

(j) Certified programs must permit the transfer of an equipment recipient's account when the recipient relocates to another state.

(k) Certified programs must include an attestation on consumer application forms.

(l) Certified programs must conduct annual audits and submit to Commission-directed audits.

(m) Certified programs must document compliance with NDBEDP requirements, provide such documentation to the Commission upon request, and retain such records for at least five years.

(n) Certified programs must submit reimbursement claims as instructed by the TRS Fund Administrator, and supplemental information and documentation as requested. In addition, the entity selected to conduct national outreach will submit claims for reimbursement on a quarterly basis.

(o) Certified programs must submit reports every six months as instructed by the NDBEDP Administrator. In addition, the entity selected to conduct national outreach will submit an annual report.

(p) Informal and formal complaints may be filed against NDBEDP certified programs, and the Commission may conduct such inquiries and hold such proceedings as it may deem necessary.

(q) Certified programs must include the NDBEDP whistleblower protections in appropriate publications.

Federal Communications Commission.

Katura Jackson,

Federal Register Liaison Officer, Office of the Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019-20057 Filed 9-16-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

ACTION: Final notice of a modified system of records.

SUMMARY: The Board has adopted as final, without change, the new system of records titled *BGFRS-40, "FRB—Board Subscription Services."*

DATES: Applicable September 17, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David B. Husband, Senior Attorney, (202) 530-6270, or david.b.husband@frb.gov; Legal Division, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20551.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Board published a system of record notice in the **Federal Register** at 84 FR 28300 on June 18, 2019, to modify the system of records, entitled BGFRS-40, "FRB—Board Subscription Services." BGFRS-40 maintains subscription-related information regarding individuals who subscribe to Board publications. The Board received one public comment on the notice, which concerned the commenter's own records related to long-term securities. The comment was not about the Board's Subscription Services and thus is not germane to the proposed notice. Accordingly, the Board adopts as final the system of records entitled BGFRS-40, "FRB—Board Subscription Services" as previously published in 84 FR 28300 without change.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, September 12, 2019.

Ann Misback,

Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2019-20068 Filed 9-16-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than October 7, 2019.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (Colette A. Fried, Assistant Vice President) 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60690-1414:

1. Newport Trust Company, Minneapolis, Minnesota, as trustee of the Citizens State Bank of Loyal Stock Bonus Plan & Trust, Loyal, Wisconsin, along with Deanna Masephol, Loyal, Wisconsin, as Plan Administrator of the Citizens State Bank of Loyal Stock Bonus Plan & Trust, Loyal, Wisconsin; to acquire voting shares of Citizens Bancshares of Loyal, Inc., parent

holding company of Citizens State Bank of Loyal, both of Loyal, Wisconsin.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (Dennis Denney, Assistant Vice President) 1 Memorial Drive, Kansas City, Missouri 64198-0001:

1. Parker C. McConachie, Wichita, Kansas, as trustee of the Parker C. McConachie Irrevocable Trust Dated 12/30/2012; to retain voting shares of Andover Financial Corporation, parent of Andover State Bank, both of Andover, Kansas; and to be approved as a member of the McConachie family group.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, September 12, 2019.

Yao-Chin Chao,

Assistant Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2019-20098 Filed 9-16-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE

Depository Library Council to the Acting Deputy Director Meeting

The Depository Library Council (DLC) to the Acting Deputy Director, Government Publishing Office (GPO) will meet on Monday, October 21, 2019 through Wednesday, October 23, 2019 in Arlington, Virginia. The sessions will take place from 8:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m., Monday and Tuesday and 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m., on Wednesday. The meeting will be held at the Doubletree Hotel, 300 Army Navy Drive, Arlington, Virginia. The purpose of this meeting is to discuss the Federal Depository Library Program. All sessions are open to the public. The United States Government Publishing Office is in compliance with the requirements of Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act and meets all Fire Safety Act regulations.

John W. Crawford,

Acting Deputy Director, U.S. Government Publishing Office.

[FR Doc. 2019-20103 Filed 9-16-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1520-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-19-BPL; Docket No. CDC-2019-0079]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other Federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a proposed and/or continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled Aerosols from cyanobacterial blooms: Exposures and health effects in a highly exposed population. CDC will conduct a study of 50 people highly exposed to cyanobacterial harmful algal blooms (CyanoHABs) to assess exposure to CyanoHAB aerosols and determine if exposure is associated with health symptoms and/or outcomes.

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before November 18, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC–2019–0079 by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* [Regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov). Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- *Mail:* Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS–D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without change, all relevant comments to [Regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov).

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal ([regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov)) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS–D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; phone: 404–639–7570; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed

extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
 2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
 3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
 4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.
5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Aerosols from cyanobacterial blooms: exposures and health effects in a highly exposed population—New—National Center for Environmental Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

CDC's National Center for Environmental Health (NCEH) has conducted two studies to investigate the associations between exposure to cyanoHAB toxins and health outcomes. In a 2006 study of recreational microcystin (MC) exposure at a small lake, CDC recruited 104 study participants from lake visitors planning recreational activities, such as boating, that would generate aerosols. During data collection for that study, MC concentrations within the bloom lake water were very low (<2–5 mg/L). Study participants' plasma MC concentrations were all below the limit of detection (0.147 mg/L) for the enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA).

In 2007 CDC/NCEH conducted a study of recreational MC exposure among 81 children and adults planning recreational activities on either of three California reservoirs—two with significant, ongoing blooms of toxin-producing cyanobacteria, including

Microcystis aeruginosa and one without a toxin-producing algal bloom. Our findings indicated that recreational activities in water bodies that experience toxin-producing cyanobacterial blooms generate aerosolized cyanotoxins, making inhalation a potential route of exposure.

It is likely that healthy people will not have adverse acute effects from periodic exposures to MC in aerosols generated by water based recreational activities in lakes with patches of toxin producing blooms. However, microcystins are potent liver toxins, and exposure may lead to more long-term effects. Other potent cyanotoxins, such as anatoxin-a or cylindrospermopsin may be incorporated into aerosols and inhaled and deposited in the body, presenting other, potentially synergistic, health risks. In addition, it is possible that swimming and other water-based activities that result in swallowing water present a higher risk for adverse health effects from ingesting cyanobacterial cells and extracellular toxins in the water.

CyanoHABs may present additional health risks as they senesce, or die off. Previous work done in Wisconsin demonstrated low but measurable concentrations of hydrogen sulfide and methane, both respiratory irritants, in the air near dense and decomposing cyanobacterial blooms.

The subpopulation to be studied comprises adults at least 18 years of age, who have extensive occupational exposure to CyanoHABs on Lake Okeechobee, Florida and connecting rivers. The study will be conducted on Lake Okeechobee, Florida, U.S.A., which has a history of prolonged CyanoHAB events.

CDC will notify potentially interested participants using posted flyers with a phone number to call. CDC will recruit participants using a phone-based screening survey to determine eligibility. Eligible study participants will complete three appointments (at the beginning of the study to provide baseline data and in the middle and end of the study period). During the interviews, participants will complete a survey, do a pulmonary function test, provide urine and nasal swabs for analysis of cyanotoxins, and provide a blood specimen for analysis of liver enzyme levels and creatinine. Before (pre-exposure) and after (post-exposure) each of 12 boat trips, study participants will complete the survey and provide urine and nasal swab specimens. Study participants will donate one fish from each trip to be analyzed for cyanobacterial toxins and the GPS

Exchange Format (GPX) file of the boat's travels.

Results from surveys, blood and urine specimens, nasal swabs, pulmonary function test results, air, and fish samples will be analyzed using univariate methods to summarize the

data. CDC staff will compare the following information to determine if there are correlations: (1) Individual's pre-exposure results with post-exposure results, and (2) biomonitoring results with cyanotoxin levels in air and water. CDC staff will assess environmental and

biomonitoring over time, and overlay satellite photos provided by NOAA with GPX tracking files from the boats to further assess exposure. The total annualized burden to respondents is 784 hours.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Interested community members	Screening survey	70	1	15/60	6
Eligible study participants	Survey	50	27	15/60	113
Eligible study participants	Blood Specimen Results	50	3	15/60	13
Eligible study participants	Nasal Swab Results	50	27	10/60	75
Eligible study participants	Lung Function Test Results	50	27	45/60	338
Eligible study participants	Urine Specimen Results	50	27	10/60	75
Eligible study participants	GPX File of Trip	50	12	15/60	50
Eligible study participants	Record of fish for Analysis by EPA	50	12	30/60	102
Total					784

Jeffrey M. Zirger,

*Lead, Information Collection Review Office,
Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of Science,
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.*

[FR Doc. 2019-20083 Filed 9-16-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-18-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-19-1173; Docket No. CDC-2019-0080]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other Federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a proposed and/or continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled "Assessment of Potential Exposure from Private Wells for Drinking Water." The goal of this generic clearance information collection request is to expedite investigations to assess private well water for drinking in

response to specific investigation requests.

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before November 18, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC-2019-0080 by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* *Regulations.gov.* Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- *Mail:* Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS-D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without change, all relevant comments to *Regulations.gov.*

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS-D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; phone: 404-639-7570; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also

requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.
5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Assessment of Potential Exposure from Private Wells for Drinking Water (OMB Control No. 0920-1173, Exp.