USGS Form 9-4083-A Nonfer. (rev. 12/14/2017)

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UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
986 NATIONAL CENTER
RESTON, VIRGINIA 20192

SCRAP AND SECONDARY COPPER, BRASS, AND NICKEL

(Please correct if name or address has changed.)

OMB Control No. 1028-0053 Approval expires: To be determined

#### INDIVIDUAL COMPANY DATA - PROPRIETARY

Unless authorization is granted in the section above the signature, the data furnished in this report will be treated in confidence by the Department of the Interior, except that they may be disclosed to Federal defense agencies, or to the Congress upon official request for appropriate purposes. Unless objection is made in writing to the USGS, the information furnished in this report may be disclosed to the respondent's State Geological Survey (or similar State Agency) if the State has appropriate safeguards to prevent disclosing company proprietary data.

Brass Ingot Makers and
Miscellaneous Remelters - Plant Report
Check one: Own Toll

FACSIMILE NUMBER 1-800-543-0661

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice: Public voluntary reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 45 MINUTES per response. A Federal agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. Comments regarding this collection of information should be directed to: U.S. Geological Survey, gs-info\_collections@usgs.gov. Please do not mail canvass forms to this address.

Collection of nonfuel minerals information is authorized by 30 U.S.C. 1601 et seq. and the Defense Production Act. This information is used to support executive policy decisions pertaining to emergency preparedness, national defense, and analyses for minerals legislation and industrial trends. The USGS relies on your voluntary and timely response to assure that its information is complete and accurate. Please return this form in the enclosed envelope or fax to the above toll-free number BY THE 15TH DAY OF THE MONTH FOLLOWING THE REPORTING PERIOD. This form should be filed by any brass ingot maker or miscellaneous remelter which produces, ships, or holds inventory of copper or copper-base alloy in any calendar period.

SECTION 1. Stocks, receipts and disposition of purchased copper, brass, and nickel scrap. (in thousands of pounds) Entries for each item should balance: COLUMNS (2) plus (3) should equal COLUMNS (6) plus (7) plus (8).

			Received of	during pe	riod	Used or resolu		
Scrap item (1)	Code	Stocks, beginning of period (2)	Quantity (3)	New scrap (%) (4)	Old scrap (%) (5)	Melted or refined (6)	Resold as scrap (7)	Stocks, end of period (8)
COPPER SCRAP:								
No. 1 wire and heavy copper	101							
No. 2 wire, mixed heavy, and light copper	102							
Copper scale	103							
COPPER-BASE SCRAP:								
Composition turnings and solids	105							
Zinc-bronze								
Cocks and faucets					100			
Yellow brass and castings								
Light brass								
Old rolled brass and brass pipe								
Brass clippings and turnings				100				
Yellow rod-brass ends and turning				100	1			
Auto radiators (unsweated)					100			
Electrotype shells					100			
Nickel silver								
Gilding metal clips				100				
Manganese bronze	116							
Cartridge cases	119							
Refinery brass (Cu %)	135							
Brass ashes and skimmings	140			100				
88 - 10 - 2:88 - 6 - 1½ - 4½ solids and turnings	. 121							
Other solids and turnings	122							
Other (specify)								
TOTAL copper-base scrap	150							
NICKEL SCRAP (Nonferrous): New nickel clippings, etc	151			100				
Old nickel scrap					100			
New nickel copper metal clips, etc				100	100			
Old nickel copper scrap				100	100			
Nickel-covered plating racks				100	100			
Nickel-bearing residues (Ni %)	156			100				
Other (specify)	130			+	-			
	456							
TOTAL nickel scrap	158							

SECTION 2. Production, metals or alloys recove	dispos	sition, and stocks of m scrap and residues.	f <b>secon</b> / Repor	dary coppert black cop	<b>er and</b> per onl	copper a	alloys. ced for	(in thous	ands o	<i>f pounds)</i> ner plants f	(Secondary or refining	metals are those	
	. 54 1101	Jorde dila regidator	, , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Stocks beginnin	s,	Produ		Cons	umed i n plant	n	nipped	Stocks, end	
				period		during	period	durin	g perio		ng period	of period	
	terial		Code	(2)		(3			(4)		(5)	(6)	
A. METALLIC COPPER: Electrolytic grade			201										
Fire refined													
Black copper (for shipment only)			203										
Copper powder			204										
Other (specify)													
TOTAL metallic cor	per		207										
B. COPPER-ALLOY INGOT,		S, AND CAKES:											
(Ingot Identification num			208										
Tin bronzes (193-257) Leaded red brass and semi-red brass (100-132)													
High-leaded tin bronze (295-327)								1					
Yellow brass (400-409)													
Manganese bronze (420													
_	Aluminum bronze (415).												
Nickel silver (410-414).													
Silicon bronze and bras													
Hardeners and master alloys													
Other alloys (specify)			217										
· · · · · · · <u>-</u>													
-													
TOTAL copper-alloy	y ingot,	billet, and cakes	220										
<b>SECTION 3. Production</b>	of seco	ondary nickel and ni	ickel all	loys during	perio	d. (in the	usands	of pound	ls)				
		Product					Cada	G	ross w	eight	Nic	ckel content	
Pomolt piokol		(1)					Code 301		(2)			(3)	
Remelt nickel							301						
Nickel copper metal  Other nickel alloys (specify)							302						
Nickel chemicals													
TOTAL secondary nickel							306						
SECTION 4. Consumption		•						ed in SE	CTIO	JS 2 and	3 (in that	seands of nounds	
OLO HOIL 4: Consumption	J. 1 O. P.	urchasea copper ba	36 3616			P CONSU				40 Z ana	<b>3.</b>	sarius or pourius	
Mind of an dust		Unalloyed	copper, Brass and bronze,									timate of copper	
Kind of product (1)	Code	gross w (2)				gross weight (3)			red			covered net weight (4)	
Aluminum ingot	307	(2)					(0)				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Lead and tin-base alloys	308												
Zinc-base alloys	309												
Other (specify)													
TOTAL	311												
SECTION 5. Consumption	on of ra	w materials in prod	luction	of items li	isted i	n SECTIO	NS 2.	3. and 4	<b>1</b> . (in :	thousands	of pounds)		
		Materia									nsumed dur	ing period	
		(1)						(	Code		(2)	g period	
"Black copper" from others,									401				
Refined copper:									402				
Cathodes								<u> </u>	402				
Wire bars									403				
Ingots and ingot bars									405				
Cakes and slabs									406				
BilletsOther									407				
								<u> </u>	410				
Secondary copper - alloy ingots from others Primary nickel									411				
Other metals (zinc, tin, etc.).								<u> </u>	413				
TOTAL raw materials								<u> </u>	415				
									0.		Ext.		
Name of person to be contacted regarding this report				Tel. area code					0.		Ext.		
Address No.	Street			City				S	tate		ZIP Co	ode	
Name to be 1 to 1 t								] (1) )/	oo r				
May tabulations be public	sned w	nich could indirectl	y revea		report	ed above	9?	(1) Y	es [	(2) No			
Signature				Title							Date		

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## SCRAP AND SECONDARY COPPER, BRASS, AND NICKEL ANNUAL SURVEY

INSTRUCTIONS - PLEASE RETAIN FOR YOUR FILES

C54 DEFINITIONS

### **Brass Ingot Makers and Miscellaneous Remelters**

Consumed "Used," that is, the quantity melted, refined, rolled, drawn, or otherwise converted to

ingot, sheet, wire, rod, etc.

Secondary metals Metals or alloys recovered from scrap and residues. The term "secondary" applies

only to the source of the metal and has no relation to the type of product recovered,

either as to quality, degree of purity, or physical characteristics.

Scrap metals Scrap metals are divided into three main categories: Old scrap, new scrap, and home

scrap.

Old scrap Scrap that consists of metal articles that have been discarded because of wear,

damage, or obsolescence, usually after serving a useful purpose. Typical examples of old scrap are discarded trolley wire, battery plates, railroad-car boxes, fired-cartridge cases, used pipe, plumbing fixtures from building demolition,

lithographer's plates, and obsolete military equipment.

New scrap Scrap that consists of process scrap (plant scrap) generated in the manufacture of

articles from primary or refined metal and consumed at a plant of different location from the plant of generation. New scrap also includes defective finished or semifinished articles returned by purchasers to be reworked. Typical examples of

new scrap are clippings, borings, turnings, skimmings, slags, and drosses.

Home scrap (run-around scrap) Process scrap consumed in the plant of generation. Scrap generated in a foundry and

consumed in a smelter at the same plant location is considered home scrap. Home

scrap should not be reported on Form 9-4083-A.

Toll scrap Scrap processed for a service charge without change of ownership. It should be

reported by the plant processing it, not by the plant owning it.

Purchased scrap A general term, excluding home scrap, but covering all scrap which has been

purchased, or transported from one plant to another. It includes new scrap, old scrap, toll scrap, and scrap generated at one plant and transferred to another plant of the same company. The term also includes such scrap as is reclaimed in shipyard repair work and from line operations at railroad foundries, although no definite

financial transaction may have resulted.

Hardener An intermediate alloy which is not suitable for direct use without combination with

other materials and which is designed to facilitate the introduction of one or more of

the constituent metals into other alloys.

Copper scrap In general, when this term is used, it is meant to cover all scrap in which copper is

the only constituent or is the chief constituent. When it is desired to distinguish between these two, the terms "unalloyed copper scrap" and "copper-alloy scrap" are

used.

# SCRAP AND SECONDARY COPPER, BRASS, AND NICKEL ANNUAL SURVEY INSTRUCTIONS (continued) - PLEASE RETAIN FOR YOUR FILES

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

In completing this form, reasonable estimates should be used wherever exact data are not available. Use zero (0) when appropriate. Do not report decimals or fractions. Round to the nearest whole number. If you have nothing to report, please sign and return the form. Please do not make entries in shaded areas. Additional forms are available upon request.

If you have any questions concerning completion of this form, please contact the Mineral Commodities Data Unit, U.S. Geological Survey, 985 National Center, Reston, VA 20192, Telephone (703) 648-7960.

### SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Check the appropriate box in the first line above SECTION 1 to indicate whether the report covers "Own" or "Toll" operations. If both types apply to your company, you will submit two separate reports. The "Own" shall cover material owned by you and processed in your own plant. The "Toll" shall cover material owned by others, but located in your plant for processing on a service-charge basis.

Report here all copper and copper-base and nickel and nickel-base scrap received and used in the production of refined copper, copper alloys, or other alloys. If a copper-base or nickel-base scrap item other than those listed in the section is used, it should be entered on one of the blank lines, and its name written in with an estimated percentage of new and old scrap. These percentages vary and your estimate is the only available guide to this classification.

Most new scrap consists of segregated trimmings of residues of sheet, rod, wire, or ingot, and is returned from the processing industries to the industries which produced the sheet, rod, wire, or ingot. New scrap is generally regarded as part of the circulating industrial load rather than part of the available supply. Consumption of new scrap is an indication of industrial activity. Old scrap, being more various and widely distributed, is more difficult to prepare. The metal contained in this scrap was subtracted from the available supply when the articles, of which the scrap consists, were manufactured, and is therefore an addition to the supply when returned for reprocessing. It is therefore important statistically to report both new scrap and old scrap and to differentiate one from the other as accurately as possible. Approximations are often necessary, but they can be accurate if the basis used are accurate.

- Report here unalloyed copper products produced and shipped at own plant; do not report shipments of imported refined copper or refined copper produced by another secondary refined producer. Black copper, if made as an intermediate product to be refined later in your plant, should not be reported, but if made to be shipped to a refiner or elsewhere, it should be reported. Production of copper shot, copper billets, and cast copper anodes should also be reported in this section on the line entitled "Other (specify)."
- Report here all copper-alloy ingot produced and shipped at own plant; do not report shipments of imported copper alloy ingot or copper alloy ingot produced by another ingot maker. Alloys which do not exactly correspond to the items listed should be entered on the line for the alloy which most nearly corresponds. However, any alloys produced which definitely cannot be placed in any of the listed categories should be entered on the line for "other alloys", or on a blank line, with the composition and proper designation being shown. Copper-alloy billets and cakes made for brass mills should be reported in this section.
- **SECTION 3.** Report here production of all nickel products, not including nickel silver and copper nickel, which are copper-base alloys.
- Report here totals of unalloyed and alloyed copper scrap used in aluminum alloys, etc., even though they have been reported in SECTION 1. This distinguishes them from scrap used in copper and nickel products, if any was so used and reported in SECTION 1.
- **SECTION 5.** Report here consumption only of other materials used.