.	ne question number and the to highlight any issues your

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Cindy Cohen (202-205-3230, cindy.cohen@usitc.gov).

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

PRICE DATA

III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2016 of the following products your firm imported from Belgium, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, and/or Spain:

Product 1.--Standard grade acetone, sold in bulk to distributors, spot/short-term contract sales.

<u>Product 2.--</u>Standard grade acetone, sold in bulk to distributors, annual/long-term contract sales.

<u>Product 3.--</u>Standard grade acetone, sold in bulk to end users, spot/short-term contract sales.

Product 4.--Standard grade acetone, sold in bulk to end users, annual/long-term contract sales.

For purposes of these pricing products, "bulk" shipments are full-barge, railcar, or tanker truck containers. "Short-term contracts" are less than 12 months in duration, and "annual/long-term" contracts are for 12 months or longer.

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> <u>point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

During January 2016-December 2018, did your firm import from Belgium, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, and/or Spain and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products (or any products that were competitive with these products)?

YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2a. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Belgium and sold by your firm.

Belgium

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

		(Qua	ntity in short to	ns, value in o	dollars)				
	Produ	Product 1		Product 2		Product 3		Product 4	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2016:									
January-March									
April-June									
July-September									
October-December									
2017:									
January-March									
April-June									
July-September									
October-December									
2018:									
January-March									
April-June									
July-September									
October-December									
 Net values (i.e., gross firm's U.S. point of shipmer Pricing product defin NoteIf your firm's product description of your firm's product 	nt. litions are provi ct does not exac	ded on the fir	st page of Part I	II.	competitive wit	h the specifie		·	
Product 1:	1000cc. 71130, p	icase explain	arry unionnances in	ii your iiiiii s	reported priem	5 data.			
Product 2:									
Product 3:									
Product 4:									

III-2b. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Korea and sold by your firm.

Korea

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

		(Qua	ntity in short to	ns, value in d	dollars)			
	Product 1		Product 2		Product 3		Product 4	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2016:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2017:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2018:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
 Net values (i.e., gross firm's U.S. point of shipmer Pricing product defin NoteIf your firm's product description of your firm's product 	nt. nitions are provi ct does not exac	ded on the fir	st page of Part I	II.	competitive wit	h the specifie		·
Product 1:								
Product 2:								
Product 3:								
Product 4:								

III-2c. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Saudi Arabia and sold by your firm.

Saudi Arabia

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

		(Qua	ntity in short to	ons, value in o	dollars)			
	Product 1		Product 2		Product 3		Product 4	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2016:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2017:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2018:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
 Net values (i.e., gros firm's U.S. point of shipme ² Pricing product defin NoteIf your firm's product description of your firm's product of your firm's	nt. nitions are provi ct does not exac	ded on the fir	st page of Part I	III.	competitive wit	h the specifie		
Product 1:								
Product 2:								
Product 3:								
Product 4:								

III-2d. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Singapore and sold by your firm.

Singapore

Report data in *short tons* and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

		(Qua	ntity in short to	ons, value in d	iollars)			
	Product 1		Product 2		Prod	Product 3		uct 4
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity Value		Quantity Value		Quantity Value	
2016:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2017:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2018:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
¹ Net values (i.e., gross firm's U.S. point of shipmer ² Pricing product defin	nt.				aid freight, and	the value of r	eturned goods),	f.o.b. your
Note -If your firm's producted description of your firm's p							d product, provi	ide a
Product 1:								
Product 2:								
Product 3:								
Product 4:								

Product 2: Product 3: Product 4:

III-2e. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from South Africa and sold by your firm.

South Africa

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)

	Produ	uct 1	Prod	uct 2	Produ	Product 3		Product 4	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2016:									
January-March									
April-June									
July-September									
October-December									
2017:									
January-March									
April-June									
July-September									
October-December									
2018:									
January-March									
April-June									
July-September									
October-December									
¹ Net values (i.e., gross firm's U.S. point of shipmer ² Pricing product defin	nt.				aid freight, and t	he value of r	eturned goods),	f.o.b. your	
Note If your firm's production of your firm's p							d product, provi	de a	
Product 1:									

III-2f. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Spain and sold by your firm.

Spain

Report data in short tons and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

		(Qua	ntity in short to	ns, value in d	dollars)			
	Product 1		Product 2		Product 3		Product 4	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity Value		Quantity Value	
2016:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2017:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2018:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
¹ Net values (i.e., gross firm's U.S. point of shipmer ² Pricing product defin NoteIf your firm's product description of your firm's p	nt. nitions are provi ct does not exac	ded on the fir	st page of Part I	II.	competitive wit	h the specifie		·
Product 1:								
Product 2:								
Product 3:								
Product 4:								

III-2g.	Price data checklistPlease check that the pricing data in question III-2(a) has been correctly
	reported.

Is the price data reported above:	√ if Yes
In actual dollars (<i>not</i> \$1,000)?	
F.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., does not include U.S. transport costs)?	
Net of all discounts and rebates?	
Have returns credited to the quarter in which the sale occurred?	
Less than reported commercial shipments in part II in each year?	

III-2h.	Pricing data methodologyPlease describe the method and the kinds of documents/records that were used to compile your price data.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

115	Importers'	Questionnaire	- Acetone	/Preliminary
U.S.	IIIIDOLLEIS	Questionnane	- Acetone	(Freiiiiiiiai y

iii J. <u>i fice settilig</u> .	III-3.	Price	setting	_
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(a)	How does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of acetone (check all that
	apply)? If your firm issues price lists, please submit sample pages of a recent list.

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

(b)	If your firm imports acetone from more than one country, does your firm commingle th
	acetone in sales to your customers?

No	Yes	Not applicable	Explanation

(c) If your firm imports acetone from more than one country, do the prices your firm charges for acetone vary by the country of origin?

No	Yes	Not applicable	Explanation

III-4. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

III-5. **Pricing terms.**--On what basis are your firm's prices of imported acetone from Belgium, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, and/or Spain usually quoted *(check one)*?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

III-6. Contract versus spot.--Approximately what share of your firm's sales of acetone imported from Belgium, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, and/or Spain in 2018 was on a (1) short-term contract basis, (2) annual contract basis, (3) long-term contract basis, and (4) spot sales basis?

		Type of sale				
ltem	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (should sum to 100.0%)	
Share of 2018 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

III-7. Contract provisions.—

(a) Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for acetone imported from Belgium, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, and/or Spain (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a short-term, annual and/or long-term contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
3.1.5, 5.1 p.1.55	Both			
Indexed to raw	Yes			
material costs ¹	No			
Not applicable				
¹ Please identify the indexes used:				

(b) Has the discount or multiplier from published prices for acetone changed since January 1, 2016?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe the changes.

III-8. <u>Lead times.</u>--What is your firm's share of sales of acetone imported from Belgium, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, and/or Spain from inventory and produced to order and what is the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of acetone?

Source	Share of 2018 sales	Lead time (Average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

5. <u>6</u>	III-9. S I	hip	ping	information.	_
-------------	-------------------	-----	------	--------------	---

(a)	What is the approximate percentage of the cost of acetone imported from Belgium, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, and/or Spain that is accounted for by U.S inland transportation costs? percent.
(b)	Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations? Your firm Purchaser (check one)
(c)	When your firm sells acetone imported from Belgium, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, and/or Spain, from where is it shipped? Point of importation Storage facility (check one)
(d)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of acetone imported from Belgium, Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, and/or Spain that are delivered the following distances from your firm's U.S. point of shipment.

Distance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Share
Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

115	Importers'	Questionnaire	- Acetone	(Proliminary	١
U.S.	IIIIDUITEIS	Questionnane	- Acelone	l Pi Elli illilai v	,

III-10.	Geographical shipments In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold acetone
	imported from subject countries since January 1, 2016 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	Belgium	Korea	Saudi Arabia	Singapore	South Africa	Spain
NortheastCT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.						
Midwest.—IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.						
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.						
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.						
Mountains.–AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.						
Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.						
Other.—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.						

III-11. <u>End uses.--</u>List the end uses of the acetone that your firm imports. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by acetone and other inputs?

	Share of total cost account	Total	
End-use product	Acetone	Other inputs	(should sum to 100.0% across)
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

III-12.	SubstitutesCan	other products be substituted	for acetone?
	No	YesPlease fill out th	ne table.
			Have changes in the price of this substitute affected the price for acetone?

		End use in which this		affected the price for acetone?		
Substitute		substitute is used	No	Yes	Explanation	
1.						
2.						
3.						

115	Importors'	Questionnaire	- Acotono	(Proliminary)
U.S.	importers	Questionnaire	- Acetone	(Preliminary)

III-13.	Demand trends. Indicate how demand within the United States and outside of the United
	States (if known) for acetone has changed since January 1, 2016. Explain any trends and
	describe the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand.

describe the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand.						
Mar	Market		Overall No increase change		Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explanation and factors
Within the U	nited State	s 🗌				
Outside the U	Inited State	s				
III-14. Product changesHave there been any significant changes in the product range, product mix or marketing of acetone since January 1, 2016?						the product range, product mix or
	No	Yes	If yes, please	describe.		
 (a) Is the acetone market subject to business cycles (other than general economy-wide conditions) and/or other conditions of competition distinctive to acetone? Check all that apply. Please describe.						
		No		Skip to	o question III-16.	
		Yes-Busin seasonal b	ess cycles (e.g ousiness)	g.		
	Yes-Other distinctive conditions of competition					
			e been any cha nuary 1, 2016	_	e business cycles c	or conditions of competition for
	No	Yes	If yes, des	cribe.		

115	Importars'	Questionnaire	- Acetone	(Droliminary)
U.S.	IIIIDOLLEIS	Questionnane	- Acetone	i Pi Elli i illiai v

III-16.	<u>Supply constraints.</u> Has your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply acetone since
	January 1, 2016 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order entry,"
	declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the quantity promised, being unable to meet timely shipment commitments, etc.)?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-17. **Raw materials.--**How have acetone raw material prices changed since January 1, 2016?

Overall increase	No change	Overall decrease	Fluctuate with no clear trend	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for acetone.

III-18. <u>Interchangeability</u>.--Is acetone produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Belgium	Korea	Saudi Arabia	Singapore	South Africa	Spain	Other countries
United States							
Belgium							
Korea		\times					
Saudi Arabia		\times	\times				
Singapore		\times		\times			
South Africa				\times	\times		
Spain		\times				\times	

For any country-pair producing acetone that is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude interchangeable use:

III-19. <u>Factors other than price</u>.--Are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between acetone produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Belgium	Korea	Saudi Arabia	Singapore	South Africa	Spain	Other countries
United States							
Belgium							
Korea		\times					
Saudi Arabia		\times	\times				
Singapore		\times	\times	\times			
South Africa							
Spain		\times				\times	

For any country-pair for which factors other than price *always* or *frequently* are a significant factor in your firm's sales of acetone, identify the country-pair and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-20. <u>Customer identification.</u>--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for acetone since January 1, 2016. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's total shipments of acetone that each of these customers accounted for in 2018.

	Customer's name	Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2018 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

III-21.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III for which a narrative response box was not provided, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section, including but not limited to technical issues with the MS Word questionnaire.

PART IV.--ALTERNATIVE PRODUCT INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Abu Kanu (202-205-2597, abu.kanu@usitc.gov).

- IV-1. Comparability of types of acetone.--For each of the following indicate whether listed products are: fully comparable or the same, *i.e.*, have no differentiation between them; mostly comparable or similar; somewhat comparable or similar; never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or no familiarity with products.
 - F: fully comparable or the same, i.e., have no differentiation between them;

M: mostly comparable or similar;

S: somewhat comparable or similar;

N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or

0: no familiarity with products.

(a) <u>Physical Characteristics and End Uses</u>.--The differences and similarities in the physical characteristics and end uses.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their physical characteristics and uses:
In-scope Standard/technical grade acetone vs in-scope Specialty grades of acetone		

(b) Interchangeability.--The ability to substitute the products in the same application.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their interchangeability:
In-scope Standard/technical grade acetone vs in-scope Specialty grades of acetone		

IV-1. Comparability of types of acetone.--Continued

F: fully comparable or the same, i.e., have no differentiation between them;

M: mostly comparable or similar;

S: somewhat comparable or similar;

N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or

0: no familiarity with products.

(c) <u>Manufacturing facilities, production processes, and production employees</u>.--Whether manufactured in the same facilities, from the same inputs, on the same machinery and equipment, and using the same employees.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their manufacturing facilities, production processes, and production employees:
In-scope Standard/technical grade acetone vs in-scope Specialty grades of acetone		

(d) <u>Channels of distribution</u>.--Channels of distribution/market situation through which the products are sold (i.e., sold direct to end users, through wholesaler/distributors, etc.).

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their channels of distribution:
In-scope Standard/technical grade acetone vs in-scope Specialty grades of acetone		

IV-1. Comparability of types of acetone.--Continued

F: fully comparable or the same, i.e., have no differentiation between them;

M: mostly comparable or similar;

S: somewhat comparable or similar;

N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or

0: no familiarity with products.

(e) <u>Customer and producer perceptions</u>.--Perceptions as to the differences and/or similarities in the market (*e.g.*, sales/marketing practices).

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their customer and product perceptions:
In-scope Standard/technical grade acetone vs in-scope Specialty grades of acetone		

(f) **Price**.--Whether prices are comparable or differ between the products.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their <u>price</u> :
In-scope Standard/technical grade acetone vs in-scope Specialty grades of acetone		

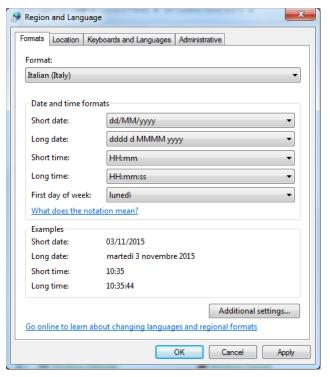
Correcting Valid number error messages.—If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The US International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

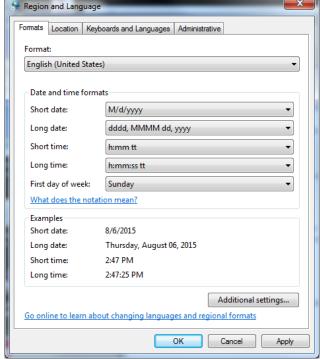
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the questionnaire. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2019/acetone_belgium_korea_saudi_arabia_singapore_s outh/preliminary.htm

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: ACET

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to abu.kanu@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm did not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1803). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.